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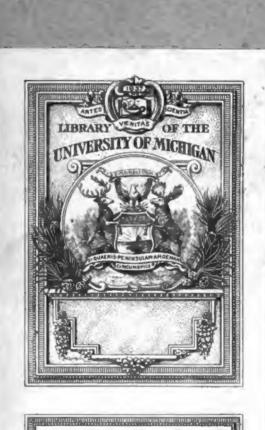
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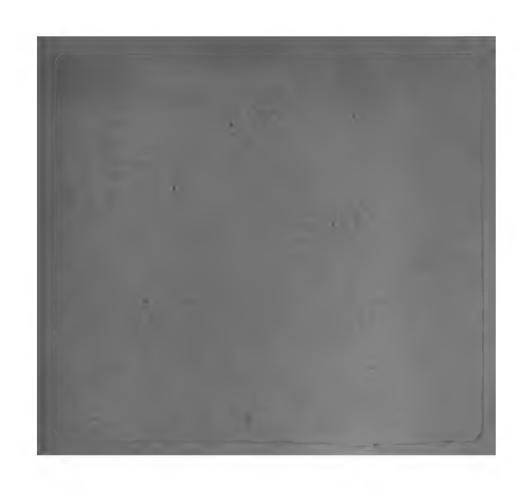
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ACTS

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THE LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MICHIGAN,

PASSED AT THE

REGULAR SESSION OF 1869.

VOL. III.



BY AUTHORITY.

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/ 41 7.	An act to detach certain lands from the township of China, in the county of St. Clair, and attach the same to the township of East China, in said county, approved April 3, 1869	1452
448.	An act making an appropriation to complete the south end of the Ionia and Houghton Lake State road, approved April 5, 1869	1452
449.	An act to provide for the construction of a road from Port Austin, in Huron county, to Unionville, in Tuscola county, approved April 5, 1869	1453
450.	An act to provide for the drainage and reclamation of swamp lands by means of the completion and extension of the Newaygo and Dayton State road, approved April 5, 1869	1454
451.	An act to incorporate the village of Croton, approved April 5, 1869	1455
452,	An act to amend and revise an act entitled "An act to revise the charter of the city of Port Huron," approved February fifteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, approved	1417)
453.	April 5, 1869. An act to repeal subdivision number eight, of section one, of act number one hundred and seventeen, of the laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, and all other acts or parts of acts, which authorize the laying out and establishing of the Marquette and Bay DeNoc swamp land State road, approved April 5, 1869.	14701574
454.	An act appropriating two sections of State swamp land to complete the Clio and Chesaning State road, approved April 5, 1869	1575
455.	An act to lay out and establish a State swamp land road from the north-east corner of township three north, of range sixteen west, in Allegan county, east along the town lines of Saugatuck, Laketown, Manlius and Fillmore, in said county, to the Allegan and Holland road, running from Allegan, in Allegan county, to Holland, in Ottawa county,	
456.	An act to reincorporate the village of Galesburg, approved	1575
457.	April 5, 1869	15761606
458.	An act to incorporate the village of South Haven, approved April 5, 1869	1619
• • •	An act to incorporate the city of Big Rapids, and organize the township of Big Rapids, approved April 5, 1869 An act to provide for laying out and establishing a State road	1635
	in the township of Ishpeming, county of Marquette, approved April 5, 1869	1664
<i>-</i> - •	village of Saint Joseph," approved March 17, 1834, and the acts amendatory thereto, approved April 5, 1869	1665

	No.	Title.	Page.
	462.	An act to authorize "the Kalamazoo town agricultural society for improving the breed of horses," to sell and dispose of	4.000
•	463.	its real estate, approved April 5, 1869. An act to organize the township of Baraga, in the county of	1666
	464.	Houghton, approved April 5, 1869	1667
		street, as laid down on the recorded map or plat of Corunna, in the county of Shiawassee, to Washington street,	
	465.	in the city of Owosso, approved April 5, 1869. An act to provide for the drainage and reclamation of swamp	1668
	ARR	lands, by means of a State ditch, in Tuscola county, approved April 5, 1869	1669
	1 00.	of a State road from Cheboygan river to Old Mackinaw, approved April 5, 1869	1669
	467.	An act to provide for the drainage and reclamation of swamp lands, by means of a State road and ditches, from Tawas Bay, in Iosco county, to the west line of said county to the	2000
		intersection of the Midland and Traverse Bay State road, approved April 5, 1869	1670
	468.	An act to lay out and establish a State road in Houghton county, to be known as the Portage River and Torch Lake State road, and to provide for the construction of the	
	469 .	same, approved April 5, 1869. An act to amend section one, of act number four hundred and	1671
		twenty, session laws of 1867, entitled "An act to make an additional appropriation for the construction of the Midland City, Houghton Lake and Grand Traverse Bay State road," approved March 23d, 1867, approved April 5,	
	470.	An act to amend section two, of act number two hundred	1672
		and thirteen, of the session laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-five, entitled "An act to lay out and establish a State road in the Upper Peninsula, to be known as the Winona and Franklin State road, and to provide for the construc-	
	A771	tion of the same," approved March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, approved April 5, 1869	1673
	711.	An act to authorize the grants of swamp lands for the Ontonagon and State line State road, to be used for the construction of two roads, from Ontonagon southerly, ap-	1000
	472.	An act to provide for the drainage and reclaiming of swamp lands, by means of ditching and grading a portion of the	1678
		Sand Beach and Bay City State road, and appropriating non-resident highway taxes therefor, approved April 5, 1869	1674
	473.	An act to detach sections fourteen, twenty-eight and thirty- three, in township fifty-four north, of range thirty-five west, in the township of Hancock, in Houghton county,	200-
	APV A	and attach the same to Adams township, in said county, approved April 5, 1869	1675
	414.	An act to authorize the common council of the village of Lowell, in the county of Kent, to cause a re-survey and re-platting of said village to be made and recorded, and to	
		assess and collect the necessary expenses therefor, approved April 5, 1869	1675

No.	Title.	PAGE.
475.	approved March fifteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, as amended by act number one hundred and sixty-nine, of the session laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-five, approved March fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-	4.020
476	five, approved April 5, 1869	1676
477.	An act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend the laws relative to supplying the city of Detroit with pure and wholesome water," approved February fourteenth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, by adding one	1677
478.	new section thereto, approved April 5, 1869	1678
479.	approved April 5, 1869	1679
480	assessment rolls of said township, approved April 5, 1869. An act to detach the county of Emmet from the thirteenth judicial circuit, and to attach the same to the eleventh	1681
481	judicial circuit, approved April 5, 1869	1689
499	"The Michigan Furniture Company," and to provide for winding up its affairs in pursuance of section 1823 of the compiled laws, approved April 5, 1869	1682
-50-0	townships of Arbela and Millington, in the county of Tus- cola, in forming fractional school district number three, and re-establishing the old district, approved April 5,	
483	1869. An act to change the name of Eva E. Strong to Rebecca Barnes, and to constitute her heir-at-law of Henry S.	1688
484	Barnes and Sarah Barnes, approved April 5, 1869	1683
	school district, known as the public schools of the village of Hudson, organized by act No. 426, of the session laws of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled "An act to incorporate the public schools of the village of Hudson," approved March 25th, A. D. one thousand	
485	eight hundred and sixty-seven, approved April 5, 1869 An act to authorize the township board of the township of	1684
486	Fairfield, Shiawassee county, to audit certain accounts, approved April 5, 1869. An act to amend an act entitled "An act to revise the char-	1685
	ter of the city of Detroit," approved February fifth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, as amended by several acts amendatory thereof, approved April 5, 1869.	1686



three trustees shall be elected who shall hold their offices for two years; but if an election of president and trustees shall Fallure to not be made on the day when, pursuant to this act, it ought not to dissolve corpoto be made, the said corporation shall not for that cause be ration. dissolved, and it shall be lawful to hold such election at any time thereafter, public notice being given as prescribed by this act for the holding of the regular election; the president village and three trustees thus elected, together with three trustees whose term of office is unexpired, shall constitute a village board, and a majority of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and a less number may adjourn from time to time. The president shall also be the chief Duty of executive officer of the village; he shall preside at the meetings president. of the board, and it shall be his duty to see that all the officers of said village faithfully discharge their duties, and in case of his absence or inability to serve, the trustees shall have power to elect, from their own number, a president pro tem., who shall have all the powers and perform all the duties of president.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the clerk to give at least five Notice of days' notice of the time and place of holding an election, either time and place of holding an election, either place of holding election. by posting written or printed notices in five of the most public places in said village, or by causing the same to be published in some paper printed in the village; and at all the electrology when to be open'd tions the polls shall be opened at nine o'clock in the fore-and closed. noon, or as soon thereafter as may be, and closed at four o'clock in the afternoon, and at the close of the polls, the ballots shall be counted, and a true statement thereof proclaimed to the electors present, and the clerk shall make a true record thereof, and within five days give notice to the persons elected, who shall enter upon their duties the ensuing Monday.

Sec. 4. Any two of the trustees may be judges of the Judges and election, and the clerk of the village or his substitute shall be election. the clerk of the election; and the judges and clerk shall Oaths of take an oath, to be administered by either of the others, to faithfully and honorably discharge their duties as judges or clerk of the election, and said board shall have power to pre-

serve the purity of the election as is now or may be hereafter given to township boards of election.

Officers to take oath.

Sec. 5. The president and every other officer elected or appointed under the provisions of this act, before he enters upon the duties of his office, shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation, which may be administered by any trustee, or any other person authorized to administer oaths, to support the constitution of the United States, and of this State, and that he will faithfully discharge the duties of his office according to the best of his ability, a record of which oath shall be made and kept by the clerk.

Body corporate and politia,

Sec. 6. The president and trustees of said village shall be a body corporate and politic, with the same power as township boards in addition to those granted by this act, under the name of president and trustees of the village of Chelsea; and may have a common seal, which they may alter at pleasure; may purchase and hold real estate for the use of said village, and at any time sell and convey the same, and may sue and be sued, defend and be defended in any court; but when any suit shall be commenced against the corporation, the same shall be commenced by summons, an attested copy of which shall be served upon the president or any one of the trustees of the village, at least six days before the return day thereof.

President and trustees may pass laws relative to-

Village officers.

Riots.

Fire department.

Sec. 7. The president and trustees shall have power to ordain and establish by-laws, rules and regulations, and to alter and repeal the same at pleasure for the following purposes, viz For the appointment of a fire warden, and prescribing his duties, and such other officers for said village as they may deem necessary, and also, such as they may deem necessary and right for the maintenance and preservation of the public places, property, and buildings of said village; to regulate the Police. police thereof; to preserve the public peace; to prevent riots, disturbances, and disorderly assemblages; to appoint watchmen and policemen, and organize a fire department, and define their duties and prescribe penalties for their delinquencies; to restrain, apprehend and punish vagrants, mendicants, drunk-Vagrants.

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ards, and all disorderly persons; to punish lewd and lacivious behavior in the streets or other public places; to Gaming suppress and restrain disorderly and gaming houses, billiard tables, and other devices and instruments of gaming; and shall Tavern have the exclusive power and authority to license such persons as tavern keepers and common victualers as they shall think best, but no license shall be in force except during the life of the board granting it; to prevent the selling or giving away of Liquors. spirituous or fermented liquors to drunkards, minors or apprentices; to prevent and punish immoderate riding or driving in the Fast driving. streets; to abate, prevent, and remove nuisances; to suppress Houses of all disorderly houses and houses of ill-fame, and to punish the keepers and inmates thereof; to prevent and compel the re-Obstructions moval of all incumbrances, encroachments, and obstructions upon the streets, walks, lanes, alleys, parks, and public grounds; to compel the owners or occupants of lots to clean sidewalks in front of and adjacent thereto, of snow, ice, dirt, mud, boxes, and every incumbrance or obstruction thereto; to regulate the stor-Gunpowder age of powder, lumber, or other combustible material; to prevent the use of fire-arms, slung-shots, and other weapons and fire-works; to construct and regulate markets, the vending of Markets. poultry, meat, vegetables, fruit and fish; to regulate the sale of hay, wood, lime, lumber, and coal; to regulate the gauging of vessels containing liquor, the sealing of weights and meas-Weights and ures; to regulate and maintain pounds, and to provide for the Pounds. restraint of horses, cattle, sheep, swine, mules, and other animals, geese and other poultry; to prevent the running at large Dogs. of dogs, to require them to be muzzled, and to authorize their destruction if found at large in violation of any ordinance; to Cartmen. regulate and license cartmen, porters, hacks, and cabs, and to regulate their rates of compensation; to prevent runners from soliciting travelers; to construct hydraulic works to Hydraulic supply the village with water; to light the streets; to bor-works. row money for public improvements, not exceeding five hundred dollars in any one year; to establish wells and Wells and cisterns, and prevent the waste of water; to prevent bathing cisterns.

Boundaries of streets.

Building lines.

Unsafe buildings.

Fire limits

Hazardous buildings.

Setting of shade trees.

Grading walks.

Proviso.

Ibid.

Cemeteries. in the public streams; to purchase grounds for, and regulate cemeteries and the burial of the dead, and to provide for the return of the bills of mortality, and to order the use, for burial purposes, of any burial ground or cemetery to be discontinued, whenever they may deem the same necessary for the best interests or health of the citizens; to ascertain, establish, and settle the boundaries of all streets and alleys, and to establish grades therefor; also, to order and cause the same to be drained or filled up, and to assess the cost and expense on the premises benefited; to regulate the building of partition and other fences; to establish lines upon which buildings may be erected, and beyond which such buildings shall not extend; to prevent the erection of buildings in an unsafe manner, and to pass all necessary regulations relative to buildings deemed unsafe; to pur-Fire engines, chase and keep in order fire engines and other fire apparatus, and to construct buildings to store them; and to cause each building occupied as a house, store or shop, to be provided with fire-buckets and ladders; to establish fire limits within which no wooden building shall be built, enlarged or placed without consent of the common council; to regulate party-walls, chimneys, flues, and putting up stoves and stovepipes; to regulate the construction of smith-shops, planing establishments, bakeries, and other buildings considered extra hazardous; to guard against fires; to regulate the duties, powers and fees of village officers; to prescribe the setting of posts and shade trees; to provide for the construction of sidewalks and repairing the same; to grade the walks, streets and alleys, and to prescribe the manner of planking or repairing them; the cost and expense of repairing sidewalks, grading the walks, streets and alleys, the paving or planking, to be paid by assessments on the lot in front of, or adjoining which either or all of such improvements shall be made: Provided, That so much money belonging to the highway fund of said village as the president and trustees may direct, may be expended for grading: And provided further, That not more than one per cent. on the assessed value of any lot shall be collected

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in any one year for such purpose; to construct and keep in re-sewers. pair the public highways, bridges, culverts and sewers; to lay out new streets and alleys, and to extend those already laid out, under the restrictions provided in this act; to vacate streets and alleys; to prescribe the levying and collection of the highway Highway and other taxes; to provide for taking a census whenever they shall see fit; to regulate theatres, shows and concerts; to regu-Shows. late and tax, at their discretion, auctioneers, or auction sales, Peddlers. gift enterprises, hawkers, hucksters, peddlers, and pawn-brokers; to regulate the covering of mill-races, at the expense of Mill-races. the owners thereof; to rail and curb, when necessary, all walks, at the expense of the owners of the adjoining lots; to levy Lovying taxes on all personal and real estate within the limits of the village, except property belonging to the village, town, county or State, excepting also places of public worship belonging to any church or congregation, and all grounds and buildings used exclusively for educational purposes; to take the land of Taking priany individual for the purpose of constructing, widening, or ex-erty for tending streets, lanes, alleys, drains or sewers, but not until such individual shall be paid the value thereof, and all buildings thereon, and all the damages he will sustain, as provided for in this act; for the violation of any by-laws, rules and regu-Fines and lations, such reasonable penalties may be imposed as the president and trustees may deem proper; and when any fine or penalty shall not exceed one hundred dollars, the same may be recovered before any justice of the peace in the township of Sylvan; and any interest the inhabitants of the village of Chelsea may have in the fine or penalty to be recovered, shall not disqualify any inhabitant of said village to try said cause, or serve as a juror or witness therein: Provided, That such interest be only that Proviso. which is common with the citizens of said village; and the circuit court of the county of Washtenaw shall have appellate jurisdiction to try and determine all causes brought for the recovery of any fine or penalty imposed by said by-laws.

Sec. 8. All taxes levied upon real estate, and all assessments Taxes to remain a lien made thereon, for opening, widening, extending, paving, grad-on real estate

ing, planking or repairing a street or alley, or making or repairing sidewalks, and all highway taxes, shall be and remain a lien upon said estate until the same are paid.

Annual statement.

Sec. 9. The president and trustees shall, at the expiration of each year, cause to be made out and published, in some newspaper printed in said village, if one shall be printed therein, and if one is not printed therein, then to post up on the door of the building where the last annual election was held in said village, a true statement, exhibiting in detail, all items of receipts and expenditures of the preceding year.

Time when ordinance shall take effect.

Sec. 10. No by-law or ordinance of said corporation shall have any effect until the same shall have been published a least once a week for two successive weeks, in a newspaper printed in said village, or until it shall have been posted up for two weeks in three public places in said village; and an affidavit of the said publication, in the manner aforesaid, in case the publication is by posting up, to be made by the clerk of the village, and in case the publication is in a newspaper, in which the same was published, then by the publisher of the newspaper in which the same was published, entered at large upon the record of said corporation shall be prima facie evidence of such publication.

Assessment roll; contents of.

viewing.

Notice of time for reSec. 11. The assessor of said village shall, once in each year, make an assessment roll containing a description of all the property, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said village, and the name of the owner or occupants, or agent thereof, if known, and shall set down in such roll the valuation of such property at its fair cash value, placing the value of personal property on a separate line; and it shall be the duty of the president and trustees once in each and every year, and immediately after the assessor has assessed the real and personal estate lying and being in said village, and before any tax shall be levied on the same, to give ten days' notice, by publishing thereof the time and place of reviewing said assessment roll, under the supervision of the president and assessor, that any person or persons deeming themselves aggrieved may be

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heard, and the roll may then and there be altered, if it shall be made to appear that any person has been wrongfully assessed; after the expiration of the said ten days, the assessor Completion of, and deand the president and trustees shall within thirty days proceed livery to marshall to estimate, apportion and set down, in a column left for that purpose, opposite to the several sums set down as the value of real and personal estate in the assessment roll, the respective sums, in dollars and cents, to be paid as a tax or assessment thereon; and shall then cause said assessment roll, or a copy Distress and thereof, to be delivered to the marshal of said village, with a authorized. warrant annexed thereto, under the hand and seal of said assessor, directing and requiring him to collect, from the several persons named in said roll, the several sums mentioned therein, set opposite their respective names as a tax or assessment, and authorize him, in case any of them shall neglect or refuse to pay such sums, to levy the same by distress and sale of his or her goods and chattels, together with the costs and charges of such distress and sale, and directing him to pay such money, when collected, to the treasurer of said village, by a certain day therein named, not less than forty days from the date of said warrant, and said warrant may be renewed from time to time, as the trustees may deem best; and when any as-special assessment shall be made for any special improvement, it shall be legal. be legal, even if it is not made at the time of making the general list, notice being given of the review of said assessment, as herein provided.

Sec. 12. If any person shall refuse or neglect to pay the sum Power of marshal to or sums at which he or she shall be taxed or assessed as afore-sell private property. said, the marshal is hereby authorized and required to levy the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person who ought to pay the same, first giving notice thereof, as is required by law to be given by township treasurers; and in surplus to be returned case the goods and chattels distressed shall be sold for more to owner. than the amount of the tax or assessment, with the charges of distress and sale, the surplus shall be paid to the owner of such goods and chattels, on demand; and in case the marshal shall

be unable to collect the taxes assessed on any real estate, he shall make a return thereof, with the amount due and unpaid on each description, and said tax thereafter shall be a lien on the same.

Unpaid taxes; how collected.

Sec. 13. The tax upon real estate, with all the assessments for the purposes named in the eighth section of this act, shall be put down in the assessment roll by itself, in a column; and whenever any such tax or assessment, and all taxes on real estate returned for non-payment of taxes, as provided for in the preceding section, and the interest thereon, which shall be computed at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum until paid. shall remain unpaid for one year from the date of the warrant to the marshal as aforesaid, the treasurer of said village shall cause so much of the land charged with such tax and assessment, and interest, to be sold at public auction, at some public place in said village, to the highest bidder, as shall be necessary to pay the said taxes and assessment and interest, together with all taxes thereon, first giving at least thirteen weeks' notice of the time and place of sale, by advertisement posted up in three of the most public places in said village, or by causing the same to be published in a newspaper in said village. affidavit of such publication, recorded in the manner prescribed in the tenth section of this act, shall be deemed prima facie evidence of the fact of such publication.

Notice of

Proceedings on day of sale.

Sec. 14. On the day mentioned in said notice, the said treasurer shall commence the sale of said lands, and continue the same from day to day, until so much thereof shall be sold as will pay the taxes and assessments as aforesaid, with the interest and charges due, assessed and charged thereon aforesaid; and Certificate of the said treasurer shall give the purchaser or purchasers of any such lands, a certificate in writing, describing the lands purchased, and the sum paid therefor, and the time when the purchaser will be entitled to a deed for the said lands; and Conveyance. unless within one year from the date of the sale thereof, there shall be paid to the treasurer, for the use of the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, the sum mentioned in said certificate, together

purchase.

with the interest thereon, at the rate of twenty per centum per annum, from the date of such certificate, the treasurer, or his successor in office shall, at the expiration of said one year, execute to the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, a conveyance of the lands sold, which conveyance shall vest in the person or persons to whom it shall be given, an estate in fee simple: Pro-Provisa. vided, All proceedings connected with the raising and levying such tax, and the sale for the non-payment thereof, are acording to the provisions of this act; and the said con-When may veyance shall be prima facie evidence that the sale was regular evidence. according to the provisions of this act; and every such conwyance executed by the said treasurer, under his hand and mel, witnessed and acknowledged, and recorded in the usual hrm, may be given in evidence in the same manner as a deed regularly executed and acknowledged by the owner, and duly recorded, and shall have the same force and effect.

Sec. 15. The treasurer of said village shall receive the same compensation of treasurer. Itees, in cases of sale, as aforesaid, as are allowed by law to the county treasurer for like services; and the expenses for the advertising any land for sale in pursuance of this act shall, by the treasurer, be added to such taxes respectively, as are charged upon land advertised for delinquent State and county taxes.

Sec. 16. No money shall be drawn from the treasury except Money; by appropriation of the president and trustees; and orders directing the payment of any and all sums of money, shall specify the object and purpose of the same, and the fund from which it is to be paid, and shall be signed by the clerk and countersigned by the president.

Sec. 17. No member of the board of trustees, during his control to become tinuance in such office, shall become security for the performance security, or interested in of any official act or duty to be done or performed by any person any contract elected or appointed to any office under the provisions of this act; and during the time for which he may be elected a member of said board, he shall not be interested, directly or indi-

rectly, in any contract or purchase, the expense or consider tion whereof is to be paid out of the village treasury.

Highway fund; how kept. Sec. 18. All moneys assessed and raised for highway purposes shall be kept a fund separate and distinct from the general fund, and no money shall be appropriated or paid from said highway fund except for highway purposes.

Appointed officers.

Bonds of.

Sec. 19. No officer appointed by the president and trustees she hold his office for more than one year, or until his successor appointed; and the president and trustees may require of the marshal and treasurer, and all the appointed officers, or any them, security, by bond, for the performance of the duties their respective offices, as shall be thought expedient, which

Suits against; how brought.

marshal and treasurer, and all the appointed officers, or any them, security, by bond, for the performance of the duties their respective offices, as shall be thought expedient, whis bond shall run to the president and trustees and their success ors in office; and a suit may be brought for any breach of sa bond, in the name of the president and trustees of said village as in other cases, before any justice of the peace or the circu court of said county, according to the amount claimed, whise courts are hereby authorized to hear, try and determine the same.

Marshal; powers and duties of.

To be chief of police.

Sec. 20. The marshal shall have the general supervision the village, and see that all the laws are enforced, and by virta of his office, shall be high constable and chief of police, wit the power belonging to any constable of any township, havir power to enter into any disorderly or gaming house, or dwellir house, or any other building where he may have good reason believe a felon is secreted or harbored, and where any perse who has committed a breach of the peace, or where any felor or breach of the peace is being committed; to arrest disc derly persons, and those engaged in unlawful assemblages, ar take them before any justice of the peace of the townshi of Sylvan, who shall hear, try and determine the matter, upo proof, in a summary way; to compel the citizens to aid: extinguishing fires; to appoint deputies, with powers similar to his own: Provided, That nothing in this act shall be con strued into his serving processes issued by justices of the

To arrest disorderly persons.

To compel aid at fires.

Proviso.

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

peace in civil cases, nor in criminal cases for the violation of any general law of the State.

- Sec. 21. The marshal and clerk shall at all times be subject to to be subject to to control of the supervision and control of the president and trustees, in the president and trustees, in the president and trustees, in the president and trustees. discharge of their official duties, and either of them may be removed from office by a majority of the whole number, for any refusal or neglect to comply with their orders or directions, or for any gross neglect in the discharge of other official duties; but the causes of such removal shall in all cases be made a matter of record by them.
- Sec. 22. A vacancy in the office of marshal or clerk, whether Vacancies; how filled. by death, removal from office, resignation or otherwise, shall be filled for the unexpired term by appointment, to be made by the president and trustees; and any vacancy in the office of assessor, street commissioners, treasurer, or in the number of trustees shall be filled in the same manner.
- Sec. 23. The president and trustees shall not receive any compensation compensation for their services; the marshal, clerk, assessor, treasurer, and appointed officers, shall each receive such compensation as the president and trustees shall direct.
- Sec. 24. The president and trustees shall have power to village exect and maintain in said village a village prison, and any person arrested for a violation of this act, or of any by-law or ordinance of said village, or of any law of the State, may be imprisoned in said village prison during the time that shall elapse between the time of arrest and the time of trial or examination; and the president and trustees shall have power council to to make all necessary rules and regulations for the government for governof said prison, and to appoint a keeper thereof; the corporation Corporation shall be allowed the use of the common jail of the county of use of county Washtenaw for the imprisonment of any person liable to imprisonment under the by-laws or ordinances of said corporation; and all persons committed to said jail shall be under the charge of the sheriff, as in other cases: Provided, The county Proviso. shall in no manner be chargeable with the costs and expenses of such imprisonment.

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Firemen ex-

Sec. 25. Each member of the fire department, or an engine, empt from poll tax and hook and ladder, bucket or hose company, duly organized by the president and trustees, shall be exempt from poll tax or serving on jury; and the president and trustees may pass such by-laws and ordinances as they may deem proper to prevent or extinguish fires, and to annex penalties for the violation thereof. and compel the assistance of the citizens to aid in extinguishing any fire.

Trustees to be commissioners of highways.

To control highway money.

Proviso.

Ibid.

Sec. 26. The president and trustees shall be the commissioners of streets and highways, and within the limits of the village shall have the same power, and perform the same duties as now by law belong to commissioners of streets and highways in the several townships of the State, and shall cause a tax to be levied and collected, as taxes usually are for constructing and repairing roads in the different townships, and shall have exclusive control of the highway moneys levied and collected in the village: Provided, That their power to order fences to be removed, and to remove such fences themselves, and to open, widen and extend streets and highways, shall not be restricted between the first day of April and the first day of November in each year, but they may exercise that power at any time during the year: And provided also, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to exempt any person or property within said village from any township tax that may be legally levied within and for the township of Sylvan, for the repairing, building, or rebuilding of any bridge within said township, or for any special expenditure for laying out, opening, working or improving any highway of said township, or for any damage for which said township may become liable by reason of any neglect in keeping any bridge or public highway in proper repair; and all bridges within the corporate limits of said corporation shall be kept in repair, and be under the care and supervision of the commissioners of highways of the township, at the expense of the township of Sylvan.

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

Sec. 27. Whenever the lands of any person shall be required to be taken for the constructing, widening or extending streets, lands are taken for lanes, alleys, drains, or sewers, within the limits of said village, public use. the president and trustees shall give notice thereof to the owners Notice to or parties interested, or his, her, or their agent or representatives, by personal service, or by written notice posted up in three of the most public places in said village, at least three weeks next preceding the meeting of said president and trustees for any of the purposes aforesaid; and the said president Trustees to and trustees are hereby authorized to treat with such person owner. or persons for such ground or premises; and if such person or Summoning persons shall refuse or neglect to treat for the same, or if the parties cannot agree therefor, it shall and may be lawful for said president and trustees to direct any justice of the peace of the township of Sylvan to issue a venire facias, to command the marshal of said village, or any constable of said county to summon and return a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders, to be taken without the limits of said village, to appear before him at any time therein to be stated, to inquire into the just compensation to be made therefor to the owner or owners of, or parties interested in such grounds or premises, which jury, being Jury to first duly sworn by said justice, faithfully and impartially to damages. inquire into the just compensation to be made therefor, and having viewed the premises, if necessary, shall inquire of and assess such damages and compensation as they shall judge fit to be awarded to the owner or owners of, or parties interested in such grounds and premises, for their respective losses, according to the several interests or estates therein; and the said justice shall, upon the return of such assessment or verdict, enter judgment therefor, confirming the same; and such sum or Compensat'n tendered to sums so assessed, together with all costs, shall be paid or le-owner. gally tendered, before such street, lane or alley, sidewalk, drain or sewer, or highway shall be made, opened or established, or altered, to the claimant or claimants thereof; it shall thereupon be lawful for the president and trustees to cause the same grounds or premises to be occupied and used for the purposes

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aforesaid: Provided, That the president and trustees, or any party claiming damages, as aforesaid, may have the right to remove such proceedings by appeal to the circuit court, or any other court of competent jurisdiction, upon giving notice of his, her, or their intention so to do, to the said justice, in writing, within ten days; or, in case of the absence of said party from said village, (at the time of the rendition of the verdict,) then within thirty days after the verdict of said jury and the judgment of said justice, as aforesaid, said appellant first giving bond, with two sufficient sureties, to be approved by the justice, conditioned to pay all costs which may be awarded against him in said circuit court; upon the filing of a transcript of the proceedings, aforesaid, duly certified by the said justice, within forty days after the verdict and judgment as aforesaid in the circuit court, or any other court of record having appellate jurisdiction, the same proceedings shall be had as is prescribed by law in other cases of appeal: Provided, That if final judgment for damages shall not exceed the damages assessed before the justice at least twenty-five dollars, then the party appealing shall pay all costs occasioned by such appeal.

Ibid.

License money to be paid to treasurer. Sec. 28. All moneys received for licenses granted to tavernkeepers or common victualers, under the provisions of this act shall be paid to the treasurer of the village, to be credited as other licenses.

Present laws to remain in force.

Sec. 29. All by-laws and ordinances of said village now in force in said village, not conflicting with this act or the laws of this State are hereby declared binding and legal until altered or repealed by the president and trustees to be elected under this act; and all rights accrued under or by virtue of said by-laws or ordinances, to said village, or to private individuals, shall be and remain in full force and effect, and all rights and benefits accruing to said village or to private citizens thereof, by virtue of, or through or under the original charter of said village, are hereby saved to said village and citizens respectively.

Village prison tax. Sec. 30. The said president and trustees shall have power to levy and collect a tax in the same manner as other taxes are for general purposes, to be levied and collected by virtue of this act, for the purpose of building and keeping in repair said village prison, not to exceed five hundred dollars in any one year.

Sec. 31. This act shall be favorably construed and received Public act. in all the courts as a public act, and copies thereof, printed under the authority of the Legislature, shall be received as evidence without further proof.

Sec. 32. No person shall be eligible to any office in this cor-who eligible poration unless he shall have resided in said village six months next preceding his election, and shall be entitled to vote therein.

Sec. 33. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 366.]

AN ACT to revise the charter of the village of Wayland.

Secrion 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Boundaries so much of the township of Wayland, in the county of Allegan, as is embraced in the following described lands, to wit: The west half of section five, the entire of section six, the north half of the north half of section seven, the north half of the north-west quarter of section eight, and so much of the township of Leighton as is embraced in the south half of section thirty-one, and the south-west quarter of section thirty-two, be and the same is hereby constituted a village corporate under the name of the village of Wayland.

Sec. 2. The elective officers of said village shall consist of Officers; one precident, six trustees, one recorder, one treasurer, one where elected. marshal, one assessor, to be elected annually on the last Monday of March, and said officers shall hold said officers until their successors are duly elected and qualified. Said officers Terms of shall be elected by a plurality of votes by ballot, of the inhabitants of said village having the qualifications of electors under

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the constitution of this State: Provided, That if an elec such officers shall not be made on said last Monday of it shall be lawful to hold such election at any time, by notice thereof as provided in this act. In case a should occur in any elective office, the same shall be fi special election of the voters, the same as at annual el

Inspectors and clerk of election.

Vacancies; how filled.

> Sec. 3. At each and every election the common cou any three of them, shall be the board of inspectors there the recorder shall be the clerk of such board.

Compensat'n of inspectors

Sec. 4. The president and trustees shall receive th compensation, when acting as inspectors, as is allowed to inspectors of elections in the several townships of th for services as inspectors of township elections.

Time of opening and

Sec. 5. The polls of all elections under this act s closing polls, opened at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and shall be con open until four o'clock in the afternoon of said day,

Election; rules of.

longer; and all the laws of this State in relation to the of town officers, canvass of votes, certifying the elec-

officers, and notifying them of their election, shall apply and all elections in said village, so far as the same may plicable and not inconsistent with the provisions of t

Officers to take oath.

Recorder to give notice

of election.

All officers elected under this act shall, before enterin their respective duties, take and subscribe the oath of o

provided for township officers, before any officer author administer oaths. It shall be the duty of the recorder

ten days' public notice in writing, by posting the same i public places in said village, of the time and place of :

all elections, both annual and special, in said village; person shall be permitted to vote at any such election u shall have been a resident of said village for ten da

immediately preceding the day of such election.

Body corporate and politic.

Sec. 6. The president and trustees of said village sha body corporate and politic, with perpetual succession known and distinguished by the name and title of the c council of the village of Wayland, and by that name they as successors in office shall be known in law, and by suc

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shall be and are hereby made capable of suing and being sued, of pleading and being impleaded, of answering and being mswered unto, and of defending and being defended in all courts of this State, and any other place whatsoever; and may have a common seal, and may alter and change the same at pleasure; and by the same name shall be and are hereby made espable of purchasing, holding, leasing, conveying, and dispoing of any real or personal estate for the use and benefit of mid corporation.

Sec. 7. The common council shall have power to appoint a Common street commissioner, pound master, fire warden, and such appoint certain officers. other officers necessary under the provisions of this act, for mid village, whose elections are not herein provided for; to re-To require quire of them such bonds for the faithful discharge of their bonds of. duties as they may deem necessary, and to dismiss them at pleasure; the officers so appointed shall, before entering upon the duties of their office, take and subscribe the same oath of office as required for the elective officers, before the president or recorder, who are hereby authorized to administer the same.

Sec. 8. It shall be the duty of the president to preside at all Officers; meetings of the common council, and he shall be the chief ex-duties of. ecutive officer of the village. It shall be his duty to cause the President to sppointed officers of said village to comply with and faithfully officers perdischarge their official duties, and cause all laws pertaining to duties. the municipal government of said village, and all ordinances, resolutions, and regulations of the common council to be observed and executed, and to exercise supervision and contro over the conduct of all such officers as may be appointed by the common council, and to examine all complaints against them for neglect of duty; to recommend to the common council To recomsuch measures as he shall deem expedient; to expedite such as ures to com shall be resolved upon by them, and in general, to maintain the peace and good order, and advance the prosperity of the village; and whenever, in his opinion, the peace and safety of To appoint the inhabitants of the village require it, he may at any time etc. appoint one or more policemen or watchmen, who shall be

conservators of the peace, and who shall have the same power to make arrests and suppress disturbances as is conferred by this act upon the village marshal.

Recorder to keep books and papers.

To attend meetings of council.

Sec. 9. The village recorder shall keep all the books and papers, and files belonging to said village, and shall make a record of the proceedings of the common council, whose meetings it shall be his duty to attend, and shall make a record of all ordinances and by-laws passed by the common council, in the proper books to be provided therefor; and copies of all papers duly filed in his office, and transcripts from the records of the proceedings of the common council, certified to by him, shall be evidence in all places of the matters therein contained; and he shall keep an accurate account, in books provided for such expenditures purpose, under appropriate heads, of all expenditures, and of all orders drawn upon the village treasury, which account shall

specify the purposes for which such orders were drawn.

To keep account of

Treasurer to keep all moneys.

To make statements of receipts and expenditures.

Sec. 10. The village treasurer shall have the custody of all moneys belonging to said village, and shall keep an account of all receipts and disbursements thereof, and from whom received and to whom paid, and shall pay no moneys out of the treasury except upon warrants signed by the recorder, and countersigned by the president; and he shall exhibit to the common council, as often and for such periods as they may require, a full and detailed account of all receipts and expenditures, and shall also, when so required, exhibit a general statement, showing the financial condition of the treasury, and all other matters relating to his office.

Marshal to be chief of police.

Sec. 11. The village marshal shall be chief of police of the village, and he shall see that the laws are enforced; it shall be his duty to collect village taxes, to serve all processes that may be lawfully delivered to him for service, and he is hereby vested with all the powers and duties conferred by law on constables elected in townships: Provided, This power shall not be construed into his serving civil processes issued by justices of the peace, nor criminal processes issued for the violation of any law of this State; he shall have power and authority, and it

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shall be his duty, with or without process, to apprehend any To arrest offenders person found disturbing the peace, or offending against any of the provisions of this act, or the by-laws and ordinances of the village, and to take such persons before any justice of the peace of the town of Wayland, to be dealt with as the laws and ordinances of said village shall provide, and may apprehend and imprison any person found drunk in the streets of said village until such person shall become sober, and he shall have power To enter to enter into any disorderly or gaming house, or any other houses. building where he may have reason to believe that a felon is secreted or harbored, and where any person is who has committed a breach of the peace, or where any felony or breach of the peace is being committed, and is authorized to command the assistance, in the discharge of such duties, of any of the citizens of said village, if deemed by him necessary.

Sec. 12. The treasurer and marshal shall respectively, before Treasurer and marshal entering upon the exercise of the duties of their respective to give secutive, offices, give such security for the faithful discharge of the trusts reposed in them as the common council shall direct and determine.

Sec. 13. The president and trustees, when assembled and common duly organized, shall constitute the common council of the vil-to constitute lage of Wayland, and a majority of the whole shall be necessary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, though a less number may adjourn from time to time; and the When shall hold its mid common council shall hold their meetings at such time meetings. and place as they may from time to time appoint. In the proceedings of the common council, each member present shall have one vote, and when there shall be a tie the president shall give the casting vote.

Sec. 14. The common council, in addition to the powers and To have duties specially conferred upon them in this act, shall have the streets, etc. management, control and supervision of the highways, streets, lanes, alleys, parks and public grounds in said village, with full power to lay out, alter, vacate and construct all streets, highways and bridges; and the said common council are hereby 114—

May collect a poll tax.

vested with full power and authority to assess and levy such an amount of labor upon the real and personal property in said village, as they may deem proper and necessary to be performed upon the streets, highways and bridges in said village, and for that purpose are hereby vested with the same power given by law to the commissioners of highways, and may levy a poll tax, not exceeding one dollar, upon each person liable therefor by the laws of this State, and may provide for commutation therefor, at any sum not exceeding one dollar for each day's labor assessed; and may make ordinances providing for the return of such taxes assessed or unpaid on real estate, not occupied by the owners thereof, and that such tax shall be a lien on such real estate, and cause the same to be sold in the same manner as other taxes are levied and sold under this act; and further, they shall have power, within said village, to enact, ordain, make, continue, establish, modify, amend and repeal such ordinances, by-laws, and regulations as they may deem desirable and proper, within said village, in relation to and for the following purposes: To prevent vice and immorality; to preserve public peace and good order; to prevent and quell riots, disturbances and disorderly assemblages; to restrain, apprehend and punish vagrants, mendicants, drunkards, and all disorderly persons; to punish lewd and lascivious behavior in the streets or other public places; to suppress and restrain all disorderly houses and houses of ill-fame, all gambling houses, and all houses and places where persons resort for gaming or to play at game. of chance, and to punish the keepers thereof; to prevent every species of gaming, and to restrain, regulate and suppress billiard tables and bowling alleys; to prevent and regulate the selling or giving away of any spirituous or fermented liquors to prevent and regulate the sale of all goods, wares and personal property at auction, except in cases of sales authorized by law; to license and regulate auctioneers, peddlers and pawn-brokers, and auctions and hawking and peddling, and to license and regulate the peddling and sale of jewelry, goods, and merchandise, and other property, by hand, hand-cart

May pass laws relative

Vice.

Riots.

Vagrants.

Houses of ill-fame.

Gaming.

Liquors.

Auctions.

Peddling.

show-case, show-stands or otherwise, in the public streets; to concerts prohibit, restrain, regulate and license all sports, exhibitions of natural or artificial curiosities, caravans of animals, theatricals, exhibitions, shows, concerts, circuses, or other performances and exhibitions for money; to prevent the violation of the saloons. Sabbath, and to require all saloons, drinking-houses, shops, and other places of business, to be closed on the Sabbath day, and at reasonable hours of the night on week days; to prevent, prohibit, abate and remove all nuisances in said village, and Nuisances. punish the persons occasioning the same, and to declare what shall be considered nuisances, and direct and authorize their speedy or immediate abatement or removal by the marshal of the village, at the expense of the persons creating or continuing the same; to compel the owner or occupant of any grocery, Groceries, tallow-chandler shop, soap or candle factory, butcher-shop or stall, slaughter-house, stable, barn, cellar, privy, yard, hog-pen, manure pile, sewer, or other offensive, nauseous or unwholesome place, house or thing, to cleanse, remove or abate the same whenever the common council shall deem it necessary for the health, comfort or convenience of the inhabitants of said village; to direct the location and regulation of all slaughter-Slaughter houses in said village, and to prohibit their location within said village; to regulate, restrain, and prohibit the location of shops, Hazardous and the carrying on of mechanical and other trades and vocations which the common council may deem dangerous or injurious, in such places and parts of said village as the common council may designate; to regulate the buying, selling and Gunpowder. ming of gunpowder, fire-crackers and fire-works, and other combustible materials; to regulate and prohibit the exhibition Fireworks. of fire-works, and the discharge of fire-crackers and fire-arms, and to restrain the making and lighting of fires in the streets and other open spaces in said village; to prevent the incum-Streets. bering or obstructing of streets, sidewalks, cross-walks, lanes, alleys, gutters, sewers, water-courses, bridges and public grounds, in any manner whatever, and to compel the occupants of lots to clear the sidewalks in front of and adjacent

Shade trees.

Awnings.

Pounds.

Ringing of bells.

Burial places.

Building lines.

Markets.

Hay, wood, Drays.

thereto, of snow, ice, dirt, and every incumb: ance whatever; to regulate and require the setting of shades in the streets of the village; to authorize, prohibit, and regulate the setting of hitching posts in the streets, lanes and alleys, and to cause the same to be taken up and removed; to authorize, prohibit, and regulate the building and placing of awnings, signboards, and other things, the whole or any part of which occupy or project within the limits of any street, lane, or alley, and to prescribe in what manner and of what materials the same shall be constructed, and to compel the removal of Horse-racing the same; to provide against horse-racing, and immoderate driving or riding in any street, and to punish for the same, and authorize the arrest and detention of any person who shall be guilty of immoderate riding or driving; to establish one or more pounds, and to regulate and restrain the running at large of cattle, swine, horses, mules, sheep, and other animals, and of geese and other poultry, in the streets and public places of said village, and to authorize the taking up, impounding, and sale of the same, for the penalty incurred, and the cost of keeping and impounding, and to punish for rescuing the same, before all costs and charges are paid; to regulate the ringing of bells and the crying of goods, and to prevent disturbing noises and obscene and profane language in the streets; to provide burial places, and to regulate and prohibit the burial of the dead within said village, and to protect and preserve the monuments, tomb-stones, trees, shrubbery, property, ornaments, improvements, grounds, and fences in and around any cemetery in said village or belonging thereto; to regulate and establish the line upon which buildings may be erected upon any street, lane, or alley; to establish and regulate markets; to regulate the vending of meats, vegetables, fruits, fish, and provisions of all kinds; to regulate the sale of hay, wood, lime, lumber, and coal; to license all drays and omnibuses, hacks, and other vehicles used for the transportation of persons and property for hire, and to prohibit their use without license, and to prescribe the rates of fare and charges for the same; to

license persons to engage in and exercise the business or oc-Taverncapation of tavern keeping, inn-holder, common victualer, and mloon keeper, and to impose such fees for such license as the common council may see fit, and to impose penalties upon all persons engaged in such occupation or business without such license; to regulate and prescribe the manner of construct-Protection ing party walls, chimneys and fire-places, the putting up against fire. of stoves, stove-pipes, and other things that may be deemed dangerous in causing or promoting fires, and to make all such ordinances, by-laws and regulations, as the common council shall deem necessary to secure the buildings and property in mid village against injuries by fire, and for the prevention and expression of fire; and for the purpose of enforcing such ordinances, by-laws and regulations, the common council may authorize and direct any of the officers of said village to enter into and examine, at all reasonable times, all dwellings, buildings and tenements of every description, and all lots, yards and inclosures, to inspect all hearths, stoves, fire-places, stovepipes, flues, chimneys, or other conductors of smoke, and any apparatus or device in which fire may be used, or to which fire may be applied, and to remove and make the same safe at the expense of the owner or owners, or occupants of the buildings in which the same may be; and every building or structure Unsafe that shall be constructed, moved, repaired, enlarged, used, maintained, occupied, or allowed to stand or remain in violation of or contrary to any ordinance of said village, is hereby declared a common nuisance, and may be abated, taken down and removed by direction of the common council, at the expense of the owner or occupant, or person who caused such misance; to prohibit the maintaining of lumber yards, the Lumber keeping, piling and storing of fire-wood, timber, lumber, or other easily combustible material within the limits of any fire district; to construct reservoirs wherever needed, and to Reservoirs. supplying the same with water; to conprovide for struct sewers, drains and culverts; to provide wells; to grade, wells. gravel, pave, repair, amend, and otherwise improve the streets,

Repairing sidewalks. on streets.

lanes, alleys, public grounds and parks in said village; to construct, repair and renew sidewalks; to remove all encroach-Obstructions ments from any street, lane or alley, or public grounds or places in said village, and to make such other improvements as may conduce to the general good and prosperity of said village or any part thereof, and generally to make all other ordinances and regulations that the common council may deem necessary to the safety, order and good government of said village.

Pire department.

Necessary regulations,

> Sec. 15. The common council shall have power to establish, maintain and regulate all such fire engine, hook and ladder, hose and bucket companies as may be deemed expedient, and shall provide such companies with engines and other implements and instruments necessary to be used in extinguishing fires, and may appoint from among the inhabitants of such village such number of men, willing to accept, as may be deemed proper and necessary to be employed as firemen; and every such company shall make their own by-laws and rules for the organization and government of the company, subject to the approval of the common council.

privileges.

Chief engineer; when

elected.

Firemen and their

> Sec. 16. The firemen of said village shall annually elect one of their number to be chief engineer, who shall have command of the whole fire department of the village; also, one assistant engineer, who shall act as chief engineer in case of the absence or disability of the chief.

Marshal may compel aid at fires.

Sec. 17. The marshal or any member of the common council may require the assistance of all bystanders in extinguishing any fire in said village, and in the removal, preservation and protection of any property endangered thereby, and the common council are hereby authorized to make such by-laws and ordinances in relation thereto as they may deem necessary.

be exempt and jury service.

Sec. 18. Every person belonging to an organized fire comfrom poll tax pany in said village, may obtain from the village recorder a certificate to the effect, which shall be evidence thereof; and the members of every such company, during their continuance as such, shall be exempt from serving as jurors and from paying a poll tax.

Sec. 19. The common council, whenever they may deem it Proceedings necessary for the public good and convenience of the inhabi-property is tants in the laying out, opening, widening or straightening of streets. streets, highways or alleys, to use and take the property or lands of any person, shall so declare by resolution, stating therein a description of the lands, premises or property required, and the purposes for which the same are to be used, and that the common council will meet on some day to be named in the resolution, to take action in regard to the matter, and notice Notice of of such meeting shall be given to the owners or parties inter-negotiate ested, or his, her or their agents or representatives, by personal service of a copy of such resolution, or by publication of a copy of such resolution, posted in three public places in said village, or in some newspaper published in said village, at least three weeks previous to the time appointed in said resolution for the meeting of the common council; and the common council is hereby authorized to negotiate with the person or persons interested in or owning such grounds or premises, for the same, and to pay therefor such reasonable sum as may be agreed upon; but if such person or persons shall refuse to negotiate Refusal of for such lands or premises, or if, for any other cause, there shall owner to sell not be any arrangement or bargain between the parties thereto, it shall be lawful for the common council, at the time of the Summoning meeting appointed in such resolution, to direct the village recorder to issue a precept under his hand in the nature of a wnire facias, directed to the marshal of said village, commanding him to summon a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders of said village, to appear before any justice of the peace of the township of Wayland, in said village, at the time therein to be stated, to inquire into and assess the damages and recompense due to the owner or owners of, or parties interested in such grounds, premises or property; which jury, being duly sworn by said Jury to justice faithfully and impartially to inquire into and assess the damages damages in question, and having viewed the premises, if necessary, shall inquire of and assess such damages and recompense as they shall deem fit to be awarded to the owner or owners of,

or parties interested in such grounds, premises or property, for

tendered to owner.

Claimant to pay costs when no damages are allowed.

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their respective damages or losses, according to their respective interests and estates therein; and the said justice, upon the return of such assessment, shall enter judgment confirming the same; Compensatin and the sum or sums so assessed, together with his or their costs, shall be paid or tendered to the party or person entitled thereto, if residing in said village, and if not residing therein, to be paid into the village treasury, for the use of such party, persons or claimant, before such street, highway, alley, lane, watercourse, square, market-place or public park shall be made, opened, established or altered; but if the jury find that the claimant is not entitled to any damage, then it shall be competent for such justice to render judgment against such claimant for all costs and issue execution therefor; and in either case it shall thereupon be lawful for the common council to cause the same grounds, premises or property, to be immediately converted to and for the use and purposes aforesaid: Provided, That the party claiming damages may have the right to remove such proceedings by appeal to the circuit court of the county of Allegan, upon giving notice of his or their intention so to do, to the said justice, in writing, within ten days, or in case of the absence of the party from the village at the time of the rendition of the judgment, within thirty days after the verdict of such jury and the judgment of said justice therein, as aforesaid, such appellant first giving bond with two sufficient sureties, to be approved by said justice, conditioned to pay all costs that may be awarded against him in said circuit court; but no appeal, supersedeas, injunction, or other process or proceeding from any court whatever, shall prevent the immediate making, laying out, opening, establishing altering, straightening, widening or extending such street, lane, alley, square, marketplace or public park, as aforesaid; and upon filing in said circuit court the said bond, and a transcript of the proceedings aforesaid, duly certified by said justice, within forty days after the rendering of said judgment, the same proceedings shall be had in the circuit court as is prescribed by law in cases of

appeal from justices' courts: Provided further, That if the Ibid. damages awarded on such appeal shall not exceed the damages assessed by said jury and confirmed by the judgment of said justice, the party appealing shall pay all costs occasioned by such appeal.

Sec. 20. The common council shall cause such of the streets, Council to highways, alleys, and lanes in said village as shall have been to be re-surused for six years or more prior to the passage of this act, as public highways, streets, lanes or alleys, which have not been sufficiently described, or have not been duly recorded, to be surveyed, the grade thereof established, described, and recorded in the office of the village recorder, in a book to be Book of denominated the book of "street records," and the common ords;" concouncil shall cause a survey or description and plat of every public ground, highway, park, street, lane, and alley, or part thereof, which shall hereafter be opened, established, altered, widened, straightened, or the grade thereof established, to be recorded in said book of "street records," and such record to be taken shall be presumptive evidence of the existence of such public ground, park, highway, street, lane, alley, or that part thereof therein described, and of the boundaries thereof; and a copy of any ordinance or resolution of the common council, vacating or closing any public ground, park, highway, street, lane, or alley, or any part thereof, shall also be recorded in mid book of "street records," and the same shall be evidence as aforesaid.

Sec. 21. The common council shall have power to assess and Common levey, at any time, by special tax, the expenses of making, assess expenses of grading, paving, opening and repairing streets, lanes and al-grading. leys, and of putting curb-stones and culverts therein; of grading, paving, or planking and repairing sidewalks, or making drains and sewers, and other local improvements upon the lots, premises, and subdivisions thereof, which are in front of or adjoining to such streets, sidewalks, drains, sewers, and other improvements, and upon other lots and premises, which in the opinion of the common council are ben-115-

laws relative assessing.

May pass by-efited thereby; and the common council shall have power to to mode of make all by-laws and ordinances relative to the mode of assessing, levying and collecting any such tax, which shall be exclusive of, and in addition to any general tax, and shall be and remain a lien upon the land until paid, and if not paid, the land may be sold therefor, in the same manner as for ordinary village taxes.

May require owners to construct sidewalks.

Sec. 22. When the common council may deem it expedient, they may, by ordinance, resolution or otherwise, require the owners and occupants, or either, of land in said village, or any specified part thereof, to construct, repair, maintain and reconstruct sidewalks, pavements and other street improvements, in any street, lane, or alley adjoining their respective lots or premises, to the middle of such street, lane or alley, in such manner and with such materials as the common council, by ordinance, resolution or otherwise, may direct; but with refer-Tax; persons ence to paving, this shall apply only to streets that are graded,

paying, to be highway.

Proceedings when persons refuse to build walk, etc.

exempt from and when enforced for the purpose of paving any such streets, outside of the sidewalks, on said streets, the paving may be done at the public expense, or if assessed upon the property adjoining that portion of said street ordered to be paved, said property so assessed for paving may be exempt from further taxes thereafter, for highway purposes, in the discretion of the common council; and if the owner or occupant of any lot or premises, after notice so to do shall have been posted on such lot or premises, or otherwise given, served or published, as the common council may direct, by ordinance, resolution or otherwise, shall fail or neglect to construct, repair, maintain, and reconstruct any sidewalk or pavement, or other street improvement, or to plank any street, or to clear away any snow, ice, or other obstruction, from any sidewalk adjoining to such lot or premises, within such time and in such manner and with such materials as the common council may prescribe or require, by ordinance, resolution, or otherwise, the common council may cause the same to be done at the expense of the village; and such expense shall be deemed to be a special assessment upon

such lot or premises, and the common council may add the Taxes to remain a lien same to the amount of the general village tax roll next there-on real estate.

after to be made; and the amount so added shall be a lien on the premises, in the same manner as the tax to which it is added, and may be collected and enforced, and if not paid, the land may be sold therefor, in the same manner as ordinary village taxes.

Sec. 23. The common council shall have power and authority Power of to raise annually, by a general tax upon the real and personal raise taxes property in said village liable to taxation, such sums as they purposes. may deem necessary to defray the expenses and liabilities incarred by said village, and to carry into effect the powers bereby conferred on them; and they shall, on or before the first day of June in each year, determine, by resolution, the amount of taxes necessary to be levied for said purposes during the year: Provided, That the taxes so determined to be levied shall Proviso. not exceed, in any one year, the sum of one thousand dollars, unless the qualified electors of said village shall determine at the annual village election to increase that amount, by a majority vote of all the qualified electors, and the vote may be taken viva voce, or otherwise, as the common council of said village may determine and direct, which amount so determined to be levied, shall be exclusive of and in addition to any taxes which may be levied by virtue of any provisions in this act, as a special assessment for public or local improvements; and Tax a lien every tax lawfully imposed upon any lands, tenements and hereditaments in said village, shall be and remain a lien upon such lands, tenements and hereditaments, until the same shall be paid.

Sec. 24. The assessor of said village shall, once in each year, Assessment between the first Monday in April and the first Monday of tents of.

May, make an assessment roll, containing a description of all the property, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said village, and the name of the owner or occupant or agent thereof, if known, and names of all persons liable to pay a capitation or poll tax, as provided for in this act, and shall esti-

mate and set down in such roll, the valuation of all such prop-

erty at its fair cash value, placing the value of personal

Notice of

time for reviewing.

property on a separate line, and when completed, shall immediately file the same in the office of the recorder of the village; whereupon it shall be the duty of the common council to give notice that at a certain time and place, not less than five nor more than ten days, said common council will meet to hear any person considering himself aggrieved by the assessment corrections. made by said assessor; and said common council are hereby authorized, upon sufficient cause shown, to reduce or increase said valuation; and when so corrected, said common council shall annex a certificate to said assessment roll, to be signed by the president and recorder, that said roll has been revised and corrected by said common council, which certificate shall be prima facie evidence of the regularity of the assessment of said village. Sec. 25. It shall be the duty of the common council, immedi-

Council to make dupli-

To attach warrant to

der marshal

to collect.

cate of taxes ately after said assessment is completed and corrected, as provided in section 24 of this act, to make or cause to be made out a duplicate of taxes, charging each individual therein an amount of tax in proportion to the amount of real and personal estate of such individual within said village, which duplicate shall, after attaching thereto the proper warrant for the colroll, and or-lection of the taxes therein levied, be signed by the president and recorder, and delivered to the marshal, whose duty it shall be to collect the same, on or before the day specified in such warrant, and directing him to pay such money, when collected, to the treasurer of said village, by a certain day therein named, not less than forty days from the date of said warrant, and said warrant may be renewed from time to time, as the common council may deem best.

Marshal to collect.

Sec. 26. The marshal, upon receiving the said copy or [of] tax roll, shall call upon each person taxed, if a resident of said village, at least once, and demand payment of the taxes charged to him upon said roll; and in case of a refusal or neglect to pay such taxes, the marshal is hereby authorized and required to levy the same by distress and sale of the goods and when may sell property chattels of the person who ought to pay the same, wherever for taxes. found within said village, together with the costs and charges of such distress and sale, and may take any property that can be taken by township treasurers in the collection of taxes; and he shall give the same notice, and sell in the same manner as township treasurers in the collection of taxes, and return any surplus to the owner of the property, in accordance with the revised statutes of this State.

rant annexed to said copy of tax roll, and the time for which taxes.

mid warrant may be renewed, if any of the taxes mentioned in

mid roll shall remain unpaid, and the marshal be unable

to collect the same, he shall make in said roll, or permanently

attach thereto, a statement in writing, under oath, of all taxes

so remaining unpaid; and if the same or any part thereof are

acception of each parcel of land upon which the taxes so assessed

have not been paid, and further, that he has not been able to

collect the same, nor, upon diligent inquiry, to discover any

goods or chattels subject to levy, belonging to the person

charged with or liable to pay such tax, and shall deliver such

statement and copy of tax roll to the recorder of said village

within five days thereafter.

have been delivered to him, shall, under the direction of to sell lands for taxes. the common council, and in pursuance of any ordinance or resolution of the common council, proceed to sell at public suction, at some public place in said village, so much of said lands returned in said statement on account of the non-payment of taxes thereon, as shall be necessary to pay the amount of taxes, together with such amount as shall be directed by the common council to cover the expenses of such sale, first giving at least thirty days' notice of the time and Notice of place of sale by advertisement posted up in three of place of sale. the most public places in said village, which advertisement

Proceedings on day of

sale.

Proviso.

shall contain a description of the land, and the name of the owner, if known, and the amount of taxes and expenses for the non-payment of which it is to be sold, and by causing the same to be inserted in a newspaper, if there be one printed and published in said village, once in each week for four successive weeks preceding said sale. On the day mentioned in said notice the recorder shall commence the sale of said lands, and continue until so much shall be sold as will pay the taxes Certificate of and expenses; and the recorder, on such sale, shall give to the purchaser or purchasers of any such lands a certificate in writing, describing the lands purchased and the sums paid therefor, and the time when the purchaser shall be entitled to a deed for the same: Provided, That if any parcel of land cannot be sold to any person for said taxes and expenses, the recorder shall bid off the same to the common council of said village, and shall give a like certificate of such sale, which shall

Recorder to given to any other purchaser thereof; upon the completion of give treas'r sale.

statement or said sale, the recorder shall deliver to the treasurer of said village a certified statement thereof, containing a description of the lands sold, the date of sale, the particular tax and amount for which the same was sold, and the name or names of the purchasers, which statement shall be preserved and transcribed by the said treasurer in a book to be provided and kept by him for that purpose, and all moneys received upon such sales he shall at the same time deliver to said treasurer.

have the like effect in all respects as if the same had been

Time for redemption.

Sec. 29. Any persons claiming any of the lands sold as aforesaid, or any interest therein, may, at any time within one year next succeeding the day of sale, redeem any such lands or interest therein, by paying to the treasurer of said village the amount for which the same was sold, or such proportion thereof as the part or interest redeemed shall amount to, with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum, from the day of sale, for the use of the purchaser, but in no case shall the interest be computed for a less time than three months;

whereupon the treasurer shall make and deliver to the person Certificate making such payment a certificate of the redemption thereof.

Sec. 30. Upon the presentation of any such certificate of Conveyance. mle to the recorder of said village, after the expiration of the time for the redemption of the lands sold, as aforesaid, he shall, unless said lands have been redeemed, as aforesaid, or the certificate of sale canceled, as hereinafter provided, execute to the purchaser or purchasers, his, her, or their heirs, assigns, executors, or administrators, a conveyance of the lands therein described, which conveyance shall invest in the person or persons to whom it shall be made, an estate in fee simple, subject to all the claims the State may have therein; and the said conveyance shall be prima facie evidence that all the proceedings were regular, according to the provisions of this act, from the whation of the same by the assessor, to the date of the deed inclusive; and every such conveyance, executed by the recorder, when may under his hand and seal, witnessed, acknowledged, and re-evidence. corded in the usual form, may be given in evidence in all the courts of this State, in the same manner, and with like effect as any other conveyance of real estate or any interest therein; and the common council may, upon satisfactory evidence, upon outh, of the payment of any tax upon real estate, and that the mme has been returned wrongfully for non-payment, by mistake or otherwise, cancel the certificate of sale at any time before conveyance is made, and return the purchase money.

Sec. 31. Any of the justices of the peace of the township of Justices of Wayland are hereby authorized and empowered to inquire of, powers and determine, in a summary manner, all offenses which shall be committed against any of the laws and ordinances that shall be made or adopted by the common council in pursuance of the powers granted by this act, and to punish the offenders as by the said laws or ordinances shall be prescribed or directed; and such justice shall have power to hear, To try cases for recovery try and determine all charges, complaints, actions and prose-ordines, etc. cutions for the recovery or enforcing of any and all fines, penalties and forfeitures, for alleged violations or infringements

of the said by-laws and ordinances, or of any of the provisions of this act, except in cases where jurisdiction belongs to Proceedings; some other court. The proceedings in all such cases, actions and how governed.

prosecutions shall be according to and governed by the general laws and rules of practice of this State, applicable to courts of justices of the peace.

Offenders to be entitled to jury.

Right of appeal.

Sec. 32. In all trials before any justice of the peace, under the provisions of this act, of any person charged with any offense, or violation of any by-law or ordinance of said village, he shall be entitled to a trial by a jury of six persons; and all the proceedings for selecting and summoning such jury, and in the trial of the cause, shall be in conformity, as near as may be, with the mode of proceedings in criminal cases before justices of the peace; and in all cases the right of appeal and certiorari from the justice's court to the circuit court for the county of Allegan, shall be allowed to the parties on the same terms, and the same bond shall be given as is or may be required by law in every case of certiorari, or appeal from justices' courts in other cases.

Proceedings when a conviction is had. Sec. 33. Whenever a conviction is had, or a judgment rendered for any fine, penalty or forfeiture, for a violation of this act, or of any by-law or ordinance of said village, it shall be with cost of suit, and execution therefor may be issued immediately on the rendition of the judgment, and shall command the amount to be made of the property of the defendant, if any such can be found, and if not, then to commit the defendant to prison, if it be so adjudged and according to law; and in cases where both fine and imprisonment are imposed upon the person so convicted by the judgment of any such justice, he shall issue the necessary process to carry such judgment into effect.

Justice to issue process

Power of justice to imprison offender.

Sec. 34. The several justices of the peace of the township of Wayland shall have power in all cases where, by the provisions of this act, or of any by-law or ordinance made in pursuance thereof, any person may be sentenced to imprisonment, to imprison in the jail of the county of Allegan; and it is hereby

made the duty of the keeper of said county jail to receive such puty of persons; and in all cases where the term of imprisonment shall exceed sixty days, such person may be sentenced to confinement in the Detroit house of correction: Provided, It shall be proviso. competent for the common council of said village to construct and establish a lock-up for said village, in which to temporarily confine all persons who may have been arrested by the marshal, or convicted and sentenced by said court for offenses under this act for a less time than twenty days.

Sec. 35. All suits and prosecutions for the violation of the suits; how provisions of this act, or of any ordinance or by-law made in pursuance of such provisions, or to recover any fine, penalty or interior for such violation, shall be brought in the name of "The People of the State of Michigan;" and in any suit or prosecution, it shall not be necessary to set forth in the complaint or warrant, the ordinance or by-law, or any section thereof, the provisions of which are alleged to have been violated, except by its title, but it shall be sufficient to state in the complaint and warrant, with reasonable certainty of time and place, the act of violation or offense complained of, and to allege the same to have been committed in violation of the provisions of an ordinance or by-law, as the case may be, of the village of Wayland, referring thereto by its title; and all processes issued How process by any justice of the peace in any such suit or proceeding, shall rected. be directed to the "marshal of the village of Wayland, or to any constable of the county of Allegan," and the same may be executed any where within the said county of Allegan.

Sec. 36. The style of all ordinances shall be, "The common Style of council of the village of Wayland ordain;" the time when any ordinance shall take effect shall be prescribed therein, but no by-law or ordinance shall be operative until the same shall have been published two weeks successively, in a newspaper published in said village, or by written or printed notices posted up in three of the most public places in said village; and like notice shall be given of the repeal or amendment of any ordinance or by-law.

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All moneys received for fines to be paid to treasurer.

Sec. 37. All fines, penalties, and forfeitures for any violation of the provisions of this act, or of the by-laws and ordinances made in pursuance thereof, and all moneys received for licenses, or from other sources belonging to said village, shall be paid to the treasurer of said village by the officer receiving the same, immediately after the receipt thereof, and shall be disposed of as the common council may direct.

Citizens to be competent as jurors.

Sec. 38. In suits or proceedings in which the common council shall be a party, no citizen of said village shall be deemed an incompetent juror or witness on account of the interest of such citizen in the event of such process or proceedings: *Provided*, That such interest be only that which he has in common with the citizens of said village.

Annual statement; contents of.

Proviso.

Sec. 39. The common council shall, at the expiration of each year, make out and cause to be published, a just and true statement of all moneys received or expended by them in their corporate capacity, during the year next preceding such publication, also the disposition thereof, previous to which they shall settle and audit the accounts of the treasurer and all other officers and persons having claims against said village, or accounts with it, and shall make out, in detail, a statement of all receipts and expenditures, which statement shall fully specify all the appropriations made by the common council, and the object and purposes for which the same was made, and the money expended under such appropriation, the amount of taxes raised, the amount of contingent expenses, the amount on highways and streets, and all such information as shall be necessary to a full and perfect understanding of the financial concerns of said village.

Power of council to borrow money.

Sec. 40. The common council may borrow, for the time being, in anticipation of receipts from taxes, such sum of money as may be deemed necessary for the purposes enumerated in this act, and may issue the bonds of the village therefor: *Provided*, The council shall not borrow to exceed one thousand dollars, unless authorized to borrow a greater amount by a majority vote of the qualified electors of said village, at their

Proviso

annual village election, which vote may be taken viva voce, or otherwise, as the council may direct.

- Sec. 41. The marshal, recorder, treasurer, assessor, and such compensation of of officers as may be appointed by the common council, shall receive such compensation for their services as the by-laws and ordinances shall direct.
- Sec. 42. All ordinances, by-laws, and regulations of the corprevious poration of the village of Wayland, which are in force at the remain in time of the passage of this act, shall remain in full force and effect, as if passed under the provisions of this act: *Provided* Proviso. however, That they do not contain anything repugnant to the provisions of this act, or the constitution or laws of this State, or of the United States.
- Sec. 43. The president, trustees, and all other officers in said time present officers shall village now holding and performing the duties of their respective offices which were elected under their charter at any legal election, shall continue to hold the same, and discharge the duties thereof, until the last Monday of March, A. D. 1870, at which time the first annual election under this act shall be held.

Sec. 44. This act shall be deemed a public act. Sec. 45. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved March 30, 1869.

Public act.

[No. 367.]

AN ACT to amend sections sixteen and thirty-five of "An act to incorporate the city of Monroe," approved March twenty-second, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Section section sixteen of an act entitled "An act to incorporate the city of Monroe," approved March twenty-second, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, be amended so that the same shall read as follows:

Common council may pass laws relative to-

Sec. 16. The common council shall have power to make all such by-laws and ordinances as shall be necessary to secure said city and the inhabitants thereof against injuries by fire,

Public Deace.

Riots.

Vagrants.

General

the city.

thieves, robbers, burglars, and other persons violating the pubpeace; for the suppression of riots and gambling, indecent and

disorderly conduct, and for the punishment of the same, and for the punishment of all lewd and lascivious be-

havior in said city, and for the apprehension and punishment of all vagrants, drunkards and idle persons; and

they shall have power from time to time to make and publish prosperity of

all such by-laws and ordinances as to them shall seem necessary to provide for the safety and good government, preserve the health, promote the prosperity and improve the comfort

and convenience of said city and the inhabitants thereof, and to impose punishments, fines, forfeitures, and penalties on all

persons offending against the by-laws and ordinances made as aforesaid.

Section amended.

Sec. 2. That section thirty-five of said act, as amended by act number four hundred and four, of the session laws of the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, be amended so that the same shall read as follows:

Council may direct the opening of streets, etc.

Sec. 35. The common council shall have power to order, direct, and superintend the making, paving, repairing or opening of all streets, lanes, alleys, sidewalks or bridges within the limits of said city, and to level and grade the same; to establish the lines thereof, upon which buildings may be erected, and beyond which buildings may not extend; to lay, establish, make and repair drains and sewers in and along said streets, lanes and alleys, and in such other places as said city or council shall have heretofore acquired, or shall hereafter acquire the right of way for such sewers or drains; and the common council shall have authority to provide funds for defraying the expenses of such paving, leveling, grading, repairing, making or opening of streets or sidewalks, or laying, establishing making and repairing such drains and sewers as may be

deemed necessary, either by assessment upon the owners or

May repair drains.

Provide funds for defraying expenses.

occupants of such lots or premises in front or adjacent to Make assess which such street, sidewalk, or other improvement may be di-owners of rected to be made, paved or repaired, or by general assessment or otherwise, as said council may direct; and such assessment shall be binding and conclusive upon the owners and occupants of such lots or premises so assessed respectively, and upon all who are assessed, and may be made by a majority vote of said council, and shall be a lien and a charge upon such lots and premises as aforesaid, and a charge upon the person so assessed; and such owners or occupants, or other persons, shall also be liable to pay, on [demand, the sum at which said lots or premises shall be assessed, to such person m the said common council shall appoint to receive the same; and if default in such payment, or any part, or in case Proceedings on account of the absence of such owner or occupant, de-of payment mand cannot be made, it shall be the duty of the common council, by a majority vote thereof, to order the same, with ten per cent. damages thereto added, assessed and levied upon such lot or premises; and the city clerk, within five days thereafter, shall certify such order, with a description of the lot and premises, and the amount of such assessment, to the assessor of the ward within which such lots or premises are situated, who shall assess said unpaid taxes and assessment, together with ten per cent. damages thereto added, in the tax roll of the said ward for the collection of taxes next to be levied upon the said lots or premises, in the column of the highway or street taxes, and such tax or assessment shall then be levied, collected and returned in the same manner as provided by law for the ordinary city taxes. If the common council shall so Power of, direct, whenever any owner or occupant shall have failed to walks, etc. construct any sidewalk or repair the same, adjoining his respective lots or premises, within the time limited by any ordinance for the construction or repairing of the same, it shall be lawful for the common council to cause such sidewalk to be constructed or repaired at the expense of the city, and to recover the amount of such expenses, with damages at the

collect costs of debt.

when may rate of ten per cent, with costs of suit, from the owner or ocin an action cupant of such lot or premises, whose duty it was to conform to such regulation, in an action of debt, to be brought in the name of the mayor, recorder, aldermen and freemen of the city of Monroe, before any justice of the peace of said city, in case the amount sued for shall not exceed one hundred dollars, and otherwise, before the circuit court for the county of Monroe; and it shall be sufficient, without setting forth the special matter, to allege in the declaration that the defendant is indebted to the plaintiffs in the sum claimed, for the construction or repair of a sidewalk, describing the location of the same, and that it is according to the provisions of this section whereby an action has accrued, or the common council may cause the amount of the expense to be levied by tax, as hereinbefore provided: Provided, The tax or assessment herein provided for shall, in no case, if general, exceed the sum of one-fifth of one per cent. upon the valuation, and if assessed upon the owners or occupants of the lots or premises in front of, adjacent to, or adjoining which said improvement shall be made, such tax shall not exceed ten per cent. of the value of the lots and premises so taxed, nor shall a greater amount be recovered when occu- by action. In case any such tax or assessment on the amount of such construction or repairs shall be paid by the occupant, from owner. the expense said occupant may then be subjected to may be collected by him from the owner of the premises, or retained from the rent, unless otherwise agreed, or unless such tenant or occupant be bound to bear such expense, by the terms or nature of the agreement under which he holds the premises: Provided, That the common council of said city of Monroe may, if in their opinion any wet or low lands, or stagnant water in said city affects injuriously the health of the inhabitants of any part of said city, locate and construct any drain or sewer which may have been heretofore constructed in said city for the purpose of draining such lands, or removing such water, and may apportion and assess the expenses thereof, or any portion of the same, among the owners or occupants of

Proviso.

collect as-1 sessment

pant may

Proviso.

such lots or premises, as, in the opinion of said council, are benefited by the construction of such drain or sewer, in such proportion as they shall deem said lots or premises benefited by the same: Provided also, That in case any new drain or sewer shall Ibid. be located in said city, and all persons interested in the lots or premises through which such drain or sewer shall be located shall not release the right of way and all claims to compensation for such drain or sewer, the common council of said city Notice to shall give notice thereof to the owner or person interested, or his or their agent or representative, by personal service, or by advertisement in some newspaper published in said city, at less three weeks next preceding the meeting of the common council for the purposes aforesaid; and the common council are council to sufferized to treat with such person or persons for the grounds owner. or premises; and if such person or persons shall refuse to treat for the same, or if the parties cannot agree therefor, it shall and may be lawful for the recorder of said city to issue a venire facias, to command the marshal of said city to summon and Summoning return a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders of said city, to appear before said recorder, at a time therein to be stated, to inquire into and determine the just compensation to be paid therefor to the owner or owners of, or parties interested in mid grounds or premises, which jury, being first duly sworn by Jury to said recorder faithfully and impartially to inquire into and to damages. ascertain and determine the just compensation to be paid therefor, and having viewed the premises, if necessary, shall inquire of and assess such damages and recompense as they shall judge fit to be awarded to the owner or owners or the parties interested in such ground and premises, for their respective injuries, according to the several interests or estates therein; and said recorder shall, upon the return of such assessment or verdict, enter judgment therefor confirming the same; and compensat'n in case the common council shall determine the construction of owner. said drain or sewer to be necessary, they may proceed to locate and construct the same, upon the payment of such sum or sums to the parties interested, as shall have been adjudged

Proviso.

by said jury as such compensation, and shall apportion and sess the costs and expenses of such construction upon owners or occupants of such lots and premises as they deem benefited by the construction of such drain or sewe proportion as they shall deem the same benefited thereby; the sums severally so apportioned and assessed shall charge upon such owners or occupants, and shall be a upon such lots and premises respectively, and shall be colle in the same manner as hereinbefore provided for the costs expenses of the pavement of streets: Provided further, in case any assessment, or any portion thereof, heretofore n or which shall be hereafter made, for any improvement r in said city, shall, for any cause, fail to be collected, the mon council of said city may re-assess, or re-apportion an assess the amounts so uncollected to such owners or occup of lots, and upon such lots, in the same amounts, with ter cent. interest thereon, as the same might have been assess the first instance, and the same shall be collected in the manner as other assessments authorized by this section.

Sec. 3. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 368.]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled an act to amend an act titled "An act to incorporate the village of Tecumseh," I act number eighty-four, of the session laws of the eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, approved February 1 eighteen hundred and fifty-nine.

Sections amended.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, section two and section twelve of an act to amend an act titled an act to amend an act entitled "An act to incorp the village of Tecumseh," being act number eighty-four, c session laws of the year eighteen hundred and fifty-nine proved February ninth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine altered and amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 2. The inhabitants of said village, having the qualifica-Elections; tion of electors under the constitution of the State of Michigan, place of holding. shall meet at such place in said village as the present recorder of said village of Tecumseh shall designate, on the first Monday of March next, and then and there proceed, by a plurality of votes, to elect by ballot from among the qualified electors residing in said village, three trustees for a term of one year, officers and and three trustees for a term of two years; also, one president, office. one recorder, one treasurer and two assessors, who shall hold their respective offices for the term of one year, and until their successors are elected and qualified; and on the first Monday of March annually thereafter, at such place within said village as the recorder shall designate, then and there in like manner elect three trustees for a term of two years; one president, one recorder, one treasurer and two assessors, who shall hold their office for one year, and until their successors are elected and qualified: Provided, That if an election of such officers shall Proviso. not be made on the day when, pursuant to this act, it ought to be made, the said corporation shall not, for that cause, be deemed dissolved.

SECTION XII.

OF THE POWERS OF THE COMMON COUNCIL.

Art. 1. The president, trustees and recorder, when assem-common bled together and organized, shall constitute the common coun-who to constitute. The village of Tecumseh, and a majority of the whole shall be necessary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of quorum of business, but a less number may adjourn from time to time; and the common council may be summoned to hold their meetings at such time as the president, or in case of his absence or inability to act, the recorder may appoint, and at such place as shall have been designated as council room by the common council. The common council shall have power to impose, Powers and levy, and collect such fines as they may deem proper, not exceeding five dollars, for the non-attendance at any meetings, of

President pro tem.

any officer of the corporation who has been duly notified to attend the same. In case of the absence of the president or recorder from such meetings, the members present may appoint a president or recorder pro tempore. Each member of the common souncil shall be entitled to one vote.

May appoint marshal and

Art. 2. The common council, in addition to the powers and other officers duties specially conferred upon them in this act, shall have the power, and it shall be their duty to appoint a village marshal and a street commissioner, and such other officers as may seem to be necessary and proper, and remove or supersede the same for any cause deemed by them to be valid and sufficient therefor, and shall have the management and control of the finances, rights and interests, buildings, and all property, real and personal, belonging to the village, and may dispose of he same when directed by the vote of a majority of the electors of said village, and make such rules and by-laws relating to the same as they may deem proper and necessary; and further, they shall have power within said village to enact, continue, establish, annul, amend and repeal such ordinances, by-laws, rules and regulations as they may deem desirable for the following purposes:

Pass laws relative to-

Manage public

property.

Vice and immorality.

First. To prevent vice and immorality; to preserve public peace and good order; to organize, maintain, and regulate a police of the village, when necessary, and to define the powers and duties of such police, or of any police officers; to prevent and quell riots, disturbances, and disorderly assemblies.

Gaming houses

Riote.

Second. To prevent and restrain disorderly and gaming houses, and houses of ill-fame; to prevent the exhibition or use of any and all instruments and devices used for gaming, and to prohibit all gaming and fraudulent devices, and restrain and prohibit all billiard tables kept or used for gaming purposes.

Liquors.

Third. To forbid and prevent the vending, giving away, or other disposition of liquors and intoxicating drinks to any drunkard, minor, or other person in the habit of getting intoxicated, and to prohibit, restrain or regulate the sale of all goods, wares, and personal property at auction, except in cases of

Auctions

sales authorize . by law, and to fix the fees to be paid by and to anctioneers.

Fourth. To prohibit, restrain, license or regulate all sports, shows. exhibitions of natural or artificial curiosities, caravans of animals, theatrical exhibitions, circuses, or other public performances or exhibitions for money.

Fifth. To abate or remove nuisances of every kind, and to Nuisances. compel the owner or occupant of any grocery, tallow-chandler shop, butcher's stall, soap factory, tannery, stable, privy, hogpen, sewer, or other offensive or unwholesome house or place, to dense, purify, remove or abate the same from time to time, as often as they may deem necessary for the health, comfort and convenience of the inhabitants of said village.

Sixth. To direct the location of all slaughter-houses, markets, slaughter and buildings for storing gunpowder or other combustible material or substances.

Seventh. Concerning the buying, carrying, selling, and using Gunpowder, of gunpowder or other combustible materials, and the exhibition of fire-works; the use of lights in barns, stables, and Lights other buildings; and to regulate or prohibit the discharge of fire-arms within the limits of the village, or the making of bonfires in streets or yards.

Eighth. To prevent the incumbering of streets, sidewalks, Obstructions on streets. cross-walks, lanes, alleys, bridges, or other public places in any manner whatever.

Ninth. To prevent and punish horse racing and immoderate rast driving. driving or riding in any street or alley, and to authorize the stopping and detaining any person who shall be guilty of immoderate driving or riding in any street or alley in said village.

Tenth. To determine the routes and grades of any railroad to Routes of railroads. be laid in said village, and to restrain and regulate the use of locomotives, engines and cars upon the railroads within the village.

Eleventh. To preserve the salubrity of the waters of the Salubrity of rive Raisin, Evans Creek, or other streams within the limits of water.

said village; to prohibit or regulate bathing t rein, and to provide for cleansing the same of drift-wood or other obstructions to fill up all low grounds or lots covered or partly covered with water, within the limits of said village, or drain the same, a they may deem expedient.

Drunkards.

Twelfth. To restrain and punish drunkards, vagrants, street beggars, and all disorderly persons, or keepers of gaming or disorderly houses, or other houses in which drunkards or bois terous persons are allowed to congregate and disturb the peace, or in which any crime or misdemeanor shall be committed by the knowledge or consent of the occupant of such house.

Pounds.

Thirteenth. To establish, maintain and regalate one or mor pounds in said village, and to prohibit, restrain, or regulate the running at large of horses, cattle, sheep, swine and other ani mals, geese and poultry, and to authorize the impounding and sale of the same for the penalty incurred and the cost of keep ing, impounding, and other expenses; to punish the breaking of any pound, or any unlawful interference therewith, and to make all such by-laws, ordinances, rules and regulations in re lation to such pound or pounds, and the advertising and sell ing of the animals, geese or poultry therein impounded, a they may deem necessary or advisable for the purpose of per fecting the title of any property sold in conformity with an ordinance or by-law, and of preserving the evidence, and declaring the legal effect of any and all evidence of any sucl sale or sales; and no court other than the circuit court for the county of Lenawee, or the courts held in said village, shal have jurisdiction of any action of replevin, or other action against any pound master of said village, for or on account o any animal or animals, geese or poultry impounded, or for o on account of any act done by any such pound master in pur suance of any power or duty conferred by any by-law or ordinance passed by the common council of said village.

Selling of animals impounded.

Fourteenth. To prevent or regulate the running at large of Dogs. dogs, to impose taxes on the owners of dogs, and to prevent dog fights in the streets.

Fifteenth. To prohibit any person from bringing or deposit-offensive substances. ing within the limits of said village any dead carcass or other unwholesome or offensive substances, and to require the removal or destruction thereof, if any person shall have on his or her premises such substances, or any putrid meats, fish, hides, or skins of any kind, and on his or her default, to authorize the removal or destruction thereof by some officer of the village. Obstructins on walks.

Sisteenth. To compel all persons in such part or parts of the

village as the common council may deem proper, to keep sidewalks in front of premises owned or occupied by them, clear from snow, ice, dirt, wood, or obstructions, but the village shall never be liable for any damage sustained by any person in consequence of the neglect of any person to keep any such sidewalk clear from snow, ice, dirt, wood, or other obstructions.

Seventeenth. To regulate the ringing of bells and the crying Ringing of degoods and other commodities for sale at auction or other-bells. wise, and to prevent disturbing noises in the streets.

Eighteenth. To prescribe the powers and duties of all the Dutles of officers of said village, except as herein otherwise provided, and their compensation, and the fines and penalties for their delinquencies.

Nineteenth. To purchase, hold and maintain suitable grounds Cemeteries. for a cemetery; survey and divide the same in such form and manner as they may deem proper; fix and determine the price of burial lots; sell and convey the same; ornament, fence and improve such cemetery, or any burial ground now in said village, and enlarge the same; regulate the burial of the dead; Burial of preserve tomb-stones and monuments, and exercise a general the dead. control over all burial places in said village.

Twentieth. To provide for the lighting of the streets and Lighting of alleys, and the protection of the public lamps.

Twenty-first. To establish, order and regulate the markets; Markets to regulate the vending of wood, hay, meat, vegetables, fruits,

etables, etc.

sale of veg- fish, provisions, and farm produce of all kinds, and all kinds, all kinds, and all kinds, all the time and place of selling the same, and the fees to b by butchers and non-resident buyers of produce, for I to prohibit the sale of unwholesome meat, poultry, fish, ables, or other articles of food or provisions, impure, sp or adulterated wine, spirituous liquors or beer, or kno keeping or offering the same for sale: Provided, That n herein contained shall authorize the common council to 1 in any way the sale of fresh and wholesome meats, quarter, within the limits of the village.

Proviso.

Reservoirs.

Twenty-second. To establish, regulate, and preserve reservoirs, wells, and pumps, and to prevent the waste of

Building lines.

Twenty-third. To regulate and establish the line and upon which buildings may be erected upon any street, le alley in said village, and to compel such building to be ϵ upon such line or grade by a fine upon the owner there exceeding five hundred dollars for each offense.

Fire limits.

Twenty-fourth. To establish fire-districts, within whi wooden building (except such as shall be authorized common council) shall be moved, built, repaired, en placed, or allowed to stand or remain.

Peddlers.

Twenty-fifth. To regulate and restrain hawking and pe in the streets, and to regulate and license pawn-brokers, license, regulate or restrain the sale, by auction, public or otherwise, of goods, wares, and merchandise, by pers agents of persons not residents of the village, with village.

Duties of officers.

Twenty-sixth. To prescribe the duties of all officers app by the common council, and their compensation, and the alty or penalties for failing to perform such duties; prescribe the bonds and sureties to be given by the offi the village for the discharge of their duties, and the ti executing the same, in cases not otherwise provided law.

Cartmen'.

Twenty-seventh. To prescribe and designate the star carriages of all kinds which carry persons for hire, an and carters, a prescribe the rates of fare and charges, and the stand or securils for wood, hay, and produce exposed for Hay, wood, sale in said village, and to regulate the sale thereof; and for the purpose of carrying into effect the powers conferred by this Fines and section, the common council shall have power to prescribe in any by-law or ordinance made by them, that the person offending against the same shall forfeit and pay such fine as they shall deem proper, not exceeding one hundred dollars, or be imprisoned in the county jail for a term not exceeding three months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the recorder or justice who shall try the offender.

Thenty-eighth. To regulate and require the setting of shade setting of the single tree in the streets of said village, and to provide for the preservation of the same; and any person owning real estate in said village, in front of which there is not a sufficient number of shade trees growing, may expend twenty-five per cent. of his or her highway labor, or highway tax, in each and every year, in setting out shade trees along the margin of the streets or highways in front of such lands, at such distance from the margin of the street or highway as the common council may determine, or as the street commissioner may prescribe: Provided, That Proviso. until the common council or street commissioner shall determine the distance such trees shall be set from the margin of the streets or highways, the same may be set not less than six nor more than ten feet from the margin of the street or highway.

Thirty-second. To prescribe the duties of sealer of weights weights and measures, and the penalty for using false weights and measures, and all the laws of this State in relation to the sealing of weights and measures shall apply to said village, except as herein otherwise provided.

Thirty-third. The common council shall have full power to City regula. make all such by-laws and ordinances, rules and regulations as erally. they may deem proper for fully and effectually enforcing any and all powers conferred upon them by this act.

Boundaries of streets.

Art. 3. The common council may as the said village, and prevent and remove all encroachments thereon, and exercise all other powers conferred on them by this act, in relation to highways, the prevention of fires, the levying of taxes, the supplying of the village with water, and all other subjects of municipal regulation, not herein expressly provided.

Levy taxes.

Employ convicts on

streets.

Art. 4. The common council shall have power to assess, levy and collect taxes for the purposes of the corporation upon all property made taxable by law for State purposes, which taxes shall be liens upon the property taxed until paid; to appropriate money, provide for the payment of the debt and expenses of the village, and make regulations concerning the same; to employ all persons confined for the non-payment of any fine, penalty, forfeiture or costs, or for any offense under this act, or any ordinance of the common council, in any jail, workhouse or prison, at work or labor, either within or without the same, or upon any street or public work under the control of the common council; to allow any person thus confined for the non-payment of any fine, penalty, forfeiture or costs, to pay and discharge the same by such work and labor, and to fix the value and price of such work and labor. The said common council shall have power to make all such other by-laws, ordinances or regulations as they may deem necessary for the good government of said village.

To pass all necessary by-laws.

To protect village ag'nst fires.

Art. 5. The common council shall have power to make all such by-laws and ordinances as they shall deem necessary and proper to secure said village and the inhabitants thereof against injuries by fire; to compel the owners or occupiers of buildings to procure and keep in readiness such number of fire-buckets as they may direct; to establish, maintain and regulate all such fire-engine, hook and ladder, and hose and bucket companies as they may deem expedient; to construct reservoirs, and provide such companies with necessary and proper buildings, engines and other implements to prevent and extinguish fires; to appoint from among the inhabitants of said

Fire department.

village such num of persons, not exceeding eighty to one Appoint company, as are ...lling to accept, or as may be deemed proper to be employed as firemen; and every such company shall have Firemen to power to appoint its own officers, and to pass by-laws for its own officers. organization and government, subject to the approval of the common council, and to impose and collect such fines for the non-attendance or neglect of duty of its members as may be deemed necessary and proper; and every person belonging to such company shall annually obtain from the recorder a certifieste, which shall be prima facie evidence of his membership for one year from the date thereof. Every member of such Firemen exempt from empt from service poll-tax and jury service. on juries, from military duty in time of peace, and from payment of a poll tax.

Art. 6. The common council shall have power, and it shall council to be their duty to adopt measures for the preservation of the board of health. public health of said village; to restrain or prohibit the exercise of any unwholesome or dangerous avocation within the limits of the village; to establish a board of health and to invest it with such powers, and to impose upon it such duties as shall be necessary to secure the inhabitants of said village from contagious, malignant and infectious diseases; to provide To pass laws for its proper organization, and for the appointment of the lation of the proper officers; and they shall have authority to make all such by-laws and regulations for the government of such board of health, and for the preservation of the health of the inhabitents of said village, as shall secure a prompt and efficient discharge of the duties imposed upon the common council by this act.

Art. 7. The common council shall have and exercise, in and Groceries. over said village, the same powers in relation to the regulation of council to of taverns, groceries, common victualers and others, as are now or may hereafter be conferred by the general laws of this State upon township boards, or upon the corporate authorities of cities and villages in relation to tavern-keepers and common victualers, and subject to the same conditions and limitations;

Tavern keepers to be licensed.

and no person shall engage in or exercise the business of tax ern-keeper, inn-holder, common victualer or saloon-keepe within the limits of said village, until he is first duly license as such by the common council; and any person who sha assume to exercise such business or occupation, without havin first obtained such license, shall forfeit and pay for every da he shall so exercise such business or occupation, the sum (two dollars, to be recovered by action of debt in the corporal name of said village, together with the costs of prosecution before any justice of the peace of said township of Tecumsel The common council shall have power to grant licenses to av thorize persons to exercise the business of tavern-keeper, in holder, common victualer, or saloon-keeper, within said village and may impose such fees, to be paid into the village treasur on the granting of such license, as they may see fit.

Council to grant li-Censes.

To cause drains, etc., to be made.

To provide width of sidewalk.

To compel owners to

Proviso.

Art. 8. The common council shall have power to cause con mon sewers, drains, vaults, arches and bridges, wells, pump and reservoirs, to be built in any part of said village; to caus the grading, raising, leveling, repairing, amending, paving c covering with broken or pounded stone, plank or other materia any street, lane, alley, highway, public ground or sidewalk (said village; to provide the width, of any and all sidewalk the material of which the same shall be built, the manner (construction, and the time within which any and all improve ments shall be made. The common council shall also have fu build walks. power to compel the owners or occupants of land, at their ow expense, to repair, construct, make, grade, pave, plank or grave and curb and rail all sidewalks adjoining such lands, by resolu tion or ordinance: Provided, That no person owning or occupy ing farming lands which are not laid out into lots or blocks, sha be compelled to build or maintain in front of one farm or par cel of such farming land, at his own individual expense, mor than twenty-five rods of sidewalk; but the foregoing provis shall not apply to sidewalks now built, or to such as may hav been ordered built by the common council of the village of Tecumseh previous to the time this act shall take effect.

Art. 9. The common council shall have power, subject to To decide the limitations and restrictions contained in this act, to de-accruing termine in such manner as they may deem proper, what propcity will be benefited by any proposed drain, sewer or other improvement, and the just proportion which any and every parcel of land so adjoining to be benefited by any such drain, sewer or other improvement ought to be taxed therefor; and To charge the said common council may cause such drain, sewer or other lands beneimprovement to be made at the expense of the lands adjudged to be benefited thereby, and according to the benefits which each parcel of land will derive from such drain, sewer or other improvement, according to the estimate or judgment of the mid common council, and the said common council may levy, To collect amous and collect, or cause to be assessed and collected from sale of propthe owner or occupants of any such lands, his or her just proportion of such expense, and the said common council may provide for the collection of all such, and of every other assessment or tax for special purposes, by a sale of any personal property found upon any lands assessed, and for want of any or of sufficient personal property whereon to levy and sell to collect such tax, then the officer whose duty it shall be to collect such tax shall proceed to levy, sell and collect the same, or the balance that may remain uncollected, together with all costs of advertising and collecting, by a sale of real estate seesed in the manner hereinafter provided.

Art. 10. The common council may provide for the imme-May provide diste repair of cross-walks and sidewalks, and for collecting sidewalks, the cost or expense thereof in such manner as they may deem proper, subject to the restrictions herein contained; and they may determine the time and manner of assessing, collecting and working all highway taxes, and all other taxes except as herein otherwise provided; and they may enact such general by-laws or ordinances in relation to the assessing and collecting or working of all such taxes, not inconsistent with the constitution of this State or of the United States, as they may deem just and proper; and all by-laws or ordinances, rules or

regulations adopted by the common council, by or in pursuance of any of the powers conferred upon the this act, shall be binding upon all courts, and in all places whatsoever.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 369.]

AN ACT to incorporate the city of Lapeer.

Boundaries.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That the following territory, to wit: sections five and six, the west half of section four, the north half of sections seven and eight, and the north half of the north-west quarter of section nine, at in town seven north, of range ten east, and the south half of section thirty-two, the south-west quarter of section thirty three, and the south-east quarter of section thirty-one, and the east half of south-west quarter of section thirty-one, in town eight north, of range ten east, in the county of Lapeer, be and the same is hereby set off from the township of Lapeer, and declared to be a city by the name of "the city of Lapeer," by which name it shall hereafter be known.

Body corporate and politic.

Sec. 2. The inhabitants of said city shall be and continue body corporate and politic, to be known and distinguished a the city of Lapeer, and by that name it shall be known in law and shall be capable of suing and being sued, and of prosecuting and defending all suits; may have and use a commo seal, and alter it at pleasure, and shall be capable of purchasing holding, and disposing of real and personal estate for the us of said corporation.

Division of city.

First ward.

Sec. 3. The said city shall be divided into four wards, as follows, to wit: the first ward shall be bounded as follows: commencing at the north-east corner of said city, and thence sout on the east line of the city to the township line between town

ships seven as left, then west on the township line and Mill , thence southerly along the center of street to Sag. Seginaw street to the center of Neppessing street, thence westerly along the center of Neppessing street to the quarter line of section five, thence north on the quarter line of sections five and thirty-two to the north line of the city, thence east on the north line of the city to the place of beginning. The second second ward. ward shall be bounded as follows, to wit: commencing at the west quarter post of section six, town seven north, of range ten est, thence west on the quarter line to the center of Main street, thence north on the center of Main street to the center of Franklin avenue, thence easterly on the center of Franklin sweeze to the quarter line of section five, thence north on the quarter line of sections five and thirty-two to the north line of the city, thence west on the north line of the city to the north-west corner thereof, thence south on the west line of the city to the place of beginning. The third ward shall be bounded as fol-Third ward lows, to wit: on the north by the second ward, on the east by the quarter line of sections five and eight, on the south and west by the south and west lines of the city. The fourth ward Fourth shall be bounded on the north by the first ward, on the west by the third ward, and on the east and south by the east and south boundary of the city.

Sec. 4. The common council of said city shall have power to Approinted officers.

Approint a city treasurer, and as many fire wardens, watchmen,

wood inspectors, and such other officers as said common council shall deem necessary to execute the powers granted by this

act, whose powers and duties, other than those enumerated and

defined in this act, shall be such as shall be prescribed by

ordinance of said common council.

Sec. 5. No person shall be eligible to either of said offices who eligible to either he shall be an elector and a resident of said city. Nor shall he be eligible to any office for any ward unless he shall then be an elector and resident of such ward. And when any officer elected or appointed for said city or ward shall cease to

reside in said city or ward for which he was so elected appointed, his office shall thereby become vacant.

Elections; time and place of holding. Sec. 6. An election shall be held in each ward annually the first Monday in April, at such place as the common conshall appoint by posting written or printed notices of the and place of holding said election, in at least three puplaces in each ward, at least six days previous to said election

Sec. 7. At each annual election there shall be elected

mayor, one clerk, and one marshal, each of whom shall

Officers and terms of office.

his office for one year and until his successor shall be ele and qualified; and at the first election, and at each fourth

nual election thereafter, there shall be elected two justic the peace, who shall enter upon the duties of their office

the fourth day of July next after said election, and shall

the same for four years: Provided, That at the first election

additional justices of the peace shall be elected to hold

offices until the fourth day of July, eighteen hundred

sixty-nine. Also, at said election, the electors of each shall elect one alderman, who shall hold his office for

years and until his successor shall be elected and quali

Provided, That at the first election under this act two alder

shall be elected in each ward, one for the term of one year

one for the term of two years, and until their successors

be elected and qualified, and the time for which said alde

are elected shall be designated on the ballots. There shall be elected annually in said city, by the electors thereof,

school inspector, who shall hold his office for two years and

til his successor shall be elected and qualified: Provided,

at the first election held under this act, two school inspe shall be chosen, one for one year and one for two years

until their successors shall be elected and qualified, and

term for which said school inspectors are elected at said

election snall be designated on the ballots. And also, at annual election there shall be elected, by the electors of

ward, one supervisor, one treasurer, and one constable,

Proviso.

Ibid.

Ibid.

old their offices one year: Provided, That all justice Ibid. I lawfully in the hands of any justice of the peace, rein said city at the time this act shall take effect, shall to and be lawfully in the pessession of the justices of ce elected by virtue of this act.

- take charge of the cemetery or cemeteries within said taln officers.

 Idea such rules and regulations as they may by their

 resolution direct, such person or persons to hold

 fices at the pleasure of the common council. And in Watchmen.

 Inner and under regulations and rules by said common

 one or more watchmen for each ward; also fire war-Fire

 wardens.

 It to exceed one for each fire district, which fire districts

 bounded as the said common council shall order. Also Physician.

 rian, whose duties and compensation the common coundesignate. Also a city attorney, whose compensation City

 attorney.

 It exceed fifty dollars in any one year; all of which

 appointed by said common council, shall hold their

 ve offices at the pleasure of the common council.
- Now noted. When a vacancy occurs in any of the offices which vacancies; how filled. It is appointment of the common council, either by esignation, removal from the city or ward of which he incumbent, or the removal of said incumbent by the council, said vacancy may be filled by appointment by nmon council.
- O. All officers appointed by the common council under How officers virtue of the provisions of this act, may each be removed removed. ice by said common council for official misconduct, or unfaithful or inefficient performance of the duties of ice; but notice of the charges against them, and an nity of being heard in their defense, shall first be
- .1. On the day of election, by virtue of this act, the Time of opening and all be opened in each ward at the several places desig-closing polls.

 y the common council, at nine o'clock in the forenoon,

 ll be kept open, without intermission or adjournment,

until four o'clock in the afternoon, at which hour they shall be closed.

Who declar'd to be electors

Proceedings in case of

challenge.

Sec. 12. The inhabitants of the said city, and being residents for three months next preceding the day of such election, of the ward in which they offer to vote, and being otherwise electors under the constitution of this State, and no others, are declared to be electors under this act, and qualified to vote at the elections held by virtue of this act; and any person offering to vote at any such election, if challenged by an elector of said city, before his vote shall be recorded, shall take one of the oaths now previded by the laws of the State, which oath shall be administered to him by one of the inspectors of such election; and shall further answer, under oath administered as aforesaid, such question as may be put to him touching his residence in such ward; and if any person shall swear falsely, upon conviction thereof h shall be liable to the pains and penalties of perjury; but

common council of said city are hereby authorized and em

powered to provide by ordinance, from time to time, to *

change the form of the oath or oaths to be administered to such

person or persons challenged, as to conform to the constitution

and laws of this State which may from time to time be in force

Inspectors and clerk of

election.

Sec. 13. The two aldermen and the supervisor of each ward shall be the board of inspectors of elections, and such ones their number as they shall appoint, shall be their chairman, and one of their number whom they shall appoint, shall be the clerk of such election, and such competent person, being a elector of such ward, as they shall appoint, shall be assistant clerk of such election. Each of said persons so appointed sha take the constitutional oath of office, to be administered t either of the inspectors of said board, who are hereby author ized to administer the same.

Oaths of.

Sec. 14. The inspectors of elections, as specified in the pr Duties of. ceding section, shall be inspectors of all elections held in sai wards respectively, as well for the election of State, distric and county, as for the city and ward officers.

Sec. 15. The electors shall vote by ballot, and each person Ballots; offering to vot shall deliver his ballot so folded as to conceal its contents, to one of the inspectors, in the presence of the board; the ballot shall be a paper ticket, written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, on what is known as white paper, and shall contain the names of the persons for whom the elector intends to vote, and shall designate the office to which each person so named is intended by him to be chosen; but no ballot shall contain a greater number of names of persons designated for any office, than there are persons to be chosen at the election to fill such office.

Sec. 16. Each ballot shall contain the names of the persons Ibid. designated as officers of the city and officers of the ward.

Sec. 17. If at any annual election to be held in said city, Term of there shall be one or more vacancies to be supplied in any nated on the offee, and at the same time any person is to be elected for the fall term of said office, the term for which each person is voted for, for said office, shall be designated on the ballot.

Sec. 18. Immediately after the closing of the polls, the in-Canvass and spectors of election shall, without adjournment, publicly can-votes. vass the votes received by them, and declare the result; and shall, on the same or next day, make a certificate stating the number of votes given for each person for each office, and shall file such statement and certificate on the day of election, or auxt day, with the clerk of the city.

Sec. 19. It shall be the duty of the inspectors of election, Duties of on receiving the ballot, as specified in section fifteen, to cause and clerks at the same, without being opened or inspected, to be deposited in the proper box provided by the common council for that purpose; the clerks of said election shall each write down the meme of each elector voting at such election, in poll lists to be kept by said inspectors of election, or under their direction, one of which poll lists shall be, immediately after the canvassing of the votes, deposited with the clerk of the city, and filed by him in his office.

Manner of canvassing votes.

Sec. 20. The manner of canvassing said votes shall be same as required by law for the canvass of votes at the gene elections of this State.

Who to be deemed elected.

Tie; how decided.

Sec. 21. The person receiving the greatest number of vo for any office in said city or ward, shall be deemed to h been duly elected to such office; and if any officer except ald man shall not have been chosen by reason of two or m candidates having received an equal number of ballots, common council shall, by ballot, elect such officer from the candidates having received the highest number of votes.

When officers shall enter upon their duties.

Sec. 22. All officers elected as hereinbefore provided, al enter upon the duties of their respective offices on the th Monday of April following such election, unless otherw herein provided.

Clerk to

Sec. 23. It shall be the duty of the clerk of said city as a notify persons of their as practicable, and within four days after said election, as p vided in this act, to notify the officers respectively of the election; and the said officers so elected and notified as afc said, shall, within ten days after said notice, take the oath office prescribed by the constitution of this State, before so officer authorized by law to administer oaths, and file the sa with the clerk of said city.

When spee'l elect'ns shall be held to fill vacancies

Sec. 24. Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of ald man, by his refusal or neglect to take the oath of office wit the time required by this act, by his resignation, death, ceas to be an inhabitant of the city or ward for which he shall he been elected, removal from office, or by the decision of a cc petent tribunal declaring void his election, or for any ot cause, the common council of said city shall immediately point a special election, to be held in the ward for which su officer was chosen, at some suitable place therein, not less tl five nor more than fifteen days from the time of such appoi ment: Provided, That in case any such vacancy shall occur the said office of alderman within three months before the fi Monday of April in any year, it shall be optional with the co

Proviso.

mon council to order a special election or not, as they shall deem expedient.

Sec. 25. In case a vacancy shall occur in any of the offices in council to this act declared to be elective or appointive, except alderman, vacancies. the common council may in their discretion fill such vacancy, by appointment of a suitable person who is an elector, and if appointed for a ward, who is also a resident of the ward for which he shall be appointed; and any officer appointed to fill a How elective vacancy, if the office is elective, shall hold by virtue of such appointment, only until the third Monday of April next succeeding; if an elective office which shall have become vacant was one of that class whose term of office continue after the next samual election, a successor for the unexpired term shall be elected at such next annual election.

Sec. 26. Whenever a special election is to be held the com-Notice of mon council shall cause to be delivered to the inspectors of election election, in the ward where such officer is to be chosen, a notice signed by the clerk, specifying the officer to be chosen, and the day and place at which such election will be held, and the proceedings at such election shall be in the same manner at the annual or general election; and notice shall be published in a newspaper in the city at least once before the day of such special election.

Sec. 27. Every person chosen or appointed by the common Appointed council, before he enters upon the duties of his office, and take oath. Within five days after being notified of his appointment, shall take the oath of office prescribed by the constitution of this State, and file the same in the office of the city clerk.

Sec. 28. If any person elected or appointed under this act what the same refusal to serve.

as therein directed, or if required by this act or the common council to execute an official bond or undertaking, shall neglect to execute and file the same in the manner and within the time prescribed by the common council or this act, such neglect shall be deemed a refusal to serve, unless before any step is

taken to fill such office by another incumbent, such oath shall be taken and filed as aforesaid.

Clerk to give council a list of officers.

Sec. 29. At the expiration of fourteen days after any election or appointment of any officer or officers in said city, the clerk of said city shall deliver to the common council a list of the persons elected or appointed, specifying the office to which they are chosen therein.

Mayor to report officers not giving bonds.

Sec. 30. The mayor shall report to the common council the names of such officers as shall have neglected to give the bond and security required by the provisions of this act.

Resignat'ns.

Sec. 31. Resignation by any officer authorized to be chosen or appointed by this act shall be made to the common council, subject to their approval and acceptance.

Qualification of electors.

Sec. 32. The qualification of electors at city elections shall be the same as at general elections.

Absence of inspectors.

Sec. 33. At any election held under this act, if from any cause either or all the inspectors of election shall fail to attend any such election at the appointed time and place for the opening of the polls, his or their place may be supplied for the time being by the electors present, who may elect any of their number, viva voce, who, when so elected, shall be duly sworn by an officer authorized to administer oaths, to a faithful performance of their duties.

Expenses of elections; how paid.

Sec. 34. The expenses of any election to be held as provided by this act shall be city charges, and defrayed in the same manner as other contingent expenses of the city.

Terms of office.

Sec. 35. Any person elected to any office under this act, after the expiration of the term thereof, shall continue to hold the same until his successor shall be elected or appointed and qualified, and when any person is elected to fill a vacancy in any elective office, he shall hold the same only for the unexpired portion of the regular term limited to such office, and until his successor shall have been elected and qualified.

Common council; who

Sec. 36. The mayor and aldermen of said city shall constito constitute tute the common council; they shall meet at such times and places as they shall from time to time appoint, and on special

occasions whenever the mayor or person officiating as mayor (in case of vacancy in the office of mayor or of his absence from the city or inability to officiate) shall by written notice appoint, which notice shall be served on the members in such manner and for such time as the common council may by ordinance direct.

Sec. 37. The mayor when present shall preside at the meet-Mayor to ings of the common council, and in his absence the common meetings of council shall appoint one of their number to preside.

Sec. 38. No ordinance or resolution passed by the common When any council shall have any force or effect if on the day of its passage shall not or the next day thereafter the mayor or other officer or person diate effect. ligally discharging the duties of mayor, shall lodge in the office of the citly clerk a notice in writing suspending the immediate operation of such ordinance or resolution. If the mayor or Mayor to file other officer or person legally exercising the office of mayor shall, within three days after the passage of any such ordinance or resolution, lodge in the office of the city clerk his reasons in writing why the same should not go into effect, the same shall not go into effect or have any legal operation, unless it shall at a subsequent meeting of the common council be passed by a majority of two-thirds of all the members of the common counall then in office, exclusive of the mayor, or other officer or person legally exercising the duties of the office of mayor, and if so re-passed shall go into effect according to the terms thereof. If such reasons shall not be lodged with the clerk as above when reaprovided, such ordinance shall have the same operation and filed, act to effect as if no notice suspending the same had been lodged with disto effect. the city clerk; and no ordinance or resolution of the common council for any of the purposes mentioned in this section shall go into operation until after the expiration of twenty-four

Sec. 39. It shall be the duty of the city clerk to communicate Clerk to give to the common council at its next meeting, any papers that papers filed.

hours after its passage unless the said mayor, or acting mayor,

shall approve the same in writing.

may be lodged with him pursuant to the provisions of the last preceding section.

Each councilman to have one vote.

Sec. 40. In the proceedings of the common council each member present shall have one vote.

Sittings of council to be public.

Sec. 41. The sittings of the common council shall be public and full minutes of the proceedings shall be kept by the clerk and the same shall be open at all times for public inspection and together with all ordinances, resolutions, by-laws, and regulations adopted, shall be published within fifteen days after such sittings in at least one newspaper printed and published in said city.

When votes shall be enin minutes.

Sec. 42. Whenever required by two members the votes of al tered at large the members of the common council in relation to any act, proceeding or proposition had at any meeting shall be entered at large in the minutes; and such votes shall also be entered in relation to the adoption of any resolution or ordinance, report of a committee, or other act for taxing or assessing the property in said city, or the citizens of said city, or involving the appropriation of money.

Quorum of council.

Sec. 43. A majority of the common council shall be a quorun for the transaction of business; but no tax or assessment shall be ordered, nor any appropriation be made, except by a concurring vote of a majority of all the members of the common council, and the common council shall prescribe the rules for its proceedings.

Councilmen not to beor be intercontract.

Sec. 44. No member of the common council shall, during the come surety, period for which he was elected, be appointed to or be compe ested in any tent to hold any office of which the emoluments are paid from the city treasury, or paid by fees directed to be paid by any act or ordinance of the common council, or be directly or indi rectly interested in any contract, as principal, surety or other wise, the expenses or considerations whereof are to be paid under any ordinance of the common council; but this section shall not be construed to prevent the mayor or clerk from re ceiving any salary which may be fixed by the common council not exceeding five dollars a year for the mayor, and fifty dol

lars a year for the clerk, nor to deprive said clerk from receiving any emoluments or fees to which he may be entitled by virtue of his office.

Sec. 45. The common council in addition to the powers and Council to have control duties specially conferred upon them in this act, shall have the of finances. management and control of the finances, rights and interests, buildings, and all property, real and personal, belonging to the city, and may make such orders and by-laws relating to the same as they may deem proper and necessary; and further, they To pass laws relative to—shall have power within said city to enact, make, continue, establish, modify, amend and repeal such ordinances, by-laws and regulations as they may deem desirable within said city for the following purposes:

First. To prevent vice and immorality, to preserve public vice. peace and good order, to regulate the peace of said city, to Riots. prevent and quell riots, disturbances and disorderly assemblages.

Second. To restrain and prevent disorderly and gaming Houses of houses and houses of ill-fame, all instruments and devices used ill-fame. for gaming, and to prohibit all gaming and fraudulent devices, Gaming. and to regulate and restrain billiard tables and bowling alleys and the use thereof.

Third. To forbid and prevent the vending or other disposi-Liquors. tim of liquors and intoxicating drinks in violation of the laws of this State, and to forbid the selling or giving to be drank any intoxicating liquors to any child, minors, or students attending any school in said city, without the consent of his or her parents or guardian, and to prohibit, restrain and regulate the Auctions. sale of goods, wares and personal property at auction, except in cases of sales authorized by law, and to fix the fees, licenses or commissions to be paid by auctioneers.

Fourth. To prohibit, restrain, and regulate all sports, exhi-Exhibitions. bitions of natural or artificial curiosities, caravans, or animals, theatrical exhibitions, circuses, or other public performances and exhibitions for money.

Fifth. To abate or remove nuisances of every kind, and to Nuisances. compel the owner or occupant of any grocery, tallow-chandler

shop, butcher's stall, soap-factory, tan , able, privy, hog pen, sewer, or other unwholesome or offerance house, place or thing, to cleanse, remove or abate the same from time to time as often and whenever they may deem necessary for the health, comfort and convenience of the inhabitants of said city.

Slaughter houses. Sixth. To direct the location of all slaughter-houses, markets, and buildings for storing gunpowder or other combustible substances.

Gunpowder.

Seventh. Concerning the buying, selling, carrying and using gunpowder, fire-crackers, or fire-works manufactured or prepared therefrom, or other combustible materials, and the exhibition of fire-works, and the discharge of fire-arms, and the lights in barns, stables and other buildings, and to restrain the making of bonfires in streets, alleys and yards.

Fireworks.

Incumbering of streets.

Eighth. To prevent the incumbering of streets, sidewalks, cross-walks, lanes, alleys, bridges, aqueducts, drains, or ditches in any manner whatever.

Herse-racing

Ninth. To prevent and punish horse-racing and immoderate driving or riding in any street or over any bridge, and to authorize the stopping and detaining of any person who shall be guilty of immoderate driving or riding in any street or over any bridge.

Bathing.

Tenth. To prohibit or regulate bathing in any public water, and to provide for cleansing Flint river and Farmer's creek of any obstructions to the channel thereof or of nuisances therein.

Vagrants.

Eleventh. To restrain and punish drunken persons, vagrants, mendicants, street beggars, and persons soliciting alms or subscriptions for any purpose whatever.

Pounds.

Twelfth. To establish and regulate one or more pounds and to restrain and regulate the running at large of horses, cattle, swine, and other animals, geese and poultry, and to authorize the impounding and sale of the same for the penalty incurred and the cost of keeping and impounding the same.

Dogs.

Thirteenth. To prevent and regulate the running at large of dogs, to impose taxes on the owners of dogs, and to prevent dog fights in the streets.

Fourteenth. To tany person from burying and deposit-offensive substances ing within the limits of the city any dead carcass or other unwholesome or offensive substances, and to require the removal and destruction thereof; and if any person shall have on his premises such substances, or any putrid meats, fish, hides or akins of any kind, and on his default, to authorize the removal or destruction thereof by some officer of the city.

Fifteenth. To compel all persons to keep the sidewalks in Clearing of front of the premises owned or occupied by them, clear of mov, dirt, wood, or any other obstruction.

Sistenth. To regulate the ringing of bells, and the crying of Ringing of goods and other commodities for sale at auction or otherwise, and to prevent disturbing noises in the streets.

Aventeenth. To prescribe the powers and duties of watchmen, watchmen. and the fines and penalties for their delinquencies.

Eighteenth. To regulate and establish the line upon which Building buildings may be erected upon any street, lane or alley in said city, and to compel the erection of such buildings upon such line, by fine upon the owner or builder thereof, not to exceed five hundred dollars.

Nineteenth. To regulate the burial of the dead, and to compel Burial of the the keeping and return of bills of mortality.

Toentieth. To establish, order and regulate the markets, to Markets. regulate the vending of wood, meats, vegetables, fruits, fish, and provisions of all kinds, and prescribe the time and place of selling the same, and the fees to be paid by butchers for license: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall authorize Proviso. the common council to restrict in any way the sale of fresh and wholesome meats by the quarter, within the limits of the city.

Twenty-first. To provide for the taking of a census of the Census. inhabitants of said city whenever they may see fit, and to direct and regulate the same.

Twenty-second. To establish, regulate and preserve public Public Public reservoirs, wells and pumps, and to prevent the waste of water.

Twenty-third. To regulate sextons and undertakers for the Sextons burying of the dead; to regulate cartmen and their carts, 120-

hackney carriages and their drivers, scavengers, porters and chimney sweeps, and their fees and compensation, and the fees to be paid by them into the city treasury for license.

Runners and stage drivers. Twenty-fourth. To prevent runners, stage drivers and others from soliciting passengers or others to travel or ride in any stage, omnibus, or upon any railroad, or to go to any hotel or otherwise.

Lighting streets.

Twenty-fifth. Concerning the lighting of streets and alleys and the protection and safety of public lamps.

Peddling.

Twenty-sixth. To regulate and restrain hawking and peddling in the streets, and to regulate pawn brokers.

Duties of appointed officers.

Twenty-seventh. To prescribe the duties of all officers appointed by the common council, and their compensation, and the penalty or penalties for failing to perform such duties, and prescribe the bonds and sureties to be given by the officers of the city for the discharge of their duties, and the time in executing the same, in case not otherwise provided by law.

Purity of waters.

Twenty-eighth. To preserve the purity of the waters of all streams within the limits of said city; to fill up all low grounds or lots covered or partially covered with water, or to drain the same, as they may deem expedient.

Stands for carriages.

Twenty-ninth. To prescribe and designate the stands for carriages of all kinds which carry persons for hire, and carts and carters, and to prescribe the rates of fare and charges, and the stand or stands for wood, hay and produce exposed for sale in said city, and to do all other acts which may be necessary to fully carry out the powers conferred by this act.

Boundaries of streets.

Sec. 46. The common council may ascertain, establish and settle the boundaries of all streets and alleys in said city, and prevent and remove all encroachments thereon, and exercise all other powers conferred on them by this act in relation to highways, common or other schools, the prevention of fires, the levying of taxes, the supplying the city with water, and all other subjects of municipal regulation not herein expressly provided: *Provided*, That the streets, alleys, commons, cemeteries now platted and existing in the village of I speer, shall be

Proviso.

incil shall or may alter the same: Provided also, That noth-ind.

In this act shall be so construed as to alter the law relating anion school district number two, of the township of Lapeer to called, except that said district shall hereafter be known designated as union school district of the city of Lapeer, and shall include the entire territory of said city, and the casey raised by, and collection for said district, shall be paid the ward treasurers to the city treasurer, to be by him paid the order of the proper authority of said district.

Sec. 47. The common council shall also have power, by or-covering of mill-races.

Instance or otherwise, to require the owners of any mill-race

within said city hereafter to be constructed to cover the same

with bridges or arches, to be constructed with such materials

the common council shall direct, or they may direct the

me to be covered in the same manner as other public

provements are directed to be made.

Sec. 48. Whenever the owner or occupant of any such mill-Causing work done shall neglect or refuse within such time as the common and assessing expension expension of any such mill-race, in the on owners. It is shall direct or appoint, to cover such mill-race, in the on owners and with the materials by them directed, it shall be swill for the common council to cause the same to be done at the expense of the city, and to recover the expenses thereof, with damages at the rate of ten per cent., with cost of suit, from such owner or occupant; and such mill-race and such covering shall be liable to sale on execution for such expenses, damages and costs, and the same shall be a lien on such mill-race and covering from the time such work is done thereon.

Sec. 49. When by the provisions of this act the common Penalties.

council shall have authority to pass ordinances on any subject,
they may prescribe the penalty, not exceeding one hundred
dollars (unless the imposition of a greater penalty be herein
otherwise provided) for a violation thereof, and may provide Imprisonthat the offender, on failing to pay the penalty imposed shall
be imprisoned in the county jail of Lapeer county for a time
not exceeding one hundred days, or in case the imprisonment

is more than thirty days it may be in the house of correct at Detroit, which penalties may be sued for and recover with costs, in the name of the city of Lapeer.

When ordinance imposing penalty to take effect

Sec. 50. No ordinance of the common council impor penalty shall take effect until after the expiration of at fifteen days after the first publication thereof in a newspi published in said city.

How ordinances may be read in evidence.

Sec. 51. A record or entry made by the clerk of said cit a copy of such record or entry duly certified by him, sh prima facie evidence of the time of such first publication; all laws, regulations and ordinances of the common co may be read in evidence in all courts of justice and in all ceedings before any officer, body or board in which it she necessary to refer thereto, either—

First. From a copy certified by the clerk of the city his hand; or,

Second. From the volume or book of ordinances writt printed by authority of the common council.

What deemed a sufficient publication.

Sec. 52. Whenever the common council are required by to make publication of any notices or ordinances, resoluti or proceedings in one or more newspapers of said city, it be deemed sufficient to publish the same in any daily or we newspaper published in said city.

Cemeteries; power of council to purchase, lots for.

Sec. 53. The common council shall have power to pure and hold a suitable lot or lots of land within or without limits of said city for the purpose of a cemetery or cemeter and they shall make such rules and regulations regarding same as they may deem necessary; and they may cause same to be surveyed into suitable lots, and may dispose of lots to purchasers, and thereupon cause to be executed to purchaser a good and sufficient deed in the corporate name said city, which deed shall be signed by the mayor and de

Council to pass rules for

Sec. 54. The common council shall make such rules government regulations for the care and government of such cameteries purchased or in any way held, or within the limits of said cit as they shall deem proper.

cil shall have power, whenever in When city 55. The comm C pinion the necumes of the city require, to construct a may be constch house, city hall, and city market, and to appoint spers, clerks, and necessary officers thereof, and may loich city watch house, city hall, and city market or marithin or without the city limits, and make such regulaoncerning the same as they may think proper.

56. First. The common council shall have and exercise council to over said city the same powers in relation to the regu-groceries, of taverns, groceries, common victualers, saloon keepers there as are now or may hereafter be conferred by the Laws of this State upon township boards, or upon cor-• in relation to tavern rs and common victualers, and subject to the same cons and limitations in addition to the powers herein otherranted; and the general laws of this State now in force, General laws ich may be hereafter enacted in relation to the regula- to be appliof taverns, groceries and common victualers, shall be d applicable to said city, unless otherwise limited.

md. No person shall engage in or exercise the business Tavernapation of tavern keeper, inn holder, common victualer others to obon keeper within the limits of said city, until he is first d as such by the common council; and any person who seume to exercise such business or occupation without first obtained such license, shall forfeit and pay for day he shall so exercise such business or occupation, the I three dollars, to be recovered in an action of debt in me of the city of Lapeer, before any justice of the peace i city, together with the cost of prosecution, to be taxed.

57. The common council shall have power to grant council to authorize persons to exercise the business of tavern licenses. ; inn holder, common victualer or saloon keeper within ity, and may impose such fees to be paid into the city ry, on the granting of said licenses as they may see fit. 58. The city clerk shall be the sealer of weights and meas- Sealer of

f said city, and shall perform all the duties of township weights and measures.

clerk, so far as the same apply to the sealing of weights measures, and the laws of this State relating to the scaling weights and measures shall apply to said city.

Annual statement; contents of.

Sec. 59. On the last Tuesday before the third Mos April in each year, the common council shall audit and the accounts of the city treasurer, and the accounts of all of officers and persons having claims against the city, or account with it, and which shall not have been audited previously; shall make out a statement in detail of the receipts and penditures of the corporation during the preceding year which statement shall be clearly and distinctly specified. several items of expenditure made by the common council object and purposes for which the same were made, and amount of money expended under each; the amount of raised for general and contingent expenses; the raised for lighting and watching the city; the amount of ! way taxes, and assessments for opening, paving, plant graveling, repairing, altering and grading streets, and be ing and repairing bridges; the amount of money borrowed the credit of the city, and the terms on which the same 1 obtained, and such other information as shall be necessary! a full understanding of the financial concerns of the city.

To be signed by mayor and published.

Sec. 60. The said statement shall be signed by the mayo and recorder and clerk, and filed with the papers of the city; the same shall be published by the clerk at the expense of the city, some newspaper thereof, to be designated by the commu council as they shall elect, previous to the third Monday April thereafter.

Mayor; powers and duties of.

Sec. 61. It shall be the duty of the mayor to take care the the laws of the State and the ordinances of the common com cil be faithfully executed; to exercise a constant supervision and control over the conduct of all subordinate officers, to receive and examine into all complaints against them neglect of duty; to recommend to the common council su measures as he shall deem expedient, to expedite such mes ures as shall be resolved upon by them, and in general

maintain the peace and good order and advance the prosperity of the city.

Sec. 62. All official bonds of the city shall be deposited with Clerk to keep all bonds. The city clerk for safe keeping, and it shall be his duty to letter the same to his successor in office.

Sec. 63. It shall be the duty of every alderman to attend putter of aldermen the regular and special meetings of the common council, to est upon committees when thereunto appointed by the mayor or common council, to order the arrest of all persons violating the laws of this State, or the ordinances, by-laws or police regulations of the city, to report to the mayor all subordinate there who are guilty of any official misconduct or neglect of the duties required of them by this act.

Sec. 64. The mayor and aldermen, by virtue of their re-Mayor and aldermen to be conservators of the public peace, and be conservators of the public peace, and be conservators of the power and au-public peace thereby of justices of the peace in criminal cases, and in enforcing the laws of this State relating to the police thereof, but shall have no jurisdiction in civil cases, other than such as by this act shall be expressly conferred upon them or either of them.

Sec. 65. The accounts and demands of all persons against accounts to be verified the city shall, when required by any member of the common by affidavit. council, be verified by affidavit, and shall set forth the items thereof in detail, which affidavit may be taken and certified by any member of said common council.

Sec. 66. The clerk shall keep the corporate seal and all the officers; powers at all the papers belonging to said city as a corporation, not duties of the comparty by this act in the custody of some other officer thereof, clerk. and shall make a record of the proceedings of the common council, whose meetings it shall be his duty to attend; and copies of all papers duly filed in his office, and transcripts from the records of the proceedings of the common council, certified to by him under the corporate seal, shall be evidence in all places, when produced, of the matters therein stated and con-

sign licenses

To counter- tained; he shall countersign all li id for any perpose whatever, by the mayor or common or incil, and shall enter in an appropriate book, the name of every person or company to whom a license shall be granted, and the number of such license, and the date thereof, and the time during which the same is to continue in force, and the sum paid for such license; no license, for any purpose granted, shall be valid until thus countersigned by the clerk; the clerk shall also perform such other duties as this act shall direct, or which may be di-To appoint a rected by ordinance of the amon council. The clerk shall appoint a deputy, to be approved by the common council; and nce or inability of the clerk to such deputy shall, in the

perform the duties of his office, perform all the duties of the

clerk as fully as the clerk might or could of right do the same.

Sec. 67. The treasurer shall receive all moneys belonging to

deputy.

Treasurer to keep all moneys.

the city and shall deposit and keep the same as directed by the common council, and shall keep an account of all receipts and expenditures in such manner as the common council shall di-

To keep books and accounts open for inspection. rect. All moneys drawn from the treasury shall be drawn in pursuance of an order of the common council, by warrant signed by the clerk and countersigned by the mayor. Such warrant shall specify for what purpose the amount named therein is to be paid; and the clerk shall keep an accurate account, under appropriate heads, of all expenditures, orders drawn upon the treasury in a check book, to be kept by him for that purpose. The books and accounts of the trees urer shall be at all reasonable hours open to the inspection any elector of said city; the treasurer shall exhibit to the com mom council, at the last regular meeting thereof before the third Monday of April, a full and fair account of the receipt and expenditures since and after the date of his or the las annual report, and also the state of the treasury, which accoun shall be referred to a committee for examination, and if found correct, shall be filed and published in the same manner a provided for in section forty-one of this act.

Sec. 68. The attorney or counselor of the city shall perform City such duties and exercise such powers as shall be assigned to him by the common council by ordinance duly enacted.

Sec. 69. The city marshal shall be superintendent of the city, City marshal and it shall be his duty to superintend, when by the common tend all work council called upon to do so, and under the general direction of the common council, all work to be done or performed upon or in relation to any of the public streets, walks, bridges, sewers, reservoirs, or grounds of said city, and to perform such other duties as by this act or by ordinances or resolutions of the common council shall be required, and he shall have the power To serve criminal of a sheriff or constable for the service of a criminal process, process.

and to serve all process for the purpose of enforcing any of the ordinances or penalties prescribed thereby.

sec. 70. The justices of the peace of said city shall file their justices of the peace; coths of office in the office of the clerk of Lapeer county, and jurisdiction shall have, in addition to the jurisdiction conferred upon them by this act in relation to said city, the same general jurisdiction, powers and duties conferred on justices of the peace in townships; and all actions within the jurisdiction of justices of the actions in peace under and by virtue of the laws of this State, may be commenced and prosecuted in said justices' courts when the plaintiff or defendant or one of the plaintiffs or defendants reside in said city, or either of the townships adjoining said city, or in the townships next adjoining the townships of Lapeer, Liba or Mayfield, and also when the plaintiff or plaintiffs or defendants are not residents of Lapeer county.

Sec. 71. It shall be the duty of the justices of the peace of where offices of, said city to keep their offices within said city, and attend to all shall be kept complaints of a criminal nature which may properly come before them; and they shall receive for their services such fees are allowed by law to justices of the peace in townships, and when engaged in cases for the violation of the ordinances of said city, such fees as the common council shall by ordinance prescribe.

All fines and penalties to be paid into treasury.

Justices to keep record of persons ag'nst whom judgment is rendered.

Sec. 72. All fines, penalties and forfeitures recovered before any of said justices of the peace for violation of any ordinance shall, when collected, be paid into the city treasury, and each consaid justices shall report to the common council at the first regular meeting thereof in each month, during the time is which he shall perform the duties of such justice, the number and name of every person against whom a judgment shall have been rendered by him as such justice, for such fine, penalty of forfeiture, and all moneys by him received for and on account thereof, which moneys so received or which may be in his hand shall be paid into the city treasury on the first Monday of each and every month, during the time such justice shall exercise the duties of his office, and for any neglect in this particular he may be suspended or removed as herein provided.

Council to require bond of justices.

Sec. 73. The common council are hereby empowered to require of the justices of the peace of said city, and such justices are hereby required to give, when so required, such bond not exceeding in penalty the sum of one hundred dollars, for the faithful observance of the duties required by the last preceding section.

Constables; tees of.

Sec. 74. The constables of said city shall have and receive the same fees, and have the like powers and authority in matters of civil and criminal nature as are conferred by the law this State upon constables in townships, and shall give lil security; and they shall have power to serve all process issued for breach of any ordinance of the city.

To obey orders of mayor.

Sec. 75. The constables of said city shall obey the orders the mayor or alderman, or of any person legally exercisiz criminal jurisdiction of a justice of the peace in said city, ar in case of neglect or refusal so to do, he or they shall be sulject to a penalty of not less than one nor more than twenty-fiv dollars.

Expenses of convicting offenders; how paid.

Sec. 76. The expenses of apprehending, examining and con mitting offenders against any law of this State in said city, an of their confinement, shall be audited, allowed and paid be the supervisors of the county of Lapeer, in the same manner

as if such expenses had been incurred in any township of said county.

Sec. 77. The physician of the city, the fire wardens and Duties of city physician of said city, whose duties are not specifically set wardens and forth in this act, shall perform such duties, and if required other officers shall give and file such securities as the common council shall by ordinance direct.

Sec. 78. The common council shall have power to determine Compensat'n the salary or compensation to be paid to the several officers of mid city, within the limits herein otherwise prescribed, which shall be as follows, to wit: To the mayor a sum not exceeding fre dollars per annum; to the city clerk a sum not exceeding ity dollars per annum, over and above his fees and perquisites prescribed by law; to the city treasurer a sum not exceeding ity dollars per annum; to the marshal, as superintendent of streets and highways, a sum not exceeding one dollar and fifty cents per day, and at that rate for any part of a day, for every day actually spent by him in the performance of such duties; to each alderman a sum not exceeding five dollars per annum; to the city attorney a sum not exceeding fifty dollars per annum; and they may establish the fees or compensation of all other officers appointed by them whose fees are not prescribed by law, and whose compensation for services is required to be paid from the city treasury.

Sec. 79. The common council shall settle and allow all ac-Council to counts and demands properly chargeable against said city, as accounts. well of its officers as of other persons, and shall have authority to provide means for the payment of the same, and for paying the contingent expenses of said city, subject only to the limitations and restrictions in this act contained.

Sec. 80. For the purpose of defraying the expenses and Expenses of liabilities incurred by said city, and paying the same, the com-assessed.

mon council may raise annually, by tax levied on the real and personal property within said city, such sum as they may deem necessary, not exceeding one-half (except as hereinafter provided) of one per cent. on the valuation of such real and per-

sonal estate within the limits of said city, according to th valuation thereof taken from the assessment roll or rolls (that year, and the sum or sums so to be raised shall be appor tioned between the several wards of the city, according to th amount of such real and personal estate in the respectiv wards, as shown by the assessment rolls thereof for said year in the manner provided by this act.

Ward treasurers to collect taxes.

Bondsand securities of.

Sec. 81. The respective ward treasurers of said city shall collect all taxes levied or assessed in said city and apportione to said ward or wards, and for that purpose each of said treas urers shall give a bond to the city in such sum, and with such sureties as the common council shall require and approve; and such treasurers shall each give to the treasurer of Lapee county such further or other security as is now or may here after be required by law of the several township treasurers o Powers and the several townships of this State; and for the purpose of the collection and return of all such taxes, and the return of prop erty delinquent for the non-payment of taxes, the said treas urers respectively, on giving the bonds or surety so required shall possess all the powers and perform all the duties of th several township treasurers of this State, as prescribed by lav and shall perform such other duties respecting the collectio and return of taxes as this act imposes, and as may be require

duties of.

Ward super-visors; du-ties of.

Sec. 82. The supervisors of the respective wards shall rep resent such ward in the board of supervisors of the count and shall be entitled to all the rights, privileges, and power and shall be subject to all the obligations of supervisors townships.

by the common council by ordinance.

To complete ward tax rolls.

Sec. 83. The supervisor of sch ward shall complete the ta roll of such ward, and deliv the same, with his warrant, t the treasurer of such ward, with the respective taxes levie and specified as is required by this act and the laws of this State, within the time required by law for the completion an delivery of the township tax rolls to the respective township treasurers of this State: Provided, Security has been given by

Proviso.

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such treasurer as required by law or in this act provided; but Proceedings if such security shall not have been given by such treasurer in security is the manner and within the time required, the common council shall immediately appoint some suitable person, who will give the requisite security, to collect such tax rolls; and the person so appointed shall thereupon be entitled to receive said tax roll, and shall collect and pay over such taxes, and make return of his doings thereon in the same manner, and shall have all the powers, and shall perform all the duties, and shall be subject to all the liabilities in this act conferred upon the treasurer for the purpose of the collection and return and paying over such taxes.

Sec. 84. For the collection of all such taxes, the treasurer, or Percentage other person appointed to collect the same, shall be entitled to collecting receive such percentage as shall be prescribed by the common council, by ordinance, not exceeding four per cent. upon the sum to be collected, which sum shall be added to the computation of taxes on said tax rolls of the respective wards of said city.

Sec. 85. The supervisor of each ward shall, in each and every ward superyear, make and complete the assessment of all real and personal complete asproperty within such ward in said city in the same manner, and real and perbefore the fourth Monday in May, as required by law for the erty. assessment of property in the several townships of this State, and in so doing shall conform to the provisions of law govern- To conform ing the action of supervisors of the several townships of this erning town-State performing like services; and in all other respects within visors. mid city, shall, unless when otherwise in this act provided, waform to the provisions of law governing the action of supervisors in the several townships of this State, in the assessment of property and the levying of taxes; and shall also in each to flegcertiyear, within twenty days after the time required by law for com-rolls with pleting the assessment rolls in the several townships of this State, make and file with the city clerk of said city a true and certified copy of the assessment rolls of such ward for each year, and such city clerk shall receive and file the same in his

visors to ___ sessment of sonal prop-

ship super-

When shall meet.

office. It shall be the duty of the supervisors of the several wards of said city to meet at the city clerk's office on the Saturday next preceding the fourth Monday of May in each year who shall be a board for the purpose of reviewing, correcting equalizing, and completing the assessment for each of the ward of said city.

Council to decide what be raised by tax.

Sec. 86. It shall be the duty of the common council of said amount shall city, on or before the last Saturday preceding the first day o November in each year, to determine by resolution the amoun necessary to be raised for city purposes within said city for such year, and to apportion the same to and between the re spective wards of said city according to and in proportion to the total valuation of the real and personal property within such ward as appears by the respective assessment rolls thereof and it shall be the duty of the city clerk to certify the amount so apportioned to each ward respectively, to the super visor of such ward, on or before the first Monday of November in each and every year; and it is hereby made the duty of sair supervisors respectively to levy the same so apportioned, and such other taxes as may be required by law, upon the taxable property of such ward in the same manner as taxes for town ship purposes are required by law to be levied by the super

Supervisors to levy taxes

Taxes to remain a lien

Sec. 87. The taxes so levied for city purposes shall be an on property. remain a lien upon the property on which the same is levied, i the same cases, to the same extent, and in like manner as taxe required by law to be levied on property in the several town ships of this State are liens upon such property; and all the provisions of law respecting the return and sale of property & the non-payment of taxes for State, county, and township pur poses shall apply to the return and sale of property for the nor payment of such city taxes, except as herein otherwise provide

visors of the townships of this State.

Proceeds of sales of delinquent property to be paid to treasurer.

Sec. 88. The net proceeds of the sales of all property deli quent for non-payment of city taxes, shall be paid to the trea urer of said city by the treasurer of the county of Lapee whenever required by the city treasurer, and the net proceed of all sums paid to the said treasurer of Lapeer county, before sale on account of property within said city returned delinquent for the non-payment of city taxes, shall in like manner be paid to said city treasurer.

Sec. 89. For the purchase and improvement of a city ceme-council autery or cemeteries the common council may borrow on the faith establish city and credit of the city a sum not exceeding three thousand dollars, for a term not exceeding twenty years, at a rate of interest not exceeding seven per cent. per annum, payable annually, and for that purpose may issue the bonds of the city, signed by To issue the mayor and countersigned by the clerk, and in such form and such sums (not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of three thousand dollars) as the common council shall direct, and such bonds shall be disposed of under the direction of the common council of said city, upon such terms as they shall deem advisable, but not less than their par value; and the avails shall be applied in the purchase and improvement of a city cemetery or cemeteries and the necessary appurtenances, and for no other purpose whatever: Provided, That no such Proviso. loan shall be effected by the common council without first having obtained a vote of a majority of the freeholders of said city, at a meeting to be called for that purpose, after having given ten days' public notice of the same, and of the place and object of such meeting, and of the time thereof, by publishing the same in a newspaper of said city, and by posting a copy of such notice in two public places in each ward of said city.

Sec. 90. It shall not be lawful for the common council (ex-Money; what am't council may be as herein otherwise provided) to borrow any money or council may borrow. Said city, in any one year, exceeding in the aggregate the amount which, by this act, may be raised by tax for such year, except for council room; and in case any sum or sums of money shall be borrowed by said common council in any one year, or the said common council, or any officer thereof, shall enter into any contract or contracts for the payment of money binding upon said city, the same shall be paid out of the sums

be applied for which it

raised by tax for such year, except council room, if the pay-All mony to ment thereof is not otherwise provided; and all sums of money to purposes borrowed by said city shall be applied to the purposes for was borrow'd which the same was borrowed, and for no other; but nothing in this act contained shall be construed to prohibit said common council from making assessments, and levying and collecting taxes for the purpose of local improvement, nor to prohibit said common council from levying taxes on the whole city to defray the expenses of improving streets otherwise than by the highway or street tax so called.

Restrictions on council to paying interest on loan, etc.

1 common council in regard to Sec. 91. The restrictions on not to apply raising moneys for defraying the expenses of said city, shall not apply to, nor include the nec iry sums to be raised for the payment of the principal or interest on any loans made for the purchase and improvement of a city cemetery or cemeteries, nor for any loans made for the purchase of grounds for a city > hall and the building of such city hall, or for the payment of : the interest or principal of any loan made for the purchase of grounds for a public park, or for the payment of the interest or principal of any loans made for the purchase of fire-engines, with their hose and other apparatus, or for the building of any engine house.

Director of union school to certify amount to tax.

Sec. 92. It shall be the duty of the director of the union school district of said city, on or before the last Saturday bebe raised by fore the first Monday of November in each year, to certify to the city clerk the amount voted by the electors of said district to be raised by tax for such year in said district, at the annual school meeting for such year of said district; and it shall be the duty of the common council to apportion such amount to be raised among the several wards, in the same manner and within the same time as required in regard to other sums to be raised by tax in said city.

Power of council to issue bonds for purchaslots, etc.

Sec. 93. The common council shall have power to borrow money on the bonds of said city, to an amount not exceeding ing cometery three thousand dollars, on time and terms, and negotiated in the manner prescribed in this act in relation to the purchase

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d improvemer of a city cemetery or cemeteries, for the purse of purchasing - lot or lots, and for erecting thereon a y hall for the use of said city; and the common council Grounds for all have power to borrow money on the bonds of the city to amount not exceeding three thousand dollars, in the manr and on such time and terms as before stated, for the purbee of purchasing lands or premises for a public park, which ts, lands or premises so purchased for city hall purposes, or ma public park, shall be under the control of the common ouncil

public park.

Sec. 94. All the rights now belonging to the village of La-City to hold peer, and all the by-laws and ordinances, and all the obliga-rights. tion, and all the streets, alleys, rights and privileges of said wilege, shall be and remain, accrue, and belong to the said city d Lapeer, so far as the same are not repugnant to the provisions of this act, and until the same be altered, amended or repealed by the common council of said city.

Sec. 95. The next annual township meeting of the township where next d Lapeer shall be held at the Newark school-house, so called, meeting shall be held in mid township of Lapeer, and the present township clerk shall give notice of such meeting by posting notices thereof in at least three public places in said township.

Sec. 96. The supervisor of the respective wards in said city ward supershall have all the powers and perform all the duties in regard have powers of township to the relief of poor persons, exercised by and imposed upon supervisors. supervisors in townships; and in all other respects said supervisors shall have the powers and perform the duties of supervisors in townships, except so far as such powers and duties may be otherwise defined in this act.

Sec. 97. The warrant of the supervisor to the treasurer of Contents of he respective wards shall state the sum to be raised for city supervisor purposes, but need not state the different sums and objects for which the same is raised.

Sec. 98. In making out said tax roll, the same form shall be Form of sed by the supervisor as is required by law to be used in tax roll.

townships, the city tax to be put in the column design township taxes.

How money shali be raised.

erty exempt

Sec. 99. All sums of money [directed] to be raised b common council, except as in this act otherwise provided, be assessed upon all the real and personal estate in said according to the valuation of the same on the assessment what prop- of the city; but no real or personal property which m from taxat'n exempt from taxation by the general laws of this State any public square, park, or other public ground, shall be ass

for the ordinary city or county taxes.

Council to create sinking fund.

How fund shall be

raised

Sec. 100. Whenever, by the provisions of this act, the mon council shall be authorized to issue city bonds for the ment of any sum or sums of money, the said common or shall thereupon have the power to create a sinking fun the payment of the interest as it falls due, and the exting ment of the principal at the expiration of the time limits the payment thereof, which fund shall be raised by a tax, which shall not exceed in any one year one mill o dollar on the valuation of the real and personal pro within said city, and which shall be levied and collected; same manner as other city taxes of said city are levied an lected, and when so collected the same shall be applied credit of said sinking fund, for the purpose of paying a interest or principal of the debt so created, as the becomes due.

Money; how drawn irom treasury.

Sec. 101. No money shall be drawn from the city tre unless it shall have been previously appropriated to the pose for which it shall have been drawn, and all ording resolutions, and orders directing the payment of money specify the object and purposes of such payment, which si certified by the clerk and countersigned by the mayor | the same shall be paid by the treasurer.

Treasurer to make report monthly.

Sec. 102. The treasurer shall, at the first regular meeti the common council in each month, make report of the ces of said city, showing what appropriations have been out of each of the several funds of said city since his las

ing report, an I the state of each of said funds, if required the common council or any two members thereof. be. 103. The common council of the city of Lapeer shall have Council to rer to lay out, establish, open, extend, widen, straighten, streets, walks, etc. m, close, fill in or grade, vacate or abolish any highys, streets, avenues, alleys, lanes, public grounds or spaces hin said city, whenever they shall deem it a necessary public provement, and private property may be taken therefor; but To award s macessity for using such property, a just compensation to paid for the same, and the damages accruing to any person me the making of said improvements shall be ascertained in manner, as near as may be, as such necessity, commakin, and damage are or may be hereafter ascertained in in firmships of this State; and appeals may be taken to the Right of half court for the county of Lapeer in like manner, as far as inticable, and not otherwise provided in this act, as appeals man or may be hereafter by law taken from the decisions of in townships, and the circuit court is maby authorized and empowered to hear and determine said peal.

Sec. 104. The common council shall be commissioners of To be comighways for said city, and shall have the care and supervision highways. I the highways, streets, bridges, lanes, alleys, parks, and public grounds therein, and to cause the same to be repaired, leansed, improved, and secured from time to time, as may be messary; to regulate the roads, streets, highways, alleys, lanes, To regulate mi parks already laid out, or which may be laid out, and to ther such of them as they shall deem inconvenient, subject to he restrictions contained in this act; to cause such of the To cause treets and highways in said city as shall have been used for described. ix years or more as public highways and streets, which are not miliciently described, or have not been duly recorded, to be scertained, described, and recorded in the office of the city ick of said city in the book of street records; and the recordng of such highways, streets, lanes or public grounds so ascermined and described, or which shall be hereafter laid out and

Street records to be dence.

established by the common council, and : orded in the b used as evi- of street records, in the office of the clerk, by order of the c mon council, shall be presumptive evidence of the existence such highway, street, lane, alley or public ground the described.

Council to CRUSC SOWOTS

Sec. 105. The common council shall have power to ea to be made. common sewers, drains and vats, arches and bridges, we pumps, and reservoirs to be built in any part of said city; cause the grading, raising, eveling, repairing, amending, ing or covering with broken or pounded stone, plank or of material, any street, lane, alley, highway, public ground sidewalk of said city.

May discontinue any streets.

Sec. 106. The common council shall have the same per in relation to discontinuing any street, highway, lane or allei said city, in addition to the power heretofore granted, whi the commissioners of highways in townships have, or hereafter receive, in relation to town highways; and they a adopt the same proceedings to effect such object, as near as a be, as the commissioners of highways in townships are or m be by law required to adopt, and appeals may be taken heretofore provided in this act.

Proceedings when propassessed for public improvement

Sec. 107. Whenever the common council shall determ erty is to be that the whole or any part of the expense of any public. provement, not requiring the taking of any land by the # city, shall be defrayed by an assessment on the owners or cupants of houses and lands to be benefited thereby, they at declare the same by entry in their minutes, and after access ing, as they may think proper, the estimated expense of a improvement, they shall declare by an entry in their minut whether the whole or what portion thereof shall be assessed such owners or occupants, specifying the sum to be assess and the portion of the city which they deem to be benefited such improvements; the costs and expenses of making the timates, plans and assessments incidental thereto, shall included in the estimated expenses of such improvement.

the. 108. The common council shall thereupon make an order; council to make, reciting the public improvement so as aforesaid intended make out. The made, the amount of expenses to be assessed as afore. Contents of and the portion or part of the city on which the same is be assessed, designating and directing three resident free-liters of said city, not interested in any of the property so make an assessed, nor of kin to any person interested, to make an assessed upon all the owners or occupants of lands or houses thin the portion or part so designated, of the amount of extense in proportion, as nearly as may be, to the advantage liter each shall be deemed to acquire by making such improvements, which order shall be certified by the clerk of the lay and delivered to one of said commissioners, together with the proposed improvement, in cases where literal is practicable.

Sec. 109. It shall be the duty of said commissioners so de- commissiongrated and appointed by the common council, to meet to-shall meet. ther at such time and place as the common council shall apint, or in case the said council do not appoint, as said comimioners shall themselves agree upon; and thereupon said Oaths of. mmissioners shall severally take and subscribe an oath bere some officer by law authorized to administer the same, at they are not interested in the premises described in said der, and not of kin to any person so interested, and that wy will faithfully and impartially discharge the duty imposed pen them by said order, which said oath shall forthwith be turned to and filed with the city clerk. In case any such Action when tameissioner shall not be able to take such oath, the city oath. ink shall forthwith return that fact to the common council, at the common council shall thereupon appoint one or more mmissioners not interested, and not of kin as aforesaid, to who the number three, and proceed in like manner until three wamissioners are sworn as aforesaid.

Sec. 110. The commissioners thus sworn shall proceed to To make out nake an assessment; according to said order, and shall make roll.

The commissioners thus sworn shall proceed to To make out assessment roll in which shall be entered the names of

Contents of the persons assessed, the value of the prompty for which the are assessed, the amount assessed to of them respective and in case any lots or parts of lots are unoccupied, belong to any person residing in said city, such person shall be asset for the same and his name entered accordingly; and in a such lots or parts of lots shall belong to a non-resident, owner or owners unknown, the same shall be entered accept ingly, with a description of such lots or premises as is requir by law in assessment rolls made by supervisors of towns, w the value thereof and the amount assessed thereon, which sessment shall be subscribed by them or a majority of who acted in the premises, and returned as speedily as many to the common council of said city.

Compensat'n of commissioners.

Sec. 111. The said commissioners shall receive such pensation for their services as shall be allowed them by common council, to be paid out of the contingent fund of city, not exceeding one dollar and fifty cents for each day.

Notice of time for assessment.

Sec. 112. Upon such return being made and filed, the di appeals from of the city shall cause notice that the common council will. such day as they shall designate, proceed to hear any appr from said assessment, which said notice shall containd names of those persons having been so assessed, and shall published in a newspaper of said city at least ten days previ to the day so designated for said meeting.

When corrections may be made.

Sec. 113. At the day appointed for that purpose, and other days as the hearing shall be adjourned to, the comm council shall hear the proofs and allegations of all persons 1 may complain of such assessment, and may rectify and am the said assessment list in whole or in part, or may set same aside and direct a new assessment, either by the a persons or by such other persons as the common council a appoint for that purpose; and in such case the same proce ings shall be had as are herein provided upon the first ords the assessment, or the common council may ratify and conf such assessment without any corrections, or with such correct therein as they may think proper.

les. 114. Every assessment so ratified and confirmed by the Assessment nmon council as aforesaid shall be final and conclusive, premises assessed. the same shall remain and continue a lien upon premises assessed for such tax. Within ten days after such Roll delivseement shall have been so ratified, the mayor shall affix to shall the assessment and tax roll his warrant for the collection which warrant shall did the marshal to collect the within the time prescribed by t resolution of the comcouncil, and the said asse t and tax roll, with the meant of the mayor annexed, all be delivered to said marwithin ten days afterwards, who shall thereupon be Marized to levy and collect the same by distress and sale of executed property upon such premises or in possession of the muse chargeable with such tax; and in case sufficient personal Return Exerty cannot be found whereon to levy and collect such tax, taxes. marshal shall, within five days after the time prescribed by warrant for the collection thereof has expired, make a reet to the city clerk of the sums so remaining unpaid, which was unable, for the want of personal property to levy and **lest of the same, together with the description of the prem**m assessed for such unpaid taxes; and the city clerk shall, clerk to thin five days thereafter, in like manner notify the supervisors of the ward in which such premises assessed are situated, of the mount of such taxes and the description of the premises ingeable with such tax, who shall assess such unpaid taxes a such premises in the tax roll next thereafter to be made, and Ich tax shall then be levied, collected, and returned, and the id premises may be sold for non-payment thereof as provided y law for the non-payment of the ordinary taxes of said city. Sec. 115. In cases where there is no agreement to the con-who to pay mry, the owner of land, and not the occupant or tenant, shall on land. deemed in law the person who ought to bear and pay every tch assessment, made for the expense of any public improveent in said city.

Right of persons to sue others for taxes.

Sec. 116. Where any such: all be made, ass ent or be paid by any person, when by nent or by la same ought to be paid or borne by any other person, it be lawful for the one so paying to sue for and recover person bound to pay the same, the amount so paid with in

Agreements not to be affected.

Sec. 117. Nothing herein contained shall impair or i way affect any agreement between any landlord and tens other person, respecting the payment of any such assess

Taxes to remain a lien on real estate.

Sec. 118. Every tax or assessment for public improves or for other purposes authorized by this act, except as ! otherwise provided, assessed upon any lands, tenements (estate, or upon the owners or occupants thereof, shall b remain a lien upon such land, tenements and real estawhich or in respect to which the same shall be made, from time of filing the roll containing the same with the city until the same shall be paid and satisfied.

Owners required to etc.

Sec. 119. Whenever the common council shall deem it build walks, dient to construct any sidewalk, or pavement, or grave street within said city, they may, by ordinance or other require the owner or occupant of any lot or house adj said street to lay such sidewalk, or construct such pave or gravel such street to the middle of said street in fa his or her house or lot, or they may direct such sidewall pavements and such streets to be graveled, to be made a ing to the provisions of this act. The common council pavements. in like manner, by ordinance or otherwise, under such p or penalties as they may prescribe, require the owner occupants, or either, of land in said city, or in any sp part thereof, to repair, maintain and reconstruct side pavements and street improvements adjoining their resp premises, to the width of the street or alley, in such n as the common council, by ordinance or otherwise, may the expense to which any tenant or occupant may be the jected, may be collected by him of the owner of the pre unless otherwise agreed, or unless such tenant or occup

To repair walks and bound to bear such expense by the terms of the agreement trader which he holds the premises.

Sec. 120. Whenever the owner or occupant of any house or proceedings in case of retual by council shall have appointed, to conform to any regulation made the said council for widening streets, or for any other purpose, that hall be lawful for such common council to cause such regulations to be enforced at the expense of the city, and to recover the amount of such expenses, with damages at the rate of them per cent., with costs of suit, from the owner or occupant of such house or lot whose duty it was to conform to such regulation, or may add thereto fifteen per cent. and return the them to be assessed and collected in the same manner as the entirary city taxes are collected, and the same shall be a lien on the lot or premises to which the same is assessed, the same any other taxes.

Sec. 121. The common council are authorized to assess the Non-resident inds of non-residents of said city their just proportion of the taxed. expenses of cleaning and repairing streets and sidewalks, and removing nuisances; and the said expenses shall be assessed in the same manner, and the amount so assessed shall be collected in the same manner, and the same proceedings shall be had in case of non-payment of the same, as in relation to the assessments for public improvements in the city, except as the common council may otherwise determine or direct. It shall in owners to eases be the duty of the owner of every lot or parcel of walks clear. had in said city to keep the sidewalks adjoining his lot or piece of land in good repair, and also to remove and clear way all snow, ice, and other obstructions from the sidewalks. If any owner, after notice to do so shall be personally served or council to posted on the premises, or otherwise given or published as the done, in case of refusal or common council may direct, by ordinance, resolution, or other-neglect by wise, shall fail or neglect so to do for such time, not less than twenty-four hours, as the common council, by general or special ordinance, resolution, or otherwise may fix, the common council may cause the same to be done at the expense of the

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city, and may add such expenses, not exceeding thirty dollar on any one lot or piece of land in any one year, to the amount of the general city tax on such land in the next general assemment rolls of the city; and such amount so added shall be lien on the premises in the same manner as the tax to which it is added, and may be collected and enforced, and (if not paid or collected) the land sold therefor, as for general city taxes.

Poll tax; who to pay.

Sec. 122. Every male inhabitant of said city, over the age of twenty-one years and under the age of fifty years, except a hereinafter provided, shall be assessed and pay a poll tax of one dollar each per annum.

Supervisors to furnish poll list. Sec. 123. The supervisor of each ward of said city shall, or or before the fifteenth day of May in each year, furnish the common council with a list, subscribed by them respectively of the names of all the inhabitants of each ward who shall to be assessed for poll tax.

Street commissioner; council to appoint.

Sec. 124. The common council of said city shall appoint street commissioner, who shall hold his office at their pleasure who shall receive not to exceed one dollar and fifty cents are each day by him actually employed in the discharge of the duties of his office, as hereinafter imposed on him, and at the same rate for parts of a day so employed.

Duties of.

Sec. 125. The street commissioner shall act under the is structions and control of the common council, and shall super intend the work of making, building, improving, repairing cleansing, and altering the streets, alleys, bridges, and other public works or improvements in the said city, all of whice work shall be paid for out of the general fund of the city, is orders drawn upon accounts duly audited by the common council, and the money so expended in one year shall not exceed one-fourth of one per cent. of the assessed valuation of the property in said city on the assessment rolls thereof: Provider The amount so expended shall be laid out in each ward in proportion to the assessed value of the property in the same, I near as may be.

Proviso.

Sec. 126. The common council are hereby authorized to Council to regulate and direct all things in said city by ordinances not in-things in city. consistent with any of the provisions of this act and the laws of this State.

Sec. 127. The common council shall have power to require To require of any of the officers elected or appointed in said city, a bond officers. or bonds for the faithful discharge of the duties of such office, and for the payment of any moneys that may come into his hands as such officer, and the form and penalty of such bonds may be prescribed by the common council, by ordinance or otherwise.

Sec. 128. The common council for the city shall have power To borrow to borrow for the time being, such sums of money as they may dem necessary, in anticipation of receipts from taxes, not exceeding two thousand dollars in any one year, for the purpose defraying the current expenses of said city and working on treets and bridges, and such sum or sums of money so borrowed shall be paid out of the taxes raised for that year.

Sec. 129. It shall be the duty of the clerk or acting clerk of Clerk to notify the respective persons elected of of their election their election within two days after such election; and the inspectors of said first election shall meet on the first Wednesday after the first Monday of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, at the court house in said city, and ascertain the persons who have received the higher number of votes for the respective offices of said city, and they shall declare such persons elected, and notify them of such election within two days after such meeting.

Sec. 130. For the canvassing of the votes for city officers the Canvassing common council shall make such regulations as they may votes.

deem necessary for that purpose.

Sec. 131. The clerk of said city shall notify the county clerk City clerk to of the election of constables in the respective wards of said ty clerk of city, and of the election of justices of the peace of said city, in constables, etc. the same manner and within the same time as is by law required of township clerks.

How personal property for taxes.

Sec. 132. When the marshal or ward nrer shall have shall be sold levied upon any personal property for the non-payment of any tax or assessment in this act provided, he shall proceed to advertise and sell the same in the same manner and upon like notice as required by law in the levy and sale of persons property for non-payment of taxes by township treasurers.

Council to make regulations to guard ag'nst fires.

Sec. 133. For the purpose of guarding against the calamit of fire, the common council may from time to time, by ordi nance, designate such portions and parts of said city as the shall deem proper, within which no buildings of wood shall b erected, and may regulate and direct the erection of building within such portions and parts, and the size and material thereof, and the size of the chimneys therein; and any person who shall violate any such ordinance or regulation shall forfei to the city the sum of one hundred dollars, and every building erected contrary to such ordinance is hereby declared to be common nuisance, and may be abated and moved by suc common council.

May require owners to and ladders.

Sec. 134. The common council may, by ordinance, requir have scuttles the owners and occupants of houses and other buildings t have scuttles on the roofs of such buildings and houses, an stairs or ladders leading to the same; and whenever any per alty shall be recovered against the owner or occupant of an house or other building for not complying with such ordinanc the common council may, at the expiration of twenty days a ter such recovery, cause such scuttles and stairs or ladders t be constructed, and may recover the expense thereof, wit fifteen per cent. in addition, of the owner or occupant who duty it was to comply with such ordinance.

To provide

Sec. 135. The common council may, by ordinance, requi the inhabitants of the city to provide such and so many fi buckets for each house or tenement therein, and within such time as they may prescribe, and may require such buckets be produced at every fire.

Sec. 136. The common council may regulate and direct the To direct in construction of safe deposits of ashes, and may compel the ashes. deaning of chimneys, flues, stove-pipes and all other conductors of smoke; and upon the neglect of the owner or occupant cleaning of any house, tenement or building of any description, having etc. therein any chimneys, flues, stove-pipes, or other conductors of smoke, to clean the same as shall have been directed by an ordinance, the common council may cause the same to be densed, and may collect the expenses thereof, and fifteen per cent in addition, from the owner or occupant whose duty it we to have the same cleaned.

Sec. 137. The common council may regulate the use of Use of lights lights and candles in livery stables and other buildings, in which combustible articles ms y be deposited, and may prescribe the use of lanterns or safety lamps in such buildings, and may Depositing of regulate the transportation, keeping and deposit of gunpow-gunpowder, or other dangerous or combustible materials, and regulate or prevent the carrying on of manufactories which are dangerous in causing or promoting fires, and may authorize and direct the removal of any hearth, fire-place, stove-pipe, flue, chimney, or other conductor of smoke, or any other apparatus or device in which any fire may be used, or to which fire may be applied, that shall be considered dangerous and liable to cause or promote fires, and generally may adopt such other regulations for the prevention and suppression of fires * they may deem necessary.

Sec. 138. For the purpose of enforcing such regulations, Council to the common council may authorize any of the officers of the cause all city, and may appoint persons, at all reasonable times, to enter be repaired. into and examine all dwelling houses, buildings and tenements of every description, and all lots, yards and enclosures, and to cause such as are dangerous to be put in a safe condition, and may authorize such officers and persons to inspect all hearths fire-places, stoves, pipes, flues, chimneys, or other conductors of smoke, or any apparatus or device in which fire may be used, or to which fire may be applied, and remove and make

the same safe at the expense of the owners or occupants of the building in which the same may be, and to ascertain the number and condition of fire buckets, and the situation of any building in respect to its exposure to fire, and whether scuttle and ladders thereto have been provided, and generally with such powers and duties as the common council shall deen necessary to guard the city against fire.

To procure fire engines.

Sec. 139. The common council may procure, own, build and keep in repair such and so many fire engines, with their hos and other apparatus, engine houses, ladders, fire hooks and fire buckets, and other implements and conveniences for the extinguishment of fires, and to prevent injuries by fires, and such and so many public cisterns, wells and reservoirs of water as they from time to time shall judge necessary; and the com-May borrow mon council shall have power, for the purpose of purchasing bonds of city such fire engines, with their hose and other apparatus, and for the purpose of building such engine houses, to borrow money on the bonds of said city, to an amount not exceeding ter thousand dollars, on time and terms, and negotiated in the manner prescribed in this act in relation to the purchase and improvement of a city cemetery or cemeteries.

May organ-ize fire de partment.

money on

Sec. 140. The common council shall have power to organize said city into so many fire districts as they may deem necessary and may organize and maintain a fire department for said city to consist of one chief engineer, two assistant engineers, four fire wardens, a proper number of firemen, not exceeding sixt to one engine, such number of tub, hook and ladder men and such number of hose men as may be appointed by said com mon council, all to have the privileges and exemptions of fire men, and to hold the appointments during the pleasure of the common council.

Make rules for governmen.

Sec. 141. The common council may make rules and regula ment of fire- tions for the government of said engineers, wardens, firemen hook and ladder, tub and hose men; may prescribe their respect ive duties in case of fire or alarms of fire; may direct the dresse and badges of authority to be worn by them; may prescribe and regulate the time and manner of their exercise, and may impose reasonable fines for the breach of any such regulations.

Sec. 142. The engineers and fire wardens, under the direc-Duties of tion of the common council, shall have the custody and general and fire superintendence of the fire engines, engine houses, hooks, ladders, hose, public cisterns, and other conveniences for the extinguishment and prevention of fires, and it shall be their duty to see that the same are kept in order, and to see that the laws and ordinances relative to the prevention and extinguishment of fires are duly executed, and to make detailed and particular reports of the state of their department, and of the conduct of the firemen, hook and ladder men, tub and hose me, to the common council, at stated periods to be prescribed by the common council, and to make such reports to the mayor, whenever required by him; the certificate of the city clerk that a person is or has been a fireman shall be evidence of the fact in all courts and places, on proof of the genuineness of such certificate.

Sec. 143. The common council may, by ordinance, direct the Council to manner in which the bells of the city shall be tolled or rung ner of ringing bells. in cases of fire or alarms of fire, and may impose penalties for ringing or tolling of such bells in such manner at any other time than during a fire or alarm of fire.

Sec. 144. The common council may provide suitable compen-To provide mation for any injury that any fireman, hook and ladder man, for injured firemen.

or tub and hose man may receive in his person or property in consequence of his exertions at any fire.

Sec. 145. The common council may by ordinance—

First. Prescribe the powers and duties of the engineers and Prescribe duties of en wardens at fires, and in cases of alarms of fire, and may vest gineers and wardens at in them such powers as may be deemed necessary to preserve fires.

property from being stolen, and to extinguish and prevent fires.

Second. To prescribe the powers and duties of the mayor of mayor and aldermen at such fires and alarms of fires, but in no case men at fires. shall the mayor or any alderman control or direct the chief engineer or his assistants during any fire.

To provide for removal persons.

Third. Provide for the removal and keeping away from such of suspicious fires of all idle, disorderly, and suspicious persons, and may confer powers for that purpose on the engineers, fire wardens, and officers of the city.

Fire-buckets

Fourth. To provide for compelling persons to bring their fire buckets to any place of fire, and to aid in the extinguishment thereof, by forming lines or ranks for the purpose of carrying water, and by all proper means to aid in the preservations removal, and security of property exposed to danger of fire.

Marshal and constables.

Fifth. To compel the marshal, constables, and watchmen of the city to be present at such fires, and to perform such duties. as the common council shall prescribe.

Duties of chief engi-

damages.

Sec. 146. Whenever any building in said city shall be on fire neer at free. it shall be the duty and be lawful for the chief engineer, with the consent of the mayor or any alderman, to order and direct such building, or any other building which they may deem! hazardous and likely to communicate fire to other buildings, or any part of such building, to be pulled down and destroyed, and no action shall be maintained against any person, or. How owners against the city, therefor; but any person interested in any. may recover such building so destroyed or injured, may, within threemonths thereafter, apply to the common council to assess and pay the damages he has sustained; at the expiration of three months, if any application shall have been made in writing, the common council shall either pay to the said claimant such sum as shall be agreed upon by them and the said claimant for said damages, or, if no such agreement shall be effected, shall proceed to ascertain the amount of such damages, and shall provide for the appraisal, assessment, collection and payment of the same, in the same manner as is provided by this act for the ascertaining, assessment, collection and payment of damages sustained by the taking land for the purpose of public improvement.

Commiss'rs to examine claims of OWNERS for.

Sec. 147. The commissioners appointed to appraise and assess the damages incurred by said claimant, by the pulling down or destruction of such building by the said officers of

scity, as above provided, shall take into account the probaity of the same having been destroyed, and may report that damage should be equitably allowed to such claimant. henever a report shall be made and finally confirmed in the Compliance id proceedings for appraising and assessing the damages, a of report to mpliance with the terms thereof by the common council shall full satisfacdeemed a full satisfaction of all said damages of the said siment.

Sec. 148. All money that shall be raised in the city for All license censes to tavern keepers or common victualers, and for pen-paid into city ties for the violation of any of the city ordinances, shall be mid into the city treasury, and shall belong to and constitute spect of the fund of the city, and shall be deposited for safe being by the treasurer, as other moneys under his care, and teseants thereof shall be kept, and the same shall be drawn in he manner herein prescribed in relation to the funds of the city.

Sec. 149. The jurisdiction of the justice's court of said city Justices, hall extend to, and said court shall have original jurisdiction, courts in city; jurisad shall have power to hear, try and determine all civil actions rising in said city, wherein said city in its corporate capacity hall be a party, or any city or ward officer in his official charicter shall be a party, all charges, complaints, actions and prosecutions for the recovery of any and all forfeitures and posities for any alleged violations or infringements of the acts the Legislature of this State incorporating said city, except acces where jurisdiction is especially given to some other wart, all actions for alleged breaches or violations of any of be by-laws or ordinances of said city, except in cases where, by meh by-laws and ordinances, jurisdiction is especially given to ome other court, and all actions for encroachments upon or hjury to any of the streets, lanes, alleys, bridges, parks, or ther public improvements of the city, which court shall promed according to and be governed by the general laws and rules of practice of this State, applicable to courts of justices if the peace.

Power to commit to prison.

Sec. 150. The courts of justice in said city shall have to imprison in the jail of the county of Lapeer, and it is ! made the duty of the keeper of said jail to receive suc sons as are brought to his custody by authority of any (courts or the common council, or any officer of said ci thorized to commit such persons, in the same manner 1 court of record of this State, or other competent autho authorized to commit to said jail.

City justices to be deem'd county justices.

Sec. 151. Justices of the peace of said city, exercising jurisdiction, shall be deemed justices of the peace of county of Lapeer, and shall be subject to the general la the State in relation to civil causes before justices of the and appeals from their judgment may be made to the court of Lapeer county in the same manner as appeals justices' judgments in towns are made.

To have same powers towns

Sec. 152. The justices of the peace in said city shall as justices in all the authority of justices of the peace in towns, in cri matters, and shall have all the authority and perform a duties hereinbefore provided and required of them, and hold a session of court daily if necessary.

Suits; how brought

Citizens to be comptent as jurors.

Sec. 153. All suits which shall be brought to recove penalty or forfeiture for the violation of any ordinance (common council shall be brought in the name of the "C Lapeer," under the direction of the common council, or attorney of said city; and no person being an inhab freeman or freeholder of the said city shall be disqualifie that cause from acting as a judge, justice or juror in the or other proceedings in any suit brought to recover a forfe or penalty for the violation of any of the provisions of the or for the violation of any ordinance of the common co nor from serving any process, summoning any jury in suit, or from acting in any capacity, or being a witness o trial of any issue, or upon the taking or making any in tion or assessment, or any judicial investigation of fac which issue, inquest or investigation the said city, or any or ward officer is a party, or in which said city or ward (

interested, nor shall any judge of any court be disqualified hear and adjudicate on any appeal in any matter originating said city, because he is an inhabitant thereof.

Sec. 154. If any judgment in any action shall be rendered Judgment gainst the city by any justice of the peace, such judgment may be reby be removed by appeal to the circuit court for the county of appeal. espeer, in the same manner and with the same effect as though e city were a natural person, except that no bond or recoghance to the adverse party shall be necessary to be executed or on behalf of the city.

Sec. 155. Every execution for any penalty or forfeiture re- How execuissued for the violation of any of the provisions of this act, issue. in the violation of any by-law or ordinance of said city, may immediately on the rendition of the judgment, and shall summand the amount to be made of the property of the defendif any such can be found, and if not, to commit the defendto the county jail for any term not exceeding ninety days, mutil such execution shall have been paid and satisfied.

Sec. 156. The common council may direct any moneys that Council to may have been recovered for penalties or forfeitures under said sition of city ordinances, to be applied to the payment of any extra ex-penalties. penses that may have been incurred in apprehending offenders win subportaing or defraying the expenses of witnesses in any ait for such penalties or forfeitures, or in conducting such anile.

Sec. 157. All persons, being habitual drunkards, destitute, Who deemed and without any visible means of support, or who, being such habitual drunkards, shall abandon, neglect or refuse to aid in be support of their families, being complained of by such milies; all able bodied and sturdy beggars, who may apply in alms or solicit charity; all persons wandering abroad, lodging in watch-houses, out-houses, market places, sheds, stables, minhabited dwellings, or in the open air, and not giving a good account of themselves; all common brawlers and disturbers of the public quiet; all persons wandering abroad and begging, or who go about from door to door, or place them-

selves in streets, highways, passages, or ot public places. beg or receive alms within the city, shall be semed vagra and may, upon conviction before any justice of the pear said city, be sentenced to imprisonment in the county jet said county for any time not exceeding ninety days.

Who deemed disorderly persons.

Sec. 158. All persons who do run away, or threaten to away, or abandon their wives or children in the city of Lag or may neglect to provide, according to their means, for wives or children, are hereby declared to be disorderly per within the meaning of chapter forty-two of the complied of this State, and may be proceeded against as such in manner directed by said chapter; and it shall be the dut the magistrate before whom such person may be brought examination, to judge and determine from the facts and cumstances of the case, whether the conduct of such pa amounts to such threats or abandonment, or neglect to prov for his wife or children.

Board of health; council to appoint.

Sec. 159. It shall be the duty of the common council of city to appoint a board of health once in each year for city, to consist of not less than three nor more than set persons, and a competent physician to be health officer them

Duties of.

Sec. 160. The said board of health shall have power, and shall be their duty to take such measures as they may det effectual, to prevent the entrance of any pestilential or infl tious disease into the city, to stop, detain and examine, for the purpose, every person coming from any place infected, or lieved to be infected with such a disease; to establish, mai tain and regulate a pest house, or hospital, at some place with the city, or not exceeding three miles beyond its bounds; To send dis- cause any person not being a resident of the city, or if a resident eased pers'ns dent of the city, who is not an inhabitant of this State, a who shall be, or be suspected of being infected with any such disease, to be sent to such pest house or hospital; to cause any resident of the city, infected with any such disease, be removed to such pest house or hospital, if the health physician and two other physicians of the city, including

attending physi of the sick person, if he have one, a certify that the wowal of such resident is necessary for preservation of the public health; to remove from the city To remove festroy any furniture, wearing apparel, goods, wares or goods. erchandise, or other articles of property of any kind which be suspected of being tainted or infected with any pesmee, or which shall be, or be likely to pass into such a state generate or propagate dise ; to abate all nuisances of To abate description which are or n be injurious to the public nuisances. th, in any way and any manner they may deem expedient, from time to time to do all acts, make all regulations, pass edinances which they shall deem necessary or expedient the preservation of health and the suppression of disease time city, and to carry into effect and execute the powers min granted.

Sec. 161. The owner, driver, conductor, or person in charge Drivers of stage coach, railroad car, or other public conveyance to report ich shall enter the city, having on board any person sick of with maligsmalignant fever, or pestilential or infectious disease, shall, hin two hours after the arrival of such sick person, report, writing, the fact, with the name of such person and the was or place where he was put down in the city, to the mayor recome member of the board of health; and any and every reglect to comply with these provisions, or any of them, shall a misdemeanor, punishable with fine or imprisonment.

Bec. 162. Any person who shall knowingly bring, or procure, Persons ** cause to be brought into the city any property of any kind taint'd goods minted or infected with any malignant fever or pestilential or of misde intious disease, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 163. Every keeper of an inn, boarding house, or lodging Inn-keepers house in the city, who shall have in his house at any time a cases of sick; traveler, boatman or sailor, shall report the fact and the we of the person, in writing, within six hours after he came the house or was taken sick therein, to the mayor or some officer or member of the board of health. Every physician in

to be guilty

the city shall report, under his hand, to one of the office above named, the name, residence and disease of every page whom he shall have sick of any infectious or pestilential ease within six hours after he shall have visited such pati A violation of either of the provisions of this section, or part of either of them, shall be a misdemeanor, the fine m exceed one hundred dollars, nor the imprisonment six ma

Fines to belong to city.

Sec. 164. All the fines imposed under the last five sec of this act shall belong to the city, and when collected be paid into the city treasury.

Sec. 165. The common council shall have power to

such by-laws and ordinances as they from time to time

deem necessary and proper for the filling up, draining, d

ing, and regulating any grounds, yards, basins, slips, or et

Council to order yards, etc., to be filled up.

within said city that shall be sunken, damp, foul, encumb with filth and rubbish, or unwholesome, and for filling or all ing and amending all sinks and privies within the city, and directing the mode of constructing them in future, and cause all such work as may be necessary for the purpose an said, and for the preservation of the public health and cleanliness of said city, to be done and executed at the expen of the city corporation, on account of the persons respectively How exp'nse upon whom the same may be assessed, and for that purpose cause the expenses thereof to be estimated, assessed, and estimated lected, and the lands charged therewith to be sold, in case of non-payment, in the same manner as is provided by law respect to other public improvements within said city; and it all cases where the said by-laws and ordinances shall require anything to be done in respect to the property of several per sons, the expenses thereof may be included in one assessment and the several houses and lots in respect to which such & penses shall have been incurred shall be briefly described the assessment roll for general purposes of the city; and the sum of money assessed to the owner or occupant of any sua house or lot shall be the amount of money expended in mal ing such improvement upon such premises, together with

shall be paid

What am't of money may be assessed.

metable propose on of the expenses of assessing and collecting the moneys expende in making such improvements.

Sec. 166. Whenever in the opinion of the common council, council to order the cary building, fence, or any other erection of any kind, or any pulling down part thereof, is liable to fall down, and persons or property buildings.

The premises on which said building, fence, or other crection stands to take down the same, or any part thereof, within a reasonable time, to be fixed by their order, or immediately, as the case may require, or may immediately, in case the order is not complied with, cause the same to be taken from at the expense of the city, on account of the owner of the premises, and assess the same on the land on which it that the order, if not immediate in its terms, may be carred on any occupant of the premises, or be published in the city paper, as the common council shall direct.

Sec. 167. The said board of health shall have power to ap-Clerk of point a clerk, whose duty it shall be to attend the meetings health.

Thereof, and keep a record of its proceedings, and such record, er a duly certified copy of the same, or of any part thereof, shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein contained, in any court, or before any officer. The compensation of the Compensation of the the said board of health shall be fixed by said board of health, by and with the consent of the common council, and such compensation shall be paid in the same manner as the other expenses of said board.

Sec. 168. The members of said board of health shall receive Members of such compensation for their services as the common council health; compensation of health deem reasonable, to be paid from the general contingent pensation of.

Sec. 169. The common council, or the mayor or other officer Sureties of whose duty it shall be to judge of the sufficiency of the proposed sureties of any officer of whom a bond or instrument in writing may be required under the provisions of this act, shall examine into the sufficiency of such sureties, and shall require them to submit to an examination under oath, as to

their property; such oath may be administered by the mayor of any alderman of said city. The deposition of ____l surety had be reduced to writing, and signed by him, and certified by the officer taking the same, and annexed to and filed with the bond or instrument to which it relates.

Mayor may administer oaths. Sec. 170. The mayor or chairman of any committee, despecial committee of the common council, shall have power administer oaths or take any affidavit in respect to any matter pending before the common council or such committee.

Suits against officers.

Sec. 171. If any suit shall be commenced against any personal elected or appointed under this act to any office, for any address or against any person having done any thing or act by the command of any such officer, and if final judgment be read dered in such suit whereby such defendant shall be entitled to costs, he shall recover double costs in the manner defined by law.

Process; how served.

Sec. 172. All process issued against said city shall repaired against the city in the corporate name thereof, and such process shall be served by leaving a true and attested copy of such process with the mayor or clerk of said city at least ten days before the day of appearance mentioned therein.

School inspectors; duties of.

Sec. 173. The school inspectors to be elected under this so, together with the city clerk, who shall be ex officio school is spector, shall perform all the duties and be every way subject to the general laws of this State applicable to school inspectors.

First election; when and where held. Sec. 174. The first election under this act shall be on the first Monday of April, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine. The places of holding such election shall be as follows, to wit: In the first ward, at the Marshall House; in the second ward, at the store of Tuttle & Gregory; in the third ward, at the store of Vincent & Smith, and in the fourth ward, at the court house in said city. At the first election the following persons shall be inspectors of election, to wit: In the first ward, Wm. W. Stickney, Stewart Gorton and Samuel J. Tomlinson; in the second ward, Enoch J. White, Alexander McLennan and Columbus Tuttle; in

the third ward, Jonathan R. White, Shadrach N. Vincent and Syron C. Kenny; in the fourth ward, Alonzo S. Hatch, Ward **M. Jennings and Rodney G. Hart; and if the said inspectors** shall not be present at the time and place of said election, the electors present shall choose viva voce, a sufficient number to make the number three, from the electors present, which said impectors of election shall take the usual oath of office, and chall be clothed with all the powers of inspectors of elections under this act; no notice other than this act shall be necessary for said first election.

Sec. 175. This act shall be deemed a public act, and shall be Public act. favorably construed in all courts and places whatsoever, and all each or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof, me hereby repealed.

Sec. 176. For the purpose of having a correct registration of Board of the voters of said city at the said first election, the inspectors election, as herein appointed, shall constitute a board of registration for their respective wards, and they shall have the authority to examine the township registry for the township of Lapeer, and copy therefrom all names on said township registy, resident in said wards respectively, into registry books to be by them provided at the expense of the city, and which said registry board shall meet on the last Saturday before the first Monday in April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, the purpose of completing said registration of voters, and hall have the same powers as boards of registration now have, provided by the laws of this State.

Sec. 177. That the mayor of the city of Lapeer shall have Power of and is hereby invested with power to execute deeds of convey- execute ance to all persons who may, in their own right, hold certifi- conveyance, cates of purchase of land in the village of Lapeer, executed by the marshal of said village for delinquent taxes, in all cases where said lands are not redeemed in accordance with the laws of this State, and such deeds shall convey all the rights and interests that might have been conveyed if executed by the marshal of the village of Lapeer, if said village corporation of the 125-

village of Lapeer still remained in full force; and such executed by the mayor of the city of Lapeer, as aforesaid, be prima facie evidence of the regularity of the procee thereon.

Certificate of purchase;

Sec. 178. Upon the execution of a deed, as herein prov how dispos'd it shall be the duty of the mayor to write across the certi of purchase the words, "canceled by deed," and date the and sign his name officially thereto, which certificate she filed in the office of the city clerk. The mayor shall be all as a compensation for the services rendered and expens curred in the execution of said deeds, the sum of fifty for each deed, to be paid by the person requiring such ser

Right of appeal.

Sec. 179. Any person who shall conceive himself aggr by any determination of the common council as to the I sity of laying out, altering or discontinuing any hig within said city, or their award of damages, may, within days after the determination of said council in regard t same, appeal therefrom to the circuit court for the cour Lapeer, in accordance with the provisions of this act; and such appeal shall be in writing, signed by the appellan addressed to said common council and filed with the city and it shall be the duty of said city clerk, within ten days taking said appeal, to transmit all the files and records, or tified copies thereof, to the clerk of the circuit court fc county of Lapeer, and the city clerk shall be entitled, fees for transmitting said records to said county clerk, the of one dollar, which shall be paid by said appellant before transmission.

Clerk of circuit court to in calendar.

Sec. 180. The clerk of said circuit court shall enter sai enter appeal peal cause on the calendar, and said cause shall be notice trial in the same manner, as near as may be, as in appeal from justices' courts, and shall be tried and disposed of by circuit court in the same manner, as near as may be, as appeal cases: Provided, That if the decision, appraisal award of said council from which the appeal is taken be firmed, or if the award of damages shall be diminished,

Proviso.

in either case, the appellant shall pay the whole amount of interests of such appeal, said costs to be ascertained in the same manner as in other cases in the circuit court.

Sec. 181. All actions brought by said city to recover any pen-Actions to recover per latty for the violation of any of the by-laws or ordinances of alty; how brought.

This common council which shall be commenced by summons, whall be brought in the name of the city of Lapeer, and said benalties may be recovered by said city in an action of debt or action of trespass on the case, unless otherwise provided by this act.

Sec. 182. In case any person upon whom any tax may be Proceedings thressed in said city, or any ward thereof, on personal estate, of property has moved that have moved out of the ward into another ward of said from ward. ety, or from said city after the assessment, and before such tex ought by law, to be collected, it shall be lawful for such ward treasurer to levy and collect such tax of the personal property, goods and chattels of the person so assessed, in any city, or ward of a city, or in any other ward of said city, or in my township of said county to which such person may have removed, or in which he may reside; and if for any cause any tax assessed upon personal property shall not have been collected within the life of the warrant of such ward treasurer or treasurers, and the same shall have been returned as not paid, # shall be lawful for such ward treasurer or treasurers to serve meh person or persons against whom such tax is assessed, in he name of said city, in any court of competent jurisdiction, and the proceedings shall be conducted as near as may be in the same manner as is provided for the collection of taxes by township treasurers in sections forty-six, forty-seven and fortyeight of an act to provide for assessing property at its true value, and for levying and collecting taxes thereon, approved February fourteenth, one thousand eight hundred and fiftythree, being sections eight hundred and twenty-seven, eight madred and twenty-eight, eight hundred and twenty-nine and eight hundred and thirty of the complied laws.

Union school district described.

Sec. 183. Union school district of the city Lapeer shall include all of said city of Lapeer, and also the north-east quarter of section four, in town seven north, of range ten east, and east half of section thirty-three, and the east half of north-west quarter and south-west quarter of north-east quarter of section thirty-three, and the north-east quarter of section thirty-one, in town eight north, of range ten east, and the boundaries of the same may be altered or enlarged by the joint action of the school in spectors of the said city, and the act of the towns adjoining thereto, the same as other school districts are now by latered.

City to be liable for village debts.

Sec. 184. The said city of Lapeer shall be liable for all the debts owing by the village of Lapeer at the passage of the act, and all moneys in the hands of the treasurer of the village of Lapeer shall be paid into the hands of the treasurer of said city.

Sec. 185. This act is ordered to take effect immediately. Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 370.]

AN ACT to incorporate the village of Leslie.

Boundaries.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That all that tract of country situate in the township of Leslie, county of Ingham, in the State of Michigan, which is known and described as follows, to wit: the south half of section twenty-eight; and also the following described parcel of land, to wit: commencing at the center of aforementioned section twenty-eight, and running thence south about thirty rods, more or less, to the south line of lands owned by Gilbert L. Crumb, thence west to east line of Meeker road, (so called,) thence north on east line of said Meeker road, to east and west quarter line

If said section to y- it, thence east to place of beginning, in town number one north, of range number one west, and State of Michigan, be and the same is hereby constituted a village corporate by the name of the village of Leslie.

: Sec. 2. The officers of said village shall consist of a presi-village dent, recorder, treasurer, and three trustees, to be elected by a plarality of votes, by ballot, of inhabitants of said village having the qualifications of elect rs under the constitution of this State, and who shall hold their office for the term of one year, and until their successors an elected and qualified. And the common council of said vill are hereby authorized and empowered to appoint such other officers as may be necessary, miler the provisions of this act. The election of officers pro- Elections: wild for, shall be held at the Leslie hotel, in said village, on where held. second Monday in April next, and on the first Monday in Merch annually thereafter, and at such place in said village as the common council thereof may appoint for that purpose: Provided, That the neglect to hold such election at the time Proviso. bereinbefore named, shall not be deemed to work a dissolution of said corporation; but in such case it shall and may be lawful to hold such election at any time thereafter, pursuant to public notice, which may be given by five qualified electors of said village, by posting the same, containing the designation of the time and place thereof, in three of the most public places in said village, at least ten days before such election hall be held.

Sec. 3. At the first election to be held in said village under Judges and this act, there shall be chosen from the qualified electors there election.

Present, from among their number, viva voce, two judges and one clerk of said election, who, together, shall constitute the board of inspectors thereof, each of whom shall, before enter-Oath of. ingupon his office, take an oath before some person authorized to administer oaths, that he will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties thereof. The said board shall conduct Duties of. the said election — certify the result thereof; and at each and every election thereinafter to be held in said village, under

the provisions of this act, the common council of said village. shall be the board of inspectors thereof, and the recorder shall be be clerk of said board.

Polls; when opened and closed.

Poll list.

Canvage of votes.

Tie.

election.

Sec. 4. The polls of all elections in said village, under this act, shall be opened at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and shall be continued open until four o'clock in the afternoon of same day, except in the discretion of the board, they may de clare a recess of one hour between twelve o'clock at noon, and two in the afternoon. The name of each elector voting at such election shall be written in a poll list to be kept at such election by the clerk of the board of inspectors thereof; after the close of the polls of such election, the board of inspectors there shall proceed without delay, publicly to canvass the votes give as is provided by general law of [for] the canvass of votes township meetings, as relates to comparison of poll list will number of ballots, drawing lots in case two or more pe sons receive the same number of votes for the same office, and in all other matters of canvass, so far as the same shall be Certificate of applicable; upon the completion of each canvass, the board of inspectors present at such election shall make and file a certificate thereof in the office of the recorder of said village, within twenty-four hours after the close of said canvass, which certificate shall give the whole number of votes cast for such

Recorder to give notice of elections.

To notify persons of

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the recorder of said village to give ten days' public notice, in writing, in three public places in said village, of the time and place of holding all elections, both annual and special in said village; and no person shall be permitted to vote at any such election unless he is possessed of all the qualifications of an elector under the constitution of this State, and shall have been a resident of said village for ten days next immediately preceding the day of said election; the recorder of said village shall, within five days after the clostheir election, ing of the polls of any election, notify the officers elected thereat, respectively, of their election; and each of the officers

office, for whom they were given, and the name of the person

declared elected to each, either by lot or plurality of votes.

ed and notified shall, before entering upon the duties fice, take and subscribe an oath that he will support stitution of the United States, and the constitution of te, and that he will faithfully discharge the duties of e, and shall cause such oath to be filed with the of said village within ten days from the date of his

- If the qualifications of any person offering to vote at Inspectors to determine tion shall be questioned, the same shall be determined qualifications of electors. board of inspectors thereof, upon an examination of rson on his oath, which may be administered by any of the board; and any person who shall knowingly alsely upon any such examination, shall be deemed! perjury, and on conviction thereof, shall be liable to ishment provided for that crime by the laws of this
- . The president, recorder and trustees of said village Body cora body corporate and politic, with perpetual succession, politic. the powers of township boards, and with all the pown by the general law for the incorporation of villages State to boards of trustees or common councils of in addition to all special powers of this act, to be nd designated by the name and title of the village of und by that name they and their successors in office known in law, and by such name shall be, and they are nade capable of suing and being sued, of pleading and ipleaded, of answering and being answered unto, and ding and being defended in all courts of this State, other place whatsoever, of enforcing all the special of this act, and of the general act aforesaid for the inion of villages by boards of supervisors, and may have on seal, and may alter and change the same at pleasl by the same name shall be and are hereby made capaurchasing, holding, leasing, conveying and disposing eal or personal estate for the use and benefit of said ion.

Appointed officers.

Sec. 8. The common council shall have power to appoint a marshal, street commissioner, and such owner officers necessary under the provisions of this act for said village, whose elections are not herein provided for, to require of them such bonds in the faithful performance of their duties as they deem neces sary, and to dismiss them at pleasure. The officers so as pointed shall, before entering upon the duties of their off take and subscribe the oath of office hereinbefore provided a before the recorder, who is hereby authorized to administ the same.

Officers; powers and duties of president.

Sec. 9. It shall be the duty of the president to preside at meetings of the village council, and in case of his absence common council may appoint one of their number as preside pro tem.; and it shall be the duty of the recorder to attend such meetings, and keep a fair and accurate record of the proceedings, and his compensation for such service shall fifty cents for each meeting of said common council, and the same shall be in lieu of all other salary.

Recorder.

Treasurer to keep all moneys.

Sec. 10. It shall be the duty of the treasurer to act as collector of the village, to safely keep all moneys coming into his: hands belonging to the corporation, and to pay the same on; the order of the recorder, countersigned by the president, and at the expiration of his office, to hand over all moneys remain. ing in his hands, and all books and papers pertaining to his compensation office, to his successor, and his compensation shall be five parts cent. on all moneys of said village passing through his hands. and the same shall be in lieu of all other salary.

Marshal to be police constable.

of.

Sec. 11. The marshal shall be a police constable, and shall serve any and all papers that may be issued by the recorder es any other officer by virtue of this act of incorporation, and shall be entitled to demand and receive the same fees as are allowed and paid constables for similar services, and shall be entitled to the same privileges as are provided for constables in the discharge of their duties by the laws of this State; shall have the general supervision of the village and see that the laws are enforced; shall have the power to enter into any dis-

To have supervision of village.

orderly or gaming house, or dwelling house, or any other build- To arrest ing where he may have good reason to believe a felon, or any person who has committed a breach of the peace is being seexeted or harbored, or where any felony or breach of the peace sh offenders, disorderly peris being committed, to arrest sons or felons, and those engag in unlawful assemblages, and take them before any justice of the peace of the township of Leslie, who shall hear and determine the matter by proof, as merired by law; to compel the citizens to aid in extinguishing To compel fires, and to appoint deputies with powers similar to his own; and for all special duties of this act not provided for by the list of constables' fees, he shall receive such compensation as the common council may allow

See 12. The treasurer and marshal shall respectively, before Treasurer the exercise of the duties of their respective to take oath. effices, give such bond or security for the faithful discharge of the trust reposed in them, as the common council may direct er require.

Sec. 13. The president, recorder and trustees, when qualified common and assembled together, shall constitute the common council to constitute of the village of Leslie, and a majority of the whole shall be messary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of busimes, though a less number may adjourn from time to time; and the said common council shall hold their meetings at such when shall ine and place as they may from time to time appoint; and they shall have power to impose, levy and collect such fines (not exceeding five dollars for any one offense) as they may dem proper, for non-attendance of the officers and members bereof at any such meeting, and also to require the attendance any officer by them appointed, and to impose and collect similar fines for non-attendance.

Sec. 14. In case of the death, resignation or removal of the Vacancies president, recorder, or any of the trustees or treasurer, such in. death, resignation or removal shall be announced by the president or recorder to the members of the common council, who shall convene as soon as may be, and appoint from the author-126ized electors of said village, some person to fill the vacancy so created, except that by reason of such vacancy, there shall to be left a quorum of the common council, in which case, the re-" maining members of the common council shall call a special election, as is provided in section five, to fill such vacancies, setting forth in the notices of said election the offices vacant.

Sec. 15. The inhabitants of said village shall be liable to the

operation of any and all laws relating to township government;

Inhabitants to be liable to township government.

Council to levy taxes for streets. etc.

May take private property.

streets.

except so far as relates to laying out, altering, vacating and constructing streets, highways and bridges, and the labor to be performed thereon, and within the limits thereof; and the said common council are hereby vested with full power and authority to assess and levy such an amount of labor upon real and personal property in said village, as they may deem necessary to be performed upon the streets, highways and bridges in said village, and for that purpose they are hereby vested with the same power given by law to the commissioners of highways; also, for the purpose of laying out, altering and establishing lanes, alleys, sidewalks and water-courses in said village, shall have the same power of taking private property. for such purposes, (certifying the necessity for the same,) and awarding the damages thereon, as allowed to highway commissioners by act one hundred and sixty-three, of the session laws, and the acts amendatory thereof; and further, that their decision of the necessity to take and use the lands, as provided by said act, and their award of damages on the same, shall be final and subject to no appeal, and that the same, when completed, shall be certified by said common council, and filed with May lay out the recorder of said village; and further, that their power to so lay out, alter, establish and open, or cause to be opened, streets or highways within the limits of said village, shall not be limited to any particular time of the year, but that they may do the same at any time.

May levy and collect poll tax.

Sec. 16. The common council may levy and collect a poll tax, not exceeding one day's labor upon each person liable therefor by the laws of this State, and may levy and collect a

highway tax upon the real and personal property of said village, not exceeding one day for each one hundred dollars' valuation, and may provide for computation of poll and highway tax, at any sum not exceeding one dollar for each day's labor messed, or at their option may assess, levy and collect such poll and highway tax in money, at a sum not exceeding one dollar for each poll tax, or each one hundred dollars assessed, and make an ordinance, providing for the return of such tax assessed on real estate, occupied or unoccupied, and that Tax to be a lien on real estate, and cause the same estate.

The sold in the same manner as is hereinafter provided for, by this act, for the return of other taxes, and sale of lands for the same.

20. 17. The common council shall have full power and au-Common their to make by-laws and ordinances relative to the duties, pass laws relative to powers and fees of the marshal, street commissioner, and other Fees of effects; relative to the time and manner of working upon the officers. streets, lanes and alleys of said village; relative to the manner of assessing, levying and collecting all highway and other taxes; and the common council shall have the power to Nuisances. make by-laws and ordinances relative to all nuisances within the limits of said village and for the abatement of the mme, and for the punishment, by fine, of all persons occasioning the same; to construct sewers and reservoirs; to regulate sewers and the construction of private drains; to license all showmen; to express all games of chance and hazard; to compel the ownes of buildings to procure and keep in readiness such number of buckets and ladders as they may deem necessary; to com-chimneys, polithe owners or occupants of buildings to secure, in such manner as the common council may deem safe, all stove-pipes, tove thimbles, chimneys, or other fire liabilities; relative to the calling meetings of the electors of said village; relative to the Gunpowder keeping and sale of gunpowder in said village; relative to retraining swine, horses, cattle, geese, and other animals from ranning at large in the streets, lanes, alleys, and other public places in said village; to regulate and establish one or more Pounds.

pounds, for the confinement of such animals as are found ning at large in said village, and establish fees to be coll on the same.

Grading of streets,

Building of sidewalks.

Sec. 18. The common council of said village shall hav power to make all necessary rules and regulations relative the grading of any streets of said village and levying to the same; to order the building of any sidewalks and to mine the width and grade of the same, and the quality style of material used, allowing every owner or occup said village to construct his own front of said walk if he do so in conformity with the style, in all respects, order said common council, within sixty days from the date of order, otherwise the common council shall proceed to conthe same, levying the cost thereof upon the land adjoining same; and the tax so levied shall be collected by distressale, or returned as unpaid, and the premises thus retasold as hereinafter provided for other taxes.

Billiardj tables.

Disorderly houses.

Riots

Vagrants.

Fines and penalties,

Sec. 19. The common council shall have power to support or regulate all billiard tables and other gaming tables keep hire, gain or reward in said village; also, full power at thority to make all such by-laws and ordinances as the deem necessary for preventing or suppressing all disorded bad houses; for securing said village and the inhabitants the against fire; for the suppression of riots and gambling, at the punishment of the same; for the apprehension and punent of vagrants, drunkards and idle persons; and they have power and authority to make all such by-laws and nances as they shall deem necessary for the safety and government of such village and the inhabitants thereof, a impose all fines, penalties and forfeitures on all persons of ing against the same.

Liquors.

Sec. 20. The common council shall have the power to put the vending or giving away of any spirituous or ferm liquors, in any place within said village; to prohibit and late the sale of all goods, wares and personal property a tion, except in cases authorized by law; to license and

Auctions.

lete auctioneer, po dlers, traveling non-resident merchants, and pawnbrokers; to license and regulate all sports, exhi-Exhibitions. hitions, caravans, theatrical exhibitions, shows, concerts, sircuses, or other performances and exhibitions for money; regulate the buying, selling and using of fire-crackers, Fireworks, fre-works, and other combustible material; to restrain or Lighting mehibit the lighting of fires in the streets and other spen spaces of said village; to regulate the measurement of wood, and the weighing of hay; to appoint a sealer of weights and reights and measures; to prevent and punish immoderate diving in any of the streets of said village; to prevent the incombaring of the streets, sidewalks, alleys or public grounds; medier the setting out of shade and ornamental trees along Trees. the ine of the streets and sidewalks of said village, or in their option, to let jobs for the procuring, setting out and protecting me; to compel the owners or occupants of lots to clean Obstructions sidewalks in front and adjacent thereto, of snow, ice, dirt, and, boxes, or any incumbrance; to construct cross-walks, sewers or drains, assessing the cost of the same on the property in their judgment immediately benefited, or, at their option, on the whole assessed valuation of said village; to regulate all grave-yards and places of burial for said village.

Sec. 21. The corporation of the village of Leslie shall be corporation allowed the use of the common jail of the county of Ingham, use of county the imprisonment of all persons liable to imprisonment under the by-laws and ordinances of the common council, and all persons committed to jail by the recorder or any justice of the peace, for violation of any by-law or ordinance of said common council, shall be in the custody of the sheriff of the county, who shall safely keep the person so committed until awfully discharged, as in other cases: Provided, It shall be provise. Competent for said common council to construct and establish a lock-up for said village, in which to temporarily confine all persons in the hands of the marshal for offenses under this text, for a less time than ten days.

the provisions of this act, the common council of said village. shall be the board of inspectors thereof, and the recorder shall be clerk of said board.

Polls; when opened and closed.

Sec. 4. The polls of all elections in said village, under thi act, shall be opened at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and she be continued open until four o'clock in the afternoon of same day, except in the discretion of the board, they may det clare a recess of one hour between twelve o'clock at noon, an two in the afternoon. The name of each elector voting at suc election shall be written in a poll list to be kept at such election by the clerk of the board of inspectors thereof; after the close of the polls of such election, the board of inspectors there shall proceed without delay, publicly to canvass the votes give

Canvass of votes.

Poll list.

Tie.

election.

as is provided by general law of [for] the canvass of votes township meetings, as relates to comparison of poll list will number of ballots, drawing lots in case two or more pe sons receive the same number of votes for the same office, and in all other matters of canvass, so far as the same shall have Certificate of applicable; upon the completion of each canvass, the board of inspectors present at such election shall make and file a certificate thereof in the office of the recorder of said village, within. twenty-four hours after the close of said canvass, which certificate shall give the whole number of votes cast for such. office, for whom they were given, and the name of the person: declared elected to each, either by lot or plurality of votes.

Recorder to give notice of elections.

To notify persons of

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the recorder of said village to give ten days' public notice, in writing, in three public places in said village, of the time and place of holding all elections, both annual and special in said village; and no person shall be permitted to vote at any such election unless he is possessed d all the qualifications of an elector under the constitution of this State, and shall have been a resident of said village for ten days next immediately preceding the day of said election; the recorder of said village shall, within five days after the clostheir election, ing of the polls of any election, notify the officers elected thereat, respectively, of their election; and each of the officers

d his office, take and subscribe an oath that he will support the constitution of the United States, and the constitution of this State, and that he will faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall cause such oath to be filed with the theorder of said village within ten days from the date of his ideation.

*Sec. 6. If the qualifications of any person offering to vote at Inspectors to determine determined qualifications of electors. The board of inspectors thereof, upon an examination of the board of inspectors thereof, upon an examination of the person on his oath, which may be administered by any matches of the board; and any person who shall knowingly the falsely upon any such examination, shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and on conviction thereof, shall be liable to the punishment provided for that crime by the laws of this state.

Sec. 7. The president, recorder and trustees of said village Body corshall be a body corporate and politic, with perpetual succession, politic. with all the powers of township boards, and with all the powen given by the general law for the incorporation of villages of this State to boards of trustees or common councils of villages, in addition to all special powers of this act, to be known and designated by the name and title of the village of Leslie; and by that name they and their successors in office shall be known in law, and by such name shall be, and they are bareby made capable of suing and being sued, of pleading and being impleaded, of answering and being answered unto, and of defending and being defended in all courts of this State, and any other place whatsoever, of enforcing all the special powers of this act, and of the general act aforesaid for the inexperation of villages by boards of supervisors, and may have a common seal, and may alter and change the same at pleaswe; and by the same name shall be and are hereby made capable of purchasing, holding, leasing, conveying and disposing of any real or personal estate for the use and benefit of said corporation.

Appointed officers.

Sec. 8. The common council shall have post ar to appoint a marshal, street commissioner, and such outer officers necessary under the provisions of this act for said village, whose elections are not herein provided for, to require of them such bonds for the faithful performance of their duties as they deem necessi sary, and to dismiss them at pleasure. The officers so pointed shall, before entering upon the duties of their office take and subscribe the oath of office hereinbefore provided a before the recorder, who is hereby authorized to administ the same.

Officers; powers and duties of president.

Sec. 9. It shall be the duty of the president to preside at meetings of the village council, and in case of his absence common council may appoint one of their number as preside pro tem.; and it shall be the duty of the recorder to attend such meetings, and keep a fair and accurate record of the proceedings, and his compensation for such service shallfifty cents for each meeting of said common council, and the same shall be in lieu of all other salary.

Recorder.

Treasurer to keep all moneys.

Sec. 10. It shall be the duty of the treasurer to act as collector of the village, to safely keep all moneys coming into his. hands belonging to the corporation, and to pay the same on. the order of the recorder, countersigned by the president, and at the expiration of his office, to hand over all moneys remain. ing in his hands, and all books and papers pertaining to his compensation office, to his successor, and his compensation shall be five per a cent. on all moneys of said village passing through his hands. and the same shall be in lieu of all other salary.

Marshal to be police constable.

of.

Sec. 11. The marshal shall be a police constable, and shall serve any and all papers that may be issued by the recorder of any other officer by virtue of this act of incorporation, and shall be entitled to demand and receive the same fees as are allowed and paid constables for similar services, and shall be entitled to the same privileges as are provided for constables in the discharge of their duties by the laws of this State; shall have the general supervision of the village and see that the laws are enforced; shall have the power to enter into any dis-

To have supervision of village.

, or dwelling house, or any other build- To arrest orderly or gamin h ing where he may have good reason to believe a felon, or any person who has committed a breach of the peace is being seareted or harbored, or where any felony or breach of the peace is being committed, to arrest sh offenders, disorderly persens or felons, and those engaged in unlawful assemblages, and this them before any justice of the peace of the township of Leslie, who shall hear and de :mine the matter by proof, as required by law; to compel the citizens to aid in extinguishing To compel firs, and to appoint deputies with powers similar to his own; and for all special duties of this act not provided for by the is a constables' fees, he shall receive such compensation as the common council may allow.

See 12. The treasurer and marshal shall respectively, before Treasurer the enter upon the exercise of the duties of their respective to take oath. effect, give such bond or security for the faithful discharge of the trust reposed in them, as the common council may direct or require.

Sec. 13. The president, recorder and trustees, when qualified Common and assembled together, shall constitute the common council to constitute of the village of Leslie, and a majority of the whole shall be messary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of busimes, though a less number may adjourn from time to time; and the said common council shall hold their meetings at such when shall ine and place as they may from time to time appoint; and by shall have power to impose, levy and collect such fines (not exceeding five dollars for any one offense) as they may dem proper, for non-attendance of the officers and members bereof at any such meeting, and also to require the attendance d any officer by them appointed, and to impose and collect **imilar fines for non-attendance.**

Sec. 14. In case of the death, resignation or removal of the Vacancies president, recorder, or any of the trustees or treasurer, such in. death, resignation or removal shall be announced by the president or recorder to the members of the common council, who shall convene as soon as may be, and appoint from the author-

ized electors of said village, some person to fill the vacancy so created, except that by reason of such vacancy, there shall to be left a quorum of the common council, in which case, the remaining members of the common council shall call a special election, as is provided in section five, to fill such vacancies, setting forth in the notices of said election the offices vacant.

Sec. 15. The inhabitants of said village shall be liable to the

operation of any and all laws relating to township government;

except so far as relates to laying out, altering, vacating and

constructing streets, highways and bridges, and the labor w

be performed thereon, and within the limits thereof; and the

said common council are hereby vested with full power and

authority to assess and levy such an amount of labor upon the

real and personal property in said village, as they may decin

necessary to be performed upon the streets, highways

bridges in said village, and for that purpose they are hereigh

vested with the same power given by law to the commissioners

of highways; also, for the purpose of laying out, altering and

Inhabitants to be liable 'to township government.

Council to levy taxes for streets, etc.

May take private property.

streets.

establishing lanes, alleys, sidewalks and water-courses in said village, shall have the same power of taking private property for such purposes, (certifying the necessity for the same,) and awarding the damages thereon, as allowed to highway commissioners by act one hundred and sixty-three, of the session laws, and the acts amendatory thereof; and further, that their decision of the necessity to take and use the lands, as provided by said act, and their award of damages on the same, shall be final and subject to no appeal, and that the same, when completed, shall be certified by said common council, and filed with May lay out the recorder of said village; and further, that their power to so lay out, alter, establish and open, or cause to be opened, streets or highways within the limits of said village, shall not be limited to any particular time of the year, but that they may do the same at any time.

Sec. 16. The common council may levy and collect a poll tax, not exceeding one day's labor upon each person liable therefor by the laws of this State, and may levy and collect a

May levy and collect poll tax.

highway tax up in the real and personal property of said village, not exceeding one day for each one hundred dollars' valuation, and may provide for computation of poll and highway tax, at any sum not exceeding one dollar for each day's labor messed, or at their option may assess, levy and collect such poll and highway tax in money, at a sum not exceeding one dollar for each poll tax, or each one hundred dollars assessed, and make an ordinance, providing for the return of such taxs assessed on real estate, occupied or unoccupied, and that Tax to be a lien on real estate, and cause the same estate. To be sold in the same manner as is hereinafter provided for, the this act, for the return of other taxes, and sale of lands for the mane.

2. 17. The common council shall have full power and au-common theity to make by-laws and ordinances relative to the duties, pass laws powers and fees of the marshal, street commissioner, and other Fees of cheers; relative to the time and manner of working upon the officers. thests, lanes and alleys of said village; relative to the manner d assessing, levying and collecting all highway and other taxes; and the common council shall have the power to Nuisances. make by-laws and ordinances relative to all nuisances within the limits of said village and for the abatement of the mme, and for the punishment, by fine, of all persons occasioning the same; to construct sewers and reservoirs; to regulate Sewers and be construction of private drains; to license all showmen; to suppress all games of chance and hazard; to compel the ownes ef buildings to procure and keep in readiness such number of buckets and ladders as they may deem necessary; to com-chimneys, polithe owners or occupants of buildings to secure, in such manner as the common council may deem safe, all stove-pipes, tove thimbles, chimneys, or other fire liabilities; relative to the calling meetings of the electors of said village; relative to the Gunpowder keeping and sale of gunpowder in said village; relative to retraining swine, horses, cattle, geese, and other animals from ranning at large in the streets, lanes, alleys, and other public places in said village; to regulate and establish one or more rounds.

pounds, for the confinement of such animals as are founding at large in said village, and establish fees to be colon the same.

Grading of streets.

Building of sidewalks.

Sec. 18. The common council of said village shall have power to make all necessary rules and regulations relative the grading of any streets of said village and levying to the same; to order the building of any sidewalks and to mine the width and grade of the same, and the qualitic style of material used, allowing every owner or occup said village to construct his own front of said walk if he do so in conformity with the style, in all respects, order said common council, within sixty days from the date of order, otherwise the common council shall proceed to conthe same, levying the cost thereof upon the land adjoining same; and the tax so levied shall be collected by distressale, or returned as unpaid, and the premises thus returned as hereinafter provided for other taxes.

Billiardi tables.

Disorderly houses.

Riots

Vagranta.

Fines and penalties,

Sec. 19. The common council shall have power to super regulate all billiard tables and other gaming tables ke hire, gain or reward in said village; also, full power as thority to make all such by-laws and ordinances as the deem necessary for preventing or suppressing all disorded bad houses; for securing said village and the inhabitants to against fire; for the suppression of riots and gambling, at the punishment of the same; for the apprehension and punent of vagrants, drunkards and idle persons; and they have power and authority to make all such by-laws and nances as they shall deem necessary for the safety and government of such village and the inhabitants thereof, impose all fines, penalties and forfeitures on all persons of ing against the same.

Liquors.

Sec. 20. The common council shall have the power to p the vending or giving away of any spirituous or fern liquors, in any place within said village; to prohibit and late the sale of all goods, wares and personal property a tion, except in cases authorized by law; to license and

Auctions.

lete auctiones illers, traveling non-resident merchants, and pawnbrokers; to license and regulate all sports, exhi-Exhibitions. titions, caravans, theatrical exhibitions, shows, concerts, drouses, or other performances and exhibitions for money; to regulate the buying, selling and using of fire-crackers, Fireworks. fre-works, and other combustible material; to restrain or Lighting prohibit the lighting of fires in the streets and other epen spaces of said village; to regulate the measurement of fre-wood, and the weighing of hay; to appoint a sealer of Weights and wights and measures; to prevent and punish immoderate diving in any of the streets of said village; to prevent the intembering of the streets, sidewalks, alleys or public grounds; hender the setting out of shade and ornamental trees along Trees. the line of the streets and sidewalks of said village, or in their extion, to let jobs for the procuring, setting out and protecting the same; to compel the owners or occupants of lots to clean obstructions sidewalks in front and adjacent thereto, of snow, ice, dirt, mad, boxes, or any incumbrance; to construct cross-walks, sewers or drains, assessing the cost of the same on the property in their judgment immediately benefited, or, at their option, on the whole assessed valuation of said village; to regulate all grave-yards and places of burial for said village.

sec. 21. The corporation of the village of Leslie shall be corporation allowed the use of the common jail of the county of Ingham, use of country the imprisonment of all pears liable to imprisonment under the by-laws and ordinar is of the common council, and persons committed to jail by the recorder or any justice of the peace, for violation of is y by-law or ordinance of said common council, shall be in the custody of the sheriff of the country, who shall safely keep the person so committed until lawfully discharged, as in other cases: Provided, It shall be provise. competent for said common council to construct and establish a lock-up for said village, in which to temporarily confine all persons in the hands of the marshal for offenses under this set, for a less time than ten days.

Justices of the peace; powers and duties of.

Sec. 22. Any justice of the peace of the township of I is hereby authorized and empowered to inquire of, hear, try, and determine in a summary manner, all the offenses v shall be committed within the limits of said village, agains of the by-laws, ordinances, or regulations that shall be r ordained or established by the said common council, in p ance of the powers granted to them in this act, and to pa the offenders as the by-laws, ordinances or regulations prescribe or direct: Provided always, That any person, charge of violating any of the by-laws, ordinances or re tions aforesaid, may demand and have a trial by jury, either party may appeal to the circuit court of Ingham co

Compensat'n of council.

Proviso.

Sec. 23. The president and trustees shall not receive pecuniary compensation for the performance of the d assigned them by this act, except as especially provided.

Annual statement.

Sec. 24. The common council shall, at the expiration of year, cause to be published a just and true statement (moneys received or expended by them in their corp capacity during the year next preceding such publication, the disposition thereof; previous to which they shall settle audit the accounts of the treasurer, marshal, street con sioner, and all other officers and persons having claims ag contents of the said village or accounts with it, and shall make out in d a statement of all receipts and expenditures, which state shall fully specify all the appropriations made by the com council, the objects and purposes for which the same made, the moneys expended under each appropriation, amount of taxes raised, the amount of contingent expe the amount expended on highways and streets, and all information as shall be necessary to a full and perfect w standing of all the financial concerns of said village.

Citizens to be compet'nt as jurors.

Sec. 25. In all processes, prosecutions and other process wherein the common council of said village, shall be a r no citizen of said village shall be deemed an incompetent or witness on account of the interest of said citizen in the such process [or] proceeding: Provided, That such interest Proviso.

conly that which is common with the citizens of said village.

Sec. 26. Whenever any action or suit [shall] be commenced Process ag'st corporation; painst the corporation, process against such corporation shall how served.

e served by leaving a copy of such process, attested by a proper officer, with the recorder of said corporation, or at his small place of business therein, whose duty it shall be forthwith to inform the president and trustees thereof: Provided, Proviso.

That the said process shall be by summons, and a copy thereof left with the recorder at least within ten days before the return by thereof.

Sec. 27. The common council shall have full power and Power of authority to levy and collect a capitation or poll tax, and a high-collect taxes. way tax, as hereinbefore provided; also, all taxes for all and my improvement the common council are by this act authorind to make, in the manner provided, or are by the general in of this State for the incorporation of villages authorized make, and also all taxes on real and personal property (not by general law exempt) within the limits of said village necesmy to defray the expenses thereof: Provided, The said taxes Proviso massessed and collected shall not exceed, in any one year, one per cent. upon the valuation of said real and personal property, websive of the sidewalk, grade and highway and poll tax, tax the construction of wells or cisterns, and for the construcin of a lock-up and pound; and every assessment of taxes bufully laid and imposed by the said common council upon lands, tenements, hereditaments, or premises whatsoever in wid village, shall be and remain a lien upon said lands, tenements and hereditaments from the time of making such assesswent or imposing such tax, until paid; and the owner or occuparts, or parties in interest respectively in said real estate, shall be liable, upon demand, to pay every such assessment or tax to be made as aforesaid.

Sec. 28. It shall be the duty of the supervisor of said town-supervisor to take astronomy assessor of sessment of township.

Mid village, to take the assessment of said village at the time

and in the manner he takes the assessment of said townsh all respects the same, and annex thereto the usual certif and file the same in the office of the recorder of said viller or before the second Monday in May in each year, for w service he may present an account for consideration allowance to the common council of said village.

Sec. 29. The common council of said village shall be in

Council to appoint time for reviewing sion during the usual business hours of Wednesday next

ceeding the second Monday of May, for the purpose of re of the said assessment roll, and the hearing of any person sidering himself aggrieved by the assessment made by supervisor as aforesaid; and the common council are he authorized, upon sufficient cause shown, to reduce or inc said valuations as assessed; and when so corrected, said mon council shall annex a certificate to said assessment to be signed by the president and recorder, that said roll been revised and corrected by them, which said certif

shall be prima facie evidence of the regularity of the as

To make Decessary corrections.

Sec. 30. It shall be the duty of the recorder of said vil Recorder to make statement of taxes on or before the first Monday of October of each year, to der to the president a complete statement, in writing, c the local or general taxes authorized by the common co for the current year, together with all the information neces

ment of said village.

to the correct levy of the same.

President to complete roll to treasurer.

Sec. 31. It shall be the duty of the president to spread 1 and deliver the assessment roll aforesaid, all the general and local t authorized by the common council of said village for the rent year, in accordance with the by-laws, regulations or nances of said common council attached to the same, and the proper warrant for the collection of the taxes the levied, and deliver the same to the treasurer at the time scribed by law for the delivery of the township tax roll to township treasurer, who shall proceed to collect the sam the time allowed by law to township treasurer's for the oc tion of taxes; and if any person shall refuse or neglect to

or she shall be taxed or assessed a sum or sum saforesaid, the treasurer is he eby authorized and required to Distress and wy the same by distress and s 3 of the goods and chattels of for taxes. ne person who ought in law to the same, first giving noise thereof, as is required by v to be given by township reasurers; and in case the goo and chattels distressed shall sold for more than the amount of the tax or assessment, with the charges of distress and sale, the surplus shall be paid the owner of such goods as d chattels, on demand; and in Return and the treasurer shall be una le to collect the taxes assessed taxes m any real estate, he shall n ke a return thereof, with the meant due and unpaid on h description, and said tax Amester shall be a lien on t ae, as hereafter provided. For spreading the taxes as afor 1, the president shall be entitled to receive one dollar d fifty cents per day for the iline actually employed.

besides. 32. The taxes so levied for village purposes (whether taxes to remain a lien upon the property on property.

In which the same was levied, to the same extent, and in like manner as taxes required by law to be levied on property in the several townships of this State are liens upon such property; and all provisions of law respecting the return and sale of real estate for the non-payment of taxes for State, county and township purposes, shall apply to the return and sale of real estate for the non-payment of such village taxes, the treasmer of the county of Ingham being hereby authorized and directed to receive the return of all such taxes, and apply the provisions of the general law to the same.

Sec. 33. The net proceeds of the sales of all real estate delin-Proceeds of sales of desales of non-payment of said village taxes shall be paid to linquent property to the treasurer of said village by the treasurer of the county of be paid to treasurer.

Ingham whenever required by the village treasurer; and the proceeds of all sums paid to the treasurer of the county of the treasurer of the county of the said, on account of property within said village, whereas deling not for non-payment of village taxes shall, in the manner, be to said village treasurer.

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Power of council to companies.

Sec. 34. The common council shall have authority to est organize are lish and organize all such fire companies, and hose and h and ladder companies, and provide them with engines 1 other instruments, as shall be necessary to extinguish fires, preserve the property of the inhabitants of said village in conflagrations; to appoint from among the inhabitants of a village such number of men, willing to accept, as may deemed proper and necessary to be employed as firemen; prevent the erection of buildings in an unsafe manner, pass all necessary regulations to buildings deemed by · unsafe as to risk by fire, or otherwise.

Public act.

Sec. 35. This act shall be favorably construed and recei in all courts as a public act, and copies thereof, printed un authority of the Legislature, shall be received without furl proof.

Who eligible to office.

Sec. 36. No person shall be eligible to any office, under act, unless he shall have resided in said village six months: preceding his election, nor unless he shall be entitled to therein.

Sec. 37. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 371.]

AN ACT to incorporate the village of Milford.

ARTICLE L

OF THE BOUNDARIES OF SAID VILLAGE.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, I Boundaries. all of that certain tract of land situate in the county of O land, and State of Michigan, being in township number: north, of range number seven east, and described as folk to wit: the south fourth of the west three-fourths of sec two, the south fourth of the east three-four hs of section th the east three-fourths of section ten, the wast three-fourths petion eleven, the north fourth of the west three-fourths of Ibid.

Section fourteen, and the north fourth of the east three-fourths

section fifteen, being one and one-half miles square, shall

known and designated as the village of Milford.

Sec. 2. The inhabitants, resident within the boundaries Body corporated, are hereby declared to be a corporation, and shall politic.

The vilue of Milford," and by that name they and their successors and have perpetual succession, capable in law of suing and being sued, complaining and defending in any court of law or pairty, and may make and use a common seal, and alter the lame at pleasure; and shall also have power to purchase, hold and convey such real and personal estate as the purposes of the imporation may require.

ARTICLE II.

Sec. 1. The officers of said village shall be a president, village officers. ix trustees, one clerk, one marshal, who shall also be collector of taxes and assessments, one treasurer, one assessor, and such other officers, to be appointed as hereinafter provided, as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.

ARTICLE III.

OF THE ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

Sec. 1. The inhabitants of said village, having the qualitime and feations of electors under the constitution of this State, shall holding election. meet at the place of holding the annual township meeting in the township of Milford, in said county of Oakland, in April, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, on the second Monday of April, A. D. eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, and there proceed to elect one president and three trustees, who shall severally hold their office for one year; also three trustees, who shall severally hold their office for two years; and the inspectors of such election shall certify thereto accordingly immediately after the canva shall be finished.

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

Judges and clerk of election.

Sec. 2. At the first election to be held in aid village, un this act, there shall be chosen by the qualified electors this present, from among their number, two judges and one ch of said election, who, together, shall constitute the board inspectors thereof, each of whom shall, before entering up his office, take an oath before some person authorized to minister oaths, that he will faithfully and impartially dischar

Oaths of.

Duties of. • the duties thereof. The said board shall conduct the election and certify the result thereof; and at each and ex election thereafter to be held in said village, under the p visions of this act, the common council of said village shall the board of inspectors thereof, and the clerk of said ville shall be the clerk of such board.

Polls; when to be open'd and closed.

Sec. 3. The polls of all elections in said village, under t act, shall be opened at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continued open until four o'clock in the afternoon of said d and no longer. The name of each elector voting at such el tion shall be written in a poll list, to be kept at such elect by the clerk of the board of inspectors thereof. After

count ballots

Inspectors to close of the polls of such election, the board of inspect thereof shall proceed, without delay, publicly to count the t lots, unopened, and if the number of ballots so counted at exceed the number of electors' names contained in the r list, the president, if present, and if not, then some of member of the board of inspectors of such election, shall de out and destroy, unopened, so many of the ballots as at amount to the excess; and if two or more ballots shall found rolled or folded together, they shall not be count and thereupon the board of inspectors present at such elect shall proceed immediately and publicly to canvass and estimate the votes given at such election, and shall complete said e mate on the same day, and shall certify and declare the num of votes given for each officer, the names of the persons whom such votes for such office were given, and the number of votes so given for each person, and shall make and fil certificate thereof in the office of the clerk of said ville

Declare result of election_

sithin twenty-four hours after the close of said canvass; and the person having the greatest number of votes for any office, hall be declared duly elected to such office; and if two or Tie; how more persons shall have an equal number of votes for the game office, the board of inspectors of such election shall preyere as many slips of paper of equal size, as there are of perstars having an equal number of votes, and shall write the same of one of said persons on each of said slips, and put the mme together in a box, and one of said board shall be blindhided, and proceed to draw from said box the said slip, and the person whose name shall be first drawn therefrom shall be declared duly elected.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the clerk of said village to Clerk to give give five days' public notice in three public places in said vil-elections. has, of the time and place of holding all elections, both anand special in said village, succeeding the one described in section one of this article; said notices may be written or printed, or partly written and partly printed; and no person shall be permitted to vote at any such election unless he is possessed of all the qualifications of an elector under the constitution of this State, and shall have been a resident of said village for ten days next immediately preceding the day of such election. The clerk of said village shall, within five days after the clos- To notify ing of the polls of any election, notify the officers elected persons of their election. thereat, respectively, of their election; and each of the officers officers to melected and notified shall, before entering upon the duties take oath. of his office, take and subscribe an oath that he will support the constitution of the United States, and the constitution of this State, and that he will faithfully discharge the duties of his office, and shall cause a certificate of such oath to be filed with the clerk of said village within ten days after he shall have been notified of his election. If the qualification of any person Board of inoffering to vote at such election shall be questioned, the same determine shall be determined by the board of inspectors thereof, upon of electors. an examination of such person thereto on his oath, which may by any member of said board; and any perbe administer

qualificat'ns

son who shall swear falsely upon any such examination, shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and on conviction thereof shall be liable to the punishment provided for that crime by laws of the State.

Time of holding an-

appointed

time.

Sec. 5. Elections for officers, after the one described in see nual electins tion one of this article, shall be held on the first Monday of March, in each year, at such places as shall be designated by the board of trustees, except as provided for in the first see Proceedings tion; but if an election of the officers of said village shall not when elect'n is not held at be held on the day when, pursuant to this act it should be held, the said corporation shall not for that cause be dissolved and it shall be lawful to hold such election at any time them after, public notice being given as prescribed by this act in

ARTICLE IV.

the holding of the regular election.

OF THE QUALIFICATIONS OF OFFICERS.

Who eligible to office.

Sec. 1. No person shall be eligible to any office in this cor poration, unless he shall have resided in said village six month next preceding his election, and shall be entitled to vote thereis

Trustees not to become interested in

Sec. 2. No member of the board of trustees, during his con surety, or be tinuance in office, shall become security for the performance of any contract any official act or duty to be done or performed by any person elected or appointed to any office under the provisions of this act, and during the term for which he may be elected a member of said board, he shall not be interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract or purchase, the expense or consideration whereof is to be paid out of the village treasury.

Appointed officers.

Sec. 3. No officer appointed by the president and trusted shall hold his office more than one year, or until his successor is appointed, and the president and trustees may require 0 any of them such security, by bond, for the performance of the duties of their respective offices, as shall be thought expedien which bond shall run to the treasurer of the corporation, at his successor in office, and suit may be brought for any breac mane of "The village of Milford," as in How suit against may against may against may against may be brought.

The cases, become any justice of the peace, or the circuit be brought.

The courts are hereby authorized to hear, try and determine the

ARTICLE V.

OF THE PRESIDENT OF SAID VILLAGE.

- Sec. 1. The president shall be ex officio a member of the Officers; powers and trustees, and have the power and be subject to the duties of president.

 The duties and responsibilities of a trustee.
- Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the president to preside at the To preside at meetings of the board of trustees, call special meetings of the trustees. trustees whenever he shall deem it expedient, or it shall be demanded in writing for any specific purpose, by three of the trustees, or twenty electors of said village.
- Sec. 3. The president shall preside at all elections held to preside at elections. and by virtue of this act.
- Sec. 4. The president shall see that all the by-laws, rules, To enforce by-laws, regulations and ordinances of said village are faithfully enforced, ulations, etc. and prosecute, in the name of "the village of Milford," all offenders against the same, and for all penalties and forfeitures incurred under the provisions of this act, or under any of the by-laws, rules, regulations or ordinances passed by virtue thereof.
- Sec. 5. He shall receive and lay before the board of trustees, To lay reports of all officers who may be required to make trustees.

 Such reports, and, in connection therewith, suggest the passage of such measures as in his judgment the necessities of the village may require.
- Sec. 6. He shall appoint, by and with the consent of the To appoint of trustees, one clerk, one marshal, one treasurer, one assessor, two or more fire-wardens, and such other officers as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act, and for the preservation and maintenance of the public peace and good

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

Proviso.

order, not otherwise provided for in this: Provided, That no officer so appointed shall hold his office: a longer term than during the official term of the president so appointing him, or until his successor in office is appointed.

To have control of public property.

Sec. 7. The president shall inspect and have the supervising control of the public property belonging to said village, and see that the same is properly cared for and kept in order.

ARTICLE VI.

OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Board of trustees may pass laws relative to—

Sec. 1. The board of trustees shall have the control and management of all the finances, and of all the real and persons property belonging to the corporation, and shall examine an settle all accounts chargeable against the village.

Sec. 2. The board of trustees shall have full power, within said village:

Village officers.

First. To declare and define the powers and duties of the officers of said village, whose powers and duties are not specifically prescribed in this act.

Official bonds.

Second. To determine the amount and sufficiency of the sureties in the official bonds of the treasurer, marshal, and such other officers as they shall deem proper to require security from, in the discharge of official duty.

Public property.

Third. To provide for the care, custody and preservation of the public property of said village.

Duties of officers.

Fourth. To see that the several officers of the village perform their duties faithfully and correctly, and that proper measures are taken to punish neglect of duty in any of them.

Fire engines.

Fifth. To purchase and keep in order, fire engines and other fire apparatus, and to make all needful rules and regulations for the safe keeping of the same, and to organize a fire department and define their duties, and prescribe penalties for their delinquencies.

Fire limits.

Sixth. To establish fire limits, within which no wooden building shall be built, enlarged or placed; to regulate party walls,

himneys, flues to reg- Hazardous and ap buildings. into the construction of smith sh . mi b ments. mheries, and other buildings co d dous; to Fires. h guard against fires, and to com of lots, or owners compants of buildings, in such por of the village as they shall deem best, to provide one or more fire buckets, and to regulate the keeping of the same.

and good order; to establish a d maintain a competent police; to suppress, restrain and close up all disorderly houses, houses Houses of ill-fame. It is a many other device or instrument for gaming, and to punish the keepers of the or ordinance of said village; to cause vagrants, idlers, dis-vagrants. The or ordinance of said village; to cause vagrants, idlers, dis-vagrants. The or ordinance of said village; to cause vagrants, idlers, dis-vagrants. The ordinance of said village; to cause vagrants, idlers, dis-vagrants. The ordinance of said village; to cause vagrants, idlers, dis-vagrants. The ordinance of said village; to cause vagrants, idlers, dis-vagrants. The ordinance of said village; to cause vagrants, idlers, dis-vagrants. The ordinance of said village; to be apprehended and punished.

Righth. To prevent the selling or giving away of spirituous Liquors. or termented liquors; to regulate or suppress billiard tables and bowling alleys.

Ninth. To prevent and punish immoderate riding or driving Fast driving. in the streets, and to provide penalties for leaving teams in the streets unfastened.

Tenth. To license and regulate theaters, shows, traveling shows. concerts, auctioneers or auction sales, gift enterprises, hawkers, backsters, peddlers and pawnbrokers, or prohibit them from soliciting patronage of the community within the limits of said village.

Eleventh. To prevent and remove nuisances, and to punish Nuisances.

Persons for committing the same.

Theifth. To compel the owners or occupants of lots to clean Clearing of the sidewalks in front of and adjacent thereto, of snow, ice, sidewalks. Left, and every incumbrance or obstruction.

Thirteenth. To regulate the storage of powder, naptha, Powder.

**Tro-glycerine combustible oils, lumber, and other combustible

**Transportation of the combustible oils, lumber, and other combustible oils.

Fire-arms.

Fourteenth. To prevent the use of -arı re-works, slung shots, metal knuckles and other weapous.

Markets.

Fifteenth. To regulate mark is for the sale of poultry, ment vegetables, fruit, fish, hay, wood, lime, and lumber.

Cattle.

Sixteenth. To restrain horses, cattle, sheep, swine, mules and other animals, geese and other fowls, from going at large in the streets of said village, under such penalties as they shall, the by-laws, prescribe, and to establish and maintain pound for the restraint of such animals or fowls running at large to violation of any by-law, rule, regulation or ordinance of will village, and to make all needful rules and regulations for the effective use of the same.

Dogs.

Seventeenth. To prevent the running at large of dogs, to requit them to be muzzled, and to authorize their destruction, if four at large in violation of any ordinance of said village.

Lamps.

Eighteenth. To erect lamps, and cause the public grounds, and such of the streets of said village as they shall deem proper, to be lighted at such times as in their judgment the wants and interests of the village may require.

Building lines. Nineteenth. To establish lines upon which buildings may be erected, and beyond which such buildings shall not extend.

Unsafe buildings. Twentieth. To prevent the erection and provide for the removal of all buildings deemed unsafe.

Hitching posts.

Twenty-first. To regulate the placing and provide for the preservation of horse posts and shade trees.

Trustees to be commissioners of highways. Sec. 3. The board of truste s shall be the commissioners of highways within the limits of said village, and as such may are ercise all the powers that now are granted to commissioners of streets and highways in the several townships of this State, to gether with such other power as may be necessary to carry to the provisions of this act, and may appoint one or more overseers of streets and highways as they shall deem best.

May order building of sewers. Sec. 4. The board of trustees shall, upon the petition is writing, of a majority of the property-owners along the line any proposed work, praying for the area, direct the building sewers along the line of, or order and an atend the gradit

tany street, highway, alley or lane in said village, and assess Assess expenses on the cost and expenses thereof upon the lots lying on either adjoining ide of and adjoining the said work, in the proportion that the rontage of each lot shall bear to the whole frontage of all the the upon which the cost of said work is to be assessed; they shall also have full power and authority to provide for making, prestructing and repairing all sidewalks and cross-walks in said sidewalks and cross-walks in said sidewalks and expenses of the same by pressment on the owners or occupants of the lots, lands and summisses in front of which sidewalks may be directed to be prede, constructed or repaired: Provided, That all assessments Proviso. The cross-walks shall be made upon the premises in the block of said cross-walks, from the corner to the center of the front and side of said block.

Sec. 5. The board of trustees may take the land of any in-May take private wideling or extend-property for widening any highway, street, alley, lane, ditch, drain or sewer, but streets.

101 anticle nineteen of this act.

Sec. 6. The board of trustees may, at any time during the order tences removed.

year, exercise the power of ordering fences to be removed, or of opening, widening and extending any highway, street, alley or lane within said village.

Sec. 7. And for the purposes enumerated, or any of them, Modify and repeal rules of for executing any of the powers conferred upon said board of trustees by this act, the board of trustees may make, establish and publish, modify, amend and repeal by-laws, rules, regulations and ordinances, and prescribe such penalties or fines Prescribe fines and they may deem proper for the violation of the same, not expenalties. The same are the penalties or fines penalties. The same are the penalties of the same are the penalties or fines and penalties or fines and the same are the same against any person guilty of such violation, in any court having jurisdiction of such cases; but all such by-laws, rules, regulations and ordinances shall be published at least for two successive weeks

before the same shall be considered as of force, or binding the inhabitants of said village.

ARTICLE VII.

OF THE CLERK OF SAID VILLAGE.

Sec. 1. The clerk shall attend and act as such at all v. Clerk to attend all village electr's elections in said village, and all meetings of the boa trustees, record their proceedings, file, preserve and ke books and papers belonging to said corporation and apper ing to his office, preserve and take charge of the corporate attend to the publication of all by-laws, ordinances, rules ulations and notices, as the board of trustees shall direct.

To keep poll list

Sec. 2. The clerk shall keep a poll list of every election under this act, and notify all persons of their electic appointment to office, within five days thereafter.

To give notice of elections.

Sec. 3. The clerk shall give at least five days' notice o time and place of holding elections under this act.

To keep books and for public inspection.

Sec. 4. The books and papers in the office of said clerk papers open at all times, on demand, be produced for inspection to all tors and taxable inhabitants of said village; and upon de and tender of fees at the rate of ten cents per folio therefo shall make and furnish a certified copy or transcript of paper or record, filed or kept by him as such clerk; copi all papers duly filed in his office, and transcripts from records of the proceedings of the board of trustees, cer by him under the corporate seal, shall be evidence in all c of this State, in like manner as if the original were produ

Clerk pro tem.

Sec. 5. In case of the absence of the clerk from any o meetings or elections at which he is required to officiat duty upon such occasions shall be performed by such pers the board of trustees shall for the time designate.

ARTICLE VIIL

OF THE MARSHAL OF SAID VILLAGE.

- Sec. 1. The marshal shall have the general supervision of the Marshal to have superplage, and see that all by-laws, rules, regulations, and ordi-vision of the village.

 The marshal shall have the general supervision of the Marshal to have super-vision of the vision of the village.

 The marshal shall have the general supervision of the Marshal to have super-vision of the vision of the vision of the village.

 The marshal shall have the general supervision of the Marshal to have super-vision of the vision of the vision of the vision of the village.
- Sec. 2. He shall be ex officio constable and chief of police, To be chief of police.

 The powers belonging to constables of any township of this shall be exercised or any disorderly or gaming To enter disorderly house, or dwelling house, or other building where he may have assemblages.

 The peace of the peace as felon is secreted or harbored, and there any person who has committed a breach of the peace may be, or where any felony or breach of the peace is being committed; to arrest disorderly persons or felons, and those magged in disorderly assemblages, and take them before any justice of the peace of the township of Milford, who shall hear, try and determine the matter: Provided, That nothing in this Proviso.

 The peace of the violation of any general law of the State of Michigan.
 - Sec. 3. He shall have the power to compel the citizens to aid to compel aid at fires. in extinguishing fires.
 - Sec. 4. The marshal shall at all times be subject to the super-To be subject vision and control of the president and trustees, and shall, trustees.

 whenever directed by the board of trustees, make complaint in witing, and on oath, before any justice of the peace for the township of Milford, for any violation of the by-laws, regulations, or ordinances of said village, passed by virtue of the provisions of this act, whenever the violation complained of thall have been done in view of said marshal.
 - Sec. 5. He shall be the collector of taxes in said village, and To collect shall have full power to collect the same, as provided for in article thirteen of this act.
 - Sec. 6. He shall report in writing to the board of trustees, To make from time to time, as he may be required by resolution of the report.

board of trustees, of all his actions and doings, by virt his office, which report shall be filed with the clerk of the vi

When may be removed. Sec. 7. The marshal may be removed from office by a jority vote of the board of trustees, for any refusal or not to comply with any lawful order or direction of the boat trustees, or for gross neglect in the discharge of official dubut the cause of such removal shall in all cases be sprelarge upon the records of the village.

ARTICLE IX.

OF THE TREASURER OF SAID VILLAGE.

Treasurer to receive all corporation moneys.

Sec. 1. The treasurer shall receive all moneys belongir said corporation, and disburse the same under the directic the board of trustees.

To pay money enly on orders. Sec. 2. He shall not pay any money on account of said lage, except upon a resolution of the board of trustees, ar an order signed by the president and countersigned by clerk.

To keep correct record.

Sec. 3. The treasurer shall make and keep a correct reand account of all such receipts and disbursements, and a last regular meeting of the board of trustees prior to the au election, and at any other time when called upon by a retion of the board of trustees so to do, shall present to board a report in writing, of all items of receipts and disbursements, with a statement of the debts, dues and demands of corporation.

May sell and convey lands for taxes.

Sec. 4. The treasurer shall have full power to sell and vey all lands returned for delinquent taxes, as provided farticle sixteen of this act.

ARTICLE X.

OF THE ASSESSOR OF SAID VILLAGE.

Assessor.

Sec. 1. The assessor shall possess the powers and discitthe duties prescribed in articles fourteen and fifteen of the and to perform such other services as are provided for in articles.

ARTICLE XI.

OF VACANCIES IN OFFICE.

1. A vacancy in the office of any of the officers of said vacancies (except president) shall be filled on the appointment of mident, ratified by the board of trustees; and the said of trustees shall, at their first regular meeting after each election, elect from their number a president pro tempore, all, in the absence of the president, discharge all the be subject to the like responsibilities, and exercise the owers herein provided for in the office of president.

ARTICLE XII.

OF THE COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS.

- 1. The president and trustees shall not receive any com-Compensat'n ion for attendance at the regular meetings of the board of officers. stees.
- 2. The officers of said village (except as provided in Ibid. 1 one of this article) shall receive such compensation as ard of trustees shall, by resolution, direct.

ARTICLE XIII.

OF THE LIMIT OF TAXATION.

- 1. The board of trustees shall have power to raise by Taxes; pow'r of trustees at tax (but not including highway and poll tax, other-to levy on property. rovided for in sections two and three of this article) the taxable inhabitants of said village and the property a liable to taxation, such sums of money as they shall proper, but not to exceed the sum of one-half of one per upon the assessed value of such property, to defray the l expenses of the corporation and to carry into effect veral powers and privileges of this act.
- 2. The board of trustees shall have power to levy a Highway, ay tax upon the real and personal property liable to tax-limited. in said village, not exceeding in any one year the sum of

one-half of one per cent. upon t sed value of property, to be expended _cl_____, ___on highways, st alleys and lanes of said vil ge, as the board of trustees direct.

Poll tax; who to pay.

Sec. 3. The board of trustees shall have power to leve cause to be collected, in each and every year, a poll tax of dollar upon every male inhabitant of said village of the statementy-one years and upward, and not exceeding the statements of this state, and in article twenty-five of this and all moneys collected by virtue of this section shall be and considered as a part of the highway fund.

Taxes limited.

Sec. 4. No other highway tax shall be levied and collect said village excepting those mentioned in sections two three of this article; and the tax specified in said sections be included in and subjected to the same proceedings this act are required to be had upon the general tax.

Special tax.

Sec. 5. The board of trustees may cause to be raised further sum as they may deem necessary, not exceeding sum of two per cent. upon the assessed value of proper said village, by special tax: Provided, That the consent majority of the taxable inhabitants of said village authority of the taxable i

Proviso.

Notice of meeting to vote on special tax.

Sec. 6. Before any tax for such further sum can be vot at any meeting, a notice must be published by order a board of trustees, and signed by the clerk of said village, least two weeks before such meeting, by publishing the in the village newspapers, if there shall be any publish said village, and by posting the same in at least six places in said village, stating that the meeting will be upon to vote for such tax, specifying the objects and the proposed to be raised.

How vote shall be made. Sec. 7. The vote on any special tax shall be by ballot, shall have written or printed on the inside the words, "for tax," or "against the tax," and be deposited in a separate

be labeled "village tax;" and all other proceedings had rein shall be the same as provided for in this act for holding stions.

lec. 8. The proceedings for the assessing, apportioning, re-Proceedings for assessing wing and collecting such tax so voted, shall be the same as tax, etc.

we prescribed in this act for the raising of a general tax.

ARTICLE XIV.

OF THE ASSESSMENT OF TAXES.

- Sec. 1. The assessor of said village shall, once in each year Assessment don or before the second Monday in May, make an assess-tents of.

 In roll, containing a description of all the property, both all and personal, liable to taxation in said village, and the the of the owner or occupant, or agent thereof, if known, at the names of all persons liable to pay a poll tax in said lage, and shall set down in such roll the valuation of such roperty at its fair cash value, placing the value of real and record property in separate columns.
- Sec. 2. The assessor, immediately after the completion of the Notice of.

 mesament roll, and before any tax shall be levied on the same,

 all give ten days' notice by posting in at least six public

 laces in said village, that on a certain day, and in a certain

 lace in said village, therein named, he will review said assess
 ent roll, and that any person or persons deeming themselves

 grieved by such assessment may be heard.
- Sec. 3. The assessor, at the time and place mentioned in said Corrections of the property of the complaints of any person or persons the seming themselves aggrieved by such assessment, and if it is appear that any person has been wrongfully assessed, the sensor shall then and there alter such assessment roll, as shall preser to him to be just and proper.
- Sec. 4. Immediately after the expiration of ten days, and re-Assessor to iew of the assessment roll as aforesaid, the assessor shall cer-trustees. If the said roll, under his hand, to the board of trustees of iid village.

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

Roll certified back to assessor.

Sec. 5. The board of trustees shall to pen, after an emaination of said assessment roll, certify the same back to the assessor, with the amount of general, special and highway taxes to be raised, together with a particular description of the lots, and the amount to be raised on each of said lots, as special assessment for work done, as provided for in section four, of article six of this act, which said certificate, endorsely on said assessment roll, shall be signed by the president and clerk of said village.

ARTICLE XV.

OF THE APPORTIONMENT OF TAXES.

Apportionment of taxes.

Sec. 1. The assessor of said village shall, immediately and receiving the assessment roll, with the amount to be raise thereon, as provided for in the preceding section, proceed to estimate, apportion and set down in two separate column, opposite to the several sums set down as the value of real and personal estate on the assessment roll, in proportion to the individual and particular estimate and valuation as specific thereon, the respective sums, in dollars and cents, as a general, special and highway tax thereon; also, in a third column, opposite the particular description of individual lots, he shall set down the sums severally assessed on said lots, as an assessment for special work done under section four, of article six of this act, to be paid by the owner or owners, or parties interested in such real and personal estate; and shall also set down in \$ fourth column, on said assessment roll, one dollar opposite the name of every person liable to pay a poll tax in said village.

Assessor to certify roll to marshal.

Sec. 2. Immediately after apportioning the tax as provided for in the preceding section, the assessor shall cause said assessment roll, certified to under his hand, to be delivered to the marshal of said village, with a warrant annexed thereto under the hands of said assessor and the president of said village, directing and requiring him to collect from the several persons named in said roll, the several sums mentio therein oppo-

ing him, in casey of them shall neglect or refuse to pay seh sums, to levy the same by distress and sale of his, her or seir goods and chattels, together with the costs and charges I such distress and sale, and directing him to pay such sums, hen collected, to the treasurer of said village, by a certain day herein named, not more than forty days from the date of said parant.

- Sec. 3. The president and assessor may renew said warrant warrant renewed rom time to time, by direction of the board of trustees.
- Sec. 4. Whenever any special tax shall be voted to be raised Basis of any special tax. a provided for in article thirteen of this act, the apportionment of the same shall be based on the assessed value of the special tax. The same shall be based on the assessment and personal estate as set down in the annual assessment

ARTICLE XVI.

OF THE COLLECTION OF TAXES.

- Sec. 1. The marshal of said village shall, immediately after collection of textures taxes.

 becaving the assessment roll with the warrant of the assessor

 because annexed, as provided for in section three of the pre
 eding article, proceed to collect the taxes as apportioned in

 aid roll and according to the provisions of said warrant.
- Sec. 2. If any person or persons shall refuse or neglect to Power of marshal to the sum or sums at which they shall be taxed or assessed sell goods for taxes. In aforesaid, the marshal shall proceed to levy the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the persons who are able to pay the same, first giving public notice thereof, as is equired by law to be given by township treasurers; and in case the goods and chattels so distressed shall be sold for more than the amount of the tax or assessment, with the charges of distress and sale thereon, the surplus shall be paid on demand to be owner or owners of such goods and chattels.
- Sec. 3. In case any person upon whom any tax to be assessed Proceedings when person is said village for personal estate shall have removed out of has removed from village. It will age after the assessment, and before such tax ought by

law to be collected, it shall be lawful for the marshal to level and collect such tax of the goods and chattels of the person as assessed, in any township within the county to which such person shall have removed, or in which he shall reside.

Marshal authorized to sue for taxes.

Sec. 4. Whenever any tax which shall have been, or which may hereafter be assessed on personal property in said villege shall be returned by the marshal for non-payment, under the provisions of this act, it shall be lawful for the marshal of mixing village to sue the person or persons against whom such tax we assessed, before any court of competent jurisdiction, and have, use, and take all lawful ways and means provided by here of the collection of debts, to enforce the payment of such tax

Return of unpaid taxes.

Sec. 5. In case the marshal shall be unable to collect the taxes assessed on any real estate, he shall make a retain thereof, with the amount due and unpaid thereon, within the days after the expiration of the time limited in the assessment warrant to him for the collection of taxes, or in the renewal of the time thereof by the said assessor, as provided for in section that of article fifteen of this act, to the treasurer of said village; all taxes levied upon real estate, and all assessments made there on, under and by virtue of the provisions of this act, shall be and remain a lien upon said real estate until the same is paid.

Taxes to remain a lien on real estate.

When lands may be sold at public auction. Sec. 6. The treasurer of said village shall preserve in books to be by him kept for that purpose, a list of all lands returned to him delinquent for taxes by the marshal, as provided for in the preceding section; and if the same shall remain unpaid, together with interest at the rate of twenty per centum per annum from the date of the warrant to the marshal as aforesaid, for the term of one year from the date of the warrant to the marshal, he shall cause so much of the land charged with such tax and assessment and interest, to be sold at public satisfactors to the highest bidder, as shall be necessary to pay the middex, assessment, interest, and cost of sale thereof.

Notice of sale

Sec. 7. Before any land shall be sold for delinquent taxes, provided for in the preceding section, the treasurer shall give notice for at least six weeks, by publication in a newspaper

published in said village, if any such shall be so published, and if not, then by posting up in at least three of the most public places in said village, of the time and place of sale, with a description of the land then and there to be sold for delinquent taxes.

Sec. 8. The treasurer, on the day mentioned in said notice, Manner of selling.

Thall commence the sale of said lands and continue the same

That commence the sale of said lands and continue the same

That day to day until all is sold upon which there are taxes,

The treasurer, on the day mentioned in said notice, Manner of sellings.

That commence the sale of said lands and continue the same

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Sec. 9. In case less than the whole of any description shall Portion of description description the taxes, assessments, interest and charges thereon, to be sold.

The portion thereof sold shall be taken from the north side of the description.

Sec. 10. At the sale aforesaid, the treasurer shall give the Certificate of purchaser or purchasers of any such lands a certificate in wriing, describing the land purchased and the sum paid therefor, and the time when the purchaser or purchasers will be entitled to a deed of the said lands; and unless within one year from Conveyance. the date of such sale there shall be paid to the treasurer, for the use of the purchaser or purchasers, his, her or their heirs or assigns, the sum mentioned in such certificate, together with the interest thereon, at the rate of twenty per centum per mnum, from the date of such sale, the treasurer shall, at the expiration of said one year, execute to the purchaser or purchasers, his, her or their heirs or assigns, a conveyance of the hads sold, which said conveyance shall, in case all the proceedings previous to the sale of the land and execution of the deed have been regular and according to law, vest in the purchaser or purchasers, or to whomsoever it shall be given, an estate in simple, and the said conveyance shall be prima facie evidence of the regularity of all the proceedings connected therewith, from the valuation of the land by the assessor to the date of the deed inclusive, and of the title in the grantee therein named; and every such conveyance, executed by the said treasWhen may be used as evidence. urer, under his hand and seal, witnessed, acknowledged, are recorded in the usual form, may be given in evidence in the same manner as other deeds of conveyance.

ARTICLE XVII.

OF THE REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS OF SAID VILLAGE.

Board of registration.

Sec. 1. The president, clerk, and one of the three trustes having the shortest term to serve, shall constitute the village board of registration.

Clerk to provide books for registration.

Sec. 2. The clerk shall provide a suitable bound book or resister, at the expense of said village, so made and arranged to conform with the laws of this State relating to the registration in the several townships thereof, to be kept by the village clerk.

To enter names of voters.

Sec. 3. The clerk of said village shall, at any time (except approvided for in this act) on demand, enter in its alphabetical order the name of any person entitled to vote in said village, under the provisions of this act, with the date of such registration, and the residence of such person so demanding registration.

Time board shall meet to complete list of votes. Sec. 4. On the last secular day next preceding the day for holding any regular or special election of said village, after the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, the said board of registration shall be in session at such place in said village as they shall designate, for the purpose of revising and completing the list of qualified voters entitled to vote at the election then next ensuing, during which session it shall be the right of each and every person then actually residing in said village, and who, at the then next approaching election, may be a qualified elector, and whose name is not already registered, to have his name entered in the register, which shall be done by the clerk of said village; and after the close of said session, me name shall be registered until after the close of the polls at the election then next ensuing, except as provided by the laws of

is State gua ling the purity of elections in the several waships thereof.

ARTICLE XVIII.

OF ELECTIONS.

- Sec. 1. The president, clerk, and one of the three trustees Election whose term of office will first expire, shall constitute the lection board.
- Sec. 2. The members of said election board shall, before Oaths of members of.

 Intering upon the discharge of their official duty, take an oath members of.

 In affirmation, to be administered one to the other, to support the constitution of the United States and of the State of Michan, and to faithfully and impartially discharge their duties as judges of election, and said election board shall constitute the board of inspectors of election within the meaning of this act.
- Sec. 3. At any election held under and by virtue of the pro-Clerk to place registricions of this act, (except at the first election otherwise pro-of election in hands of hands of board, and before the polls shall be opened, the clerk of board.

 mid village shall cause the register of electors of the village of Milford to be placed in the hands of the election board, to be used by them during such election, and returned to the clerk of said village immediately thereafter, and they shall not receive the vote of any person whose name is not written therein.
- Sec. 4. At the first election held in this village, under the Township provisions of this act, the registration books of the town-books to be be used at first point with like force and effect as the register of the election. The village of Milford, provided for in this act.
- Sec. 5. The registration of electors provided for in this act thall be used only for elections for village purposes, and shall [not] be construed to interfere with the registration of electors or the elections of the township of Milford.
- Sec. 6. The board of registration and election in said village Village Village Shall exercise the same powers to preserve the purity of electors of.

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

tions as are now, or may hereafter be give by w to boards registration and election in the several townsnips in this Sta except as modified by the provisions of this act.

ARTICLE XIX.

OF PRIVATE LANDS TAKEN FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES.

Proceedings when private lands are taken for public use.

Sec. 1. Whenever the lands of any person shall be require by the board of trustees for any of the purposes named article six, section five of this act, within the limits of village, the board of trustees shall give notice in writing there by personal service, or by written notice posted up in three the most public places in said village, to the owner or parti interested in said lands, his, her or their legal repres tatives, at least three weeks next preceding the meeting said board of trustees, of the intention of said board trustees to take such land for the purposes aforesaid; after publication or service of such notice, the board trustees are authorized to treat with the owner or parti interested in said lands, his, her or their legal represents tives; and if, at the expiration of the time limited as aforest said, for the publication or service of notice, the parties cannot agree therefor, it shall and may be lawful for the board of trustees to direct any justice of the peace of the township Milford, to issue a venire facias, to command the marshal of said village, or any constable of the county of Oakland, to sum-

Trustees to treat with owner.

Summoning of jury.

Jury to award damages mon and return a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders, residing without the limits of said village, to appear before said justice at a time therein stated, to inquire into the just compensation to be paid therefor to the owner or owners, his, her or their legal representatives, which jury, being first duly sworn by said justice, faithfully and impartially to inquire into the just compensation to be made therefor, and having viewed the premises, if necessary, shall inquire of and assess such damages and compensation as they shall judge right and proper to be awarded to the owner or owners of, or parties inheir respective losses, according to the several interests or estates therein; and the said justice shall, upon the return of the assessment or verdict, enter judgment therefor confirming the same; and such sum or sums so assessed, together with compensation tendered to the costs, shall be paid or legally tendered, before such land, owner.

The costs, shall be paid or legally tendered, before such land, owner.

The person or persons, his, her or their legal representatives the person or persons, his, her or their legal representatives to whose favor the said judgment shall be rendered; it shall be rendered; it shall be rendered; and used for the temposes aforesaid.

Sec. 2. The board of trustees, or any party or parties claim-Right of Ing damages as aforesaid, may have the right to remove such broceedings by appeal to the circuit court for the county of bakland, upon giving notice of his, her or their intention so to to said justice, in writing, within ten days; or in case of be absence of said party or parties from said village at the the of the rendition of said judgment, then within thirty days after the verdict of said jury, and the judgment of said justice, as aforesaid; and upon filing a transcript of the proceedings aforesaid, duly certified by said justice, within forty days after the verdict and judgment as aforesaid, in the circuit court of the county of Oakland, the same proceedings shall fereupon be had as is prescribed by law in other cases of appeal: Provided, That if final judgment for damages in said cir-Proviso. cuit court shall not exceed the damages assessed before the mid justice, at least five dollars, then the party appealing shall pay all costs occasioned by such appeal.

ARTICLE XX.

OF PUBLICATION.

Sec. 1. Whenever publication shall be required by virtue of Publication; the provisions of this act, and not herein otherwise provided construed.

for, it shall be

ad to mean publication in the newspaper
of said village, if 3 3h shall be published therein, and if not,

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then by posting up in at least three of the most public place in said village.

Affidavit of publisher to be taken as evidence.

Sec. 2. An affidavit of the publisher of the newspaper, whe publication is made in said paper, or of the clerk of said villag when publication is made by posting up, as provided for i this act, of notice of tax sale, or passage of any by-law, rule regulation or ordinances of said village, or of any other notice required to be published by virtue of the provisions of this at shall be prima facie evidence of such publication.

ARTICLE XXI.

OF ANNUAL STATEMENT OF BOARD OF TRUSTERS.

Annual statement.

Sec. 1. The board of trustees shall, at the expiration of year, cause to be made out and published, a true statement writing, of the finances of said village, exhibiting in detail items of receipts and expenditures of the year, together w the estimated receipts and disbursements for the ensuing year

ARTICLE XXII.

OF DEPUTIES.

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Deputy marchals.

Sec. 1. The board of trustees shall have power to appoint one or more deputy marshals, who shall be under the same restraints, exercise the same powers, and be bound by the same responsibilities as the marshal, duly appointed under the provisions of this act.

ARTICLE XXIII.

OF MONEYS COLLECTED BY THE MARSHAL.

Marshal to pay moneys

Sec. 1. The marshal shall pay all moneys collected by him b to treasurer. virtue of his office, except as herein otherwise provided, with twenty days after receiving the same, to the treasurer of sai village.

Treasurer to give receipt.

Sec. 2. The treasurer of said village shall give a receipt i writing, signed by him as such treasurer, to the marshal, o

Ther person paying money to him on account of said village, seknowledging the receipt of the same.

ARTICLE XXIV.

OF HIGHWAYS.

Bec. 1. The said village shall be exempt from the superin-Highways. ndence and control of the commissioners of highways of the ownship of Milford, except for the purpose of building, mainsining and repairing the bridges across the Huron river and Pettibone creek within said village; the township of Milford and the said village shall be deemed the township of Milford, the said township existed before the passage of this act, and hall be subject to the provisions of the general laws of this tate, relative to the building, maintaining and keeping in rehir such bridges, and in no case shall the said village be liable bound to build, maintain or keep in repair such bridges. Sec. 2. All moneys collected for highway purposes shall be Highway kept a fund separate and apart from the general fund, and no kept money shall be appropriated or paid from said fund, except for

highway purposes.

${f ARTICLE}$ XXV.

OF PRIVILEGES TO FIREMEN.

Sec. 1. Each member of the fire department, or an engine, Firemen to book and ladder, bucket or hose company duly organized by from politax the board of trustees, shall be exempt from poll tax, and shall vice. sho be excused from serving on juries.

ARTICLE XXVI.

OF THE POWER TO BORROW MONEY.

Sec. 1. The board of trustees of said village shall have power Power of to borrow money for public improvements, on the credit of borrow mid village, not exceeding one thousand dollars in any one

year, provided the same may be authorized as require section five, of article thirteen of this act.

ARTICLE XXVII.

OF THE OAKLAND COUNTY JAIL.

Corporation allowed the ty jail.

Proviso.

Sec. 1. The corporation shall be allowed the use of the use of coun-mon jail of the county of Oakland, for the imprisonmer any person liable to imprisonment under the provisions of act, or of any by-law, rule, regulation, or ordinance passe virtue thereof, and all persons so committed to said jail, be under the charge of the sheriff as in other cases: Provi The said county of Oakland shall in no manner be charge with the cost and expenses of such imprisonment in civil c

ARTICLE XXVIII.

OF THE COMPETENCY OF CITIZENS.

Citizens to be compet'nt as jurors.

Sec. 1. No person shall be deemed an incompetent ju witness or juror in any case in which said corporation is it ested, by reason of his being an inhabitant of said vil except as provided for in article nineteen, section one of act.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 372.]

AN ACT to change the name of the plat and village of C ville, in the county of Muskegon, to Fruitport.

Name changed.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, the name of the plat and village of Crawville, in the coun Muskegon, be and the same hereby is changed to Fruitpo Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 373.]

ACT to organize the township of Reynolds, in the county of Montcalm.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Township organized. Il of township number twelve north, of range ten west, and township number twelve north, of range ten west, and township of Pierson, in the tunty of Montcalm, be and the same is hereby set off from the residue of said last named township, and organized into a parate township by the name of Reynolds; and the first twaship meeting thereof shall be held at the house of David tarthout, in said township, on the first Monday of April next.

Sec. 2. J. H. Maze, David Swarthout and John Moore are Board of inspectors. The property inspectors are board of inspectors for said twaship election, each of whom shall take the oath of office trescribed by the constitution.

Sec. 3. The electors present at the time and place of open-vacancies; how filled. Ingraid first township meeting, may fill any vacancy or vacancies hat may occur in said board of inspectors.

Sec. 4. If for any reason said township election shall not be proceedings when electrically beld at the time herein appointed, it shall be lawful to hold the is not held at appointed at a

Sec. 5. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 374.]

AN ACT to incorporate the village of Portland, in Ionia county.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Boundaries. all that tract of country situated in the township of Portland, county of Ionia, and State of Michigan, which is described as follows: Commencing at the center of section twenty-seven,

Elections; when and where held.

Officers and terms of office.

Sec. 2. The male inhabitants of said village, having qualifications of electors under the constitution of this & shall meet at R. H. Schofield's hall, in said village, on the Monday of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, from o'clock A. M., till twelve o'clock, noon, and annually on the Monday of May, thereafter, at such place as shall be provide the by-laws of said village, and then and there, by ballot, select, by plurality of votes, a president, clerk, assessor, t urer, marshal, and two trustees of said village, who shall their office for one year, or until their successors are ci and qualified; and two trustees for two years, or until successors are chosen and qualified; and two trustees for t years, or until their successors are chosen and qualified; annually thereafter, as aforesaid, a president, clerk, asse treasurer, and marshal of said village shall be elected, who hold their respective offices for one year; and two tru who shall hold their respective offices for two years, or their successors are chosen and qualified; but if an electic the aforesaid officers shall not be made on the day when, suant to this act, it ought to be made, the said corpor shall not, for that cause, be dissolved, and it shall be law! hold such election at any time thereafter, public notice 1 given, as prescribed by this act for the holding of the ge election.

Judges and clerk of election.

Sec. 3. At the first election to be held in said village this act, there shall be chosen by the qualified electors present, from among their number by viva voce vote, two just and one clerk of said election, who, together, shall constitut board of inspectors thereof, each of whom shall, before e

on the duties of his office, take an oath before some per-Oath oc. thorized to admirate oaths, that he will faithfully and ially discharge the duties thereof. The said board shall * the said election and certify the result thereof; and at nd every election thereafter to be held in said village, the provisions of this act, any two of the trustees may be , and the clerk of the village, or his substitute, shall be ark of the election, who, together, shall constitute the of inspectors thereof; and all such elections shall be con- Manner of l, as nearly as may be, in the same manner as is provided elections. for holding of general and special elections in the State shigan, except as herein otherwise provided; and the inrs shall have the same powers and authority for the presm of order, during the time of holding the elections invassing the votes, as are conferred by law upon inspectgeneral elections held in this State; and it shall be suffic- Poll list. keep but one poll list at any election held for said viland when the inspectors holding any election shall have sted the canvass of votes, they shall thereupon certify sclare in writing, the whole number of votes given for ficer, the names of the persons for whom such votes for ffice were given, and the number of votes so given to erson, and shall file such certificate in the office of the of said village, the same or succeeding day of such elecogether with the poll list and box or boxes containing all llots cast at said election; and within twenty-four hours Inspectors nch certificate shall have been so filed, the said inspec-what persons mall complete said canvass, and determine what persons exted to the several offices respectively, and cause said mination to be entered upon the records of said village; any officer shall not have been chosen by reason of two Tie. re candidates having received an equal number of votes, spectors of such election shall determine, within the time aid, by lot, which of such persons shall be considered d.

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

Clerk to give notice of elections.

Polls; when opened and

closed.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the clerk o give at least days' notice of the time and place of holding any election of the time and place of holding any election by posting written or printed notices in three of most public places in said village, or by causing the same published in a newspaper, if there be one printed in said lage; and in case of a special election, such notice shaforth the purpose and object of the election; and on the of election held by virtue of this act, the poll shall be of at nine o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as must and closed at four o'clock in the afternoon of the same and within five days after the closing of the poll of any election, and the officers elected shall enter upon their of the ensuing Monday.

Officers to take oath.

Sec. 5. The president and every other officer elected o pointed under the provisions of this act, shall, before ent upon the duties of his office, take and subscribe an oa affirmation, which may be administered by any trustee, o other person authorized to administer oaths, to suppose constitution of the United States and of this State, and he will faithfully discharge the duties of his office, account to the best of his ability, a record of which oath shall be and kept by the clerk.

Vilage board; who to constitute.

Duties of president.

Sec. 6. The president and trustees shall constitute a value board, a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum for transaction of business. A less number, however, may ad from time to time. The president shall be executive offithe village; he shall preside at all meetings of the board, shall be his duty to see that all the officers of said village fully discharge their duties; and in case of his absence of bility to serve, the trustees shall have power to elect their own number a president pro tem., who shall have a powers, and perform all the duties of the president. It be the duty of the clerk to attend all meetings of the powerd, keep a fair and accurate record of their process.

Clerk.

rform such otl duties as shall be assigned him by the s and ordinances of the village.

- 7. The president and trustees of said village shall be a Body corporate and politic, with the same powers as township politic.

 1, in addition to those granted by this act, under the of "the president and trustees of the village of Portand may have a common seal, which they may alter at re; may purchase and hold real estate for the use of said, and at any time sell and convey the same; and may ad be sued, defend and be defended in any court; but may suit shall be commenced against the corporation, the shall be commenced by summons, an attested copy of shall be served upon the president, or any one of the se of the village, at least six days before the return day 2.
- 8. The president and trustees shall have power to President and establish by-laws, rules and regulations, and to alter to pass laws peal the same at pleasure, for the following purposes, to For the appointment of such officers (whose election is Appointm'nt rein provided for) for said village as they may deem ary, and to fix the compensation for their services, and ich as they may deem necessary and right for the maintennd preservation of the public places, property and buildsaid village; to regulate the police thereof; to preserve Police. blic peace; to prevent riots, disturbances, and disorderly lages; to appoint watchmen and policemen, and organize Fire lepartment, and define their duties, and prescribe penal-department. r their delinquencies; to restrain, apprehend, and punish vagrants. tts, mendicants, drunkards, and all disorderly persons; rish lewd and lascivious behavior in the streets, or other places; to regulate, suppress, and restrain disorderly Billiard ming houses, billiard tables, and other devices and inmts of gaming; and shall have exclusive power and auto license such persons as tavern keepers and common Tavern ers as they shall think best, but no license shall be in xcept during the term of office of the board granting it; 131-

to prevent the selling or giving away of spirituous or fe Liquors. liquors to drunkards, minors or apprentices; to prev Fast driving. punish immoderate riding or driving in any street, or bridge, and to authorize the arrest and detention of an who shall be guilty of the same; to abate, prevent and nuisances; to suppress disorderly houses and house Disorderly houses. fame, and to punish the inmates and keepers thereof; Incumbering vent and compel the removal of all incumbrances, ea of streets. ments and obstructions upon the streets, walks, lane bridges, parks, and public grounds within said village; pel the owners or occupants of lots to clear sidewalks of or adjacent thereto, of snow, ice, dirt, mud, boxes, a Gunpowder. incumbrance or obstruction thereto; to regulate the st powder, lumber, or other combustible material; to pre use of fire-arms, slung-shots, and other weapons and fu to construct and regulate markets; to regulate the ver Markets meats, vegetables, fruit, fish, and provisions of all ki regulate the sale of hay, wood, lime, lumber and coal; Weights and ulate the gauging of vessels containing liquor, the se measures. weights and measures; to regulate and maintain one pounds, and to provide for the restraint of horses and Pounds. sheep, swine and other animals, geese and other poul to authorize the taking up, impounding and sale of the for the penalty incurred, and the cost of keeping and in ing, and to punish for the rescuing the same before and charges are paid; to prevent the running at large Pogs. to require them to be muzzled, and to authorize their tion if found at large in violation of any ordinance; to: and license cartmen, porters, hacks and cabs, and to Cartmen, eta their rates of compensation; to prevent runners from s travelers; to construct hydraulic works to supply the Hydraulic Works. with water; to light the streets; to borrow money fo improvements, not exceeding one thousand dollars in 1 year; to establish wells and cisterns, and to prevent th Wells and Cisterns. of water; to regulate and prohibit bathing in the public within said village; to purchase grounds for, and regula

s and the burial of the dead, and to provide for the re-cemeteries. of the bills of mortality, and to order the use for burial sees, of any burial ground or cemetery to be discontinued ever they may deem the same necessary for the best interr health of the citizens; to ascertain, establish and settle Boundaries oundaries of all streets and alleys, and to establish grades for; to order and cause to be drained or filled, any low or by land, to cleanse and regulate any grounds, yards, s, cellars, or vaults within said village, that may be sunken, , foul, incumbered with rubbish or unwholesome, and to s the cost and expense thereof on the premises benefited; tablish lines upon which buildings may be erected, and Building ad which such buildings shall not extend; to prevent the Unsafe ion of buildings in an unsafe manner, and to pass all nec-buildings. y regulations relative to buildings deemed unsafe; to regthe building of partition and other fences; to establish mits, within which no wooden buildings shall be moved, or enlarged; to regulate party walls, chimneys, flues, and Party walls. ng up of stoves and stove-pipes, and other things that may emed dangerous in causing or promoting fires; to pur-Fire engineer. and keep in order fire engines and other fire apparatus, construct buildings to store them; to cause each building ied as a house, store or shop, to be provided with fire sts and ladders, and to organize, maintain and regulate all fire engine, hook and ladder, hose and bucket companies y be deemed expedient, and may appoint from among the itants of said village, such number of men willing to acas may be deemed proper and necessary to be employed smen; and every such company shall make their by-laws ules for the organization and government of the company, st to the approval of the village board; to regulate the s, powers and fees of village officers; to prescribe the set-shade trees. of posts and shade trees; to provide for the construction dewalks and repairing the same; to grade the walks, Sidewalks. s and alleys, and to prescribe the manner of planking or ring of them; the cost and expense of planking or repair-

ing sidewalks, grading or paving streets, walks and aller paving or planking to be paid by assessments on the l front of or adjoining either or all such improvements shall be made: Provided, That so much money belongi Proviso. the highway fund of said village as the president and tr may direct, may be expended for grading: And provided fi That no more than ten per cent. on the assessed value c Toid. lot shall be collected in any one year for such purposes; t struct sewers, drains and culverts; to grade, gravel, par Streets. pair, amend and otherwise improve the streets, lanes, public grounds and parks in said village; to lay out, est open, extend, widen, straighten, alter, close and vacate streets, highways, alleys, lanes, water-courses, squares, n places and public parks in said village, as they shall deer essary for the public good and convenience, under the r tions provided for in this act; to prescribe the levying an Highway and other lection of highway and other taxes; to regulate the cover taxes. mill-races, at the expense of the owners thereof; to rai curb, when necessary, all walks at the expense of the o of the adjoining lots; to license and regulate auctioneers Peddling. dlers and pawn-brokers, and auctions, and hawking and dling; and to license and regulate the peddling and s jewelry, goods, merchandise and other property, by hand-cart, show-case, show-stand, or otherwise, in the Exhibitions, streets; to prohibit, restrain, regulate and license all s exhibitions of natural or artificial curiosities, caravans o mals, theatrical exhibitions, shows, concerts, circuses, or performances and exhibitions for money; to prevent the Violation of tion of the Sabbath, and to require all saloons, drinking h the Sabbath. shops, and other places of business to be closed on the Se day, and at reasonable hours of the night on week da provide a village jail in which it shall be lawful to confir sons arrested for violation of any village ordinance or l until the conclusion of their trial, unless admitted t

according to law; to provide for taking a census wheneve

shall see fit; to levy taxes on all personal and real estate

Census.

limits of the village, excepting places of public worship longing to any church or congregation, all grounds and dings used exclusively for educational purposes, and all operty belonging to the village, town, county or State; but it Limitation all not be lawful to levy in any one year, an amount exceedcone per centum on the assessed valuation of the real and monal property of said village, exclusive of highway or other scial taxes; and such levy of taxes as aforesaid, shall be made or before the second Monday of November of each and For the violation of any by-laws, rules and regu-Penalties. lons, such reasonable penalties may be imposed by the law as the president and trustees may deem proper, which Il be paid into the village treasury to be used and approfated as shall be directed by the board of trustees as aforeand when any fine or penalty shall not exceed one indred dollars, the same may be recovered before any justice the peace in the township of Portland; and any interest the inbitants of said village may have in the fine or penalty to recovered, shall not disqualify any of them to try said cause, to serve as a juror or witness therein; and the circuit court powers of the county of Ionia shall also have jurisdiction to try and stermine all causes brought for the recovery of any fine or cashly imposed by said by-laws.

Bec. 9. No by-law or ordinance of said corporation shall when any any effect until the same shall have been published at least ordinance mee a week for two successive weeks, in a newspaper printed effect. in mid village, or until it shall have been posted up for two mecessive weeks in three public places in said village; and an Addavit of the said publication in the manner aforesaid, in case **the publication** is by posting up, to be made by the clerk of he village, and in case the publication is in a newspaper, then by the publisher of the newspaper in which the same was pubhhed, entered at large upon the record of said corporation, thall be prima facie evidence of such publication.

Sec. 10. All 1 levied upon real estate, and all assessments Tax to be a made thereon for the opening, widening, extending, paving, estate.

grading, planking or repairing of any street, alley or side and all highway taxes, shall be and remain a lien upon real estate, until the same is paid.

Annual statement; contents of.

Sec. 11. The president and trustees shall, at the expirati each year, cause to be made and published, a just and statement of all moneys received and expended by the their corporate capacity during the preceding year, previc which they shall audit and settle the accounts of the tree marshal, and all other officers and persons having c against the village, or accounts with it, not previously aud and shall make out in detail, a statement of all receipts an penditures, which statement shall specify all the appropris made by the president and trustees, and the object and pose for which the same were made; the amount of n expended under such appropriations; the amount of raised; the amount expended on streets; the amount of n borrowed, if any, for what purpose, and upon what terms all such information as shall be necessary to a full and p understanding of the financial concerns of the village, such statement shall be placed on file in the office of the v clerk, and subject to inspection at any and all times b citizens of said village.

Accounts to be verified by affidavit.

Sec. 12. Before any account or demand shall be an allowed or paid, the same shall be verified by affidavit shall set forth the items thereof, and the amount of each with the proper date in detail, which affidavit may be and certified by any member of the village board, or by person authorized to administer oaths.

Assessment roll; contents of.

Sec. 13. The assessor of said village shall, once in each and on or before the second Monday of May, make an a ment roll containing a description of all the property, both and personal, liable to taxation in said village, and the nather owner or occupant, or agent thereof, if known, and name of all persons liable to pay a capitation or poll to provided for in this act, and shall estimate and set down such roll the valuation of all such property at its fair cash.

ng the value of personal property on a separate line; and Notice of all be the duty of the president and trustees, once in each viewing. every year, and immediately after the assessor has assessed sal and personal estate lying and being in said village, and re any tax shall be levied on the same, to give ten days' by publishing thereof, either in some newspaper printed id village, or by posting the same up in three public places id village, of the time and place of reviewing said assesstroll, under the supervision of the president and assessor, any person or persons deeming themselves aggrieved may sard, and the roll may then and there be altered, if it shall nade to appear that any person has been wrongfully asd. After the expiration of the said ten days, the assessor Completion president and trustees shall immediately proceed to esti-livery to sapportion and cause to be set down, in a column oppoto the several sums set down as the value of real and mal estate, in the assessment roll, the respective sums in rs and cents, to be paid as a general tax or assessment on; and the tax upon real estate shall be set down in a nn by itself; any special tax, or assessment for public or improvements, authorized by any provisions of this act, be included in said assessment roll, and shall be set down column by itself, opposite the proper description; any capm or poll tax authorized by this act may be included in assessment roll, and the last column of said roll shall conthe total amount of taxes; and they shall then cause said ment roll, or a copy thereof, to be delivered to the marof said village, with a warrant annexed thereto, under the land seal of said assessor, directing and requiring him to st from the several persons named in said roll, the several s mentioned therein, set opposite their respective names as cor assessment, and authorizing him, in case any of them Proceedings neglect or refuse to pay such sums, to levy the same by dis-refuse to pay and sale of the goods and chattels of such person or persons, ther with the costs and charges of such distress and sale, directing him to pay such money, when collected, to the

treasurer of said village, by a certain day therein name less than forty days from the date of said warrant, and warrant may be renewed from time to time as the pre and trustees may deem best; and when any assessment be made for any special improvement, it shall be legal, e it is not made at the time of making the grand list, being given of the review of said assessment as 1 provided.

Distress and sale; when authorized.

Special assessment to

be legal.

Sec. 14. If any person or persons shall refuse or negl pay the sum or sums at which he, she or they shall be tax assessed, as aforesaid, the marshal is hereby authorized required to levy the same by distress and sale of the and chattels of the persons to whom the same is assessed giving notice thereof, as is required by law to be by township treasurers; and in case the goods and ch distressed shall be sold for more than the amount of the and assessment, with the charges of distress and sale the the surplus shall be paid to the owner or owners of such and chattels on demand; and in case the marshal shall be ble to collect any of the taxes mentioned in said roll or thereof, up to the time mentioned in the warrant and re thereof, he shall make in said roll, or copy thereof, or p nently attach thereto a statement in writing, under oath, taxes so remaining unpaid; and if the same or any part th are assessed upon real estate, such statement shall cont description of each parcel of land upon which the tax assessed have not been paid; and further, that he has not able to collect the same, nor upon diligent inquiry to dis any goods and chattels subject to levy, belonging to the sons charged with or liable to pay such tax, and shall d said roll or copy thereof, with the statement as above tioned, to the treasurer of said village within five days t Taxes to re- after; and all taxes levied upon real estate, and all assess on property, made thereon, under or by virtue of the provisions of thi shall be and remain a lien thereon, until the same is paid.

Return of unpaid taxes.

main a lien

15. Wheneve any tax assessed upon personal property Marshal authe provisions of this act shall be returned by the mar- sue persons r non-payment, it shall be lawful for the marshal of said to sue the person or persons against whom such tax was d, before any court of competent jurisdiction, and to use, and take all lawful ways and means provided by law collection of debts, to enforce the payment of such tax; case any person liable to pay such tax upon personal prop- Proceedings all have removed out of the village after the assessment has moved fore such tax ought by law to be collected, it shall be for the marshal to levy and collect such tax of the goods attels of the person so assessed, in any township within ranty to which such person shall have removed, or in he shall reside.

16. Whenever any real estate shall have been returned when real marshal for delinquent taxes, the treasurer of said vil- be sold at all preserve a list of the same; and if any such taxes, or nents upon real estate returned for non-payment of taxes vided in section fourteen of this act, and the interest a, to be computed at the rate of twenty per cent. per . until paid, shall remain unpaid for the period of one om the date of the warrant to the marshal as aforesaid, d treasurer shall cause so much of the land charged 1ch tax and assessment and interest, to be sold at public at some public place in said village, to the highest , as shall be necessary to pay the said taxes and assessand interest, together with all charges thereon, first giv- Notice of least six weeks' notice of the time and place of sale, by isement posted up in three of the most public places in llage, or by causing the same to be published in a newsin said village. An affidavit of said publication, relin the manner prescribed in section nine of this act, be deemed prima facie evidence of the fact of such ation. 1

Proceedings on day of sale.

Sec. 17. On the day mentioned in said notice, the said trees urer shall commence the sale of said lands, and continue the same from day to day until so much thereof shall be sold and will pay the taxes and assessments as aforesaid, with the interest and charges due, assessed and charged thereon, as aforeof purchase. chasers of any such lands, a certificate in writing, describing

Certificate

Proviso.

said; and the said treasurer shall give to the purchaser or purchaser the lands purchased and the sums paid therefor, and the time when the purchaser will be entitled to a deed for the said Conveyance. lands; and unless within one year from the date of the sale thereof, there shall be paid to the treasurer for the use of their purchaser, his heirs or assigns, the sum mentioned in said cortificate, together with the interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum from the date of said certificate, the treasurer or his successor in office shall, at the expiration of the said one year, execute to the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, a conveyance of the land sold, which conveyance shall vest in: the person or persons to whom it shall be given, an estate in fee simple: Provided, All proceedings connected with the rais. ing and levying such tax and the sale for the non-payment thereof, are according to law, and the said conveyance shall be prima facie evidence that the sale was regular, according to the provisions of this act; and every such conveyance, executed by the said treasurer under his hand and seal, witnessed, acknowledged, and recorded in the usual form, may be given in evidence in the same manner as a deed regularly executed and: acknowledged by the owner and duly recorded.

Compensat'n of treasurer.

Sec. 18. The treasurer of said village shall receive the same fees, in cases of sale, as aforesaid, as are allowed by law to county treasurers for like services; and the expenses for the advertising of any land for sale, in pursuance of this act, shall, by the treasurer, be added to such taxes respectively, as are charged upon lands delinquent for State and county taxes.

Money; how drawn from treasury.

Sec. 19. No money shall be drawn from the treasury except by appropriation of the president and trustees, and orders dipeting the parment of any and all sums of money, shall resily the object and purpose of the same, and the fund from thich it is to be paid, and shall be signed by the clerk and centeraigned by the president.

Sec. 20. No member of the board of trustees, during his Trustees not to become surety or be interested in sure of any official act or duty to be done or performed by any contract my person elected or appointed to any office, under the promisions of this act; and during the time for which he may be these a member of said board, he shall not be interested, interested, in any contract or purchase, the expense or consideration whereof is to be paid out of the village treasury.

Sec. 21. All moneys assessed and raised for highway pur-Highway fund; how pursues shall be kept a fund, separate and distinct from the kept.

Sec. 21. All moneys assessed and raised for highway purposes.

Sec. 22. No officer appointed by the president and trustees Appointed officers.

thall hold his office for more than one year, or until his suc
tentor is appointed, and the president and trustees may re-Bonds of.

quire of them, and any other officer who may be elected

under the provisions of this act, such security, by bond, for

the performance of the duties of their respective offices, as

thall be deemed expedient, which bond shall run to the

tensurer of the corporation, and his successors in office; and How sult
against may

a suit may be brought for any breach of said bond in the be brought.

There cases, before any justice of the peace, or the circuit

court of said county, according to the amount claimed, which

courts are hereby authorized to hear and determine the same.

Sec. 23. The marshal shall have general supervision of the Marshal village, and shall see that the laws are enforced, and by virtue constable. of his office shall be high constable and chief of the police, with the powers belonging to constables of any township, having power to enter into any disorderly or gambling house, or any

To arrest offenders,

To compel aid at fires.

Proviso.

building where he may have good reason to believe a felonis secreted or harbored, and where any person who has consisted any breach of the peace, or where any felony or breach of the peace is being committed; to arrest disorderly person or felons, and those engaged in unlawful assemblages, and take them before any justice of the peace of the township of Portland, who shall try, hear and determine the matter upto proof, in a summary way; to compel the citizens to aid to extinguishing fires; to appoint deputies with powers similar. It his own: Provided, That nothing in this act shall be constructed into his serving processes issued by justices of the peace if civil cases.

To be subject to control of trustees.

Sec. 24. The marshal shall at all times be subject to the supervision and control of the president and trustees, in the discharge of his official duties, and he may be removed from office by a majority of their whole number, for any refusal of neglect to comply with their orders or directions, or for any gross neglect in the discharge of other official duties; but the cause of such removal shall, in all cases, be made a matter of record by them.

Resignation of officers.

Sec. 25. The resignation of any officer, authorized by this act to be elected or appointed, shall be made to the president and trustees, subject to their approval or acceptance.

Vacancies.

Sec. 26. If any officer elected or appointed to any office of the corporation, shall cease to be a resident of the village, such office shall be thereby vacated; and if any person elected or appointed to any office, under the provisions of this act, shall neglect to file his oath of office, as in this act directed, or shall neglect to file an official bond when the same is required, such neglect may be be deemed a refusal to serve; and in case of such neglect, the president and trustees may proceed immediately to cause such office to be supplied as in case of a vacancy.

Vacancy in office of president. Sec. 27. In case a vacancy shall occur in the office of president, the same shall be supplied by a special election; and in all

by, the same may be filled by appointment her cases of the president and trustees for the unexpired term. Sec. 28. The president and trustees shall not receive any pe-Compensat'n misry compensation for their services, except while acting as dges of election, and when determining what persons are ected thereat, for which services they shall be entitled to the the compensation as is or shall be allowed by law to inspecs of election in the several townships of this State; the buk, assessor, treasurer, marshal, and all officers appointed by president and trustees, shall be entitled to such compensaden for their services as the president and trustees shall from lime to time direct, by resolution entered upon their records. . Sec. 29. The corporation shall be allowed the use of the Corporation summon jail of the county of Ionia, for the imprisonment of of county my person liable to imprisonment under the by-laws or ordimances of said corporation, and all persons so committed to mid jail shall be under the charge of the sheriff as in other ences: Provided, The county shall in no manner be chargeable Proviso. with the costs and expenses of such imprisonment in civil cases. Sec. 30. Each member of the fire department, or an engine, Firemen to book and ladder, bucket or hose company, duly organized by from poli the president and trustees, shall be exempt from poll tax or service. saving on jury; and the president and trustees may pass such hws as they may deem proper, to prevent or extinguish fires, and to annex penalties for the violation thereof, and to compel is aid and assistance of citizens to aid in extinguishing any ire.

Sec. 31. The president and trustees shall be the commission-Trustees to be com'rs of streets and highways within the limits of the village, of streets. and shall have the same power and perform the same duties as now by law belong to commissioners of streets and highways in the several townships of the State, except as to the bridges across Grand and Looking Glass rivers, and shall appoint one or more overseers of highways, streets and alleys, and shall cause a tax to be levied and collected upon the real and per-

levy taxes.

Poll tax; who to pay.

Power of, to sonal property in said village, not exceeding five h dollars, nor less than one hundred and fifty dollars, in a year; and no other highway taxes shall be levied and o in said village, except that every male inhabitant about age of twenty-one years and under the age of fifty, resi said village on the first day of April, in each year, paupers, idiots, lunatics, and those excepted in section t this act, and other persons who are by law exempt, shall ble to pay a poll tax of one dollar, to be collected by the shal; and every person so liable to pay a poll tax, wh neglect or refuse to pay the same within ten days fr time of demand made by the marshal, shall forfeit to of said corporation the sum of five dollars, to be recov the name of the president and trustees, in an action (before any justice of the peace of the township of Po or of any other township in this State, to which any su son shall have removed; and the president and truste cause a list to be made and delivered to the marshal on fore the second Monday of May, in each year, of all liable to pay said poll tax; and the president and truste have exclusive control of the highway money levied a lected in the village: Provided, That their power to fences to be removed, and to remove such fences then and to open, widen and extend streets and highways, si be restricted between the first day of April and the first November, in each year, but they may exercise that p any time during the year: And provided also, That: herein contained shall be construed to exempt any pe property in said village from any township tax that legally levied within and for the township of Portland, repairing, building or re-building of any bridge with township; and the commissioners of highways of the to of Portland shall possess the same powers and are with the same duties, within the corporation limits of lage, as to the building or re-building and maintenance

Proviso.

Ibid.

Powers of township commis⁵rs.

and all bridge Grand and Looking Glass rivers, as are by law; and the township of Portland phall pay the expense of erecting and maintaining such bridge er bridges.

Sec. 32. Whenever the lands of any person shall be required Proceedings be taken for the constructing, opening, extending, widening, property is taken for e straightening of streets, highways, alleys, lanes, water-streets. courses, squares, market-places and public parks, drains or mowers within the limits of said village, the president and trus-Notice to the shall give notice thereof to the owner or parties interested, owner. his, her or their agent or representative, by personal service, her by written notice posted up in three of the most public plaim said village, at least three weeks next preceding the meeting of the said president and trustees, for any of the purposes aforesaid; and the said president and trustees are hereby authorized to treat with such person or persons for meh ground or premises; and if such person or persons refuse Summoning reglect to treat for the same, or if the parties cannot agree of jury. therefor, it shall and may be lawful for said president and trus-Prices to direct any justice of the peace of the township of Portland to issue a venire facias to command the marshal of said village, or any constable of said county, to summon and retem a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders, to be taken without the limits of said village, to appear before him at any time therein to be stated, to inquire into the necessity of using such grounds or premises, and the just compensation to be made therefor to the owner or owners of, or parties interested in such grounds or premises; which jury, being first duly Jury to sworn by said justice, faithfully and impartially to inquire award damages. mto the necessity of using such grounds or premises, and the just compensation to be made therefor, and having viewed the premises, if necessary, shall inquire of such necessity, and sees such damages and compensation as they shall judge fit to be awarded to the owner or owners of, or parties interested in such grounds or premises, for their respective losses,

said justice shall, upon the return of such amount or went

erein; and the

tendered to owner.

Proviso.

dict, enter judgment therefor, confirming the same; and Compensatin sum or sums so assessed, together with all costs, shall be politically or legally tendered to the claimant or claimants thereof, before such street, highway, alley, lane, water-course, drain, sewe,

according to the several interests or

square, market-place or public park shall be made, opened, extended, widened or straightened. It shall thereupon be lawful for the president and trustees to cause the same grounds or

premises to be occupied and used for the purposes aforesaid:

Provided, That the president and trustees, or any party claim-

ing damages as aforesaid, may have the right to remove such proceedings, by appeal to the circuit court, or any other court

of competent jurisdiction, upon giving notice of his, her er

their intention so to do, to the said justice, in writing, within ten days, or in case of the absence of said party from said vil

lage at the time of the rendition of said judgment, then within

thirty days after the verdict of said jury and the judgment

said justice as aforesaid; upon the filing of a transcript of the

proceedings aforesaid, duly certified by said justice, within

forty days after the verdict and judgment as aforesaid, in the

circuit court, or any other court of record having appellate jurisdiction, the same proceedings shall be had as is pre-

scribed by law in other cases of appeal: Provided, That if final

judgment for damages shall not exceed the damages assessed;

before the justice at least five dollars, then the party appealing

shall pay all costs occasioned by such appeal.

License money to be paid into treasury.

Sec. 33. All moneys received for licenses granted to tavern keepers or common victualers, under the provisions of this act shall be paid to the treasurer of said village, to be credited other licenses.

Who eligible to office.

Sec. 34. No person shall be eligible to any office in this corporation, unless he shall have resided in said village six months next preceding his election, and shall be entitled to vote therein.

Ibid.

a. 35. This a all be favorably construed and received Public act. I courts as a public act, and copies thereof, printed under suthority of the Legislature, shall be received as evidence, out further proof.

26. 36. This act shall take immediate effect. pproved March 30, 1869.

[No. 375.]

ACT to enlarge the corporate limits, and to re-incorporate the village of Union City under a special charter.

much of the township of Union, in the county of Branch, as

morrow 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Boundaries.

neluded in the following territory, to wit: The west half of tion four, and the east half of section five, in town five th, of range seven west, being in Branch county, State of thigan, be and the same is hereby constituted a village perate by the name of the village of Union City. ics. 2. The male inhabitants of said village, having the quali-Time and tions of electors under the constitution of the State, shall holding et at such place in said village as the president and board of stees of the present village of Union City shall designate, on second Tuesday of April next, and on the first Tuesday of rch annually thereafter, and then and there, by a plurality votes, elect by ballot from among the qualified electors of d village, one person to be president of said village; and officers me persons shall in like manner be elected trustees for one of office. r and three for two years, and annually thereafter a presit shall be elected as aforesaid, who shall hold his office for year, and three trustees shall be elected who shall hold ir offices for two years; but if an election of president and stees shall not be made on the day when, pursuant to this it ought to be made, the said corporation shall not for that se be dissolved, and it shall be lawful to hold such election

Village board, who

Duties of president.

at any time thereafter, public notice being given as prescrib by this act for the holding of the regular election. dent and three trustees thus elected, together with three to to constitute. tees whose term of office is unexpired, shall constitute a ville board, and a majority of the board shall constitute a quor for the transaction of business, and a less number may adju from time to time. The president shall also be the chief ecutive officer of the village; he shall preside at the meeting of the board, and it shall be his duty to see that all the office of said village faithfully discharge their duties; and in case his absence or inability to serve, the trustees shall have pour to elect from their own number a president pro tem., who have all the powers and perform all the duties of president

Clerk to give notice

Polls; when opened and closed.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the clerk to give at least of elections. days' notice of the time and place of holding an election, by posting written or printed notices in five of the most pr places in said village, or by causing the same to be public in some paper printed in the village; and at all the election the polls shall be opened at nine o'clock in the forenoon, or soon thereafter as may be, and closed at four o'clock in the a noon; and at the close of the polls the ballots shall be count and a true statement thereof proclaimed to the electors per ent, and the clerk shall make a true record thereof, and will five days give notice to the persons elected, who shall upon their duties the ensuing Monday.

Judges and clerk of election.

Sec. 4. Any two of the trustees may be judges of the de tion, and the clerk of the village, or his substitute, shall be clerk of the election; and the judges and clerk shall take oath, to be administered by either of the others, to faithful and honestly discharge their duties as judges or clerk of el tion, and said board shall have power to preserve the purity the election, as is now or may be hereafter given to township. boards of election. . .\$

Officers to take oath.

Sec. 5. The president and every other officer elected or pointed under the provisions of this act, before he enters upon the duties of his office, shall take and subscribe an oath

her person authorized to administer oaths, to support the petitution of the United States and of this State, and that he faithfully discharge the duties of his office according to the state of his ability, a record of which oath shall be made and the by the clerk; and it shall be the duty of the president Trustees to appoint village lage clerk. Trustees, on their being duly qualified, to appoint a village lage clerk. The shall hold his office one year, unless sooner removed them, who shall attend all meetings of the board, keep a shall be assigned him by the by-laws and dinances of the village.

Sec. 6. The president and trustees of said village shall be a Body corporate and politic, with perpetual succession, to be politic.

Town and distinguished by the name and title of "The temmon Council of the Village of Union City," and by that they and their successors shall be known in law, and the and are hereby made capable of suing and being sued, timpleading and being impleaded, of answering and being templeading and of defending and being defended in all texts of record, and any other place whatsoever; and may the a common seal, and may alter and change the same at the pleasure, and by the same name shall be and are hereby the capable of purchasing, holding, conveying, and disposing any real or personal estate for the use of the said corporation.

Sec. 7. The common council shall have power to ordain and Common council may pass laws, rules and regulations, and to alter and pass laws relative to relative to the appointment of a marshal, and prescribing his duties; village officers.

The the appointment of a marshal, and prescribing his duties; village officers.

The assessor, a treasurer, one or more street commissioners,

The attorney, and such other officers for said village as they Public property.

The deem necessary and right for the maintenance and property.

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LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

d prescribe per a fire department and define their duties, Fire department. ties for their delinquencies; to restrain, apprenend and put vagrants, mendicants, drun kards, and all disorderly persons; Vagrants. punish lewd and lascivious behavior in the streets or of public places; to suppress and restrain disorderly and gan Gaming. houses, billiard tables, and other devices and instruments gaming; and shall have the exclusive power and authority Tavern keepers. license such persons as tavern keepers and common victus as they shall think best, but no license shall be in force exe during the life of the board granting it, nor shall authorise sale of spirituous liquors; to prevent the selling or giving at Liquors. of spirituous or fermented liquors to drunkards, minors or Fast driving prentices; to prevent and punish inordinate riding or driving in the streets; to abate, prevent, and remove nuisances; to Houses of ill-fame. press all disorderly houses, and houses of ill-fame, and to put ish the keepers and inmates thereof; to prevent and comp Obstructions the removal of all incumbrances, encroachments and obstit on walks. tions upon the streets, walks, lanes, alleys, parks and pair grounds; to compel the owners or occupants of lots to d Clearing of sidewalks. sidewalks in front of and adjacent thereto, of snow, ice, d mud, boxes, and every incumbrance or obstruction thereto; regulate the storage of powder, lumber, or other combusti Powder. material; to prevent the use of firearms, slung-shots, and dill weapons and fireworks; to construct and regulate markets, Markets. vending of poultry, meat, vegetables, fruit and fish; to regular the sale of hay, wood, lime, lumber and coal; to regulate to gauging of vessels containing liquor, the sealing of weight and measures; to regulate and maintain pounds, and to jul Pounds. vide for the restraint of horses, cattle, sheep, swine, mules other animals, geese and other poultry; to prevent the run at large of dogs, to require them to be muzzled, and to author Dogs. ize their destruction if found at large in violation of any dinance; to regulate and license cartmen, porters, hacks Cartmen. cabs, and to regulate their rates of compensation; to preven runners from soliciting travelers; to construct hydraulic work to supply the village with water; to light the streets; to borrow ney for public improvements, not exceeding two thousand Borrowing lars in any one year; to establish wells and cisterns, and to event the waste of water; to prevent bathing in public mams; to purchase grounds for and regulate cemeteries and Cometeries. burial of the dead, and to provide for the return of the bills mortality, and to order the use, for burial purposes, of any rial ground or cemetery to be discontinued whenever they deem the same necessary for the best interest or health of citizens; to ascertain, establish and settle the boundaries of Boundaries atreets and alleys, and to establish grades therefor; also, to der and cause to be drained or filled up such places as they deem necessary, and to assess the cost and expense on the remises benefited; to regulate the building of partition and Partition ser fences; to establish lines upon which buildings may be fences. peted, and beyond which such buildings shall not extend; to event the erection of buildings in an unsafe manner, and to mall necessary regulations relative to buildings deemed unto purchase and keep in order fire engines and other fire Fire engines. paratus, and to construct buildings to store them, and to mee each building occupied as a house, store or shop, to be povided with fire buckets and ladders; to establish fire limits, Fire limits. thin which no wooden building shall be built, enlarged or leced; to regulate party walls, chimneys, flues, and putting up pres and stove-pipes; to regulate the construction of smith Hazardous tops, planing establishments, bakeries, and other buildings guard against fires; to regulate Duties of the duties, powers and fees of village officers; to prescribe the officers. setting of posts and shade trees; to provide for the construction of sidewalks and repairing the same; to grade the walks, Grading streets and alleys, and to prescribe the manner of planking or Espairing them, the cost and () of repairing sidewalks, anding the walks, streets and al s, t paving or planking to be paid by assessments on the lot in the front of or adjoining either or all of such improvements shall be made: Provided, Proviso. That so much money belonging to the highway fund of said village as the common council may direct, may be expended

Ibid.

for grading: And provided further, That not more than fin per cent. on the assessed value of any lot shall be collected in one year for such purpose; to construct and keep in repair public highways, bridges, culverts and sewers; to lay out streets and alleys, and to extend those already laid out, un the restrictions provided in this act; to vacate streets Levying and alleys; to prescribe the levying and collection of the high and other taxes; to provide for taking a census whenever

shall see fit; to regulate theatres, shows and concerts; to re

late and tax, at their discretion, auctioneers, or auction

gift enterprises, hawkers, hucksters, peddlers and pawnbrok

collection of taxes.

Auctions.

Railing walks.

Taking private lands for streets.

Fines and penalties.

to regulate the covering of mill-races, at the expense of owners thereof; to determine on what questions none but payers may vote; to rail and curb where necessary, all we at the expense of the owners of the adjoining lots; to taxes on all personal and real estate within the limits of village, except property belonging to the village, town, co or State, excepting also, places of public worship belonging any church or congregation, and all grounds and buildings exclusively for educational purposes; to take the land of individual for the purpose of constructing, widening or extension ing streets, lanes, alleys, drains, or sewers, but not until individual shall be paid the value thereof, and all building thereon, and all the damages he will sustain, as provided in this act; for the violation of any by-laws, rules and regular tions, such reasonable penalties may be imposed by the itself as the common council may deem proper; and when at fine or penalty shall not exceed one hundred dollars, the said may be recovered before any justice of the peace in the text ship of Union, and any interest the inhabitants of the ville of Union City may have in the fine or penalty to be recovered shall not disqualify any inhabitant of said village to try mi cause, or serve as a juror or witness therein; and the di cuit court of the county of Branch shall also have jurisdiction to try and determine all causes brought for the recovery of fine or penalty imposed by said by-laws.

to bridge

- purpose of building, maintaining and repair-Township Sec. 8. For the g the bridges over the St. Joseph river, within the limits of to be subject id village, the township of Union and the said village shall laws. deemed the township of Union, as the said township exbefore the incorporation of the village of Union City, and be subject to all the provisions of the general laws of State relative to the building, maintaining and keeping in beir such bridges.
- Bec. 9. All taxes levied upon real estate, and all assessments Taxes to reade thereon, for opening, widening, extending, paving, grad-on property. planking or repairing a street or alley, or making or refifting a street or alley, or making or repairing sidewalks, and highway taxes, shall be and remain a lien upon said estate **stil the same** is paid.
- Sec. 10. The common council shall, at the expiration of each Annual par, cause to be made out and published in some newspaper inted in said village, if one shall be printed therein, and if is not printed therein, then to post up on the door of the filding where the last annual election was held in said lage, a true statement, exhibiting in detail all items of nceipts and expenditures of the preceding year.
- Sec. 11. No by-law or ordinance of said corporation shall when byany effect until the same shall have been published at least nance shall tace a week for two successive weeks, in a newspaper printed h mid village, or until it shall have been posted up for two weeks in three public places in said village; and an affidavit of the said publication, in the manner aforesaid, in case the pub-Meation is by posting up, to be made by the clerk of the village, and in case the publication is in a newspaper, then by the publisher of the newspaper in which the same was pub-: Ished, entered at large upon the record of said corporation, thall be prima facie evidence of such publication.
- Sec. 12. The assessor of said village shall, once in each year, Assessment make an assessment roll, containing a description of all the tents of. and personal, liable to taxation in said vilproperty, both 1 lage, and the na of the owner or occupants, or agent thereof,

if known, and shall set down in such roll the valuation of s property at its fair cash value, placing the value of pers property on a separate line; and it shall be the duty of common council once in each and every year, and immedia

after the assessor has assessed the real and personal es lying and being in said village, and before any tax shall

levied on the same, to give ten days' notice, by publish

thereof the time and place of reviewing said assessment 1

under the supervision of the president and assessor, that

person or persons deeming themselves aggrieved, may be he and the roll may then and there be altered, if it shall be m

to appear that any person has been wrongfully assessed; !

Council and the expiration of the said ten days the assessor and c

mon council shall immediately proceed to estimate, appor

and set down in a column left for that purpose, opposite to

several sums set down as the value of real and personal es

in the assessment roll, the respective sums in dollars and ex

to be paid as a tax or assessment thereon, and shall then ea

said assessment roll, or a copy thereof, to be delivered to

marshal of said village, with a warrant annexed thereto, ur

the hand and seal of said assessor, directing and requiring

to collect from the several persons named in said roll the eral sums mentioned therein set opposite their respective na

as a tax or assessment, and authorize him in case any of the

shall neglect or refuse to pay such sums to levy the same distress and sale of his or her goods and chattels, toge

with the costs and charges of such distress and sale, and

recting him to pay such money, when collected, to the tr

urer of said village by a certain day therein named, not

than forty days from the date of said warrant, and said 1

rant may be renewed from time to time, as the common or

cil may deem best; and when any assessment shall be m for any special improvement it shall be legal, even if it is

made at the time of making the grand list, notice being gi

of the review of said assessment as herein provided.

Notice of.

assessor to complete and deliver to marshal.

Marshal to collect taxes by distress and sale.

Special assessment to be legal.

1065

Sec. 13. If a y person shall refuse or neglect to pay the sum Proceedings Frams at which he or she shall be taxed or assessed as afore-refuses to id, the marshal is hereby authorized and required to levy the me by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the perwho ought to pay the same, first giving public notice bereof, as is required by law to be given by township treaspiers; and in case the goods and chattels distressed shall be d for more than the amount of the tax or assessment, with charges of distress and sale, the surplus shall be paid to sowner of such goods and chattels on demand; and in case marshal shall be unable to collect the taxes assessed on any estate, he shall make a return thereof, with the amount and unpaid on each description, and said tax thereafter hall be a lien on the same.

Bec. 14. The tax upon real estate, with all the assessments, Return the purposes named in the ninth section of this act, shall be taxes. down in the assessment roll by itself in a column; and henever any such tax or assessment, and all taxes on real tate returned for non-payment of taxes, as provided in the peceding section, and the interest thereon, which shall be computed at the rate of twenty per centum per annum until mid, shall remain unpaid for two years from the date of the perrant to the marshal, as aforesaid, the treasurer of said Mage shall cause so much of the land charged with such tax and assessment and interest, to be sold at public auction, at me public place in said village, to the highest bidder, as shall be necessary to pay the said taxes and assessment, and interest, together with all charges thereon: Provided, That if less Proviso. then the whole tract described shall be sold for such taxes, such part sold shall be taken from the northern portion of such deexiption, first giving at least thirteen weeks' notice of the time and place of sale, by advertisement posted up in three of the most public places in said village, or by causing the same to be published in a newspaper in said village; an affidavit of such publication, recorded in the manner prescribed in the eleventh

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

section of this act, shall be deemed prima facie evidence fact of such publication.

Treasurer to sell lands.

Sec. 15. On the day mentioned in said notice, the treasurer shall commence the sale of said lands, and co the same from day to day until so much thereof shall t as will pay the taxes and assessments as aforesaid, wi interest and charges due, assessed and charged then Certificate of aforesaid; and the said treasurer shall give to the pur

purchase.

or purchasers of any such lands a certificate in writin scribing the lands purchased and the sums paid thereft

the time when the purchaser will be entitled to a de Conveyance. the said lands; and unless within one year from the of the sale thereof there shall be paid to the treasurer, use of the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, the sum men in such certificate, together with the interest thereon, rate of twenty per centum per annum, from the date o certificate, the treasurer, or his successor in office st the expiration of said one year, execute to the pur his heirs or assigns, a conveyance of the lands sold, conveyance shall vest in the person or persons to it shall be given, an estate in fee simple: Provided, A ceedings connected with the raising and levying such to the sale for the non-payment thereof, are according t and the said conveyance shall be prima facie evidence the sale was regular, according to the provisions of th and every such conveyance, executed by the said tre under his hand and seal, witnessed and acknowledged

Proviso.

When may be used as evidence.

> by the owner, and duly recorded. Sec. 16. The treasurer of said village shall receive the fees in case of sales as aforesaid, as are allowed by law county treasurer for like services; and the expenses f advertising of any land for sale, in pursuance of this act,

by the treasurer, be added to such taxes respectively

recorded in the usual form, may be given in evidence

same manner as a deed regularly executed and acknow

Fees of treasurer. charged upon land and unpaid, in proportion to the amount such person's tax as charged and unpaid.

Sec. 17. No money shall be drawn from the treasury except Money; how drawn from appropriation of the common council, and orders directing treasury.

payment of any and all sums of money, shall specify the ject and purpose of the same, and the fund from which it is be paid, and shall be signed by the clerk and countersigned the president.

Sec. 18. No member of the common council, during his trustees not to become surety or be interested in surety or be interested in the of any official act or duty to be done or performed by any contract my person elected or appointed to any office under the profice of this act; and during the time for which he may be dected a member of said common council, he shall not be deterested, directly or indirectly, in any contract or purchase, the expense or consideration whereof is to be paid out of the village treasury.

Sec. 19. All moneys assessed and raised for highway purposes Highway fund; how hall be kept a fund separate and distinct from the general kept.

That, and no money shall be appropriated or paid from said highway fund except for highway purposes.

Sec. 20. No officer appointed by the common council shall Appointed hold his office for more than one year, or until his successor is appointed; and the common council may require of any of them security, by bond, for the performance of the duties of their respective offices, as shall be thought expedient, which bend shall run to the treasurer of the corporation and his successors in office; and a suit may be brought for any breach of mid bond, in the name of the common council of said village, in other cases, before any justice of the peace, or the circuit court of said county, according to the amount claimed, which courts are hereby authorized to hear, try and determine the mane.

Sec. 21. All officers appointed by the common council shall at officers to be subject to their supervision and control, in the dis-common council. charge of their official duties, and may be removed from office

by a majority of their whole number, for any refusal or neglect to comply with their orders or directions, or for any ground neglect in the discharge of other official duties, but the can of such removal shall in all cases be made a matter of record by them.

Vacancies.

Sec. 22. A vacancy in any appointive office, whether I death, removal from office, resignation or otherwise, shall filled for the unexpired term by appointment, to be made the common council; and any vacancy in the number of trusts shall be filled in the same manner.

Compensat'n of appointed officers.

Sec. 23. The marshal, clerk, attorney, and such other concers as may be appointed by the said common council, shall a ceive such compensation for their services as the by-laws are ordinances of said corporation may direct.

Marshal to be chief of police.

Sec. 24. The marshal shall have the general supervision the village, and see that the laws are enforced, and by virtue; his office shall be high constable and chief of the police, w the powers belonging to constables of any township, having power to enter into any disorderly or gaming house or dwell ing house, or any other building where he may have good reas to believe a felon is secreted or harbored, and where any per son who has committed a breach of the peace or where an felony or breach of the peace is being committed, to arrest disorderly persons or felons, and those engaged in unlawful semblages, without process, and take them before any justice of the peace of the township of Union, who shall hear, try and determine the matter upon proof in a summary way; to compel the citizens to aid in extinguishing fires; to appoint depaties, with powers similar to his own: Provided, That nothing in this act shall be construed into his serving processes issued by justices of the peace in civil cases.

To arrest felons.

Proviso.

Sec. 25. The common council shall have authority to build or purchase a suitable place to be used as a watch-house or village prison, and appoint the requisite officers for the same; and until such prison is built or purchased, the sheriff of Branch county is hereby authorized to receive criminals and persons

Village prison.

amitted for offenses against the by-laws of said village into seemmon jail of said county, on the same terms and for the me fees, to be paid by said village, as in other cases.

Sec. 26. Each member of the fire department, or an engine, Firemen to ok and ladder, bucket or hose company, duly organized by from politax b common council, shall be exempt from poll tax, or serv-vice. g on juries; and the common council may pass such laws as by may deem proper to prevent or extinguish fires, and to mex penalties for the violation thereof, and to compel the mistance of the citizens to aid in extinguishing any fire.

Sec. 27. The common council shall be the commissioners of council to treets and highways, and within the limits of the village shall sioners of we the same power and perform the same duties as now by w belong to commissioners of streets and highways in the recal townships of this State, and shall appoint one or more rest commissioners to repair and keep in order the highways, reets and alleys, and shall cause a tax to be levied and colited upon the real and personal property in said village, not teseding one thousand dollars nor less than one hundred and By dollars in any year; and no other highway taxes shall be Poll tax; wied and collected in said village, except that every male inthitant above the age of twenty-one years and under the age t sixty, residing in said village on the first day of April in ach year, except paupers, idiots, lunatics, and those excepted a section twenty-six of this act, and by general laws, shall me liable to pay a poll tax of one dollar, to be collected by the marshal; and every person so liable to pay a poll tax who shall How may be reglect or refuse to pay the same within ten days from the time demand made by the marshal, shall forfeit to the use of the mid corporation the sum of five dollars, to be recovered in the mane of the common council, in an action of debt, before any

posice of the peace of the township of Union; and the com-

non council shall cause a list to be made and delivered to the

mershal in the month of April in each year, of all persons

Table to pay said poll tax; and the common council shall have

the exclusive control of the highway money levied and col-

collected.

Proviso.

Ibid.

lected in the village: Provided, That their power to order fe to be removed, and to remove such fences the uselves, and open, widen and extend streets and highways, shall not be stricted between the first day of April and the first day of I vember in each year, but they may exercise that power at time during the year: And provided also, That nothing her contained shall be construed to exempt any person or prope within said village from any township tax that may be leg levied within and for the township of Union, for the repairi building or rebuilding of any bridge within said township, for any special expenditure for the laying out, opening, wet ing or improving any highway of said township, or for damage for which said township may become liable by rea of any neglect in keeping any bridge or public highway proper repair.

Proceedings when private lands are taken for public use.

Notice to

owner.

of jury.

Sec. 28. Whenever the lands of any person shall be requise to be taken for the constructing, widening or extending stre lanes, alleys, drains, or sewers within the limits of said ville the common council shall give notice thereof to the owner parties interested, or his, her or their agent or representative by personal service, or by written notice posted up in three the most public places in said village, at least three weeks me preceding the meeting of the common council for any of purposes aforesaid; and the said common council are here authorized to treat with such person or persons for Summoning ground or premises; and if such person or persons shall reor neglect to treat for the same, or if the parties cannot again therefor, it shall and may be lawful for said common com to direct any justice of the peace of the township of Uni to issue a venire facias, to command the marshal of village, or any constable of said county to summon and n a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders, to be taken without the limits of said village, to appear before him at any time therein to be stated, to inquire into the necessity of using such grounds or premises, and the just compensation to be made therefor to the owner or owners of, or parties interested in such

or premises, 1 lich jury, being first duly sworn by said Jury to sithfully and impartially to inquire into the necessity damages such grounds or premises, and the just compensation de therefor, and having viewed the premises, if neces-Il inquire of such necessity, and assess such damages pensation as they shall judge fit to be awarded to the : owners of, or parties interested in such ground or , for their respective losses, according to the several or estates therein; and the said justice shall, upon rn of such assessment or verdict, enter judgment confirming the same; and such sum or sums so as-Compensat'n ogether with all the costs, shall be paid or legally owner. , before such street, lane or alley, sidewalk, drain or r highway, shall be made, opened, or established, or to the claimant or claimants thereof; it shall therelawful for the common council to cause the same or premises to be occupied and used for the purposes 1: Provided, That the common council, or any party damages as aforesaid, may have the right to remove occedings by appeal to the circuit court, or any other competent jurisdiction, upon giving notice of his, their intention so to do, to said justice, in writing, en days, or in case of the absence of said party from age, (at the time of the rendition of the judgment,) hin thirty days after the verdict of said jury, and the t of said justice, as aforesaid, such appellant first bond, with two sufficient sureties, to be approved by tice, conditional to pay all costs that may be awarded im in said circuit court; upon the filing of a transcript roceedings aforesaid, duly certified by the said justice, rty days after the verdict and judgment as aforesaid, in uit court, or any other court of record having appellate tion, the same proceedings shall be had as is prescribed n other cases of appeal: Provided, That if final judg-Proviso. : damages shall not exceed the damages assessed beBody corporate politic. rison town line; thence southerly along said old corporate line, to the place of beginning, be and the i me are here ordained, constituted and declared to be from time to the forever hereafter, one body politic and corporate, in fact and name, by the name of the "President and Trustees of the place of Mt. Clemens," and by that name they and their succession, and the be persons in law capable of suing and being sued, pleading at being impleaded in all suits of what nature soever, and also purchase, hold and convey any estate, real or personal, and makes a common seal, and may change and alter the same pleasure, and shall be citizens of said village, and the territor embraced within the boundaries aforesaid shall be designate and known as "The Village of Mt. Clemens."

Council to pass laws relative to—

Sec. 6. The village council shall have power to ordain and establish by-laws, rules and regulations, and the same to all and repeal at pleasure, for the following purposes:

Election of officers.

Proviso.

First. For the election or appointment of a treasurer, the assessors, a marshal, and other officers for said village, and prescribe their duties, declare their qualifications, and the period of their appointment or election: Provided, That officer shall hold his office for more than one year, or und others be elected or be appointed, and the fees any one of them shall be entitled to receive for his services, and to require any or of all of them an oath or affirmation, faithfully to diag charge the duties of their respective offices, and to require any of them such security, by bond, for the performance of the duties of their respective offices, as shall be thought expedient, which bond shall run to the treasurer of said corporation and his successors in office, and said treasurer or his successors shall have power to sue for all breaches of the same, before and justices of the peace, or the circuit court of said county, accorde ing to the amount claimed, which courts are hereby authorized to hear, try, and determine the same.

Cattle.

Second. To prohibit the running at large of swine, cattle

les, geese, horses, goats and sheep, within the limits of said

To regulate the building of partition and other fences. Fences.

To purchase fire engines and other necessary appa- Fire engines.

To the extinguishing of fires; to cause each building the pied as a house or store, to be provided with fire buckets, to prescribe the manner in which stoves, with their pipes to prescribe the manner in which stoves, with their pipes to prescribe the put up, and chimneys built to guard that fires.

To remove nuisances, and to regulate and license cart-Nuisances.

porters, hacks, cabs and omnibuses, and to regulate their

of compensation and charges, and prevent runners from

citing travelers.

Sixth. To regulate the licensing of all public shows in said shows. lege, and to prescribe the sums to be paid into the treasury refor.

Seventh. To grade the streets and alleys, and pave them, and grading streets.

The sidewalks to be made, and the expense thereof to be streets.

The sidewalks to be made, and the expense thereof to be streets.

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The sidewalks to be made, and the expense thereof to be streets.

Highth. To keep the public highways and bridges over creeks, Highways.

The ings and water-courses within the corporation limits, in

Their, and prescribe rules and regulations for the removal of

The from sidewalks.

Ninth. To cause the streets, alleys, sidewalks and public Obstructions on streets. Sighways, and every part thereof, to be kept free from the struction.

Tenth. To lay out new streets and alleys, and to extend such Laying out streets.

Were already laid out: Provided, That the lands of any indistreets.

Which shall not be taken for such purpose until said individual Proviso.

That the lands of any indistreets.

Lovying taxes.

Eleventh. To lay taxes on all personal and real estate wit the limits of said village, excepting property belonging to village, town, county, or State, excepting also, places of pul worship belonging to any church or congregation, and school-houses.

Fines and penalties.

Twelfth. For the violation of any of which by-laws, rules regulations, such reasonable fines and penalties may imposed by the law itself, as the said village council de proper; and when any fine or penalty shall not exceed one in dred dollars, the same may be recovered before any justice the peace in the township of Clinton, and any interests! inhabitants of the village of Mt. Clemens, as a body corpor may have in the fine and penalty to be recovered, shall not qualify any inhabitants of said village to try such cause or se as jurors, or be a witness therein; and the circuit court of county shall also have jurisdiction over all fines and penal imposed by said by-law, and all such sum or sums of money may be received into the village treasury for licenses, or lected for fines or penalties, may be appropriated by the co cil as they may deem for the best interests of the village.

Assessment roll

Sec. 11. It shall be the duty of the council, once in a and every year, and immediately after the assessors have sessed the real and personal estate lying and being in said lage, to estimate, apportion and set down, in a column left that purpose, opposite to the several sums set down as the p and value of the real and personal estate in the assessment: the respective sums, in dollars and cents, to be paid as a tax assessment thereon; and they shall cause the assessment: to marshal or a copy of it, to be delivered to the marshal of said ville with a warrant annexed to the same, under the hands and of said president, recorder and trustees, or a majority of th directed to, and requiring him to collect from the several 1 sons named in said roll the several sums mentioned therein opposite to their respective names as a tax or assessment, authorize him, in case any of them shall refuse or neglec

Copy of, to be delivered

y such sum to levy the same by distress and sale of Marshal auor her goodsl chattels, together with the costs and sell property for taxes. barges of such distress and sale, and directing him to pay such ency when collected to the treasurer of said village, by a certain to be therein named, not less than forty days from the te of said warrant: Provided, That the village council shall Proviso. t, in any one year, raise by tax a sum exceeding five mills a dollar of the assessed valuation of the real and personal coperty in the said village, unless the electors thereof shall, legal meeting assembled, at thorize a larger sum to be raised: nd provided further, That the council shall not create a debt Ibid. minst the corporation greater in any one year than the amount tax they are authorized to raise for such year: And provided Ibid. Earther, Said council shall be and are hereby authorized to call pecial meetings of the electors of the village, for the purpose taking a vote of such electors as to raising a larger sum than council can by this act raise.

Sec. 20. The village council shall have power to levy and Poll tax.

The second to be collected in each and every year, a poll tax, not exceeding one dollar, upon every male inhabitant of said village of the age of twenty-one years and upward, and not exceeding the age of fifty years, except paupers, idiots, lunatics, and others excepted by the laws of this State; and all moneys collected by virtue of this section shall be used and considered as part of the highway fund.

Sec. 21. This act shall take effect immediately. Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 378.]

AN ACT to change the name of the Agawam Mining Company.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Name the name of the Agawam Mining Company, a corporation organized under the general mining laws of the State of Michigan, and doing business in the county of Houghton, in the

Upper Peninsula of said State, be and the same is changed to the Huron Copper Mining Company.

Rights and privileges of new company.

Sec. 2. Said Huron Copper Mining Company shall, fro after the passage of this act, be subject to all of the list and entitled to all the rights, privileges, real estate and chises of the said Agawam Mining Company.

Sec. 3. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 379.]

AN ACT to legalize the action of the board of drain or sioners of Lenawee county, in laying out and estab certain county drains in said county.

Action of board legalized.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, TI action of the board of drain commissioners of Lanawee in laying out and establishing certain drains or ditches, as drains numbers five, seven, ten, eleven, thirteen, seve nineteen, twenty-five, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, thirty, five, thirty-six, thirty-eight, forty-six, fifty-four, fifty-eight ty-three, seventy and seventy-two, situated in the cou Lenawee, be and it is hereby declared to be legal and and said drains are also declared to be legally established same as though all the precise forms of law had been con with, relative to the laying out and establishing county

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 380.]

AN ACT to authorize the township of Watervliet to certain moneys advanced by George Parsons in bounties, and to levy a tax therefor.

Bounty money dea debt.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact clared to be the amount of three hundred and nine een dollars, as interest thereon from the first day of January, eightee read and sixty-five, at ten per cent per annum, paid by George reasons, for the purpose of paying bounties to volunteers to it in the suppression of the late rebellion, shall be and is reby constituted a debt against the said township of fatervliet.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the supervisor of the town-amount of debt to be taking to raise by tax on the taxable property of the township of raised by taxes.

Watervliet, in the county of Berrien, and State of Michigan, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, the sum of three hundred and nineteen dollars, and interest on said sum from January first, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, at ten per cent. per annum; said amount to be levied, assessed and collected as ther township taxes, and to be paid to the holder of the indebtedness specified in the first section of this act on the order of the township board: Provided, That no money shall be Proviso. It is an assessed as herein provided, unless authorized by a sote of the electors of said township, at the annual meeting, is any special township meeting held therein for that purpose.

Sec. 3. This act shall take immediate effect.

Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 381.]

AN ACT to authorize the township of Cambridge, Lenawee county, to raise by tax, certain moneys for the relief of Andrew Ayers, late treasurer of said town.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Township the township board of the township of Cambridge, Lenawee thorized to county, Michigan, are hereby authorized to levy a tax of not more than seven hundred and seventy 86-100 dollars, upon the taxable property of said township, for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine. Said amount of moneys to be paid to Andrew Ayers, late treasurer of said township, for moneys assessed upon the assessment roll as a part of a bounty tax for the year A. D. 1867, and not collected by said treasurer:

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

Proviso.

Provided, That the electors of said township of Cambi Lenawee county, shall, at the annual township meeting held in said town of Cambridge for the year A. D. 1869 majority vote of said electors, present and voting, vote to the said amount of seven hundred and seventy 86-100 de then the township board of said township shall be an hereby authorized to assess and collect the same upon the able property of said township, in like manner as other for township purposes for the year A. D. 1869: Provided ther, That the vote for or against such tax shall be by ball [Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect.]

Ibid.

Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 382.]

AN ACT to amend sections eight, thirty-five, forty-nine fifty-eight of an act entitled "An act to revise the char the city of Flint," approved March twenty, one thou eight hundred and sixty-seven, being act number three dred and seventy-two, of the session laws of one thor eight hundred and sixty-seven.

Sections amended.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, sections eight, thirty-five, forty-nine, and fifty-eight of a entitled "An act to revise the charter of the city of Flint,' proved March twenty, one thousand eight hundred and a seven, being act number three hundred and seventy-two, o session laws of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-se be and the same are hereby amended so as to read as foll

Common council to

Sec. 8. The common council shall have power to appoin appoint mar-attorney and a marshal for the city, a city surveyor, a s other officers commissioner for each ward, on the nomination of the a men of such ward, a chief engineer of the fire department such other officers, whose election is not herein provided as they may deem necessary to carry into effect the po granted by this act, and to remove the same at pleasure. !

pall also have po to remove the treasurer for any violation when may the ordinances of the common council; and in case of a treasurer. gency in any city or ward office, the common council shall, as as may be, appoint an officer to fill such vacancy for the expired portion of the year; and all officers so appointed, be notified and qualified as herein directed: Provided, Proviso. hat the common council may at any time order a special estion to fill a vacancy in any office which is elective under his act: And provided further, That no member of the com- Ibid. non council shall be appointed to any office except in the fire lepartment.

Sec. 35. Whenever the common council shall determine that Council auhe whole or any part of the expenses of any public improve-levy assessnent shall be defrayed by an assessment against the owners or public improvements ecupants of houses or lands to be specially benefited thereby, hey shall ascertain as they may think proper, the estinated or actual expense of such improvement made, or to be inde, and shall declare, by resolution to be entered in their sords, whether the whole or what portion thereof shall be asmed against such owners or occupants, specifying the sum to so assessed, and the portion of the city which they deem will be specially benefited by such improvement; and the costs and expenses of making the plans, estimates and assessments incidental thereto, shall be included in the estimated expenses et such improvement.

Sec. 49. The common council shall have power to assess and Poll tax. collect from each male inhabitant of said city, over the age of twenty-one years, (except paupers, idiots and lunatics,) an anmal capitation or poll tax, not exceeding seventy-five cents, and they may provide by their by-laws or by ordinances, for the collection of the same by the marshal of said city; and the money raised by such poll tax shall be expended in the repective wards in which the persons so taxed shall respectively reside, as the highway taxes of such wards are expended.

Sec. 58. The of ers of said city shall be entitled to receive, Compensat'n fees and perquisites allowed by law, such in addition to t **136**–

thorized to

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

Proviso.

sums as the common council shall allow for their services: A vided, That justices of the peace, supervisors and constall shall be allowed the same fees as are allowed by law to constall ponding township officers: And provided further, That is mayor and aldermen shall receive no pay for services as a officers, nor for services while acting on committees.

Ibid.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 383.]

AN ACT to legalize the action of the board of supervisors Ingham county, in discontinuing a certain piece of Staroad.

Action of board legalized. SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, The the action of the board of supervisors of the county of Ingle in discontinuing that portion of the Lansing, Eaton Repland Marshall State road, running diagonally across the state of the north-east quarter of section thirty-two, in the township of Lansing, be and the same is hereby legalized.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 384.]

AN ACT to legalize the action of the school inspectors of township of Marathon, in Lapeer county, in organizing school district number six, in said township of Marathon.

Action of school inspectors legalized. SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, The the acts of the school inspectors of the township of Marathon in organizing school district number six, in said township, be and the same are hereby declared as legal as if the same had been done by, and with the concurrent action of the school

said school district are hereby declared as legal as if the said inspectors of Oregon had concurred in the organization of same.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 385.]

AN ACT to organize the county of Benzie.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That County organized.

Les county of Benzie, consisting of the territory embraced by the present county of Benzie, be and the same is hereby organized into a separate county, by the name of Benzie; and the line bitants thereof shall be entitled to all the privileges, powers and immunities to which, by law, the inhabitants of other leganized counties in this State are entitled.

Sec. 2. At the township meeting to be held in the several Election of townships in said county on the first Monday in April next, there shall be an election of all the county officers to which, by law, the said county may be entitled, whose term of office shall expire on the first day of January, A. D. eighteen hundred and seventy-one, and when their successors shall have been elected and qualified.

Sec. 3. The county canvassers, under the provisions of this Board of act, shall meet on the second Tuesday succeeding the day of canvassers. Section, as herein appointed, in the village of Benzonia, in said county, at the house of John Bailey, or at such other place as may be agreed upon and provided by said board, and organize by appointing one of their number chairman and another section, and shall thereupon proceed to discharge all the duties of a board of county canvassers, as in other cases of the election of county officers, as prescribed by the general law.

Location of county seat.

Sec. 4. The location of the county seat of said count be determined by the vote of the electors of said count special election, which is hereby appointed to be held several townships of said county, on the first Monday i next. There shall be written on the ballots then polled! qualified electors of said county, one of the following na places, to wit: Frankfort, Benzonia, and the south-east qua the north-east quarter of section twenty-eight, township to six north, of range fourteen west, and that one which receive a majority of all the votes cast at such election, al the county seat of the county of Benzie: Provided, T. case no one of said places shall, at said election, be design such county seat in the manner aforesaid, another el shall be held on the first Monday of October next, in the places, at which the said electors shall designate, by m vote, one of the two above named places which shall received the highest number of votes at said July elect be the county seat of said county of Benzie.

Board of township inspectors; duties of.

Proviso.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the several boards of tov inspectors, in each of the townships of the said county, to ex the elections authorized by the provisions of this act, make returns thereof in accordance with the general proof law for conducting elections in this State, so far as the may be applicable thereto.

When canvassers shall meet

Sec. 6. The board of county canvassers for the specis tion for locating the county seat, shall consist of the p appointed on the day of such special election, by the boards of township inspectors; and said board of count vassers shall meet on the second Tuesday succeeding the of said special election, at the house of John Bailey, in t lage of Benzonia, and having appointed one of their m chairman, and the county clerk of said county acting as sec shall proceed to canvass the votes, and determine the local Clerk to file the county seat, in accordance therewith; and it shall be the of the clerk of said board to file a copy of the determi of said board as to the location of the county seat, signs

determinat'n of board.

tified by him, and countersigned by the chairman, with the retary of State, and with the township clerks of the several raships in said county.

Secretary of State is hereby directed to furnish Secretary of State to furnish township clerk of the township of Benzonia with a certified nish certified copy of act.

The secretary of State to furnish secretified township clerk of the township of Benzonia with a certified copy of act.

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The secretary of State to furnish certified copy of act.

Sec. 8. The said county of Benzie, when so organized, shall County; to what circuit attached to the thirteenth judicial circuit, and the judge of attached.

Sec. 9. This act shall take immediate effect.

Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 386.]

AN ACT to organize the county of Wexford, and the townbips of Hanover, Wexford, Colfax, and Springville, therein.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That county the county of Wexford, consisting of the territory embraced by the present county of Wexford, be and the same is hereby organized into a separate county, by the name of Wexford; and the inhabitants thereof shall be entitled to all the privileges, powers and immunities to which, by law, the inhabitants of other organized counties in this State are entitled.

Sec. 2. The unorganized county of Missaukee shall be at-county attached to the county of Wexford, for municipal and judicial purposes.

Sec. 3. All that part of the said county of Wexford described Township of Hanover.

**Efollows, to wit: Township twenty-four north, of ranges nine,

ten and eleven west, shall be organized into a township by the

name of Hanover; and the first township meeting thereof shall First election.

be held at the house of Lewis C. Dunham, on the first Monday

Board of inspectors.

in April next, and Robert Henderson, Lewis C. Dunham, and John H. Wheeler shall be the inspectors of the election.

Township of Wexford.

Sec. 4. All that part of the said county of Wexford described as follows, to wit: Township twenty-four north, of range twelve west, shall be organized into a township by the name of Wexford; and the first township meeting thereof shall be held at the house of William Masters, on the first Monday of April next and Isaac U. Davis, Isaac N. Carpenter, and Lewis Cornel shall be inspectors of the election.

inspectors.

Board of

First election.

Township of Springville.

Sec. 5. All that part of the said county of Wexford described as follows, to wit: Townships twenty-one, twenty-two and twenty-three north, of ranges eleven and twelve west, shall be organized into a township by the name of Springville; and the first township meeting thereof shall be held at the store of I. G. Clark, on the first Monday of April next, and Aaron C. But ker, Daniel Jewett, and H. C. Duning shall be inspectors of the election.

Inspectors of election.

First election.

Township of Colfax.

Sec. 6. All that part of the said county of Wexford described as follows, to wit: Townships twenty-one, twenty-two and twenty-three north, of ranges nine and ten west, shall be organized into a township by the name of Colfax; and the first township meeting thereof shall be held at the house of Lucas W. Gates, on the first Monday of April next, and William Golf, Lucas W. Gates, and Nathan Dayhuff shall be inspectors of the election.

Inspectors of election.

First election.

Township of Colfax enlarged.

Sec. 7. The dimensions of the township of Colfax, in said county, shall be enlarged by adding thereto the following described territory, to wit: Townships twenty-one, twenty-two and twenty-three north, of ranges five, six, seven and eight west, being a part of the unorganized county of Missaukee.

Township of Hanover enlarged. Co

Sec. 8. The dimensions of the township of Hanover, in said county, shall be enlarged by adding thereto the following described territory, to wit: Township twenty-four north, of ranges five, six, seven and eight west, being a part of the unorganized county of Missaukee.

Lec. 9. The co y of said county shall be and is hereby Location of ated in townsl ip tv ty-four north, of range twelve west, at or what is called Manistee Bridge; and Henry J. Devoe, e U. Davis, and E. C. Dayhuff are hereby appointed compioners to locate the same. If said commissioners, or any of them, shall fail to locate said county seat within one from June next, then the board of supervisors and county of said county shall locate the same.

Sec. 10. At the township meeting of the several townships in Election id county, to be held on the first Monday of April next, there officers. all be an election of all the county officers to which the said muty is entitled, whose term of office shall expire on the first of January, A. D. 1871, and when their successors shall eve been elected and qualified. Said election shall be conmeted in the same way, by the same officers, and the returns percof made in the same manner, as near as may be, as is now quired by law in the elections of county officers in this State. Sec. 11. The county canvass of the votes cast for county of-Canvass of shall be held on the second Tuesday succeeding the elec-shall be m, at the house of George W. Bryant, at Manistee Bridge. md said canvass shall be conducted in the same way, and by be same officers, as the requirements of law now provide in rganizing counties, as nearly as may be, by the appointment

Sec. 12. Said county shall be in the thirteenth judicial cir-County to be enit, and shall be entitled to two courts therein in each year. circuit

Sec. 13. It shall be the duty of the register of deeds for Duty of mid county of Wexford, when elected, to procure, maintain register. and keep in his office, two sets of books, for the record of deeds, mortgages, and other instruments affecting the title of real estate in said counties of Wexford and Missaukee; the me to be denominated "Records for Wexford county," and the other to be denominated "Records for Missaukee county;" and shall register and record in the book designated "records for Wexford county," all deeds, mortgages, conveyances, or

y the board of canvassers, of one of their own number to act

secretary to said board of county canvassers.

other instruments affecting re-8, which shall be situated in Wexford county, as the same say now required to be corded by law; and all deeds, mortgages, conveyances, or instruments affecting real estate situated in Missaukee con shall be recorded in the books designated as "records for I saukee county," with the same effect and to the same pure as the same are now authorized to be recorded by law.

Sec. 14. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved March 30, 1869.

[No. 387.]

AN ACT to authorize the Kalamazoo and Grand Rapids Pla Road Company to vacate certain parts of said road.

Company authorized to take up track.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, the Kalamazoo and Grand Rapids Plank Road Company hereby authorized and empowered to take up the track of 1 said road, from the village of Kalamazoo to the south bank the Kalamazoo river, in the village of Plainwell, in the com of Allegan, and also so much of said road as lies north: Kelloggsville, in the county Kent.

To repair road not vacated.

Sec. 2. The said company is hereby further authorized to: move the plank from those parts of said road-bed, hereby 1 cated, to repair that part of said road not vacated, and 2 the said company or their assigns have till the first day of Ja Plank not to next, to remove the plank aforesaid. But said company in from bridges not remove said plank from any bridge or culvert on the p so vacated; and said company shall not be entitled to coll tolls for travel on, or any use of any portion of the pe vacated after such plank road company shall have decided so vacate such portion of their road.

Commis'rs of highways sent for all road.

Sec. 3. This act shall not be construed to authorise 1 to give con- said company or their assigns, to vacate any portion of removals of road, nor to remove the plank from any portion thereof, wi thaving pre obtained the consent, in writing, of the immissioners or highways of the respective townships in itch such portions of the road lies; and after such vacation transval of the plank, according to the foregoing provisions, it road shall be deemed a public highway, and be altered, inted or repaired by the commissioners of highways of the spective townships in which such road lies, in all respects as an as other public highways.

Sec. 4. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 388.]

of the session laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-five, approved March eighteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, enlittled "An act to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the village of Mackinac," approved March twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and numbered one hundred and eight, and to add certain sections thereto, by adding two new meetions thereto, to stand as sections thirty-three and thirty-four.

Shorron 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Act amended in number two hundred and forty-four, of the session laws of the teen hundred and sixty-five, approved March eighteenth, the entitled an act to incorporate the village of Mackinac," throved March twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and numbered one hundred and eight, and to add certain sections thereto, be amended by adding two new sections thereto, in that as sections thirty-three and thirty-four, and to read as thows:

Sec. 33. The neglect to hold such annual election at the time Failure to hold election not to dishereinbefore named, shall not be deemed to work a dissolution not to dissolve corporation, but in such case it shall and may be law-ration.

If to hold such election at any time thereafter, pursuant to whice notice, which may be given by five qualified electors of 137—

Duty of inspectors.

said village, by posting the same, containing a designation of time and place of holding said election, in five of the most places in said village, at least ten days before such elections shall be held. The inspectors of election of the village shall present, act as inspectors of such election; but if they are so present, the electors then present shall, by viva vocs pelect three inspectors of election, who having been duly are to discharge such duties, shall have all the powers and perhall the duties of inspectors of elections, regularly held.

Trustees to have charge of public grounds.

Sec. 34. The president and trustees, or a majority of the shall have full power and authority to take charge of the p lic grounds or squares of said corporation or village, and lease the same, after giving twenty days' public notice of time and place of such leasing, to the highest responsible lear, for a term of not more than five years, and to collect rents on the same now due or that may hereafter become described to take immediate effect.

Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 389.]

AN ACT to authorize the trustees of the Methodist Episet Church of Dansville, Ingham county, to sell and concertain real estate.

Real estate; trustees authorized to sell. SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, I the trustees of the Methodist Episcopal church of Danse in the county of Ingham, be and they are hereby author and empowered to sell and convey, by good and sufficient are ranty deed or deeds, all right, title and interest of said church in and to the following described real estate, viz: Beginn at a point on the east line of the west half of the north-quarter of section twenty-two, town two north, of range east, eight rods south of north-east corner of south-west quarter of north-east quarter of said section; from thence runs west twelve rods; thence north to north line of said sec

Description of.

quarter of said section, eight rods; mee west on said north line twenty-two rods; thence south line and one-half rods; thence east thirty-four rods; and mee north to the place of beginning, four and one-half rods, maining two acres of land, clear of road: Provided, They Proviso. It determine so to do by a majority vote of all the trustees of said church.

Bec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect.

Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 390.]

AN ACT to organize the county of Charlevoix.

Shorion 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Description of county of Charlevoix, consisting of the following described writory, to wit: Townships thirty-two north, of ranges four, i.e., six, and seven west; townships thirty-three north, of inges four, five, six, seven, eight and nine west; the south half township thirty-four north, of ranges four, five and six west, and all of townships thirty-four north, of ranges seven and ight west, be and the same is hereby organized into a separate limity, by the name of Charlevoix; and the inhabitants thereof iall be entitled to all the privileges, powers and immunities to thich by law the inhabitants of other organized counties in its State are entitled.

ips in said county, on the first Monday in May next, for the officers.

In pose of electing county officers, to which, by law, the said may may be entitled, whose term of office shall expire on first day of January, A. D. one thousand eight hundred seventy-one, and when their successors shall have been sected and qualified.

Sec. 3. The county canvassers, under the provisions of this Meeting of County can-county
voix, in said county, at the house of John S. Dixon, or other place as may be agreed upon and provided by said and organize by appointing one of their number charand another secretary, and shall thereupon proceed to disall the duties of a board of county canvassers, as in other of the election of county officers, as prescribed by the gener

County; how attached for judicial and municipal purposes.

Sec. 4. The said county of Charlevoix, when so organ shall be attached to the representative district composed counties of Mason, Lake, Manistee, Grand Traverse, Lee Manitou, Antrim, Otsego, Crawford, Kalkaska, Misse Wexford and Benzie, and of the thirty-first senatoris fourth congressional districts.

Ibid.

Sec. 5. The said county of Charlevoix, when so organishall be attached to the thirteenth judicial circuit.

Secretary of Sec. 6. The Secretary of State is hereby directed to for state to formish copy of the township clerk of the township of Charlevoix with a fied copy of this act; and it shall be the duty of said clerk give the same notice of the elections to be held under the visions of this act that is required by law to be given I sheriff of organized counties.

Duty of county register.

Sec. 7. The register of deeds of said county shall material cause to be made, a transcript of all records made in counties which are necessary to be and appear upon the roof said county of Charlevoix; and the board of supervisaid county shall, within one year after the first meeting board, make provisions for defraying the expense of the

County seat.

Sec. 8. The county seat of the county of Charlevoix allocated by the board of supervisors of said county.

Property[of other counties to be given up.

Sec. 9. All property, files and records belonging to the of Emmet, which may remain in the county of Charles the time of its organization, shall be delivered over of the proper authorities of the county of Emmet.

Sec. 10. All acts or parts of acts, contravening the protof this act, are hereby repealed.

[Sec. 11. This act shall take immediate effect.] Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 391.]

ACT to amend section two of an act entitled "An act to nsorporate the Detroit and Saline Plank Road Company," approved March 23, 1848. Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Actamended tion two of an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Deand Saline Plank Road Company," approved March twentyted, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, be amended as follows: Sec. 2. Said company hereby created shall have power to lay Company establish, and construct a plank road and all necessary to lay out a ddings, from the city of Detroit, in the county of Wayne, to be village of Saline, in the county of Washtenaw, by way of beilanti, with the privilege of constructing a branch from the Mage of Wayne to the village of Schwarzburg, in the county Wayne; also, from the village of Ypsilanti to Ann Arbor, in county of Washtenaw: Provided, That all buildings and Proviso. Regates now located or established within the limits of the y of Detroit shall be removed outside the limits of said city the expense of said city of Detroit, as soon as Michigan tvenue, in said city, shall be paved, from the city hall west, to present location of the first gate on said road. Bec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect.

[No. 392.]

Approved April 2, 1869.

AN ACT to amend act number four hundred and eighty-four, of the session laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, approved March twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, entitled "An act to amend act number one hundred, of session laws of eighteen hundred and forty-eight, incorporating the Detroit and Saline Plank Road Company," by adding a new section thereto.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Actamended act number four hundred and eighty-four, of the session laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, approved March 27,

1867, entitled "An act to amend act number one hundred, of session laws of eighteen hundred and forty-eight, incorporating the Detroit and Saline Plank Road Company," by adding a new section, be amended so as to read as follows:

Tolls; am'ts allowed to be collected.

Sec. 8. Said company shall have power to demand and exact from all persons traveling on said road, the following toll namely: One cent per mile for every buggy, sled or sleid drawn by one animal; one cent per mile for every sled sleigh drawn by two animals; two cents per mile for eve vehicle drawn by two animals, and carrying not to exceed persons, including the person driving, or three thousand hundred pounds, inclusive of the vehicle, and in each case of cent per mile for every additional animal led or driven; of cent per mile for every empty vehicle drawn by one anim two cents per mile for every loaded vehicle drawn by one mal, carrying more than five hundred pounds, including the person driving, and in each case one cent per mile for ever additional animal led or driven; three cents per mile for ever vehicle drawn by two animals, and carrying more than six peri sons, including the driver, or more than three thousand and five hundred pounds, inclusive of the vehicle, and one-balf cent per mile for every additional five hundred pounds mossi than four thousand pounds, including the vehicle, except such vehicles of which the wheels have tires three or more inches wide, which shall not pay over three cents per mile, however loaded: Provided, That the provisions of this act shall not apply to vehicles loaded with cord or fire-wood, or farm product, drawn by two animals, but on such vehicles tolls shall be charged and collected the same as provided in the original. charter of said company.

Proviso.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 393.]

ACT to provide for holding the annual township meeting the township of Muskegon, in the county of Muskegon, for the year eighteen hundred and seventy.

tennual township meeting in the township of Muskegon, in the township of M

in the township named in this act at the time named for ing is not held at applied the same, it shall and may be lawful to hold the same pointed time thereafter, by giving at least ten days' notice of the and place of such meeting by posting notices thereof in the most public places in said township, which said notes the said board of inspectors for said township are hereby horized and required to post.

Rec. 3. If, for any cause, all or either of the inspectors Vacancy in office of appointed shall neglect or shall be unable to attend inspector; how filled. how of said township to choose from the electors present whall be persons to act as inspectors of said meeting.

Sec. 4. The persons named in section one in this act, are Board of registration in and resistration. It said township, and said board is hereby authorized to meet the next Saturday previous to the day of holding said town-hip meeting, at the place designated for holding the same, and the a registration of the electors of said township, after have first taken an oath faithfully to discharge said duty before y person authorized to administer oaths.

Sec. 5. The manner of conducting said registration and hold-Meeting; manner of said township meeting shall be the same as provided by the conducting.

law of this State, not inconsistent with the provisions act.

Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 394.]

AN ACT to incorporate the village of Wayne.

Boundaries.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, all that tract of country situate in the township of N country of Wayne, and State of Michigan, known and des as follows, viz: The south-east quarter of section twenty the south-west quarter of section twenty-eight, the north quarter of section thirty-three, and the north-east quare section thirty-two, of township number two south, of number nine east, be and hereby is constituted a village rate, to be hereafter known and designated as the village.

Officers and terms of office.

Sec. 2. The officers of said village shall consist of a pres recorder, treasurer, and five trustees, to be elected by a pla of votes, by ballot, of the inhabitants of said village havis qualification of electors under the constitution of this and who shall hold their office for the term of one year until their successors are elected and qualified. The firs tion of the officers provided for in this act, shall be held Union Hotel, in said village, on the second Monday of next, and on the third Monday of March, annually there at such place in said village as the common council she signate for that purpose: Provided, That the neglect to such election, at the time and place hereinbefore ment shall not work a dissolution of this corporation; but in case it shall and may be lawful to hold such election a time and place in said village, thereafter, pursuant to 1 notice, which may be given by five qualified electors o village, by posting the same, containing a designation (

Time and place of holding election.

Proviso.

and place thereof, in three of the most public places in id village, at least ten days before such election shall be held. Sec. 3. At any time when the first election shall be held in Judges and said village of Wayne, under this act, there shall be chosen election. the qualified electors there present, viva voce, two judges and one clerk of said election, who, together, shall constitute be board of inspectors thereof, each of whom shall, before dering upon the duties of his office, take an oath before some geon authorized to administer oaths, that he will faithfully d impartially discharge the duties thereof. The said board Duty of. all conduct the election, and certify the result thereof, and hereby clothed with the same power and authority as is pevided for in sections four and five of this act, so far as the me are applicable. At each and every election thereafter to held in said village, under the provisions of this act, the mmon council of said village shall be the board of inspectors hereof, and the recorder shall be the clerk of said board. Sec. 4. The polls of all elections in said village, under this Polls; when et, shall be opened at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and con-closed. hue open until four o'clock in the afternoon of said day, recept in the discretion of the board they may declare a recess one hour between twelve o'clock at noon and two o'clock in the afternoon; the name of each elector voting at each election -shall be written in a poll list, to be kept at such election by a clerk of the board of inspectors thereof. After the close of the Canvass of pells of such election, the board of inspectors thereof shall proceed without delay publicly to canvass the votes given, as is provided by general law for the canvass of votes at township meetings, as relates to comparison of poll list with number of ballots, drawing in case two or more persons receive the same number of votes for the same office, and in all other matters of Upon the com-Certificate of canvass so far as the same shall be applicable. pletion of such canvass, the board of inspectors present at such election. election, shall make and file a certificate thereof in the office of the recorder of said village, within twenty-four hours after the

close of said canvass, which certificate shall give the whole

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number of votes cast for such officer, for whom they were give and the name of the person declared elected to each, either lot or plurality of votes.

Recorder to give notice of elections.

To notify persons of

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the recorder of said village give ten days' public notice in writing in three public places? said village, of the time and place of holding all elections, both annual and special in said village; and no person shall be pe mitted to vote at any such election, unless he is possessed of the qualifications of an elector under the constitution of State, and shall have been a resident of said village for thirty days next immediately preceding the day of such election; recorder of said village shall, within five days after the closing their election, notify the persons elected therest respectively, of their election; and each person so elected as notified shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take, and subscribe an oath that he will support the constitution the United States and the constitution of this State, and the he will faithfully discharge the duties of his office, and shalf cause such oath to be filed with the recorder of said village within ten days from the date of his election.

Board to determine qualificat'ns of electors.

Sec. 6. If the qualifications of any person offering to vote at any such election shall be questioned, the same shall be determined by the board of inspectors thereof, upon an examination of such person on his oath, which any member of said '! board is hereby authorized to administer.

Body corporate and politic.

Sec. 7. The president, recorder and trustees of said village shall be a body corporate and politic, with perpetual succession, with all the powers of township boards, and with all the powers given by the general law, for the incorporation of villages of this State, to the boards of trustees or common councils of villages, in addition to all special powers of this act, to be known and distinguished by the name and title of "the common council of the village of Wayne," and by that name they and their successors in office shall be known in law, and by such name shall be and they are hereby made capable of suing and being sued, of pleading and being impleaded, of answerand being unto, and of defending and being moded in all courts of this State, and any other place whateer; of enforcing all the special powers of this act, and of general act aforesaid for t incorporation of villages by side of supervisors; and may have a common seal, and may and change the same at plane, and by the same name of purchasing, holding, conveying, and disposing of yreal or personal estate, the use and benefit of said corporation.

thal, street commissioner, and such other officers necessial and other officers necessial and other officers are not herein provided to require of them such bonds, for the faithful performed their duties, as they medeem necessary, and to disthem at pleasure; the officers so appointed shall, before officers are not herein provided them at pleasure; the officers so appointed shall, before officers of officers are not herein provided to administer the same.

testings of the village council; but in case of his absence, the and recorder testings of the village council; but in case of his absence, the and recorder test.; and it shall be the duty of the recorder to attend all test meetings, and keep a fair and accurate record of their testings, and his compensation for such service shall be afty cents for each meeting of said common council, and the teste shall be in lieu of all other salary.

Sec. 10. It shall be the duty of the treasurer to act as collectorellar to safely keep all moneys coming into his to keep all moneys.

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Marshal to be police constable.

Sec. 11. The marshal shall be a poli constable, and serve any and all papers that may be assued by the recor any other officer, by virtue of this act of incorporation shall be provided with the same privileges as are provid constables in the discharge of their duties by the laws (State; shall have the general supervision of the village, a that the laws are enforced; shall have power to enter int disorderly or gaming house, or dwelling house, or any building where he may have good reason to believe a fel any person or persons who have committed a breach peace are being secreted or harbored, or where any felc breach of the peace is being committed, to arrest such c ers, disorderly persons or felons, and those engaged in u ful assemblages, and take them before any justice of the of the township of Nankin, who shall hear and determin matter, upon proof, as required by law; to compel the ci to aid in extinguishing fires, and to appoint deputies with Compensation ers similar to his own; and for the performance of the of this act, he shall receive such compensation therefor common council may allow.

To arrest felons.

To enter disordely

houses.

Treasurer and marshal

Sec. 12. The treasurer and marshal shall respectively, to give bond. they enter upon the exercise of the duties of their resp offices, give such bond or security for the faithful discha the trusts reposed in them as the common council shall and require.

Common council; who

Sec. 13. The president, recorder and trustees, when qui to constitute and assembled together, shall constitute the common cour the village of Wayne, and a majority of the whole sh necessary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of ness, though a less number may adjourn from time to and the said common council shall hold their meetings at time and place as they may from time to time appoint.

Vacancies; how filled.

Sec. 14. In case of the death, resignation or removal president, recorder, any of the trustees or treasurer, such resignation or removal, shall be announced by the preor recorder to the members of the common council, who

grene as soo: as may be, and appoint from the authorized tors of said village, some person to fill the vacancy so creaexcept that by reason of such vacancies there be not left a frum of the common council, in which case the remaining mbers of the common council shall call a special election, provided in section five, to fill such vacancies, setting h in the notice of said election the offices vacant. ac. 15. The inhabitants of said village shall be liable to the Inhabitants to be subject to township government, to township cept as far as relates to laying out, altering, vacating and structing streets and highways, and the labor to be permed thereon within the limits of said village of Wayne; the said common council are hereby vested with full power Power of authority to assess and levy such an amount of labor upon assess labor. preal and personal property of said village, as they may m necessary to be performed upon the streets and highways mid village, and for that purpose they are hereby vested h the same power given by law to the commissioners of highgs; and the said common council is hereby vested with full swer to discontinue, lay out and establish all highways, lanes. Meys, sidewalks, and water-courses in said village; whenever Proceedings he lands of any person shall be required to be taken for the lands are constructing, widening or exter ling streets, lanes, alleys, drains, public use. powers, or other improvements within the limits of said village, the common council shall give notice thereof to the owner, Notice to ewners or parties interested, or his, her or their agent or repremetative, by personal service, or by written notice posted in * least three public places in said village, three weeks next preceding the meeting of said common council; and the said common council are hereby authorized to contract for and trchase such lands of said owner, for the purposes aforesaid; and in case such owner or owners refuse to sell or convey summoning such lands or premises for the purposes aforesaid, or the parties fail to agree upon the price of said lands, it shall and may be lawful for said common council to direct the recorder of mid village to issue a venire facias, to command the marshal

of said village, or any constable of said county, to m

Jury to award damages.

tendered to owner.

Proviso.

and return a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders (county, to appear before a justice of the peace in said. or the justice residing nearest thereto, within the cou Wayne, at a time to be therein stated, to inquire into t compensation to be made therefor to the owner or own parties interested in such land or premises, which jury duly sworn by such justice, faithfully and impartially to: into, ascertain and determine the just compensation to b therefor, and after having viewed the premises, if necessar inquire and assess such damages and recompense as the think proper to award to the owner or owners of such l premises, according to their respective estates or interests t and the said justice shall, upon the return of such ment or verdict, enter judgment therefor, confirming the Compensat'n and such sum or sums so assessed, together with all shall be paid or legally tendered, before such street, lane drain, sewer, or other improvement shall be made, (established, or altered, to the claimant or claimants t it shall therefrom be lawful for the common council to the said lands and premises to be occupied and used i purpose aforesaid: Provided, That any party claiming ages as aforesaid, may have the right to remove such p ings by appeal to the circuit court for the county of ! and upon giving notice of his, or her or their intention sc to said justice, in writing, within five days, or in cas party does not reside in said village, then within thir after the rendition of such verdict, and the judgment t as aforesaid, such appellant first giving bond, with two cient sureties, to be approved by said justice, conditic pay all costs that may be awarded against him in said court; and upon filing a transcript of the proceedings afc duly certified by said justice, within forty days after the and judgment as aforesaid, in the said circuit court, th proceedings shall thereafter be had thereon as is prescri law in other cases of appeal: Provided, That if the fina ent of said court shall not exceed the damages assessed be-ind, assid justic least ten dollars, the party appealing shall the cost occasioned by such appeal.

Bec. 16. The common council may levy and collect a poll Poll tax. L not exceeding one day's labor, upon each person liable grefor by the laws of this State, and may levy and collect a chway tax upon the real and personal property of said vilnot exceeding one day for each three hundred dollars' tration; and may provide for commutation of poll and highby tax, at any sum not exceeding one dollar for each day's for assessed, or in their option, may assess, levy and collect id poll and highway tax in money, at a sum not exceeding e dollar for each poll tax or each three hundred dollars asmed, and may make an ordinance providing for the return of sch taxes assessed and unpaid on real estate, occupied or uncupied, and that such tax shall be a lien on such real estate, and Tax to be a mese the same to be sold in the same manner as is hereafter estate. revided by this act for the return of other taxes, and sale of ands for the same.

Sec. 17. The common council shall have full power and author- Council may to make by-laws and ordinances relative to the duties, powers relative to and fees of the marshal, street commissioner, and other officers; melative to the time and manner of working upon the streets, Highway lenes and alleys of said village; relative to the manner of taxes. accessing, levying and collecting all highway and other taxes in mid village; and the common council shall have power to make Nuisances. by-laws and ordinances relative to all nuisances within the limis of said village, and for the abatement of the same, and for the punishment by fine of all persons occasioning the same; to sewers. construct sewers and reservoirs; to regulate the construction of private drains; to license all showmen; to suppress all games Showmen. chance and hazard; to compel the owners of buildings to procure and keep in readiness such number of fire-buckets and ladders as they may deem necessary; to compel the owners or Stovepipes. occupants of buildings to secure, in such manner as the common council may deem safe, all stove-pipes, stove-thimbles,

Cattle.

Pounds.

Fines and penalties.

chimneys, or other fire liabilities; relative to calling m of the electors of said village; relative to the keeping an Gunpowder. of gunpowder in said village; relative to keeping nitro ine, or any other explosive substance; to the use of fire ers or fire-balls, or fire-arms within the corporation village; relative to restraining swine, horses, cattle, gee other animals from running at large in the streets, lanes, and other public places in said village; to regulate and lish one or more pounds for the confinement of such a as are found at large in said village; to establish fees, fin penalties to be collected or enforced in the execution or violation of by-laws and ordinances.

Grading! streets, etc.

Sidewalks

Sec. 18. The common council of said village shall he power to make all necessary rules and regulations rela the grading of any of the streets of said village, and lev tax for the same; to order the building of any sidewall to determine the width and grade of the same, and the and style of the material used, allowing every land own occupant of said village to construct his own front of said if he shall do so in conformity with the style, in all re ordered by said common council, within sixty days fro date of said order, otherwise the common council may p Levy cost of, to construct the same, levying the cost thereof upon the on land.

adjoining the same, and the tax so levied shall be collect distress and sale, or returned as unpaid, and the premise returned sold as is hereinafter provided for other taxes.

Billiard tables.

Sec. 19. The common council shall have power to su all billiard tables, and to suppress all gaming tables ke hire, gain or reward in said village; also, full powe authority to make all such by-laws and ordinances as the deem necessary for preventing or suppressing all disord bad houses; for securing said village and the inha thereof against fires; for the suppression of riots and gar and for the punishment of the same; for the apprehensic punishment of vagrants, drunkards, and idle persons; ar shall have power and authority to make all such by-la-

Disorderly houses.

Riots.

Vagrants.

hances, as to them shall seem necessary for the safety and a government of said village and the inhabitants thereof. 20. The common council shall have power to suppress Liquors. vending or giving away of liquors in any place within said ge; to regulate the measuring of fire-wood and the weighof hay; to appoint a sealer of weights and measures; to Weights and tent and punish immoderate driving in any of the streets of Fast driving. village; to prevent the incumbering of the streets, sideto provide for ornamenting public grounds; to regulate the setting out of shade and shade trees. mental trees along the line of the streets and sidewalks of it village, or, in their option, to let jobs for the procuring, ling out and protecting the same; to compel the owners or obstructions reparts of lots to clean sidewalks in front of and adjacent on walks. reto, of snow, ice, dirt, mud, boxes, or any incumbrance, and construct cross-walks, assessing the cost of the same on the perty, in their judgment, immediately benefited; to regulate grave-yards and places of burial for said village. Sec. 21. The common council of said village shall have power village cemetery. Prurchase lands for a village cemetery, and may borrow bacy for that purpose, or may issue the bonds of said village, is hereinafter provided, to purchase said land, for a sum not breeding two thousand dollars, which bonds shall bear no mater rate of interest than ten per cent. per annum, and shall become payable in any one year a sum not exceeding five hunfred dollars, exclusive of interest. And said cemetery shall be Selling lots Evided into lots by order of the common council of said village, which may be sold or deeded to parties for purposes of burial of the dead; the moneys arising from the sale of said Its shall be applied by the said common council, either to the extinguishment of the debt occasioned by said purchase, or be hept by said village as a cemetery fund, to be applied upon said cometery as the common council may direct.

Sec. 22. For public improvements and building school-houses Borrowing in said village, the common council may, if thereto authorized by a vote of the tax-paying electors of said village, at either an 139-

Issuing bonds.

annual or special meeting of such electors, borrow, on the of the village, a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars, term not exceeding ten years, at a rate of interest not exceeding ten per cent. per annum, payable annually, and for the pose may issue bonds of the village, signed by the prand recorder, and countersigned by at least two of the tees of said village, and in such forms and sums, not exc in the aggregate the sum of ten thousand dollars, as the common council shall direct; and such bonds shall be did of under the direction of the common council of said upon such terms as they shall deem advisable, but not than their par value, and the avails thereof shall be a only for the purposes for which said fund was raised.

Council to give notice of meeting for voting bonds. Sec. 23. Whenever the common council shall deem it to obtain a vote of the tax-paying electors of said authorizing the borrowing of money by issuing bonds a said, it shall be the duty of the common council, at le days before a meeting of the tax-paying electors of said to post, in three public places in said village, notices time and place and manner of obtaining the vote of said tors in regard to said loan, and also the objects and put for which said loan shall be authorized.

To create a sinking fund

Sec. 24. Whenever, by the provisions of this act the council shall be authorized to issue village bonds for the ment of any sum or sums of money, the said common shall have thereupon the power to create a sinking fund payment of the interest as it falls due, and the extinguit of the principal at the expiration of the time limited payment thereof, which fund shall be raised by a dire which shall not in any one year exceed the sum of one and dollars, exclusive of interest, on the entire indebted said village, which shall be levied and collected in the manner as ordinary village taxes are levied and collected sums of money when collected shall be applied, as soon be, to pay said bonds and extinguish said indebtedne until so applied they may be invested in the stocks of this

How may collect.

the stocks of the United States, or invested in such other grities as the common council shall approve. 25. The corporation of the village of Wayne shall be Corporation the use of the common jail of the county of Wayne, of county the house of correction of said county, in the city of Defor the imprisonment of all persons liable to imprisonder the by-laws and ordinances of the common coun-All persons committed to jail or said house of correction Sheriff to my justice of the peace, for violation of any by-law or or-of criminals. ence of said common council, shall be in the custody of the riff of the county, or the keeper of said house of correcwho shall safely keep the person so committed, until lawly discharged, as in other cases: Provided, It shall be com-Proviso. tent for said common council to construct and establish a k-up for said village, in which to temporarily confine all perin the hands of the marshal, for offenses under this act, a less time than ten days. Sec. 26. Any justice of the peace of the township of Nankin Powers of thereby authorized and empowered to inquire of, hear, try determine, in a summary manner, all the offenses which all be committed within the limits of said village against any the by-laws, ordinances or regulations that shall be made, deined or established by the said common council, in pursunce of the powers granted to them in this act, and to punish offenders, as the by-laws, ordinances or regulations shall pescribe or direct: Provided always, That any person, on a Proviso. parge of violating any of the by-laws, ordinances or regulaions aforesaid, may demand and have a trial by jury, and either prty may appeal to the circuit court for the county of Wayne. · Sec. 27. The president and trustees shall not receive any pe-Compensat'n mary compensation for the performance of the duties migned them by this act, except as is herein otherwise provided. Sec. 28. The common council shall, at the expiration of each Annual mr, cause a report to be made, containing a just and true atement, in writing, of all moneys received or expended by em, in their corporate capacity, during the preceding year,

and shall make out in detail, a statement of all receipt expenditures and the purposes for which the same were and such other information as shall be necessary to a fu perfect understanding of all the financial concerns of said v

Citizens to be compet'nt as jurors.

Sec. 29. In all processes and legal proceedings where common council of said village shall be a party, no citi said village shall be deemed an incompetent juror or w on account of the interest of said citizen in the event of process or proceeding: Provided, That such interest be that which is in common with the citizens of said village

Euits; how

Proviso.

Sec. 30. Whenever any action or suit shall be comm commenced. against the corporation, process against such corporation be served by leaving a copy of such process, attested proper officer, with the recorder of said corporation, or usual place of business therein, whose duty it shall be, with, to inform the president and trustees thereof: Pre That the first process shall be by summons, and a copy t left with the recorder, at least ten days before the retur thereof.

Proviso.

Power of council to

Sec. 31. The common council shall have full power as collect taxes. thority to levy and collect a capitation or poll tax, and a way tax, as heretofore provided; also, all taxes for all and improvement the common council are by this act authori make in the manner provided, or are by the general I this State, for the incorporation of villages, authorized to and also, all taxes on all real and personal property 1 general law exempt within the limits of said village, nec Taxes to re- to defray the expenses thereof; and every assessment of on property. lawfully laid and imposed by the said common council (lands, tenements, hereditaments or premises whatsoever: village, shall be and remain a lien on such land, tenemen hereditaments, from the time of making such assessmen imposing such tax, until paid; and the owner or parties terest in said real estate shall be respectively liable, demand, to pay every such assessment or tax, to be m aforesaid.

main a lien

- 2. It shall be the duty of the supervisor of said town-Assessment Nankin, who is hereby constituted ex officio assessor of ge, to take an assessment of said village, at the time he same manner he takes the assessment of said townall respects the same, and annex thereto the usual cerand file the same in the office of the recorder of said on or before the third Monday in May, in each year, h service he may present an account for consideration wance to the common council of said village.
- 3. It shall be the duty of the recorder of said village, Recorder to fore the first Monday of October, of each year, to ren-statement to the president a complete statement, in writing, of all . or general taxes authorized by the common council, urrent year, together with all the information necessary errect levy of the same.

4. It shall be the duty of the president to spread upon President to mment roll all the general and local taxes authorized and deliver ommon council of said village for the current year, in ce with the by-laws, regulations, or ordinances of said council, attached to the same, and sign the proper for the collection of the taxes therein levied, and he same to the treasurer of said village, at the time ed by law for the delivery of the township tax roll to ship treasurer, who shall proceed to collect the same me, manner, and with the same authority allowed by township treasurers for the collection of taxes; for Compensat'n g the tax as aforesaid, upon the assessment roll, the of. t shall be entitled to receive such compensation per he common council may allow, not to exceed two er day for the time actually employed.

5. Whenever any tax assessed upon personal property Power of e provisions of this act shall be returned by the mar-marshal to sue for tax. non-payment, it shall be lawful for the marshal of said , sue the person or persons against whom such tax ssed, before any court of competent jurisdiction, and use, and take all lawful ways and means provided by

when person

law for the collection of debts, to enforce the payment of Proceedings tax; and in case any person liable to pay such tax upon has removed sonal property shall have removed out of the village, after assessment, and before such tax ought by law to be collect it shall be lawful for the marshal to levy and collect such til the goods and chattels of the person so assessed, in any tell ship within the county to which such person shall have remot

or in which he shall reside. Whenever any real estate

have been returned by the marshal for delinquent taxes,

treasurer of said village shall preserve a list of the same;

non-payment of taxes as provided in section fourteen of

act, and interest thereon, to be computed at the rate

twenty per cent. per annum until paid, shall remain unpaid

the period of one year from the date of the warrant to

marshal as aforesaid, the said treasurer shall cause so much

the land charged with such tax and assessment and interest

be sold at public auction at some public place in said vill

to the highest bidder, as shall be necessary to pay the

taxes and assessments and interest, together with all cha

thereon, first giving at least six weeks' notice of the time

place of sale, by advertisement posted up in three of the

public places in said village, or by causing the same to be pu

lished in a newspaper in said village. An affidavit of said published

lication, recorded in the manner prescribed in section nine

this act, shall be deemed prima facie evidence of the fact

such publication. On the day mentioned in said notice,

said treasurer shall commence the sale of said lands and said

tinue the same from day to day until so much thereof shall it

lands; and unless within one year from the date of the mal

Treesurer to keep list of lands sold.

To sell land if any such taxes or assessments upon real estate returned at public

auction.

Notice of sale.

Proceedings on day of mle.

sold as will pay the taxes and assessments as aforesaid. will the interest and charges due, assessed and charged thereon, Certificate of aforesaid; and the said treasurer shall give to the purchaser purchase. purchasers of any such lands, a certificate in writing, describ ing the lands purchased and the sums paid therefor, and the time when the purchaser will be entitled to a deed for the sei

preof, there shall be paid to the treasurer for the use of the Conveyance. rchaser, his heirs or assigns, the sum mentioned in said cerbate, together with the interest thereon at the rate of twenty r cent. per annum from the date of said certificate, the pasurer or his successor in office, shall at the expiration of said one year, execute to the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, conveyance of the land sold, which conveyance shall vest in person or persons to whom it shall be given, an estate in simple: Provided, All proceedings connected with the rais-Proviso. and levying such tax, and the sale for the non-payment ereof, are according to law, and the said conveyance shall prima facie evidence that the sale was regular, according the provisions of this act; and every such conveyance, ex-when may nted by the said treasurer under his hand and seal, witnessed, evidence. knowledged, and recorded in the usual form, may be given evidence in the same manner as a deed regularly executed d acknowledged by the owner, and duly recorded. The rees of esurer of said village shall receive the same fees, in cases of de, as aforesaid, as are allowed by law to county treasurers r like services; and the expenses for the advertising of any and for sale, in pursuance of this act, shall by the treasurer, e added to such taxes respectively, as are charged upon lands clinquent for State and county taxes.

Sec. 36. The common council shall have authority to estab-fire department. In and organize all such fire companies, and hose and hook and ladder companies, and provide them with engines and other instruments as shall be necessary to extinguish fires and preserve the property of the inhabitants of said village from configrations; to prevent the erection of buildings in an unsafe manner, and pass all necessary regulations relative to buildings deemed by them unsafe, as to risk by fire or otherwise.

Sec. 37. This act shall be favorably construed and received Public act, in all courts as a public act, and copies thereof, printed under mathority of the Legislature, shall be received without further proof.

Who eligible to office.

Sec. 38. No person shall be eligible to any office under the act, unless he shall have resided in said village six months appreceding his election, nor unless he shall be entitled to therein.

Sec. 39. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 395.]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to authorize a several townships in the counties of Livingston, Oakland Washtenaw and Wayne, to pledge their credit, and a county of Livingston to raise by tax, or borrow money, to in the construction of a railroad from some point near city of Detroit, to Howell, in the county of Livingston," a proved February fifth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty four, and amended by act of the Legislature, approved the first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-to-mark twenty-first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-to-mark twenty-first
Act amended

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, The an act entitled "An act to authorize the several townships the counties of Livingston, Oakland, Washtenaw and Wayn to pledge their credit, and the county of Livingston to raise tax or borrow money, to aid in the construction of a rained from some point near the city of Detroit, to Howell, in the county of Livingston," approved February fifth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and amended by act of the Legislature, approved March twenty-first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, be amended so as to include the city of Lansing, in the county of Ingham, by adding the following setions to said acts, to stand as sections seven, eight, nine, to, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen and fifteen:

Voting of tax authorized.

Sec. 7. It shall and may be lawful for the city of Lansing, in the county of Ingham, to aid in the construction of a railroad, from some point at or near the city of Detroit, to the city of Lansing, in the county of Ingham, to such amount not exceeding five per centum of the assessed valuation, for the time be-

ing electors of said city shall, at a meeting or meetings and for that purpose, determine by a two-thirds vote of such stors present and voting: Provided, That such amount, exclu-Proviso. of interest thereon, which shall become due or collectable in my one year, shall not exceed one per centum of the assessed nation of said city, at the time of issuing the same: Pro-Ibid. ed further, That such aid so voted shall be subject to any ditions which may be imposed by the electors voting as resaid.

h meeting or meetings of the electors of said city as are electors.

by authorized, whenever a request in writing to do so shall made to him, by thirty tax-paying electors of said city, and give public notice thereof, at least ten days previous to hold-reach meeting, by posting the same in not less than five of most public places in said city, and the advertisement of the no in some newspaper published in the said city.

sec. 9. At such meetings, the city or ward inspectors of Inspectors of election, if present, shall act as inspectors of election; the election shall vote by ballot, (such ballot to contain the words, for the Tax," or "Against the Tax," as the case may be,) and all be subject to challenge, as at other city elections; and the recedings at such meetings, to be held under the provisions this act, shall be governed by the laws regulating the munical elections of said city; and illegal and fraudulent voting hall be punishable in the same manner, and to the same extat, as at other city elections. A copy of the request, and copy of the notice required by the provisions of this act, shall be recorded. The entered at large upon the records of the city, together with statement of the result, and other essential particulars, and a crified copy of such record shall be, in all courts and places, rima facie evidence of the facts therein set forth.

Sec. 10. If said city shall avail itself of the benefits of this act Bonds; city y voting aid to said railroad company, as provided for herein, to issue.

aid city shall, within sixty days after the question of aid is

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determined by a two-thirds vote of the tax-paying electors said city, as provided in this act, issue its coupon bonds the amount so determined to be granted, which bonds shall in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and more than one thousand dollars each, and shall be payable any time as determined upon by the electors of said city, exceeding twenty years from the date thereof. Such ba shall bear interest at a rate of not exceeding ten per cent; annum, and shall have attached thereto the necessary and ual interest coupons, corresponding in dates and numbers the bonds to which they are attached, which shall be signed written signatures by the same person or persons execu such bonds. Such bonds shall be executed by the mayor clerk or recorder of said city, under the seal of said city. bonds and coupons attached thereto shall be payable at office of the treasurer of the county of Ingham.

Rate of interest on.

Who to execute.

Bonds to be delivered to State Treasurer.

Sec. 11. Whenever any such bonds as provided by the prisions of this act shall have been issued as therein specific the same shall be delivered by the person, persons or office having charge of the same to the treasurer of this State, which shall give a receipt therefor, and hold the same as trusted the municipality issuing the same, and for the railroad company for which they were issued, and to be disposed of by some treasurer in discharge of his trust as hereinafter provided.

Duty of State Treasurer. Sec. 12. Upon receipt of any such bonds from said city, is aid of said railroad company, the Treasurer of this State and immediately register or record the same in a book or books to be kept by him for that purpose, in his office, which record shall show the amount, date and number of each bond, if rate of interest which it bears, by what city issued, to the besefit of what railroad company the same are issued, and if time when payable, which record shall be always open for the inspection of any citizen of this State, or other interests person. Such bonds shall be safely kept by said Treasurer, in the benefit of the parties interested, and be disposed of by him in the following manner, that is to say: whenever said rail

To keep bonds.

and company in aid of which such bonds may have been When commed, shall present to said Treasurer a certificate from the receive Hernor of this State that such railroad company has, in all ispects, complied with the provisions of this act in relation to **to completion** of its road, and is thereby entitled to any of beh bonds, the same, or such of said bonds as said company be entitled to receive, shall be delivered to said company. treasurer shall endorse upon each of said bonds the date Treasurer to with delivery and to whom the same were delivered, and on bonds. same shall draw interest only from the time when so deliv**led, and the treasurer** shall notify the clerk of said city of date of the delivery of its bonds to such railroad company. The railroad company so receiving such bonds shall pay the Fees of State Sate Treasurer one-tenth of one per centum of the par value for holding If all such bonds so delivered, which shall be received by him m full payment of all fees and charges for the custody, recordbg, endorsing and delivery of said bonds, which money shall to paid into the State treasury. And in case any bond so de-When bonds shall be canfivered to said Treasurer by d city shall not, within three celed. years from the time when the same were received by him, be demanded in compliance with the terms of this act, the same thall be canceled by said treasurer and returned to the proper officers of said city.

Sec. 13. In case said city issuing bonds as heretofore provided proceedings in this act, shall fail to pay the bonds or the interest coupons, or fails to pay bonds and to deposit with the treasurer of the county of Ingham, a sufficient sum of money to pay the bonds or the coupons which it may have issued as aforesaid, which may then be due, as by the terms of said bonds or coupons, the county treasurer of such county shall certify the same to the clerk of the board of supervisors of said county, stating the amount so due and unpaid by said city; whereupon the board of supervisors of such county Tax to be levied and shall proceed to assess, levy and collect the same from said city, paid to county with other county taxes, and in like manner, adding to the treasurer.

amount thereof interest at the rate specified in said bond, for one year, and the same shall be paid to the county treasurer.

by the treasurer of said city, and upon the receipt of money, the county treasurer shall pay to the holders the the principal or interest for which such money may have collected, with the interest thereon, and cancel and return bonds or coupons to the said city.

City to levy tax each year to pay bonds, Sec. 14. In case said city shall avail itself of the bene this act by the issue of bonds or other evidence of debt i aid of said railroad company as by this act provided, sai shall each year, by its proper authorities, upon receivin notice as herein provided from the State Treasurer of the livery of its bonds to said railroad company, so long as bonds or other evidence of debt remain unpaid, levy, and collect upon the taxable property of said city, a sufficient the bonds or interest thereon shall become due; and full faith and credit of said city so issuing any such bo other evidence of debt, is hereby pledged for the full pay of both principal and interest thereon; and the same are hereby a valid and legal charge upon the taxable propersaid city.

When road may demand bonds.

Sec. 15. Said railroad company shall not be entitled ceive any of the bonds or other evidence of indebtedness i as provided in this act, until said company shall have compits road-bed and ironed its road with the usual T rail, from intersection with the Jackson, Lansing and Saginaw Rail or with the Ionia and Lansing Railroad, or with the Penin Railroad, in the city of Lansing, to a point at or near the lage of Williamston, in the county of Ingham: Provided, such intersection with either of these above named rails shall be at a point not to exceed forty rods north of Michavenue, in said city of Lansing.

Proviso.

[Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect.] Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 396.]

ACT to amend act number two hundred and thirty-nine, matitled "An act to organize Union School District number the, of the township of Spaulding, in the county of Saginaw, and to authorize said district to borrow money;" also, to add new section thereto.

Inumber two hundred and thirty-nine, approved March theenth, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, titled "An act to organize union school district number one, the township of Spaulding, in the county of Saginaw, and authorize said district to borrow money," be and the same thereby amended, by adding one new section, to be known as stion number six, and that section number six, of the present the beand is hereby stricken out, and that section number one and act be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 1. That all that territory lying north of Cass river, in school district township of Spaulding, in the county of Saginaw, is hereby constituted. Instituted, for school purposes, as a single school district, by the name of union school district number one, of the township is Spaulding; and the voters of said district are authorized to District board; and to continue the same in accordance to elect. The provisions of an act entitled an act to establish graded and high schools, approved February fourteenth, one thousand with hundred and fifty-nine, and acts amendatory thereof; and such district and such board shall possess all the powers Powers and duties of.

That all that territory lying north of Saginaw, is hereby constituted.

The township of Saginaw, is hereby constituted.

Sec. 6. The school inspectors of the township of Spaulding Duties of school inspectors.

In the school district number one, of said township, into such number of school districts as may from time to time be necessary, which districts they shall number, and they may regulate and alter the boundaries of the same as circumstances shall render proper, according to the provisions of section number

Ibid.

seventy-one, of chapter number set ty at, of the compile laws of the State of Michigan; and it all be the duty of a school inspectors to apportion to the several school district said township, the school tax placed upon the assessment of the township of Spaulding for the year eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and also the primary school money payable said township in the year one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 397.]

AN ACT to aid the Fenton Union Agricultural Society.

Aid granted to society.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, it shall be lawful for, and the treasurer of the county of Genesee is hereby directed to pay over to the treasurer of the Reton Union Agricultural Society, of the township of Fenton; said county of Genesee, for the benefit of the Fenton Union Agricultural Society, one-fifth of all money which may now in, or hereafter come into the hands of the treasurer of county of Genesee, from any tax levied or collected under any by virtue of the provisions of section one, of chapter fifty for of the complied laws, relating to county and town agriculture societies, being section sixteen hundred and sixty-seven of the complied laws.

How treasurer of society shall use funds. Sec. 2. The treasurer of the Fenton Union Agricultural Society shall use the money so received, for the payment of premiums, the diffusion of agricultural, manufacturing and mechanish knowledge.

Sec. 3. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 398.]

ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to authorize fracmal school district number eight, of the townships of Anttap and Porter, in the county of Van Buren, to organize a raded school, and to pledge the credit of said school district for the purpose of building a union school-house."

Lion two, of act number two hundred and ten, of the session is of eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, of an act entitled in act to authorize fractional school district number eight, of townships of Antwerp and Porter, in the county of Van tren, to organize a graded school, and to pledge the credit of id school district for the purpose of building a union school-buse," approved January twenty-first, eighteen hundred and try-seven, be so amended as to read as follows:

Sec. 2. That said school district when so organized, shall pistrict allowed to borrow the power and authority to borrow money to pay for a row money. The results of school-houses, to erect buildings thereon and furnish the same, that is conferred upon school districts ormised under and pursuant to chapter seventy-eight, concerning primary schools, of the complied laws, and the acts passed mendatory thereof, and no other: Provided, That said school proviso. Intrict shall, in exercising and using the powers and authority interest conferred, conform and comply with, as far as practicate, the provisions of said chapter number seventy-eight of the simplied laws, and the acts amendatory thereof: And provided loid. Interest, That nothing herein shall be so construed as to invalidate any bonds or acts of said school district concerning the same, the said districts may have heretofore issued, but said bands shall be deemed in all respects good and valid in law.

Sec. 3. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 2, 1869.

No. 399.

AN ACT to provide for the construction of a State road a Isabella, in the county of Isabella, north to Tobacco mi thence north of east to intersect the Midland and Tran Bay State road.

Commis'rs appointed.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enect, T Isaac A. Fancher be and is hereby appointed commission with full power and authority to lay out, establish and imp a State road, commencing at the village of Isabella, in county of Isabella, and running thence north on the most im ble route to the Tobacco river; thence north of east until intersects the Midland and Traverse Bay State road.

To employ surveyor.

Sec. 2. The said commissioner is authorized and empower to employ a surveyor and such assistants as may be neces to locate, survey and establish the line of said road; and wh such line shall have been established, a full description of route and survey thereof shall be filed by such commission with the county clerk of the county of Isabella.

Non-resident highway taxes approprinted.

Sec. 3. The non-resident highway taxes levied upon the land for the period of five years from the passage of this act, lyi within three miles on either side of said road, shall be and t same are hereby appropriated for the improvement of road, and the payment of the expenses necessarily incurred laying out and establishing the same; and it shall be the duty of said commissioner to expend the same for the purpose after; said, from time to time, as it shall be collected, and to direct and determine the manner in which the same shall be done.

Treesurer to pay taxes on missioner.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the county treasurers of the order of com- counties of Isabella and Gladwin, and any overseer of highways, or the township treasurers within said counties, to retain in their hands all such sums of money as may be received by them for non-resident highway taxes, assessed within the time aforesaid, on any of the lands hereinbefore mentioned, and to pay the same only upon the order of the said commissioner or his successors.

- Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of 1 commissioner or his suc-Commissioner to render to t b d of supervisors of the account.

 In this of Isabella and Glady n, at t annual sessions in year, and at such other ti nes as the boards may require, and true account of all moneys drawn by him, to be applied on said road, the amount drawn by such officer, and the limer in which the same has been applied.
- lies of his office, shall take and subscribe the constitutional bond of the office, and shall execute a bond to the people of this tie, in the penal sum of two thousand dollars, with such seties as the treasurer of Isabella county shall approve, contended that such commissioner will faithfully discharge the the of said office, and expend all moneys received by him the benefit of said road, as directed by this act, which bond toath shall be filed with the treasurer of Isabella county; and commissioner shall receive for his official service as salary. In three dollars per day while so engaged, which shall be litted by the boards of supervisors of Isabella and Gladwin inties, and paid out of the fund created by this act.
- The The said commissioner shall neglect or refuse to per-How may be removed.

 In any of the duties of his said office, or shall misapply any

 the funds appropriated by this act, it shall be competent for

 Governor forthwith to remove him from said office; and

 we was vacancy in said office may be filled by the Governor.
- Sec. 8. Said road shall be known as the Isabella and Name of road.
- Sec. 9. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 2, 1869.

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[No. 400.]

AN ACT to reorganize the township of Caledonia, in county of Shiawassee.

Township organized.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, all that portion of the township of Caledonia, in the co of Shiawassee, not embraced within the limits of the citie Corunna or Owosso, shall be reorganized into a township be named and known as the township of Caledonia; and said township shall have and possess all the powers, duties liabilities of other townships organized under the laws of State.

Sec. 2. The election for said township officers, to beld dis

first Monday of April, in the year eighteen hundred and

nine, shall be held at the school-house on section sixten

Time and place of holding election.

Board of

election.

Vacancy in; how filled.

said township of Caledonia, and Harvey L. Newell, Guy Roberts, and the supervisor, John M. Fitch, and the town clerk, Joseph Kelly, of said town, are hereby constituted, board of election thereof, and the supervisor shall be man, which board shall take the necessary oath, perform duties, and make the same returns as inspectors of elec in townships are by law required to do and perform; case any of the persons named in this section shall not at the time and place of opening the polls of said election shall refuse to serve, the vacancy or vacancies thus occasion shall be filled by the electors in the same manner that is provided by law for filling such vacancies in townships.

Officers to be elected at and terms of office.

Sec. 3. At said township election in eighteen hundred first election, sixty-nine, there shall be elected one supervisor, one township clerk, one township treasurer, one justice of the peace for full term of four years, commencing on the third day of Jan next after his election; one justice of the peace whose term! office shall expire on the fourth day of July, eighteen hundre and seventy-two; one justice of the peace, whose term of of shall expire on the third day of July, eighteen hundred seventy-one; one justice of the peace, wh erm of office sh the terms of office of the justices of the peace, elected for the than the full term, shall commence immediately on the ling of their bonds, and taking the oath of office, and the line for which each is elected shall be expressed on the ballot. There shall also be elected one commissioner of highways for the full term; two school inspectors, one for one year, and one to the full term of two years; and four constables.

Sec. 4. The township clerk of said township of Caledonia Township clerk.

In the continue to perform the duties of clerk of said township clerk.

In the successor is elected and qualified; and when his successor shall have been duly qualified, he shall deliver to him all the books, papers and furniture of his office, except chattel cortgages upon property within the limits of the city of Comman; such mortgages, with a book containing the entry of the came, shall be delivered to the clerk of said city, with whom all cersonal mortgages upon property in said city shall be hereafter led.

Sec. 5. The inhabitants of said township of Caledonia shall Inhabitant not be assessed any tax, or required to pay any money for the seesed for bridge tax milding, rebuilding, maintaining or repairing of any bridge tax to located within such township, unless otherwise ordered by the board of supervisors in pursuance of chapter ten of the compiled laws, anything in the act to incorporate the city of Corunna to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sec. 6. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 401.]

AN ACT to enable the Lapeer and Port Huron Plank Road Company to charge and receive additional tolls for travel over their road.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Extra tolls it shall and may be lawful for the Lapeer and Port Huron

Pank Road Company to charge and receive for tolls for travel

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

over their road, between the city of Port Hur and the village of Brockway, in St. Clair county, or so much thereof as the shall rebuild, maintain, and keep in repair, fifty per cent is addition to the sums for tolls, now allowed to be charged as received by law.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 402.]

AN ACT to provide for laying out and establishing a State road, in the counties of Macomb and St. Clair.

Commis'rs appointed.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Cortez P. Hooker, of Macomb county, and George Steiger, and St. Clair county, be and they are hereby authorized and propointed commissioners to lay out and establish a State real commencing at the most convenient place in or near to the south fractional part of fractional section thirteen, in the town of Chesterfield, in the county of Macomb, thence on the most eligible route, to or near to either to the north-east or north-walk corner of section twenty-six, in the town of Casco, in St. Characteristics and county, as said commissioners may think preferable, after examination of said localities.

Duties of.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of said commissioners to lay one locate and establish said road, and cause the same to be correctly surveyed; and so much of the survey and location of said road as may be embraced in any township, shall be filed in the town clerk's office in said township, which survey and location shall be entered on record by the clerk of said township, and such record shall be prima facie evidence of the existence of said road: Provided, If said commissioners shall lay out said road through any private property, that any objection is made to taking the same therefor, they shall assess the damages in accordance with the provisions of the general highway law.

Proviso.

- Inot be chargeable for laying out or state not to be chargea-blishing said road, or for any expense or damages what-ble for laying out road.

 The connected therewith; and this act shall be void as to any expense or damages what-ble for laying out road.

 The connected therewith; and this act shall be void as to any expense or damages what-ble for laying out or state not to be chargea-ble for laying out or state not to be chargea-ble for laying out or state not to be chargea-ble for laying out or state not to be chargea-ble for laying out or state not to be chargea-ble for laying out or state not to be chargea-ble for laying out or state not to be chargea-ble for laying out or state not to be chargea-ble for laying out or state not to be chargea-ble for laying out road.
- Sec. 4. The commissioners appointed under this act, shall compensat'n of commissioners are described for their services, two dollars per day, which, to-sioners.

 Bether with the cost of surveying and establishing said road, and the damages awarded, (if any there be,) shall be paid by the respective towns through which the road shall pass: Pro-Proviso.

 Field, That no township shall pay for any services rendered, the lamages awarded, or expenses incurred in any other township.
- Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the highway commissioners of Duty of highway to townships through which the road to be established by this commis're that pass, to cause the same, within their respective townips, to be speedily opened, constructed, completed, and kept good condition for public travel.
- Sec. 6. To aid in the construction of said road, there shall Non-resident has appropriated all such of the non-resident highway taxes, appropriated for the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, and for five years thereafter, as may be assessed in the townships through which said road may pass, on all non-resident lands, of which the largest part lies within one mile of said road; and the highway commissioners are required to see that said appropriations are judiciously expended on that part of said road within their respective townships.
- Sec. 7. That said commissioners, and their successors, may Commis'rs receive aid, subscriptions and donations for the benefit of said to receive subscript'na.

 Toad, or any part thereof, and shall cause the same to be faithfully applied towards paying damages, expenses of locating, establishing, opening, completing the construction of said road or any part thereof, or keeping the same in good repair, according to the conditions and terms upon which said aid, subscriptions and dations are made or given; and it shall be the duty of the after the highway commissioners to assist said first

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named commissioners in faithfully ex scriptions and donations, as may be given to be applied on sall road in their respective townships.

Governor to fill vacancies

Proviso.

Sec. 8. In case the commissioners first named in this act, at either of them, shall not accept of the appointment, or any vacancy shall occur from any cause, then it shall be lawful for the Governor of this State to fill such vacancy, by appointment and it is further provided, That the Governor shall remote said commissioners, or either of them, if he shall become said fied that they are not properly discharging the duties require by this act.

Sec. 9. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 403.]

AN ACT to detach certain territory from the city of East Seginaw and annex the same to the village of South Saginaw, in the township of Spaulding, in the county of Saginaw, and to constitute it a part of union school district number one of the township of Spaulding.

Territory detached.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, This all that part of the city of East Saginaw lying south and was of the following described boundary line, viz: Commencing at the intersection of the east line of the old territorial road with the south line of said city, thence northerly along said east line of said road, to a point opposite, and in a line with the north line of Mackinaw street, in the city of Saginaw, thence northerly in a line with the north line of Mackinaw street to the east side of the bayou on the east side of the Saginaw river, at low water mark, thence northerly down and along the said bayou at the line of low water mark on the east side thereof to the Saginaw river, and thence to the center of said river, be and the same is hereby set off and detached fr xm the city of

set Saginaw, the territory so detached be and is suby annexed to me township of Spaulding, in the county of ginaw, and is hereby incorporated into and included in the large of South Saginaw, and that the said territory shall form of the township of Spaulding, and of the village of Saginaw, for all purposes.

thec. 2. The said territory so attached to the township of To what school dissolding shall be and is hereby included in and constituted a trict shall be attached.

The said territory so attached to the township of the township of attached.

The said territory so attached to the township of the township of attached.

Sec. 8. This act shall take immediate effect.

Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 404.]

NACT to provide for the laying out and establishing a State road in the county of Alcona, and to appropriate certain non-resident highway taxes to aid in the construction of the same.

Shorton 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Description of road.

There shall be laid out and established a State road, in the south-east corner of township number twenty-five north, of range number six east, and running to the north-west corner of township number twenty-six north, of range five east, by the most direct and eligible route.

Sec. 2. All non-resident highway taxes assessed and unex-Non-resident pended for the year eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and printed. hereafter to be assessed for four years thereafter in township number twenty-five north, range six east, and township number twenty-six north, of range five east; also, the west half of township number twenty-six north, of range six east, and the east half of township number twenty-five north, of range five east, be and the are hereby appropriated for laying out, constructing a 1 improving the road hereinbefore mentioned.

Commis'rs appointed.

Sec. 3. For the purpose of laying out, c noting and inproving said road, and expending the mon suppropriated this act, John McCall, of the town of Sable, in the county; Iosco, is hereby appointed commissioner, whose duty it be to receive and expend all moneys appropriated by this a for the laying out, constructing and improvement of said re

Bond and eath of

Sec. 4. The said commissioner before entering upon duties of his office, shall take and subscribe the constitution oath of office, and shall execute a bond to the people of State of Michigan, in the penal sum of two thousand dollars with such sureties as the treasurer of the county in which road is located shall approve, conditioned that such commis sioner will faithfully discharge the duties of said office, and pend all moneys received by him for the benefit of said real as directed by this act, which oath and bond shall be filed will the treasurer of the county in which such road is located; h compensat'n shall receive for his services, while engaged in the discharge

his official duties as commissioner, three dollars per day, whi shall be audited by the board of supervisors of the coun hereinbefore mentioned, and paid out of the fund created this act.

Duty of commissioner.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of said commissioner to file with the county treasurer of said county a full description of the route and survey of the road, as surveyed and established by him.

To file description of route with supervisors,

Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of said commissioner to make: out and file with the supervisors of the several organized town. ships through which said road runs, or to which the above described townships shall be attached, a full description of the route and survey of the road, as surveyed and established by him, and the supervisors of the several organized townships are hereby anthorized and required, that in making out their statement of taxes to the township treasurer, they shall state the amount of non-resident highway tax belonging to said road. as provided by this act.

highways within any township through Non-resident taxes to be paid to county treasurer. Thereof paid to county treasurer. It is may receive any portion of such non-resident highway tax.

If the period of four years from the first day of March, eighbourded and sixty-nine, shall pay the same over to the lasty treasurer of said county, to be held by him for the confiction of said road. The overseer or township treasurer is be entitled to receive a receipt from said county treasurer all moneys paid over by them under this act, which shall be inflicient voucher for them that they have properly paid over the non-resident highway tax.

the said county treasurer to pay treasurer to the commissioner named in this act, from time to time, money to commis'r.

The sums as he (the county treasurer) may receive, to be exmeded by said commissioner in laying out and building said and. The contract for constructing the said road shall be let contract be let to lowest bidder, at such time and place as the said combidder.

Indicate the lowest bidder, at least three of the most public means in the village of Harrisville, in the county of Alcona, also in the village of Sable, in the county of Iosco, at least a days before the time designated.

Sec. 9. It shall be the duty of said commissioner to render to Commis'r to board of supervisors of said county, at their annual ses-of expenditures.

one in each year, verified by his oath or affidavit, of the apitation and disbursements of all moneys that may have come to his hands for constructing said road.

Sec. 10. In case the commissioner mentioned in this act shall Governor to all vacancies accept of the appointment, or a vacancy occur from any mee, then it shall be lawful for the Governor of this State to I such vacancy by appointment: And it is further provided, Proviso. Let the Governor shall remove such commissioner, if he shall become satisfied that he is not properly discharging the duties quired by this act.

Sec. 11. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 2, 1869.

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[No. 405.]

AN ACT to authorize proceedings to collect taxes to defr expenses of constructing certain ditches in the cour Saginaw, and to appraise the damages arising from construction of such ditches.

Supervisors. to determine expense of certain : ditches.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, the board of supervisors of the county of Saginaw is 1 authorized to ascertain and determine the expenses which been incurred by the drainage commissioners of said cour constructing the several ditches dug in said county, kno the records of the drainage commissioners as the Ches Maple Grove ditch, the Buena Vista quarter line ditch East Saginaw Buena Vista ditch, the Buena Vista plani ditch, and Tittabawassee, Kotchville and Saginaw ditch also the expenses incurred by said drainage commissi upon any other ditches in said county which have been 1 or in part constructed prior to the first day of January, eig hundred and sixty-nine, under proceedings taken by said missioners, including the incidental expenses, and the dan if any, which have been or may be assessed, to be paid owners of the lands upon which said ditches are located interest on said amounts.

Tojapportion expenses to township.

Sec. 2. The said board of supervisors shall apporti each township in which any portion of said ditches is lo such proportion of the said expenses as said board shall mine, to property belonging to such township, for the con tion of said portions of the ditches located within the after apportioning one-third of the expenses to the com large, as provided in section sixteen of this act; and it sh the duty of the supervisor of such township to asse apportioned. amount so apportioned, adding thereto not more than for less than two per cent. for collection fees, upon the t property in his township, in the same manner as is provide law for the assessment of State, county and township and to be collected, and return of lands delinquent th to be made in the same manner and at the same time

To assess amounts

ounts ascertained and deter- How appor**ided** for those ${f T}$ by the board of supervis : the expenses of each shall be made up. shall be stated and kept seg a ; and the apportionment **township** shall specify the ne for each ditch in that **whip of which the apportion**: made up; the superin assessing the tax, shall pla the same in a separate in his roll, and in case the apportionment to his townthall contain sums to be collected for different ditches, the for each ditch shall be placed in a separate column by it-The moneys when collected shall be paid over to the by treasurer.

which have been draw by the drainage commissioners, to how part the construction and expenses of said ditches, which ow outstanding. The orders shall be payable respectively out of the fund collected as aforesaid, to meet the moses of the ditch, in reference to which the orders were bally drawn.

Less 4. All persons who have heretofore paid taxes assessed Previous payments to the any lands in such township, for the construction of such be credited.

Thes, shall be entitled to apply to the board of supervisors are make proof of the amount so paid; and the board of subvisors shall ascertain and determine such amount, and the limit in reference to which it was paid, and give to the person titled thereto, an order for such amount on the fund collected, referenced, to meet the expenses of such ditch; and the order limit be payable out of such fund, and shall be receivable for taxes hereby authorized to create such fund.

Hea. 5. It shall be the duty of the county treasurer to return Return of lands delin lands upon which a tax shall be levied under this act, dequent for taxes.

I lands upon which a tax shall be levied under this act, dequent for taxes.

I lands upon which a tax shall be levied under this act, dequent for taxes.

I lands delin quent for taxes.

How Auditor General may sell lands.

Sec. 6. The Auditor General thoris to reject the to heretofore assessed against any lands for the construction any of said ditches, and which have been returned as the quent for such tax, and proceed to sell said lands for a taxes for which they are delinquent, the same, and with same effect as if said ditch taxes had not been levied against all lands. The Auditor General and said county treat are authorized to receive payment of the other taxes for what said lands are returned delinquent.

Commis'rs; court to appoint. Sec. 7. The drainage commissioners or commissioner of a county shall have power to apply to any court of receives such county, for the appointment of three commissioners; at thereupon it shall be the duty of said court to appoint a disinterested freeholders, residents of said county, such a missioners, and deliver to the drainage commissioners or missioner certificate of the appointment of said commissioner certificate of the appointment of said commissioner shall minister to each of the commissioners or commissioner shall minister to each of the commissioners so appointed, and that he is disinterested, and will well and faithfully disched his duty as such commissioner, to the best of his ability.

Duties of.

Sec. 8. It shall be the duty of such commissioners appointed, to examine the said ditches, or such of them as a be required by the drainage commissioners or commission and the lands adjacent thereto, and which are drained, would be drained thereby, if such ditches were left open, determine the necessity for such ditch or ditches, or any tions thereof, and assess the damages, if any, to which person or persons shall be entitled by reason of the constation of such ditch or ditches, or such portions thereof as a shall determine are necessary. Such commissioners shall commissioners and the amount of damages so assessed by them.

To report amount of damages.

Drainage Sec. 9. If damages shall be assessed by the commission pay damages and certified, as aforesaid, the drainage commissioners or commissioner shall thereupon issue their order upon the contrast treasurer for the amount of such damages to any person

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nme, their as or attorneys, entitled thereto, payable out fund provided by this act for the payment of the mass of the ditch for which such damages were assessed. 10. If said ditches, or any portion of them, are located Duty of, ands of which the owners are not known to the drainage is not known inissioners or commissioner, the special commissioners shall the damage, if any, to such lands, specifying the amount meh damage to each parcel; and the drainage commissionfor commissioner shall draw orders for such damage in favor be owner of such land, payable in the manner provided in lest section, and such orders shall be deposited with the ad of drain commissioners or commissioner, to be delivered he persons entitled thereto, when called for.

be. 11. In case any of the commissioners appointed as when new esaid, shall fail to perform their duties as such commis-may be apers, for any reason, or shall perform it only in part, other traissioners may be appointed, who shall proceed to perthe duties of such commissioners, as herein provided; Lauch commissioners may be appointed as often as may be seesary to carry out the provisions of this act.

Hec. 12. The provisions of this act shall apply to the city of How provis-Saginaw, to the officer of said city whose duty it is to shall apply pees the taxes therein, in the same manner that they apply to naw. punchips and to the supervisors of townships.

Fig. 13. The commissioners ε pointed as aforesaid, and said compensatin rainage commissioners, shall \(\epsilon\) h be entitled to receive two sioners. fellars per day for their services, and ten cents a mile for the distance necessarily traveled by them in discharging their Auties under this act, to be allowed by the board of supervipers; and orders therefor shall be given them, drawn on the tends of the respective ditches in reference to which their duties were performed.

Sec. 14. The assessment and collection of the taxes herein Assessment, of taxes not provided for to meet the expenses incurred in the construction to be dependent on acof said ditches, and the incidental expenses, shall not be de-tion of compendent upon the action of the special commissioners as herein

Injury to ditches; how punished.

Sec. 15. Any person who shall willfully and malicious struct or injure any of said ditches shall be subject to cution and punishment, in the same manner provided it tion eleven, of the act of the Legislature of this State, a "An act to provide for the drainage of swamps, marsh other low lands," approved March 15, 1861.

Supervisors to apportion part of expense to county.

Sec. 16. The board of supervisors shall apportion county at large one-third of the aforesaid expenses ditches, to be raised as a county tax; in such case the b supervisors shall enter upon its records the amount of penses of each ditch, which shall go to make up the amount so apportioned to the county. The amount tioned to the county shall be apportioned among the towns and cities of the county in the same manner as county taxes are apportioned, and shall be assessed up several tax rolls at the same time, and in the same man other county taxes are assessed, adding thereto not more four nor less than two per cent. for collectors' fees; bu tax shall be placed in the tax rolls in a separate colum all other taxes. The same proceedings to collect such t cluding the return and sale of lands, shall be taken as a vided for the collection of the general taxes. The m when collected, shall be paid to the county treasurer, an be by him placed to the credit of the several ditch fund inbefore provided for, on the basis of the sums which have been stated by the board of supervisors as composi amount apportioned to the county as aforesaid.

How apportionment shall be made.

All moneys to be paid to county treasurer.

Sec. 17. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 406.]

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ACT appropriating certain non-resident tax to aid in confracting a ditch or drain from a point on Elk Creek, in the unty of Sanilac, to a point on the Lexington and Lapeer State road, in Sanilac county.

MOTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Special commes Anderson, of Elk, Sanilac county, be and he is hereby appointed. pointed a special commissioner to lay out and superintend econstruction of a ditch or drain, commencing at a point on Creek, near the center of section thirty-six, of town eleven eth, of range fifteen east, in the county of Sanilac, running mee in a south-westerly direction, through sections six and gen, of the township of Buel, and sections twelve, thirteen, parteen, twenty-three, and twenty-six, of the township of Elk, a point on the Lexington and Lapeer State road, near the nter of section twenty-six, in said township of Elk.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of said commissioner, within three Duty of. ponths after this act shall take effect, to proceed to lay out and stablish said ditch or drain, and to cause the same to be surwed, and a description thereof to be filed with each of the punship clerks of the townships through which said ditch or rain shall pass, whose duty it shall be to record the same.

Sec. 3. In all cases where damages may be claimed by reason Proceedings # laying out and establishing said ditch or drain, the same damage. proceedings shall be had thereon as may be required by law for the assessment of damages in case of roads laid out by highway commissioners.

Sec. 4. For the purpose of constructing said ditch or drain, Non-resident there is hereby appropriated all the non-resident highway tax taxes approone mile and a half each side of the line of said ditch or drain, for the term of five years from the passage of this act

Sec. 5. The State shall not be liable for any expenses or Who to pay damages sustained by reason of this act; but the townships drain. through which said ditch or drain shall pass shall pay for the survey and necessary expenses, and shall also pay the commissioner two dollars per day for his services, for the necessarily and actually expended by him.

Overseers to pay over all taxes to commissioner.

Sec. 6. Any overseer of highways, or township tree non-resident having received any portion of such non-resident tax, she demand of the special commissioner herein provided to over to such commissioner any such sums of money, an commissioner's receipt therefor shall release such overs treasurer from liability.

Sec. 7. It shall be the duty of such special commission Commis'r to render acc't to supervisor render to the board of supervisors of said county, at the nual session, a true account, on oath or affirmation, of t ceipts and disbursements of all moneys received by him d each year from such townships respectively, and shall also such report to the Auditor General on or before the fir of December of each year.

Bond of.

Sec. 8. Said commissioner, before he shall be entitled ceive any moneys so collected as aforesaid, shall make a ecute to the county treasurer of said county, a bond i sum of one thousand dollars, with such sureties as th county treasurer shall approve, conditioned that he will fully apply, according to law, all moneys received by h virtue of this act, which bond shall be filed in the office county clerk of said county.

Bupervisors to fill vacancy of.

Sec. 9. The board of supervisors of the county of £ shall have the power, and it shall be their duty to fill a cancy that may occur on account of death, neglect or I of said commissioner to serve under the provisions of th

How ditch shall be constructed.

Sec. 10. Said ditch or drain shall be so constructed t no place it shall be less than twelve feet wide on the te less than five feet wide on the bottom, with an average de four feet, and be graded so as to drain off the water bottom of the same its entire length.

Sec. 11. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 407.]

ACT to amend sections seven, eighty-seven, ninety-one, inety-two, one hundred and sixty, and two hundred and inteen, of act number two hundred and fifteen, of the laws eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "An act to interporate the city of Owosso," approved February fifteenth, ighteen hundred and fifty-nine.

tions seven, eighty-seven, ninety-one, ninety-two, one hundred and sixty, and two hundred and thirteen, of act number hundred and fifteen, of the laws of eighteen hundred and mine, entitled "An act to incorporate the city of Owosso," troved February fifteenth, in the year one thousand eight dred and fifty-nine, be and hereby are amended so as to read sollows:

Sec. 7. At each annual election there shall be elected one officers por, one clerk, one treasurer, and one supervisor at large: of office. wided, That the first election for supervisor at large shall be Proviso. d on the first Monday in April next, at the same time and that the election for Justice of the Supreme Court is the election to be conducted in the same manner as other etions in said city, and two directors of the poor, each of com shall hold their respective offices for one year; also at id election the electors of each ward in said city shall elect alderman, who shall hold his office two years, and until his becasor is elected and qualified. There shall also be elected inually one school inspector, who shall hold his office for two ters and until his successor shall be elected and qualified; and to at each annual election there shall be elected by the electors feach judicial district, one supervisor and one constable, who hall hold their respective offices for one year; and at each burth annual election, one justice of the peace, who shall hold is office for four years. The first and fourth wards shall be Judicial the first judicial district, and the second and third wards shall districts. be the second judicial district, for the purpose of electing justices of the peace, supervisors, and constables, and for no other Purpose.

Compensat'n of officers.

Sec. 87. The common council shall annually determine salary or compensation to be paid to the several officers city, within the limitations hereinafter described, and shall be as follows, to wit: To the city clerk, in addition fees and perquisites prescribed by law, a sum not exc one hundred dollars per annum; to the city treasurer not exceeding one hundred dollars per annum; to the cit shal, as superintendent of streets and highways, a sum r ceeding one dollar and fifty cents per day, and at that r any part of a day, for every day actually spent by him performance of such duties; to each alderman of said c such) a sum not exceeding one dollar per annum; to t auditor a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars per a and they may also establish the fees or salary to be paid other officers appointed by them, whose fees are not pres by law, and whose compensation for services is required paid from the city treasury.

Supervisors; rights and

Sec. 91. The three supervisors shall represent the city privileges of board of supervisors of the county, and shall be entitled the rights, privileges and powers, and shall be subject to obligations of supervisors of townships.

Tax roll.

Sec. 92. The supervisor of each judicial district shall plete the tax roll and deliver the same to the mayor by the day of June, who shall deliver the same, with his warra the treasurer within the time prescribed by law for the pletion and delivery of the township tax rolls to the res township treasurers of this State: Provided, Security has given by such treasurer as required by law, and in this a Action when vided; but if such security shall not have been given by treasurer in the manner and within the time require common council shall immediately appoint some suitab son, who will give the requisite security, to collect such # and the person so appointed shall thereupon be entitled ceive said tax roll, and shall collect and pay over such and make return of his doings thereon, in the same m

Proviso

proper security is not given.

all have all the powers, and shall perform all the duties, all be subject to all the liabilities in this act conferred he treasurer, for the purpose of collection and return and over such taxes.

- 160. In making the estimate and assessment of highway Highway taxes.
- L Every male inhabitant in each ward, being above the Poll tax.
 twenty-one and under fifty, except paupers, idiots and
 s, and other persons exempt by law from taxation for
 y purposes, shall be assessed fifty cents.
- The residue of highway taxes shall be assessed not ex-How residue of highway iffty cents upon every one hundred dollars of the valu-taxes shall be apportioned upon the estate, real and personal, y inhabitant in each highway district in said city, and ach of the tracts or parcels of land in the respective y districts of which the owners are non-residents, as the nall appear from the assessment roll.
- d. The common council shall affix to the name of each council to levy taxes named in the list furnished by the supervisors, and not on property not named a upon the assessment roll, and also to each valuation of in roll.

 by within the several highway districts, the amount of such person or property shall be assessed for highway adding fifty cents to the assessment of each person bethe ages of twenty-one and fifty years, liable to such sent upon the city assessment roll.
- 213. For the purpose of building, maintaining, and re-city to be the bridges over the Shiawassee river, on Main and township of or bridge agton streets within said city, the township of Owosso purposes.

 3 said city shall be deemed the township of Owosso, and 3 subject to all the provisions of the general laws of this relative to the building, maintaining and keeping in re-ch bridges: Provided, That three commissioners be ap-proviso.

 1 by the common council of said city, who, together with nmissioners of highways of the said township of Owosso,

shall have joint control of the erection and repairing dibridges.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 408.]

AN ACT to amend the charter of the village of Jones.

Actamended Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enaction an act entitled "An act to incorporate the village of Jones," approved February 10, 1855, and the act amend thereto, approved January 29, 1857, be and the manner thereby amended so as to read as follows:

CHAPTER I.

BOUNDARIES.

Boundaries.

SECTION 1. So much of the township of Fayette, is county of Hillsdale, and State of Michigan, as is include the following territory, to wit: The south half of section to three, in township number five south, of range number west, and the north three-fourths of section four, and the half of the north-east quarter, and the north-east quarter the south-east quarter of section five, in township number south, of range number three west, be and the same is he constituted a village corporate, by the name of the village south.

Body corporate and politic, Sec. 2. The freemen of said village, from time to time, inhabitants thereof, shall be and continue a body corporate politic, to be known and distinguished by the name and the the village of Jonesville, and shall be and are hereby capable of suing and being sued, of pleading and being pleaded, of answering and being answered unto, and of fending and being defended in all courts of law and equilibrium and in all other places whatever; and may have a common section.

they may alter and change at pleasure, and by the same shall be and are hereby made capable of purchasing, ang, conveying, and disposing of any real and personal of said village.

CHAPTER II.

ELECTIONS.

B. 1. The annual elections, under this act, shall be held on Elections. rest Monday of March in each year, at such place in said as the common council shall designate, notice of which Notice of be given by the recorder, at least ten days before the elecby posting the same in three public places in said village, publishing the same in some newspaper printed in said The president, recorder, and one or more of the trus-Inspectors shall be inspectors of such elections, and all other village of tions, and any one of them may act as clerk thereof; and in case of the absence of one or more of such inspectors, the tors may choose, viva voce, from their number, one or more such vacancies, to whom shall be administered the contional oath, by either of said inspectors, or by any justice be peace or notary public. The manner of conducting all Manner of conducting ions and canvassing the votes, and the qualifications of elecin said village, shall be the same as that of townships, the "village," instead of "township," being used in the oath be administered to an elector, in case his vote shall be chalmed; at such charter elections the said inspectors shall make sertificate of the number of votes given for each person for several offices to be filled in and for the said village, which fiscate shall be immediately filed in the office of the reder of said village; and upon the Thursday next following Council to day of said election, the common council shall meet at the who is se of said recorder, and thereupon determine who, by the estest number of votes given at such election, are duly ected to fill the respective village offices; and it shall be the

Recorder to duty of said recorder, immediately after such determinati notify persons of their cause notice to be given to each of the persons elected of election; and each of said officers so elected and notified within ten days thereafter, take and subscribe the constitu oath of office before any person authorized to administer

Tie; how decided.

and shall deliver the same to the said recorder, who she the same in his office; and in case two or more persons receive, for the same office, an equal number, and not a

rality of votes given at such election, the common counci immediately proceed to determine, by lot, between the pe

so receiving the highest number of votes, which shall be

Treasurer to sidered elected to such office. The treasurer shall, before give security tering upon the discharge of his duties, give such secus

the common council as they shall direct; and in case 1 the officers so elected, or any appointed officer, shall me for the term of ten days, to qualify, as aforesaid, or te

security, the office shall thereby become vacant.

Who declar'd to be elect'rs

Oath to be taken in case

Sec. 2. The inhabitants of said village, being electors: the constitution and laws of the State of Michigan, as others, are declared to be electors under this act, and qu to vote at any such elections; and a person offering to v of challenge any such election, if challenged by an elector of said v before his vote shall be received, shall take one of the oa affirmations provided by the laws of this State for elect general and special elections, for the time being, which a affirmation may be administered to him by either of t spectors of the election. Upon taking such an oath or at tion, if duly registered in said village, he shall forthwith t mitted to vote. In all other respects, not herein provide elections shall be conducted, as near as may be, in account with the general statutes provided for township elections.

Powers of board of election.

Sec. 3. The board of election in said village, at all ele held therein, shall possess all the powers not inconsisten this act, that boards of elections in townships possess and in pursuance of the laws of this State; and in all n not otherwise provided for in this act, the laws of this

holding of all annual and special elections held under this meetings.

and all laws of this State, not inconsistent with this act,

licable to the holding of general elections in the townships
this State, shall apply to the holding of general elections in

village.

tpolls shall be opened at the place designated by the comand closed.

A council, at ten o'clock in the morning, and shall be kept

m, without intermission or adjournment, until four o'clock

the afternoon, at which hour they shall be finally closed.

Sec. 5. At all annual elections held under this act, the electballots; contents of.

The hall vote by ballot, and each person offering to vote shall

liver his ballot, so folded as to conceal its contents, to one of
inspectors, in the presence of the board; the ballot shall be
inspectors, in the presence of the persons for whom
alectors intend to vote, and shall designate the office to
lich each person so named is intended by him to be chosen;

it no ballot shall contain a greater number of names of per-

Sec. 6. If, at any annual election to be held in said village, vacancies to be designated on the ballot be one or more vacancies to be supplied in any on the ballot whice, and at the same time any person is to be elected for the fall term of said office, the term for which each person is elected for the said office, shall be designated on the ballot.

as designated for any office, than [there] are persons to be

bosen at the election to fill such office.

Sec. 7. It shall be the duty of the inspectors of election, on Duties of Inspectors the votes, as specified in section five of this chapter, of election. To cause the same, without being opened or inspected, to be deposited in the proper box provided for that purpose; the said board shall also write down, or cause to be written down, the name of each elector voting at such election, in a poll list, to be kept by said inspectors of election, or under their direction.

Inspectors to canvass certificate.

Sec. 8. Immediately after the closing of the polls, the is votes and file spectors of election shall forthwith, without adjournment, pe licly canvass the votes received by them and declare the reand shall, on the same day, or the next day, make a cert cate, stating the number of votes given for each person for e office, and shall file such statement and certificate on the day election, or the next day, with the recorder of the village.

Who deem'd to be elected.

Tie; how decided.

Sec. 9. The person receiving the greatest number of votes: any office in said village, shall be deemed to have been du elected to such office; and if any officer shall not have be chosen by reason of two or more candidates having receive an equal number of votes for the same office, the common con cil shall take as many strips of paper of equal size, as there persons having an equal number of votes, and write a be lot for each of such persons, one on each of said slips of paper and shall put said ballots together in a hat or box, and one the members of the common council shall then draw from said hat or box one of said ballots, and the person whose name shall

when notice not given.

Proviso.

Proceedings tice of any election shall not be given as herein required, of election is shall be lawful for the electors to meet at the proper time and place, and hold the election, and in case of the non-attendance or neglect of the proper officers to act, the electors present may, viva voce, choose inspectors to act in their places: Provided, That if any election of officers under this act, shall not be held on the day when it ought to have been held, the mid. corporation shall not for that cause be dissolved, but it shall be lawful to hold such election at any time thereafter, public notice thereof being given, as provided in this act.

be upon the ballot so drawn, shall be declared elected.

CHAPTER III.

OFFICERS-THEIR ELECTION AND APPOINTMENT.

Officers and terms of office.

Sec. 1. The qualified electors of said village shall meet on the first Monday of March, eighteen hundred and seventy, at such place as shall be designated by the common council, and

se with the provisions of this act, one presin secord s, one recorder, two assessors, three trustees for one year, two trustees for two years; and at each succeeding annual ion there shall be elected one president, one recorder, two mors, one trustee for one year, and two trustees for two who shall respectively hold their offices until their sessors are elected and qualified.

be. 2. The following officers shall be appointed by the com-council to council, on or before the first Monday in April of each shall and , viz: A marshal, treasurer, village attorney, a pound ther, and one or more street commissioners.

Sec. 3. The common council may also appoint so many police Policemen, stables, night watch, inspectors of fire-wards, sealers of etc. ights and measures, and such other officers as may be necesto carry into effect the powers herein granted, and as the mmon council may, from time to time, direct.

28cc. 4. No person shall be eligible to either of said offices, who eligible less he shall then be an elector and resident of said village; d when any officer, elected or appointed for the village, shall pase to reside in said village, his office shall thereby become TOTAL .

CHAPTER IV.

· VACANCIES IN OFFICE—WHEN THEY EXIST—HOW FILLED, &C.

Sec. 1. Every office shall become vacant on the happening of vacancies; either of the following events, before the expiration of the term of such office: the death of the incumbent, his resignation, his removal from office, his ceasing to be an inhabitant of the village, his conviction of any infamous crime, or of any offense involving the violation of his oath of office, the decision of a competent tribunal declaring void his election or appointment, or his refusal or neglect to take his oath of office, or to give or render any official bond, or to deposit such oath or bond in the menner, and within the time prescribed by law.

Sec. 2. When any vacancies occur in any of the offices which Ibid. are appointed by the common council, either by death, resignation, removal of the incumbent, or otherwise, the said commay fill such vacancy, by appointment, for the remainder the unexpired term for which such officer was appointed.

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How vacancy in office of trustee shall be filled.

Sec. 3. Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of trust by his refusal or neglect to take the oath of office within time required by this act, by his resignation, death, ceasing be an inhabitant of the village, removal from office, or by decision of a competent tribunal declaring void his election for any other cause, the common council of said village immediately appoint a special election, to be held not less the five days nor more than fifteen days from the time of such pointment: *Provided*, That in case any such vacancy shall common the said office of trustee within three months before the Monday of March of any year, it shall be optional with the common council to order a special election or not, as they deduce expedient.

Proviso.

Power of council to fill certain vacancies.

Sec. 4. In case any vacancy shall occur in any of the office in this act declared to be elective or appointive, except trade or recorder, the common council may, in their discretion, such vacancy by the appointment of a suitable person, who an elector; and any officer appointed to fill a vacancy, if the office is elective, shall hold, by virtue of such appointment, only until the tenth day after the election next succeeding, or until his successor is elected and qualified.

Notice of special election.

Sec. 5. Whenever a special election is to be held, the common council shall cause to be delivered to the inspectors of election, a notice, signed by the recorder, specifying the officer to be chosen, and the day and place at which such election is to be held, and the proceedings of such election shall be the same at the annual village election.

CHAPTER V.

OF THE POWERS OF THE COMMON COUNCIL

Sec. 1. The president, recorder, and trustees, when assembled council; who to constitute together and organized, shall constitute the common council of the village of Jonesville, and a majority of the whole shall be

tute a quorum for the transaction of busi-Quorum of. but a le number may adjourn from time to time; and common council may be summoned to hold their meetings such time as the president, or in case of his absence or ina-Bity to act, the recorder may appoint, and at such place as hall have been designated as council room by the common mancil. The common council shall have power to impose, levy, May levy md collect such fines as they may deem proper, not exceeding medians, for the non-attendance at any meetings of any Beer of the corporation who has been duly notified to attend same. In case of the absence of the president or recorder President ten such meetings, the members present may appoint a presithat or recorder pro tempore. Each member of the common ouncil shall be entitled to one vote; but the recorder shall not be required to act on any committee.

Sec. 2. The common council, in addition to the powers and common council medicines specially conferred upon them in this act, shall have the pass laws relative to the same and control of the finances, rights and interests, buildings, and all property, real and personal, belonging to the Public property.

The common council, in addition to the powers and council measured in the pass laws relative to the same and personal, belonging to the Public property.

The common council in the council measured in the pass laws relative to the same and personal, belonging to the public property.

The common council in the council measured in the pass laws relative to the public property.

The common council in the council in the pass laws relative to the pass laws relative to the public property.

The common council in the council in the pass laws relative to the pass laws rela

First. To prevent vice and immorality; to preserve public Vice. peace and good order; to organize, maintain, and regulate a Police police of the village when necessary, and to define the powers and duties of such police, or of any police officers; to prevent Rious. and quell riots, disturbances and disorderly assemblies.

Second. To prevent and restrain disorderly and gaming Gaming houses, and houses of ill-fame; to prevent the exhibition or use houses. of any and all instruments and devices used for gaming, and to prohibit all gaming and fraudulent devices, and restrain and Billiard tables kept or used for gaming purposes.

Liquors.

Third. To forbid and prevent the vending, giving away, or other disposition of liquors and intoxicating drinks to say drunkard, minor, or other person in the habit of getting intoncated, and to prohibit, restrain, and regulate the sale of all goods, wares and personal property at auction, except in case of sales authorized by law, and to fix the fees to be paid by and to auctioneers.

Shows

Fourth. To prohibit, restrain, license and regulate all sports, exhibitions of natural or artificial curiosities, caravans of animals, theatrical exhibitions, circuses, or other public performances or exhibitions for money.

Nuisances.

Fifth. To abate or remove nuisances of every kind, and to compel the owner or occupant of any grocery, tallow chandler's shop, butcher's stall, soap factory, tannery, stable, privy, hogpen, sewer, coal pit, or other offensive or unwholesome house or place, to cleanse, purify, remove, or abate the same from time to time, as often as they may deem necessary for the health, comfort, and convenience of the inhabitants of said village.

Slaughter houses.

Sixth. To direct the location of all slaughter houses, markets, and buildings for storing gunpowder, or other combustible material or substances.

Gunpowder.

Seventh. Concerning the buying, carrying, selling, and using of gunpowder, or other combustible materials, and the exhibition of fire-works; the use of lights in barns, stables, and other buildings, and to regulate or prohibit the discharge of fire-arms within the limits of the village, or the making of bonfires in streets or yards therein.

Fire-arms.

Eighth. To prevent the incumbering of streets, sidewalk, Incumbering of streets. cross-walks, lanes, alleys, bridges, or other public places in any manner whatever.

Ninth. To prevent and punish horse-racing and immoderate driving or riding in any street, park or alley, and to authorise the stopping and detaining any person who shall be guilty of immoderate driving or riding in any street, park or alley in said village.

Tenth. To determine and designate the routes and grades of Routes and grades of grades of railroads to be laid in said village, and to restrain and regu-railroads.

Late the use of locomotives, engines and cars upon the railroads within the village.

Joseph river, or other streams within the limits of said village; to prohibit or regulate bathing therein, and to provide for clearing the same of drift-wood or other obstructions; to fill up all low grounds or lots covered or partly covered with water within the limits of said village, or drain the same, as they may deem expedient.

Twelfth. To restrain and punish drunkards, vagrants, street Vagrants beggars, and all disorderly persons, or keepers of gaming or disorderly houses, or other houses in which drunkards or boist-trous persons are allowed to congregate and disturb the peace, or in which any crime or misdemeanor shall be committed by the knowledge or consent of the occupant of such house.

Thirteenth. To establish, maintain and regulate one or more Pounds. pounds in said village, and to prohibit, restrain or regulate the running at large of horses, cattle, sheep, swine and other animals, geese and poultry, and to authorize the impounding and sale of the same for the penalty incurred, and the cost of keeping, impounding, and other expenses; to punish the breaking of any pound, or any unlawful interference therewith, and to make all such by-laws, ordinances, rules and regulations in relation to such pound or pounds, and the advertising and sell-Selling ing of the animals, geese or poultry therein impounded, as they impounded. may deem necessary, or as may be advisable for the purpose of perfecting the title of any property sold in conformity with any ordinance or by-law, and of preserving the evidence, and declaring the legal effect of any and all evidence of any such sale or sales; and no court other than the circuit court for the county of Hillsdale, or the courts held in said village shall have jurisdiction of any action of replevin, or other action against any pound master of said village for or on account of any animal or animals, geese or poultry impounded, or for or on

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account of any act done by any such pound master, in pursuance of any power or duty conferred by any by-law or on nance passed by the common council of said village.

Dogs.

Fourteenth. To prevent or regulate the running at large dogs, to impose taxes on the owners of dogs, and to preven dog fights in the streets.

Offensive? substances.

Fifteenth. To prohibit any person from bringing or deposit ing within the limits of said village, any dead carcass, or other unwholesome or offensive substances, and to require the moval or destruction thereof, if any person shall have on his her premises such substances, or any putrid meats, fish, hide or skins of any kind, and on his or her default, to authoris the removal or destruction thereof by some officer of the villages

Sidewalks.

Sixteenth. To compel all persons in such part or parts of the village as the common council may deem proper, to keep side walks in front of premises owned or occupied by them desc from snow, ice, dirt, wood, or obstructions, but the village shell never be liable for any damage sustained by any person in consequence of the neglect of any person to keep any such sidewalk clear from snow, ice, dirt, wood, or other obstructions.

Ringing of bells.

Seventeenth. To regulate the ringing of bells and the crying of goods and other commodities for sale at auction or otherwise, and to prevent disturbing noises in the streets.

Duties of officers.

Eighteenth. To prescribe the powers and duties of all the officers of said village, except as herein otherwise provided, and their compensation, and the fines and penalties for their delinquencies.

Cemeteries.

Nineteenth. To purchase suitable grounds for a cemetery; survey and divide the same in such form and manner as they may deem proper; fix and determine the price of burial lots; sell and convey the same; ornament, fence and improve such cemetery, or any burial ground now in said village, and enlarge Burial of the the same; regulate the burial of the dead; preserve tombstones and monuments, and exercise a general control over all burial places in said village.

ntieth. To provide for the lighting of the streets and Lighting of and the protection of the public lamps.

ty-first. To establish, order and regulate the markets; Markets. late the vending of wood, hay, meat, vegetables, fruits, d provisions of all kinds, and prescribe the time and f selling the same, and the fees to be paid by butchers nse; to prohibit the sale of unwholesome meat, poultry, Unwholesome meat, getables, or other articles of food or provisions, impure, 18, or adulterated wine, spirituous liquors or beer, or gly keeping or offering the same for sale: Provided, Proviso. othing herein contained shall authorize the common to restrict in any way the sale of fresh and wholesome by the quarter, within the limits of the village. ty-second. To establish, regulate and preserve public Reservoirs. irs, wells and pumps, and to prevent the waste of water. ty-third. To regulate and establish the line upon which Building gs may be erected upon any street, lane or alley, in said , and to compel such building to be erected upon such

nty-fourth. To establish fire-districts, within which no Fire limits.

1 building (except such as shall be authorized by the m council) shall be moved, built, repaired, enlarged, or allowed to stand or remain.

y a fine upon the owner thereof, not exceeding five

d dollars for each offense.

uy-fifth. To regulate and restrain hawking and peddling Peddling. streets, and to regulate and license pawn-brokers.

ty-sixth. To prescribe the duties of all officers appointed Duties of common council, and their compensation, and the penalty lities for failing to perform such duties; and to prescribe ads and sureties to be given by the officers of the village discharge of their duties, and the time for executing the a cases not otherwise provided for by law.

es of all kinds which carry persons for hire, and carts etc. rters, and to prescribe the rates of fare and charges, and and or stands for wood, hay, and produce exposed for

Fines.

sale in said village, and to regulate the 1 3 hereof; and the purpose of carrying into effect the powe : mferred by section, the common council shall have power to prescribe any by-law or ordinance made by them, that the person of ing against the same shall forfeit and pay such fine as shall deem proper, not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for a term not exceeding the months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discrete of the recorder or justice who shall try the offender.

Twenty-eighth. To regulate and require the setting of

Shade trees.

trees in the streets of said village, and to provide for the prevation of the same; and any person owning real estate in a village, in front of which there is not a sufficient number shade trees growing, may expend twenty-five per cent. of his her highway labor or highway tax, in each and every year, setting out shade trees along the margin of the streets or his ways in front of such lands, at such distance from the margin of the street or highway as the common council may determine or as the street commissioner may prescribe: Provided, The until the common council or street commissioner shall determine the distance such trees shall be set from the margin of the street or highway, the same may be set not less than six more than ten feet from the margin of the street or highway.

Proviso.

Weights and measures.

Twenty-ninth. To prescribe the duties of sealer of weights and measures, and the penalty for using false weights and measures; and all the laws of this State in relation to the sealing of weights and measures shall apply to said village, except as herein otherwise provided.

Village prison. Thirtieth. To erect or establish a village prison, or lock-up, and to make all necessary rules and regulations for the imprisonment of persons therein when under arrest for any disturbance of the peace, or offense against the ordinances or by-laws of said village.

Ordinances

Thirty-first. The common council shall have full power to make all such by-laws and ordinances, rules and regulations

may deem proper for fully and effectually enforcing any all powers conferred upon them by this act.

The common council may ascertain, establish and Boundaries of streets, the boundaries of all streets and alleys in the said village, prevent and remove all encroachments thereon, and exertail other powers conferred on them by this act, in relation highways, the prevention of fires, the levying of taxes, the plying of the village with water, and all other subjects of micipal regulation, not herein expressly provided.

Sec. 4. The common council shall have power to assess, levy, Power of collect taxes for the purposes of the corporation upon all collect taxes. perty made taxable by law for State purposes, which taxes be liens upon the property taxed until paid; to appro- To appropriiste money, provide for the payment of the debt and expenses the village, and make regulations concerning the same; to em- To employ y all persons confined for the non-payment of any fine, pen-fined in jail. forfeiture or costs, or for any offense under this act, or any linance of the common council, in any lock-up, jail, workme, or prison, at work or labor, either within or without the me, or upon any street or public work under the control of e common council; to allow any person thus confined for the pen-payment of any fine, penalty, forfeiture, or costs, to pay and discharge the same by such work and labor, and to fix the whe and price of such work and labor. The said common council shall have power to make all such other by-laws, ordimances or regulations as they may deem necessary for the good

government of said village.

Sec. 5. The common council shall have power to make all To make by-laws and ordinances as they shall deem necessary and cure city against injuries by fire; to compel the owners or occupiers of buildings to procure and keep in readiness such number of fire buckets as they may direct; to establish, maintain and regulate to establish fire companies as they may deem expedient; to construct reservoirs, and provide such companies with necessary and proper 145—

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To appoint firemen.

elect their

buildings, engines, and other implements to prevent and guish fires; to appoint from among the inhabitants of m lage, such number of persons, not exceeding fifty to one pany, as are willing to accept, or as may be deemed pro be employed as firemen; and every such company shall Firemen to own officers, power to appoint its own officers, and to pass by-laws: organization and government, subject to the approval common council, and to impose and collect such fines i non-attendance or neglect of duty of its members as m deemed necessary and proper; and every person belong such company shall annually obtain from the recorder a icate, which shall be prima facie evidence of his memb

be exempt vice.

Firemen to for one year from the date thereof. Every member a from poll tax company, during his membership, shall be exempt from and jury seron juries, from military duty in time of peace, and from ment of a poll tax.

Council to adopt measures to preserve public health.

Sec. 6. The common council shall have power, and it be their duty to adopt measures for the preservation public health of said village; to restrain or prohibit the cise of any unwholesome or dangerous avocation with limits of the village; to establish a board of health, and vest it with such powers, and to impose upon it such dut shall be necessary to secure the inhabitants of said village contagious, malignant and infectious diseases; to provi its proper organization, and for the appointment of the 1 officers; and they shall have authority to make all such b and regulations for the government of such board of 1 and for the preservation of the health of the inhabita said village, as shall secure a prompt and efficient dische the duties imposed upon them by the common council ! act.

To appoint board of health.

Power of council over

Sec. 7. The common council shall have and exercise, taverns, etc over said village, the same powers in relation to the regu of taverns, groceries, common victualers and others, as a or may hereafter be conferred by the g al laws of thi upon township boards, or upon the corporate authori

nges in relation to tavern-keepers and common victualers, subject to the same conditions and limitations; and no to collect on shall engage in or exercise the business of tavernper, inn-holder, common victualer or saloon-keeper within himits of said village, until he is first duly licensed as such to common council; and any person who shall assume to reise such business or occupation, without having first obed such license, shall forfeit and pay, for every day he shall mercise such business or occupation, the sum of two dollars, be recovered by action of debt in the corporate name of village, together with the costs of prosecution, before any ice of the peace. The common council shall have power to at licenses to authorize persons to exercise the business of ern-keeper, inn-holder, common victualer, or saloon-keeper thin said village, and may impose such fees, to be paid into village treasury on the granting of such license, as they see fit: Provided, That no license shall be granted for the Proviso. of spirituous liquors or intoxicating drinks. sec. 8. The common council shall have power to cause com- To build

on sewers, drains and vaults, arches and bridges, wells, bridges, etc. mps, and reservoirs to be built in any part of said village; to me the grading, raising, leveling, repairing, amending, paving, covering with broken or pounded stone, plank, or other mateal, any street, lane, alley, highway, public ground or sidewalk Fraid village; to provide the width of any and all sidewalks, To direct he material of which the same shall be built, the manner of sidewalks. construction, and the time within which any and all improvements shall be made. The common council shall also have full fower to compel the owners or occupants of land, at their own expense, to repair, construct, make, grade, pave, plank, or gravel, and curb and rail all sidewalks adjoining such lands, by resolution or ordinance: Provided, That no person owning Proviso. or occupying farming lands which are not laid out into lots or blocks, shall be compelled to build or maintain in front of one farm or parcel of such farming land, at his own individual expense, more than twenty-five rods of sidewalk; but the foregoing proviso shall not apply to sidewalks now built, or to as may have been ordered built by the common council of said village, previous to the time this act shall take effect.

limitations and restrictions contained in this act, to deter

in such manner as they may deem proper, what property

Sec. 9. The common council shall have power, subject to

To determine amount of benefit to property of any drain.

> be benefited by any proposed drain, sewer, or other imp ment, and the just proportion which any and every pare land so adjoining to be benefited by any such drain, sew other improvement ought to be taxed therefor; and the said

To cause land benefited to pay for drain.

mon council may cause such drain, sewer, or other imput ment to be made at the expense of the land adjudged benefited thereby, and according to the benefits which parcel of land will derive from such drain, sewer, or other

selling of property.

provement, according to the estimate or judgment of the To authorize common council; and the said common council may levy, and collect, or cause to be assessed and collected from owner or occupants of any such lands, his or her just proj tion of such expense; and the said common council may vide for the collection of all such, and of every other ment or tax for special purposes, by a sale of any pers property found upon any lands assessed, and for the want of or of sufficient personal property whereon to levy and mil collect such tax, then the officer whose duty it shall be to coll such tax, shall proceed to levy, sell, and collect the same, or balance that may remain uncollected, together with all costs advertising and collecting, by a sale of real estate assessed in the manner hereinafter provided.

To provide for repairing sidewalks.

Sec. 10. The common council may provide for the immediate repair of cross-walks and sidewalks, and for collecting the and expense thereof in such manner as they may deem proper subject to the restrictions herein contained; and they may termine the time and manner of assessing and collecting highway taxes, and all other taxes except as herein otherwis provided; and they may enact such general by-laws or ordi nances in relation to the assessing and collecting of all such

Assessing laxes.

not inconsistent with the constitution of this State or of United States, as they may deem just and proper; and all ws or ordinances, rules or regulations adopted by the mon council, by or in pursuance of any of the powers cond upon them in this act, shall be binding upon all courts, in all places whatsoever.

is. 11. In addition to the powers conferred upon the com-council to council by this act, they shall have and may exercise all of com'rs of nowers, within said village, of commissioners of highways, hich commissioners of highways in townships may exerunder the laws of this State, now or hereafter in force; the said common council, in the exercise of the powers duties of commissioners of highways, as aforesaid, may pt the same course that commissioners of highways may, re required to adopt, or the mode herein pointed out for exercise of such powers, as they may deem proper; but the mon council may lay out, open and establish public streets sighways of a less or greater width than four rods, as the dic good may require.

sec. 12. It shall be the duty of the common council to cause To cause h of the streets and highways in said village as shall have re-surveyed. in used for six years or more as public highways and streets, d which are not sufficiently described, or have not been duly sorded, to be ascertained, described, and recorded in the office the recorder of said village, in the book of street records; nd the recording of such highways, streets, lanes, or public rounds, so ascertained and described, or which shall hereafter be laid out and established by the said common council, and specified in the book of street records, in the office of the reterder by order of the common council, shall be presumptive evidence of the existence of such highway, street, lane, alley, or public ground therein described.

Sec. 13. On the third Tuesday in the month of February in Annual meh year, the common council shall audit and settle the ac-statement. counts of the vi treasurer, and the accounts of all other naving claims against the village or accounts officers and pers

with it, and shall make out a statement in detail of the re and expenditures of the corporation during the preceding in which statement shall be clearly and distinctly specific several items of expenditure made by the common count objects and purposes for which the same were made, at amount of money expended under each, the amount of raised for the general contingent expenses, the amount for lighting and watching the village, the amount of his taxes and assessments, the amount of assessments for op paving, planking, repairing, and altering streets, and bu and repairing bridges, the amount borrowed on the co the village, and the terms on which the same was obtaine such other information as shall be necessary to a full 1 standing of the financial concerns of the village.

To be signed

Sec. 14. The said statement shall be signed by the pre by president and recorder, and filed with the papers of the village, as same shall be published at the expense of the village, in newspaper to be designated by the common council, pr to the first Monday of March next thereafter.

Style of ordinances.

Sec. 15. The style of all ordinances shall be: "It is ! ordained by the common council of the village of Jones Sec. 16. To enable the common council to build or

Money; council allowed to borrow.

and all powers conferred upon them by this act, they ms row money at a rate of interest not exceeding seven pe

Limit of amount.

bridges, and fully and effectually carry out and perform per annum, and issue the bonds of the village therefor, by the president and recorder; but no money shall be box for a longer period than five years, nor shall the sum and all indebtedness, for money thus borrowed by the co council, ever exceed the sum of two thousand dollars; the common council shall deem it necessary to borrow money than is above provided for, the question of makin loan shall be submitted to the qualified electors of said at some annual, or special election called for that purp the same manner as other special elections are called this act; but before any loan of money shall be authoris

the of the electors of said village, written or printed notices

I be posted by the recorder in at least three places in said

ge, specifying the amount, and the object or objects for

the money is proposed to be borrowed. The common coun-Council to
provide for

nay provide, by ordinance, the manner of voting upon any voting to
borrow.

I the result certified and determined in the same manner as

result of other votes are canvassed by the provisions of
pact: Provided, That the total indebtedness of the village, Proviso.

Thereward money, shall never exceed ten thousand dollars

my one time.

men council, by authority from the electors of said village, to sign bonds bonds shall be signed by the president and recorder; and deeds of lands sold by the common council shall be executed the president and recorder, and when duly acknowledged by m, may be recorded as other conveyances, and with like

council shall have power to compel all Power of relater passenger trains, express trains, or other regular train trains on railroads. trains of cars carrying passengers through said village, to pat the depot in said village long enough to take on and let any and all passengers that may desire to get on or off from y and all such trains, and they may make any and all ordinecs which they may deem proper to enforce such power, ject only to the restrictions contained in this act and not in thict with the laws of this State.

sor imprisonment, shall take effect until the expiration of shall take effect.

days from the time that the same shall be published in some standard published and circulated in said village:

wided, That this section shall not apply to ordinances here-Proviso.

me passed by the common council of said village, or to such may be in force in said village at the time this act takes effect haw; but all ordinances in force in said village at the time; act shall take effect which are not inconsistent therewith,

and which the said common council of said village could legal pass, shall be and remain in full force therein until amended repealed by the common council.

How bylaws may be proved.

Sec. 20. All by-laws, regulations, resolutions and ordinate may be proved in the manner provided by an act entitled " act to provide for proving the by-laws, ordinances and rest tions of incorporated cities and villages in certain ce approved March 18, 1865.

Council to punish driwalks, etc.

Sec. 21. The common council may prevent and punish ving on side-riding or driving of any beast or team upon any sidewalk, the doing of any act injurious or dangerous to any of the pri erty of said village, or of the property of any of the inh tants thereof, or which shall be dangerous to the life or her of any of the inhabitants of said village; and whenever, by the act, the common council are given any power, they may adopt by-laws or ordinances, rules and regulations, relative thereto.

Council may take private streets.

Notice to owner.

Sec. 22. If in laying out or altering any street, lane or high property for way the common council shall require for such purpose ground of any person, they shall give notice thereof to the

owner or person interested, or his, or their agent or repress tative, by personal service, or by written notice posted in three of the most public places in said village, at least three weel next preceding the meeting of the common council for the pur-

Summoning of jury.

pose aforesaid; and the common council are authorized to treat with such person or persons for the grounds or premises; and if such person or persons shall refuse to treat for the same, or if the parties cannot agree therefor, it shall and may be lawful for the recorder of said village to issue a venire facias, to command the marshal of said village to summon and return & jury of twelve disinterested freeholders, to be taken within the limits of the township in which said village is situate, to appear before said recorder, at a time therein to be stated, to inquire into and determine the necessity for using such ground, and the just compensation to be paid therefor to the owner or owners of or parties interested in said ground or premises, which jury, being first duly sworn by said president or recorder,

hfully and im lly to inquire into the necessity for taking Jury to using such ground, and to ascertain and determine the damages. s compensation to be paid therefor, and having viewed the nises, if necessary, shall inquire of, and assess such damages recompense as they shall judge fit to be awarded to the per or owners or the parties interested in such ground and mises, for their respective injuries, according to the several crests or estates therein; and said recorder shall, upon the arn of such assessment or verdict, enter judgment therefor, firming the same; and such sum or sums so assessed, to-Compensat'n ber with all costs, shall be paid or legally tendered, before owner. street, lane, or alley shall be made, laid out, altered or med, to the claimant or claimants thereof; it shall thereon be lawful for such common council to cause such ground be occupied for the purposes aforesaid: Provided, That Proviso. y party claiming damages as aforesaid, may have the right tremove such proceedings by appeal to the circuit court, or court of competent jurisdiction, upon giving notice of his, her or their intention so to do, to the recorder of said vilme, in writing, within ten days, or in case of the absence of hid party from said village at the time of rendering of said adgment, then within thirty days after the verdict of such jury and the judgment of such recorder as aforesaid; and upon filing stranscript of the proceedings aforesaid, duly certified by said recorder, within forty days after [the] verdict and judgment aforesaid, in the circuit court, or any other court of record having appellant jurisdiction, the same proceedings shall be had as is prescribed by law in other cases of appeal: Provided, That if the final judgment for damages shall not exceed the Ibid. damages assessed before the recorder, at least ten dollars, then the party appealing shall pay all costs occasioned by such uppeal.

CHAPTER VL

OF THE POWERS AND DUTIES OF OFFICERS.

President to be chief executive officer.

To preserve peace.

Sec. 1. The president shall be the chief executive of the village, and shall also be president of the common (and shall countersign all orders drawn upon the village urer, and see that all the officers of said village faithfull ply with and discharge their official duties; that all la taining to the municipal government of said village, ordinances and resolutions of the common council ar fully observed. He shall have the same power, as cons of the peace within the limits of the village, as any ju the peace has, or may by law have, and to this end it 1 lawful for him, when any person shall in his presence b of a breach of the peace, or a violation of any of th nances of the common council, punishable by fine prisonment, to direct the marshal, or other officer, forth apprehend such offender or offenders, and take him or th fore any justice of the peace, who shall, without unrea delay, proceed to the examination and trial of the ps rested. He shall also have power, and it shall be his preserve order and decorum in the council room dur. session of the common council, and for this purpose may any disorderly person to be arrested for disorderly or con uous conduct in his presence, and imprisoned for a per exceeding twenty-four hours.

To cause arrest of offenders.

Recorder to have all powers of township clerk.

To keep records.

To draw orders.

Sec. 2. The recorder shall perform all the duties and I the statutory powers of a township clerk, in respect filing and custody of all papers required to be filed, a performance of all other statutory duties. He shall record of the proceedings of the common council, and a of all claims allowed by them. He shall also draw all on the treasurer for claims and accounts allowed by the mon council, and, if required, keep an account, as near be, to which fund the same belongs; and he may have a who may perform all the duties of recorder.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of every trustee in said village Trustees attend the regular and special meetings of the common meetings of council. ancil; to act upon committees when thereto appointed by president or common council; to order the arrest of all mons violating the laws of this State, or the ordinances, bywe, or police regulations of said village; to report to the pres- To report est all subordinate officers who are guilty of any official mis-of other nduct or neglect of duty; to maintain peace and good order, id to perform all other duties required of them by this act. Sec. 4. The marshal of said village shall be the chief of police; Marshal to be chief that all the by-laws and ordinances of the common council of police. properly and efficiently enforced, and especially those which my be passed to carry into effect those parts of this act relaig to police and sanitary regulations. He shall obey all the To obey will orders of the president, and may command the aid and council. mistance of all constables, and all other persons, in the disharge of the duties imposed upon him by law. He may appoint May appoint meh number of deputies as the common council shall direct and approve, who shall have the same powers and perform the me duties as the marshal, and for whose official acts he shall in all respects responsible; and the marshal and his deputies hall have the same power to serve and execute all process m behalf of the corporation of said village, or of the people of be State, as sheriffs or constables have by law to execute simiar process. The marshal shall also possess all the powers of To have constable under the laws of this State, or which constables in constables. ownships have, and such other powers and duties as are menioned in this act, or as the common council acting under the owers in this act conferred, may prescribe: Provided, That Proviso. othing in this act shall be construed into his serving process

Sec. 5. The village attorney, under the direction of the common Village attorney, shall have charge of and conduct of all the law business of duet law business of the corporation, and in which it shall be interested, corporation. cept otherwise ordered by the common council in special cases, and shall also a vise the common council boards of the village,

To advise council.

and their officers and committees, upon all matters apperts to the business of said village, and the enaction of its law ordinances, when submitted to him for his opinion.

Treasurer to have charge of money.

Sec. 6. The village treasurer shall have the custody money and valuable papers and obligations belonging to the poration, and shall keep a just and true account of all mone ceived and disbursed by him, and no money shall be paid o cept upon the order of the common council, and upon wa To report to drawn by the president and recorder. He shall, once in each and oftener, if required, settle with the common council shall pay over all moneys in his hands upon the order

council.

To collect taxes.

To give bond.

To have powers of township treasurer.

To bave custody of all bonds,

etc.

common council, and shall deliver all obligations and va papers in his possession to his successor in office, when req He shall also receive all moneys belonging to the villag collect all taxes levied or assessed therein, except as oth provided herein, and for that purpose he shall give bond t village in such sum and with such surety or sureties : common council shall require and approve; and for the pose of the collection and return of all taxes, and the of property delinquent for the non-payment of taxes, the treasurer on giving the bond or surety so required, shall p all the powers, and perform all the duties of the several ship treasurers of this State, as prescribed by law, with limits of said village, and shall also perform such other c respecting the collection and return of taxes, as this a The treasurer shall have the custody of all ! poses. mortgages, notes, leases, and evidences of debt belongi

Sec. 7. The assessors shall make the annual assessment assessment. property, real and personal, in said village, which is lie assessment, as hereinafter more particularly provided, and shall, when so directed by the common council, mak assessment upon real estate in said village liable to taxati special purposes, but which is not liable to be assessed for eral purposes; and in such cases the common council correct, revise and confirm such assessment.

Assessors to make annual

the corporation.

Sec. 8. The recorder shall possess the same powers, and per-President rm and discharge the municipal duties of president during absence or inability, death, resignation or removal of the seident.

Bec. 9. All fines, penalties, and forfeitures recovered before All fines to y justice of the peace on violation of any by-laws or ordi-treasury. mees of said village, shall when collected, be paid into the lage treasury, on the first Monday of each and every month. Sec. 10. The street commissioners, and such other officer or Street comicers as the common council may direct and appoint shall, to superinder the direction of the common council, superintend the of streets. king, grading, paving, repairing and opening of all streets, mes, alleys, sidewalks, cross-walks, or other public grounds thin the limits of the village, in such manner as he or they by be from time to time directed; the street commissioners To collect all collect all capitation or poll taxes in said village, and all sident highway labor or tax therein which overseers of highays are authorized to collect in their respective highway disicts; and such street commissioners shall severally be over-To be oversees of highways, and vested with all the powers of over-highways sers of highways under the laws of this State, now or hereter in force in this State, and such street commissioners may werally pursue and adopt the same course, in collecting all ighway tax, and in the performance of all duties as overseers highways, that overseers of highways in townships may dopt, or they may collect all such taxes in such manner as the y-laws or ordinances in force in said village may prescribe; and each street commissioner shall give a bond, in such penalty To give bond and with such surety as the common council may prescribe and lirect, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties as nch street commissioner, and for the accounting for and payng over all moneys that may come into his hands as such offiby virtue of his office; and such street commissioner shall Fees of. eceive as compensation for his services such sum as the comnon council may direct and allow; and each street commisnoner shall be the fence-viewer of said village, and possess all

the powers and be subject to the same liabilities as fence-view in townships.

Appointed officers to

Sec. 11. All other officers, whose duties are not herein give security pressly prescribed, and which the common council are her authorized to appoint, shall perform such duties, and give security as the common council may require; and all offer appointed by the common council, or who shall have the trol or management of any of the money or property of village, may be required to give such security as the commi council may prescribe and approve, and in default thereof, common council may declare their office vacant.

CHAPTER VIL

COURTS OF JUSTICE, FINES, PENALTIES, AND LEGAL PROCEEDING

Justices of the peace.

To try offenses.

Punish offenders.

Corporation allowed use of county jail.

Sheriff to have charge

Sec. 1. Any justice of the peace residing in the township which said village is situate, or any town adjoining, have full power and authority, and it is hereby made the del of such justice, upon complaint to him, in writing, to inquis into and hear, try and determine all offenses which shall be committed within said village, against any of the by-laws (ordinances which shall be made by the common council in pursuance of the powers granted by this act, and to punish the offenders, as by said by-laws or ordinances shall be prescribed or directed; to award all process, and take recognizance for the keeping of the peace, for the appearance of the person charged, and upon appeal, and to commit to prison or to the village lock-up as occasion may require. The corporation of the village of Jonesville shall be allowed the use of the common jail of the county of Hillsdale, for the imprisonment of all persons liable to imprisonment under the by-laws and ordinances of the common council; and all persons committed to the village lock-up or to jail by any justice of the peace, for any violation of a by-law or ordinance of said common council, shall be in of criminals, the custody of the keeper of the village lock-up or of the sheriff of the county, as the case may be, who shall keep safe

person so committed until lawfully discharged, as in other

Sec. 2. Whenever any person shall be charged with having Proceedings plated any ordinance or by-law of the village, in which the violation of lander is liable to imprisonment, any justice of the peace of nance. d township in which said village is situated, or any township Justice to isscining the same to whom complaint shall be made, shall sue warrant. me a warrant to the sheriff or any constable of said county, the marshal of said village, commanding him or them, in e name of the people of the State of Michigan, to bring the ody of such person before him forthwith, to be dealt with acbording to law, and to answer unto the village of Jonesville; any such officer to whom such warrant shall be delivered br service, is hereby required to execute the same, under the penalties which are by law incurred by sheriffs and other offiers for neglecting or refusing to execute other criminal proess; and all process issued by any justice of the peace, to en-Sheriff to bree or carry into effect any of the by-laws or ordinances of the same. billage of Jonesville, may be delivered to the sheriff or any constable of the county of Hillsdale, or to the marshal of the village of Jonesville; and the marshal or other officer to whom mid warrant shall be delivered for service, is hereby required to execute the same, in any part of this State where such offender may be found, under the penalties which are by law incurred by sheriffs and other officers for neglecting or refusing to execute other criminal process.

Sec. 3. The expense of apprehending, examining and com-Expenses of mitting offenders against any law of this State in the said vilapprehension; how paid.

lage, and of their confinement, shall be audited and allowed and paid by the supervisors of the county of Hillsdale, in the manner as if such expenses had been incurred in any town of said county; and the board of supervisors of said supervisors to audit county of Hillsdale shall audit and allow all legal charges charges.

against said county, presented to said board by any justice of the peace or constable, for services rendered in said village, as in other cases.

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

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Contents of warrants.

Sec. 4. Warrants issued by justices of the peace for the prehension of persons charged with violating any ordinant by-law of the village of Jonesville, shall recite the substrate of the complaint, and shall command the officer to whom same is directed, as provided in section two of this chap and on the person charged being brought before the justices are may be, as is provided by law for the trial, convident and punishment of offenders against the laws of this State for the trial of such offenders, as justices of the peace is jurisdiction to hear and determine.

Village attorney to sue for fines.

Sec. 5. When any person shall violate any ordinance of village of Jonesville, the violation of which is only punish by fine, the same may be sued for by the attorney of the lage, or any member of the common council, in the name the village of Jonesville, before any justice of the peace of township in which said village is situate, or any adjoin township; and in [such] case, the justice shall issue a summe returnable not less than two nor more than six days, whi may be directed to the marshal, sheriff, or any constable of county, and may be served by any one of said officers, but same shall be served at least two days before the return that of, in the same manner as summonses issued by justices the peace, under the laws of this State, and the same provisions and principles of law, (not inconsistent with this act,) shall apply ply in relation to said summons, the service and return thereof and all subsequent proceedings in, to and including the redition of judgment therein, as applies to the collection of peralties before justices of the peace, under the general laws of this State.

How summons shall

be served.

Right of appeal.

Sec. 6. In all civil or criminal cases tried before any justice of the peace for violation of any village by-law or ordinances, the same right of appeal or certiorari shall be allowed to the circuit court for the county of Hillsdale, as is allowed from the decision and judgment of justices of the peace in townships, and such appeal or certiorari may be taken in like manner, and

h like effect: Provided, If any judgment in any action shall Proviso.

madered against the village by any justice of the peace, such ment may be removed by appeal or certiorari to the circuit in the county of Hillsdale, in the same manner and with same effect as though the village were a natural person, exthat no bond or recognizance to the adverse party shall be passary to be executed by or on behalf of the said village. ce. 7. Whenever any fine shall be imposed by any justice of Marshal to peace for a violation of any ordinance of the common ncil, it shall be the duty of the justice forthwith to issue iention to the marshal of the village, or to any constable, manding him to collect of the goods and chattels of person so offending, the amount of such fine with interest costs, and for want of goods and chattels wherewith to ofy the same, that he take the body of the defendant and panit him to the village lock-up, or to the common jail of the paty of Hillsdale, to be safely kept by the officer in charge and defendant be discharged by due course of law; and defendant shall remain imprisoned until the execution, with costs and charges thereon, shall be paid, or he be discharged due course of law: Provided, That the common council may Provided. mit such fine, in whole or in part, if it shall be made to ppear that the person so imprisoned is unable to pay the same. Sec. 8. In all suits in which the corporation of the village of Citizens to Jenesville shall be a party, or shall be interested, no inhabitant as jurora mid village shall be deemed incompetent as an officer, witness, or juror, on account of his interest in the event of such mit or action: Provided, Such interest be such only as he has Provided. in common with the inhabitants of said village.

CHAPTER VIII.

OF TAXATION, TAXES, AND THE COLLECTION THEREOF.

Sec. 1. The assessor shall, in each and every year, make and Assessment templete the assessment of all the real and personal property within said village, in the same manner, and within the time,

as near as may be, as is required by law for the assesse property in the several townships of this Itate, and in m shall in all respects, unless when otherwise in this a vided, conform to the provisions of law governing the of supervisors in the several townships of this State, assessment of property and the levying of taxes.

Time for reviewing.

Sec. 2. On the third Monday of May, and for so man next thereafter in each and every year, (not exceeding days in all), it shall be the duty of the village assessors recorder to meet at nine o'clock in the forenoon of said days, at the common council room, or in case of the si or inability of the assessors, recorder, or either of the place of such officer or officers so disqualified shall be fi appointment of the president; and the said assessors : corder, together with the persons so appointed as afores a majority of them, when assembled together as aforessic constitute a board of review for the purpose of reviewing sessment roll of said village, and of correcting any and all which said board, or a majority of them, may discover rolls, or any of them, and of exercising all the powers the supervisors of townships are authorized to exercise time appointed by law for the review of their assessment Members of any member of said board is hereby authorized to exami thorized to oath, any person who shall make an application to said sons making and also to administer any oath to any such person, or

board auexamine perapplication.

person who may be required to file any affidavit with th either of them.

Certificate: board to attach to roll.

Sec. 3. When the said board has reviewed and com the assessment rolls for said village, it shall be their du the duty of a majority of the members of said board, to to said roll, signed by them, a certificate, which may be contents of following form: "We do hereby certify that the above ment roll contains a description of all the real estate village of Jonesville liable to be taxed, according to ou information, and that we have estimated the same at w believe to be the true cash value thereof; that the said ! taxable pe____ to each and every person named roll, and that we have estimated the same at its true value, according to our best information and belief."

- Any of the members of said board, except the asses-who may make such certificate, from such knowledge as they tificate.

 Possess, are able to obtain from said assessors, or can the while sitting on said board.
- Leted, it shall be the duty of the assessors to delivered delivered with, or on demand, to the recorder; and thereupon the cof the recorder, in relation to said roll so delivered to and in relation to all other matters not inconsistent the provisions of this act, shall be the same as those of twisors of townships.
- 6. The recorder shall complete the tax roll of said vil-Recorder to complete and deliver the same with his warrant thereto attached, and deliver to treasurer. be village treasurer on or before the first Monday in July in year: Provided, Security has been given by such village Proviso. hourer, as required by law, or in this act provided; but if accurity shall not have been given by such village treas-Proceedings in the manner and in the time required, the common ty has not been given mediately appoint some suitable person, who by treasurer. Il give the required security, to collect such tax roll; and person so appointed shall thereupon be entitled to receive id tax roll, and shall collect and pay over such taxes, and ake return of his doings thereon, in the same manner, and all have all the power, and shall perform all the duties, and mabject to the same liabilities in this act conferred upon the lage treasurer of said village, for the purpose of the collecm and return, and paying over said taxes.
- Sec. 7. For the collection of all such taxes, the village treas-collector; percentage ser, or other person appointed to collect the same, shall be en-allowed to.

 Hed to receive such percentage as shall be prescribed by the memon council, not exceeding two per centum upon the sum be collected, which sum shall be added in the computation

of the taxes, on said tax roll, and the said treasurer a lect the tax rolls put into his hands on or before the of September in each year, in the same manner that eral township treasurers of the State are required t their tax rolls, and he shall make his return to the council on or before the second Monday of September shall possess all the powers and perform all the duties ship treasurers of this State as prescribed by law, w not inconsistent with this act.

To have powers of township treasurer.

Power of council to levy taxes.

Proviso.

levy and collect taxes on all the real and personal es able in said village, which taxes shall be and remain : the property so assessed until the same shall be paid: I That they shall not raise by general tax, more than fourths of one per cent. for village purposes, on the property of the same, in any one year, exclusive of a or poll tax, and taxes for highways, sidewalks, grading ing of streets or alleys, or taxes for other purposes I

assessed upon the property adjacent to, or to be bene

the improvement for which such taxes are assessed.

Sec. 8. The common council shall have authority t

Poll tax.

Proviso.

Sec. 9. The common council shall have power to as collect from every male inhabitant of said village, over of twenty-one and under the age of fifty years, (except) idiots, lunatics, and persons otherwise exempted by l annual capitation or poll tax not exceeding one dollar, may provide by their by-laws for the collection of the Provided, That any person assessed for a poll tax may same by one day's labor upon the streets, under the d of the street commissioner, who shall give to each p assessed, notice of the time and place when and who labor will be required; and the money raised by such or labor in lieu thereof, shall be expended or performe the direction of the common council.

Council au-

thorized to

Sec. 10. The common council shall have full power tax property thority to levy and collect taxes upon all real and estate in said village, subject to the limitations cont

eight of the hapter, necessary to be raised for purposes Than such as are provided for in section nine of this and all taxes lawfully levied or imposed upon any Tax to be a tenements, or property in said village, shall be and estate. a hien upon the same from the time of assessing or mg such tax, until the same is paid; and the owners, ocor persons interested in any real estate upon which are so assessed, shall be liable upon demand to pay the cer in default of such payment, or of the payment of any when trees. such tax, it shall be lawful for the treasurer of said personal to collect the same by the sale of personal property of wner, occupant or person interested in such real estate, a default of personal property out of which to collect such sell such real estate or so much thereof as may be necto collect such tax, together with the expenses and of collecting the same: Provided, That whenever any Proviso. state shall be sold by such treasurer, notice of such sale the given by publishing the same in some public newspaper hed in said village, for at least four successive weeks, in each week, prior to the day of sale; and the treasurer Certificate give to the purchaser or purchasers of any real estate so for taxes, a certificate of such purchase, giving the descripfof the land sold, the amount paid for the same, and the time a deed shall be given for the same unless sooner remed according to law; and such lands may be redeemed from when lands h sale for taxes, at any time within one year from the day may be resale, by the payment to the treasurer of said village, of the cant for which the same was sold, together with interest on same at the rate of twenty-five per cent.; unless so re-Deed to med the president and recorder of said village shall execute deliver a deed of the same to such purchaser, his heirs or igns, which deed so executed shall be evidence to the same ment, and in all respects have the same force and effect as eds given by the Auditor General of this State, for lands trchased at tax sales for non-payment of taxes under the laws

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

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of this State: Provided, That all deeds f ands hereto sold for non-payment of taxes of said village, under the ch of the same, before this amendment shall take effect, and yet executed, shall be executed under the provisions of charter as in force at the time of such sale.

When taxes may be lev'd etc.

Sec. 11. Taxes for grading or paving any streets or a for grading, and building or repairing any sidewalks, constructing tanks, reservoirs, or hydrants, or for other purposes, by wi the property adjacent to such improvements are to be ex ially or exclusively benefited, may be assessed or levied the property adjacent to such grading, paving, sidewalk, t hydrant, or other improvement, and may be collected enforced in the same manner as other taxes.

Council to determine amount to be raised by tax.

levy the sum

Sec. 12. It shall be the duty of the common council of village, on or before the last Saturday preceding the first dep May in each year, to determine, by resolution, the amount need sary to be raised by tax for village purposes within said village Recorder to for such year; and it is hereby made the duty of the record apportioned of said village to levy the sum so apportioned upon the taxable property of such village in the same manner as taxes for town ship purposes are required by law to be levied by the supervisor

of the townships of this State.

Taxes to remain a lien

Sec. 13. The taxes so levied for village purposes, and all other on property purposes, shall be and remain a lien upon the property which the same was levied or assessed, in the same cases, the same extent, and in like manner as the taxes required if law to be levied on property in the several townships of State, are liens upon such property; and all provisions of lat respecting the return and sale of property for the non-payment of taxes for State, county, and township purposes, shall apply to the return and sale of property for non-payment of such village and other taxes, except as herein otherwise provided.

Want of form not to invalidate any tax.

Sec. 14. No general or special tax, assessed in said village, upon any property therein, shall be held illegal or invalid for want of any matter of form in any matter or thing not affecting the merits of the case, and which shall not injure or prejurights of ti party assessed; nor shall any excess of Excess of der any sale of property invalid, unless it shall appear render sale legal tax, costs and charges were tendered to the officer ag the same, before a sale of the property was made, or of the sale of real estate, unless it shall be made to that all legal taxes assessed upon such real estate were d to the officer authorized to receive such redemption before the time of redemy ion expired; and all taxes raxes to I in said village shall be presumed to be legally assessed, legally assessed. se contrary is affirmatively shown; and no such presumpill be rebutted, or any sale for taxes assessed in said village at invalid by showing that any paper, certificate, return, avit required to be made and filed in any office, is not ound in the office where the same ought to be filed or but until the contrary is proven, the presumption shall all such cases, that such paper, certificate, return, or t was made and filed in the proper office.

CHAPTER IX.

SALARIES OF OFFICERS.

1. The officers of said corporation shall be entitled to Salaries of out of the village treasury, the following sums, in full officers. It of their services: The president shall be paid one dolannum; the trustees shall each receive, for all services and with their duties as members of the common council, of one dollar per annum; the recorder shall receive, services for the village, such sum as the common council low, not exceeding one hundred dollars per annum; the attorney shall receive from the village, for all services of therefor, such sum as the common council shall allow, seeding one hundred dollars per annum; the marshal sentitled to receive the same fees for serving process in of the corporation as constables are allowed by law for services, and he shall also receive such further compentrom the village as the common council shall allow, not

Ibid.

exceeding fifty dollars per annum; and my officer in me lage who shall be authorized to arrest any person for any against any of the by-laws of said village, shall, for m such arrest, either with or without process, be entitled ceive and collect as costs from the person so arrested, if the sum of one dollar, in full for making any such arrest village; the street commissioners and inspectors of ele shall each receive such sum per day for actual services re for the village, not exceeding two dollars, as the common cil shall allow, and all other officers, surveyors, or p performing any services for the village, shall receive such pensation as the common council shall allow, or as the fix and determine by ordinance or resolution.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

Power of chairman of to administer oath.

Sec. 1. The chairman of any committee or special com committees of the common council shall have power to administer an or take any affidavit in respect to any matter pending the common council or such committee.

What deemed perjury.

Sec. 2. Any person who may be required to take any o affirmation, under or by virtue of any prevision of th who shall, under such oath or affirmation, in any statem affidavit, or otherwise, willfully swear falsely as to any m fact or matter, shall be guilty of perjury.

Officers gaining suits to receive double costs.

Sec. 3. If any suit shall be commenced against any: elected or appointed under this act, to any office, for s done or omitted to be done under such election or ar ment, or against any person having done any thing or the command of any such officer, and if final judgment ! dered in such suit whereby any such defendant shall be e to costs, he shall recover double costs in the manner defilaw.

Council to x9 88988.6 penses of opening sireets, etc

Sec. 4. The common council shall have power to cau expense of making, grading, paving, and opening of a lanes, alleys, sidewalks, cross-walks, parks, public groun other local improvements to be assessed in whole or i singt the owner or occupants of lots and premises to be benthereby, or by general tax in whole or in part, as they deem just and proper, or as herein otherwise provided, feet only to the restrictions in this act contained in relation idewalks.

pc. 5. The duties of standing committees shall be prescribed Power and meral ordinance. Such committees shall have power to committees cens witnesses, to compel their attendance, and the protion of necessary papers in all examinations pending before and to that end the common council may prescribe and iniate the necessary proceedings, and confer upon the maror other officers of the corporation, all needful powers for e purposes aforesaid.

Sec. 6. The common council shall hold regular sessions at Sessions of peh times and places as they shall by ordinance or resolution sect, and may adjourn regular sessions from time to time, as by be deemed expedient; and they may hold special sessions adjourn the same in the same manner as regular sessions, md they may provide for calling special sessions, otherwise ian as herein provided.

Sec. 7. All ordinances, by-laws, regulations, resolutions and Present trales of the common council of the village of Jonesville, now in to remain in force. bree, and not inconsistent with this act, shall remain in force matil altered, amended or repealed by the common council, mder this act.

Sec. 8. Whenever an action shall have been maintained and Proceedings judgment recovered against said village by any person on ac-detective count of damages sustained by reason of any defective sidewalk etc. er opening in the same, occasioned by the wrong or negligence of the owner or occupant of the premises in front of which mid sidewalk shall be, or on account of any excavation in the street by any gas, hydraulic or railroad company, and such owner, occupant or company shall have been reasonably notified to appear and defend said action, the judgment, if any, obtained against d village, shall be conclusive as to the amount of damages, at | the validity of the claim of the village against

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Proviso.

such owner, occupant or company, and the ie may be me covered in an action for money paid for the use of said own occupant or company, or in any other proper form of acid Provided, That no person or corporation shall be liable, as previded in this section, to the village, unless such person or conporation shall have received at least twenty-four hours' notice to repair or correct the defect complained of, or which? occasioned the injury for which damages were recovered against the village.

Council to perform duties of township boards.

Sec. 9. The common council of said village is hereby sathorized and required to perform the same duties, in and for said village, as are by law imposed upon township boards of the several townships of this State in reference to all matters not herein otherwise provided for; and the recorder or his deputy shall perform all the duties of township clerks, or which township clerks are authorized to perform, that are necessary to be performed in said village, and not herein otherwise provided for.

Council to pass laws for its powers.

Sec. 10. In all cases in which any power is conferred by this carrying out act upon the common council of the village, or upon any officer mentioned herein, and the manner of exercising or enforcing such power is not herein pointed out, or sufficiently and accurately described, the common council may prescribe the manner of exercising and enforcing all such powers, and may pass such ordinances in relation to all such matters and things not inconsistent with the constitution of the United States and of this State, as they may deem proper.

Terms of office.

Sec. 11. The officers elected on the first Monday of March, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, and duly qualified under the provisions of the act to which this act is amendatory, shall continue to hold their respective offices, and exercise the duties thereof as herein provided, until their successors are elected and qualified under the provisions of this act: Provided, That it shall be competent for the common council of said village to fill by appointment any vacancy which may occur in the offices of said village by death, removal, resignation, or any other cause,

such appoint | continue to hold and discharge ies of their respective offices until their successors are or appointed and qualified.

- 12. This act shall be deemed a public act, and copies Public act. printed by authority of the Legislature, shall be received mee in all courts and places, without further proof.
- .3. All acts and parts of acts, contravening the provisions act, are hereby repealed.
- 14. This act shall take immediate effect. oved April 2, 1869.

[No. 409.]

T to detach certain territory from the townships of Manand Stronach, in the county of Manistee, and to organach territory so detached, into a township by the name of

- on 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Territory ee and four, of section nineteen, lots four and five, of twenty, the west half of section twenty-nine, the entire ons thirty and thirty-one, and the west half of section wo, of township twenty-one north, of range sixteen, and the same are hereby detached from the township nach; that section thirteen, (except lots two and three,) tions fourteen, fifteen, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-enty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, thirty-rty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six, in town-enty-one north, of range seventeen west, be and the same sby detached from the township of Manistee.
- 2. The territory described in section one of this act, as Township d from the townships of Manistee and Stronach, is organized into a township by the name of Filer.
- 3. The first township meeting shall be held in said town-First township meeting Filer, at the store of Filer and Son, on the first Monday

 1 next.

Inspectors of election.

Oath of

Sec. 4. Florence Tabor, Chester Moffatt, and Eugene Shows are hereby appointed inspectors of election at the first township meeting to be held in said township of Filer, each of whom shall, before entering upon the duties of such inspectors, take the oath of office prescribed by the constitution.

Proceedings when elect'n appointed time.

Sec. 5. If the township meeting shall not be held in mil is not held at township, as provided by section three of this act, then it shall and may be lawful to hold such township meeting at any time thereafter, by giving at least ten days' notice of the time and place of holding the same, by posting notices thereof in four of the most public places in said township, which said notices such inspectors are authorized and required to post. If the inspectors named in this act shall fail to attend such township meeting, then it shall and may be lawful for the electors preent to elect from their number three suitable persons to act # inspectors at such township meeting.

> Sec. 6. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 2, 1869.

[No. 410.]

AN ACT to enable the city or Marshall to pledge its credit to aid in the construction of the Jonesville, Marshall, and Grand River Railroad.

City authorized to pl'dge aredit.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That it shall be lawful for the city of Marshall, under this act, by way of a loan or donation, to pledge its credit, with or without condition, to aid in the construction of the Jonesville, Marshall, and Grand River railroad, for such sum or sums, and to such an amount, not exceeding seventy-five thousand dollars, as a two-thirds majority of the tax-paying electors thereof, present and voting, shall, at any meeting or meetings called for that purpose, determine: Provided, That the amount of bonds which shall become due in any one year, or the principal of the money

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payable, shall not exceed one-fifth of the amount so voted to be raised.

Sec. 2. It ____ll be the duty of the mayor of such city, upon Mayor to call the presentation to him of a request, either written or printed, electors or partly written and partly printed, signed by at least two handred of the tax-paying electors of such city, requesting that such city may aid in the construction of such railroad, and speclying therein the amount proposed to be raised, the time of payment of the sums, and the rate of interest, not exceeding ten per centum per annum, to call a meeting or meetings of the tax-paying electors of such city, by notice, either written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, at such place in mid city, and at such time or times as shall be designated in such notice, not less than twenty nor more than twenty-five days from the day of the date of such notice, which notice shall recite the substance of such request; such notice shall be given Nouice of within five days after the presentation of such request, by posting copies thereof, in at least six public places in such city, at least fifteen days before the day specified therein for such meetings, and by publishing the same in at least two newspapers published in such city, in each issue of such newspaper, previous to the day of such meetings; such request and notice shall be recorded in the record book of such city, and also proof by affidavit, of the posting and publication of such notice by the recorder of such city: Provided, That such city shall not, under Proviso. the provisions of this act, hold more than two meetings in any one year.

Sec. 3. At any such meeting or meetings, the tax-paying Ballots; electors shall vote upon the propositions contained in such vote by.

notice by ballot; such propositions shall be presented to such meeting or meetings, in the form of a resolution or resolutions, and those who favor the passage of such resolution or resolutions, shall deposit a ballot, upon which shall be written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, the words "Aid contents of to Railroad—Yes;" and those who oppose the passage of the resolution or resolutions, shall deposit a ballot, upon which

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shall be written or printed, or partly written and partly printed,

such meeting or meetings in such city; and the proceedings of

any such meeting or meetings, and the result thereof, shall be

signed by such officers holding the same, and filed with the

recorder of such city, and shall also be by him entered in the

paying elector may vote at any such meeting or meetings.

Rules of meeting.

Board of inspectors. the words "Aid to Railroad—No." Any and all such meeting: or meetings shall be governed, in all respects, by the laws pertaining to elections held in such city, so far as the same shall be applicable and not inconsistent with the provisions of the act, except that any meeting or meetings shall be held at any place, and not in the several wards of such city; and the major and recorder, and any two tax-paying electors of such city, to be chosen at such meeting or meetings, or a majority of them, shall constitute the board of inspectors of such election in any

records of such city, and be certified by him after such record, to be a true entry and record of such proceedings. No meeting Board of registration not required of any board of registration shall be required to be held preto meet. vious to any such meeting or meetings, and any registered ta-

Bonds; when coun-

Sec. 4. In case a two-thirds majority of all the votes cast at my cil may issue such meeting shall be in favor of the propositions contained in such notice, as set forth in such resolution or resolutions, shall be the duty of the common council of such city to issue the bonds of such city to such company, and to deliver the same to the president of such company, on his written request, whenever and as fast as said company shall be entitled to the same, according to the provisions of this act; such bonds shall be in such form, and of such denominations as shall be required by such company, and either with or without coupon interest notes attached, and the same shall be a legal charge upon the taxable property of such city, in the same manner as any other legal indebtedness of such city. Such bonds shall be signed by the recorder, and be countersigned by the major of such city, and be sealed with the seal of such city, and the

By whom signed.

Form of.

- In attached to such bonds shall be signed by such re-The bonds and coupons attached shall be numbered ted to correspond.
- 5. In case such city shall determine to pledge its credit supervisor to assess in the construction of said railroad, it shall be the duty necessary tax. supervisor, or other assessin officer or officers thereof, as and levy all necessary taxes that may be required to ad pay the interest and principal of any debt incurred and by virtue of the provisions of this act, which shall acted at the same time, and in the same manner as other tes are collected.
- 6. No bonds or other evidence of indebtedness shall be when bonds and delivered, nor interest allowed thereon by such city, delivered to company as in this act provided, until such company are completed its road-bed and ironed its road with the l'rail, for at least ten continuous miles commencing at ty.
- 7. Such city may, at any time after the expiration of when vote ears from the date of such vote, unless such railroad has considered. Illy completed for the distance above specified, upon a as above specified, and by a majority of the electors and voting, call a meeting of the electors and reconsider e by which such aid had been voted.
- 8. The record of any of the proceedings required by How records t, or a copy thereof, certified by the recorder of such as evidence. be true copies, shall be prima facie evidence in all and places, of the matters therein contained.
- 3. This act shall take immediate effect. oved April 2, 1869.

[No. 411.]

AN ACT to incorporate the city of Muskegon.

CITY BOUNDARIES.

Boundaries.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, I all the following tract and parcel of land situate in the con of Muskegon, and State of Michigan, described as follows wit: Commencing at the center of Muskegon lake or river, township ten north, of range sixteen west, where the section line between sections sixteen and seventeen crosses said lake river; running thence south on the section line to the southcorner of section twenty-nine, in said township; thence west the section line to Muskegon lake; thence north to the con of said lake; thence along the center of said lake to the mid of the bridge across said lake; thence east to the place of l ginning, including all land in said boundaries, and the portion of said lake and river included therein, be and the hereby set off from the township of Muskegon, and declared be a city, by the name of the city of Muskegon, by which m it shall hereafter be known.

Body corporate and politic.

Sec. 2. The freemen of the said city, from time to time, being inhabitants thereof, shall be and continue a body corporate and politic, to be known and distinguished by the name and style of the city of Muskegon, and shall be and are hereby made capable of suing and being sued, of pleading and being impleaded, of answering and being answered unto, and of defending and being defended in all courts of law and equity, and is all other places whatsoever; and shall have a common sel, which they may alter and change at pleasure, and by the same name shall be and are hereby made capable of purchasing and holding, conveying and disposing of any real or personal exists for said city.

WARD BOUNDARIES.

Wards.

Sec. 3. The said city shall be divided into three wards, as follows: The first ward shall embrace all that portion of said city lying north and east of the following division line, to wit:

mencing at tl south quarter post of section twenty-nine, First. wnship numl__ ten north, of range number sixteen west; ce north on the quarter line to the center of said section ty-nine; thence west on the quarter line to the intersection ine street; thence along the center of Pine street to the er of Western avenue; thence along the center of Western me to the center of Ryerson creek; thence along the center in the direction of said creek to the center of Muskegon The second ward shall embrace all that portion of said Second. lying south and west of the division above described, and h and east of the following division line, to wit: Comsing at the south-east corner of section thirty, in townmumber ten north, of range sixteen west; thence north g the section line to a point where a continuation of Fifth st would intersect the east line of said section thirty; thence **h-easterly** to and along the center of Fifth street to the er of Western avenue; thence directly to the line dividing George R. Roberts and William H. Bigelow & Co. mill ; thence along the dividing line between said mill lots to center of Muskegon lake. The third ward shall embrace Third. hat portion of said city lying south and west of the division last aforesaid.

OFFICERS, AND TERMS OF OFFICE.

ex, who shall be ex officio school inspector, one treasurer, officers, who shall be ex officio collector, one marshal, two school interes, two directors of the poor, and four justices of the e, who shall be designated "city" officers; also, two alderand one constable in each ward, who shall be designated rd" officers. Said officers shall be elected as follows, to the mayor, treasurer and marshal shall be elected annual shall hold their office for one year, and until their suctes shall be elected and qualified. At the first annual electron after the passage of this act, and at the annual election two years thereafter, there shall be elected one recorder.

School inspector.

Director of the poor.

Justices of the peace.

Aldermen.

Constables

who shall hold his office for the term of two years, and w his successor shall be elected and qualified. There shall be elected at said first annual election, one school inspector one year, and one school inspector for two years; also, director of the poor for one year, and one director of the for two years; and at each annual election thereafter, one mineral inspector and one director of the poor for the term of years, and until their successors shall be elected and qualif The justices of the peace elected in the township of Musks and resident and holding office in said city at the time this shall take effect, shall hold their offices in said city in the manner as provided by law in the townships of this State. the first annual election after this act shall take effect, the shall be elected such a number of justices of the peace as a be necessary to fill the vacancies then existing, or to been vacant by expiration of the term for which they were elect At every annual election after the first, there shall be elected one justice of the peace, who shall hold his office for four yet and until his successor shall be elected and qualified. I said justices of the peace shall have like powers, and be ject to the same duties and liabilities as justices of the per in the several townships of this State. There shall also elected at the first annual election in said city, two alders for each of the several wards in said city, one of whom shall hold his office for the term of one year, and the other shall always be supervisor for his ward for the last year of his term office, and who shall hold his office for the term of two years, and until his successor shall be elected and qualified. annual election after the first, there shall be elected in and for each of the several wards of said city, one alderman, who shall be supervisor in his ward for the last year of his term of office and who shall hold his office for the term of two years, and until his successor shall be elected and qualified. There shall also be elected at each annual election, one constable in each ward, who shall hold his office for the term of one year: Probe elected inh ward, one for the term of one year, and for the full term of two years, and until their successors be elected and qualified, and that the term for which said timen shall be elected at the first election, shall be designed on the ballots: And provided further, That the alderman Ibid. Led for one year, under the first election after the passage of act, shall be the supervisor in and for his ward for that

ELECTIONS.

Sec. 5. The first annual election to be held under this act, Election; be held in each of the several wards, on the first Monday where held. April, eighteen hundred and seventy, at the following places, mit: In the first ward, at ward school-house number one; the second ward, at Holt's hall; in the third ward, at ward pol-house number three; and there shall be chosen in each Inspectors mid wards at said election, by the electors present, two instors and a clerk of said election, each of whom shall take cath or affirmation, to be administered by any person auprized to administer oaths, faithfully and honestly to discharge • duties of such inspector or clerk of said election; said inectors and clerk shall conduct the same, and certify the result the same manner as is herein required for subsequent elecms to be held under this charter. The annual election after Future s first under this act, shall be held on the first Monday of elections. wil in each year, at such places in the several wards as the mmon council may designate. Notice thereof shall be given Notice of the recorder, at least ten days before the election, by posting e same in three public places in each ward; the aldermen of Inspectors; ch ward shall be inspectors of such election, and of the State of d county election, and shall choose the clerks thereof; and in se of the absence of one or more of such inspectors, the sctors may choose, viva voce, from their number, one or more ifill such vacancy or vacancies, to whom shall be adminisred the constitutional oath, by either of said inspectors, or

by any justice of the peace. The ma ner of conduc

elections and canvassing votes, and the qualification of

Manner of conducting.

Proviso.

Council to determine

who is elected.

Proviso.

Tie; how decided.

deemed vacant.

in the several wards, shall be the same as that of tou the word "ward," instead of "township," being used oath to be administered to an elector, in case his vote: challenged: Provided, That at such charter election, t ward inspectors shall make one certificate of the nu votes given for each person, for the several offices to be and for the said city, and also one certificate of the elected in and for each ward, which certificates shall be diately filed in the office of the recorder of said city; as the Thursday next following the day of such election, t mon council shall meet at the office of the said record thereupon determine who, by the greatest number given in the several wards at such election, are duly ele fill their respective offices; and it shall be the duty of corder, immediately after such determination, to caus to be given to each of the persons so elected, of their and each of said officers so elected and notified shall ten days thereafter, take and subscribe the constitution of office, before any person authorized to administer on shall deliver the same to said recorder, who shall file t in his office: Provided, That in case of the election of more justices of the peace, the said recorder shall make tificate thereof, and cause it to be delivered to the cour of the proper county, in the same manner as is req township clerks; and in case two or more persons shall for the same office an equal number and not a 1 of votes given at such election, the common counimmediately proceed to determine by lot, between the receiving the highest number of votes, who shall be con when office elected to such office. In case any of the officers elect neglect for a term of ten days to qualify, as aforesaid, t shall thereby become vacant.

Sec. 6. The ballot to be used in the elections provide Ballots; contents of. this act shall, in addition to the requirements of law in

Hots used at township elections, and not inconsistent with rovisions of this act, also designate the name of the perpersons to be voted for "city" officers, and the name person or persons to be voted for for "ward" officers.

7. The qualifications of electors, the mode of conduct-Rules of elections, the canvass, and return of the result thereof, shall same as provided by law in relation to townships, except as the same are inconsistent with the provisions of this

POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE COMMON COUNCIL.

- common council. They shall meet at such times and places to constitute y shall, from time to time appoint; and, on special ocayor, or of his absence from the city, or inability to offithen the recorder shall, by written notice, appoint, and hahall be served on the members in such manner and for time as the common council may, by ordinance, direct.
- of the common council, and in his absence the recorder over.

 I preside; but if both mayor and recorder be absent, then

 common council shall appoint one of their number, who

 I preside.
- present shall have one vote, except the mayor and recorder; one vote.

 If the mayor or recorder, if presiding, shall have a casting to when the votes of the other members are equally divided.

 Bec. 11. The sittings of the common council shall be public, sittings to be public interests shall in their opinion require berecy. The minutes of the proceedings shall be kept by the secret, and the same shall be open at all reasonable times to be public inspection.
- Sec. 12. Whenever required by one member, the votes of all when votes he members of the common council, in relation to any act, corded.

 proceeding or proposition had at any meeting, shall be entered

at large on the minutes; and such votes shall be entered relation to the adoption of any resolution or ordinance, re of a committee, or other act for taxing or assessing the cities of said city, or involving the appropriation of public more

Quorum of.

Sec. 13. A majority of the aldermen shall be a quorus the transaction of business; but no tax or assessment sh ordered, nor any appointment be made, except by a concer vote of a majority of all the aldermen; and the co council shall prescribe the rules for its own proceedings.

Members of, not to beor be intercontract.

Sec. 14. No member of the common council shall, during come surety, period for which he was elected, be appointed to, or be con ested in any tent to hold any office, of which the emoluments are paid in the city treasury, or paid by fees directed to be paid by any or ordinance of the common council, or be directly or indirectly interested in any contract as principal, surety or otherwise. expenses or consideration whereof are to be paid under ordinance of the common council; but this section shall not construed to prevent the mayor or recorder from receiving salary which may be fixed by the common conucil, nor to holding any office, nor to deprive any alderman of any emi ment or fees to which he may be entitled by virtue of his of

To control finances, etc.

Sec. 15. The common council, in addition to the powers duties specially conferred upon them in this act, shall have the management and control of the finances, rights and interest buildings, and all property, real and personal, belonging to the city, and make such orders and by-laws relating to the same they shall deem proper and necessary, excepting as provided in this act; and further, they shall have power within said di to enact, make, continue, establish, modify, amend and repet such ordinances, by-laws and regulations as they dem advisable, within said city, for the following purposes:

May pass laws relative to—

> First. To prevent vice and immorality; to preserve the pub lic peace and good order; to regulate the police of the city; k prevent and quell riots, disturbances and disorderly assembleges

Second. To restrain and prevent d re rly and gamine houses, and houses of ill-fame; all is ru ents and devices

Vice. Police.

Gaming houses.

for gaming, and to prohibit all gaming and fraudulent ices, and regulate or restrain billiard tables and bowling

rof liquors and intoxicating drinks, in violation of the laws this State, and to forbid the selling or giving, to be drank, intoxicating liquors to any child or young person, without consent of his or her parents or guardian, and to prohibit, Auctions. Irain and regulate the sale of all goods, wares and personal perty at auction, except in cases of sales authorized by law, to fix the fees to be paid by and to auctioneers;

burth. To prohibit, restrain, license and regulate all sports, Shows.

bitions of natural or artificial curiosities, caravans of ani
t, theatrical exhibitions, circuses or other public performances

exhibitions for money;

right. To abate and remove nuisances of every kind, and to nuisances apply the owner or occupant of any grocery, tallow-chandler's p, butcher's stall, soap-factory, tannery, stable, privy, hogsewer, or other offensive or unwholesome house or place, cleanse, remove, or abate the same, from time to time, as as they may deem necessary for the health, comfort and evenience of the inhabitants of said city;

Sixth. To direct the location of all slaughter-houses, markets, Slaughter houses, sl

Movementary and the buying, carrying, selling and using Gunpowder.

Impowder, fire-crackers, or fire-works manufactured and pre
red therefrom, or other combi ble materials, and the exhi
tion of fire-works, and the distance of fire-arms, and the Fire-arms

phis in barns, stables and other buildings, and to restrain the

aking of bonfires in streets as d yards;

Fighth. To prevent the incumbering of streets, sidewalks, Incumbering ones-walks, lanes, alleys, bridges, aqueducts, wharves or slips of streets.

Any manner whatever, and to regulate and provide for the schorage, mov

t, shifting and removal of any and all

water-crafts being and lying in the M lake or river, or in front of or in any dock, wharf or slip in said city;

Routes and grades of railroads.

Proviso.

Ninth. To determine and designate the route and gradual any railroads to be laid in said city, and to restrain and say late the use of locomotives, engines and cars upon the railred within the city: Provided, Such designation or determinate shall not affect the right or claim of any person for damage sustained in consequence of the building of such railred Provided further, That no person or persons, or corporation shall build any railroad track intended for the passage of late motive engines, or run, or cause to be run, any locomotive gine, on any track, any part of which track shall be nearer to twenty rods to any part of any lot or block occupied for the

Ibid.

purposes of the union school or schools of said city of Muskeges.

Tenth. To prohibit or regulate bathing in any public water
or in any open or conspicuous place, or any indecent exposes

of the person in the city;

Bathing.

Vagrants.

Eleventh. To restrain and punish drunkards, vagrants, mandicants, street-beggars, and persons soliciting alms or subscriptions for any purpose whatever;

Pounds.

Twelfth. To establish and regulate one or more pounds, and to restrain and regulate the running at large of horses, cattle, swine, and other animals, geese, and other poultry, and to atthorize the impounding and sale of the same for the penalty incurred and the costs of keeping and impounding;

Dogs.

Thirteenth. To prevent and regulate the running at large of dogs, and to impose taxes on the owners of dogs, and to prevent dog-fights in the streets;

Offensive substances.

Fourteenth. To prohibit any person from bringing or depositing within the limits of said city any dead carcasses, or other unwholesome or offensive substances, and to require the removal or destruction thereof. If any person shall have on his premises such substances, or any putrid meats, fish, hides, or skins of any kind, and on his default, to authorize the removal or destruction thereof, as a public nuisance, by some officer of the city;

Pifteenth. To a npel all persons to keep sidewalks in front Sidewalks.

Premises owned or occupied by them, clear from snow, ice,

to wood or obstructions;

Figure 14. To record the ringing of bells, and the environ of persons.

disternth. To regulate the ringing of bells, and the crying of Ringing of bells and other commodities for sale at auction or otherwise, bells.

I to prevent disturbing noises in the streets;

Exertsenth. To appoint and prescribe the powers and duties watchmen. watchmen, and the fines and penalties for their delinquencies;

the city as they may deem expedient, and prescribe the lines. It is city as they may deem expedient, and prescribe the lines. It is city as they may deem expedient, and prescribe the lines. It is city as they may deem expedient, and prescribe the lines. It is city as they may be enabled and establish the line upon which aldings may be erected upon any street, lane or alley in said by, and to compel such buildings to be erected upon such line and upon the owner or builder thereof, not to exceed five madred dollars;

Nineteenth. To provide for obtaining, holding, regulating and Burial of the panaging burial grounds within or without the city, when dead.

**Established for the benefit thereof; to regulate the burial of the dead, and to compel the keeping and return of bills of mortality;

Twentieth. To prevent and punish horse-racing and immod-Fast driving.

erate driving or riding in any street, and to authorize the

stopping and detaining any person who shall be guilty of

immoderate driving or riding in any street;

Twenty-first. To establish, order and regulate the markets; Marketa to regulate the vending of wood, hay, meat, vegetables, fruits, fish, and provisions of all kinds, and to prescribe the time and place of selling the same, and the fees to be paid by butchers for license; to prohibit the sale of unwholesome meat, poultry, Unwholesome fish, vegetables, or other articles of food or provisions, impure, some meat spurious or adulterated wine, spirituous liquors or beer, or knowingly keeping or offering the same for sale: Provided, Proviso. That nothing herein contained shall authorize the common council to restrict in any way the sale of fresh and wholesome meats by the quarter, within the limits of the city;

150-

Reservoirs.

Twenty-second. To establish, regulate and preserve public reservoirs, wells, penstocks and pumps, and to prevent the waste of water; to authorize and empower, under such regulations and upon such terms and conditions as they may choose; the laying of water pipes in the streets and alleys of the different the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of said city with water; to grant such exclusive privileges as they may deem appedient, to any company for that purpose, and to regulate the supply and use of the water;

Sextons.

Cartmen, etc.

Twenty-third. To regulate sextons and undertakers for burying the dead; cartmen and their carts, hackney carriages and their drivers, omnibuses and their drivers, scavengers, porter and chimney sweeps, and their fees and compensation; and to make regulations for preventing auctions, peddling, pawnbrekerage, or using for hire, carts, drays, cabs, hacks, or any kind of carriage or vehicle, or opening or keeping any tavern, hotel, victualing house, saloon, or other house or place for furnishing meals, food or drink, or ball alleys, without first obtaining from the common council license therefor; for licensing and regalating carts, drays, cabs, hacks, and all carriages or vehicles kept or used for hire; auctioneers, peddlers, pawn-brokes, auctions, peddling, pawn-brokerage, taverns, hotels, victualing houses, saloons, and other houses or places for furnishing meak, food or drink, and keepers of billiard tables and ball alleys, not used for gaming: Provided, That no such license shall authorize the sale of any spirituous or malt liquors;

Peddling.

Taverns.

Proviso.

Runners, etc.

Twenty-fourth. To prevent runners, stage drivers and others, from soliciting passengers and others to travel or ride in any stage, omnibus, or upon any railroad, or to go to any hotel, or otherwise;

Lighting of streets.

Twenty-fifth. To make regulations for the lighting of the streets and alleys, and the protection and safety of public lamps;

Numbering buildings. Twenty-sixth. To provide for and regulate the numbering of the buildings upon the streets or alleys, and to compel the owners or occupants of buildings to affix numbers on the same;

Twenty-seventh. To prescribe the duties of all officers ap-Duties of ginted by the common council, and their compensation, and penalty or penalties for failing to perform such duties; and prescribe the bonds and sureties to be given by the officers the city for the discharge of their duties, and the time for menting the same, in cases not otherwise provided for by law; Twenty-eighth. To preserve the salubrity of the waters of Water in finkegon lake and river, or other waters within the limits of he city; to prohibit and prevent the depositing therein of all Many and other matter tending to render said water impure, mwholesome or offensive; to preserve and regulate the navipation of the said river, within the limits of the city; to prothat and prevent the depositing or keeping therein any structmes, earth, or substance tending to obstruct or impair the swigation thereof, and remove all obstructions that may at my time occur therein, and to direct and regulate the stationing, enclosing and mooring of vessels, and laying out of carpos and ballast from the same; to fill up all low grounds r lots covered, or partially covered with water, or to drain the me, as they may deem expedient; to regulate the cutting of te in Muskegon lake;

Twenty-ninth. To prescribe and designate the stands for car-stands for car-stands for larges of all kinds, which carry persons for hire, and carts and carriages. In the stands for wood, have and produce exposed for sale in id city;

Thirtieth. To provide for taking the census of the inhabitants Census. said city, whenever they may see fit, and to direct and regute the same;

Thirty-first. To establish a grade for streets and sidewalks, Grades of id cause the sidewalks to be constructed in accordance with streets.

• same;

Thirty-second. To prescribe the duties of sealer of weights weights and id measures, and the penalty for using false weights and measures. easures; and all the laws of this State in relation to the seal-

ing weights and measures shall apply to said city, except as herein otherwise provided;

Dock lines.

Thirty-third. To prescribe the lines upon which docks shall be built in Muskegon river and lake, and beyond which they shall not extend, and to enforce the same by fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, and to regulate such docks, and to compel the owners or occupants thereof to keep the same in repair;

Public wharves.

Leasing wharves.

Thirty-fourth. To erect, repair and regulate public whares and docks at the ends of streets, and on the property of the corporation; to lease the wharves and wharfing privileges at the ends of streets on the Muskegon river and lake in said city, upon such terms and conditions, and under such covenants, and with such remedies in case of non-performance, as the common council may direct, and may determine what buildings may be erected thereon; no lease thereof shall be executed for a longer period than ten years, and a free passage at all times shall be secured for all persons, with their baggage, over said public wharves.

Council to appoint city other officers

Sec. 16. The common council shall, on or before the first day appoint city attorney and of May in each year, appoint one city attorney, one city aurveyor, one chief engineer of the fire department, and one city harbor master; also, so many police constables, pound-masters, inspectors of fire-wood, sealers of weights and measures, and such other officers as may be necessary to carry into effect the powers herein granted, and as the common council may from time to time direct, who shall hold their several offices during the pleasure of the common council.

Boundaries of streets.

Sec. 17. The common council may ascertain, establish and settle the boundaries of all streets and alleys in the said city, and prevent and remove all encroachments thereon, and exercise all other powers conferred on them by this act, in relation to highways, the prevention of fires, the preservation of the public health, the levying of taxes, the supplying the city with water, and all other subjects of municipal regulations herein expressly provided for.

- Sec. 18. Where, by the provisions of this act, the common Fines and penalties, cuncil have authority to pass ordinances on any subject, they may prescribe a penalty not exceeding one hundred dollars, (unless a greater penalty be herein otherwise provided,) for a midstion thereof, or that the offender be imprisoned in the county jail or Detroit House of Correction for a term not extending ninety days; or the common council may, in such by two or ordinance, direct that the offender shall be punished by fine or imprisonment, (within the limits aforesaid,) in the discretion of the justice who shall try the offender.
- Sec. 19. No ordinance of the common council, imposing a fine when any ordinance imprisonment, shall take effect until the same shall have shall take effect.

 been published for two weeks successively in a newspaper published in said city.
- Sec. 20. A record or entry made by the recorder of said city, How record may be used a copy of such record or entry, duly certified by him, shall in evidence. be prima facie evidence of the time of such first publication; and all laws, regulations and ordinances of the common council may be read in evidence, in all courts of justice, and in all proceedings before any officer, body or board, in which it shall be necessary to refer thereto, either—

First. From a copy certified by the recorder of the city of First. Muskegon; or,

Second. From the volume of ordinances purporting to be Eecond. printed by the authority of the common council.

- Sec. 21. The common council shall have power, whenever in Council authorized to their opinion, the necessities of the city require, to construct a construct a construct almshouse, sity alms-house, city hall, city market or markets, and city etc laughter house, and appoint the keepers or clerks and necesary officers thereof, and may locate such city alms-house and ity slaughter house within or without the city limits, and may nake such regulations in regard to the same, as the common council may think proper.
- Sec. 22. The common council shall, in the month of March, Annual neach year, make out a detailed statement of all the receipts and expenditures of the corporation for the past year, which state-

ment shall state particularly upon what account all moneys were received, and it shall also specify all appropriations med by the common council during the year, and the particular purpose for which each appropriation was made. Such state ment shall be signed by the mayor and recorder, and filed in the recorder's office, and a copy thereof shall be published in a newspaper printed in said city, for at least two weeks.

Council to make byto duties of officers, etc.

Sec. 23. The common council shall have authority to meli laws relative all by-laws and ordinances, relative to the powers, duties and compensation of the officers of said corporation, subject to restriction as to the compensation of officers mentioned in this act, to provide for the collection and disposition of all fine and penalties which may be incurred under the by-laws and ordinances of said city, and to make all such other by-laws, ordinances and regulations for the purpose of carrying into effect the powers conferred by this act, which they may deem necessary to provide for the safety and good government of the city, and preserve the health and protect the property of the inhabitants thereof; and to this end the common council may impose fines and penalties for any violation of the by-laws and ordinances which may be made by them, as aforesaid.

To perform same duties as township boards.

Officers of city to give bonds.

Sec. 24. The common council of said city is hereby authorized and required to perform the same duties, in and for said city, as are by law imposed upon township boards of the several townships of this State in reference to schools, school taxes, county and State taxes, the support of the poor, and State, district and county elections; and the supervisors, justices of the peace, recorder, school inspectors, directors of the poor, and all other officers of said city, who are required to perform the duties of township officers of this State, shall take the oath, give the bond, perform like duties, in the same manner, receive the same pay, and be subject to the same liabilities as is provided for the corresponding township officers, except as is otherwise provided in this act, or as may be provided by the common council.

Sec. 25. The common council may at any time require an of-Coucnil to whether elected or appointed, to execute and file with the bonds of porder of the city new official bonds in the same or such ther sums, and with new or such further sureties, as said uncil may deem requisite for the interest of the corporation. Sec. 26. The common council may expel or remove from Power of, to remove its lice any of its own members, or any other officer holding office members. relection, except the mayor and recorder, for contempt or iful malfeasance or misfeasance in office, or willful neglect of duties of his office, by a vote of two-thirds of all the alderm elect, and in such case, the reason for expulsion or removal all be entered on the records of the common council, with name and votes of the members voting on the question; no Privileges ficer holding office by election shall be expelled or removed officers. y said council, unless furnished with a copy of charges in griting, and allowed to be heard in his defense, with aid of gunsel; and for the purpose thereof, the common council shall represented the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, when necessary, and shall proceed within ten days after service of a copy of the charges, to hear and determine upon the merits of the case; if such officer shall neglect to appear and answer such charges, his default may be deemed good cause for removal from office.

Sec. 27. The common council shall be judges of the election Council to be judges of the und the qualification of its own members, and shall have the election of its members. Ower to determine contested elections, to compel the attendace of absent members, to determine the rules of its own probedings, and pass all by-laws and rules necessary and consistent for the transaction of business, and not inconsistent ith the provisions of this act.

Sec. 28. All appointments to office shall be made, and all as-Majority vote of, nevote of all aldermen cessary to appoint officeted, and removals from office shall be made by the like vote, cers, etc. scept in cases where, by this act, a different vote may be equired.

Style of ordinances.

Sec. 29. The style of all ordinances of the common coun shall be: "The common council of the city of : uskegon has ordain;" and all process made for the enforcement of any dinance or by-law of said city, shall be: "In the name of people of the State of Michigan."

Council to. determine am't of tax to be raised,

Sec. 30. The common council of said city shall, on or bell the first day of June, in each year, determine the amount necessary to be raised in said city for such year for high purposes, not exceeding the amount specified in this act, shall provide for the levying, sessing, collecting and expe ing the same, in the same man ler as provided by the gen laws relating to townships of this State; and the said come council are hereby vested with the same power and author as are commissioners of highways of this State, by the lat thereof, not inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

Sec. 31. The common council shall have power to regula

To regulate time of streets.

working on the time and manner of working upon the streets, lanes alleys in said city; to provide for the grading, planking or pe ing and railing the sidewalks, and to prescribe the width then to prevent the obstruction or incumbering of any of the street lanes, alleys, sidewalks or public grounds in said city; to h out, open, make, grade and repair streets, lanes and alleys, and the same to alter and vacate, and to alter and vacate those and Proceedings ready laid out. If, in laying out or altering any street, lane highway, the common council shall require for such purpose the ground of any person, they shall give notice thereof to the owner or person interested, or his or their agent or represetative, by personal service, or by written notice, posted in three of the most public places in said city, at least three weeks next preceding the meeting of the common council for the purposs aforesaid; and the common council are authorized to treat will such person or persons for the ground and premises; and i Summoning such person or persons shall refuse to treat for the same, or i the parties cannot agree therefor, it shall and may be lawful for the mayor or recorder of said city to issue a venire facial, to command the marshal of said city to summon and return a

when private property is taken. Notice to owner.

of jury.

of twelve disinterested freeholders, residents of said city, ppear before said mayor or recorder, at a time therein to be pd, to inquire into and determine the just compensation to be therefor to the owner or owners of, or parties interested mid ground or premises; which jury, being first duly sworn Jury to mid mayor or recorder, faithfully and impartially to ascer-damages. and determine the just compensation to be paid therefor, having viewed the premises, if necessary, shall inquire of assess such damages and recompense as they shall judge be awarded to the owner or owners, or the parties interd in such ground and premises, for their respective injuries, ording to the several interests or estates therein; and said for or recorder shall, upon the return of such assessment verdict, enter judgment therefor, confirming the same; and Compensat'n ch sum or sums so assessed, together with all costs, shall owner. paid or legally tendered, before such street, lane or alley 11 be made, laid out, altered or opened, to the claimant or mants thereof; it shall thereupon be lawful for said common tacil to cause such ground to be occupied for the purposes resaid: Provided, That any party claiming damages as afore-Proviso. id, may have the right to remove such proceedings, by apto the circuit court, or any court of competent jurisdicion, upon giving notice of his, or her, or their intention so to do, to said mayor or recorder, in writing, within ten days; or, in case of the absence of said party from said city, at the time of rendering of said judgment, then within thirty days after the verdict of such jury and the judgment of such mayor or recorder as aforesaid; and upon filing a transcript of the proceedings aforesaid, duly certified by said mayor or recorder, within forty days after the verdict and judgment aforesaid, in the circuit court, or any other court of record having appellate jurisdiction, and also upon making and filing with the recorder of said city a bond with sufficient sureties, to be approved by the mayor or recorder, conditioned for the payment to said city of all costs that said city may sustain in case the final Adgment for damages on such appeal shall not exceed the **151**- Ibid.

damages assessed before said mayor or recorder at lea dollars, the same proceedings shall be had as is prescrib law in other cases of appeal: Provided, That if the final ment for damages shall not exceed the damages assessed the mayor or recorder at least ten dollars, then the per pealing shall pay all costs occasioned by such appeal: Pr further, Such appeal shall not delay the opening of any laid out by the common council as provided in this section

Told.

Council to 88688 expenses of grading, etc.,

Sec. 32. The common council shall have the power to the expenses of opening new streets, of making, gr ag'st owners paving, or planking streets or sidewalks, of making drain of lots. sewers, and other local improvements, to be assessed a the owners of the lots or premises which are in front of joining such improvements, or by a general tax, or par general tax and partly assessed against the owners of 1 premises, as aforesaid, as they may deem just and prope the common council shall have power to make all by-law ordinances relative to the mode of assessing, levying ar lecting such tax, as [and] they may, by such by-laws and or ces, provide that the real estate assessed for such improve may be sold to pay for such improvements.

To dispose of all fines.

Sec. 33. All moneys received by said city for fines, pe and forfeitures, shall be disposed of as the common counc direct, who shall have power to remit any fines or pe which are imposed by this act.

To assess taxes on all real estate.

Proviso.

Sec. 34. The common council shall have authority to levy and collect taxes on all the real and personal estate t in said city, excepting such as is by law exempt from tax Provided, That they shall not raise by general tax mon three thousand dollars in any one year, exclusive of school and taxes for highway purposes, unless authorized there vote of the electors of said city, when convened for that p pursuant to previous notice.

Rules for assessment and collection of all, taxee.

Sec. 35. All State, county, and school taxes in said cit all city taxes which shall be raised by general tax, sh levied and collected, as near as may be, in the same man two two law for the assessment and collection of taxes two ship officers; and all the proceedings for the return, sale, redemption of real estate for the non-payment of taxes, be in conformity with proceedings for the return, sale, and imption of real estate by township officers.

it. 36. Whenever the common council shall deem it neces- mode of to raise a greater sum in any one year than three thousand tax. ars, exclusive of taxes for school and highway purposes, chall give at least five days' notice in writing, to be posted ive public places in said city, which notice shall state the and place of such meeting, and shall specify the object and pese for which the money proposed to be raised shall be ended; and when such meeting shall be assembled, in purbee of said notice, such electors, by a viva voce vote, or by bt, shall determine the amount of money which shall be ied for each object specified in the notice: Provided, That Proviso. tax shall not in any one year exceed two per centum upon valuation of the real and personal estate taxable within said : And provided also, That not more than two such meetings Ibid. be held in any one year, to determine the amount of tax be raised; and at all such meetings the mayor, or in his beence, the recorder, shall preside.

Bec. 37. Whenever the common council shall be authorized Tax for specific purps a vote of the electors of said city, to raise a tax for any poses; how raised purpose, it shall be lawful for the common council to protein such tax upon the property of said city, in the manner tovided in section thirty-nine of this act, and shall place the ix in a separate column of the assessment roll of the proper hard, and said tax shall be collected as provided in this act.

Sec. 38. The common council may, by ordinance, provide for Council authorized to be collection of taxes and assessments necessary to be raised, levy tax not otherwise otherwise and for such amounts and purposes as are not inconsistent with the provisions of this act and the laws of this State, and be same shall lead of the collected in the manner profiled in this act 1 the lead of the collecting other taxes.

To determine amount of tax to be raised in any year.

Sec. 39. It shall be the duty of the common council of city, on or before the last Saturday of October in each year determine, by resolution, the amount necessary to be raise tax for city purposes within said city for such year, other highway purposes, and to apportion the same so to be n among the several wards of said city, according to the ation of the property appearing upon the assessment roll said several wards for such year, as equalized by the boar supervisors of Muskegon county for such year; and within days thereafter the recorder shall notify each of the alder acting as the supervisors of the several wards of said cit Aldermen to the amount so apportioned to their respective wards; and portion ward hereby made the duty of the alderman acting as the super of each of the several wards of said city, to levy the san apportioned to his respective ward, and such other taxes as be required by law, upon the taxable property of such war the same manner as taxes for township purposes are requ by law to be levied by the supervisors of the townships of

Taxes to be a lien on property.

State.

levy and ap-

taxes.

Sec. 40. The taxes so levied for city purposes, shall be remain a lien upon the property on which the same was k in the same cases, to the same extent, and in like mann the taxes required by law to be levied on property in the eral townships of this State are liens upon such property; all provisions of law respecting the making of assessment and the warrants attached thereto, and the collection, the turn and sale of property for the non-payment of taxe State, county, and township purposes, shall apply to the lection, return, and sale of property for the non-payme such city taxes, except as herein otherwise provided.

Proceedings when bonds are to be issued.

Notice of meeting.

Sec. 41. Whenever the common council shall deem it n sary to issue the bonds of the city for any purpose, they call a meeting of the electors thereof, by posting notice in of the most conspicuous places of said city, at least eight previous to the time of said meeting, giving notice of the and place of such meeting, also specifying the amount of

object for which it is proposed to issue said bonds; the or, or in his absence, the recorder, shall preside at such ing; and the electors present shall choose, viva voce, from Inspectors ng their number, the inspectors and clerk of said election, election. shall, before proceeding to the discharge of their duties, an oath or affirmation faithfully to discharge the duties of respective offices at such election, which oath or affirmamay be administered by any person authorized to adminreaths; said election shall be conducted in the same manner, Manner of the canvass of votes, as near as may be, as other elections election. der this act. At the close of such election, the inspectors Certificate of Il make two certificates of the number of votes given for against such issue of bonds, one of which shall be forthdeposited with the recorder of said city, and the other d in the office of the county clerk of the county of Muske-: Provided, That not more than one such meeting shall be Proviso. led in any one year.

Bec. 42. Whenever the common council shall be authorized Council: a vote of the electors as aforesaid, they may issue the bonds therized to f said city for the amount, as aforesaid, and provide for the syment of the principal and interest thereon; and for this To levy erpose shall annually levy, assess and collect on the assessed taxee. take of all the real and personal estate in said city, made taxthis by the laws of this State, taxes for this purpose, not to exgeed in amount a sufficient sum to pay the interest accrued or to accrue, and the principal becoming due on said bonds, for the year for which said taxes are levied: Provided, That noth-Proviso. ing contained in this act shall be construed so as to authorize the electors to vote, nor the common council to issue the bonds of said city for any amount whatever in aid of the construction of any railroad, or any other public or private improvement, nor for any other purpose, except for the legitimate municipal expenditures within said city.

Sec. 43. The common council shall have power to assess and Poll tax. collect from every male inhabitant of said city, over the age of twenty-one and under the age of fifty years, (except paupers,

Proviso.

idiots and lunatics, and other persons who are by law ex an annual capitation or poll tax not exceeding one dolls they may provide by their by-laws for the collection same: Provided, That any person assessed for a poll tax pay the same by one day's labor upon the streets, und direction of the street commissioner, who shall give to person so assessed, notice of the time and place whe where such labor will be required; and the money rai such poll tax, or labor in lieu thereof, shall be expend performed under the direction of the common council.

Ward assessment rolls; who to make.

Sec. 44. Each alderman, acting as the supervisor of sai shall, in each and every year, make out and complete sessment of all the real and personal property within th spective wards in the same manner, and within the sam as required by law for the assessment of property in the townships of this State, and in so doing shall conform provisions of law governing the action of supervisors several townships of this State performing like services; Aldermen to all other respects within their respective wards, they she

conform to laws govern-less when otherwise in this act provided, conform to th ing township supervisors visions of law governing the action of supervisors in the

townships of this State, in the assessment of property, the ing of taxes, and the issuing of warrants for the collectic return thereof, and they shall also, on or before the fir der certified of December in each year, make and deposit with the reof said city, a true and certified copy of the assessmen

copies of roll

of.

To deposit with recor-

of their respective wards for such year. The aldermen Compensat'n said shall be members of the board of supervisors of the of Muskegon, and as such shall be entitled to the same pensation, and shall be paid in the same manner, and sha form, as supervisors, such other duties as by this act al required of them.

Notice of time for reviewing.

Sec. 45. It shall be the duty of each of the supervis the several wards of said city, on the completion of the ment rolls of their respective wards, to give public not posting up a written or printed notice in three public pla the subject to examination for the term of five days from date of such notice; such notice shall specify a day on the such supervisor will be personally present at some contient place in said city, designating such place, for the purson of reviewing his assessment; and on the request of any corrections in reliation considering himself aggrieved, on sufficient cause being two to the satisfaction of the supervisor, he may alter the last, as to the valuation thereof.

Sec. 46. No general or special tax, assessed in said city, upon want of form not to property therein, shall be held illegal or invalid for want invalidate tax:

any matter of form in any matter or thing not affecting the rits of the case, and which shall not injure or prejudice the late of the party assessed; and all taxes assessed in said city all be presumed to be legally assessed, until the contrary is immatively shown; and no such presumption shall be rebutted, find papers any sale for taxes assessed in said city rendered invalid by on file, not to be made and filed in any office, is not to be found in the late where the same ought to be filed or found, but, until the laterary is proven, the presumption shall be, in all such cases, late such paper, certificate, return, or affidavit was made and led in the proper office.

the several tax rolls of the respective wards, deliver the same, to treasurer. Pro-proviso.

with the warrants thereto attached, to the city treasurer: Pro-proviso.

with the warrants thereto attached, to the city treasurer; as required by law, or in this act provided; but if such security shall proceedings when proper not have been given by such city treasurer, in the manner and security is not given by within the time required, the common council shall immediately treasurer.

appoint some suitable person, who shall give the required security, to collect such tax roll; and the person so appointed chall thereupon be entitled to receive said tax roll, and shall collect and pay over such taxes, and make return of his doing thereon, in the same manner, and shall have all the power, and shall perform all the duties, and be subject to the same liabili-

ties as is in this act conferred upon the city treasurer of a city, for the purpose of the collection and return, and per over said taxes.

ALDERMEN.

Aldermen; powers and duties of.

To act on committees.

To report officers for neglect of duty.

Sec. 48. It shall be the duty of every alderman in said to attend the regular and special meetings of the commouncil; to act upon committees when thereunto appointed the mayor or common council; to order the arrest of all sons violating all laws of this State, or the ordinances, bylor police regulations of the city; to report to the mayor subordinate officers who are guilty of any official misconi or neglect of duty; to maintain peace and good order, an perform all other duties required of them by this act.

MAYOR AND RECORDER.

Mayor to see that city laws are executed. Sec. 49. The mayor shall be chief executive officer of the of Muskegon, and conservator of its peace. It shall be duty to see that the officers of said city faithfully comply and discharge their official duties; to see that all laws per ing to the municipal government of said city, and all a nances and resolutions of the common council, be faithfully served and executed; and he shall have power, in his distion, to report to the common council any violation the He shall, from time to time, give to the common council information, and recommend such measures as he shall d necessary and expedient.

May take acknowledgm't of deeds.

Sec. 50. The mayor shall, by virtue of his office, be and ized to take the acknowledgment of deeds, and other in ments in writing, to administer oaths and affirmations, may affix to any official certificate the seal of the city.

Recorder to be mayor pro tem.

Sec. 51. The recorder shall possess the same powers, perform and discharge the municipal duties of mayor, duthe absence or inability, death, resignation or removal of mayor.

To give bonds.

Sec. 52. The recorder shall be clerk of the common cou and shall give bonds for the faithful performance of his du such sums as the common council shall by ordinance direct, I shall keep a record of their proceedings, in proper books wided therefor, and shall open and keep books of account, I such other books of receipts and expenditures as the comn council may direct, and in such form and manner as they w order. He shall perform for the city all such duties as To perform rnship clerks are required by law to perform for the several township inchips, and for such services he shall receive the same fees a compensation as they are entitled to receive under the laws this State.

Sec. 53. No bond, note, or other obligation or evidence of When bonds debtedness of said corporation, except orders on the treas-sued. er, as hereinafter provided, shall ever be given or issued by id corporation, or by any officer thereof, in his official cacity, whereby the said city shall become obligated to pay any oney, unless the same shall have been duly authorized by the we of this State, and shall have been submitted to, and voted by the electors of said city, in conformity to this act; but council to common council may allow just claims against the city, and claims ag'st my issue orders therefor on the treasurer, payable on the first by of February next thereafter, but such orders shall not in maggregate, in any one year, exceed the aggregate of taxes wied to pay the same in such year. All moneys received for All moneys no use of said city, shall be paid into the city treasury; and into treasury o money shall be drawn from the treasury unless it shall have sen previously appropriated by the common council to the arpose for which it shall be drawn, except school moneys rawn upon lawful authority, and the treasurer shall pay out no oney, except as above stated, but upon the written warrant ! the mayor and recorder.

Sec. 54. The chairman of any committee, or special commit-Chairman of e of the common council, shall have power to administer any too author ized to ad th or take any affidavit in respect to any matter pending minister fore the common council or such committee.

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Sec. 55. All process issued against said city shall run against Process; how served. aid city in the corporate name thereof, and such process shall

be served by leaving a true and attested copy of the same will the mayor or recorder, at least ten days before the days appearance mentioned therein.

Recorder to report officers not giving bond.

Sec. 56. The recorder shall report to the common council names of such officers as shall have neglected to give the box or security required by the provisions of this act.

Recorder to keep bonds.

Sec. 57. All official bonds of said city, except as herein other wise provided, shall be deposited with the recorder of the for safe keeping, and it shall be his duty to deliver the same his successor in office.

All fines, etc. to be paid into city treasury.

Justices to make recil

Sec. 58. All fines, penalties, or forfeitures recovered before an of said justices for violation of the ordinances of said di shall, when collected, be paid into the city treasury; and each of said justices shall report, on oath, to the common count, port to coun- at the first regular meeting thereof in each month, during the term for which they shall perform the duties of such justice, the number and name of any person against whom judgment shall have been rendered for such fine, penalty or forfeiten, and all moneys by him received for or on account therei, which moneys so received, or which may be in his hands, estlected on such fine, penalty or forfeiture, shall be paid into the said city treasury, on the first Monday in each and every month during the time such justice shall exercise the duties of said office; and for any neglect in this particular, he may be suspended or removed, as hereinafter provided.

When circuit court may justice.

Sec. 59. Any justice of the peace of said city may be see suspend any pended or removed from his said office by the circuit court in the county of Muskegon, for neglect or refusal to pay over, required by him, any moneys by him collected for or on so count of any fine, penalty or forfeiture, or the unfaithful a insufficient performance of his duties in relation to the interest police of the State, or for any official misconduct, on charge specially preferred by said common council of said city, or by any member or officer thereof, or by three electors of said city, founded on affidavit, filed in said circuit court, specially stating

d of; a copy whereof shall be served charges com m him in such manner as the circuit court shall direct, and portunity shall be given him to be heard in his defense.

be. 60. In addition to the security now required by law to Justices given by justices of the peace, each of the justices of the bond. ce shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, exe**ba bond to the city of Muskegon, with one or more suffi**sureties, to be approved by the mayor and recorder of Leity, which approval shall be endorsed on said bond, in penalty of one thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithperformance of his duties as a police justice of said city, I to pay over the moneys so collected, and make his report, in this act is required, which bond shall be filed in the office the treasurer of said city.

Sec. 61. It shall be the duty of each of the justices of the To return aforesaid, who may recover or obtain possession of any erty to ownden property, on his receiving satisfactory proof of property m the owner thereof, to order a return thereof to such mer, on his paying all necessary and reasonable expenses ich may have been incurred in the recovery, preservation or stenance of such property, and the expense of advertising same, unless the prosecuting attorney of said county shall berwise direct.

Sec. 62. It shall be the duty of each justice of the peace To sell uncressid, to cause all property unclaimed after the expiration of property at s notice specified in the next succeeding section of this act, oney excepted, to be sold at public auction to the highest dder, unless the prosecuting attorney of the county of Musgon shall direct that it shall remain unsold for a longer miod, to be used in evidence in the administration of justice, id the proceeds forthwith to pay to the treasurer of said bakegon city, together with all moneys, if any, which shall reain in his hands after such notice as aforesaid, first deducting te charges of said sale.

To account to council property.

Sec. 63. It shall be the duty of each justice of the par for uncl'med the first regular meeting of the common council in each months of August, November, February, and May, in year, to account, on oath, before the common council, such moneys, goods, wares, and merchandise seized as property, as then shall remain unclaimed in the office of of said justices of the peace; and immediately theres give notice four weeks, by posting up notices in three places in said city, or publishing the same in a new published in said county of Muskegon, to all persons int or claiming such property: Provided always, That if any wares, and merchandise, or chattels of a perishable na which shall be expensive to keep, shall at any time rem claimed in the office of said justice, it shall be lawful f justice to sell the same at public action, at such time as such notice as to him and said common council sha proper.

Proviso.

All dockets and office books to be subject to inspection.

Sec. 64. All dockets and office books kept by the ju the peace and recorder, shall be subject to inspection: amination by the common council at all times, or any 1 or officer thereof; and it shall be the duty of said just the peace and recorder to produce such docket and t all times, whenever and wherever the said common Power of cir-shall require or direct; and if they shall neglect or r enforce the produce such docket or office books, as directed and re the circuit judge of the circuit court for the county of kegon may, on a proper application to him for the T make an order requiring the same to be produced, and obedience thereto.

cuit court to showing of books, etc.

CITY ATTORNEY.

City attorney; duties of.

Sec. 65. The city attorney shall appear and conduct 1 prosecutions and proceedings in the recorder's court, i the city of Muskegon is a party, to the end thereof, su the rules and practice of said court, and if the same be r to any other tribunal, by writ of error, habeas corpus, o shall conduct the case before such tribunal, and shall such other duties as the common council may require.

STREET COMMISSIONER.

5. The street commissioner shall, under the direction street commissioner.

Immon council, superintend the making, grading, pavplanking, repairing and opening of all streets, lanes, ridges, sidewalks, drains and sewers, within the limits ity, in such manner as he may from time to time be reand before entering upon the discharge of his duties, Oath of. hin ten days from the notice of his appointment, shall oath of office, and give such security for the faithful se of his duties as the common council shall direct and

CITY TREASURER.

- 7. The treasurer of the city shall be, by virtue of his City treaste collector of all taxes and assessments, both general collector of cial, levied and made therein, and for that purpose, en days after his election, he shall give bonds to the To give bond mch sums and with such surety or sureties as the comincil shall require and approve; and he shall also give easurer of the county of Muskegon, such further secuis or may hereafter be required by law of the several p treasurers of this State; and for the purpose of colind return of all such taxes, and the return of property ent for the non-payment of taxes, the said treasurer, on he bonds or surety as required, shall possess all the To have all and perform all the duties of the several township powers of the several township rs of this State, as prescribed by law, and shall also such other duties respecting the collection and return as the common council shall require.
- 8. All moneys drawn from the treasurer shall be drawn Money; how cance of an order of the common council, by warrant treasury.

 The recorder and countersigned by the mayor. Such shall specify for what purpose the amount named is to be paid, and the treasurer shall keep an accurate

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rants paid Treasurer to account, under appropriate heads, of all the v keep acc't of him, and his books shall be open to the inspection of any **warrants** paid. tor of the city, at all reasonable hours. The treasurer di exhibit to the common council, at their last regular meeting the month of March, and at such other times as the com council may require, a full and fair account of the receipts expenditures from and after the date of the last annual repo and also the state of the treasury, which account shall be a

MARSHAL.

Sec. 69. The marshal of said city shall, before entering upon

ferred to a committee for examination, and if found correl

Marshal; to

shall be filed.

To be chief of police.

the discharge of the duties of his office, give such security the faithful performance of his duties, as the common council shall direct and require; and he shall be chief of police, and it shall be his duty to serve all processes that may be lawfully delivered to him for service; to see that all the by-laws and ordnances of the common council are promptly and efficiently enforced, and especially those which may be passed to carry into effect the powers granted by section fifteen of this act He shall obey all the lawful orders of the mayor, and may command the aid and assistance of all constables, and all other persons in discharge of the duties imposed upon him by law; May appoint he may appoint such number of deputies as the common courcil shall direct and approve, who shall have the same powers, and perform the same duties as the marshal, and for whom official acts he shall in all respects be responsible; and the marshal and his deputies shall have the same powers to saw and execute processes in behalf of the corporation of said city.

deputies.

DIRECTORS OF THE POOR.

as sheriffs and constables have by law to execute similar proc

Directors of the poor.

Sec. 70. The directors of the poor of said city shall discharge the duties of overseers of the poor therein, and as such shall have the custody of all paupers residing therein excepting

paupers, and shall also have the exclusive custody and ement of all moneys raised in said city for the support pers therein excepting moneys raised for the support of paupers. Before entering upon the discharge of their they shall give such bonds as the common council shall. The directors of the poor shall have the custody of the puse, and all other property built or used by said city support of the paupers therein.

CONSTABLES.

71. The constables of said city shall have and receive Constables; fees of.

10 fees, and have the like powers and authority as is

11 ed by law upon constables in the several towns of the

12 and shall give like security, as such constables.

GENERAL PROVISIONS RESPECTING OFFICERS.

72. All other officers, whose duties are not herein ex-council to prescribed, and which the common council are herein duties of certain ized to appoint, shall perform such duties, and give such officers.

y as the common council may require; and all officers ted by the common council, or who shall have the commanagement of any of the money or property of the ay be required to give such security as the common may prescribe and approve, and in default thereof, the n council may declare their office vacant.

RESIGNATIONS AND VACANCIES.

- 73. Resignation by any officer, authorized to be chosen Resignations; to whom to whom to their approval and acceptance.
- 74. In case any vacancy shall occur in any of the offices vacancies; act declared to be elective or appointive, except alderad justice of the peace, the common council may, in iscretion, fill such vacancy by the appointment of a suiterson, who is an elector, and if appointed for a ward, also a resident of the ward for which he shall be apl; and any officer appointed to fill a vacancy, if the

office is elective, shall hold, by virtue of such appointment only until the tenth day after the election next succeeding, until his successor is elected and qualified; if an elective of which shall have become vacant, was of that class whose tenth of office continue after the next annual election, a successor the unexpired term shall be elected at the next annual election.

Council to give notice of special election.

Sec. 75. Whenever a special election is to be held, the common council shall cause to be delivered to the inspectors election in the ward where such officer is to be chosen, a notice signed by the recorder, specifying the officer to be chosen, and the day and place at which such election is to be held, and the proceedings of such election shall be the same as at the annexity election.

COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS.

Compensat'n of officers.

Sec. 76. The officers of said corporation shall be entitled to receive out of the city treasury the following sums, i full payment for their services: The mayor shall not be The recorder entitled to receive any compensation. attorney shall be entitled to receive respectively such such as the common council may allow, not exceeding five has dred dollars per annum. The marshal shall be entitled to receive the same fees for serving process in behalf d the corporation, as constables are allowed for similar services; and he shall also receive such further compensation, not onceeding twenty-five dollars per annum, as the common council shall allow. The treasurer, justices of the peace and constable shall be allowed the same fees as are by law allowed to correponding township officers, unless in this act otherwise provided The street commissioner shall be entitled to receive one dollar and fifty cents per day for his services, and at the same rate in parts of days actually employed. The directors of the poor and school inspectors shall be entitled to receive such comparsation as the common council shall allow, not exceeding two dollars per day, for every day actually employed in the performance of the duties of their respective offices. The aldernot acting as supervisors, shall not be allowed to receive than one hundred dollars each, in any year, as compensor for their services.

The said aldermen, acting as and being the super-IDIG.

The said city, as above provided, shall receive as compensation for their services while actually employed in their duty as a services in their respective wards, the same sum per day as services or assessors performing like duties in townships for may be hereafter allowed by law, which compensation has audited and paid by the common council of said city, the vote and resolution of said common council, in which said alderman so claiming (as supervisor) compensation, and not be allowed to vote.

Sec. 78. The accounts and demands of aldermen, (as super-All accounts to be verified to be verified by and also all other persons against the city, shall be veri-by affidavit. by affidavit, and shall set forth the items thereof in detail, ich affidavit may be taken and certified by any member of a common council.

ter person appointed to collect the same, shall be entitled to collector.

wive such percentage as shall be prescribed by the common med, not exceeding three per centum upon the sum to be lected, which sum shall be added in the computation of mes, on said tax roll, of the respective wards of said city.

COMPETENCY OF OFFICERS, JURORS AND WITNESSES.

Sec. 80. No person shall be an incompetent judge, justice of Citizens to be compet're peace or other officer, witness or juror, by reason of his as jurors, ing an inhabitant or freeholder in Muskegon city, in any conscution or proceedings in the recorder's court, in any actual areas, or in any judicial or other proceedings: Provided, Proviso. In the citizens of interest is no greater than is common to the citizens of id city.

Sec. 81. In all suits in which the corporation of the city of Citizens competent as luskegon shall be a party, or shall be interested, no inhabitant witnesses

Provise.

of said city shall be deemed incompetent as a witness (juror on account of his interest in the event of such suit or tion: Provided, Such interest be such only as he has in com with the inhabitants of said city.

Who eligible to office.

Sec. 82. No person shall be elected or appointed to office created by this act, who is now or may hereafter be faulter to said city, or to any board of officers thereof, or State of Michigan, or any county or township thereof; person shall be considered a defaulter who has refused on lected, or may hereafter refuse or neglect for thirty days demand made, to account for and to pay over to the I authorized to receive the same, any public money or ; pertaining to his office, which may have come into his p sion; if any person holding any such office shall been defaulter while in office, the same shall thereby be vacate

Sec. 83. The Legislature may, at any time, alter or a Amendm'nts this act.

Persons not to acquire of time.

Sec. 84. No person shall be deemed to have gained any title by lapse as against the city, by lapse of time, to any street, lane, common, or public square heretofore laid out or platted proprietor or proprietors of said city, or any part there reason of any encroachment or enclosure of the same.

PREVENTION AND EXTINGUISHMENT OF FIRES.

Council to regulate the erection of buildings.

Sec. 85. For the purpose of guarding against the call of fires, the common council may from time to time, by nance, designate such portions and parts of said city a shall think proper, within which no buildings of wood at erected, and may regulate and direct the erection of bui within such portions and parts, and the size and ms thereof, and the size of the chimneys therein; and ever son who shall violate any such ordinance or regulation forfeit to the city the sum of one hundred dollars; and building erected contrary to such ordinance is hereby de to be a common nuisance, and may be abated and remov such common council.

Sec. 86. The common council may, by ordinance, require the May require where and occupants of houses and other buildings to have ders, etc., to be kept. cattles on the roof of such houses and buildings, and stairs or adders leading to the same; and whenever any penalty shall were been recovered against the owner or occupant of any rouse or other building for not complying with such ordinance, be common council may, at the expiration of twenty days ther such recovery, cause such scuttles and stairs or ladders to e constructed, and may recover the expense thereof, with ten er cent. in addition, of the owner or occupant whose duty it me to comply with such ordinance.

Sec. 87. The common council may regulate and direct the To regulate construction of safe deposits for ashes, and may compel the of chimneys, learing of chimneys, flues, stove-pipes, and all other conduc-etc. ors of smoke; and upon the neglect of the owner or occupant any house, tenement, or building of any description, having herein any chimneys, flues, stove-pipes, or other conductors of moke, to clean the same, as shall have been directed by such rdinance, the common council may cause the same to be leaned, and may collect the expense thereof, and ten per cent. addition, from the owner or occupant whose duty it was to ave the same cleaned.

Sec. 88. The common council may regulate the use of lights To regulate ad candles in livery stables and other buildings in which com-lights and astible articles may be deposited, and may prescribe the use ! lanterns or safety lamps in such buildings, and may regute the transporting, keeping and deposit of gunpowder or Carrying of ther dangerous or combustible materials, and may prevent or gulate the carrying on of manufactories dangerous in causg or promoting fires, and may authorize and direct the reoval of any hearth, fire-place, stove-pipe, flue, chimney, or ther conductor of smoke, or any other apparatus or device in hich any fire may be used, or to which fire may be applied, hat shall be considered dangerous, and liable to cause and romote fires, and generally may adopt such other regulations

for the prevention and suppression of fires as they may deen necessary.

To authorize persons to examine dwellings, fire-places, etc.

Sec. 89. For the purpose of enforcing such regulations, the common council may authorize any of the officers of the mid city, and may appoint persons at all reasonable times to enter into and examine all dwelling houses, buildings and tenements of every description, and all lots, yards and enclosures, and to cause such as are dangerous to be put in safe condition, and may authorize such officers and persons to inspect all hearth, fire-places, stoves, pipes, flues, chimneys, or other conductors of smoke, or any apparatus or device in which fire may be used, or to which fire may be applied, and remove and make the same safe at the expense of the owners or occupants of the buildings in which the same may be, and to ascertain the situation of any building in respect to its exposure to fire, and whether any scuttles and ladders thereto have been provided, and generally, with such powers and duties as the common council shall deem necessary to guard the city from the calamities of fire.

To establish fire companies.

Sec. 90. The common council may also establish, maintain, and regulate all such fire engine, hook and ladder, hose and bucket companies as may be deemed expedient, and shall provide such companies with fire-engines, and other implements and instruments necessary to be used in extinguishing fires, and may provide suitable engine houses for such companies, and may appoint from among the inhabitants of said city such number of men, willing to accept, as may be deemed proper and necessary to be employed as firemen; and every such company shall make their own by-laws and rules for the organization and government of the company, subject to the approval of the common council, and may enforce and collect such fines for the non-attendance or neglect of duty of any of its members, as may be provided by the by-laws and rules of the company; and it shall be the duty of every such company to keep the fire-engine, hose, hooks, ladders, and other instruments and implements in its charge, in good and perfect repair; and it

Firemen to make their own laws.

cance in each month, and as often as may be directed by the shief engineer, for the purpose of working and examining the tre engine and other implements in its charge, with a view to the keeping the same in perfect order and repair; and upon Duties of, at fires.

In alarm or breaking out of any fire in said city, each fire company shall forthwith assemble at the place of such fire, with the engine and other implements of the company, and be abject to the orders of the chief engineer or other person for the time being lawfully acting as chief engineeer of the fire epartment.

Sec. 91. Upon the breaking out of any fire in said city, the Marshal to narshal shall immediately repair to the place of such fire, and ance at fires. id and assist, as well in extinguishing the fire as in preventing ny goods or property from being stolen or injured, and in proseting, removing and securing the same, and for that purpose ct as chief of police; and in pursuance of his duties, the mar- To obey hal shall be in all respects obedient to the mayor, aldermen mayor. nd fire wardens, or either of them, or such of them as may be resent at such fire; and the mayor, or any alderman may renire the assistance of all bystanders in extinguishing such re, and in the removal, preservation and protection of all coperty endangered thereby; and in case any bystander shall May compel rillfully neglect to comply with such requirements, he shall be standers. unished in the manner provided by the by-laws or ordinanes of the common council, who are hereby authorized to pass nch by-laws in relation thereto as they may deem necessary.

Sec. 92. Whenever any person shall refuse to obey any law-when citial order of any engineer, fire warden, mayor or alderman, at arrested.

ny fire, it shall be fawful for the officer giving such order to
rrest, or to direct orally any constable, watchman, or any citian to arrest such person and confine him temporarily in a safe
lace, until such fire shall be extinguished; and in the same
namer such officers, or any of them, may arrest or direct the
rrest and confinement of any person, at such fire, who shall be
ntoxicated or disorderly.

Firemen to elect chief engineer.

city watch.

Sec. 93. The firemen of said city shall annually elect one of their own number to be chief engineer, who shall have command of the whole fire department of the city. They shall also, at the same time, elect assistant engineers from their num-Appoint fire ber, and shall appoint a fire warden for each ward of the city, wardens and whose powers, duties and compensation shall be prescribed by the common council, and they shall also appoint a city watch of one or more persons, not exceeding five, if the common council shall deem it necessary for the safety of the persons and property of the city, their duties and compensation, when in actual service, to be prescribed by the common council.

Firemen to be exempt and jury service.

Sec. 94. Every person belonging to an organized fire comfrom poll tax pany in said city, may obtain from the city recorder a certificate to that effect, which shall be evidence thereof; and the members of such company, during their continuance as such, shall be exempt from serving on juries and from paying a poll tax in said city.

Council to provide for injured firemen.

Sec. 95. The common council may provide suitable compensation for any injury that any fireman may receive to his person or property, in consequence of the performance of his duties at any fire.

Power of chief engineer to pull down buildings.

Sec. 96. Whenever any building in said city shall be on fire, it shall be the duty, and be lawful for the chief engineer, with the consent of the mayor or any alderman, or for any two aldermen, to order and direct such building, or any other building which they may deem hazardous and likely to communicate fire to other buildings, or any part of such building, to be pulled down and destroyed, and no action shall be maintained against any person or against the said city therefor; but any person interested in any such building so destroyed or injured may, within three months thereafter, apply to the common council to assess and pay the damages he has sustained. At the expiration of the three months, if any such application shall have been made in writing, the common council shall either pay the said claimant such sum as shall be agreed upon by them and the said claimant for such damages, or if no such

Council to settle with owners.

bement shall be effected, shall proceed to ascertain the runt of such damage, and shall provide for the appraisal, passment, collection and payment of the same, in the same mner as is provided by title six of this act, for the ascertainmt, assessment, collection and payment of damages sustained the taking of lands for purposes of public improvement. Sec. 97. The common council shall have full power and au-Vessels to be wity to prohibit by ordinance any and every steamboat, pro-with spark-Mer, or other craft propelled or operated, either in whole or part by steam, from landing or approaching within one huned feet of any dock or wharf or bank in said city, unless proled with a good and sufficient spark-catcher, so as to premt cinders or sparks passing into the open air, to the danger firing any property in said city, and may enforce such ormance by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, against master or owner, or person having charge of the said pamboat, propeller, or other craft which shall, by the direcor command of the master, owner, or person having rarge thereof, violate the provisions of such ordinance, and sonvicted thereof; and a fine being imposed therefor by any Fines to be natice's court of said city, such fine and all the costs of the pro-vesselssedings shall be a lien on such steamboat, propeller or other raft, and may be enforced in the name of the city against such oat, vessel or craft, in the same manner that other liens are nforced against water-crafts: Provided, That in any proceed-Proviso. ags to enforce such lien no bond or other security for costs hall be required to be given by said city.

OF COURTS OF JUSTICE.

Sec. 98. Justices of the peace of said city shall have like Justices of the peace.

Nowers and jurisdiction, and be subject to the same duties and the peace.

In the peace in the several townships of this state. The present incumbents of the office of justice of the Terms of office of the town of Muskegon, and within the limits of present incumbents.

In the town of Muskegon, and within the limits of present incumbents.

lief of such attorney, or upon the oath of any other per inquire into, hear, try and determine all offenses which committed in said city against any of the by-laws on nances which shall be made by the common council, suance of the powers granted by this act, and to the offenders as by the said by-laws or ordinances a prescribed or directed; to award all process and take nizances for the keeping of the peace, for the appear the persons charged and upon appeal, and to commit to as occasion shall lawfully require.

To award process.

To issue warrants.

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Sec. 100. In all prosecutions for the violation of any by-laws or ordinances passed by the said common upon complaint being made in writing by the city attor by any other person upon oath before any justice of the setting forth therein the substance of the offense com of, such justice of the peace shall issue a warrant in the of the people of the State of Michigan, for the apprel of the offender, directed to the marshal of said city, constable of the county of Muskegon, (except in case tioned in section one hundred and three of this ac such process may be executed by any of said office where within the county of Muskegon, and shall be ret

rial shall be he, and upon conviction of the said offender, Marshal to the imposition of a fine, it shall be the duty of such jusno of the peace to issue an execution, directed to the marshal reaid city, or any constable of said county, commanding him scollect of the goods and chattels of the person so offending amount of such fine, with interest and costs, and for the ment of goods and chattels wherewith to satisfy the same, that take the body of the defendant and commit him to the compara jail of the county of Musk n, or to the city prison of said the sheriff or keeper of said prison shall safely keep be body of the person so committed, until he be discharged m due course of law; and in case by the judgment of said jus-when per. ise a fine be imposed, and by such judgment it be further pro-may be sent fided that such person so convicted, on failing to pay said fine mimposed, shall be imprisoned in the county jail of Muskecounty, or city prison, until the payment of such fine, not exceeding a term to be fixed in said judgment, and not exceedng in any case the term of ninety days, then said justice shall mue a commitment directed as aforesaid, commanding the commitment of such person to the said jail or prison until the segment of such fine, not exceeding the time fixed in the judgment of the court, or until he be discharged by due course of aw; and in cases where fine and imprisonment, or imprisonment alone, shall be imposed upon the person so convicted by he judgment of such justice, said justice shall issue the necesmry process to carry such judgment into effect; and in all cases where any person shall be committed to said jail in the manner Moresaid, the sheriff of Muskegon county, or keeper of the Sheriff to mid jail or city prison, shall receive and safely keep the body of prisoners. # such person so committed, until discharged by due course of law.

Sec. 101. In prosecutions for the violation of any of the by-when byaws or ordinances of said city, it shall not be necessary to plead deemed sufficiently or set forth any such by-law or ordinance, or any of the pro-pleaded. visions thereof, in any complaint, pleading, warrant, writ or

process, but the same shall be deemed well und sufficient pleaded and set forth by reciting the title to any such ord nance or by-law, and the date of its passage or approval; the court or officer before whom any such prosecution shall be tried, shall take notice, without proof, of the existence as provisions of such ordinance or by-law, unless the existence validity of such by-law or ordinance shall be specially put i issue by the plea or notice of the defendant.

Corporation allowed use of county jail.

Sec. 102. The corporation of Muskegon city shall be allowed the use of the common jail of said Muskegon county, for the imprisonment of all persons liable to imprisonment under the by-laws and ordinances of the common council; and all persons committed to jail by any justice of the peace for any vie lation of a by-law or ordinance of said common council, shall be in the custody of the sheriff of the county, who shall safely keep the person so committed until lawfully discharged, as in other cases.

Justices to issue warrants for arrest of esers.

Sec. 103. Whenever any person charged with having violated any ordinance of the common council, by which the offender's caped offend-liable to imprisonment, shall have escaped from said city, or shall reside or be without the limits thereof, any justice of the peace residing in said city, to whom complaint shall be made, shall issue a warrant to the sheriff of the county of Muskegon, commanding him forthwith to bring the body of such person before him, if found within this State, to be dealt with according to law; and every sheriff to whom such warrant shall be delivered for service, is hereby required to execute the same under the penalties which are by law incurred by sheriffs for neglecting or refusing to execute other criminal process; and in case the person charged as aforesaid shall be within the county of Muskegon, the said warrant may be served by the marshal of the city, or by the sheriff or any constable of the city or county.

How process shall be directed.

Sec. 104. All process issued by any justice of the peace to enforce or carry into effect any of the by-laws or ordinances of the common council, except in the cases mentioned in section

andred and three of this act, shall be directed "To the last of the city of Muskegon, or any constable of the of Muskegon," and such process may be executed by said officers any where within the county of Muskegon, shall be returnable the same as other similar process by justices of the peace.

common council, either party shall be entitled to a jury persons; and all the proceedings for the summoning of jury, and in the trial of the cause, shall be in conformity, as may be, with the mode of proceeding in similar before justices of the peace, and in all cases, civil and inal, he shall have the right of appeal from the justice's to the circuit court, and shall abide the order of the therein on the same terms as is or may be required by in appeals from justices' courts in similar cases.

be. 106. All suits which shall be brought to recover any How suits inity or forfeiture for the violation of any ordinance of the brought. amon council, shall be brought in the name of the city of skegon, under the direction of the common council, or of attorney of said city; and no person, being an inhabitant, Citizens to sman or freeholder of the said city, shall be disqualified for as jurors. & cause from acting as a judge, justice, or juror in the trial other proceeding, in any suit brought to recover a forfeiture penalty for the violation of any provision of this act, or for violation of any ordinance of the common council, nor m serving any process, summoning a jury in such suit, or m acting in any such capacity, or being a witness on the al of any issue, or upon the taking or making any inquisim or assessment, or any judicial investigation of facts, to hich issue, inquest or investigation the said city, or any city : ward officer is a party, or in which said city or such officer interested; nor shall any judge of any court be disqualified hear and adjudicate on an appeal in any matter originating a said city, because he is an inhabitant thereof.

Right of appeal.

Sec. 107. If any judgment in any action shall be reagainst the city by any justice of the peace, such justice of the peace, such justice of the circuit court of Mucounty, in the same manner and with the same effect at the city were a natural person, except that no bond a nizance to the adverse party, shall be necessary to be a by or on behalf of the said city.

Who to be deemed vagrants.

Sec. 108. All persons, being habitual drunkards, d and without visible means of support, or who, beir habitual drunkards, shall abandon, neglect or refuse to the support of their families, being complained of t families; all able-bodied and sturdy beggars who ma for alms or solicit charity; all persons wandering abrow ing in watch-houses, out-houses, market places, sheds, or uninhabited dwellings, or in the open air, and not g good account of themselves; all common brawlers and d ers of the public quiet; all persons wandering abroad a ging, or who go about from door to door, or place the in streets, highways, passages or other public places, or receive alms within the said city, shall be deemed vagras may upon conviction before any justice of the peace city, be sentenced to confinement at hard labor in the jail or city prison, for any time not exceeding sixty day

Who to be deemed disorderly persons.

Sec. 109. All persons who shall have actually about their wives or children in the said city, or who may neep provide according to their means for their wives and chare hereby declared to be disorderly persons within the ing of chapter thirty-nine, of title nine, of the revised to of eighteen hundred and forty-six, and may be provagainst as such, in the manner directed by said title; shall be the duty of the magistrate before whom any may be brought for examination, to judge and determine the facts and the circumstances of the case, whether the duct of such person amounts to such desertion or neep provide for his wife and children.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

▶ 110. The common council of said city may constitute a Board of health for said city, and may appoint a competent is to be the health officer thereof. . 111. The said board of health shall have power, and it Powers and their duty to take such measures as they shall deem mal to prevent the entrance of any pestilential or infectious into the city; to stop, detain and examine, for that pur- To examine every person coming from any place infected, or believed persons. infected with such disease; to establish, maintain and reg- To establish pest-house or hospital at some place within the city, texceeding three miles beyond its bounds; to cause any m not being a resident of the city, who is not an inhabithis State, and who shall be, or be suspected of being had with any such disease, to be sent to such pest-house or Ital; to cause any resident of the city infected with any To send residisease, to be removed to such pest-house or hospital, if house. health physician and two other physicians of the city, ining the attending physician of the sick person, if he have shall certify that the removal of such resident is necessary the preservation of the public health; to remove from the To remove or destroy any furniture, wearing apparel, or goods, wares goods. merchandise, or other articles or property of any kind, ich shall be suspected of being tainted or infected with any Milence, or which shall be, or be likely to pass into such a as to generate and propagate disease; to abate all nuistes of every description, which are or may be injurious to public health, in any way and in any manner they may expedient; and from time to time to do all acts, make all To make all galations, and pass all ordinances which they shall deem nec- regulations. may or expedient for the preservation of health and suppresm of disease in the city, and to carry into effect and execute e powers hereby granted.

Sec. 112. The captain, master, or person in charge of any Rules concerning vestamboat or other water-craft or vessel, which shall enter into sels having on board sick of any persons.

malignant fever or pestilential or infectious disease, deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or onment, unless the person so diseased became so on t and could not be left. It shall be the duty of such master or person in charge, within two hours after his to report in writing to the mayor, or some health off fact of such sick person being on board, and the name, tion and location of his craft; and he shall not perr sick person to land or to be landed, until the board of or some member thereof, shall give permission for the pose; and any neglect or violation of these provision any or either of them, shall be a misdemeanor, punishs fine and imprisonment.

Stage driv'rs to report all ness.

Sec. 113. The owner, driver, conductor, or person in cases of sick- of any stage coach, railroad car, or other public cor which shall enter the city, having on board any person a malignant fever or pestilential or infectious diseas within two hours after the arrival of such sick person in writing the fact, with the name of such person, house or place where he was put down in the city, to th or some member or officer of the board of health; and every neglect to comply with these provisions, or any (shall be a misdemeanor, punishable with fine and impris

Persons bringing infeeted property liable to fine.

Sec. 114. Any person who shall knowingly bring or or cause to be brought into the city, any property of a tainted or infected with any malignant fever or pestil infectious disease, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, pu by fine and imprisonment.

Power of hoard of health to order off vessels.

Sec. 115. The board of health shall have power, by in writing for that purpose, to be served on the captair or person in charge of any steamboat, or other vessel or any owner or consignee thereof, if such boat, craft be by them suspected to have on board any infected or person or property, to require such boat or vessel not the city, or to remove to some certain distance, not en three miles [from the city]; and every such captain,

ch order, she be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable with and imprisonment, if such boat, vessel or craft shall enter city in violation of such order, and shall not be removed, cording to the tenor of such order, within a reasonable time, exceeding three hours after the service of such notice.

Rec. 116. Every keeper of an inn or boarding house or lodg-Inn-keepers to report all cases of sickname in the city, who shall have in his house at any time cases of sickness.

y sick traveler, boatman, or sailor, shall report the fact, and
name of the person, in writing, within six hours after he
me to the house or was taken sick therein, to the mayor or
mae officer or member of the board of health; every physician
the city shall report, under his hand, to one of the officers
how named, the name, residence, and disease of every patient
hom he shall have sick of any infectious or pestilential disne, within six hours after he shall have visited such patient.

violation of the provisions of this section, or of any part of
ther of them, shall be a misdemeanor, punishable by fine and
apprisonment, the fine not to exceed one hundred dollars, nor
me imprisonment in the county jail three months.

Sec. 117. All fines imposed under the last sections shall be-Fines to belong to the city, and when collected shall be paid into the city
long to city.

Items to the city, and when collected shall be paid into the city
long to city.

Items to belong to the city
long to city.

Items to belong to city.

Items to belong to city.

Sec. 118. The common council shall have power to pass and Council to pass laws and start such by-laws and ordinances as they from time to time concerning cleaning of shall deem necessary and proper, for the filling up, draining, yards, etc. cleansing, cleaning and regulating any grounds, yards, basins, thips or cellars within the said city, that shall be sunken, damp, foul, incumbered with filth and rubbish, or unwholesome, and for filling or altering and amending all sinks and privies within the said city, and for directing the mode of constructing them in future, and to cause all such work as may be necessary for the purpose aforesaid, and for the preservation of the public health and cleanliness of the city, to be executed and done at

To **a** 8**868**8 expenses on lands beneitted.

the expense of the city corporation, on account of the persons respectively upon whom the same may be assessed, and for the purpose to cause the expenses thereof to be estimated, as and collected, and the lands charged therewith to be sold, case of non-payment, in the same manner as is provided by with respect to other public improvements within said and in all cases where the said by-laws or ordinances shall quire anything to be done in respect to the property of seven persons, the expenses thereof may be included in one as ment, and the several houses and lots in respect to which expenses shall have been incurred, shall be briefly described the manner required by law in the assessment roll for the eral expenses of the city, and the sum of money assessed each owner or occupant of any such house or lot, shall be amount of money expended in making such improvement upd such premises, together with a ratable proportion of the expens of assessing and collecting the moneys expended in making such improvements.

To order the pulling down buildings.

Sec. 119. Whenever, in the opinion of the common council of dangerous any building, fence, or other erection of any kind, or any part thereof, is liable to fall down, and persons or property may thereby be endangered, they may order any owner or occupant of the premises on which such building, fence, or other eretion stands, to take down the same, or any part thereof, within, a reasonable time, to be fixed by the order, or immediately, the case may require, and in case the order is not complied with, cause the same to be taken down at the expense of city, on account of the owner of the premises, and assess the expense on the land on which it stood. The order, if not immediate in its terms, may be served on any occupant of premises, or be published in the city paper, as the common council shall direct.

Recorder to be clerk of board of heelth.

Sec. 120. The recorder shall be clerk of the said board of health, and it shall be his duty to attend the meetings thereof, and to keep a record of its proceedings, and such record, or a duly certified copy of the same, or of any part thereof, shall

grima facie evidence of the facts therein contained, in any officer.

Thrmation under or by virtue of any provision of this act, perjury.

Shall, under such oath or affirmation, in any statement or

Invit, or otherwise, willfully swear falsely as to any material
or matter, shall be guilty of perjury.

ted or appointed under this act to any office, for any act be entitled to double the defendant shall be the double to costs, he shall recover double costs in the manner and by law.

ORDINANCES.

The record of any ordinance enacted, and of the records of ordinances of its first publication, made by the recorder as required to be presumptive evidence.

This act, or a copy thereof, certified by such recorder under evidence.

The seal of such corporation, shall be presumptive evidence in courts, places and proceedings, of the due passage of such its first publication. Copies of all other records and papers How copies of records in eourt.

This first publication to the office of recorder, certified may be used in court.

This under the seal of the corporation, shall be evidence in eourt.

The courts and places, to the same effect as the original would be if produced.

Sec. 124. Proof of the requisite publication of any ordi-What deem'd what deem'd publication, or other proceedings required to be published publication. In any newspaper, by the affidavit of a printer or publisher thereof, taken before any officer authorized to administer oaths and take affidavits, and duly filed with the recorder of the city, or any other competent proof, shall, in all cases and places, be conclusive evidence of the legal publication of such ordinance, resolution, or other proceeding. All ordinances and by-laws

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

published by be taken as proof.

Ordinances of the common council, printed and published by t authority to thority, shall in all courts, places, and proceedings, be without further proof, as prima facie evidence thereo their legal enactment and publication.

Manner of conducting elections.

Sec. 125. The manner of conducting said election ship meeting, the officers to be elected, and their office, shall be the same as is provided by law in car first township meeting in new townships.

City to bear its portion expenses.

Apportionment of in-

Sec. 126. The said city shall pay its just proportion of township indebtedness of the township of Muskegon, existing act shall take effect, whether due or to become due, termined by the township board of said township common council of said city, in the same manner as c tween townships are adjusted in similar cases, and a its share of the money and property of said townsh It is hereby made the du divided in a like manner. debtedness. township board of said township and the common c said city, to meet at the office of the recorder of within three months from and after the first election v provisions of this act, and apportion the indebtedness and property referred to in this section, using the las ing assessment roll of said township as a basis of a Contents of ment. Said apportionment shall contain a full state the nature of said indebtedness, the object or pur which the same was incurred, the amount or portion city and said township are each to pay or discharge res each year, until all of the said indebtedness is paid charged. Said statement shall also contain a descripti property to be divided, and the terms of the division, or funds to which the money to be apportioned belo the amount of said money that said city and said town each to receive.

Sec. 127. It is hereby made the duty of the towns Record of statement; who to make of said township and the recorder of said city, respec enter such statement at length in the record books respective offices.

Sec. 128. It is hereby also made the duty of the common Indebtedness; how the said city to cause to be assessed and collected each paid. The upon the taxable property of said city a sum of money reficient to pay and discharge the amount of indebtedness as recified in the statement above mentioned, and to cause the treature of said township, and take a receipt therefor, and file the said receipt in the office of the recorder of said city.

Sec. 129. The corporation created by this act shall pay and city to take the common council of the village of Muskegon, and suits may be brought and prosecuted thereon in the same tanner, either in law or equity, and with the same effect as they could be brought or prosecuted against the common council of the village of Muskegon, if this act had not passed. All this and proceedings that may be pending in any court of this tate in which said village of Muskegon is a party, may be resecuted to final determination, in the same manner and with the effect as if this act had not been passed: Provided, Such Proviso. In the proceeding be continued in the name of the city of Inskegon.

Hereh, A. D. 1870, and the officers of the village of Muskegon effect.

Thall continue in office until the officers provided for in this act shall be elected and qualified, unless such offices otherwise become vacant, as provided by law. The legal ordinances, bylaws, rules and regulations of said village, and not inconsistent with the provisions of this act at the time the said act shall take effect, are hereby continued in full force and effect until legally amended or repealed by the proper authorities of the city of Muskegon.

Sec. 131. The president and the recorder of the village of Board of Muskegon, and the justice of the peace of the township of Muskegon whose term of office will soonest expire, shall constitute a board of registration of the electors of the city of Muskegon, for the first election held under the provisions of this act.

When board shall meet.

Sec. 132. For the purpose of making a list of the legical electors of said city, said board is hereby authorized to metal the place of holding the election in the first ward of said city, on the Thursday next preceding said first annual election therein; on the Friday next preceding said election at the place of holding said election in the second ward, and on Saturday next preceding said election at the place of holding said election in the third ward.

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Rules of meeting, etc.

Sec. 133. The time of the day said board shall be in session, the mode of proceedings at said meetings of said board, and all laws relating to registration of electors, and the use of said register when completed and not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby declared to be in full force and consistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby declared to be in full force and consistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby declared to be in full force and consistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby declared to be in full force and consistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby declared to be in full force and consistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby declared to be in full force and consistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby declared to be in full force and consistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby declared to be in full force and consistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby declared to be in full force and consistent with the provisions of the pro

[No. 412.]

AN ACT to amend act number thirty-eight, entitled "An act to prevent fishing with seines and every kind of continuous nets in the counties of Branch, Livingston, Cass, St. Joseph, Kent, Ionia, Genesee, Roscommon and Calhoun, or in any of the lakes, rivers or streams of Macomb county," approved March ninth, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

Section amended.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That section one of an act entitled "An act to prevent fishing with seines or any species of continuous nets in any of the inland lakes or small streams of the counties of Branch, Livingston, Cass, St. Joseph, Kent, Ionia, Genesee and Calhoun, nor in any of the lakes, rivers or streams of Macomb county," be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Fishing with seines, etc., declared unlawful.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That it shall not be lawful hereafter to fish with seines or any species of continuous nets in any of the inland lakes or small streams, or inland rivers (except St. Joseph river, in Berrien county) of

counties of Branch, Livingston, Cass, St. Joseph, Kent, Livingston, Cass, Cass

Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 413.]

AN ACT to establish and organize fractional school district number seven, of the townships of Lenox and Chesterfield, in the county of Macomb, State of Michigan.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Description he territory hereinafter described, situated in the townships of district. Lenox and Chesterfield, county of Macomb, State of Michimen, be designated as and organized into fractional school district number seven, of said townships of Lenox and Chesterfield, that is to say: Commencing on the center line of fractional section one, in the township of Chesterfield, on the county line between St. Clair and Macomb counties, and runming west on the center line, through sections one and two, and to the west line of the east half of the north-east quarter ed section three; thence north to the township line between the townships of Lenox and Chesterfield; thence commencing on mid township line, on the west line of the east half of the south-west quarter of section thirty-four, in the township of Lenox, and running north to the center line of said section; thence east on the center line of sections thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six, to the county line, thence south to the place of beginning.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the township clerks of said Duties of townships of Lenox and Chesterfield to take the same course clerks. with reference to the organization of said school district, and the same proceedings shall be had in the organization thereof, as is now prescribed by law in cases where new school districts are formed by inspectors of townships.

Sec. 3. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 414.]

II u

SE. rid.

AN ACT to provide for laying out and constructing a State of road from the western terminus of the St. Louis and Fm river State road, to the east line of the county of Newsyn and to appropriate certain non-resident highway taxes to constructing the same.

Commis'rs appointed.

Duty of.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That E. H. Striker be and is hereby appointed a commission, whose duty it shall be to cause to be surveyed and located a State road from the western terminus of the St. Louis and Pies river State road, in the county of Gratiot, to the east line of the county of Newaygo, on the most practicable route, via Knott Mall, in the county of Montcalm; and said commissioner; Compensatin shall receive a compensation not to exceed two dollars per diem for the time actually spent in locating said road, which, together with the cost of the survey, shall be audited and paid by the board of supervisors of the respective counties through or into which said road shall be located, and in proportion to the length of line in each.

To make out and file dethe route, etc., with supervisors.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of said commissioner to make scription of out and file with the supervisors of the several townships through which said road shall run, and also with the county treasurers of the counties of Gratiot and Montcalm, a full description of the route and survey of the road, as surveyed and established by him.

Non-resident highway taxes appropriated.

Sec. 3. The highway tax upon the non-resident land in the towns through which said road shall run, for the distance of one mile each side of said road, be and the same is hereby appropriated for the construction of said road, for a period of four years from the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine; and the said tax shall be expended in opening and constructing said road, under the direction and supervision of the commissioners of highways of the several townships in which it is collected.

Sec. 4. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 415.]

to repeal act number four, of the session laws of hundred and sixty-five, entitled "An act to provide mprovement of the Saginaw river, and to authorize ty of Saginaw to loan money in aid thereof, and to for the paying out and disposal of the funds and in the hands of the dredging commissioners of county."

1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Moneys to be apportioned treasurer of Saginaw county shall be and hereby is back to cities and empowered to apportion back to the several cities hips of said Saginaw county, the unexpended balance teys raised pursuant to the provisions of the act enact to provide for the improvement of the navigatinaw river, and to authorize the county of Saginaw ney in aid thereof," such apportionment to be made to the equalized valuation of said cities and townthe year eighteen hundred and sixty-eight. Said asurer is hereby directed to pay over the amount ch township or city, to the treasurer thereof, on

said act, referred to in the preceding section, shall machinery, ed as conferring upon the board of supervisors of sold.

ounty the entire management, control and disposidredge, with the boilers, engines, machinery, tackle, d furniture, and the scows and other property apthereto, and which were constructed or purchased missioners appointed under said act; and the action ard of supervisors relative to the sale of said prophe sale made in pursuance thereof, is hereby legalade valid and binding, and the money arising from tall be apportioned by said county treasurer in the ovided in the first section of this act.

The office of dredging commissioner, as created by Office of opproved January 25, 1865, as aforesaid, shall be and commis'r bolished; and the said dredging commissioners shall

Proviso.

pay and deliver over to the treasurer of Saginaw county all moneys and property now in their hands, or in the hands deither of them, belonging to the fund raised under the before mentioned act, on demand: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to release said commissioners or the sureties, or either of them, from liability on their official bonds until they shall have paid and delivered all moneys and property as aforesaid, nor until their final accounts shall have been rendered to and approved by said board of supervisors.

Sec. 4. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 416.]

AN ACT to authorize the improvement of Fort street, in the township of Springwells, and to provide for the maintenant thereof.

Fort street improvem't board constituted.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That the supervisor and township clerk of the township of Springwells, together with a civil engineer, to be appointed as hereinafter provided, shall constitute a board to be known as the Forst street improvement board, and said board are authorized improve Fort street, as hereinafter provided, from the western boundary of the city of Detroit to the Dearborn road, in the town of Springwells.

Governor to appoint an engineer.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the Governor forthwith to appoint a competent civil engineer, who shall be a member of said board, and to remove the same when, in his judgment, it shall be expedient so to do, and also to fill any vacancy that may occur by reason of the removal of said engineer of otherwise.

Commiss'rs to take oath.

Sec. 3. Before entering upon their duties the commissioner shall severally make oath, before some person duly authorized to administer oaths, that they will justly and impartially dis-

erge the duties assigned them by this act, which oath shall by them filed in the town clerk's office.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of said board, after being duly Duties of anized, to prepare plans and specifications, as soon as pracble, for graveling or paving said street, of a width not less n thirteen feet, according to the method known as the Macsystem of road-making. The specifications to provide Contents of for the proper drainage of said street and for the protecm of the slope on each side of the roadway by sodding or erwise, and for the construction of that portion of the comcon earth roadway adjoining the graveled or macadamized portion of such street, so that it shall be of a proper grade to part the free movement of vehicles from one side to the other the worked roadway. The graveled or macadamized part of How road id street shall be on the north side of the worked roadway, constructed it now is, and as near as practicable to the gutter on the northly side of said street. The letting of the work shall com-where lettimes at the city limits, and its construction shall continue to comm'nce pestward in regular order of the sections.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the board, after surveys, Board to adplans, and specifications shall have been prepared for the pur-proposals. to invite, by advertisement in two or more of the daily papers published in the city of Detroit, sealed proposals for the paving, graveling or macadamizing of such road according to the plans to be exhibited, on application, to contractors; and Contract_to at least thirty days' notice shall be given before the proposals lowest bidshall be opened, which opening shall be public, and the contracts shall be awarded to the lowest bidder who is responsible or who shall give satisfactory security for the performance of such contract. The plans shall be arranged so that the work How plans to be done may be let in sections, and the proposals shall be ranged. invited for the performance of the work at a stated price per lineal foot; and when so requested in writing by any owner, the board shall arrange the sections in such a manner as to Sive such land owner an opportunity to file proposals for the construction of said road in front of his land; and if from any

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cause it becomes necessary to relet such work or any pert. thereof, it may be done in the same manner as required in the original letting.

When township shall

Sec. 6. After the work shall have been performed by the co issue bonds. tractors according to the plans and specifications, and after same shall have been accepted as finished work by the bone it shall be the duty of the board to notify the township box thereof, and the township board on receiving such notice at issue the bonds of said township, bearing interest and payali at such time as the township board may determine, not h than five years and not exceeding ten years, interest payable annually; and said board shall pay to the contractor or con tractors, or other persons entitled to receive the same, the bonds of said township, hereby authorized to be issued, in such sums as the board may determine, not exceeding in all the amount of the entire cost of constructing said road and the incidental expenses connected therewith.

Commis'rs to assess lands benefited.

Sec. 7. The said commissioners shall assess the expense of expenses on constructing said road, and of improving and draining the same as aforesaid, together with the charges of said board in services and other necessary expenses, upon the lands fronting upon said street, and such other lands as, in their judgment, are specially benefited by such improvement, in such propertion as they shall deem just, according to the benefit which will To make and accrue to each parcel thereof; and it shall be the duty of the board to prepare an assessment roll, describing the lands so assessed, and the amount assessed on each description, together with a plat of the lands so assessed, which roll shall be signed by said commissioners and filed in the office of the township clerk, and a copy thereof, duly verified by said commissioners, shall be filed with the treasurer of the county of Wayne; and the amount assessed by said board on each parcel of land shall remain a lien be a lien on such land from the time of filing said roll in said clerk's office until the same is fully paid.

Amounts assessed to on land.

sign assess-

ment roll.

18. 8. Whenever requested so to do, in writing, by any Proceedings er or owners of any parcel so assessed as aforesaid, who subdivisions subdivided or who may desire to subdivide the same, shall furnish a plat of such subdivision, it shall be the of said board to apportion the amount of the original ment on the whole parcel on each parcel thereof as subbd, as they shall deem just and equitable, and so report in ing such apportionment, with a description of the several as subdivided, together with a plat thereof, to the town of said town of Springwells, and a copy of such report plat, duly verified by said commissioners, shall be filed the county treasurer; and from the time of filing such reand copy in said township clerk's office, the amount origby assessed on the whole of said parcel shall cease to be a thereon, and the amount so assessed upon each parcel as Assessments divided, shall become a lien thereon in the same way and lien on subthe same effect as if it had been originally assessed upon h parcels as subdivided.

Sec. 9. It shall be the duty of the supervisor of said town-when superthe year preceding the maturity of any of the bonds make spec'l med in pursuance of this act, to place upon the assessment a of said township a special tax for the amount of the prinpal of said bonds and all the interest falling due on any or lof said bonds, and the same shall be spread upon the lands said assessment roll prepared by said commissioners and on e, as hereinbefore provided, and the subdivisions thereof, tovided for in section eight of this act, and in the pro-Hew tax rations therein settled, and said tax so assessed shall sollected. s collected, and the collection thereof enforced, in the me manner as other township taxes. It is however provided, How lien on the lien for the amount assessed for building said road removed. pon any parcel of said land may at any time be extinguished I the payment of the amount so assessed, to the treasurer of id town of Springwells, either in money or in bonds issued ider this act, in which case no tax shall be assessed upon such weel under the provisions of this section; and on the payment

Township treasurer to report taxes paid.

of such tax it shall be the duty of the township treas forthwith in writing, to report the payment of such ta the description of the land on which the same is paid, county treasurer, and it shall be the duty of the county urer to enter upon said assessment roll in his office as afor the payment of said assessment upon such parcel.

Board to keep road in repair.

Sec. 10. The said Fort street improvement board shall said road to be kept in good repair, and material shall! plied thereon from time to time, as required, to maintai road in good order; and the cost of labor and material for purpose shall be provided for by the township board, as amount thereof shall be raised by tax on the real and per property of said township, in the same manner that township charges are.

Compensat'n of supervis'r and township clerk.

Board to make report.

What to be included in amount of expenses.

Sec. 11. The supervisor and township clerk shall be er to the same per diem compensation now authorized by ex laws to be paid for services on other township busines the civil engineer shall be entitled to five dollars per day actually employed on the duties of said board; and it al the duty of the board to report in writing to the tov board the number of days each member thereof has a been engaged in the business connected with the im ment of said Fort street. The amount of said services the time when said road is accepted shall be included as of the expenses of constructing said road, and shall be in in the amount for which bonds shall be issued as aforesai the amount of subsequent services shall be paid as other charges are. But nothing in this act contained shall b strued to authorize any tax for any part of the origin and expenses of said improvement, or any interest on the upon property not specified in the assessment roll of said street improvement board as benefited; nor shall anythi this act exempt any of such property specified as ber from other highway taxes.

Sec. 12. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 417.]

ACT to incorporate the village of Chesaning, in the county of Saginaw.

ARTICLE I.

OF THE BOUNDARIES OF SAID VILLAGE.

Forton 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Boundaries. that certain tract of land situate in the county of Sagiand State of Michigan, being in township number nine th, of range number three east, and described as follows, to The east half of section seventeen, the south-east quarter section eight, the whole of section sixteen, the south half of tion nine, the south-west quarter of section ten, the west of section fifteen, of town nine north, of range three east, ing two miles long and one and one-half miles wide, shall be the same is hereby designated as the village of Chesaning. Jec. 2. The inhabitants, residents within the boundaries Body corresaid, are hereby declared to be a corporation, and shall politic. measter be known in law by the corporate name of "The Vilof Chesaning," and by that name they and their successshall have perpetual succession, capable in law of suing and ing sued, complaining and defending in any court of law or muity; and may make and use a common seal, and alter the present pleasure; and shall also have power to purchase, hold md convey such real and personal estate as the purposes of the corporation may require.

ARTICLE II.

Sec. 1. The officers of said village shall be a president, six officers. Trustees, one clerk, one marshal, who shall also be collector of trees and assessments, one treasurer, one assessor, and such ther officers, to be appointed as hereinafter provided, as may enecessary to carry out the provisions of this act.

ARTICLE III.

OF THE ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

Elections.

Sec. 1. The inhabitants of said village, having the qu tions of electors under the constitution of this State, she at the place of holding the annual township meeting township of Chesaning, in said county of Saginaw, in one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, on the Monday of April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and nine, and there proceed to elect one president and thre tees, who shall severally hold their office for one yes three trustees, who shall severally hold their office f years; and the inspectors of such election shall certify accordingly, immediately after the canvass shall be finish

Sec. 2. At the first election to be held in said village,

this act, there shall be chosen by the qualified elector

present, from among their number, two judges and one

said election, who, together, shall constitute the board

spectors thereof, each of whom shall, before entering u

office, take an oath before some person authorized to adn

oaths, that he will faithfully and impartially discharge

ties thereof. The said board shall conduct the said

and certify the result thereof; and at each and every

thereafter to be held in said village, under the provis

this act, the common council of said village shall be the

of inspectors thereof, and the recorder of said village

First election.

Judges and clerk of election.

Duties of.

Polls; when to be open'd

the clerk of such board. Sec. 3. The polls of all elections in said village, und thereof shall proceed, without delay, publicly to count t lots, unopened, and if the number of ballots so counter

and closed. act, shall be opened at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and continued open until four o'clock in the afternoon of se and no longer. The name of each elector voting a election shall be written in a poll list, to be kept at suc tion by the clerk of the board of inspectors thereof. At close of the polls of such election, the board of ins votes

reced the num of electors contained in the poll list, the resident, if p:___t, and if not, then some other member of board of inspectors of such election, shall draw out and stroy, unopened, so many of the ballots as shall amount to excess; and if two or more ballots shall be found rolled or ded together, they shall not be counted; and thereupon the Certificate ard of inspectors present at such election shall proceed imdiately and publicly to canvass and estimate the votes given guch election, and shall complete said estimate on the same , and shall certify and declare the number of votes given each officer, the names of the persons for which such votes r such office were given, and the number of votes so given reach person, and shall make and file a certificate thereof the office of the recorder of said village within twenty-four pars after the close of said canvass, and the person having greatest number of votes for any office, shall be declared dy elected to such office; and if two or more persons shall Tie; how decided. ave an equal number of votes for the same office, the board inspectors of such election shall prepare as many slips of sper of equal size, as there are of persons having an equal number of votes, and shall write the name of one of said persons on each of said slips, and put the same together in a box, and one of said board shall be blindfolded, and proceed to draw from said box the said slip, and the person whose name shall be first drawn therefrom shall be declared duly elected.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the clerk of said village to Clerk to give five days' public notice in three public places in said vil-of elections. lage, of the time and place of holding all elections, both annual and special, in said village, succeeding the one described in section one of this article; said notices may be written or printed, or partly written and partly printed; and no person shall be permitted to vote at any such election unless he is possessed of all the qualifications of an elector under the constitution of this State, and shall have been a resident of said rillage for ten days next immediately preceding the day of such election. The recorder of said village shall, within five

Recorder to days after the closing of the polls of any election, notify

notify persons of their officers elected thereat, respectively, of their election; and of the officers so elected and notified shall, before ent upon the duties of his office, take and subscribe an oat he will support the constitution of the United States, as constitution of this State, and that he will faithfully disc the duties of his office, and shall cause a certificate of oath to be filed with the recorder of said village within ter after he shall have been notified of his election.

determine of electors.

Inspectors to fication of any person offering to vote at such election sh qualificat'ns questioned, the same shall be determined by the board spectors thereof, upon an examination of such person the his oath, which may be administered by any member (board; and any person who shall swear falsely upon any examination, shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and on c tion thereof shall be liable to the punishment provided for crime by the laws of the State.

When elections shall be held.

Sec. 5. Elections for officers, after the one described: tion one of this article, shall be held on the first Mon March in each year, at such places as shall be designa the board of trustees, except as provided for at the fir tion; but if an election of the officers of said village sha be held on the day when, pursuant to this act it should be the said corporation shall not for that cause be dissolved it shall be lawful to hold such election at any time ther public notice being given, as prescribed by this act, f holding of the regular election.

ARTICLE IV.

OF THE QUALIFICATIONS OF OFFICERS.

Who eligible to office.

Sec. 1. No person shall be eligible to any office in this ration unless he shall have resided in said village six n next preceding his election, and shall be entitled to therein.

- nce in office, shall become security for the performance of surety or be interested in any contract and during the term for which he may be elected a member of said board, he shall not be interested, directly or indicated in any contract or purchase, the expense or consideration to be paid out of the village treasury.
- hold his office more than one year, or until his successor pointed, and the president and trustees may require of Bonds of officers. of them such security, by bond, for the performance of the officers, as shall be thought expedient, hond shall run to the treasurer of the corporation, and successor in office, and suit may be brought for any breach haid bond in the name of "The Village of Chesaning," as other cases, before any justice of the peace, or the circuit are of the county, according to the amount claimed, which have are hereby authorized to hear, try, and determine the

ARTICLE V.

OF THE PRESIDENT OF SAID VILLAGE.

- Sec. 1. The president shall be ex officio a member of the President; powers and of trustees, and have the power and be subject to the duties of.

 The duties and responsibilities of a trustee.
- Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the president to preside at the To preside at meetings of the board of trustees, call special meetings of the trustees.

 Trustees

 **T
- Sec. 3. The president shall preside at all elections held under At elections. Ad by virtue of this act.
- Sec. 4. The president shall see that all the by-laws, rules, To see that gulations and ordinances of said village are faithfully en-lations are carried out.

 Teed, and prosecute, in the name of "The Village of Chesa-

ning," all offenders against the same, and for all penaltic forfeitures incurred under the provisions of this act, or a any of the by-laws, rules, regulations or ordinances pass virtue thereof.

To receive reports.

Sec. 5. He shall receive and lay before the board of tru the official reports of all officers who may be required to such reports, and, in connection therewith, suggest the pe of such measures as, in his judgment, the necessities village may require.

To appoint certain offi-

Sec. 6. He shall appoint, by and with the consent (trustees, one clerk, one marshal, one treasurer, one as two or more fire-wardens, and such other officers as m necessary to carry out the provisions of this act, and \$ preservation and maintenance of the public peace and order, not otherwise provided for in this act: Provided, no officer so appointed shall hold his office for a longer than during the official term of the president so appoi him, or until his successor in office is appointed.

Proviso.

Sec. 7. The president shall inspect and have the super To have control of public control of the public property belonging to said village property. see that the same is properly cared for and kept in order.

ARTICLE VI.

OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Trustees to pass laws

- Sec. 1. The board of trustees shall have the control relative to—management of all the finances, and of all the real and sonal property belonging to the corporation, and shall ex and settle all accounts chargeable against the village.
 - Sec. 2. The board of trustees shall have full power, said village:

Duties of efficers.

1. To declare and define the powers and duties of the o of said village, whose powers and duties are not speci prescribed in this act.

Official bonds.

2. To determine the amount and sufficiency of the st in the official bonds of the treasurer, marshal, and such

ters as they shall deem proper to require security from, in discharge of official duty.

To provide for the care, custody, and preservation of the Public property.

To see that the several officers of the village perform their less faithfully and correctly, and that proper measures are to punish neglect of duty in any of them.

To purchase and keep in order, fire engines and other fire Fire engines.

paratus, and to make all needful rules and regulations for

safe keeping of the same, and to organize a fire depart
and define their duties, and prescribe penalties for their

aquencies.

To establish fire limits, within which no wooden building Fire limits.

The built, enlarged or placed; to regulate party walls, maneys, flues, and putting up stoves and stove-pipes; to regulate construction of smith shops, planing establishments, teries, and other buildings considered extra hazardous; to Fire buckets and against fires, and to compel the owners of lots, or owners occupants of buildings, in such portions of the village as y shall deem best, to provide one or more fire buckets, and regulate the keeping of the same.

- 7. To prevent vice or immorality; to preserve peace and good vice.

 Theres, restrain and close up all disorderly houses, houses of ill

 Theres, restrain and close up all disorderly houses, houses of ill

 There or licentiousness, gambling tables, or any other device or Gaming

 Therefore the same, and to punish the keepers of the same,

 There so kept in violation of any by-law, rule, regulation or or
 Thance of said village; to cause vagrants, idlers, disorderly vagrants.

 Thereons, mendicants, street beggars, common prostitutes,

 Thereons, and drunkards to be apprehended and punished.
- 8. To prevent the selling or giving away of spirituous or Liquors.
- 9. To prevent and punish immoderate riding or driving in Fast driving he streets, and to provide penalties for leaving teams in the streets unfastened.

Shows.

10. To license and regulate theaters, shows, traveling certs, auctioneers or auction sales, gift enterprises, has hucksters, peddlers and pawnbrokers, or prohibit them soliciting patronage of the community within the limits of village.

Nuisances.

11. To prevent and remove nuisances, and to punish p for committing the same.

Obstructions on walks.

12. To compel the owners or occupants of lots to de sidewalks in front of and adjacent thereto, of snow, ice, di every incumbrance or obstruction.

Gunpowder.

13. To regulate the storage of powder, naptha, nitro ine, combustible oils, lumber and other combustible m

Fire-arms.

14. To prevent the use of fire-arms, fire-works, slung metal knuckles and other weapons, and regulate the exh of fireworks.

Markets.

15. To regulate markets for the sale of poultry, vegetables, fruit, fish, hay, wood, lime and lumber.

Cattle.

16. To restrain horses, cattle, sheep, swine, mules, and animals, geese, and other fowls from going at large is streets of said village, under such penalties as they shall, by-laws prescribe, and to establish and maintain pour the restraint of such animals or fowls running at large lation of any by-law, rule, regulation or ordinance of a lage, and to make all needful rules and regulations f effective use of the same.

Dogs.

17. To prevent the running at large of dogs, to require to be muzzled, and to authorize their destruction, if for large in violation of any ordinance of said village.

Lamps.

18. To erect lamps, and cause the public grounds, and of the streets of said village as they shall deem proper lighted at such times as, in their judgment, the want interests of the village may require.

Building lines.

19. To establish lines upon which buildings may be a and beyond which such buildings shall not extend.

Unsafe buildings. 20. To prevent the erection and provide for the remoall buildings deemed unsafe.

- L. To regulate the placing and provide for the preservation Shade trees.
- To prohibit and regulate the bathing in any of the wa-Bathing.

 and to provide for cleansing Shiawassee river of driftd and other obstructions, and to preserve the salubrity of

 waters within the limits of said village.
- c. 3. The board of trustees shall be the commissioners of trustees to be commissioners ways within the limits of said village, and as such may exsioners of streets.

 c. all the powers that now are granted to commissioners of the and highways in the several townships of this State, ther with such other powers as may be necessary to carry the provisions of this act, and may appoint one or more there of streets and highways as they shall deem best.
- bc. 4. The board of trustees shall, upon the petition in writ- To order of a majority of the property-owners along the line of any any street. posed work, praying for the same, direct the building of pers along the line of, or order and superintend the grading my street, highway, alley, or lane in said village, and assess to assess cost and expenses thereof upon the lots lying on either lots benefit'd e of and adjoining the said work, in the proportion that the intage of each lot shall bear to the whole frontage of all the upon which the cost of said work is to be assessed; they all also have full power and authority to provide for making, instructing and repairing all sidewalks and cross-walks in mid village, and for paying the costs and expenses of the same assessment on the owners or occupants of the lots, lands and premises in front of which sidewalks may be directed to e made, constructed or repaired: Provided, That all assess-Proviso. tents for cross-walks shall be made upon the premises in the Mock adjacent to said cross-walks, from the corner to the center the front and side of said block.
- Sec. 5. The board of trustees may take the land of any indi-when may take private tidual for the purpose of constructing, widening or extending property.

 The board of trustees may take the land of any indi-when may take private property.

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Order fences removed.

Sec. 6. The board of trustees may, at any time duri year, exercise the power of ordering fences to be remove of opening, widening and extending any highway, street or lane within said village.

Power of, to make and repeal bylaws, etc.

Sec. 7. And for the purposes enumerated, or any of the for executing any of the powers conferred upon said be trustees by this act, the board of trustees may make, es and publish, modify, amend and repeal by-laws, rules, 1 tions and ordinances, and to prescribe such penalties or! they may deem proper for the violation of the same, not ing fifty dollars, or imprisonment in the county jail not to thirty days, or both, for any one offense, except as herein wise provided, and to enforce the same against any guilty of such violation, in any court having jurisdict such cases; but all such by-laws, rules, regulations and nances shall be published at least for two successive before the same shall be considered as of force, or t upon the inhabitants of said village.

Publication of by-laws.

ARTICLE VIL

OF THE CLERK OF SAID VILLAGE.

Clerk to make records.

Sec. 1. The clerk shall attend and act as such at all elections in said village, and all meetings of the board c tees, record their proceedings, file, preserve and keep all and papers belonging to said corporation and appertai his office, preserve and take charge of the corporat attend to the publication of all by-laws, ordinances, regulations and notices, as the board of trustees shall

To keep poll list.

Sec. 2. The clerk shall keep a poll list of every election under this act, and notify all persons of their elect appointment to office, within five days thereafter.

To give notice of election.

Sec. 3. The clerk shall give at least five days' notice time and place of holding elections under this act.

tifled copies of records.

To make cer- & Sec. 4. The books and papers in the office of said cler at all times, on demand, be produced for inspection to a ors and taxable inhabitants of said village; and upon c tender of fees at the rate of ten cents per folio therefor, hall make and furnish a certified copy, or transcript of paper or record filed or kept by him as such clerk; copies il papers duly filed in his office, and transcripts from the rds of the proceedings of the board of trustees, certified in under the corporate seal, shall be evidence in all courts is State in like manner as if the original were produced.

5. In case of the absence of the clerk from any of the clerk protein ings or elections at which he is required to officiate, his upon such occasions shall be performed by such person be board of trustees shall for the time designate.

ARTICLE VIII.

OF THE MARSHAL OF SAID VILLAGE.

village, and see that all by-laws, rules, regulations, and supervision of the village inances passed by the board of trustees of said village, cording to the provisions of this act, are enforced.

Sec. 2. He shall be ex officio constable and chief of police, To be chief of police. To be chief of police. It powers belonging to constables of any township of this lette, having power to enter into any disorderly or gaming lette, having power to enter into any disorderly or gaming lette, or dwelling house, or other building where he may have ped reason to believe a felon is secreted or harbored, and there any person who has committed a breach of the peace tay be, or where any felony or breach of the peace is being letted; to arrest disorderly persons or felons, and those letter of the peace of the township of Chesaning, who shall letter, try and determine the matter: Provided, That nothing in Proviso. It is act shall be construed into his serving process in civil cases, or in criminal cases for the violation of any general law of the late of Michigan.

Sec. 3. He shall have the power to compel the citizens to aid to compel aid at fires. extinguishing fires.

To be subject to control of trustees.

Sec. 4. The marshal shall at all times be subject to t pervision and control of the president and trustees, and whenever directed by the board of trustees, make con in writing, and on oath, before any justice of the peace! township of Chesaning, for any violation of the by-laws lations, or ordinances of said village, passed by virtue provisions of this act, whenever the violation complai shall have been done in view of said marshal.

To be collector of laxes.

Sec. 5. He shall be collector of taxes in said village shall have full power to collect the same, as provided article thirteen of this act.

To make report.

Sec. 6. He shall report in writing to the board of ta from time to time, as he may be required by resolution board of trustees, of all his actions and doings, by vi his office, which report shall be filed with the clerk village.

When may be removed

Sec. 7. The marshal may be removed from office by from office. jority vote of the board of trustees, for any refusal or 1 to comply with any lawful order or direction of the be trustees, or for gross neglect in the discharge of official but the cause of such removal shall in all cases be spi large upon the records of the village.

ARTICLE IX.

OF THE TREASURER OF SAID VILLAGE.

Treasurer.

Sec. 1. The treasurer shall receive all moneys belonging corporation, and disburse the same under the direction board of trustees.

How shall pay out

Sec. 2. He shall not pay any money on account of a lage, except upon a resolution of the board of trustees. an order signed by the president and countersigned clerk.

To keep record of expenditures

Sec. 3. The treasurer shall make and keep a correct receipts and account of all such receipts and disbursements, and last regular meeting of the board of trustees prior to the etion, and at any other time when called upon by a resolum of the board of trustees so to do, shall present to said and a report in writing, of all items of receipts and disburseints, with a statement of the debts, dues and demands of in corporation.

Sec. 4. The treasurer shall have full power to sell and con-To sell lands delinquent taxes, as provided for in for taxes.

ARTICLE X.

OF THE ASSESSOR OF SAID VILLAGE.

Sec. 1. The assessor shall have such powers, and discharge the Assessor. ties prescribed in articles fourteen and fifteen of this act, and afterm such other services as are provided for in said article.

ARTICLE XI.

OF VACANCIES IN OFFICE.

Bec. 1. A vacancy in the office of any of the officers of said vacancles in office.

lage (except president) shall be filled on the appointment of the president, ratified by the board of trustees; and the said pard of trustees shall, at their first regular meeting after each annual election, or at such other time as they may determine, lect from their number a president pro tempore, who shall, in the absence of the president, discharge all the duties, be subject to the like responsibilities, and exercise the same powers are in provided for in the office of president.

ARTICLE XII.

OF THE COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS.

- Sec. 1. The president and trustees shall not receive any com-Compensat'n specific for attendance at the regular meetings of the board of officers. trustees.
- Sec. 2. The officers of said village (except as provided in Ibid ection one of this article) shall receive such compensation as board of trustees shall, by resolution, direct.

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

ARTICLE XIII.

OF THE LIMIT OF TAXATION.

Trustees: power of, to raise taxes.

Sec. 1. The board of trustees shall have power to raise by general tax (but not including highway and poll tax, otherwin) provided for in sections two and three of this article) upon the taxable inhabitants of said village and the property therein liable to taxation, such sums of money as they shall deen Taxes limit'd proper, but not to exceed the sum of one-half of one per cent upon the assessed value of such property to defray the general expenses of the corporation, and to carry into effect the several powers and privileges of this act.

Highway

Sec. 2. The board of trustees shall have power to levy a highway tax upon the real and personal property liable to taration in said village, not exceeding in any one year the sum of one-half of one per cent. upon the assessed value of such property, to be expended exclusively upon highways, streets, allers and lanes of said village, as the board of trustees shall direct

Poll tax; who to pay.

Sec. 3. The board of trustees shall have power to levy and cause to be collected, in each and every year, a poll tax of one dollar upon every male inhabitant of said village of the age of twenty-one years and upwards, and not exceeding the age of fifty years, except paupers, idiots, lunatics, and others exempted by the laws of this State, and in article twenty-five of this act; and all moneys collected by virtue of this section shall be used and considered as a part of the highway fund.

Limit of highway taxes.

Sec. 4. No other highway tax shall be levied and collected in said village excepting those mentioned in sections two and three of this article; and the tax specified in said sections shall be included in and subject to the same proceedings as by this act are required to be had upon the general tax.

Special tax.

Proviso.

Sec. 5. The board of trustees may cause to be raised such further sum as they may deem necessary, not exceeding the sum of two per cent. upon the assessed value of property in said village, by special tax: Provided, That the consent of a major ity of the electors of said village authorized to vote, who sent and voting at an annual, or special meeting called for purpose, first be obtained.

- ec. 6. Before any tax for such further sum can be voted for Notice of meeting to ny meeting, a notice must be published by order of the vote on tax. It is not trustees, and signed by the clerk of said village, for the village newspapers, if there shall be any published in livillage, and by posting the same in at least six public tes in said village, stating that the meeting will be called a to vote for such tax, specifying the objects and the sum posed to be raised.
- ec. 7. The vote on any special tax shall be by ballot, which How vote labeled written or printed, or partly written and partly made. ated on the inside, the words "for the tax," or "against the ," and be deposited in a separate box, to be labeled "village ;" and all other proceedings had therein shall be the same provided for in this act for holding elections.
- Sec. 8. The proceedings for the assessing, apportioning, re-proceedings wing and collecting such tax so voted, shall be the same as tax, etc.

 see prescribed in this act for the raising of a general tax.

ARTICLE XIV.

OF THE ASSESSMENT OF TAXES.

- Sec. 1. The assessor of said village shall once in each year, Assessment or before the second Monday in May, make an assessment roll; containing a description of all the property, both real and sonal, liable to taxation in said village, and the name of owner or occupant, or agent thereof, if known, and the nest of all persons liable to pay a poll tax in said village, and liset down in such roll the valuation of such property at fair cash value, placing the value of real and personal perty in separate columns.
- lec. 2. The assessor, immediately after the completion of the Notice of essment roll, and before any tax shall be levied on the same, time for rell give ten days' notice by posting in at least six public ses in said village, that on a certain day, and in a certain

place in said village, therein named, he will review said assessment roll, and that any person or persons deeming themselves aggrieved by such assessment may be heard.

Corrections in.

Sec. 3. The assessor, at the time and place mentioned in midnotice, shall receive the complaints of any person or person deeming themselves aggrieved by such assessment, and if it shall appear that any person has been wrongfully assessed, the assessor shall then and there alter such assessment roll, as shall appear to him to be just and proper.

Assessor to certify to trustees.

Sec. 4. Immediately after the expiration of ten days, and review of the assessment roll as aforesaid, the assessor shall cutify the said roll, under his hand, to the board of trustees a said village.

Trustees to certify back to assessor

Sec. 5. The board of trustees shall thereupon, after an examination of said assessment roll, certify the same back to the assessor, with the amount of general, special, and highway tax to be raised, together with a particular description of the lots, and the amount to be raised on each of said lots, as a special assessment for work done, as provided for in section four, of article six of this act, which said certificate, endorsed on said assessment roll, shall be signed by the president and clerk of said village.

ARTICLE XV.

OF THE APPORTIONMENT OF TAXES.

Apportionment of taxes. Sec. 1. The assessor of said village shall, immediately after receiving the assessment roll, with the amount to be raised thereon, as provided in the preceding section, proceed to estimate, apportion and set down, in two separate columns, opposite to the several sums set down as the value of real and personal estate on the assessment roll, in proportion to the individual and particular estimate and valuation as specified thereon, the respective sums, in dollars and cents, as a general, special, and highway tax thereon; also, in a third column, opposite the particular description of individual lots, he shall set

vn the sums se rerally assessed on said lots, as an assessment special work done under section four, of article six of this , to be paid by the owner or owners, or parties interested in h real and personal estate; and shall also set down in a rth column, on said assessment roll, one dollar opposite the ne of every person liable to pay a poll tax in said village. Sec. 2. Immediately after apportioning the tax as provided Marshal; the preceding section, the assessor shall cause said assess-deliver roll nt roll, certified to under his hand, to be delivered to the rshal of said village, with a warrant annexed thereto under To collect hands of said assessor and the president of said village, secting and requiring him to collect from the several persons med in said roll, the several sums mentioned therein opposite air respective names as a tax or assessment, and authorizing m, in case any of them shall neglect or refuse to pay such ms, to levy the same by distress and sale of his, her or their Distress and ods and chattels, together with the costs and charges of such stress and sale, and directing him to pay such sums, when lected, to the treasurer of said village, by a certain day sein named, not more than forty days from the date of said rrant

Sec. 3. The president and assessor may renew said warrant warrant menewed me time to time, by direction of the board of trustees.

Sec. 4. Whenever any special tax shall be voted to be raised Basis of provided for in article thirteen of this act, the apportionnt of the same shall be based on the assessed value of the land personal estate as set down in the annual assessment L

ARTICLE XVI.

OF THE COLLECTION OF TAXES.

sec. 1. The marshal of said village shall, immediately after When marshal shall eiving the assessment roll with the warrant of the assessor proceed to collect taxes. reunto annexed, as provided for in section three of the preling article, proceed to collect the taxes as apportioned in d roll, and according to the provisions of said warrant.

Proceedings when persins

Sec. 2. If any person or persons shall 1 e or neglect to refuse to pay pay the sum or sums at which they shall be taxed or seem as aforesaid, the marshal shall proceed to levy the same by tress and sale of the goods and chattels of the persons wh are liable to pay the same, first giving public notice thereof is required by law to be given by township treasurers; and it case the goods and chattels so distressed shall be sold for me than the amount of the tax or assessment, with the charges of distress and sale thereon, the surplus shall be paid on demaid to the owner or owners of such goods and chattels.

When marshal may goods and chattels.

Sec. 3. In case any person upon whom any tax to be assessed levy and sell in said village for personal estate shall have removed out d said village after the assessment, and before such tax ought by law to be collected, it shall be lawful for the marshal to lay and collect such tax of the goods and chattels of the person » assessed, in any township within the county to which person shall have removed, or in which he shall reside.

When persons may be sued for taxes

Sec. 4. Whenever any tax which shall be assessed on personal property in said village shall be returned by the marshal for non-payment, under the provisions of this act, it shall be lawful for the marshal of said village to sue the person or persons against whom such tax was assessed, before any court of competent jurisdiction, and to have, use, and take all lawful ways and means provided by law for the collection of debts, to enforce the payment of such tax.

Return of unpaid taxes.

Sec. 5. In case the marshal shall be unable to collect the taxes assessed on any real estate, he shall make a return thereof, with the amount due and unpaid thereon, within ten days after the expiration of the time limited in the assessor's warrant to him for the collection of taxes, or in the renewal of the time thereof by the said assessor, as provided for in section three, of article fifteen of this act, to the treasurer of said village; and all taxes levied upon real estate, and all assessments made thereon, under and by virtue of the provisions of this act, shall be and remain a lien upon said real estate until the same is paid.

Sec. 6. The table of said village shall preserve, in books Treasurer to keep record of delinqu'nt lands returned of delinqu'nt lands.

Lim delinquent for taxes by the marshal, as provided in the saceding section; and if the same shall remain unpaid, to To sell lands at public and ther with interest at the rate of twenty per centum per annum auction.

The term of one year from the date of the warrant to the marshal as aforesaid, for term of one year from the date of the warrant to the marshal he shall cause so much of the land charged with such tax and assessment and interest, to be sold at public auction to the lighest bidder, as shall be necessary to pay the said tax, assessment, interest, and cost of sale thereof.

- Sec. 7. Before any land shall be sold for delinquent taxes, as to give notice stice of sale. Movided in the preceding section, the treasurer shall give notice to at least six weeks, by publication in a newspaper published as said village, if any such should be so published, and if not, then by posting up in at least three of the most public places a said village, of the time and place of sale, with a description of the land then and there to be sold for delinquent taxes.
- Sec. 8. The treasurer, on the day mentioned in said notice, Proceedings on day of the sale of said lands, and continue the same sale. From day to day until all is sold upon which there are taxes, seessments, and interest due and unpaid; and in selling such ands he shall sell so much of each description as will pay the axes, assessments, interest, and cost of sale, as aforesaid.
- Sec. 9. In case less than the whole of any description shall Portion of description e sold for the taxes, assessments, interest, and charges thereon, to be sold. he portion thereof sold shall be taken from the north side of ach description.
- Sec. 10. At the sale aforesaid, the treasurer shall give the Certificate of purchaser or purchasers of any such lands a certificate in riting, describing the land purchased, and the sum paid there, and the time when the purchaser or purchasers will be atitled to a deed of the said lands; and unless within one Conveyance. sar from the date of such sale, there shall be paid to the treasmer, for the use of the purchaser or purchasers, his, her, or seir heirs or as an use the sum mentioned in such certificate,

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together with the interest thereon, at the e of twenty pu centum per annum, from the date of such sees, the trees shall, at the expiration of said one year, execute to the p chaser or purchasers, his, her, or their heirs or assigns, a c veyance of the lands sold, which said conveyance shall, in all the proceedings previous to the sale of the land and en tion of the deed have been regular and according to law, w in the purchaser or purchasers, or to whomsoever it shall given, an estate in fee simple, and the said conveyance shall prima facie evidence of the regularity of all the proceeding connected therewith, from the valuation of the land by the assessor to the date of the deed inclusive, and of the title in the grantee therein named; and every such conveyance executed by the said treasurer, under his hand and seal, witnessed, * knowledged and recorded in the usual form, may be given in evidence in the same manner as other deeds of conveyance.

When may be used as evidence.

ARTICLE XVIL

OF THE REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS OF SAID VILLAGE.

Board of registration.

Sec. 1. The president, clerk, and one of the three trustes having the shortest term to serve, shall constitute the village board of registration.

Clerk to provide books.

Sec. 2. The clerk shall provide a suitable bound book, or register, at the expense of said village, so made and arranged as to conform with the laws of this State relating to the registration in the several townships thereof, to be kept by the said village clerk.

To make list of voters.

Sec. 3. The clerk of said village shall, at any time (except a provided for in this act) on demand, enter in its alphabetical order the name of any person entitled to vote in said village under the provisions of this act, with the date of such registration, and the residence of such person so demanding registration.

Day for completing and reviewing list of voters.

Sec. 4. On the last secular day next preceding the day for holding any regular or special election of said village, after the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, the said board

pegistration sh | be in session at such place in said village hey shall designate, for the purpose of revising and coming the list of qualified voters entitled to vote at the electhen next ensuing, during which session it shall be the of each and every person then actually residing in said inge, and who, at the then next approaching election, may be a **lified** elector, and whose name is not already registered, to his name entered in the register, which shall be done by clerk of said village; and after the close of said session, no shall be registered until after the close of the polls at Felection then next ensuing (except as provided by the laws this State guarding the purity of elections in the several mahips thereof).

ARTICLE XVIII.

OF ELECTIONS.

3ec. 1. The president, clerk, and one of the three trustees Election ose term of office will first expire, shall constitute the ction board.

Sec. 2. The members of said election board shall, before en-Oaths of ing upon the discharge of their official duty, take an oath affirmation, to be administered one to the other, to support constitution of the United States and of the State of Michm, and to faithfully and impartially discharge their duties as iges of election, and said election board shall constitute the ard of inspectors of election within the meaning of this act.

Sec. 3. At any election held under and by virtue of the pro- clerk to tions of this act, (except at the first election otherwise pro- of election ded for,) and before the polls shall be opened, the clerk of board. id village shall cause the register of electors of the village of . becaning to be placed in the hands of the election board, to by them during such election, and returned to the k of said village immediately thereafter, and they shall not wive the vote of any person whose name is not written erein

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

Township registration books to be used at first election.

village, under Sec. 4. At the first e l in ' on tration books of the town provisions of this act, the r of Chesaning of the qualific electors of said village, shall used with like force and eff as the register of the electors the village of Chesaning, provided for in this act.

Village registration not to interfere with that of township.

Sec. 5. The registration of electors provided for in this shall be used only for elections for village purposes, and a not be construed to interfere with the registration of electric or the elections of the township of Chesaning.

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Powers of board of registration.

Sec. 6. The board of registration and election in said villa shall exercise the same powers to preserve the purity of all tions as are now, or may hereafter be given by law to boards registration and election in the several townships in this State except as modified by the provisions of this act.

ARTICLE XIX.

OF PRIVATE LANDS TAKEN FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES.

Proceedings when private property is taken.

Notice to owner.

Sec. 1. Whenever the lands of any person shall be required by the board of trustees for any of the purposes named article six, section five of this act, within the limits of said lage, the board of trustees shall give notice in writing theres, by personal service, or by written notice posted up in three the most public places in said village, to the owner or parise interested in said lands, his, her or their legal representative, at least three weeks next preceding the meeting of said bom of trustees, of the intention of said board of trustees to the such land for the purposes aforesaid; and after publication @ service of such notice, the board of trustees are authorized treat with the owner or parties interested in said lands, his, he summoning or their legal representatives; and if, at the expiration of the time limited as aforesaid, for the publication or service of notice, the parties cannot agree therefor, it shall and may be lawful for the board of trustees to direct any justice of the

peace of the township of Chesaning to issue a venire facial,

to command the marshal of said village, or any constable of

of jury.

recunty of Sa 1 7, to summon and return a jury of twelve Interested freeholders, residing within said county, to apr before said justice at a time therein stated, to inquire into ijust compensation to be paid therefor to the owner or owners, , her or their legal representatives, which jury, being first Jury to worn by said justice, faithfully and impartially to in-damages. into] the just compensation to be made therefor, and hav-Eviewed the premises, if necessary, shall inquire of and assuch damages and compensation as they shall judge right I proper to be awarded to the owner or owners of, or parties irrested, his, her or their legal representatives therefor, for ir respective losses, according to the several interests or eses therein; and the said justice shall, upon the return of such essment or verdict, enter judgment therefor confirming the ne; and such sum or sums so assessed, together with the Compensat'n ts, shall be paid or legally tendered, before such land, owner. rands or premises shall be taken for the use of said village to person or persons, his, her or their legal representatives in ose favor the said judgment shall be rendered; it shall reupon be lawful for the board of trustees to cause the said d, ground or premises to be occupied and used for the rposes aforesaid.

damages as aforesaid, may have the right to remove such recedings by appeal to the circuit court for the county of pinaw, upon giving notice of his, her, or their intention to do, to said justice, in writing, within ten days; or, in case the absence of said party or parties from said village at the so of the rendition of said judgment, then within thirty days or the verdict of said jury and the judgment of said just, as aforesaid; and upon filing a transcript of the proceeds aforesaid, duly certified by said justice, within forty days or the verdict and judgment as aforesaid, in the circuit court the county of Saginaw, the same proceedings shall there on be had as is prescribed by law in other cases of appeal:

court shall not exceed the damages assessed before the mid justice, at least five dollars, then the party appealing shall per all costs occasioned by such appeal.

ARTICLE XX.

OF PUBLICATION.

Publication; how shall be construed.

Sec. 1. Whenever publication shall be required by virtue of the provisions of this act, and not herein otherwise provide for, it shall be construed to mean publication in the newspaper of said village, if any such shall be published therein, and not, then by posting up in at least three of the most publication in said village.

What to be deemed evidence of publication. Sec. 2. An affidavit of the publisher of the newspaper, when publication is made in said paper, or of the clerk of said village when publication is made by posting up, as provided for in this act, of notice of tax sale, or passage of any by-law, rule, regulation or ordinances of said village, or of any other notice required to be published by virtue of the provisions of this sale, shall be prima facie evidence of such publication.

ARTICLE XXI.

OF ANNUAL STATEMENT OF BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Annual statement.

Sec. 1. The board of trustees shall, at the expiration of each year, cause to be made out and published, a true statement, writing, of the finances of said village, exhibiting in detail it items of receipts and expenditures of the year, together with the estimated receipts and disbursements for the ensuing year.

ARTICLE XXII.

OF DEPUTIES.

Deputies.

Sec. 1. The board of trustees shall have power to appoint one or more deputy marshals, who shall be under the same restraints, exercise the same powers, and be bound by the same responsibilities as the marshal, duly appointed under the provisions of this act.

ARTICLE XXIII.

OF MONEYS COLLECTED BY THE MARSHAL.

- virtue of his office, except as herein otherwise provided, moneys to treasurer. hin twenty days after receiving the same, to the treasurer of a village.
- Lec. 2. The treasurer of said village shall give a receipt, in Treasurer to thing, signed by him as such treasurer, to the marshal, or person paying money to him on account of said village, mowledging the receipt of the same.

ARTICLE XXIV.

OF HIGHWAYS.

- dence and control of the commissioners of highways of the waship of Chesaning, except for the purpose of building, intaining and repairing the bridges across the Shiawassee wer within said village; the township of Chesaning and the Village to id village shall be deemed the township of Chesaning, as the township id township existed before the passage of this act, and shall purposes subject to the provisions of the general laws of this State, lative to the building, maintaining and keeping in repair such tidges, and in no case shall the said village be liable or bound build, maintain or keep in repair such bridges.
- Sec. 2. All moneys collected for highway purposes shall be Highway spt a fund separate and apart from the general fund, and no hept. The shall be appropriated or paid from said fund, except for ighway purposes.

ARTICLE XXV.

OF PRIVILEGES OF FIREMEN.

Sec. 1. Each member of the fire department, or an engine, Firemen to ok and ladder, bucket or hose company, duly organized by from politax e board of trustees, shall be exempt from poll tax, and shall vice.

so be excused from serving on juries.

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

ARTICLE XXVL

OF THE POWER TO BORROW MONEY.

Power to borrow money.

Sec. 1. The board of trustees of said village shall have pour to borrow money for public improvements, on the credit of side village, not exceeding one thousand dollars in any one year provided the same may be authorized as required in section, of article thirteen of this act.

ARTICLE XXVII.

OF THE SAGINAW COUNTY JAIL.

Corporation allowed use of county jail.

Sec. 1. The corporation shall be allowed the use of the common jail of the county of Saginaw for the imprisonment of any person liable to imprisonment under the provisions of this at or of any by-law, rule, regulation, or ordinance passed by intue thereof, and all persons so committed to said jail shall be under the charge of the sheriff as in other cases: Provide, The said county of Saginaw shall in no manner be chargeable with the cost and expenses of such imprisonment in civil cases.

Proviso.

ARTICLE XXVIII.

OF THE COMPETENCY OF CITIZENS.

Competency of citizens.

Sec. 1. No person shall be deemed an incompetent judge, witness or juror in any case in which said corporation is interested, by reason of his being an inhabitant of said village, or cept as provided for in article nineteen, section one of this act.

This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869. [No. 418.]

ACT to authorize the township of Portsmouth, in the county of Bay, to issue its bonds to aid in the construction of bridge across Saginaw river.

township board of the township of Portsmouth, in Bay be issued that, shall, upon a petition of thirty of the tax-paying electrons of said township, at such time as said township board may seignate, submit to the electors of said township the question loaning the bonds of said township for the purpose of building a bridge across Saginaw river; and if a two-thirds majority the voters, voting on said loan, shall vote in favor of said san, said board shall at a subsequent meeting or meetings bereof, issue the bonds of said township under the regulations satisfied in this act, to aid in the construction of a bridge stoss said Saginaw river: Provided, Said township board shall Proviso. These notices to be posted in four places in said township twenty lays previous to said election; also, said notice be printed in a lay City paper for three successive weeks.

Sec. 2. Such bonds shall be signed by the chairman and clerk By whom of said board, and may be issued to an amount not exceeding Amount of. Amount of. Ifteen thousand dollars, in sums not less than five hundred dollars each, bearing interest payable annually, at a rate not exceeding ten per centum per annum, represented by coupons in the usual form; the bonds shall be drawn to the order of the How drawn. Sompany to which they are loaned, and shall be made payable to more than twenty years after the date of the issue thereof.

Sec. 3. The township board of said township of Portsmouth Township hall loan said bonds under the regulations contained in this loan.

To, to the "Kossuth Street Bridge Company," the object of hid company being the construction of a bridge from the viluge of Portsmouth, across the Saginaw river, to the west bank as a said river; and said board may provide by taxation upon the Board to be all and personal property within said township of Portsmouth, payment of the payment of interest and principal when the same shall become due, said board being hereby authorized to levy and

collect whatever may be necessarily assessed for said purpose in the same manner provided for the levying and collecting of other taxes.

Board to receive security for payment of bonds.

Sec. 4. When said board shall have issued said bonds, before the delivery thereof, they shall receive such security for their payment at maturity by said company, and for the payment of the interest on said principal as it shall become due and payable, as shall be deemed satisfactory to said board.

When company shall receive bonds. Sec. 5. When said company shall have expended fifteen thousand dollars toward the construction of a bridge across the Saginaw river, as named in section three of this act, and not before, shall said township board issue and deliver to said bridge company, the whole amount of the bonds so voted.

Sec. 6. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 419.]

AN ACT to incorporate the village of New Buffalo, Berrien county.

Boundaries.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That all that tract of country situate within the township of New Buffalo, in the county of Berrien, in the State of Michigan, which is known and described as follows, to wit: The southeast quarter and north-east fractional quarter of section nine, all of section ten, according to the original survey of the same, and the west half of the north-west quarter and the west half of the south-west quarter of section eleven, of township eight south, of range twenty-one west, be and the same is hereby made and constituted a town corporate, by the name, style and title of the village of New Buffalo.

Elections

Sec. 2. The electors of said village shall meet at the school-house in said village on the second Monday in April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, and on the first Monday in

March annually thereafter, at such place within the limits of said corporation as shall be designated by the president and trustees, and there, by ballot, shall elect by a plurality of votes, one person to be president of said village; three persons shall officers and in like manner be elected trustees, who shall hold their offices offices. for the term of one year; three persons shall also be elected trustees, who shall also hold their offices for the term of two years; one person shall be elected recorder, who shall hold his office for the term of two years; one person shall be elected treasurer, one person shall be elected marshal, and one person shall be elected assessor, who shall hold their offices for the term of one year; and annually thereafter, a president, treasurer, marshal, and assessor shall be elected, who shall hold their offices for one year, and three trustees shall be so elected, who shall hold their offices two years; and biennially after said first election shall be elected one recorder, who shall hold his office for the term of two years; but if an election of president and trustees shall not be made on the day when, pursuant to this act, it ought to be made, the said corporation shall not for that cause be dissolved, and it shall be lawful to hold such election at any time thereafter, public notice being given as prescribed by this act for the holding of the regular election. The president and the three trustees thus elected, together village with the three trustees whose term of office is unexpired, shall to constitute constitute a village board, and a majority of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and a less number may adjourn from time to time. The president shall Duties of also be the chief executive officer of the village; he shall preside at all the meetings of the board, and it shall be his duty to see that all the officers of said village faithfully discharge their duties, and in case of his absence or inability to serve, the trustees shall have power to elect from their own number a president pro tem., who shall, in the absence of, have all the powers and perform all the duties of the president.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of George F. Collett, for the first Notice of election under this act, and of the recorder for all subsequent 160-

Polis; when to be open'd and closed.

elections, to give at least five days' notice of the time and place of holding an election, either by posting written or printed notices in five of the most public places in said village, or by causing the same to be published in some newspaper printed in the village; and at all elections the polls shall be opened between the hours of nine and ten o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue open until three o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, and no longer; and at the close of the polls the ballots shall be counted, and a true statement of the result thereof proclaimed to the electors present, and the recorder shall make a true record thereof, and within five days give notice to the persons elected, who shall enter upon their duties on the following Monday.

First election.

Board of inspectors.

Duties of.

Judges and clerk of election.

Powers of

Sec. 4. At the first election to be holden under this act in said village, there shall be chosen by the qualified electors then present, from among their number, two judges and one clerk of said election, who, together, shall constitute the board of inspectors thereof, each of whom shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take an oath before some person authorized to administer oaths, that he will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties thereof. The said board shall conduct the said election, and certify the result thereof; and at all subsequent elections the president and one or more trustees shall be judges of the election, and in case of the absence of the president, or his inability to serve, any two or more of the trustees shall be such judges, and the recorder of the village, or his substitute, shall be clerk of the election; and the judges and clerk shall take an oath, to be administered by either of the others, to faithfully and honestly discharge their duties as judges and clerk of such election; and said board shall have such power to preserve the purity of the elections, and conduct the canvass thereafter in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be given to township boards of election by general laws of this State.

Sec. 5. The president, and every other officer elected under to take oath. the provisions of this act, before he enters upon the duties of

his office, shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation, which may be administered by any trustee or other person authorized to administer oaths, to support the constitution of the United States and of this State, and that he will faithfully discharge the duties of his office, according to the best of his ability, a record of which oath or affirmation shall be made and kept by the recorder, who shall attend all meetings of the board, keep a fair and accurate record of their proceedings, and perform such other duties as shall be assigned him by this act, and by the by-laws and ordinances of the village.

Sec. 6. The president and trustees of said village shall be a Body corporate and politic, with the same powers as township politic. boards, in addition to those granted by this act, under the name of the president and trustees of the village of New Buffalo, and may have a common seal, which they may alter at pleasure, and may purchase and hold real estate for the use of said village, and at any time sell and convey the same, and may sue and be sued, defend and be defended in any court; but when any suit shall be commenced against the corporation the same shall be commenced by summons, an attested copy of which shall be served upon the president of the village, at least six days before the return thereof: *Provided*, That in case such Proviso. summons cannot, for any reason, be served upon the president, it may be served on any one of the trustees.

Sec. 7. The president and trustees shall have power to ordain Trustees and establish by-laws, rules and regulations, and the same to laws relative alter and repeal at pleasure, for the following purposes, viz:

For the preservation and maintenance of the corporate property public property. and public places and buildings of said village; to regulate the police thereof; to preserve the public peace; to prevent riots, Riots. disturbances, and disorderly assemblages; to appoint watchmen and policemen, and organize a fire department and define their duties, and prescribe penalties for their delinquencies; to Vagrants. restrain, apprehend, and punish vagrants, mendicants, drunkards, and all disorderly persons; to punish lewd and lascivious behavior in the streets and other public places; to suppress

Disorderly houses.

Tavern keepers.

Liquors.

Houses of ill-fame.

Clearing of sidewalks.

Powder.

Pounds.

Dogs.

Hydraulic works.

Boundaries of streets.

and restrain disorderly and gaming houses, and other devices and instruments of gaming; and shall have the exclusive power and authority to license such persons as tavern-keepers and common victualers, as they shall think best, (but no license shall be in force except during the life of the board granting it); to prevent the selling or giving away of spirituous or fermented liquors to drunkards, minors, or apprentices; to prevent and punish immoderate riding or driving in the streets; to abate, prevent, and remove nuisances; to suppress all disorderly houses and houses of ill-fame, and to punish the keepers and inmates thereof; to prevent and compel the removal of all incumbrances, encroachments, and obstructions upon the streets, walks, lanes and alleys, parks and public grounds; to compel the owners or occupants of lots to clear sidewalks in front of and adjacent thereto, of dirt, mud, boxes, and every incumbrance or obstruction thereto; to regulate the storage of powder, lumber, or other combustible material; to prevent the use of fire-arms, slung-shots, and other weapons and fire-works; to regulate the sale of hay, wood, lime, and lumber; to maintain, and regulate pounds, and provide for the restraint of horses, cattle, sheep, swine, mules, and other animals, geese and other poultry; to prevent the running at large of dogs, to require them to be muzzled, and to authorize their destruction if found at large in violation of any ordinance; to construct hydraulic works to supply the village with water; to establish wells and cisterns, and prevent the waste of water; to borrow money for public improvements, not exceeding one thousand dollars in any Cemeteries, one year; to purchase ground for and regulate cemeteries and the burial of the dead, and to provide for the return of bills of mortality, and to order the use for burial purposes of any burial ground or cemetery to be discontinued, whenever they shall deem the same necessary for the best interests or health of the citizens; to ascertain, establish and settle the boundaries of all the streets and alleys, and to establish the grades therefor; to regulate the building of partition fences; to prevent the erection of buildings in an unsafe manner, and to pass all necessary

regulations relative to buildings deemed unsafe; to regulate Hazardous buildings. the construction of smiths' shops, planing establishments, bakeries, and all other buildings considered extra hazardous; to guard against fires; to regulate the duties, powers, and fees of the village officers; to prescribe the setting of posts and shade trees; to provide for the construction of sidewalks, and Sidewalks. repairing the same; to grade the walks, streets, alleys, and to prescribe the manner of planking or paving them, the cost and expense of which to be paid by assessment on the lots in front or adjoining which either or all of such improvements shall be made, but not otherwise; but no one of said improvements, except paving, shall be made, unless the individuals owning onehalf of the property to be assessed for the same improvements shall petition the president and trustees for that purpose; to Highways. construct and keep in repair the public highways, bridges, culverts and sewers; to lay out new streets and alleys, and extend those already laid out, under the restrictions provided in this act; to vacate streets and alleys; to prescribe the levying and collecting of the highway and other taxes; to provide for the taking of a census whenever they shall see fit; to tax and regu-Theatres. late theatres, shows, and concerts; to regulate and tax, at their Auctions. discretion, auctioneers, or auction sales, gift enterprises, hawkers, hucksters, peddlers and pawnbrokers; to rail and curb, when Railing necessary, all walks, at the expense of the owners of the adjoining lots; to levy taxes, not exceeding one per cent. upon the as-Levying sessed valuation thereof, exclusive of school and highway taxes, on all personal and real estate within the limits of the village, except property belonging to the village, town, county or State, excepting also, places of public worship belonging to any church or congregation, and all grounds or buildings used exclusively for educational purposes; to take the lands of any individual Taking for the purpose of constructing, widening, or extending streets, property. but not until said individual shall be paid the value thereof, and of all buildings upon said lands, and all damages he will sustain, as provided for in this act. For the violation of any by-Fines and laws, rules and regulations, such reasonable penalties and fines

may be imposed by the law itself as the president and trustees may deem proper; and when any fine or penalty shall not exceed one hundred dollars, the same may be recovered before any justice of the peace in the township of New Buffalo; and any interest the inhabitants of the village of New Buffalo, as a corporate body, may have in the fine and penalty to be recovered, shall not disqualify any inhabitant of said village to try such cause, or serve as juror, or be a witness therein; and the circuit court of the county shall also have jurisdiction over all fines and penalties imposed by said by-laws.

Citizens to be compet'nt

as jurors.

Taxes to be a lien on property.

Sec. 8. All taxes levied upon real estate, and all assessments made thereon, for opening, widening, extending, paving, grading, planking or repairing a street or alley, or making and repairing sidewalks, shall remain a lieu upon said estate until paid.

Annual statement.

Sec. 9. The president and trustees shall, at the expiration of each year, cause to be made out and published in some newspaper printed in said village, if one shall be printed therein, and if one is not printed, then to be posted on the outward door of the building where the last annual election was held in said village, a true statement, exhibiting in detail all items of receipts and expenditures of the preceding year.

When bylaws, etc., shall take effect. Sec. 10. No by-laws or ordinances of said corporation shall have any effect until the same shall have been published three weeks successively in a newspaper printed in said village, or by written notices posted up in three of the most public places in said village; and an affidavit of said publication in the manner aforesaid, entered at large on the records of the corporation by the recorder thereof, or the publisher of the paper, if it be printed, shall be deemed *prima facie* evidence of such publication.

Assessment roll.

Sec. 11. It shall be the duty of the president and trustees, once in each and every year, and immediately after the assessor has assessed the real and personal estate lying and being in said village, to estimate, apportion and set down, in a column left for that purpose, opposite to the several sums set down

as the polls and value of real and personal estate in the assessment roll, the respective sums, in dollars and cents, to be paid as a tax or assessment thereon, but not until they shall Notice of first give ten days' notice, by publishing thereof, of the time reviewing. and place of reviewing said assessment roll, under the supervision of the president and assessor, that any party deeming himself aggrieved may be heard; and the roll may then and there be altered, if it shall be made to appear that any person has been wrongfully assessed; and then they shall cause said Marshal to assessment roll, or a copy thereof, to be delivered to the marshal of said village, with a warrant annexed to the same, under the hands and seals of said assessor and trustees, or a majority of them, directing and requiring him to collect from the several persons named in said roll, the several sums mentioned therein, set opposite their respective names, as the tax or assessment, and authorizing him, in case any of them shall refuse or neglect to pay such sums, to levy the same by distress and sale of his or her goods and chattels, together with the costs and charges of such distress and sale, and directing him to pay such money, when collected, to the treasurer of said village, by a certain day therein named, not less than forty days from the date of said warrant, and said warrant may be renewed from time to time, as the trustees may deem best; and when any special asassessment shall be made for any special improvement, it shall be legal. be legal, even if it is not made at the time of making the yearly list, notice being given and a meeting being held for the review of said assessment, as herein provided.

Sec. 12. If any person shall refuse or neglect to pay the sum Proceedings or sums at which he shall be taxed or assessed as aforesaid, refusal to the marshal is hereby authorized and required to levy the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person who ought to pay the same, first giving public notice thereof as required by law to be given by township treasurers; and in case the goods and chattels distressed shall be sold for more than the amount of tax or assessment, with the charges of dis-

pay taxes.

tress and sale, the surplus shall be paid to the owner of such goods and chattels, on demand.

Real estate; taxes on.

When may be sold at auction.

Notice of sale.

Sec. 13. The tax upon real estate, with the assessments, for the purpose named in the eighth section of this act, shall be put down in said assessment roll by itself in a column; and whenever any such tax or assessment, and the interest thereon, which shall be computed at the rate of ten per centum per annum until paid, shall remain unpaid for one year from the date of the warrant to the marshal as aforesaid, the treasurer of said village shall cause so much of the land charged with such taxes and assessment, and interest, to be sold at public auction, at some public place in said village, to the highest bidder, as shall be necessary to pay the said taxes and assessments, and interest, together with all charges thereon, first giving at least seven weeks' notice of the time and place of such sale, by advertisement posted up in three of the most public places in said village, or by causing the same to be published in a newspaper in said village; and an affidavit of such publication, recorded in the manner prescribed in the tenth section of this act, shall be deemed prima facie evidence of the fact of such publication.

Proceedings on day of sale.

Certificate of purchase.

Sec. 14. On the day mentioned in said notice, the said treasurer shall commence the sale of said lands, and continue the same from day to day until so much thereof shall be sold as will pay the taxes and assessments as aforesaid, with the interest and charges due, assessed and charged thereon as aforesaid; and the said treasurer shall give to the purchaser or purchasers of any such lands, a certificate in writing, describing the lands purchased and the sums paid therefor, and the time when the purchaser will be entitled to a deed of said lands; Conveyance, and unless within one year from the date of the sale thereof, there shall be paid to the treasurer, for the use of the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, the sum mentioned in such certificate, together with the interest thereon, at the rate of twentyfive per centum per annum, from the date of such certificate, the treasurer, or his successor in office shall, at the expiration

of said one year, execute to the purchaser, his heirs and assigns, a conveyance of the lands so sold, which conveyance shall vest in the person or persons to whom it shall be given an estate in fee simple, except it may appear that the tax or taxes have been paid, subject to all the claims the State may have thereon; and the said conveyance shall be prima facie evidence that the sale and all things pertaining thereto was regular, according to the provisions of this act; and every such conveyance executed When may by the said treasurer, under his hand and seal, witnessed and evidence. acknowledged, and recorded in the usual form, may be given in evidence in the same manner, and with like effect as a deed regularly executed and acknowledged by the owner, and duly recorded, may be given in evidence.

Sec. 15. The treasurer of said village shall receive the same Fees of fees in cases of sale as aforesaid, and conduct the sale in like manner as provided by law for the county treasurer for like services; and the expenses of advertising any land for sale in pursuance of this act, shall, by the treasurer, be added to such taxes, respectively, as are charged upon lands and unpaid, in proportion to the amount of such person's tax as charged and unpaid.

Sec. 16. No money shall be drawn from the treasury except Money; how by appropriation of the president and trustees, and orders treasury. directing the payment of any and all sums of money shall specify the object and purpose of the same, and the fund from which it is to be paid, and shall be signed by the recorder and countersigned by the president.

Sec. 17. No member of the board of trustees, during his Trustees not continuation in office, shall become security for the perform-security or ance of any official act or duty to be done or performed by any in any conperson elected or appointed to any office under the provisions of this act; and during the term for which he may be elected a member of said board, he shall not be interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract or purchase, the expense or consideration whereof is to be paid out of the village treasury.

Highway fund; how kept. Sec. 18. All money assessed and raised for highway purposes, shall be kept a fund separate and distinct from the general fund, and no money shall be appropriated or paid from such highway fund except for highway purposes.

Officers to give bond.

Sec. 19. The president and trustees may and shall require of any of the officers appointed or elected under the provisions of this act, such security, by bond, for the performance of the duties of their respective offices, as shall be thought expedient, which bond shall run to the president and trustees of the corporation and their successors in office, and suit may be brought for any breach of said bond as in other cases, before any justice of the peace of the township of New Buffalo, or the circuit court of the county of Berrien, according to the amount claimed, which courts are hereby authorized to hear, try and determine the same.

Justices of the peace; powers and duties of

Sec. 20. Any justice of the peace of the township of New Buffalo shall have full power and authority, and is hereby authorized and empowered to hear, try and determine any cause which may arise under this act, and for that purpose to hold a court in and for said village of New Buffalo, and shall have cognizance of all matter arising under and by virtue of this act, and the by-laws and ordinances of the president and trustees, and shall have jurisdiction to hear complaints, to conduct examinations in criminal and civil cases, and to try offenses which may hereafter arise within the corporate limits of said village of New Buffalo, in like manner and with like effect as may be done by the general laws of this State, and with like fees; and all processes shall be tested and made returnable, and the proceedings shall be conducted in the like manner as prescribed for justices of the peace by the laws of this State, and appeals may be taken from judgments rendered, in the same time and in the same manner as provided in other cases.

Marshal.

To be chief

of police.

Sec. 21. The marshal shall have the general supervision of the village, and see that the laws are enforced, and by virtue of his office shall be high constable and chief of the police, with the powers belonging to the constables of any township, having power to enter into any disorderly or gaming house, or to enter dwelling house, or any other building where he may have good houses. reason to believe that a felon is secreted or harbored, and where any person [is] who has committed a breach of the peace, or where any felony or breach of the peace is being committed; to arrest disorderly persons and felons, and those engaged in to arrest unlawful assemblages, and take them before any justice of the peace of the township of New Buffalo, (who shall hear and determine the matter, on proof, in a summary way); to compel the citizens to aid in extinguishing fires; to serve all processes issued in pursuance of this act, or any by-law of said village; to appoint deputies, with powers similar to his own: Provided, Proviso. That nothing in this act shall be construed into his serving processes issued by justices of the peace in civil cases.

Sec. 22. The marshal shall at all times be subject to the con-To be subject to control of trol and supervision of the president and trustees in the distrustees. charge of his official duties, and he may be removed from office by a majority of their whole number, for any refusal or neglect to comply with their orders and directions, or for any gross neglect in the discharge of other official duties, but the cause of such removal shall in all cases be made a matter of record by them.

Sec. 23. A vacancy in the office of recorder, marshal, treas-vacancies; urer or assessor, or either of them, whether by death, resignation or otherwise, shall be filled for the unexpired term, by appointment, to be made by the president and trustees; and any vacancy in the number of trustees shall be filled in the same manner.

Sec. 24. The president and trustees shall each receive, as Compensation compensation for services, at the rate of one dollar per day for of officers. The time they are actually employed. The marshal shall receive such salary as the president and trustees may prescribe, not exceeding the sum of fifty dollars in each year, which shall be full compensation for all services rendered by him. The recorder, treasurer and assessor, shall each receive such compensation as the president and trustees shall direct.

Corporation allowed use of county jail.

Sec. 25. The corporation shall be allowed the use of the common jail of the county of Berrien for the imprisonment of any person liable to imprisonment under the by-laws or ordinances of said corporation, and all persons so committed to said jail shall be under the charge of the sheriff, as in other cases: Provided, The county shall in no manner be chargeable with the costs and expenses of such imprisonment in civil cases.

Proviso.

Firemen to be exempt from poll tax and jury service.

Sec. 26. Each member of the fire department, or of an engine, hook and ladder, bucket or hose company, duly organized by the president and trustees, shall be exempt from poll tax or serving on juries; and the president and trustees may pass such laws as they may deem proper to prevent or extinguish fire, and to annex penalties for the violation thereof, and to compel the assistance of the citizens to aid in extinguishing any fire.

Trustees to be com'rs of streets.

To appoint overseers of highways.

Proviso.

Ibid.

Sec. 27. The president and trustees shall be the commissioners of streets and highways, and, within the limits of the vilspecial expenditure for the laying out, opening, working or im-

lage, shall have the same power and perform the same duties as now by law belong to commissioners of streets and highways in the several townships of the State; and shall appoint the overseers of highways to repair and keep in order the highways, streets and alleys, and shall cause a tax to be levied and collected as taxes usually are for constructing and repairing roads in the different townships, and shall have exclusive control of the highway moneys levied and collected in the village: Provided, That their power to order fences to be removed, and remove such fences themselves, and to open, widen and extend streets and highways, shall not be restricted between the first day of April and the first day of November in each year, but they may exercise such power at any time during the year: And provided further, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to exempt any person or property within said village from any township tax that may be legally levied within and for the township of New Buffalo, for the repairing, building or rebuilding of any bridge within said township, or for any proving any highway of said township, or for any damage for which said township may become liable, by reason of any neglect in keeping any bridge or public highway in proper repair.

Sec. 28. The lands within the limits of the corporation of School district the village of New Buffalo, and such contiguous territory as is described. or may hereafter be thereto annexed for school purposes, shall constitute a single school district, and be known and designated as "school district number one of the township of New Buffalo," and such district shall have all the powers and privileges conferred upon school districts by general law:

First. At the annual meeting of said district, to be held on Board of the first Monday of September, one thousand eight hundred when elected and sixty-nine, the qualified voters thereof shall elect by ballot six trustees, two each for one, two, and three years, who shall, together, constitute a district board of education; and annually thereafter, in the same manner, they shall elect two trustees, who shall hold their offices three years, and until their successors shall have been elected and qualified; and also, at the same time and in the same manner, shall fill all vacancies that may exist in said board;

Second. Within ten days after each annual meeting, the trus-officers of tees thus elected shall meet and elect from their own number a president, secretary and treasurer, whose powers and duties shall be the same as those conferred upon and required of the moderator, director and assessor of school districts in this State, except so far as the same are increased or modified by the provisions of this act, or by former special acts passed for the benefit of said district. Said board shall have the power to fill any and all vacancies that may occur in their number, until the next annual meeting;

Third. Said board shall have the power to hire any and all Powers and necessary teachers for the several schools of said district, and fix the amount of their compensation; and all teachers employed by said board shall be considered as legally qualified, without examination by any school inspector or other officer; to

Proviso.

classify and grade said schools, and determine the ages and qualifications for admission thereto: *Provided*, No scholars otherwise entitled to admission, and between the ages of five and eighteen, shall be excluded therefrom; to adopt courses of study and text books for the use of said schools, and to enact such rules and by-laws as may be necessary for the preservation of all the property belonging to said district, for the government of the schools, and in reference to all business connected therewith, and also to levy and collect such sums as they may deem proper for the tuition of each and every scholar taught in said district who is not actually a resident thereof;

How school money shall be levied.

Fourth. The qualified voters of such district may, by vote, at the annual meeting, or at any special meeting called for that purpose, raise by tax on the taxable property of the district, such sums as shall be necessary to make the several schools of the district free of tuition in English branches to the resident scholars thereof;

Non-resident scholars.

Fifth. The treasurer of said district shall have the power, in the name of the district, to collect all moneys due for the tuition of scholars who are not actually residents thereof, by suit at law, under the direction of the said district board;

Board to publish its rules and by-laws. Sixth. The said board shall publish the rules and by-laws they may from time to time enact, by posting them wherever a school is held and kept in said district, and the secretary of said board shall also record the same in a book to be kept for that purpose;

Fine for refusal to serve.

Proviso.

Seventh. Every person elected to the office of trustee of said district, who, without sufficient cause, shall neglect or refuse to serve therein, shall ferfeit for the use of said district the sum of ten dollars: Provided, That no person shall be compelled to serve two terms successively; and the said board shall have power to make all needful rules and regulations relative to its proceedings, and to punish, by fine, not exceeding five dollars for each offense, any member of the board who may, without sufficient cause, absent himself from any meeting thereof, said penalties to be collected as the board may direct.

Sec. 29. All moneys received for licenses granted to tavern-All license money to keepers or common victualers under the provisions of this act, be paid to treasurer. shall be paid to the treasurer of said district, to be applied to the support and maintenance of schools therein.

Sec. 30. This act shall be favorably construed and received Public act. in all courts as a public act, and copies thereof, printed under the authority of the Legislature, shall be received as evidence without further proof.

Sec. 81. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 420.]

AN ACT to incorporate the village of White Pigeon.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Boundaries all that tract of land situated in the township of White Pigeon, county of St. Joseph, and State of Michigan, included within the following boundaries, to wit: Commencing at a point in the east and west quarter line of section one, town eight south, of range twelve west, where the said line is intersected by the east line of the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana railroad, running thence south and east along the line of said railroad until it intersects the north and south quarter line running through sections six and seven, town eight south, of range eleven west, thence north to the east and west quarter line of section six, thence west along quarter line of section six and one aforesaid, to place of beginning, be and the same is hereby constituted a village corporate under the name of the village of White Pigeon.

Sec. 2. The following officers of the corporation shall be officers. elected by the qualified electors of said village, at the village election to be held on the second Tuesday in April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, and annually thereafter:

Proviso.

One president, one recorder, one treasurer, one assessor, one marshal, and six trustees: *Provided*, That if an election of such officers shall not be made on said second Tuesday in April, it shall be lawful to hold such election at any time, by giving notice thereof as provided in this act.

Body corporate and politic.

Sec. 3. The president and trustees of said village shall be a body corporate and politic, under the name of the common council of the village of White Pigeon, and by that name they and their successors shall be known in law, and are hereby made capable of suing and being sued, of pleading and being impleaded, of answering and being answered unto, and of defending and being defended in all courts of law or equity, and in all other places whatever; and may have a common seal, and may alter and change the same, and by the same name are hereby made capable of purchasing, holding, conveying, and disposing of any real or personal estate for said village.

Common council to appoint overseers of highways. Sec. 4. The common council shall appoint annually an overseer or overseers of highways, and all such other officers whose election is not herein specially provided for, as they may deem necessary to carry into effect the powers granted by this act, and may prescribe their duties, but any such appointment shall be made at a regular meeting of the common council.

All officers to be electors.

Sec. 5. No person shall be elected or appointed to any office created by this act, unless at the time of such election or appointment he shall be an elector of said village, and shall have resided in said village three months next preceding his election.

Officers to take oath and file security.

Sec. 6. All officers elected under the provisions of this act, and all officers appointed by the common council, shall, within ten days after notice of their election or appointment, take and subscribe before some officer authorized to administer oaths, the oath of office prescribed by the constitution of this State, and file the same with the village recorder; and every such officer, before he enters upon the duties of his office and within the time limited for filing his official oath, shall file with the village recorder such security for the due performance of the duties of his office as may be required by law or by any order

of the common council, and to be approved by the common council.

- Sec. 7. All officers elected or appointed in pursuance of the Terms of provisions of this act shall enter upon the duties of their offices immediately upon filing the required oath and security. All officers elected to fill a vacancy shall hold for the residue of the unexpired term thereof, and until their successors are elected and qualified; and all officers appointed by the common council shall hold their office not to exceed one year or until the same expires by its terms of appointment, or until the common council revoke their appointment or accept the resignation of such officer.
- Sec. 8. The common council shall have power to remove Power of from office any officer appointed by them for any violation of remove officers. the provisions of this act, or of any ordinance or by-law of said village, or for refusing to perform the lawful requirements of said council, but such removal shall not exonerate any such officer or his sureties from any liability incurred.
- Sec. 9. If any officer elected or appointed to any office of the what deem-corporation shall neglect to file their oath of office as in this to serve. act directed, or shall neglect to file an official bond when the same is required, within the time herein specified, such neglect may be deemed a refusal to serve, and the common council may proceed immediately to cause such office to be supplied as in case of a vacancy.
- Sec. 10. In case a vacancy shall occur in the office of presi-vacancy in dent, the same may be supplied by a special election; and in all president other ceases of vacancy the same may be supplied by appointment by the common council for the unexpired term.
- Sec. 11. The inhabitants of said village, being electors under who deemed qualified the constitution of the State of Michigan, and no others, shall electors. be qualified electors under this act; and each person offering to vote at any election held by virtue of this act, if challenged by an elector of said village, shall, before his vote shall be received, take one of the oaths provided by law to be administered in case

of challenge at general and special elections in this State, the word village instead of township being used in the oath.

Time of holding elections.

Sec. 12. After the first election, the annual village election shall be held on the first Tuesday in March in each year, and special elections may be held at such times as the common council shall, by resolution entered upon their records, designate.

Notice of.

Sec. 13. Notice of the time and place of holding any election shall be given by the village recorder five days before such election, by posting such notice in three public places in said village, and by publishing the same in a newspaper, if there be one printed in said village; and in case of a special election, such notice shall set forth the purpose and object of the election as fully as the same is set forth in the resolution appointing such election; and on the day of election held by virtue of this act, the poll shall be opened at nine o'clock in the forenoon and close at four o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

Inspectors and clerks of election.

Sec. 14. The common council or any two of its members shall be the board of inspectors of election, and the recorder of said village shall be the clerk of such board; if the recorder be absent, the board may appoint a clerk.

Proceedings at elections.

Sec. 15. It shall be sufficient to keep but one poll list at any election held for said village; and when the inspectors holding any election shall have completed the canvass of votes, they shall thereupon certify and declare in writing the whole number of votes given for each office, the names of the persons for whom such votes for each office were given, and the number of votes so given to each person, and shall file such certificate in the office of the recorder of said village, before ten o'clock in the forenoon of the next day after said election, together with the poll list and box or boxes containing all the ballots cast at said election; and within twenty-four hours after such certificates shall have been so filed, the common council shall convene at their usual place of meeting, and then determine what persons are elected to the several offices respectively, and cause such determination to be entered upon their records; and if any

officer shall not have been chosen by reason of two or more Tie; how candidates having received an equal number of votes, the common council shall determine by lot which of such persons shall be elected.

- Sec. 16. It shall be the duty of the village recorder, within Recorder to five days after the meeting and determination of the common sons of their election. council, as provided in section fifteen, to notify each person elected of his election, and also within five days after the common council shall appoint any person to any office, the recorder shall notify such person of such appointment.
- Sec. 17. The expenses of all elections to be held as provided Expenses of by this act shall be chargeable to said village, and paid as other how paid. contingent expenses.
- Sec. 18. It shall be the duty of the president to preside at Village omall meetings of the common council, and he shall be the chief and duties executive officer of the village. It shall be his duty to cause President to the appointed officers of said village to comply with and faith-cers perform fully discharge their official duties, and cause all laws pertaining to the municipal government of said village, and all ordinances, resolutions and regulations of the common council to be observed and executed, and to exercise supervision and control over the conduct of such officers as may be appointed by the common council, and to examine all complaints against them for neglect of duty; to recommend to the common coun- To maintain cil such measures as he shall deem expedient, to expedite such good order. as shall be resolved upon by them, and in general to maintain the peace and good order and advance the prosperity of the village; and whenever in his opinion the peace and safety of the inhabitants of the village require it, he may at any time appoint one or more policemen or watchmen, who shall be conservators of the peace, and who shall have the same power to make arrests and suppress disturbances as is conferred by this act upon the village marshal.
- Sec. 19. It shall be the duty of every trustee in said village Trustees. to preside at elections when necessary, to attend the regular and special meetings of the common council, to vote upon all

motions, to act upon committees when thereunto appointed by the president, and to assist the president in maintaining peace and good order, and in advancing the prosperity of the village.

Recorder to keep books, papers, etc.

tifled copies

of records.

Sec. 20. The village recorder shall safely keep the corporate seal and all books, papers, and files belonging to said village, and shall make a record of the proceedings of the common council, whose meetings it shall be his duty to attend, and shall make a record of all ordinances and by-laws passed by the common council, in proper books to be provided therefor; To make cer- and copies of all papers duly filed in his office, and transcripts from the records of the proceedings of the common council, certified to by him under the corporate seal of the village, shall be evidence in all places of the matters therein contained; and he shall keep an accurate account, in books provided for such purpose, under appropriate heads, of all expenditures and of all orders drawn upon the village treasury, which account shall

Treasurer to keep acc't of expenditures

Sec. 21. The village treasurer shall have the custody of all receipts and moneys belonging to said village, and shall keep an account of all receipts and disbursements thereof, and from whom received, and to whom paid, and shall pay no moneys out of the treasury except upon warrants signed by the recorder and countersigned by the president; and he shall exhibit to the common council, as often as they may require, a full and detailed account of all receipts and expenditures, and shall also, when so required, exhibit a general statement showing the financial condition of the treasury, and all other matters relating to his office.

specify the purpose for which such orders were drawn.

Marshal to be chief of police.

Sec. 22. The village marshal shall be chief of the police of the village, and he shall see that the laws are enforced. It shall be his duty to collect village taxes, to serve all processes that may be lawfully delivered to him for service, and he is hereby vested with all the powers and duties conferred by law on constables elected in townships. He shall have power and authority, and it shall be his duty, with or without process, to apprehend any person found disturbing the peace, or offending

To arrest offenders.

against any of the provisions of this act, or the by-laws and ordinances of the village, and to take such person before any justice of the peace of the town of White Pigeon, to be dealt with as the law and ordinances of said village shall provide; and may apprehend and imprison any person found drunk in the streets of said village until such person shall become sober; and he shall have power to enter into any disorderly or gaming To enter disorderlyhouse, or any other building where he may have good rea-houses. son to believe a felon is secreted or harbored, and where any person is who has committed a breach of the peace, or where any felony or breach of the peace is being committed, and is authorized to command the assistance, in the discharge of such duties, of any of the citizens of said village, if deemed by him necessary: Provided, That nothing in this act shall be con-Proviso. strued into his serving processes issued by any justice of the peace in civil cases.

Sec. 23. The president and trustees, when assembled and council. duly organized, shall constitute the common council of the village of White Pigeon, and a majority of the whole shall be quorum of necessary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, though a less number may adjourn the council from time to time; but no tax or assessment shall be ordered, nor any appointment of any person to office be made, nor shall any person be removed from office, except by a vote of two-thirds of the members of the common council.

Sec. 24. The common council shall meet at such times and Meetings of places as it shall determine, and at such other times and places as the president, or, in case of his absence, the president protempore, shall appoint. The common council shall, at its first president meeting after each annual election, appoint one of the trustees to be president protempore; and if at any meeting of the common council neither the president or president protempore shall be present, the common council may appoint one of their number to preside.

Sec. 25. The common council shall prescribe the rules for its To prescribe proceedings. The common council, in addition to the powers

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

To pass laws and duties specially conferred upon them in this act, shall have relative to the management, control and supervision of the highways, real and personal streets, lanes, alleys, parks and public grounds in said village; property. of the finances, rights and interest, building, and all property, real and personal, belonging to said village, and may make such ordinances and by-laws relating to the same as they may deem proper and necessary; and further, they shall have power within said village to enact, ordain, make, continue, establish, modify, amend and repeal such ordinances, by-laws and regulations as they may deem desirable and proper within said village, in relation to and for the following purposes: vent vice and immorality; to preserve public peace and good Vice. order; to prevent and quell riots, disturbances, and disorderly Riots. assemblages; to restrain, apprehend and punish vagrants, Vagrants. drunkards and disorderly persons; to suppress and restrain all disorderly houses and houses of ill-fame; all gambling houses Disorderly houses. and places where persons resort for gaming, or to play at games of chance, and to punish the keepers thereof; to restrain, regulate or suppress billiard tables and bowling alleys; to pre-Billiard tables. vent and regulate the selling or giving away of any spirituous Liquors. or fermented liquors; to prohibit and regulate the sale of all Auctions. goods, wares and personal property at auction, except in cases of sales authorized by law; to license and regulate auctioneers, peddlers and pawnbrokers; to prohibit, restrain, regulate and Showmen. license all sports, exhibitions of natural or artificial curiosities, caravans of animals, theatrical exhibitions, shows, concerts, circuses, or other performances or exhibitions for money; to violation of prevent the violation of the Sabbath; and to require all saloons, the Sabbath. drinking houses, shops, and other places of business, to be closed on the Sabbath day, and at reasonable hours of the night on week days; to prohibit, prevent, abate and remove all nuisances in said village, and punish the persons occasioning the Gunpowder. same, and to declare what shall be nuisances; to regulate the buying and selling and using of gunpowder, fire-crackers and Obstructions fire works, and other combustible material; to prevent the incumbering or obstructing of streets, sidewalks, cross-walks,

lanes, alleys, gutters, sewers, in any manner whatever; to Fast driving. provide against horse-racing or immoderate driving or riding in any street; to establish one or more pounds, and to regulate and restrain the running at large of cattle, swine, horses, mules, sheep and other animals; to license all drays, omnibuses, hacks, Drays. and other vehicles used for transportation of persons and property for hire; to license persons to engage in and exercise the business or occupation of tavern keeper, common victualer and saloon keeper, and to impose such fees for such license as the common council may see fit; and to impose penalties upon all Fines and persons engaging in such occupation or business without such license: Provided, That no such license shall authorize the sale Proviso. of spirituous or malt liquors; to construct reservoirs wherever needed, to construct sewers, drains and wells; to grade, gravel, pave, repair, and otherwise improve the streets; to construct, repair and renew sidewalks, and to make such other improvements as may conduce to the general good and prosperity of said village; and to make all other ordinances and regulations that the common council may deem necessary to the safety, order and good government of said village.

Sec. 26. The common council shall have power to establish, Fire department. maintain, and regulate all such fire engine, hook and ladder, hose and bucket companies as may be deemed expedient, and shall provide such companies with fire engines and such other implements and instruments necessary to be used in extinguishing fires, and may appoint from among the inhabitants of such village such number of men, willing to accept, as may be deemed proper and necessary to be employed as firemen; and every Firemen to make their such company shall make their own by-laws and rules for the own laws. organization and government of the company, subject to the approval of the common council, and may enforce and collect such fines for the non-attendance or neglect of duty of its members as may be provided by the by-laws and rules of the company; and it shall be the duty of every such company to keep the fire engine, hose, hooks and ladders, and other instruments and implements of the company in good and perfect

When shall repair; and it shall be the duty of each fire company to assemble once at least in each month, and as often as may be directed by the chief engineer, for the purpose of working and examining the fire engine and other implements in his charge, with a view to keeping the same in perfect order and repair;

Duty of, at fires.

and upon any alarm or breaking out of any fire in said village, each fire company shall forthwith assemble at the place of such fire, with the engine and other implements of the company, and be subject to the orders of the chief engineer, or other person for the time being lawfully acting as chief engineer of the fire department.

Chief engineer.

Sec. 27. The firemen of said village shall annually elect one of their number to be chief engineer, who shall have command of the whole fire department of the village, and also two assistant engineers, either of whom may act as chief engineer, in case of the absence of the chief.

Marshal to compel aid at fires.

Sec. 28. The marshal or any member of the common council may require the assistance of all bystanders in extinguishing any fire in said village, and in the removal, preservation, and protection of any property endangered thereby; and in case any bystander shall willfully neglect to comply with such requirements, he shall be punished as provided by the by-laws or ordinances of said village; and the common council are hereby authorized to make such by-laws and ordinances in relation thereto as they may deem necessary.

Tax; power of council to raise.

Sec. 29. The common council shall have power and authority to raise annually, by a general tax upon the real and personal property in said village liable to taxation, such sums as they may deem necessary to defray the expenses and liabilities incurred in said village, and to carry into effect the powers hereby conferred on them; and they shall, on or before the first day of June in each year, determine by resolution the amount of taxes necessary to be levied for said purposes during the year: Provided, That the taxes so determined to be levied shall not exceed in any one year one-half of one per cent. on the as-

Proviso.

State, county, and town taxes are collected.

Sec. 30. The common council shall have power to assess and Poll tax. collect from every male inhabitant of said village, being above the age of twenty-one and under fifty years, (except paupers, idiots, lunatics, and other persons by law exempt,) an annual capitation or poll tax not exceeding one dollar, and they may provide by ordinance for the collection or commutation of the same.

Sec. 31. The assessor of said village shall once in each year, Assessment roll; conbetween the third Monday of April and the second Monday in tents of. May, make an assessment roll, containing a description of all the property, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said village, and the name of the owner or occupants, or agent thereof, if known, and shall set down in such roll the valuation of such property at its fair cash value, placing the valuation of personal property on a separate line; and it shall be the duty of the president and common council once in each and every year, and immediately after the assessor has assessed the real and personal estate lying and being in said village, and before any tax Notice of shall be levied on the same, to give ten days' notice of the viewing. time and place of reviewing said assessment roll, under the supervision of the president and assessor, that any person or corrections persons deeming themselves aggrieved may be heard, and the roll may then and there be altered, if it shall be made to appear that any person has been wrongfully assessed; the assessor shall complete and deliver said assessment roll to the village recorder on or before the first day of June in each year; the assessor and the president or recorder shall, on or before the first Monday in November in each year, proceed to estimate, apportion, and set down in a column left for that purpose, opposite to the several sums set down as the value of real and personal estate in the assessment roll, the respective sums, in dollars and cents, to be paid as a tax or assessment thereon, and shall then cause said assessment roll, or a copy

Marshal ordered to collect.

thereof, to be delivered to the marshal of said village, with warrant annexed thereto under the hand and seal of the presi dent and recorder, directing and requiring him to collect from the several persons named in said roll, the several sums men tioned therein, set opposite their respective names, and authoriz Power of, to him, in case any of them shall neglect or refuse to pay sucl sums, to levy the same by distress and sale of his or her good and chattels, together with the cost and charges of such dis

sell property

tress and sale, and directing him to pay such money, when collected, to the treasurer of such village, by a certain day therein named, not less than forty days from the date of said warrant, and said warrant may be renewed from time to time as the common council may deem best; and when any assess ment shall be made for any special improvement, it shall b legal even if it is not made at the time of making the genera list, notice being given of the review of said assessment, a herein provided.

To call on persons taxed.

Sec 32. The marshal of said village shall call upon each per son taxed, if a resident of said village, at least once, and de mand payment of taxes charged to him upon said roll, and i case of distress and sale, as provided for in section thirty-one may take any property that can be taken by township treasur ers in the collection of taxes; and he shall give the same notic and sell in the same manner as township treasurers are re quired to do, and return any surplus to the owner of th property, in accordance with the general laws of this State.

Justices of the peace.

offenses.

Sec. 33. Any of the justices of the peace of the township of White Pigeon are hereby authorized and empowered to in To determine quire of, hear, try and determine, in a summary manner, al offenses which shall be committed against any of the by-law and ordinances that shall be made or adopted by the common council, in pursuance of the powers granted by this act, and t punish the offenders as by the said laws or ordinances shall b prescribed or directed, and such justice shall have power t hear, try and determine all charges, complaints, actions and prosecutions for the recovery or enforcement of any and al fines, penalties and forfeitures for alleged violations or infringements of the said by-laws and ordinances, or of any of the provisions of this act, except in cases where jurisdiction belongs to some other court; the proceedings in all such actions and prosecutions shall be according to and be governed by the general laws and rules of practice of this State applicable to courts of justices of the peace.

Sec. 34. Whenever a conviction is had, or a judgment ren-How Judgment for any fine, penalty or forfeiture for a violation of this be rendered act, or of any by-law or ordinance of said village, it shall be with costs of suit, and execution thereon may be issued immediately on the rendition of the judgment, and shall command the amount to be made of the property of the defendant, if any such can be found, and if not, then to commit the defendant to prison if he be so adjudged and according to law; and in case where both fine and imprisonment are imposed upon the person so convicted by the judgment of any such justice, he shall issue the necessary process to carry such judgment into effect.

Sec. 35. Any justice of the peace of the township of White Power of Pigeon shall have power to impose fines and penalties and for-impose fines feitures not exceeding one hundred dollars, unless a greater amount is herein authorized, and imprisonment not exceeding ninety days, or both, in the discretion of the court, on all persons offending against or violating any of the provisions of this act, or any by-law or ordinance of said village made in pursuance thereof; and the several justices of the peace of said town-To commit ship of White Pigeon shall have power in all cases where, by the provisions of this act, or of any by-law or ordinance made in pursuance thereof, any person may be sentenced to imprisonment, to imprison in the jail of the county of St. Joseph, and it is hereby made the duty of the keeper of said jail to receive such persons; and in all cases where the term of such imprisonment shall exceed sixty days, such person may be sentenced to confinement in the Detroit house of correction.

Council to pass laws to carry its powers into effect.

Sec. 36. Whenever by the provisions of this act any power or authority is given or duty imposed upon the common council, the common council may enact such ordinances and establish such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry into effect such powers and authority and regulate the performance of such duty.

How suits shall be brought.

Sec. 37. All suits and prosecutions for the violation of the provisions of this act, or of any ordinance or by-law made in pursuance of such provisions, or to recover any fine, penalty or forfeiture for such violation, shall be brought in the name of the people of the State of Michigan; and in any such suit or prosecution it shall not be necessary to set forth in the complaint or warrant, the ordinance or by-law, or any section thereof, the provisions of which are alleged to have been violated, except by its title, but it shall be sufficient to state in the complaint and warrant, with reasonable certainty of time and place, the act, violation, or offense complained of, to allege the same to have been committed in violation of the provisions of an ordinance or by-law, as the case may be, of the village of White Pigeon, referring thereto by its title; and all processes issued by any justice of the peace in any such suit or proceeding shall be directed to the marshal of the village of White Pigeon, or to any constable of the county of St. Joseph, and the same may be executed within the county of St. Joseph.

How processes shall be directed.

Style of ordinances.

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Sec. 38. The style of all ordinances shall be: "The common council of the village of White Pigeon ordain;" the time when any by-law or ordinance shall take effect shall be prescribed therein: Provided, That no by-law or ordinance shall be operative until the same shall have been published ten days in said village by written or printed notices, posted up in three of the most public places in said village, and like notices shall be given of the repeal or amendment of any ordinance or by-law: Provided also, That no by-law or ordinance of said village shall be in its provisions repugnant to the constitution and laws of the United States or of this State.

Ibid.

Sec. 39. All fines, penalties and forfeitures recovered for any All fines, etc., to be violation of the provisions of this act, or of the by-laws and paid into treasury. Ordinances made in pursuance thereof, and all moneys received for licenses or from other sources belonging to said village, shall be paid to the treasurer of said village by the officer receiving the same, immediately after the receipt thereof, and shall be disposed of as the common council may direct; and Penalty for refusal to any person who shall refuse or neglect to pay the same as pay. aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 40. In suits or proceedings in which the common council Citizens to be compet'n of the village of White Pigeon shall be a party or shall be in-as jurors. terested, no inhabitant of said village shall be incompetent to serve as a juror on account of his interest in the event of such action or suit, provided his interest be such only as he has in common with the inhabitants of said village.

Sec. 41. The common council shall meet on the Tuesday pre-Annual ceding the annual election in each year, and shall audit and settle the accounts of the treasurer, marshal, and all other officers and persons having claims against said village, and shall make out in detail a statement of all receipts and expenditures, which statement shall specify all the appropriations made by the common council, the amount of taxes raised, the amount expended on streets, the amount of money borrowed, and for what purpose, and upon what terms, and all such information as shall be necessary to a full understanding of the finances of said village, and such statement shall be placed on file in the recorder's office, subject to inspection at any time by the citizens of said village.

Sec. 42. Before any account or demand of any person Accounts to against said village shall be audited or paid, the same shall be by affidavit. verified by affidavit, and shall set forth the items thereof, and the amount of each item, with the proper dates, which affida-

vit may be taken and certified by any member of the common council, or any person authorized to administer oaths.

Power of council to pollom money.

Sec. 43. The common council of said village may borrow for the time being, in anticipation of the receipts from taxes, such sum as may be deemed necessary for the purpose of purchasing a suitable fire engine for said village, and implements and instruments necessary to be used therewith in extinguishing fires, and may issue the bonds of the village therefor: Provided, That the common council shall not borrow more than five hundred dollars for the purpose of buying a fire engine and other necessary apparatus: And provided, That no greater amount than two hundred dollars of the principal thereof shall be made to become due in any one year.

Proviso.

Ibid.

Inhabitants to be subject laws.

Sec. 44. The inhabitants of said village shall be liable to to township the operation of any and all laws relating to township government, except so far as relates to laying out, altering, vacating and constructing streets and highways, and the labor to be performed thereon within the limits thereof.

First election.

Board of inspectors.

Sec. 45. The first election of officers provided for in this act, shall be held at Union Hall, in the village of White Pigeon, on the second Tuesday in April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, and on the first Tuesday in March annually thereafter, at such place in said village as the common council may appoint for that purpose. At said election two of the present trustees, the clerk, or some one chosen by the trustees in his stead, of the village of White Pigeon, shall constitute the board of inspectors thereof, each of whom shall, before entering upon his office, take an oath before some person authorized to administer oaths, that he will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties thereof; the said board shall conduct the said election, and certify the result thereof.

Prior ordinances to remain in force.

Sec. 46. This act shall not be construed so as to invalidate any ordinance or by-law now in force in the village of White Pigeon, passed pursuant to the laws of Michigan, but all bylaws and ordinances heretofore passed by the trustees of said village may be repealed by the common council.

Sec. 47. This act shall be favorably construed and received Public act. in all courts as a public act, and copies thereof, printed under the authority of the Legislature, shall be received as evidence, without further proof.

Sec. 48. The tax upon real estate, with all the assessments Taxes on for the purposes named in this act, shall be put down in the proceedings assessment roll by itself in a column; and whenever any such paid. tax or assessment, and all taxes on real estate returned for nonpayment of taxes, as provided in the preceding section, and the interest thereon, which shall be computed at the rate of twenty per centum per annum until paid, shall remain unpaid for two years from the date of the warrant to the marshal, as aforesaid, the treasurer of said village shall cause so much of sale of land the land charged with such tax and assessment and interest, to auction. be sold at public auction, at some public place in said village, to the highest bidder, as shall be necessary to pay the said taxes and assessments and interest, together with all charges thereon, first giving at least thirteen weeks' notice of the time Notice of and place of sale, by advertisement posted up in three of the sale. most public places in said village, or by causing the same to be published in a newspaper in said village. An affidavit of such Affidavit of publication, recorded in the manner prescribed in the tenth publication. section of this act, shall be deemed prima facie evidence of the fact of such publication.

Sec. 49. On the day mentioned in said notice, the said treas-Certificate urer shall commence the sale of said lands, and continue the of purchase. same from day to day until so much thereof shall be sold as will pay the taxes and assessments, as aforesaid, with the interest and charges due, assessed and charged thereon, aforesaid; and the said treasurer shall give the purchaser or purchasers of any such lands a certificate, in writing, describing the lands purchased and the sum paid therefor, and the time when the purchaser will be entitled to a deed for the said lands; and Conveyance unless within one year from the date of the sale thereof, there shall be paid to the treasurer, for the use of the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, the sums mentioned in said certificate, to-

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

gether with the interest thereon, at the rate of twenty per centum per annum from the date of such certificate, the treasurer or his successor in office shall, at the expiration of said one year, execute to the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, a conveyance of the lands sold, which conveyance shall vest in the person or persons to whom it shall be given, an estate in fee simple: Provided, All proceedings connected with the raising and levying such tax, and the sale for the non-payment thereof, are according to law, and the said conveyance shall be prima facie evidence that the sale was regular, according to the provisions of this act; and every such conveyance, executed by the said treasurer, under his hand and seal, witnessed and acknowledged, and recorded in the usual form, may be given in evidence in the same manner as a deed regularly executed and acknowledged by the owner, and duly recorded.

Proviso.

Fees of tressurer.

advertising;

how paid.

Sec. 50. The treasurer of said village shall receive the same fees, and conduct the sale in the same manner, in case of sales, as aforesaid, as are provided by law to the county treas-Expenses of urer for like services; and the expenses for the advertising any land for sale, in pursuance of this act, shall, by the treasurer, be added to such taxes, respectively, as are charged upon lands advertised for delinquent State and county taxes.

Power of eouncil to lay out streets.

Sec. 51. The common council shall have power and authority to lay out, open and extend, widen, straighten, alter, close and vacate, and improve such streets, highways, alleys, lanes, water-courses, squares, market places and public parks in said village as they shall deem necessary for the public good and convenience; and if, in the opening thereof, the property or when private lands of any person shall be required for such purpose, the common council shall so declare, by resolution, stating therein the description of the lands, premises, or property required, and the purpose for which the same are to be used, and that the common council will meet on some day to be named in the resolution, to take action in regard to the matter; and notice of such meetings shall be given to the owners or parties interested, or his, her, or their agents or representatives, by per-

taken

Proceedings

Notice to OWDEL.

sonal service of a copy of such resolution, or by publication of a copy of such resolution in a newspaper published in said village, at least three weeks previous to the time appointed in said resolution for the meeting of the common council; and Council to the common council is hereby authorized to negotiate with the with owner. person or persons interested in, or owning such grounds or premises for the same, and to pay therefor such reasonable sum as may be agreed upon; but if such person or persons shall summoning refuse to negotiate for such land or premises, or if for any other cause there shall not be any agreement or bargain between the parties therefor, it shall be lawful for the common council, at the time of the meeting appointed in such resolution, to direct the village recorder to issue a precept under his hand, in the nature of a venire facias, directed to the marshal of said village, or any constable in the county of St. Joseph, commanding him to summon a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders of said village to appear before any justice of the peace of the township of White Pigeon, in said village, at a time therein to be stated, to inquire into and assess the damage and recompense dne to the owner or owners of or parties interested in such grounds, premises, or property, which jury, being duly Jury to sworn by said justice, faithfully and impartially to inquire into damages. and assess the damage in question, and having viewed the premises, if necessary, shall inquire of and assess such damages and recompense as they shall deem fit to be awarded to the owner or owners, or to the parties interested in such grounds, premises or property, for their respective damages or losses, according to their several interests and estates therein; and the said justice shall, upon the return of such assessment, enter judgment confirming the same; and the sum or sums so assessed, Compensat'r together with his, her, or their costs, shall be paid or tendered owner. to the party or persons entitled thereto, if residing in said village, and if not residing therein, to be paid to the village treasurer for the use of such party, person, or claimant, before such street, highway, alley, lane, water-course, square, market

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LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

place or public park shall be made, opened, established or altered; but if the jury find that the claimant is not entitled to any damages, then it shall be competent for such justice to render judgment against such claimant for all costs, and issue execution therefor; and in either case, it shall thereupon be lawful for the common council to cause the same grounds, premises or property to be immediately converted to and for the use and purposes aforesaid: Provided, The party claiming damages may have the right to remove such proceedings by appeal to the circuit court for the county of St. Joseph, upon giving notice of his or their intention so to do to the said justice in writing, within ten days, or in case of the absence of said party from the village at the time of the rendition of the judgment, within thirty days after the verdict of such jury, and the judgment of said justice therein as aforesaid, such appellant first giving bond with two sufficient sureties, to be approved by said justice, conditioned to pay all costs that may be awarded against him in said circuit court; but no appeal, supersedeas, injunction, or any other process or proceeding from any court whatever, shall prevent the immediate making, laying out, opening, establishing, altering, straightening, widening or extending such street, lane, alley, square, water-course, market place or public park as aforesaid; and upon filing in said circuit court the said bond and a transcript of the proceedings aforesaid, duly certified by said justice, within forty days after the rendering of said judgment, the same proceedings shall be had in the circuit court as is prescribed by law in cases of appeals from justices' courts: Provided further, That if the damages awarded on such appeal shall not exceed the damages assessed by said jury and confirmed by the judgment of said justice, the party appealing shall pay all costs occasioned by such appeal.

Ibid

Sec. 52. The common council is authorized to cause such of the streets, highways, alleys, and lanes in said village as shall have been used for six years or more prior to the passage of this act as public highways, streets, lanes, or alleys, which have

Council to cause streets to be re-surveyed.

not been sufficiently described, or have not been duly recorded, to be surveyed, the grade thereof established, described and recorded in the office of the village recorder, in a book to be denominated the book of street records; and the common coun-contents of cil shall cause a survey or description and plat of every public street rec'rds ground, highway, street, lane, and alley, or part thereof, which shall be hereafter opened, established, altered, widened, straightened, or the grade thereof established, to be recorded in the said book of street records, and such record shall be presumptive evidence of the existence of such public ground, park, highway, street, lane, or alley, or that part thereof therein described, and of the boundaries and grade thereof; and a copy of any ordinance or resolution of the common council, vacating or closing any public ground, park, highway, street, lane, or alley, or any part thereof, shall also be recorded in said book of street records, and the same shall be evidence as aforesaid.

Sec. 53. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 421.]

AN ACT to authorize Wellington R. Burt to select seven hundred and twenty acres of State swamp lands, in lieu of a like amount selected by him and sold by the State.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Selection of land Wellington R. Burt, of the city of East Saginaw, be and he is authorized. hereby authorized and empowered to select from any unappropriated swamp lands belonging to the State of Michigan, and lying in townships number eighteen and nineteen north, of range three west, five hundred and sixty acres, by legal subdivisions, to apply on his contract for building a part of the Saginaw and Gratiot State road; and also one hundred and sixty acres, by legal subdivisions, to apply on the contract of Samuel Sias, for building a portion of the Port Huron, Bay City and Lansing State road, in lieu of a like quantity of swamp

Lands to be patented. lands heretofore selected by said Burt, to apply thereon, and subsequently sold and patented by mistake; and when said Burt or his assigns shall have filed with the Commissioner of the State Land Office a list of the lands so selected by him, not exceeding in all seven hundred and twenty acres, the same shall be withheld from sale, and certified and patented to him, in the same manner, and his rights thereto shall be the same as to the lands originally selected by him, before the same were sold by the State.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 422.]

AN ACT to legalize the action of the trustees of the Baptist Society of the village of Greenville, in Montcalm county, in conveying certain real estate.

Conveyance of land legalized.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That the action of the trustees of the Baptist Society of the village of Greenville, in Montcalm county, in conveying by warranty deed to Charles Pettenger, of said village of Greenville, the west half of lot number sixty-six, (exclusive of the street on the east side of said lot,) of John Green's plat of said village, as now on record in the office of the register of deeds of said county of Montcalm, which deed was executed, acknowledged, and delivered to said Charles Pettenger on the twentieth day of December, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, in consideration of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, paid to the said trustees by the said Charles Pettenger, be and the same is declared legal and valid, as though the said trustees had been authorized by law to convey by warranty deed said real estate.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 423.]

AN ACT to authorize the trustees of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, of Hastings, Barry county, to sell and convey certain real estate.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That sale of land authorized. the trustees of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, in the village of Hastings, in the county of Barry, be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to sell and convey by good and sufficient warranty deed or deeds, all right, title and interest of said church, in and to the following described real estate, viz: Village lot eight hundred and four, according to the recorded plat of said village.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 424.]

AN ACT to provide for a re-survey and re-platting of the village of Muskegon, and the additions thereto, and to establish such new plat as the legal plat of the same.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Re-survey of new plat the common council of the village of Muskegon be, and said authorized common council is hereby authorized to cause a re-survey and a re-platting of the village of Muskegon, and all additions thereto, and cause a new plat of said village and said additions to be made as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. The plat or plats, as hereinafter provided, may be contents of made to include the whole of that part of the village of Muskegon heretofore platted and the several additions to the village of Muskegon, in one plat, designating thereon the village of Muskegon, and each addition thereto, by the proper name, or each of the same may be platted separately.

Sec. 3. In making said new plat or plats, no change shall be Streets and lanes not to made in any street, lane, alley, block, lot, or otherwise, except-be changed. ing so far as the same may be necessary to correct errors heretofore made in surveying and platting the same: *Provided*, Provise.

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That the vested rights of any person or persons shall not thereby be diminished nor in any manner impaired.

Plats; where shall be recorded.

Sec. 4. Said plat or plats, when so made and approved by the common council of said village, shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Muskegon county, in the same manner as other plats are recorded by law, and when so recorded shall stand in lieu of all other plats of the territory included in such new plat; and such plat or plats so made and recorded shall thereafter be the legal plat or plats of the territory included therein.

lieu of all other plats.

To stand in

Sec. 5. In case such plat or plats are not authorized, made to carry act into effect.

Sec. 5. In case such plat or plats are not authorized, made or completed prior to the election of the common council of the city of Muskegon, the common council of said city may and is hereby authorized to carry into effect all the provisions of this act.

Expenses; how paid.

Sec. 6. The necessary expense of carrying into effect the provisions of this act shall be audited and paid in the same manner as other expenses of said village or city are audited and paid.

Sec. 7. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 425.]

AN ACT to authorize the township of Delhi, in the county of Ingham, to raise by tax, a sum of money for the purpose of draining a swamp in said township.

Township authorized to raise tax.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That the township of Delhi, in the county of Ingham, is hereby authorized to raise by tax, on the real and personal property of said township, one-half of one per centum per annum, for the years eighteen hundred sixty-nine and eighteen hundred seventy, for the purpose of cutting a ditch or drain, of sufficient capacity to drain the surface water from the following described lands, viz: Sections eighteen, seven, six, four, five and eight, in said township of Delhi: Provided, That the

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electors of said township shall so determine at the general township meeting, to be held on the first Monday of April next, or at a special election called for that purpose; in either case, ten days' notice of said meeting shall be given by the clerk of the said township, by posting the notice of the same in three public places in said township, the question being determined by ballot, upon which shall be written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, the words "Tax for Ditch—Yes;" or, "Tax for Ditch—No."

- Sec. 2. If the electors of the said township of Delhi shall commis'rs to establish determine, by a majority of ballots, to tax the said township lines of ditch for the purpose of establishing and cutting the said ditch, it shall be the duty of the commissioner hereinafter provided for, to establish the line of the same, who shall have authority to let the job or jobs for the cutting of said ditch to the lowest responsible bidder, in sections or otherwise, to determine the amount of bonds to be given by the contractors for such work for the faithful performance of the same, to establish the grade, the width and depth of the same, to determine the completion, and to accept the work when completed, in accordance with such terms as the township board may establish, and with authority to do all other acts necessary in the premises.
- Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the township board to inspect Duty of the work, and if the same shall appear to have been completed township in a satisfactory manner, the said board shall issue orders upon the treasurer of said township to pay for the work so completed and accepted.
- Sec. 4. Upon the completion of the contracts for digging when supersaid ditch or drain, and after good and sufficient bonds for the visor shall completion of the same have been given by the contractors and accepted by the said commissioner, the supervisor of said township of Delhi is hereby authorized and directed to spread a tax upon the taxable property of said township, as assessed for the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine or eighteen hundred and seventy, as the case may be, sufficient to pay the entire cost of said ditch or drain, and to extend said tax upon a

separate column of the assessment roll of said township, properly designated, and the same is hereby made and constituted a legal tax against the property so assessed, to be collected by the township treasurer, or returned for non-payment, the same as other taxes are collected or returned.

Commis'r appointed.

Sec. 5. Jacob Schurtzgabel, of said township of Delhi, is hereby appointed commissioner under the provisions of this act. He shall be entitled to receive three dollars per day for actual service as such commissioner, the same to be paid by the township treasurer out of the money raised under the provisions of this act, upon his sworn statement of services rendered as such commissioner.

Sec. 6. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 426.]

AN ACT to revise an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Board of Education of the city of East Saginaw," and the several acts amendatory thereto.

Act amended

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That the act to incorporate the board of education of East Saginaw, approved February fifteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, and the acts amendatory thereto, approved January fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and the act to further amend the same, approved March fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, be and the same are hereby revised and amended so as to read as follows:

School district constituted.
School inspectors.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That the city of East Saginaw shall constitute one school district from and after this act takes effect. At the first regular general election in said city, there shall be elected two school inspectors for each ward of said city, one for the term of one year, and one for the term of two years, and annually thereafter there shall be elected, in each ward, one school inspector for the term of two years. The term of office of the members of said board

of education shall commence on the third Monday in July of each year: Provided, The members elect to said board shall Proviso. file an acceptance and oath of office with the city clerk, as required of other city officers: And further provided, That the Ibid. present school inspectors of said city shall hold their offices and discharge all the duties thereof and of said board, until the third Monday of July next. In case of vacancy in said Vacancies; how filled office of school inspector for any ward of said city, the common council shall elect, by ballot, some suitable person to fill said vacancy until the time for the next general city election.

Sec. 2. The school inspectors of said city shall be a body Body corcorporate by the name of "The Board of Education of the politic. city of East Saginaw," and by that name may sue and be sued, and be capable of holding, renting, selling, and conveying real and personal property for the use of, and as the interests of the common schools of said city may require, and shall be subject to all the general laws of this State relative to corporations so far as the same may be applicable. They shall succeed to and be entitled to demand all moneys and other rights belonging to the present school district in such city, heretofore known as school district number one of the township of Buena Vista, and all real and personal property or other rights of such district, lying within said city, or in the possession and control of any person for such district; and all moneys or other property shall be held by said board, hereby constituted, and expended solely for the benefit of schools within said city. Such board shall also pay all the debts and demands that may be existing against such school district number "one."

Sec. 3. No member of the board of education shall receive compensation any fee or compensation for services as such.

Sec. 4. A majority of all the members shall constitute a quo-quorum. rum, and the said board shall meet from time to time at such place in said city as they may designate. They may elect one President. of their own number president, and in his absence may elect a president pro tem. No claims shall be paid by said board, nor

shall be paid

How claims any contract made requiring the expenditure of money, without the concurrence of a majority of said board.

Secretary.

Board to keep record

etc.

of accounts,

Sec. 5. The board shall elect a secretary, who shall perform such duties and receive such compensation as said board shall Said board shall cause full and complete records to be direct. kept of its proceedings, accounts, expenditures and receipts, and such records shall be public, and open to the inspection of any tax-payer of said city.

To purchase sites for

Sec. 6. The board of education shall have full power and sch'l-houses. authority, and it shall be their duty to purchase sites and build school-houses in said city; to apply for and receive from the treasurer of the county of Saginaw, the treasurer of the city of East Saginaw, or other officer having custody or possession of the same, all moneys raised by tax, or otherwise appropriated and set apart for the use and support of primary or public schools, and for the district library of said city. They shall expend such funds and moneys received, for the purposes and in the manner specified by law, and in no other manner; they shall establish and regulate a district library, and designate a place or places where the library may be kept therein. The

To expend funds as directed by law.

laws relative children.

To make by- said board shall also have full power and authority to make to census of by-laws and ordinances relative to taking the census of all the children in said city, between the ages of five and twenty years; relative to making all necessary reports and transmitting the same to the proper officers, as designated by law, so that said city may be entitled to its proportion of the primary school fund; relative to the levying and collection of rate bills; Visitation of relative to the visitation of schools; relative to the length of

schools. Length of

time schools shall be kept, which shall not be less than nine time schools

shall be kept months in each year; relative to the employment and examination of teachers, their powers and duties; relative to the regulation of schools, and books to be used therein; relative to the appointment of necessary officers, and prescribe their powers and duties; relative to anything whatever that may advance the interests of education, the good government and prosper-

ity of the common schools in said city, and the welfare of the

Interests of education.

public concerning the same, which by-laws and ordinances shall have the force and effect of law, and shall be enforced by the courts in the same manner and with the same effect as the ordinances of the city of East Saginaw: Provided, No such by-Proviso. law or ordinance shall be in effect until the same shall have been published at least once in some newspaper printed and circulating in said city, or by posting a copy of the same on the front door of each of the public school-houses of said city; proof of said by-laws or ordinances in court may be made by Certified copy from the records of the board, or records by proper affidavit of publication and posting, or by publica-evidence. tion in book or pamphlet printed form, as provided for city ordinances in section fourteen, of title three of the act to incorporate the city of East Saginaw.

Sec. 7. The recorder's court of said city shall have jurisdic-Jurisdiction of recorder's tion in all suits wherein the said board of education may be a court party, except as otherwise provided by law, and of all prosecutions for the violation of the regulations, by-laws and ordinances of said board.

Sec. 8. The fiscal year of said board of education shall close Fiscal year. on the last day of June in each year; and said board shall when reports shall cause to made out, within two weeks after the close of such be made out. fiscal year, all reports required by law to be made for the use of the State, and they shall cause to be published in some newspaper published and circulating in said school district, a statement of the number of schools in said city, the number of scholars instructed therein the year preceding, the number of teachers and other persons employed by said board, the several branches of education taught in said schools, and a complete statement of all receipts and expenditures by said board during the preceding year.

Sec. 9. Said board shall have power and authority to estab-power of lish a high school in said city, and to appoint a superintendent tablish a high school of the public schools of said city, and such assistants and teachers as may be necessary, with such salary and such powers and duties as shall be prescribed by the said board.

Board to determine am't cessary for following purposes:

Sec. 10. Said board shall, in the month of April in each year, of money ne- determine by resolution, passed by a vote of a majority of all the members of said board at any regular meeting, the sum or sums necessary and proper for any or all of the following purposes:

Improving sch'l-houses.

To lease, alter, repair and improve school-houses, and their out-houses, grounds and appurtenances;

Buying books.

Second. To purchase, exchange, repair and improve school apparatus, books, furniture, and appendages and fixtures;

Fuel and lights.

Third. To procure fuel and lights, and defray all the necessary contingent expenses of said board;

Library books.

Fourth. To defray the expenses of and purchase books for the district library of said city, not to exceed in the aggregate the sum of five hundred dollars in any one year;

Salaries.

Proviso.

Fifth. To pay the salaries and wages of the superintendents and teachers, after the application of the public moneys which may be by law appropriated and provided for that purpose: Provided, That the sums so authorized shall not exceed in the aggregate, in any one year, the sum of one and one-half per cent. of the valuation of said city, as taken from the annual assessment roll of the preceding year.

Assessor to levy am'nts determined upon.

Sec. 11. Whenever the said board shall have made the estimates by resolution, provided in section ten, the secretary of the board shall certify the same to the assessor, or other proper officer or officers of said city of East Saginaw, whose duty it may be to assess and extend the taxes of said city, and the said city assessor, or other officer or officers whose duty it shall be to extend the ordinary city taxes, shall levy the sum or sums so determined and certified to him, upon the taxable property of the city, at the same time and in the same manner as the taxes for other city purposes are assessed: Provided, All taxes levied in any one year in said city by virtue of this act, shall be placed in a separate column on said rolls from any other Taxes to re- taxes, to be headed "school tax." The taxes so levied shall be on property and remain a lien upon the property on which the same is levied, in the same cases, to the same extent, and in like man-

main a lien

ner, and shall be collected in the same manner as is provided for taxes raised for ordinary city purposes. All said money shall be disbursed and expended by the authority of said board for the purposes for which it was raised, and for no other.

Sec. 12. Whenever said board shall deem it necessary to Manner of raise any additional amounts of money in any one year for the amounts of support of the public schools, the purchase of ground for sites, or the erection of school-houses thereon, in excess of the amount provided for in section ten of this act, they shall so certify by resolution to the common council of the city of East Saginaw, and it shall be the duty of said common council to call, in the manner provided in section two, of title five of the act to incorporate the city of East Saginaw, a meeting of the electors of said city, which meeting, so called, may provide when bonds such means to sustain and keep open the public schools, and issued. for making such purchase of grounds, and for the building and construction of suitable school-houses thereon, as said meeting may determine, either by issuing the bonds of said city, as provided in section thirteen, of title five of the act to incorporate said city of East Saginaw, or by levying an additional tax upon the property of said city, as provided in section two, of title five of said act, as said meeting shall determine. All bonds issued and all moneys assessed as provided in this section, shall be at the disposal of the said board of education, and shall be expended only for the purposes raised, and no other. Such bonds shall be disposed of as provided for in How bonds section thirteen, title five of the charter of the city of East posed of Saginaw, and the proceeds paid over to the treasurer of the board of education. If any such additional tax shall be raised as herein provided, the amount voted by the electors shall be added to the amounts certified by the board of education to the assessor, and assessed in the same column with the other school taxes; but the said board shall, when the same shall be collected, cause the same to be separated from the ordinary school funds and taxes, and set aside, and used solely for the purposes for which raised, and for no other.

Treasurer of board; duties of.

Sec. 13. The treasurer of the city of East Saginaw shall be ex officio treasurer of the board of education, and receive and hold all moneys belonging to said board, unless otherwise ordered by said board of education, which is in its discretion authorized and empowered to elect a treasurer, who shall be directly responsible to the said board for proper discharge of his duties as such treasurer. The treasurer of the city shall keep all moneys belonging to the school funds or to said board separate from the moneys belonging to the city of East Saginaw, and shall use, pay out or expend the same only in pursuance of law, or as directed by the board.

Collectors to pay over money and take receipts

Sec. 14. When any ward collector of said city of East Saginaw shall pay over any school money to the city treasurer, he shall take duplicate receipts for the same, and file one thereof with the secretary of the board of education; and it shall be the further duty of each of said collectors, when he shall make his final return to the county treasurer of Saginaw county, to make a report to said board of education, stating therein the whole amount of school tax placed upon the roll delivered to him by the city controller, the amount collected, and the amount returned by him to the county treasurer, as unpaid and uncol-Proceedings lected. If any such collector shall refuse to pay to the treasurer the sums of money stated in his warrant as school moneys, or to account for the same as unpaid, at the time and in the manner required by law, the recorder of the city of East Saginaw, or the president of the board of education of said city, shall forthwith issue a warrant under his hand, directed to the sheriff of said county, commanding him to levy such sums as remain unpaid and unaccounted for, together with his fees for collecting the same, of the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of such collector and his sureties, and to pay the same to the treasurer of said board and, return such warrant within twenty days from the date thereof.

when collectors refuse to pay over money.

Sec. 15. The city treasurer, and each of the ward collectors Treasurer and collector to give bonds of said city of East Saginaw shall, before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, be required to enter into such bonds and with such sureties as such board of education may require, conditioned for the faithful discharge of their duties and the paying over of all school moneys received by them, respectively, by virtue of this act.

Sec. 16. The city treasurer, and the several ward collectors of collector to receive taxes said city, or other person collecting the taxes for ordinary city purposes, is required to collect said tax in money, and shall not be authorized or permitted to receive in payment of said taxes any liabilities or evidence of debt against said city.

Sec. 17. The board of education of the city of East Saginaw Board alis hereby authorized from time to time, on such terms of pay-borrow ment as they may deem proper, to borrow a sum of money not exceeding in all, or at any one time, the aggregate sum of five thousand dollars, for the purpose of maintaining the public schools of said city, and paying the salaries and wages of the superintendent and teachers therein, but for no other purposes, at a rate of interest not exceeding ten per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, and to issue bonds of said board of education, in such form, and executed in such manner as said board shall direct: Provided, Said board shall issue no bond Proviso. for a less sum than fifty dollars. The bonds issued under this Bonds to be section shall be a charge upon all the property of said board, property. and the same shall constitute a security therefor until said bonds are paid: Provided, No legal proceeding shall be insti-Proviso. tuted to enforce such lien or to sell any property of said board of education for the payment of the principal of any such bond, until one year after such principal shall become due and payable, according to the terms thereof. It shall be the duty of Board to pay. said board, whenever they shall borrow any money under the borrowed provisions of this section, to appropriate a sufficient sum out of any money in their hands to pay the interest upon the same, and to provide in their next estimate for the whole or so much of the principal as may fall due, or such percentage of the same as the board shall deem necessary, which amount shall constitute a sinking fund for paying such bonds, and shall be used only for that purpose, and no other.

School inspectors; where shall reside.

Sec. 18. School inspectors shall reside in the ward they as elected to represent on said board, and a removal from th ward shall be deemed to vacate the office of such inspector.

Forfeit of, for refusing to serve.

May pass rules for

their proceedings.

any person shall be elected as school inspector, and shall fi his acceptance, and qualify for said office, and thereafter refu to serve on said board, or on any committee to which he ma be assigned, or shall refuse or neglect to attend to the dutie of a member of said board without sufficient cause, he sha forfeit to said board, for the use of the library fund, a sum no exceeding fifty dollars, to be recovered in an action of debt b fore any competent court, with costs. Said board of educatio shall have power to make all necessary rules and regulation relative to its proceedings, and punish by fine, not exceedin five dollars for each offense, any member of the board who ma absent himself from meetings thereof, or neglect or refuse t serve on committees thereof, without sufficient cause, to be re covered, with costs, by said board, in an action of debt, in an May impose competent court. And the said board may impose a fine upo any officer elected by them, for neglect of duty, as they ma determine, not to exceed the sum of twenty-five dollars for an one offense, to be collected as above provided.

fines

What deemed misdemeanor.

Sec. 19. Any member of said board who shall knowingly willfully, or corruptly vote to appropriate or use or expend an moneys under the control of said board for any other purpos than that for which the same was raised and appropriated, c who shall convert any such moneys to his own use, or conniv at or be a party to any fraud, or be a party or surety to an contract or bargain made or authorized by said board, or wh shall in any manner violate the provisions of this act, shall b deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and may be prosecuted there for, and upon conviction may be punished for each offense b fine, not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by imprisonmer in the county jail of Saginaw county, not to exceed thre months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discre tion of the court.

Panalty.

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

Sec. 20. All provisions of the general laws of this State rel-General laws to remain in the total common or primary schools shall apply and be in force force.

In said city of East Saginaw, and shall be binding upon said board of education hereby incorporated, except such as may be inconsistent with the provisions of this act, and the rules, regulations, by-laws or ordinances of the board of education of the city of East Saginaw, made under and in conformity to the provisions of this act.

Sec. 21. The original act to incorporate the board of educa-Acts repealed.

The city of East Saginaw, and the several acts

The city of East Saginaw, and the several acts

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[Sec. 21. This act shall take immediate effect.] Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 427.]

AN ACT to revise the charter of the city of Lansing.

TITLE I.

CITY BOUNDARIES, INCORPORATION, AND WARD BOUNDARIES.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Boundaries. so much of the township of Lansing, in the county of Ingham, as is included in the following description, to wit: All of sections nine, sixteen, twenty-one, ten, fifteen and twenty-two, the east fractional half of section eight, the east half of section seventeen, and the east fractional half of section twenty, be and the same is hereby set off from the said township of Lansing, and declared to be a city, by the name of "the city of Lansing," by which it shall hereafter be known.

Sec. 2. The freemen of said city from time to time, being in-Body corhabitants thereof, shall be and continue a body corporate and politic. politic, to be known and distinguished by the name and title of the city of Lansing, and shall be and are hereby made capable of suing and being sued, of pleading and being impleaded, of answering and being answered unto, and of defending and being defended in all courts of law and equity, and in all other 166-

places whatever; and may have a common seal, which they may alter and change at pleasure, and by the same name shall be and are hereby made capable of purchasing, holding, conveying and disposing of any real and personal estate for said city.

Wards.

Sec. 3. The said city shall be divided into four wards, as follows: The first ward shall consist of all that part of said city east and north of Grand river and north of the center line of Shiawassee street, continued from Grand river to the eastern boundary of said city; the second ward shall consist of all that part of said city south of the center line of Shiawassee street, continued east and west to the eastern and western boundaries of said city, and north of the center line of Washtenaw street, continued east and west to the eastern and western boundaries of said city; the third ward shall consist of all that part of said city south of the second ward; the fourth ward shall consist of all that part of said city west and south of Grand river and north of the center line of Shiawassee street, continued from Grand river west to the west line of said city.

TITLE IL

ELECTIONS AND APPOINTMENTS.

Ward election; when to be held.

Sec. 1. An election shall be held in each ward annually, on the first Monday in April, at such place as the common council shall appoint; and the clerk shall cause printed notices of the holding of said election to be posted, at least six days previous thereto, in three of the most public places in each ward.

Special elections; power order.

Sec. 2. The common council may order special elections to of council to be held, in which case the clerk shall, twenty days previous thereto, deliver to the inspectors of election, in the ward or wards where such special election is to be held, a notice specifying the officers to be chosen, and the day and place at which such election will be held, and he shall, at least once before the day of such special election, publish said notice in one of the newspapers of the city.

Manner of conducting elections.

Sec. 3. Such annual or special election shall be held and conducted in the manner provided by the laws of this State for bolding general elections, except as is by this act otherwise Provided.

Sec. 4. The common council shall provide two suitable ballot Ballots; contents of. boxes for each ward, with locks and keys, in which to deposit the ballots offered at any election—one for the city tickets and one for the ward tickets. When the elector delivers his ballot, there shall appear on the outside of the one containing the city ticket, the word "city," and on the outside of the one containing the ward ticket, the word "ward," and the inspector shall deposit the ballot in the proper box. If found in the proper box, no ballot shall be rejected for want of such indorsement.

Sec. 5. Immediately after the closing of the polls, the in-canvass and statement of spectors of election shall, without adjournment, publicly can-votes. vass the votes received by them, according to law, and declare the result; and shall, on the same or on the next day, make a certificate, stating the number of votes given for each person for each office, and shall file such statement and certificate on the day of election, or on the next day, with the clerk of the city.

Sec. 6. At each annual election hereafter to be held in said omcers to be elected at city, there shall be elected on a city ticket one mayor, one clerk annual elections. Terms of offices and one treasurer, who shall hold their offices for one year; and office.

Terms of office.

Te

Sec. 7. If at any annual election in the said city, there shall vacancies be one or more vacancies to be supplied in any office, and in office.

at the same time any person is to be elected for the full term of said office, the term for which each person voted for, for the said office, shall be designated on the ballot.

Council to determine are elected.

Sec. 8. The common council of the city for the preceding what persons year shall convene on the Thursday next succeeding each annual election, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at their usual place of meeting, and shall determine and certify, in the manner provided by law, what persons are duly elected at the said election to the several offices, respectively; such certificate shall be made in duplicate, one of which shall be filed with the clerk of the city, and the other with the clerk of the county of Ingham.

Who deem'd elected.

Sec. 9. The person receiving the greatest number of votes for any office in said city or ward, shall be deemed to have been duly elected to such office; but if two or more persons shall receive an equal number of votes for any office, the common council shall appoint a day (if the candidates be not then present) for the appearance before them of all such persons, for the purpose of determining by lot the right to such office, and shall cause notice thereof to be given to all such persons interested. At the time appointed, such persons shall draw lots for such office before the common council, in the same manner, as near as may be, as is prescribed by law for the drawing of lots by candidates for members of the Legislature, and the person successful in the lot shall be declared duly elected.

Tie; how decided.

Vacancy in office of alderman; how filled.

Sec. 10. When a vacancy occurs in the office of alderman, or when he refuses or neglects to take the oath of office, or when his election is declared void by a proper tribunal, the common council shall immediately appoint a special election to be held in the ward for which such officer was chosen, at some suitable place therein, not less than seventeen nor more than twenty-one days from the time of such appointment: Provided, That in case any such vacancy shall occur in the said office of alderman within three months before the first Monday of April

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in any year, it shall be optional with the common council to Order a special election or not, as they shall deem expedient.

Sec. 11. It shall be the duty of the clerk of said city, as soon Clerk to as practicable, and within five days after the election or ap-sons of their pointment of any officer or officers, to notify such officars respectively of their election or appointment; and the officers to said officers so notified as aforesaid, shall, within ten days after such notice, take the oath of office prescribed by the constitution of this State, before some officer authorized by law to administer oaths, and file the same, together with his official bond, if any be required, in the clerk's office of said city.

Sec. 12. The common council shall, on the first Monday in Council to May, or as soon thereafter as may be, in the year eighteen tain officers. hundred and sixty-five, and every third year thereafter, appoint one assessor, who shall hold his office for three years, and shall in each year at such time appoint one attorney, one marshal, one auditor, one city surveyor, and so many watchmen, fire wardens, pound masters, inspectors of fire-wood, weigh masters and auctioneers as they shall from time to time deem necessary, and such other officers as may be necessary to carry into effect the powers granted by this act, who shall hold their offices for one year; and the common council may by ordinance prescribe their duties in addition to those defined in this act. Whenever Officers pro any officer appointed by the provisions of this section shall, from any cause, be unable to perform the duties of his office, the common council shall have power to appoint an officer, who shall perform the duties of the office until such disability shall CORREL

Sec. 13. If any person elected or appointed under this title, Officers to shall not take and subscribe the oath of office, and file the same and give as therein directed, or shall not cause a notice of acceptance to what be filed as therein directed, or if required by the common coun- deemed a refusal to cil to execute an official bond or undertaking, shall neglect to execute and file the same, in the manner and within the time prescribed by the common council, such neglect shall be deemed a refusal to serve, unless before any step is taken to fill any such

bond.

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office by another incumbent, such oath shall be taken, such acceptance be signified, and such bond executed and filed as aforesaid.

Clerk to furnish list of have qualifled.

Sec. 14. At the expiration of twenty days after any election officers who or appointment of any officer or officers in the said city, the clerk of the said city shall deliver to the common council a list of the persons elected or appointed, and of the office to which they are chosen therein, specifying such as shall have filed with him the oath of office, notice of acceptance, and bond required by this act, and such as shall have failed to file the same within the time herein prescribed.

Council authorized to

Sec. 15. In case a vacancy shall occur in any of the offices all vacancies in this act declared to be elective or appointive, except alder men and members of the board of education, the common council may, in their discretion, fill such vacancy by the appointment of a suitable person; and any officer appointed to fill a vacancy, if the office is elective, shall hold by virtue of such appointment, only until the first Monday of May nextsucceeding; if an elective office which shall have become vacan was one of that class whose term of office continue after the next annual election, a successor for the unexpired term shall be elected at the next annual election.

Time pers'ns shall hold office.

Sec. 16. Any person elected or appointed to any office under this act, at the expiration of the term thereof, shall continue tohold the same until his successor shall be elected or appointed and qualified; and when a person is elected to fill a vacancy in any elective office, he shall hold the same only during the unexpired portion of the regular term limited to such office, and until his successor shall be elected and qualified.

Who eligible to office.

Sec. 17. No person shall be eligible to any city office unless he shall then be an elector and resident of said city, nor shall he be eligible to any office for any ward or district, unless he shall then be an elector and resident of such ward or district.

When officer may be removed.

Sec. 18. Any officer appointed by the common council may be removed from office for official misconduct or for the unfaithful or insufficient performance of the duties of his office;

but notice of the charges against him and an opportunity of being heard in defense shall first be given.

Sec. 19. Resignations by any officer authorized to be chosen Resignations; to whom to whom appointed by this act, shall be made to the common council, made.

subject to their approval and acceptance: Provided, That res-Proviso.

ignations of members of the board of education shall be made to and accepted by said board.

Sec. 20. The expenses of any election held as provided by Expenses of election; this act or by the laws of the State, shall be a ward charge, how paid. and paid from the ward fund.

Sec. 21. All officers elected as hereinbefore provided, shall when officers upon the duties of their respective offices on the first enter upon their duties.

Monday of May next following such election, unless otherwise herein provided.

TITLE III.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE COMMON COUNCIL.

Sec. 1. The mayor and aldermen of said city shall constitute common the common council. They shall meet at such times and places powers and as they shall from time to time appoint; and, on special oc-special casions, whenever the mayor, or person officiating as mayor, (in case of vacancy in the office of mayor, or of his absence from the city, or inability to officiate,) shall by written notice, appoint, and which shall be served on the members in such manner and for such time as the common council may by ordinance direct.

Sec. 2. A majority of the common council shall be a quorum quorum of for the transaction of business, but no tax or assessment shall two-thirds be ordered except by a two-thirds vote of all the members of ry to levy any tax. said common council elect; nor shall any appointment of any officer under this act, be made, except by a majority vote of all the members of said council elect, by and with the consent of the mayor; and the common council shall prescribe the rules for its proceedings.

Sittings to be public.

Sec. 3. The sittings of the common council shall be public, except when the public interests shall, in their opinion, require secrecy. The minutes of the proceedings shall be kept by the clerk, and the same shall be open at all times for public inspection.

Each member to have one vote.

Sec. 4. In the proceedings of the common council each member present shall have one vote, except the mayor, or officer discharging the duties of mayor, who shall have only a casting vote when the votes of the other members are equally divided.

When minutes of meeting shall be recorded.

Sec. 5. Whenever required by two members, the votes of all the members of the common council, in relation to any act, proceeding, or proposition had at any meeting, shall be entered at large on the minutes; and such votes shall also be entered in relation to the adoption of any resolution or ordinance, report of a committee, or other act for taxing or assessing the citizens of said city, or involving the appropriation of public moneys.

Members of, not to beor be intercontract

Sec. 6. No member of the common council shall, during the come surety, period for which he was elected, be appointed to, or be compeested in any tent to hold any office, of which the emoluments are paid from the city treasury, or paid by fees directed to be paid by any act or ordinance of the common council, or be directly or indirectly interested in any contract, as principal, surety or otherwise, the expenses or consideration whereof are to be paid under any ordinance of the common council, nor be bondsmen or surety on any contract or bond given to said city; but this section shall not be construed to prevent the mayor or clerk from receiving any salary which may be fixed by the common council, nor from holding any office, nor to deprive any alderman of any emoluments or fees to which he may be entitled by virtue of his office.

To control finances, etc.

Sec. 7. The common council, in addition to the powers and duties especially conferred upon them in this act, shall have the management and control of the finances, rights and interests, buildings, and all property, real and personal, belonging to the city, and may make such orders and by-laws relating to the

same as they shall deem proper and necessary; and further, that May pass laws relative they shall have power within said city to enact, make, continue, establish, modify, amend and repeal such ordinances, by-laws and regulations as they deem desirable within said city, for the following purposes:

First. To prevent vice and immorality, to preserve public Vice. peace and good order, to regulate the police of the city, to Police. prevent and quell riots, disturbances and disorderly assemblages; Riots.

Second. To restrain and prevent disorderly and gambling Gaming houses, and houses of ill-fame, all instruments and devices used for gambling, and to prohibit all gambling and fraudulent devices, and regulate or restrain billiard tables and bowling alleys;

Third. To forbid and prevent the vending or other disposi-Liquors. tion of liquors and intoxicating drinks, in violation of the laws of this State, and to forbid the selling or giving, to be drank, any intoxicating liquors to any child or young person, without the consent of his or her parent or guardian, and to prohibit, Auctions. restrain and regulate the sale of all goods, wares and personal property at auction, except in cases of sales authorized by law, and to fix the fees to be paid by and to auctioneers;

Fourth. To prohibit, restrain, and regulate all sports, exhi-shows. bitions of natural or artificial curiosities, caravans of animals, theatrical exhibitions, circuses, or other public performances and exhibitions for money;

Fifth. To abate and remove nuisances of every kind, and to Nuisances. compel the owner or occupant of any grocery, tallow-chandler's shop, butcher's stall, soap-factory, tannery, stable, privy, hogpen, sewer, or other offensive or unwholesome house or place, to cleanse, remove, or abate the same, from time to time, as often as they may deem necessary for the health, comfort and convenience of the inhabitants of said city;

Sixth. To direct the location of all slaughter-houses, markets, Slaughter and buildings for storing gunpowder or other combustible

Seventh. Concerning the buying, carrying, selling and using Gunpowder. gunpowder, fire-crackers, or fire-works manufactured or prepared therefrom, or other combustible materials, and the exhibition of fire-works, and the discharge of fire-arms, and the lights in barns, stables and other buildings, and to restrain the making of bonfires in streets and yards;

Eighth. To prevent the cumbering of streets, sidewalks, cross-Incumbering of streets. walks, lanes, alleys, bridges, aqueducts, wharves or slips, in any manner whatever;

Ninth. To prevent and punish horse-racing and immoderate Fast driving. driving or riding in any street, or over any bridge, and to authorize the stopping and detaining any person who shall be guilty of immoderate driving or riding in any street, or over any bridge;

Tenth. To restrain and regulate the use of locomotives, Locomotives engines and cars upon the railroads within the city;

Eleventh. To prohibit or regulate bathing in any public Bathing. water, and to provide for cleansing Grand and Cedar rivers of drift-wood and other obstructions within the city limits;

Twelfth. To restrain and punish drunkards, vagrants, men-Vagrants. dicants, street-beggars, and persons soliciting alms or subscriptions for any purpose whatever;

Thirteenth. To establish and regulate one or more pounds, and Pounds. to restrain and regulate the running at large of horses, cattle, Cattle. swine, and other animals, geese, and poultry, and to authorize the impounding and sale of the same for the penalty incurred, and the costs of keeping and impounding;

Fourteenth. To regulate and prevent the running at large of dogs, to impose taxes on the owners of dogs, and to prevent dog-fights in the streets;

Fifteenth. To prohibit any person from bringing and depositing within the limits of said city any dead carcass, or other unwholesome or offensive substances, and to require the removal or destruction thereof. If any person shall have on his premises such substances, or any putrid meats, fish, hides, or

Dogs.

substances. skins of any kind, and on his default, to authorize the removal or destruction thereof, by some officer of the city;

Sixteenth. To regulate the ringing of bells, and the crying of Ringing of goods or other commodities for sale at auction or otherwise, and to prevent disturbing noises in the streets;

Seventeenth. To prescribe the powers and duties of watchmen, Watchmen. and the fines and penalties for their delinquencies;

Eighteenth. To regulate and establish the line upon which Building buildings may be erected upon any street, lane or alley in said city, and to compel such buildings to be erected upon such line by fine upon the owner or builder thereof, not to exceed five hundred dollars;

Nineteenth. To regulate the burial of the dead, and to compel Burial of the the keeping and return of bills of mortality;

Twentieth. To establish, order and regulate the markets; Markets. to regulate the vending of wood, meats, vegetables, fruit, fish, and provisions of all kinds, and prescribe the time and place for selling the same, and the fees to be paid by butchers for license: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall au-Proviso. thorize the common council to restrict in any way the sale of fresh and wholesome meats by the quarter, within the limits of the city;

Twenty-first. To supply the city with water, to establish, Reservoirs. regulate and preserve public reservoirs, wells and pumps, and to prevent the waste of water;

Twenty-second. To regulate sextons and undertakers for the Sextons. burial of the dead, cartmen and their carts, hackney carriages and their drivers, omnibuses and their drivers, scavengers, porters and chimney sweeps, and their fees and compensation, and the fees to be paid by them into the city treasury for license;

Twenty-third. To prevent runners, stage drivers and others, Runners, from soliciting passengers and others to travel or ride in any stage, omnibus, or upon any railroad, or to go to any hotel, or otherwheres;

Twenty-fourth. Concerning the lighting of the streets and Lighting of alleys, and the protection and safety of public lamps;

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Peddling.

Twenty-fifth. To regulate and restrain hawking and peddling in the streets, and to regulate pawnbrokers;

Duties of officers.

Twenty-sixth. To prescribe the duties of all officers appointed by the common council, and their compensation, and the penalty or penalties for failing to perform such duties, and to prescribe the bonds and sureties to be given by the officers of the city for the discharge of their duties, and the time for executing the same, in cases not otherwise provided for by law;

Water in river.

Twenty-seventh. To preserve the salubrity of the waters of Grand river, or other streams within the limits of the said city, to fill up all low grounds or lots covered, or partially covered with water, or to drain the same, as they may deem expedient;

Stands for carriages.

Twenty-eighth. To prescribe and designate the stands for carriages of all kinds, which carry persons for hire, and carts and carters, and to prescribe the rates of fare and charges, and the stand or stands for wood, hay and produce exposed for sale in said city;

Clearing of sidewalks.

Twenty-ninth. To compel all persons to keep sidewalks in front of premises owned or occupied by them, clear from snow, dirt, wood or obstructions.

Groceries, etc.

Sec. 8. The common council shall have and exercise in and over said city the same powers in relation to the regulation of taverns, groceries, common victualers, saloon keepers and others, as are now or may hereafter be conferred by the general laws of this State upon township boards, or upon corporate authorities of cities and villages in relation to tavern keepers and common victualers, and subject to the same conditions and limitations; and the general laws of this State now in force, or which may hereafter be enacted in relation to the regulation of taverns, groceries and common victualers, shall be deemed applicable to this city, unless otherwise limited.

Licensing tavernkeepers. Sec. 9. No person shall engage in or exercise the business or occupation of tavern keeper, inn holder, common victualer, or saloon keeper, within the limits of said city, until he is first licensed as such by the common council; and any person who

shall assume to exercise such business or occupation, without having first obtained such license, shall forfeit and pay for collecting every day he shall so exercise such occupation or business, the money. sum of two dollars, to be recovered by action of debt, in the name of the city of Lansing, before any justice of the peace of said city, together with the costs of prosecution.

- Sec. 10. The common council shall have power to grant council to licenses, to authorize persons to exercise the business of tavern censes. keeper, inn holder, common victualer, or saloon keeper, within said city, and may impose such fees to be paid into the city treasury, on the granting of such license, as they may see fit.
- Sec. 11. The common council shall also have power, by or-To compel dinance or otherwise, to require the owners or occupants of any cover mill races within the said city, to cover the same with bridges or arches, to be constructed with such materials as the common council shall direct, or they may direct the same to be covered in the same manner that other public improvements are directed to be made.
- Sec. 12. Whenever the owner or occupant of any mill-race Proceedings shall refuse or neglect, within such time as the common refuses to cover such mill-race in the race.

 manner and with the materials by them directed, it shall be lawful for the common council to cause the same to be done at the expense of the city, and to recover the expenses thereof, with damages at the rate of ten per cent., with costs of suit, from such owner or occupant.
- Sec. 13. The common council shall have power, whenever in Council authorized to their opinion the necessities of the city require, to construct a construct watch house, city watch-house, city hall, and city market or markets, and to etc. appoint the keepers, clerks, and necessary officers thereof; and may locate such city watch-house, city hall, and city market or markets within or without the city limits, and may make such regulations concerning the same as the common council may think proper.
- Sec. 14. The common council shall have power to purchase To purchase and to hold a suitable lot or lots of land, within or without the cemetery.

Ibid.

corporation limits, for the purpose of a city cemetery or cemeteries; and they shall make such rules and regulations regarding the same as they may deem necessary, and may cause the same to be surveyed into suitable lots, and may dispose of the same to purchasers, and thereupon cause to be executed to such purchaser a good and sufficient deed, in the corporate name of said city, which deed shall be signed by the mayor and clerk.

To purchase a potter's field.

Sec. 15. The common council shall have power to purchase a potter's field, within or without the city limits, for the burial of the city poor, and may make such rules and regulations concerning the same as they may deem necessary.

Power to prescribe violation of erdinances.

Sec. 16. Where, by the provisions of this act, the common penalties for council have authority to pass ordinances on any subject, they may prescribe a penalty, not exceeding one hundred dollars, (unless the imposition of a greater penalty be herein otherwise provided,) for a violation thereof, and may provide that the offender, on failing to pay the penalty imposed, shall be imprisoned in the county jail of Ingham county, for any term not exceeding ninety days, which penalties may be sued for and recovered, with costs, in the name of the city of Lansing.

When ordinances shall take effect.

Sec. 17. No ordinance of the common council, imposing a penalty, shall take effect until after the expiration of at least three days after the first publication thereof in a newspaper published in said city.

How record may be used

Sec. 18. A record or entry made by the clerk of the said city, in evidence. or a copy of such record or entry, duly certified by him, shall be prima facie evidence of the time of such first publication; and all laws, regulations and ordinances of the common council may be read in evidence, in all courts of justice, and in all proceedings before any officer, body or board, in which it shall be necessary to refer thereto, either—

First.

First. From a copy certified by the clerk of the city, with the seal of the city of Lansing affixed; or,

Second.

Second. From the volume of ordinances printed by authority of the common council.

Sec. 19. Whenever the common council are required by law what to make publication of any notices, ordinances, or resolutions sufficient or proceedings, in one or more newspapers of the said city, it shall be deemed sufficient to publish the same in any daily or weekly newspaper published in said city.

Sec. 20. On the last Tuesday in the month of April, in each Annual year, the common council shall audit and settle the accounts of statement. the city treasurer, and the accounts of all other officers and persons having claims against the city or accounts with it, and shall make out a statement in detail of the receipts and expenditures of the corporation during the preceding year, in which statement shall be clearly and distinctly specified the several items of expenditure made by the common council, the objects and purposes for which the same were made, and the amount of money expended under each; the amount of taxes raised for the general contingent expenses; the amount raised for lighting and watching the city; the amount of highway taxes and assessments; the amount of assessment for opening, paving, planking, repairing, and altering streets, and building and repairing bridges; the amount borrowed on the credit of the city, and the terms on which the same was obtained, and such other information as shall be necessary to a full understanding of the financial concerns of the city.

Sec. 21. The said statement shall be signed by the mayor By whom and clerk, and filed with the papers of the city; and the same where shall be published by the clerk, at the expense of the city, in published. some newspaper thereof, to be designated by the common council, previous to the first day of May thereafter.

Sec. 22. No ordinance or resolution passed by the common when any council shall have any force or effect, if on the day of its pas-ordinance shall take sage, or on the next day thereafter, the mayor, or other officer legally discharging the duties of mayor, shall file in the office of the city clerk a notice in writing, suspending the immediate operation of such ordinance or resolution. If the mayor, or Two-thirds other officer legally exercising the office of mayor, shall, within ry when twenty-four hours after the passage of such ordinance or resolu-jests.

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tion, file in the office of the city clerk lessons in writing why the same should not go into effect, the same shall not; into effect, nor have any legal operation, unless it shall, at subsequent meeting of the common council, be passed by majority of two-thirds of all the members of the common cou cil then in office, exclusive of the mayor, or other officer legal discharging the duties of mayor; and if so repassed, shall into effect according to the terms thereof. If such reasons if objections writing shall not be filed with the clerk, as above provide such ordinance or resolution shall have the same operation as effect as if no notice suspending the same had been filed wi the city clerk; and no ordinance or resolution of the comme council, for any of the purposes mentioned in this section, she go into operation until after the expiration of twenty-four hou after its passage.

Clerk to re-

port papers

when filed.

When shall take effect

are not filed.

Sec. 23. It shall be the duty of the city clerk to communica to the common council, at its next meeting, any paper that me be filed with him pursuant to the last preceding section.

Power of council to make contracts.

Sec. 24. The common council shall have power to make col tracts for the performance of any work to be done, or ar public improvement to be made in and for said city.

TITLE IV.

OF THE CITY OFFICERS.

Powers and duties of mayor.

Sec. 1. The mayor shall be president of the common counc and shall preside at all its meetings; but when absent, th common council may appoint one of its members, who sha preside.

To take care that laws are executed.

To have control of officers.

To recommend meas ures.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the mayor to take care the the laws of the State, and the ordinances of the common cou cil be faithfully executed; to exercise a constant supervisic and control over the conduct of all subordinate officers, and t receive and examine into all complaints against them for neg lect of duty; to recommend to the common council such measured to the co ures as he shall deem expedient; to expedite such as shall b

resolved upon by them, and in general, to maintain the peace and good order, and advance the prosperity of the city.

Sec. 3. The mayor and aldermen, by virtue of their respective offices, shall be conservators of the public peace, and as be conservators of the public peace, and as be conservators of the such, shall each have and exercise all the power and authority public peace. of justices of the peace in criminal cases, and in enforcing the laws of this State, relating to the police thereof, but shall have no jurisdiction of civil cases, other than such as by this act shall be expressly conferred upon them, or either of them.

Sec. 4. The clerk shall keep the corporate seal, and all the Clerk to keep papers and files belonging to said city as a corporation, not seal properly by this act in the custody of some other officer thereof, and shall make minutes of the proceedings of the common council, whese meetings it shall be his duty to attend; and To make copies of all papers duly filed in his office, and transcripts from copies of the records of the proceedings of the common council, certified to by him under the corporate seal, shall be evidence in all places, when produced, of the matters therein contained; he shall countersign all licenses granted for any purpose whatever by the mayor or common council, and shall enter in an appropriate book the name of every person to whom a license shall be granted, and the number of such license, and the date thereof, and the time during which it is to be continued in force, and the sum paid for such license. No license for any purpose To countersign licenses. granted shall be valid until thus countersigned by the clerk.

Sec. 5. The clerk shall draw his warrant on the treasurer for To draw all moneys appropriated or ordered by the common council to warrants on treasurer for be paid, specifying in such order the purpose of such appropriation, and the fund from which it shall be paid; and the To keep account of clerk shall keep an accurate account, under appropriate heads, expenditures of all expenditures, of all orders drawn upon the treasury, in a ledger to be kept by him for that purpose.

Sec. 6. The clerk shall be the sealer of weights and meas-To be sealer ures of the said city, and shall perform all the duties of town-and meas'rs. ship clerk, so far as the same applies to the sealing of weights

and measures, and the laws of this State relating to the sealing of weights and measures shall apply to the said city.

To publish ordinances.

Sec. 7. The clerk shall publish at least one week in a newspaper printed in the city, all the ordinances of the common council, for the violation of which any penalty may be imposed, and all votes, ordinances and resolutions, directing the payment of money, shall be published at least once in like manner, within eight days after the passage of such vote, ordinance or Other duties resolution; he shall also perform such other duties as this act shall direct, or which may be directed by ordinance of the common council.

Treasurer to receive all

and security.

To pay out money on warrants.

of moneys received.

To possess power of township treasurers.

Sec. 8. The treasurer shall receive all moneys belonging to city moneys. the city, and shall collect all taxes levied or assessed in the city, and for that purpose he shall give bond to said city in such sum and with such surety or sureties as the common council shall To give bond require and approve; and such treasurer shall also give to the treasurer of the county of Ingham such further security as is or may hereafter be required by law of the several township treasurers of the several townships of this State; the said treasurer shall pay no money out of the treasury except in pursuance and by authority of law, and on a warrant signed by the clerk and countersigned by the auditor, which shall specify the purpose for which the amount thereof is to be paid, and the fund from which it is to be paid, and he shall keep an accurate account of, and be charged with all taxes and moneys appropriated, raised or received for each fund of the corpora-To keep acc't tion; and shall keep a separate account for each fund, and shall pay every warrant out of the particular fund constituted or raised for the purpose for which said warrant was issued, and having the name of such fund endorsed thereon by the auditor. For the purposes of the collection and return of all taxes, and the return of property delinquent for the non-payment of taxes, and for the purpose of suits for the collection of taxes, the said treasurer, on giving the bonds or surety so required, shall possess all the powers, and perform all the duties of the several township treasurers of this State, as prescribed by law, and shall also perform such other duties, respecting the collection and return of taxes, as this act imposes.

Sec. 9. The treasurer shall, at the first regular meeting of To make monthly the common council in each month, make report of the finances reports. of said city, showing what appropriations and payments have been made out of each of the several funds of said city since his last preceding report, and of the state of each of said funds. The books and accounts of the treasurer shall, at rea-To keep sonable hours, be open to the inspection of any elector of said for inspectin city; the treasurer shall exhibit to the common council, at the To make last regular meeting in the month of April, a full and fair account of the receipts and expenditures after the date of his or the last annual report, and also the state of the treasury, which account shall be referred to a committee for examination, and if found to be correct, shall be filed and published.

Sec. 10. It shall be the duty of every alderman in said city, Aldermen to attend the regular and special meetings of the common meetings of council; to act upon committees when thereunto appointed by the mayor or common council; to order the arrest of all per-To order arrest of sons violating the laws of this State, or the ordinances, by-offenders. laws or police regulations; to report to the mayor all subor-To report officers who are guilty of any official misconduct or misconduct. neglect of duty; to maintain peace and good order, and to perform all other duties required of them by this act.

Sec. 11. That alderman in each ward of said city whose who to be term of office shall soonest expire, shall be the supervisor supervisors. within and for his ward for the last year of his term, and shall have and exercise within his ward, all the powers, authority and functions of supervisors of towns as now provided, or may hereafter be provided by law, except as herein otherwise provided; and each of them shall be members of the board of To be mem supervisors of the county of Ingham, and as such shall be en-board of supervisors of the same compensation, and shall be paid in the same manner, and they shall perform, as supervisors, such other duties as by this act shall be required of them; and in case of

Vacancy in office of supervisor; how filled.

appointm't; by whom given.

a vacancy, by death, of such supervisor, or by reason of sickness, absence or other disability to perform the duties of supervisor, the associate alderman of the same ward is hereby authorized to perform the duties of supervisor until such dis-Certificate of ability shall cease; and a certificate of appointment from the supervisor, or in case of his death, or inability to give such certificate, a certificate of the mayor shall be sufficient authority to entitle such associate alderman to recognition, if objected to, as the proper representative of his ward for the time being, at any meeting of the board of supervisors of Ingham county.

Annual assessment.

Sec. 12. The annual assessment of property in the several wards shall be made by the city assessor, as herein provided. He shall be entitled to a seat on the board of supervisors, for the purpose of deliberation and debate, and may act on committees, but shall have no vote. For such services he shall be entitled to the same pay as a supervisor.

Fees of.

Assessor; duties of.

Attorney.

Sec. 13. The attorney or counselor of the city shall perform such duties and exercise such powers as shall be assigned to him by the common council, by an ordinance duly enacted.

Marshal to superintend work on streets.

Sec. 14. It shall be the duty of the marshal to superintend, under the general direction of the common council, all work to be done or performed, ordered or required to be done or performed, upon or in relation to any of the public streets, walks, bridges, sewers, or public pumps, reservoirs, or grounds of said city, and to perform such other duties as by this act, or the ordinances or resolutions of the common council shall be required. He may also serve all process that may issue from any court or magistrate of said city, the same as any constable or the sheriff of the county of Ingham, and with the same power and authority. In the absence of the marshal, or his inability to serve, any constable designated by the mayor or common council may perform his duties.

Serve process.

City auditor to countersign orders.

Sec 15. The city auditor shall countersign all orders for the payment of money out of the city treasury, after having ascertained from the minutes that it has been appropriated by the common council, and he shall make a record of all orders so ountersigned, and shall perform such other duties as the comaon council shall by ordinance prescribe, and such other duties s are prescribed by this act.

Sec. 16. The city surveyor, fire wardens, common criers, City surveyound masters, inspectors of firewood and weigh-masters, shall officers. erform such duties, and if required, shall file such securities s the common council shall by ordinance direct.

Sec. 17. The common council shall annually determine the Compensat'n alary or compensation to be paid to the several officers of said ity.

TITLE V.

OF TAXES, FUNDS AND EXPENDITURES.

Sec. 1. The assessor shall, before the first day of August in Assessment ach and every year, make and complete the assessment of all 1e real and personal property within the several wards, in the ame manner, as near as may be, as is required by law for the ssessment of property in the several townships of this State, ad in so doing shall in all respects, unless when otherwise in nis act provided, conform to the provisions of law governing 10 action of supervisors in the several townships of this State, the assessment of property and the levying of taxes.

Sec. 2. For the more effectual assessment and collection of Part-paid xes upon such State lands, whether primary school, State assessor to milding lands, or otherwise, lying within the limits of the said of ty, as shall have been or shall hereafter be sold by the State, pon which the purchase money has not been all paid and the tle to which still remains in the State, it shall be the duty I the city assessor, at least thirty days before the time preribed in this act for completing the assessment rolls, to apply the Commissioner of the State Land Office, and it shall be the Commis'r of uty of the said Commissioner, on such application, to make out office to ad deliver to the said assessor a correct list and description of I such State lands, within the limits of the said city, which st shall be filed by said assessor and kept in his office, and so

How to he entered on roll.

much thereof as shall be situated in any of the wards of the said city shall be enrolled in a separate part of the assessment roll of such ward, under the title of "State lands," and if occupied, shall be assessed to the occupant or occupants thereof, but if not occupied shall be assessed as non-resident.

Day for reviewing.

Sec. 3. On the first Saturday in August the assessor shall be present in his office for the purpose of reviewing his assessments in the several wards, according to law, and he shall cause printed notices thereof to be posted in three of the most public places in each ward, at least one week previous thereto.

Council to determine amount of tax to be raised.

raised.

Amount of tax limited.

Council to decide am't each ward shall raise.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the common council of said city, on the first Monday after the board of supervisors of the county of Ingham shall have completed the equalization of the valuation of the property in the wards of the city, and townships of the county, for such year, or as soon thereafter as may be, to determine by resolution the amount necessary to be raised by tax, for the purpose of defraying the expense of, and all liabilities incurred by said city. And the common council may raise by tax, to be levied upon the real and personal property within said city, such amount so determined, not exceeding seven mills on a dollar, (exclusive of interest on the bonded debt of the city, and bridge taxes,) on the valuation of such real and personal estate, within the limits of said city, according to the valuation thereof, taken from the assessment roll of that year, which amount determined as aforesaid, shall be apportioned among the several wards of the city, according to the valuation of the property in the assessment rolls, as equalized by the board of supervisors, and the apportionment of the common council entered at large on the records. And the common council, in addition thereto, shall determine the amount necessary to be collected in each ward respectively, for ward and highway purposes, not exceeding two thousand dollars in any one ward. But all ward and highway taxes shall be passed to the credit of and expended in the ward in which they may be collected. And it shall be the duty of the assessor to levy

the sums apportioned to the respective wards, and such other Assessors to taxes as may be required by law, upon the taxable property of on taxable each ward, in the same manner as taxes for township purposes are required by law to be levied by the supervisors of the townships of this State. Whenever the common council shall deem Manner of it necessary to raise a greater sum in one year than the amount wax. specified and limited in this section, they may call a meeting of the electors of said city by giving at least ten days' notice Notice of in writing, to be posted up in six public places in said city, and by publishing said notice in one or more of the newspapers published in the city, which notice shall state the time and place of said meeting, and the purpose for which the money to be raised is to be expended; and when such meeting Electors to shall be assembled in pursuance of such notice, such electors, amount to by ballot, shall determine what amount of money shall be raised for such object specified in the notice: Provided, That such tax Provise. shall not in any one year exceed one per cent. upon the valuation of the real and personal property taxable within the city, unless otherwise provided in this act: And provided also, That Ibid. not more than two such meetings shall be called or held in any one year; and at all such meetings the mayor, or in his absence, any member of the common council present shall preside. Sec. 5. The assessor shall make and complete the tax rolls of Assessor to

the several wards of the city, and shall deliver them to the and deliver city treasurer at the time prescribed by law for the delivery of treasurer. the township tax rolls to the township treasurer, and a copy to the city clerk, with his warrant attached to each of said assessment rolls under his hand, commanding such treasurer to col-treasurer ordered to lect from the several persons named in said rolls, the several collect taxes sums mentioned in the last column of said rolls opposite their respective names, and to retain in his hands the amount receivable by law into the city treasury for the purposes therein specified, and to account for and pay over to the county treasurer the amounts therein specified for State and county purposes, on or before the first day of January then next; and the Power of, to sell goods said warrant shall authorize the city treasurer, in case any per-and chattels.

May notify persons newspapers.

son named in the assessment roll shall neglect or refuse to pay his tax, to levy the same by distress and sale of goods and chattels of such person. And when such tax rolls are delivered through the to the city treasurer, as aforesaid, he may notify the tax-payers of the city, by publishing such notification, at his own expense, in one or more of the newspapers published in the city, for at least two successive weeks; and after such notification it shall be the duty of each and every person against whom taxes are assessed, to pay the same at the office of said city treasurer.

Fees of.

Sec. 6. For the collection of all taxes the treasurer shall be entitled to receive such percentage as shall be prescribed by the common council by ordinance, not exceeding two per cent. upon the sum to be collected.

Taxes to remain a lien

Sec. 7. The taxes so levied for city and ward purposes shall on property. be and remain a lien upon the property on which the same was levied, in like cases, to the same extent, and in like manner as taxes required by law to be levied on property in the several townships in this State are liens upon such property; and all provisions of law respecting the return and sale of property for the non-payment of taxes for State, county, and township purposes, shall apply to the return and sale of property for the non-payment of such city taxes, except as herein otherwise provided.

Proceeds of sales to be paid to treasurer.

Sec. 8. The net proceeds of the sales of all property delinquent for non-payment of city taxes, shall be paid to the treasurer of said city by the treasurer of the county of Ingham, whenever required by the city treasurer, and the net proceeds of all sums paid to the treasurer of the county of Ingham, before sale, on account of property within said city returned delinquent for non-payment of city taxes, shall in like manner be paid to said city treasurer.

Proceedings when State lards are taxed.

Sec. 9. It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of the State Land Office, within ten days after the receipt by him of the returns of the treasurer of the county of Ingham, of land assessed as State lands, as provided in section two of this title, to cause to be made out, certified and delivered to the Auditor

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

General a correct list of all said State lands, together with the taxes assessed thereon, so returned to him as aforesaid; and the Auditor General shall thereupon cause to be credited to the said county of Ingham all taxes so returned.

Sec. 10. It shall be the duty of the said Commissioner of Duty the State Land Office, on receipt of the returns as provided in Land Connect the last preceding section, forthwith to charge to each description of land contained in such returns, the taxes appearing thereby to have been assessed therein; and thereupon such taxes, together with the interest thereon at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum from the first day of February next preceding, shall remain and continue a charge and lien upon the interests of the respective purchasers of such lands, to the same extent, and shall be enforced and collected in the same manner, in every respect, as now is or shall hereafter be provided by law for the enforcement and collection of the interest upon the balance of purchase money remaining unpaid upon such lands.

Sec. 11. For the purchase and improvement of a city cemecouncil;
power of, to
money for
with of the city, a sum not exceeding three thousand dollars,
remeteries.

remeteries, the common council may borrow on the
money for
cometeries.

remeteries, the common council may borrow on the
money for
cometeries.

remeteries.

remeteries, the common dollars, and to insuch
that purpose may issue the bonds of the city, signed by the
leaver and clerk, and countersigned by the auditor, and in such
meand in such sums (not exceeding in the aggregate the
leaver of three thousand dollars) as the common council
leaver and such bonds shall be disposed of under the di-How bonds
ion of the common council of said city, upon such terms as
disposed of,
shall deem advisable, but not less than their par value,
the avails shall be applied in the purchase and improveof a city cemetery or cemeteries, and the necessary
tenances, and for no other purpose whatsoever.

12. It shall not be lawful for the common council (ex-Limit of power to sherein otherwise provided) to borrow any money or borrow money.

ize the creation of any liability or indebtedness against 169-

edness shall be paid.

said city in any one year exceeding in the aggregate the amount of one per cent. of the assessed valuation of the property in How indebt said city; and in case any sum or sums of money shall be borrowed by said common council the same shall be paid out of the sums raised by tax for such year, if the payment thereof is not otherwise provided, and all sums of money borrowed by said city shall be applied to the purposes for which the same was borrowed, and for no other purpose whatsoever; but noth-Right of, to ing in this act contained shall be construed to prohibit said common council from making assessments and levying and collecting taxes for the purpose of local improvements.

To create a sinking fund.

levy taxes

for local improvem'ts

> Sec. 13. Whenever, by the provisions of this act, or any act of the Legislature, the common council shall be authorized to issue city bonds for the payment of any sum or sums of money, the said common council shall thereupon have the power to create a sinking fund for the payment of the principal as it falls due, which fund shall be raised by a direct tax, which shall not exceed in any one year one cent on the dollar on the valuation of the real and personal property within said city.

To allow and settle city accounts.

Sec. 14. The common council shall examine, settle, and allow all accounts and demands properly chargeable against said city, as well of its officers as other persons, and shall have authority to provide means for the payment of the same, and for defraying the contingent expenses of the said city, subject only to the limitations and restrictions in this act contained.

All accounts

Sec. 15. The accounts and demands of all persons against to be verified by affidavit, the city shall be verified by affidavit, and shall set forth the items thereof in detail, which affidavit may be taken and certified by any member of said common council.

Money; how drawn from treasury.

Sec. 16. No money shall be drawn from the city treasury, except school moneys, unless it shall have been previously appropriated to the purpose for which it shall have been drawn; and all ordinances, resolutions and orders directing the payment of money shall specify the object and purposes of such payment, and the fund from which it shall be paid, which shall be certified by the clerk, and countersigned by the auditor, before the same shall be paid by the treasurer.

Sec. 17. No bond, obligation, or evidence of indebtedness of How notes, said city shall ever be given or issued by said city, or by any may be issued. officer thereof in his official capacity, whereby the said city shall become obligated to pay any sum of money, except as expressly provided in this act, or by an act of the Legislature. Nor shall any order or warrant for the payment of money be drawn upon the treasury when there shall not be sufficient funds in the treasury to pay the same, unless the same shall have been submitted to and voted for by the electors of said city in conformity to this act, or an act of the Legislature: Provided, That in cases of special assessments, under title six Proviso. of this act, orders or warrants may be drawn to the amount of the assessment made.

TITLE VI.

OF STREETS AND PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.

Sec. 1. The common council of the city of Lansing shall council; power of, have power to lay out, establish, open, extend, widen, straighten, to lay out streets. alter, close, vacate, or abolish any highways, State roads, streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, public grounds, or spaces in said city, except public grounds used and occupied by the State of Michigan, to construct any embankments or levees upon the banks of the Grand or Cedar rivers whenever they shall deem it a necessary public improvement, and private property may be taken therefor; but the just compensation to be made for the Jury to alsame, and the damages arising to any person from the making sation to of said improvement, shall be ascertained by a jury of twelve freeholders, residing in the county of Ingham.

Sec. 2. Whenever the common council shall deem any such Proceedings improvement necessary, they shall so declare by resolution, property is describing the contemplated improvement; and if they intend to take private property therefor, they shall declare such intention and describe such property in said resolution; and further

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declare that they will on some day, to be named in said resolution, meet to determine the necessity for using the property intended to be taken, if it be intended to take any for such improvement. The common council shall give notice of such meeting, and of the intended improvement, by causing a copy of said resolution, certified by the clerk, to be delivered to the owner or owners, or agent of any private property intended to be taken, or that will be damaged by said improvement, if they a when can be found in said city. If they cannot be found, by leaving he found the same at their place of residence in said city with some person of proper age. If they or their place of residence cannot be found, and such property be occupied, said notice shall be served by delivering the same to the occupant or occupants, or by leaving the same at their place of residence, within said city, with some person of proper age. But if the owner or owners, or agent of such property, or their place of residence cannot be found, and it be not occupied, or if the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, be unknown, or non-residents of said city, then in either of such cases, notice of such meeting may be given by publishing a copy of said resolution in some newspaper regularly published in said city, for two successive weeks, or by posting the same in six or more public places in said city. And all persons interested therein, after notice served upon them as aforesaid, not less than three days, or if published, as aforesaid, for two successive weeks before the time of such meeting of the common council, shall take notice of, and be bound by all subsequent proceedings without any further notice.

Day for hearing parties interested.

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Sec. 3. Upon the day designated in said resolution, or some other day adjourned to by the common council, they shall hear the persons interested; and if, after hearing the parties interested who may appear before them, they shall determine to take the private property described in said resolution for such improvement, and shall further determine what time and place they will make an application to a justice of the peace of said city for a jury to ascertain the just damages and compensation

for taking such property, it shall be the duty of the city clerk, Summoning or in his absence the mayor, to apply to the justice of the peace selected by the common council at the time and place determined on by them for a jury, at which time, or at some other time appointed by said justice of the peace, he shall make a list of twelve disinterested freeholders, residing in the county of Ingham, and shall issue a venire under his hand, directed to the marshal of said city, or sheriff, or any constable of said county, commanding the officer therein named to summon the persons named in said list, to be and appear at his office on some day to be therein named, not less than two days nor more than six days from the time of issuing the same, to serve as jurors. The officer shall serve such summons at least one Dutles of day before the return day thereof, and make return in the jurymen. same manner as in the case of summons for other jurors of said court; and the person thus summoned shall be bound to attend said justice's court and serve until discharged, unless exempt and excused by said justice from serving, for the same reason that other jurors may be excused or exempted; and if all the jurors shall not appear the said justice shall cause a sufficient number of talesmen to be summoned to make a full The jurors shall be sworn to discharge their duties faithfully, and according to the best of their abilities.

Sec. 4. Said justice shall deliver to said jury a description of Jury to inthe improvement intended to be made, and of the property de-erty and termined to be taken by the common council, certified to by damages. the city clerk, and the city attorney shall give said jury legal advice and counsel concerning their duties whenever requested. The jury shall go to the place of the intended improvement, and upon, or as near as practicable, to any property intended to be taken, or, as the case may be, which will be damaged or benefited; said jury shall then ascertain the just damage and compensation to be paid to the owner or owners of any property intended to be taken for, or that may be damaged by the intended improvement; and in estimating any damages, they may take into consideration the benefit such improvement will

be to the owner or owners of such property to be taken; and they shall award to the owner or owners of the property intended to be taken, or that will be damaged, such compensation as they shall deem just.

Owners and holders of be proport'nally taxed.

Sec. 5. If such property shall be subject to a valid mortgage, mortgages to lease and agreement, or to either, and such facts shall be made to appear to the jury, then said jury shall apportion and award to the owners of such property, the parties in interest to such mortgage, lease and agreement, or to either of them, such portions of the damages and compensation as they shall deem just; and in all cases where any such damages shall be awarded, they shall be payable out of the city treasury, and the means thereof shall be raised from time to time, as may be necessary, with the general city taxes.

Duty of jury in case alleys are to be opened.

Sec. 6. In cases of the laying out, establishing, opening, widening, altering or vacating an alley or alleys, said jury shall further proceed to apportion the total damages and compensations to be paid for the proposed improvement, among the lots of land, premises, or subdivisions thereof within the block, in which the alley in question is situated and which will be benefited by the proposed improvement, apportioning and assessing the same upon said lots, premises or subdivisions thereof, as near as may be in proportion as the same will be benefited by said improvement. The word alley, as used in be construed this section, shall be construed to mean only those ways or passages that bisect or divide the interior of a block. leys shall be opened except upon a petition of the owners of a majority of the lots on the block or blocks to be intersected thereby, and upon security being given to indemnify the city against the expenses of opening said alleys.

"alley" shall

How term

Jury to make report.

Sec. 7. Said jury, after completing the aforesaid duties, shall then make, in writing, signed by each of them, a report to said justice of the peace of their doings, and file it with said justice, within two days after they were sworn. They shall state in their report the just damages and compensation ascertained

and awarded by them, to the owner or owners of any private Contents of property, or to any person claiming an interest therein, by virtue of any valid mortgage, lease or agreement, to which such property may be subject, together with the name of such owner or owners and claimants, if known, and a description of the property intended to be taken. Said jury shall also, in the cases provided for in this section, state in their report what portions in amount of the total ascertained damages and compensation they have apportioned to and assessed upon any lot, premises or subdivisions thereof, which will be benefited by the intended improvement, together with the names of the owners thereof, if known, and description of the same, and also what portion, if any, of the ascertained damages and compensation they have apportioned and assessed to the city of Lansing; and said jury shall make a statement of the time spent by them, and shall be entitled to receive one dollar per day and fifty cents for each half day, and the justice and officer who served said venire, one dollar each for their fees.

Sec. 8. The report of said jury, filed with said justice, shall Jury to file be certified by him, and delivered to the city clerk within two city clerk. days after such report is filed with him; and it shall be the duty of the city clerk to inform the common council at their next regular meeting of the delivery of such report to him, which report shall then be read, and any person to whom dam-Time for ages and compensation may be awarded for any of his property corrections. intended to be taken, considering himself aggrieved in the award of damages assessed and returned by the jury, may appear before the common council at such meeting, or at such other meeting as the common council shall then appoint, and present his claim before said council, and said council shall hear the proofs and allegations in respect to said damages, and render their decision thereon. The common council shall thereupon confirm or annul said report as they shall deem best. A majority elect of said common council shall be necessary to decide all such questions submitted to them.

Proceedings when report is not confirmed by council.

Sec. 9. If the report of the jury is not confirmed by the common council, or if the jury, so summoned as aforesaid, cannot agree, or from death, sickness or other cause shall fail to make a report within the two days above required, a second or more applications may be made by said mayor or clerk to a justice of the peace of said city, when another jury shall be obtained in the same manner, and bound to serve, have the same qualifications, be sworn, and when sworn have the same powers and duties as the first jury; and the same proceedings shall be had as after the first jury was sworn. But no report of any jury shall be set aside or annulled for objections as to matters of form; all objections to the report of any jury shall be objections of law and to matters of substance; but the damages and compensation to be paid to any person, or the portions thereof apportioned to and assessed upon any lot of land, premises or subdivision thereof, may be inquired into if excessively large or small.

Objections.

Decision of council to be final.

Clerk to file report.

Sec. 10. A decision of the common council confirming said report shall be final and conclusive as to all persons interested therein; and the damages and compensation apportioned to and assessed upon any lot of land, premises or subdivision thereof, according to said report, as confirmed, shall be a lien thereon from the time of the aforesaid confirmation until they are paid and satisfied. When the report of the jury has been thus confirmed, the clerk shall file it in his office, and record the same at length in a book used and known as a book of street records, and such record or a certified copy, shall, in all courts and places, be presumptive evidence of the matter therein contained and of the regularity of all proceedings from the commencement thereof to the confirmation of such report by the common council.

Assessments to be paid to treasurer.

Sec. 11. The amounts apportioned to and assessed upon all lots of land, premises or subdivisions thereof, for the benefits they will receive, shall be paid to the treasurer of said city, in case of confirmation of the report of the jury, as above provided, and may be collected in the same manner as other

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special assessments; and any amounts not paid to said treas- Taxes not urer within such time as the common council shall fix, shall be placed on reported to the city clerk, and the clerk shall notify the assessor, rolls. and said amounts shall be assessed upon the assessment rolls of the wards in the same manner as provided by section twentyfour of this title, and shall be collected and sold as provided by said section.

Sec. 12. Within sixty days after the confirmation of the re-council to port of the jury, the common council shall pay or tender to tender to pensation to the respective persons, the several amounts of damages and compensation awarded to them according to the report of the jury as confirmed; and in case any such person shall refuse the To deposit same, be unknown or a non-resident of said city, or for any reason incapacitated from receiving his or her amount, or the right thereto be disputed or doubtful, the common council may deposit the amount awarded in such case in the treasury of the city to the credit of any person entitled thereto, and shall, on demand, pay the same over to any person competent and entitled to receive the same. Upon such payment, tender or when coundeposit in the city treasury, the same shall become a public possession. highway, and the common council may enter upon, take possession of and convert the same to the uses and purposes for which said property has been taken; a certificate of the city treasurer of such tender, payment or deposit, or record thereof in the book of streets records, or certified copy of such record, shall in all courts and places be presumptive evidence of the facts therein stated, of the vesting of the fee of the property in the city of Lassing, and of the right of the common council to take possession of, and convert the same to the uses for which it has been taken.

Sec. 13. The common council shall have power to treat for Council may and obtain a release of the right of way of any street intended of way. to be opened or laid out by them; and whenever any person or Release to persons owning the land through which a street is intended to be recorded. be opened, shall release to the city of Lansing the right of way by deed or otherwise, and any such release shall be re-

corded in the book of street records, by order of the common council, the same shall become public highway.

Council to be commissioners of highways. Sec. 14. The common council shall be commissioners of highways for said city, and shall have the care and supervision of

the highways, sidewalks, streets, bridges, lanes, alleys, parks, and public grounds therein not belonging to or occupied by the

To direct improving of highways.

State; and it shall be their duty to give directions for the repairing, preserving, improving, cleansing and securing of such highways, sidewalks, bridges, lanes, alleys, parks, and public

grounds, and to cause the same to be repaired, cleansed, improved, and secured, from time to time as may be necessary; to regulate the roads, streets, highways, lanes, parks, and alleys

already laid out, or which may hereafter be laid out, and to alter such of them as they shall deem inconvenient, subject to the

restrictions contained in this title; to cause such of the streets and highways in said city as shall have been used for six years

To cause streets to be re-surveyed.

re-surveyed. or more as public highways and streets, and which are not sufficiently described, or have not been duly recorded, to be ascer-

tained, described and recorded, in the office of the city clerk of said city, in the book of street records; and the recording of such highways, streets, lanes, alleys, or public grounds, so as-

certained and described, or which shall hereafter be laid out and established by the said common council, and recorded in

the book of street records in the office of the clerk, by order of the common council, shall be presumptive evidence of the

existence of such highway, street, lane, alley, or public ground

therein described; to divide said city, from time to time, into so many highway districts as they shall deem expedient, by an

ordinance or resolution entered in their minutes; to appoint

and assign to each of such districts so many inspectors of

streets as they shall from time to time deem proper.

Duties of street inspectors.

To divide city into

highway districts.

Sec. 15. The street inspectors of the several ward districts, or city marshal, under the general direction of the common council, shall at all times keep the streets, bridges, culverts, and drains allotted to him or them to oversee, in thorough repair, and free from obstructions; they shall report on oath to

e common council, once in each month, which report shall To make ntain an accurate statement of the amount of labor perrmed, and the expenses necessarily incurred for material, and e streets upon which the same was performed, or expense curred, and their charges for the same.

Sec. 16. The common council shall examine such report, and Council to satisfied of its correctness, and that the charges therein made allow report. e just and reasonable, they shall accept it and order it filed; it if they are satisfied that it is incorrect, or that the charges erein are unreasonable, they shall alter the same as they think oper, and shall allow such charges as they shall deem just d equitable; they shall then let said report lay upon the table te week, and if not withdrawn by the inspector or marshal, r filing a notice in writing to that effect with the city clerk in at time, they shall accept it, and order it filed as corrected by em; when so filed, the clerk shall draw an order upon the ghway fund of the district for the amount.

Sec. 17. The common council shall have power to cause com- May cause on sewers, drains, vaults, arches and bridges, wells and pumps, to be built. id reservoirs, to be built in any part of the city; to cause the ading, raising, leveling, repairing, amending, paving, or coving with stone, plank, or other material, any street, lane, ley, highway, public ground, cross-walk, or sidewalk, and to covide for the planting and protecting of shade trees along e sides of the streets and public grounds in said city; and When exhenever the common council shall order any of the improve- be assessed ents that are mentioned in this section, or in any section of the six of this act, and do not determine by resolution that e expenses of any such improvement shall be defrayed by the ty or ward, or as provided by section nineteen, of said title x of this act, then such expenses of making any such improveent may be assessed and levied upon the lots, premises and ibdivisions thereof which are in front of, or adjoining such reets, sidewalks, drains, sewers, and other improvements, that ay be ordered by the common council; and the common

Council to pass laws relative to asseesing and collecting taxes.

council shall have power to make all by-laws and ordinances relative to the mode of assessing, levying and collecting any such tax, and may provide by ordinance for assessing such tax in the general assessment rolls of the city, which tax shall be and remain a lien upon the land, and if not paid, the land may be sold therefor in the same manner as provided for ordinary city taxes.

Rates to be collected.

Sec. 18. The common council shall have full power to assess and collect of each individual using or being benefited by any public sewer or drain, as follows, to wit: The sum of one dollar and fifty cents annually for each cellar drained directly or indirectly by a drain into any public drain or sewer, which assessment shall be taken to include all other drainage of the premises to which said cellar especially belongs; and the sum of fifty cents annually for each lot or subdivision of a lot, being without a cellar, drained as aforesaid into any public drain or sewer, and such sums as may be fixed by the common council for all establishments requiring an unusual or extraordinary amount of drainage, drained as aforesaid, which sums when collected shall constitute the sewer fund, and shall be expended exclusively for the repair and construction of sewers; and the collection of the charges to individuals for drainage in this section provided, shall be enforced in such manner as the common council may by ordinance direct.

Proceedings when exprovements shall be defrayed by owners.

Sec. 19. Whenever the common council shall determine that pense of im the whole or any part of the expense of any public improvement shall be defrayed by an assessment on the owners or occupants of houses and lands to be benefited thereby, they shall declare the same by an entry in their minutes, and after ascertaining, as they may think proper, the estimated expense of such improvement, they shall declare by an entry in their minutes whether the whole or what portion thereof shall be assessed to such owners and occupants, specifying the sum to be assessed, and the portion of the city which they deem to be benefited by such improvement; the costs and expenses of making the estimates, plans and assessments incidental thereto,

nall be included in the estimated expenses of such improveent: Provided, That in case of grading any street, a majority Proviso. ! the residents of said city owning property on any such street, iall petition for such grade. If after the survey and estimate ! the expenses of said grade has been made, and before a conact is entered into by said city for the grading of any such reet, a majority of such property owners shall remonstrate gainst said grade, and pay the expense of the survey and estiates, said grade shall not be made unless petitioned for again, id then not until after one year from said first petition.

Sec. 20. The assessor shall thereupon make an assessment Assessment pon all the owners or occupants of lands and houses within benefited. e portion of the city so designated, of the amount of expense . proportion as nearly as may be to the advantage which each all be deemed to acquire by the making such improvements, ad shall make out an assessment roll in which shall be entered e names of persons and the description of the property asssed, and the amount assessed to each person respectively, id in case any lots or parcels of real estate shall belong to a m-resident, or the owner or owners are unknown, the same all be entered accordingly, with a description of such lots or emises, as is required by law in assessment rolls made by pervisors of townships, with the amount assessed thereon, hich assessment roll shall be subscribed by him and returned ithin fifteen days to the common council of said city, unless ch time be extended by resolution of said common council.

Sec. 21. Upon such return being made and filed, the clerk clerk to the city shall cause notice to be published in a newspaper notice. the said city for at least ten days, giving a general descripon of the section or the portion of the city determined by e common council to be benefited by such improvement, ed that said common council will, at a certain time and place be designated in said notice, meet and review said assessment 11.

Sec. 22. At the day appointed for that purpose, and such Time for reher days as the hearing shall be adjourned to, the common corrections.

council shall hear the allegations and proofs of all persons who may complain of such assessment, and may rectify and amend the said assessment list in whole or in part, or may set the same aside and direct a new assessment, either by the same person or by such other person as the common council shall appoint for that purpose; and in such case the same proceedings shall be had as are herein provided upon the first order of the assessment, or the said common council may ratify and confirm such assessment without any corrections, or with such corrections therein as they may think proper.

Treasurer to receive roll, to collect.

Sec. 23. Every assessment so ratified and confirmed by the comwith orders mon council, as aforesaid, shall be final and conclusive. Within ten days after such assessment shall have been so ratified, the mayor shall affix to such assessment and tax roll his warrant for the collection thereof, which warrant shall direct the treasurer to collect the same within the time prescribed by the resolution of the common council; and the said assessment and tax roll, with the warrant of the mayor annexed, shall be delivered to said treasurer within the ten days aforesaid, who shall thereupon be authorized to levy and collect the same by distress and sale of any personal property in possession of the person chargeable with such tax.

Taxes to be a lien on real estate.

Sec. 24. When any special assessment for public, local or other improvements, or for any other purpose authorized by this act shall have been made, as in this act provided, and the tax roll for the same shall have been delivered to the treasurer for collection, the same shall be a lien upon the premises upon which the same was assessed, and the treasurer collecting such tax shall levy and collect the same of any personal property in the possession of that person chargeable with such tax, in the manner required by law; and in case sufficient personal property cannot be found whereon to levy and collect such tax, the treasurer shall, within five days after the time prescribed by his said warrant for the collection thereof has expired, make a report to the city clerk of the sums so remaining unpaid, which he was unable, for want of such personal property, to levy and

Return of unpaid taxes

collect of the same, together with the description of the premises assessed for such unpaid taxes; and the city clerk, within five days thereafter, shall in like manner notify the assessor of the amount of such taxes, and the description of the premises assessed and chargeable with such tax, who shall assess such unpaid taxes on such premises in the tax roll of the proper ward next thereafter to be made, and such tax shall then be levied, collected and returned, and the said premises may be sold or forfeited for non-payment thereof, as provided by law for the non-payment of the ordinary city taxes.

Sec. 25. If upon completion of any such improvement for Proceedings which an assessment shall have been made it shall appear that large an am't a greater amount has been assessed and collected than is neces-assessed. sary to defray the expenses thereof, the common council shall apportion such excess among the persons owning the property assessed, in proportion to the amount collected of each description of such property, and shall pay the same to the person or persons who paid such excess, on demand.

Sec. 26. If it shall appear that a greater sum of money has when the been expended in the completion of such improvement than too small. was estimated, as aforesaid, the common council may direct the assessment of the whole sum on the owners and occupants of houses and lands benefited by such improvements, in the same manner as herein above directed, and the same proceedings in all respects shall be had thereon, and the common council may enlarge the territory to be assessed for such improvements.

Sec. 27. Whenever any special assessment to defray the ex-Action of pense of any improvement shall, in the opinion of the common special ascouncil, be invalid, said council may vacate and set the same involved. aside; and when any such special assessment shall be so vacated, or shall be held invalid by the judgment or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction, said council may from time to time, until a valid assessment is made, cause a new asseasment to be made for the purpose for which the original assessment was made, and in the manner provided for making

be credited on new assessment.

Taxes paid to the original assessment; and whenever the tax, or any part thereof, assessed upon any lot or parcel of real estate by the original assessment, set aside or held invalid as aforesaid, has been paid, and shall not have been refunded, it shall be the duty of the treasurer to apply said payment upon the reassessment on said lot or parcel of real estate, and to make a minute thereof, upon the new assessment roll, and such reassessment shall, to the extent of such payment, be deemed paid and satisfied, after which no part of the amount paid on the original assessment shall be refunded unless the amount paid, as aforesaid, exceeds the amount of the re-assessment, in which case the excess shall be refunded, and the person who paid the same shall be the person entitled to the amount to be refunded.

Provisions applying to

All the provisions of this act making special assessments a lien re-assessm'ts upon the lots and parcels of real estate enforced therein, and also those relating to the collection of special assessments, shall apply to re-assessments. The provisions of this section shall apply to assessments heretofore made as well as those which shall hereafter be made.

Power of mayor to affix new Wartanie.

Sec. 28. Whenever any special assessment shall not have been collected within the life of the mayor's warrant, affixed to the assessment roll, and shall not have been vacated or held invalid, the mayor may affix a new warrant to such assessment roll, extending the time for the collection of the same so long as the common council shall direct, and may continue to affix new warrants to any such assessment roll, from time to time, under the directions of the common council, until the assessment is collected or returned.

State Aud'rs tain money

Sec. 29. The board of State Auditors are authorized to alto allow cor- low the city of Lansing such sum or sums of money as they shall deem equitable, for any improvements made under this title, upon any street which abuts upon any block or parts of a block of land belonging to the State.

Limit of am't

Sec. 30. The common council shall not have power to make raised in one year. improvements nor raise by tax, under this title, in any one year, an amount to exceed forty thousand dollars.

Sec. 31. The common council are authorized to assess the Power of lands of non-residents and unoccupied lands of said city their assess non-residents. just proportion of the expenses of all improvements in said city in the same manner, and the amount so assessed may be collected in the same manner as assessments for improvements on other lands. It shall in all cases be the duty of the owner owners to of every lot or parcel of land in said city, to keep the sidewalk walks in adjoining his lot or piece of land in good repair, and also to remove and clear away all snow and ice and other obstructions from such sidewalk, and it shall be his duty to build sidewalks in front of or adjoining his premises. If any owner, after Proceedings notice so to do shall have been posted on the premises, or refusal by otherwise given, served or published as the common council construct walks. may direct by ordinance, resolution or otherwise, shall fail or neglect so to do, for such time not less than twenty-four hours, as the common council, by a general or special ordinance, resolution or otherwise, may fix, the common council may cause the same to be done at the expense of the city, and may add such expense to the amount of the general city tax on such land in the next general assessment rolls of said city, and such amount so added shall be a lien on the premises in the same manner as the tax to which it is added, and may be collected and enforced, and if not paid or collected, the land sold therefor, in the same manner as for general city taxes. All sidewalks built shall be sidewalks; made of the material and be constructed in the manner and of built. the width as the common council shall, by a general ordinance, resolution or otherwise direct.

Sec. 32. In all cases of special assessments for local improve- Amount of ments no orders or warrants shall be issued, that will in the ag-may be gregate exceed the expense of such improvement, and in no case shall orders be issued while the work is in progress, to a greater amount than three-fourths of the expense made at the time of issuing the same, to be ascertained from the sworn estimates of the city engineer or other person employed by the common council for that purpose; and in case of any re-assessment the whole amount so re-assessed shall not exceed the amount nec-

essary to defray the expense of the improvement for which such re-assessment is made, with the accumulated interest.

Bridge tax.

Proviso.

Sec. 33. All bridges over the Grand, Cedar and Sycamore rivers, and such other bridges as a majority of the common council elect shall by resolution determine, within the limits of said city, shall be built and kept in repair by and at the expense of said city. The common council of said city is hereby authorized to levy, assess and collect, in addition to all other taxes, a sufficient amount of tax annually for that purpose, which tax shall be known and designated as "bridge tax," and shall be used for no other purpose: Provided, That not more than three thousand dollars shall be raised in any one year, unless all additional sums be directed to be raised by the electors of the city upon a question submitted to and voted for by them as provided in title five of this act.

TITLE VII.

OF PREVENTION AND EXTINGUISHMENT OF FIRES.

Council to establish fire limits.

Sec. 1. For the purpose of guarding against the calamities of fire, the common council may from time to time, by ordinance, designate such portions and parts of the said city as they shall think proper, within which no buildings of wood shall be erected, and may regulate and direct the erection of buildings within such portions and parts, and the size and materials thereof, and the size of the chimneys therein; and every person who shall violate such ordinance or regulation shall forfeit to the city the sum of one hundred dollars; and every building erected contrary to such ordinance is hereby declared to be a common nuisance, and may be abated and removed by such common council.

Penalty for violating.

May require scuttles on roofs. Sec. 2. The common council may, by ordinance, require the owners and occupants of houses and other buildings to have scuttles on the roofs of such houses and buildings, and stairs or ladders leading to the same; and whenever any penalty shall have been recovered against the owner or occupant of

any house or other buildings for not complying with such ordinance, the common council may, at the expiration of twenty days May order scuttles constructed recovery, cause such scuttles and stairs or ladders structed. to be constructed, and may recover the expense thereof, with ten per cent. in addition, of the owner or occupant whose duty it was to comply with such ordinance.

Sec. 3. The common council may, by ordinance, require the May compel inhabitants of the city to provide such and so many fire buckets of fire buckets for each house or tenement therein, and within such time as they shall prescribe, and may require such buckets to be produced at every fire.

Sec. 4. The common council may regulate and direct the May direct construction of safe deposits for ashes, and may compel the of ashes. cleaning of chimneys, flues, stove-pipes, and all other conductors of smoke; and upon the neglect of the owner or occupant Cleaning of any house, tenement or building of any description, having therein any chimneys, flues, stove-pipes, or other conductors of smoke, to clean the same, as shall have been directed by any ordinance, the common council may cause the same to be cleansed, and may collect the expense thereof, and ten per cent. in addition, from the owner or occupant whose duty it was to have the same cleansed.

Sec. 5. For the purpose of enforcing such regulations, the May order common council may authorize any of the officers of the said of buildings city, and may appoint persons at all reasonable times, to enter into and examine all dwelling-houses, buildings and tenements of every description, and all lots, yards and enclosures, and to cause such as are dangerous to be put in a safe condition; and Make buildings safe. may authorize such officers and persons to inspect all hearths, fire-places, stoves, pipes, flues, chimneys, or other conductors of smoke, or any apparatus or device in which fire may be used, or to which fire may be applied, and remove and make the same safe, at the expense of the owners or occupants of the buildings in which the same may be, and to ascertain the number and condition of the fire buckets, and the situation of any building in respect to its exposure to fire, and whether

scuttles and ladders thereto have been provided, and generally with such powers and duties as the common council shall deem necessary to guard the city from the calamities of fire.

May procure fire-engines, etc.

Sec. 6. The common council may procure, own, build, erect and keep in repair, such and so many fire engines, with their hose and other apparatus, engine houses, ladders, fire hooks and fire buckets, and other implements and conveniences for the extinguishment of fires, and to prevent injuries by fire, and such and so many public cisterns, wells and reservoirs of water, as they from time to time shall judge necessary.

Organize fire districts.

Sec. 7. The common council shall have power to organize said city into as many fire districts as they may deem necessary, and may organize and maintain a fire department for said city, to consist of one chief engineer, two assistant engineers, twice as many wardens as there are wards in the said city, a proper number of firemen, not exceeding fifty to each engine, such number of hook and ladder men, and such number of tub and hose men as may be appointed by the said common council, all to have privileges and exemptions of firemen, and to hold their appointment during the pleasure of the common council.

Make rules and regulations for government of firemen. Sec. 8. The common council may make rules and regulations for the government of the said engineers, wardens, firemen, hook and ladder men, and tub and hose men, and may prescribe their respective duties in case of fire or alarms of fire; may direct the dresses and badges of authority to be worn by them; may prescribe and regulate the time and manner of their exercises, and may impose reasonable fines for the breach of any such regulations.

Powers and duties of firemen.

Sec. 9. The engineers and fire wardens, under the direction of the common council, shall have the custody and general superintendence of the fire engines, engine houses, hooks, ladders, hose, public cisterns, and other conveniences for the extinguishment and prevention of fires, and it shall be their duty to see that the same are kept in order, and to see that the laws and ordinances relative to the prevention and extinguishment

of fires are duly executed, and to make detailed and particular reports of the state of the department, and of the conduct of the firemen, hook and ladder men, tub and hose men, to the common council, at stated periods, to be prescribed by the common council, and to make such reports to the mayor whenever required by him; the certificate of the city clerk that a person is or has been a fireman, shall be evidence of the facts in all courts and places, on proof of the genuineness of such certificate.

Sec. 10. The common council may, by ordinance, direct the Council to manner in which the bells of the city shall be tolled or rung in ner of ringing cases of fire or alarms of fire, and may impose penalties for ringing or tolling of such bells in such manner at any other time than during a fire or alarm of fire.

Sec. 11. The common council may provide suitable compen- May provide sation for any injury that any fireman, hook and ladder man, firemen. or tub and hose man may receive in his person or property in consequence of his exertions at any fire.

Sec. 12. The common council may, by ordinance—

First. Prescribe the duties and powers of the engineers and Prescribe duties of enwardens at fires and in cases of alarms of fire, and may vest gineers and wardens. in them such powers as shall be deemed necessary to preserve property from being stolen, and to extinguish and prevent fires;

Second. Prescribe the powers and duties of the mayor and or mayor aldermen at such fires, and in cases of alarm; but in no case men. shall the mayor or any alderman control or direct the chief engineer or his assistants during any fire;

Third. Provide for the removal and keeping away from such For keeping fires all idle, disorderly or suspicious persons, and may confer clous persons powers for that purpose on the engineers, fire wardens, or officers of the city;

Fourth. Provide for compelling persons to bring their fire For compelling perbuckets to any place of fire, and to aid in the extinguishment sons to bring
buckets.
thereof by forming lines or ranks for the purpose of carrying

water, and by all proper means to aid in the preservation, removal and securing of property exposed to danger by fire;

For compelling marbe present at fires.

Fifth. To compel the marshal, constables and watchmen of shal, etc., to the city to be present at such fires, and to perform such duties as the said common council shall prescribe.

Power of officers to arrest persons refusing to assist.

Sec. 13. Whenever any person shall refuse to obey any lawful order of any engineer, fire warden, mayor or alderman, at any fire, it shall be lawful for the officer giving such order to arrest, or direct orally any constable, watchman, or any citizen to arrest such person and confine him temporarily in any safe place, until such fire shall be extinguished; and in the same manner such officers, or any of them, may arrest or direct the arrest and confinement of any person at such fire who shall be intoxicated or disorderly.

Sec. 14. Whenever any building in said city shall be on fire

Proceedings at any fire.

it shall be the duty and be lawful for the chief engineer, with the consent of the mayor or any alderman, or any two aldermen, to order and direct such building, or any other building which they may deem hazardous, and likely to communicate fire to other buildings, or any part of such building, to be pulled down and destroyed; and no action shall be maintaine against any person or against the said city therefor; but an person interested in any such building so destroyed or injure may, within three months thereafter, apply to the commo council to assess and pay the damages he has sustained. A the expiration of three months, if any such application shall have been made in writing, the common council shall eithe pulled down. pay to the said claimant such sum as shall be agreed upon by them and the said claimant for such damages, or if no sucl agreement shall be effected, shall proceed to ascertain the amount of such damages, and shall provide for the appraisal assessment, collection and payment of the same in the same manner as is provided by this act for the ascertainment, assess ment, collection and payment of damages sustained by the taking of lands for purposes of public improvement.

Council to settle damages to buildings

Sec. 15. The commissioners appointed to appraise and assess commissions the damages incurred by the said claimant by the pulling down damages. or destruction of said building by the direction of the said officers of the city, as above provided, shall take into account the probability of the same having been destroyed or injured by fire if it had not been so pulled down and destroyed, and may report that no damage should be equitably allowed to such claimant. Whenever a report shall be made and finally confirmed, in the said proceedings for appraising and assessing the damages, a compliance with the terms thereof by the common council shall be deemed a full satisfaction of all said damages of the said claimant.

TITLE VIII.

OF COURTS OF JUSTICE.

Sec. 1. The justices of the peace of said city shall file their Justices of caths of office in the office of the clerk of the county of Ing-the peace to ham, and shall have, in addition to the jurisdiction conferred Powers and by this act on them, the same jurisdiction, powers and duties conferred on justices of the peace in townships, and shall have such jurisdiction to hear, try, and determine all actions arising within said city for the recovery of the possession of lands under the provisions of chapter one hundred and fifty of the compiled laws, and the acts amendatory thereto, as is conferred upon justices of the peace of townships to hear, try, and determine cases arising within townships under said chapter of the compiled laws, and the said amendatory acts.

Sec. 2. In addition to the security now required by law to To give be given by justices of the peace, each of the justices of the peace shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, execute a bond to the city of Lansing, with one or more sufficient sureties, to be approved by the mayor of said city, which approval shall be endorsed on said bond, in the penalty of one thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties as a police justice of said city, and to pay over the moneys so collected and make his report as in this act required.

To attend all complaints.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the justices of the peace of said city to keep their offices in said city, and attend to all complaints of a criminal nature which may properly come before them, and they shall receive for their services when engaged in cases for the violation of the ordinances of said city, such fees as the common council shall by ordinance prescribe.

To pay all fines into

Fees of

To make report to council.

Sec. 4. All fines, penalties or forfeitures, recovered before any city treasury of said justices, for violation of any city ordinance, shall, when collected, be paid into the city treasury; and each of said justices shall report on oath to the common council, at the first regular meeting thereof in each month, during the term for which he shall perform the duties of such justice, the number and name of every person against whom judgment shall have been rendered for such fine, penalty or forfeiture, and all moneys by him received for and on account thereof, which moneys so received, or which may be in his hands, collected or such fine, penalty or forfeiture, shall be paid into said city treasury on the first Monday of each and every month during the time such justice shall exercise the duties of said office-; and for any neglect in this particular, he may be suspended o removed, as hereinafter provided.

To make report of stolen property, etc.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of each justice of the peace, a-t the first regular meeting of the common council, in each of the months of August, November, February and May, in ever year, to account on oath before the common council, for a such moneys, goods, wares and merchandise seized as stole property, as shall then remain unclaimed in the offices of eithe of said justices of the peace, and immediately thereafter t give notice for four weeks in one of the public newspaper printed in said city, to all persons interested or claiming suc property: Provided always, That if any goods, wares, merchandise or chattels of a perishable nature, or which shall be expensive to keep, shall at any time remain unclaimed in the offices of either of said justices, it shall be lawful for such justices. tice to sell the same at public auction, at such time, and afte

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such notice as to him and the said common council shall seem proper.

Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of each of the justices of the To deliver peace aforesaid, who may recover or obtain possession of any proof, to stolen property, on his receiving satisfactory proof of property from the owner, to deliver such property to the owner thereof, on his paying all necessary and reasonable expenses which may have been incurred in the recovering, preservation or sustenance of such property, and the expenses of advertising the same, unless the attorney of the city, or the prosecuting attorney for the county of Ingham shall otherwise direct.

Sec. 7. It shall be the duty of each of the justices of the To sell unpeace aforesaid, to cause all property unclaimed after the ex-property at piration of the notice specified in the last preceding section but one of this act, money excepted, to be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, unless the prosecuting attorney of the county of Ingham shall direct that it shall remain unsold for a longer period, to be used as evidence in the administration of justice, and the proceeds thereof forthwith to pay to the treasurer of the said city, together with all money, if any, which shall remain in his hands after such notice as aforesaid, first deducting the charges of said notice of sale.

Sec. 8. The constables of said city shall have and receive the Fecs of same fees, and have the like powers and authority in matters constables. of civil and criminal nature, as is conferred by law upon constables in the several towns of this State, and shall give like security.

Sec. 9. The city constables shall obey the orders of the To obey mayor and aldermen, or of any person legally exercising the orders of mayor and criminal jurisdiction of a justice of the peace in said city, in enforcing the laws of the State or the ordinances of said city; and in case of a refusal or neglect so to do, he or they shall be subject to a penalty of not less than one nor more than twenty-five dollars.

Justices to hear and determine offenses.

Sec. 10. The justices of the peace of said city shall have full power and authority, and it is hereby made the duty of any such justice, upon complaint to him in writing, on oath, to inquire into and hear, try and determine all offenses which shall be committed within said city against any of the by-laws or ordinances which shall be made by the common council, in pursuance of the powers granted by this act, and to punish the offenders as by said by-laws or ordinances shall be prescribed or directed; to award all process, take recognizances for the appearance of the person charged, and upon appeal, and to commit to prison, as occasion may require: Provided, That any person making said complaint (except city officers) shall give security for costs in the same manner as is required in criminal cases, under the general laws of this State, which security shall have the same force and effect, and judgment shall be rendered against said complainant and surety, and execution issued thereon, when the justice shall be satisfied that there was not reasonable cause for making said complaint.

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To issue warrant offenders.

Sec. 11. Whenever any person shall be charged with having for arrest of violated any ordinance of the common council by which the offender is liable to imprisonment, any of the justices of peace of said city to whom complaint shall be made in writing, and on oath, shall issue a warrant, directed to the marshal of the city of Lansing, or to the sheriff or any constable of the county of Ingham, commanding him forthwith to bring the body of such person before him, to be dealt with according to law; and the marshal or other officer to whom said warrant shall be delivered for service is hereby required to execute the same, in any part of this State where such offender may be found, under the penalties which are by law incurred by sheriffs and other officers for neglecting or refusing to execute other criminal process.

Marshal to execute warrant.

Sec. 12. The common council of said city shall have power City penitentiary; councilauthoriz'd and authority, whenever they shall deem it expedient, to proto provide. vide a city penitentiary, where all persons charged with, or convicted of, offenses or misdemeanors against the charter bylaws or ordinances of said city, may be confined or imprisoned, until discharged by authority of law; and the said common council shall appoint all officers necessary for said penitentiary, prescribe their powers and duties, regulate the time and manner such prisoners shall be kept at labor, and make all by-laws, ordinances or orders concerning the good government and regulation of said penitentiary, and for the punishment of such prisoners as may refuse to work therein, as they may deem necessary and proper.

Sec. 13. Any person arrested by virtue of any process issuing who to be from any court of justice in said city, or by authority of any therein. officer of said city, may be confined in said penitentiary, in the same manner as prisoners are, or may be detained in the jail of Ingham county; and any law of this State prohibiting escapes, aiding prisoners to escape, or any other act detrimental to the safety of prisoners in a county jail, shall apply to said prison: Provided, That the common council or the mayor or Proviso. recorder of said city may at any time direct any or all such prisoners to be removed from said penitentiary to the jail of the county of Ingham: And provided also, Such prisoners, or Ibid. any of them, may at any time, in the first instance, be confined in the said county jail whenever the same may be deemed necessary by said common council; and the keeper of said jail or penitentiary shall be allowed such compensation for keeping and providing for prisoners confined therein as the common council may determine to be just and reasonable, not exceeding the amount allowed by the supervisors of Ingham county for county prisoners.

Sec. 14. The justices of the peace in the said city exercising City justices to be deem'd civil jurisdiction shall be deemed justices of the peace of the county justices. county of Ingham, and shall be subject to the general laws of the State in relation to civil cases before justices of the peace, and appeals from their judgment may be made to the circuit court for the county of Ingham, in the same manner as appeals from justices' judgments in towns are made, except as herein otherwise provided.

Powers of, in criminal matters.

Sec. 15. The justices of the peace of said city shall have all the authority of justices of the peace in towns in criminal matters, and shall have all the authority, and perform all the duties hereinbefore provided and required of them, and shall hold a court daily if necessary.

How suits shall be brought.

Citizens to be qualified as jurors.

Right of appeal.

When any execution may be issued.

Sec. 16. All suits which shall be brought to recover any penalty or forfeiture for the violation of any ordinance of the common council, shall be brought in the name of the city of Lansing, under the direction of the common council, or of the attorney of said city; and no person, being an inhabitant, freeman, or freeholder of the said city shall be disqualified for that cause from acting as a judge, justice or juror in the trial or other proceeding, in any suit brought to recover a forfeiture or penalty for the violation of this provision of this act, or for the violation of any ordinance of the common council, nor from serving any process, or summoning a jury in such suit, or from acting in any such capacity, or being a witness on the trial of any issue, or upon the taking or making any inquisition or assessment, or any judicial investigation of facts, to which issue, inquest or investigation the said city or any city or ward officer is a party, or in which said city or officer is interested; nor shall any judge of any court be disqualified to hear and adjudicate on an appeal in any matter originating in said city, because he is an inhabitant thereof. If any judgment in any action shall be rendered against the city by any justice of the peace, such judgment may be removed by appeal to the circuit court for the county of Ingham in the same manner and with same effect as though the city were a natural person, except that no bond or recognizance to the adverse party shall be necessary to be executed by or on behalf of the said city.

Sec. 17. Every execution for any penalty or forfeiture recovered for the violation of any of the provisions of this act, or for the violation of any by-law or ordinance of the said city, may be issued immediately on the rendition of the judgment, and shall command the amount to be made of the property of the defendant, if any such can be found, and if not, then to

commit the defendant to the county jail or city penitentiary, for such time as shall have been directed by the ordinance of the common council.

Sec. 18. The common council may direct [any moneys that Council may may have been recovered for penalties or forfeitures, to be apulse of fines. plied to the payment of any extra expenses that may have been incurred in apprehending offenders, or in subpænaing or defraying the expenses of witnesses in any suit for such penalties or forfeitures, or in conducting such suits.

Sec. 19. The expenses of apprehending, examining and com-Expenses of apprehend-mitting offenders against any law of this State, in the said city, ing offend'rs; and of their confinement, shall be audited, allowed, and paid by the supervisors of the county of Ingham, in the same manner as if such expenses had been incurred in any town of the said county.

TITLE IX.

OF PUBLIC HEALTH.

Sec. 1. It shall be the duty of the common council of said Board of health, to appoint a board of health once in each year for said city, to consist of not less than three nor more than seven persons, and a competent physician to be the health officer thereof.

shall be their duty to take such measures as they shall deem effectual to prevent the entrance of any pestilential or infectious disease into the city; to stop, detain and examine, for that to detain infected purpose, every person coming from any place infected, or be-persons. lieved to be infected with such a disease; to establish, maintain, to establish and regulate a pest-house or hospital, at some place within the city, or not exceeding three miles beyond its bounds; to cause to send any person not being a resident of the city, or if a resident of thereto. the city, who is not an inhabitant of this State, and who shall be, or be suspected of being infected with any such disease, to be removed to

such pest-house or hospital, if the health physician and two

To destroy infected furniture.

To abate all

nuisances.

other physicians of the city, including the attending physician of the sick person, if he have one, shall certify that the removal of such resident is necessary for the preservation of the public health; to remove from the city or destroy any furniture, wearing apparel, goods, wares or merchandise, or other articles or property of any kind, which shall be suspected of being tainted or infected with any pestilence, or which shall be, or be likely to pass into such a state as to generate and propagate disease; to abate all nuisances of every description which are or may be injurious to the public health, in any way and in any manner they may deem expedient, and from time to time to do all acts, make all regulations, and pass all ordinances which they shall deem necessary or expedient for the preservation of health and the suppression of disease in the city, and to carry into effect and execute the powers hereby granted.

Drivers and conductors to report cases of sickness.

Sec. 3. The owner, driver, conductor, or person in charge of any stage-coach, railroad car, or other public conveyance, which shall enter the city, having on board any person sick of a malignant fever or pestilential or infectious disease, shall, within two hours after the arrival of such person, report in writing, the fact, with the name of such person, and the house or place where he was put down in the city, to the mayor, or some member or officer of the board of health; and any and every neglect to comply with these provisions, or any of them shall be a misdemeanor, punishable with fine and imprisonment.

Bringing in infected property deemed an offense.

Sec. 4. Any person who shall knowingly bring, or procure,—or cause to be brought into the city any property of any kind,—tainted or infected with any malignant fever or pestilential or infectious disease, shall be guilty of misdemeanor, punishable—by fine and imprisonment.

Inn-keepers to report cases of sickness. Sec. 5. Every keeper of an inn or boarding house, or lodging house in the city, who shall have in his house at any time any sick traveler, boatman or sailor, shall report the fact, and the name of the person, in writing, within six hours after he came to the house or was taken sick therein, to the mayor or some

officer or member of the board of health; every physician in the city shall report under his hand to one of the officers above named, the name, residence, and disease of every patient whom he shall have sick of any infectious or pestilential disease, within six hours after he shall have visited such patient. violation of either of the provisions of this section, or of any law. part of either of them, shall be a misdemeanor, punishable by fine and imprisonment, the fine not to exceed one hundred dollars, nor the imprisonment six months.

Sec. 6. Whenever, in the opinion of the common council, Power of any building, fence, or other erection of any kind, or any part order danthereof, is liable to fall down, and persons or property may ings remov'd thereby be endangered, they may order any owner or occupant of the premises on which such building, fence or other erection stands, to take down the same or any part thereof, within a reasonable time to be fixed by the order, or immediately, as the case may require, or in case the order is not complied with, cause the same to be taken down at the expense of the city, on account of the owner of the premises, and assess the expense on the land on which it stood. The order, if not immediate in its terms, may be served on any occupant of the premises, or be published in the city paper, as the common council shall direct.

Sec. 7. The said board of health shall have power to appoint Clerk of a clerk, whose duty it shall be to attend the meetings thereof, health; duand keep a record of its proceedings, and such record, or a duly certified copy of the same or any part thereof, shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein contained, in any court or before any officer. The compensation of the clerk of Compensatin said board of health, shall be fixed by said board of health, by and with the consent of the common council, and such c pensation shall be paid in the same manner as the other expenses of said board.

Sec. 8. The members of said board of health shall receive Fees of such compensation for their services as the common council members of board.

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shall deem reasonable, to be paid from the general contingent fund of said city.

Fines to be paid into

Sec. 9. All fines imposed under this title shall belong to the city treasury city, and when collected shall be paid into the city treasury, and be devoted to the maintenance and support of the pesthouse, or of any hospital that may hereafter be established by the city.

TITLE X.

OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Board of education. Body corporate and politic.

Sec. 1. The city of Lansing shall constitute one school dis trict. The members of the board of education shall be a body corporate, by the name and style of "The board of education of the city of Lansing," and by that name may be sued, and shall be subject to the laws of this State relative to corpora tions, that may be applicable thereto. They shall hold and con trol all moneys, real and personal property, or other rights belonging to said school district, and shall use and expend the same solely for the benefit of the common school or school within said city.

When shall meet

Quorum of.

To keep record of its proceedings.

time, at such place in said city as they may designate. A majority of all the members shall constitute a quorum. They ma elect from their number a president, clerk, and treasurer. said board shall keep a record of their proceedings, which shall be signed by the president and clerk; and any proceedings said board, certified by the president and clerk, shall be ever The justices of the dence of the facts therein contained. peace shall have jurisdiction over all prosecutions for the

Sec. 2. The board of education shall meet, from time

violation of the by-laws and ordinances passed by said board -Sec. 3. The board of education shall have full power an Duties of board, authority, and it shall be their duty: relative to—

Sites for sch'l houses.

First. To purchase sites and build school-houses in said city except as hereinafter provided;

Second. To establish a high school in said city; High school.

Third. To appoint a superintendent of the common schools appoint susaid city, under the charge of said board, with such comnession as they shall deem proper, and with such powers and ties as they shall prescribe; and it shall be his duty to act as ark of said board if required;

Fourth. To establish a school library in said city, and desig-Establish to the place or places where the same shall be kept, and to point a librarian, who shall not be entitled to any compensation for services as such librarian;

Fifth. To apply for and receive from the county or city Receive moneys. sasurer, or other officers, all moneys appropriated, or belongto to the primary school funds of said city, or for library rposes, and to expend the same according to law;

Sixth. To make by-laws and ordinances for taking the census rake census of children. the children of said city; for making reports and all things at shall be necessary to draw the proportion of the primary tool fund belonging to said city; for visitation of schools defined the length of time schools shall be taught, (which shall to be less than nine school months in each year;) for the em-Pass by-laws syment and examination of teachers, and their powers and teachers, etc. ties; for the regulation of schools and the books to be used arein; for the appointment of necessary officers and to presche their powers and duties; for all necessary purposes that by advance the interests of education in said city, and the od government and prosperity of the public schools.

Sec. 4. The treasurer of said city shall collect the money and Treasurer to ep all school funds belonging to said city separate from all school funds her funds, and he shall pay over to the treasurer of said and all moneys on the order of said board; he shall report the board the condition of the school fund whenever quested by them.

Sec. 5. The board of education of said city are hereby au-Board to orized, and it shall be their duty, once in each year, to ascer-amount of n and determine, by resolution passed at any regular meet-needed for—g of said board, by a vote of a majority of all the members,

the sums necessary and proper for any or all the following purposes:

pairing h'l-houses

First. To lease, enlarge, alter, improve and repair schoolhouses, and their out-houses and appurtenances;

urchasing school apparatus.

Second. To purchase, exchange, improve and repair school apparatus, books, furniture and appendages;

Procuring fuel.

Third. To procure fuel, and defray the contingent expense of the schools, and the expenses of the school library of sai city, and the necessary contingent expenses of said board;

Purchasing books.

Fourth. To purchase books for the school library of sai city, to an amount not exceeding one hundred dollars in an____ one year;

Teachers' wages.

shall be

raised.

Fifth. To pay teachers' wages after the application of public moneys which may by law be appropriated and provided for that purpose; and the amount so determined by said board shall be submitted by them to the voters of said district at the annual school meeting, or at a meeting regularly called for that How money purpose; and the voters at such meeting shall determine, by a majority of the voters present, whether said sum, or any part thereof, shall be raised on the taxable property of said district; and the clerk of said board of education shall certify to the city assessor, whose duty it shall be to assess the ordinary city taxes, the sums so ascertained and determined by said meeting; and the said city assessor, whose duty it shall be to assess the ordinary city taxes, shall levy the sums so certified to them upon the taxable property of said city, in the same manner as other taxes are levied.

Duties of treasurer of board.

Sec. 6. The treasurer of said board shall have charge of t moneys or funds belonging to the board, and he shall p them out only upon the order of said board, signed by president and countersigned by the clerk thereof. Said tr urer shall give bonds, with good and sufficient sureties, for least double the amount of moneys intrusted to his hand the faithful discharge of his duties.

- Sec. 7. Whenever the said board shall from time to time de-taxes to be assessed for termine by resolution what sum or sums of money may be necessary to erect school buildings, or a school building on block etc. eighty-one of said city, or other buildings used for school purposes in said city, said sum, or such part thereof as they may deem necessary, shall be assessed and levied on the real and personal property of said city, for such building purposes, to be collected as other school moneys and applied by said board for building as aforesaid: *Provided*, Said resolution shall have Proviso, been first approved by said school district, to be determined by a majority of the votes cast in said district, at a regular city election, or at a school meeting of said district called by said board for that purpose, said meeting to be called in the same manner as is provided by law for school districts in this State.
- Sec. 8. In case of a vacancy in the office of a member of said Vacancies in board; board, the same shall be filled by appointment by a majority of how filled. said board, of a person from the ward in which such vacancy exists, which appointment shall be until the next annual election, and until his successor is elected and qualified.
- Sec. 9. All provisions of the general laws of this State, General laws relative to common and union schools, shall apply and be in in force. force in said city, except such as may be inconsistent with the provisions of this act, or with the by-laws and ordinances of the board of education, made under this act.
- Sec. 10. No member of the board of education shall be di-Members of board not rectly or indirectly interested in any contract as principal, to become surety or otherwise, the expenses or consideration whereof are interested in any contract to be paid under any act or ordinance of said board of education, nor be surety or bondsman on any contract or bond given to said city or board of education.

TITLE XI.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

Sec. 1. The common council, or the mayor or other officer Examination whose duty it shall be to judge of the sufficiency of the proposed sureties of any officer of whom a bond or instrument in

writing may be required, under the provisions of this act, shall examine into the sufficiency of such sureties, and shall require them to submit to an examination, under oath, as to their property; such oath may be administered by the mayor or any alderman of said city. The deposition of the surety shall be reduced to writing, be signed by him, certified by the person taking the same, and annexed to and filed with the bond or instrument in writing to which it relates.

Deposition of surety to be put in writing.

Oaths; who may administer.

Sec. 2. The mayor, or chairman of any committee or special committee of the common council, shall have power to administer an oath, or take an affidavit in respect to any matter pending before the common council or such committee.

What decemed perjury.

Sec. 3. Any person who may be required to take any oath or affirmation, under or by virtue of any provision of this act, who shall, under such oath or affirmation, in any statement or affidavit, or otherwise, willfully swear falsely as to any material fact or matter, shall be guilty of perjury.

Officers winning suits, to obtain double costs.

Sec. 4. If any suit shall be commenced against any personelected or appointed under this act to any office, for any actdone or omitted to be done under such election or appoint ment, or against any person having done any thing or act by the command of any such officer, and if final judgment be rendered in such suit, whereby any such defendant shall be en titled to costs, he shall recover double costs in the manner defined by law.

How process shall run.

Sec. 5. All process issued against said city shall run agains said city in the corporate name thereof, and such process shall be served by leaving a true and attested copy of such process with the mayor or clerk of said city, at least ten days before the day of appearance mentioned therein.

Acts repealed. Sec. 6. All acts and parts of acts relating to the incorporation of the city of Lansing, or to the revision or amendment of the charter of said city, not expressly embodied in or made a par of this act, are hereby repealed; but nothing in this act contained shall be construed to destroy, impair, or take away and rights or remedy acquired or given by any act hereby repealed —;

and all proceedings commenced under such former acts shall Prior rights to remain in be carried out and completed, and all prosecutions for any force. offense committed, or penalty or forfeiture incurred, shall be enforced, in the same manner, in all respects, with the same effect as if this act had not been passed; and all by-laws or resolutions of said city, not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, shall continue and be in force until the same are canceled or repealed, as fully as though this act had not been enacted; and all officers now holding office in said city, shall hold the same for the time for which they were elected; and the Election spring election of A. D. eighteen hundred and sixty-nine shall legal not be deemed invalid in consequence of the notice of such election not having been given the length of time required in section one, of title two of this act: Provided, That nothing Proviso. in this act shall be construed to repeal or in any manner interfere with the provisions of an act entitled "An act to authorize the assessment and collection of a tax to defray the expense of grading Cedar street, in the city of Lansing," approved March twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine.

Sec. 7. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 428.]

AN ACT to reincorporate the village of Benton Harbor.

ARTICLE I.

OF THE BOUNDARIES OF SAID VILLAGE.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Boundaries. all of that certain tract of land situate in the county of Berrien, and State of Michigan, being in township number four south, of range number eighteen and number nineteen west, and described as follows, to wit: Beginning half a mile east of the quarter-post on the west side of section number nineteen, running thence north parallel with line half a mile east

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of the west lines of sections number eighteen and nineteen to the east and west quarter line of section eighteen, thence west half a mile to the quarter post in the Paw Paw river, thence north on the section line thirty chains, thence west twenty chains, thence south thirty chains, thence west twenty chains to the center of section thirteen, thence south one mile to the center of section twenty-four, thence east one mile to the place of beginning, shall be known and designated as the village of Benton Harbor.

Body corporate and politic.

Sec. 2. The inhabitants, residents within the boundaries aforesaid, are hereby declared to be a corporation, and shall hereafter be known in law by the corporate name of "The village of Benton Harbor," and by that name they and their successors shall have perpetual succession, capable in law of suing and being sued, complaining and defending in any court of law or equity, and may make and use a common seal, and alter the same at pleasure; and shall also have power to purchase, hold and convey such real and personal estate as the purposes of the corporation may require.

ARTICLE II.

OF THE OFFICERS OF SAID VILLAGE.

Officers.

Sec. 1. The officers of said village shall be a president, six trustees, one clerk, one marshal, who shall also be collector of taxes and assessments, one treasurer, one assessor, and such other officers, to be appointed as hereinafter provided, as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.

ARTICLE III.

OF THE ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

First election.

Sec. 1. The inhabitants of said village, having the qualification of electors under the constitution of this State, shall meet at American Hall, in said village, on the second Monday of April, A. D. eighteen hundred sixty-nine, and there proceed to elect one president, one clerk, one marshal, one treasurer, one

ssessor and three trustees, who shall severally hold their office or one year; also three trustees, who shall severally hold their ffice for two years; and the inspectors of such election shall ertify thereto accordingly, immediately after the canvass shall e finished.

- Sec. 2. At every election after the first, there shall be elected ruture ne president, one clerk, one marshal, one treasurer, and one seessor, who shall severally hold their office for one year, and hree trustees, who shall severally hold their office for two ears.
- Sec. 3. The term of office of all officers shall commence im- Terms of office.

 nediately after their election and qualification, and continue

 ntil the election and qualification of their successors.
- Sec. 4. Elections for officers shall be held on the first Monday Annual elections; f March, in each year, (after the first,) at such places as shall when held. e designated by the board of trustees, except as provided for the first election.
- Sec. 5. If an election of the officers of said village shall not Failure to hold election to held on the day when, pursuant to this act it should be not to dissolve corporation, the said corporation shall not for that cause be dissolved, ration. In the said to hold such election at any time therefter, public notice being given, as prescribed by this act for he holding of the regular election.
- Sec. 6. The officers in office in said village at the time of Time present officers shall he passage of this act, shall continue to exercise the duties of continue in office.

 heir office until others are elected and qualified, under the rovisions of this act.

ARTICLE IV.

OF THE QUALIFICATIONS OF OFFICERS.

- Sec. 1. The officers of said village, elected in pursuance of officers to be he provisions of this act, or appointed as hereinafter provided, hall be residents and legal voters of said village.
- Sec. 2. The president, and every other officer elected or ap-Oaths of ointed under the provisions of this act, before he enters upon he duties of his office, shall take and subscribe an oath or

affirmation, to be administered by the clerk of said village, or by any other officer authorized to administer oaths, to support the constitution of the United States and of this State, and that he will faithfully discharge the duties of his office according to the best of his ability, a record of which oath shall be made and kept by the clerk of said village.

Treasurer and other officers to give bonds. Sec. 3. The treasurer, marshal, and such other officers as the board of trustees may require so to do, shall each respectively and severally, before they enter upon the duties of their office, execute a bond to the village of Benton Harbor, in such sures and with such sureties as the board of trustees shall approve, conditioned that they will faithfully execute the duties of their office, and honestly and faithfully account for and pay over all moneys received by them, by virtue of said office, which bond, with the approval of the board of trustees endorsed thereon, certified by the clerk, shall be delivered to and filed with the clerk of said village.

ARTICLE V.

OF THE PRESIDENT OF SAID VILLAGE.

President; powers and duties of. Sec. 1. The president shall be ex officio a member of the board of trustees, and have the power and be subject to the like duties and responsibilities of a trustee.

To attend meetings. Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the president to preside at the meetings of the board of trustees, call special meetings of the trustees whenever he shall deem it expedient, or it shall be demanded, in writing, for any specific purpose, by three of the trustees, or twenty electors of said village.

To preside at elections.

Sec. 3. The president shall preside at all elections held under and by virtue of this act.

To see that by-laws are enforced. Sec. 4. The president shall see that all the by-laws, rules, regulations and ordinances of said village are faithfully enforced, and prosecute, in the name of the village of Benton Harbor, all offenders against the same, and for all penalties and forfeitures incurred under the provisions of this act, of

under any of the by-laws, rules, regulations or ordinances passed by virtue thereof.

Sec. 5. He shall receive and lay before the board of trus-to lay reports before tees, the official reports of all officers who may be required to trustees. make such reports, and in connection therewith, suggest the passage of such measures as in his judgment the necessities of the village may require.

Sec. 6. He shall appoint, by and with the consent of the To appoint trustees, two or more fire wardens, and such other officers as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act, and for the preservation and maintenance of the public peace and good order, not otherwise provided for in this act: *Provided*, Provise.

That no officer so appointed, shall hold his office for a longer term than during the official term of the president so appointing him.

Sec. 7. The president shall inspect and have the supervising To have control of the public property belonging to said village, property.

and see that the same is properly cared for and kept in order.

ARTICLE VI.

OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Sec. 1 The board of trustees shall have the control and Trustees to management of all the finances, and of all the real and personal of finances. property belonging to the corporation, and shall examine and settle all accounts chargeable against the village.

Sec. 2. The board of trustees shall have full power within To pass laws relative to—

First. To declare and define the powers and duties of the offi-Duties of cers of said village, whose powers and duties are not specifically prescribed in this act.

Second. To determine the amount and sufficiency of the sureties Official in the official bonds of the treasurer, marshal, and such other officers as they shall deem proper to require security from in the discharge of official duty.

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Public property.

Third. To provide for the care, custody and preservation of the public property of said village.

Village officers.

Fourth. To see that the several officers of the village perform their duties faithfully and correctly, and that proper measures are taken to punish neglect of duty in any of them.

Fire engines.

Fifth. To purchase and keep in order, fire engines and other fire apparatus, and to make all needful rules and regulations for the safe keeping of the same, and to organize a fire department and define their duties, and prescribe penalties for their delinquencies.

Fire limits.

Hazardous buildings. Sixth. To establish fire limits, within which no wooden building shall be built, enlarged or placed; to regulate party walls, chimneys, flues, and putting up stoves and stove-pipes; to regulate the construction of smith shops, planing establishments, bakeries, and other buildings considered extra hazardous; to guard against fires, and to compel the owners of lots, or owners or occupants of buildings, in such portions of the village as they shall deem best, to provide one or more fire buckets and to regulate the keeping of the same.

Vice and immorality

Disorderly houses.

Seventh. To prevent vice or immorality; to preserve peace and good order; to establish and maintain a competent police; to suppress, restrain and close up all disorderly houses, houses of ill-fame or licentiousness, gambling tables, or any other device or instrument for gaming, and to punish the keepers of the same, when so kept in violation of any by-law, rule, regulation or ordinance of said village; to cause vagrants, idlers, disorderly persons, mendicants, street beggars, common prostitutes, impostors and drunkards to be apprehended and punished.

Liquore.

Eighth. To prevent the selling or giving away of spirituous or fermented liquors.

Shows.

Ninth. To license and regulate theatres, shows, traveling concerts, auctioneers or auction sales, gift enterprises, hawkers, hucksters, peddlers and pawnbrokers, or prohibit them from soliciting patronage of the community within the limits of said village.

Tenth. To prevent and punish immoderate riding or driving in Fast driving e streets, and to provide penalties for leaving teams in the seets unfastened.

Eleventh. To prevent and remove nuisances, and to punish Nuisances. rsons for committing the same.

Twelfth. To compel the owners or occupants of lots to clean Obstructions e sidewalks in front of and adjacent thereto, of snow, ice, dirt, on walks. devery incumbrance or obstruction.

Thirteenth. To regulate the storage of powder, naptha, nitro-Powder. yeerine, combustible oils, lumber and other combustible sterial.

Fourteenth. To prevent the use of fire-arms, slung shots, metal Fire-arms. uckles and other weapons.

Fifteenth. To regulate markets for the sale of poultry, meat, Markets. getables, fruit, fish, hay, wood, lime and lumber.

Sixteenth. To restrain horses, cattle, sheep, swine, mules and Pounds, ner animals, geese and other fowls, from going at large in the eets of said village, under such penalties as they shall in the laws prescribe, and to establish and maintain pounds for the straint of such animals or fowls running at large in violation any by-law, rule, regulation or ordinance of said village, d to make all needful rules and regulations for the effective sof the same.

Seventeenth. To prevent the running at large of dogs, to require Dogs. em to be muzzled, and to authorize their destruction if found at ge in violation of any ordinance of said village.

Eighteenth. To erect lamps and cause the public grounds and Lamps. It is the streets of said village as they shall deem proper, to be hted, at such times as, in their judgment, the wants and erests of the village may require.

Nineteenth. To establish lines and grades upon which buildings Building be erected, and beyond which such buildings shall not lines. tend.

Twentieth. To prevent the erection and provide for the removal Unsafe all buildings deemed unsafe.

Shade trees.

Twenty-first. To regulate the placing and provide for the preservation of horse-posts and shade trees.

Billiard tables.

Twenty-second. To suppress all billiard tables, or other tables kept for hire, gain or reward.

Trustees to be commissioners of streets. Sec. 3. The board of trustees shall be the commissioners of highways within the limits of said village, and as such may exercise all the powers that now are granted to commissioners of streets and highways in the several townships of this State, together with such other powers as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act, and may appoint one or more overseers of streets and highways, as they shall deem best

To order grading of any street,

To provide for cross-

walks, etc.

Sec. 4. The board of trustees shall, upon the petition, in writing, of a majority of the property owners along the line of any proposed work, praying for the same, direct the building of sewers along the line of, or order and superintend the grading of any street, highway, alley or lane in said village, and assess the cost and expenses thereof upon the lots lying on either side of and adjoining the said work, in the proportion that the frontage of each lot shall bear to the whole frontage of all the lots upon which the cost of said work is to be assessed; they shall also have full power and authority to provide for making, constructing and repairing all sidewalks and crosswalks in said village, docking lots bordering on the Benton harbor canal, and for paying the costs and expenses of the same by assessment on the owners or occupants of the lots, lands and premises in front of which sidewalks and docks may be directed to be made, constructed or repaired: Provided, That all assessments for cross-walks shall be made upon the premises in the block adjacent to said cross-walks, from the corner to the center of the front and side of said block.

May take private property. Sec. 5. The board of trustees may take the land of any individual for the purpose of constructing, widening or extending any highway, street, alley, lane, canal, ditch, drain or sewer, but not until such individual shall be paid therefor, as provided for in article nineteen of this act.

- Sec. 6. The board of trustees may at any time during the May order year, exercise the power of ordering fences to be removed, or moved. of opening, discontinuing, widening and extending any highway, street, alley, or lane within said village.
- Sec. 7. And for the purposes enumerated, or any of them, May pass or for executing any of the powers conferred upon said board of trustees by this act, the board of trustees may make, establish and publish, modify, amend and repeal by-laws, rules, regulations and ordinances, and to prescribe such penalties or prescribe fines as they may deem proper for the violation of the same, not exceeding fifty dollars, or imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed thirty days, or both, for any one offense, except as herein otherwise provided, and to enforce the same against any person guilty of such violation, in any court having jurisdiction of such cases; but all such by-laws, rules, regulations and ordinances shall be published at least for two successive weeks before the same shall be considered as of force, or binding upon the inhabitants of said village.

ARTICLE VII.

OF THE CLERK OF SAID VILLAGE.

- Sec. 1. The clerk shall attend and act as such at all village clerk to elections in said village, and all meetings of the board of trus-and papers. tees, record their proceedings, file, preserve and keep all books and papers belonging to said corporation and appertaining to his office, preserve and take charge of the corporate seal, attend to the publication of all by-laws, ordinances, rules, regulations and notices, as the board of trustees shall direct.
- Sec. 2. The clerk shall keep a poll list of every election held to keep under this act, and notify all persons of their election or appointment to office, within five days thereafter.
- Sec. 4. The clerk shall give at least five days' notice of the To give notice of time and place of holding elections under this act.
- Sec. 5. The books and papers in the office of said clerk shall To keep books open at all times, on demand, be produced for inspection to all elect-for inspection ors and taxable inhabitants of said village; and upon demand

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Fees of.

and tender of fees at the rate of ten cents per folio therefor, he shall make and furnish a certified copy or transcript of any paper or record filed or kept by him as such clerk; copies of all papers duly filed in his office, and transcripts from the records of the proceedings of the board of trustees, certified by him under the corporate seal, shall be evidence in all courts of this State, in like manner as if the original were produced.

Clerk protem.

Sec. 6. In case of the absence of the clerk from any of the meetings or elections at which he is required to officiate, his duty upon such occasions shall be performed by such persons as the board of trustees shall for the time designate.

ARTICLE VIII.

OF THE MARSHAL OF SAID VILLAGE.

Marshal to have supervision of village. Sec. 1. The marshal shall have the general supervision of the village, and see that all by-laws, rules, regulations and ordinances passed by the board of trustees of said village, according to the provisions of this act, are enforced.

To be chief of police,

To enter disorderly houses.

Sec. 2. He shall be ex officio constable and chief of police, with powers belonging to constables of any township of this State, having power to enter into any disorderly or gaming house, or dwelling house, or other building where he may have good reason to believe a felon is secreted or harbored, and where any person who has committed a breach of the peace may be, or where any felony or breach of the peace is being committed; to arrest disorderly persons or felons, and those engaged in disorderly assemblages, and take them before any justice of the peace of the township of Benton, who shall hear, try and determine the matter: Provided, That nothing in this act shall be construed into his serving process in civil cases.

Proviso.

Sec. 3. He shall have the power to compel the citizens to aid in extinguishing fires.

To compel aid at fires.

Sec. 4. The marshal shall be the collector of taxes in said village, and shall have full power to collect the same as provided for in article thirteen of this act.

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Sec. 5. The marshal shall at all times be subject to the su-Tobe subject pervision and control of the president and trustees, and shall, president and trustees. whenever directed by the board of trustees, make complaint in vriting and on oath, before any justice of the peace for the ownship of Benton, for any violation of the by-laws, regulaions or ordinances of said village passed by virtue of the prorisions of this act, whenever the violation complained of shall nave been done in view of said marshal.

Sec. 6. He shall report in writing to the board of trustees To report to rom time to time, as he may be required by resolution of the poard of trustees, of all his actions and doings by virtue of his office, which report shall be filed with the clerk of the village.

Sec. 7. The marshal may be removed from office (but only on When may two-thirds vote of the board of trustees) for any refusal or from office. reglect to comply with any lawful order or direction of the poard of trustees, or for gross neglect in the discharge of oficial duties, but the cause of such removal shall in all cases be pread at large upon the records of the village.

ARTICLE IX.

OF THE TREASURER OF SAID VILLAGE.

- Sec. 1. The treasurer shall receive all moneys belonging to Treasurer to aid corporation, and disburse the same under the direction of moneys. he board of trustees.
- Sec. 2. He shall make and keep a correct record and account To keep acc't of receipts of all such receipts and disbursements, and at the last regular and disburseneeting of the board of trustees, prior to the annual election, and at any other time when called upon by a resolution of the ward of trustees so to do, shall present to said board a report n writing, of all items of receipts and disbursements, with a tatement of the debts, dues and demands of said corporation.

Sec. 3. The treasurer shall not pay any money on account of When shall aid village, except upon a resolution of the board of trustees, money. and on an order signed by the president and countersigned by he clerk.

May sell and convey lands

Sec. 4. The treasurer shall have full power to sell and convey all lands returned for delinquent taxes, as provided for inarticle sixteen of this act.

ARTICLE X.

OF THE ASSESSOR OF SAID VILLAGE.

Assessor.

Sec. 1. The assessor shall possess the powers and discharged the duties prescribed in articles fourteen and fifteen of this act, and to perform such other services as are provided for in said article.

ARTICLE XL

OF VACANCIES IN OFFICE.

Vacancies; how filled.

Sec. 1. A vacancy in the office of any of the officers of said village (except president) shall be filled on the appointment of the president, ratified by the board of trustees; and the said board of trustees shall, at their first regular meeting after each annual election, elect from their number a president protempore, who shall, in the absence of the president, discharge all of the duties, be subject to the like responsibilities, and exercise the same powers herein provided for in the office of president.

ARTICLE XII.

OF THE COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS.

Fees of officers.

- Sec. 1. The president and trustees shall not receive any compensation for attendance at the regular meetings of the board of trustees.
- Sec. 2. The officers of said village (except as provided in section one of this article) shall receive such compensation as the board of trustees shall, by resolution, direct.

ARTICLE XIII.

OF THE LIMIT OF TAXATION.

- 1. The board of trustees shall have power to raise by Limit of taxe, (but not including highway and poll tax, otherworded for in sections two and three of this article,) upon table inhabitants of said village and the property therein to taxation, such sums of money as they shall deem, but not to exceed the sum of one-half of one per cent. The assessed value of such property, to defray the genpenses of the corporation, and to carry into effect the powers and privileges of this act.
- 2. The board of trustees shall have power to levy a high-Highway k upon the real and personal property liable to taxation livillage, not exceeding in any one year the sum of one-one per cent. upon the assessed value of such propose expended exclusively upon highways, streets, alleys nes of said village, as the board of trustees shall direct.
- 3. The board of trustees shall have power to levy and Polltax; who to per so be collected, in each and every year, a poll tax of one upon every male inhabitant of said village of the age of one years and upward, and not exceeding the age of rears, except paupers, idiots, lunatics, and others exby the laws of this State, and in article twenty-five of t; and all moneys collected by virtue of this section shall land considered as a part of the highway fund.
- 4. No other highway tax shall be levied and collected in Limit of liage, excepting those mentioned in sections two and tax. If this article; and the tax specified in said sections shall uded in and be subjected to the same proceedings as act are required to be had upon the general tax.
- 5. The board of trustees may cause to be raised such special tax. sum as they may deem necessary, not exceeding the two per cent. upon the assessed value of property in lage, by special tax: *Provided*, That the consent of the Proviso. by of the taxable inhabitants of said village authorized

to vote, who are present and voting at an annual, or special meeting called for that purpose, first be obtained.

Notice of meeting to vote extra tax.

Sec. 6. Before any tax for such further sum can be voted for at any meeting, a notice must be published by order of the board of trustees, and signed by the clerk of said village, for at least two weeks before such meeting, by publishing the same in the village newspapers, if there shall be any published in said village, and by posting the same in at least six public places in said village, stating that the meeting will be called upon to vote for such tax, specifying the objects and the sum proposed to be raised.

Ballots; contents of.

Sec. 7. The vote on any special tax shall be by ballot, which shall have written or printed on the inside, the words "for the tax," or, "against the tax," and be deposited in a separate box to be labeled "village tax;" and all other proceedings had therein shall be the same as provided for in this act for holding elections.

Proceedings for assessing, etc.

Sec. 8. The proceedings for the assessing, apportioning, reviewing, and collecting such tax so voted, shall be the same at those prescribed in this act for the raising of a general tax.

ARTICLE XIV.

OF THE ASSESSMENT OF TAXES.

Assessment roll.

Sec. 1. The assessor of said village shall once in each year on or before the second Monday in May, make an assessmen roll, containing a description of all the property, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said village, and the name of the owner or occupant, or agent thereof, if known, and the name of all persons liable to pay a poll tax in said village, and shall set down in such roll the valuation of such property at its fair cash value, placing the value of real and personal property in separate columns.

Notice of time for reviewing.

Sec. 2. The assessor, immediately after the completion of the assessment roll, and before any tax shall be levied on the same shall give ten days' notice by posting in at least six publications.

places in said village, that on a certain day, and at a certain place in said village therein named, he will review said assessment roll, and that any person or persons deeming themselves aggrieved by such assessment may be heard.

Sec. 3. The assessor, at the time and place mentioned in corrections said notice, shall receive the complaints of any person or per-may be sons deeming themselves aggrieved by such assessment; and if it shall appear that any person has been wrongfully assessed, the assessor shall then and there alter such assessment roll, as shall appear to him to be just and proper.

Sec. 4. Immediately after the expiration of ten days, and When shall review of the assessment roll as aforesaid, the assessor shall to trustees. certify the said roll, under his hand, to the board of trustees of said village.

Sec. 5. The board of trustees shall thereupon, after an ex-Trustees to amination of said assessment roll, certify the same back to the to assessor. assessor, with the amount of general, special, and highway taxes to be raised, together with a particular description of the lots, and the amount to be raised on each of said lots, as a special assessment for work done, as provided for in section four, of article six of this act, which said certificate, endorsed on said assessment roll, shall be signed by the president and clerk of said village.

ARTICLE XV.

OF THE APPORTIONMENT OF TAXES.

Sec. 1. The assessor of said village shall, immediately after Apportion-receiving the assessment roll, with the amount to be raised taxes. thereon, as provided for in the preceding section, proceed to estimate, apportion, and set down, in two separate columns, opposite to the several sums set down as the value of real and personal estate on the assessment roll, in proportion to the individual and particular estimate and valuation as specified thereon, the respective sums, in dollars and cents, as a general, special, and highway tax thereon; also, in a third column, opposite the

particular description of individual lots, he shall set down the sums severally assessed on said lots, as an assessment for special work done under section four, of article six of this act, to be paid by the owner or owners or parties interested in such real and personal estate; and shall also set down in a fourth column on said assessment roll, one dollar opposite the name of every person liable to pay a poll tax in said village.

Assessor to deliver roll to marshal with orders to collect. Sec. 2. Immediately after apportioning the tax as provided for in the preceding section, the assessor shall cause said assessment roll, certified to under his hand, to be delivered to the marshal of said village, with a warrant annexed thereto under the hand of said assessor, directing and requiring him to collect from the several persons named in said roll, the several sums mentioned therein opposite their respective names, as a tax or assessment, and authorizing him, in case any of them shall neglect or refuse to pay such sums, to levy the same by distress and sale of his, her or their goods and chattels, together with the costs and charges of such distress and sale, and directing him to pay such sums, when colclected, to the treasurer of said village, by a certain day therein named, not more than forty days from the date of said warrant.

Warrant renewed.

Sec. 3. The assessor may renew said warrant from time to time, by direction of the board of trustees.

Basis of special tax.

Sec. 4. Whenever any special tax shall be voted to be raised as provided for in article thirteen of this act, the apportionment of the same shall be based on the assessed value of the real and personal estate as set down in the annual assessment roll.

ARTICLE XVI.

OF THE COLLECTION OF TAXES.

Manner of collecting taxes.

Sec. 1. The marshal of said village shall, immediately after receiving the assessment roll with the warrant of the assessor thereunto annexed, as provided for in section three of the

preceding article, proceed to collect the taxes as apportioned in said roll, and according to the provisions of said warrant.

Sec. 2. If any person or persons shall refuse or neglect to Power'of pay the sum or sums at which they shall be taxed or assessed marshal to sell property as aforesaid, the marshal shall proceed to levy the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the persons who are liable to pay the same, first giving public notice thereof, as is required by law to be given by township treasurers; and in case the goods and chattels so distressed shall be sold for more than the amount of the tax or assessment, with the charges of sale and distress thereon, the surplus shall be paid on demand to the owner or owners of such goods and chattels.

Sec. 3. In case any person upon whom any tax be assessed When may in said village for personal estate, shall have removed out of property of said village after the assessment, and before such tax ought by law to be collected, it shall be lawful for the marshal to levy and collect such tax of the goods and chattels of the person so assessed, in any township within the county to which such person shall have removed, or in which he shall reside.

Sec. 4. Whenever any tax shall have been, or which may May sue perhereafter be assessed on personal property in said village, shall sons for taxes. be returned by the marshal for non-payment, under the provisions of this act, it shall be lawful for the marshal of said village to sue the person or persons against whom such tax was assessed, before any court of competent jurisdiction, and to have, use and take all lawful ways and means provided by law for the collection of debts, to enforce the payment of such tax.

Sec. 5. In case the marshal shall be unable to collect the Return taxes assessed on any real estate, he shall make a return of unpaid taxes. thereof, with the amount due and unpaid thereon, within ten days after the expiration of the time limited in the assessor's warrant to him for the collection of the taxes, or in the renewal of the time thereof by the said assessor, as provided for in section three, of article fifteen of this act, to the treasurer of said village; and all taxes levied upon real estate, and all assessments made thereon, under or by virtue of the provisions of this act, shall be and remain a lien upon said real estate, until the same is paid.

Treasurer to preserve list of lands.

Sec. 6. The treasurer of said village shall preserve a list of all lands returned to him delinquent for taxes by the marshal, as provided for in the preceding section, and if the same shall remain unpaid, together with interest at the rate of twenty per centum per annum, from the date of the warrant to the marshal, as aforesaid, for the term of one year from the date of the warrant to the marshal, he shall cause so much of the land charged with such tax and assessment and interest, to be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, as shall be necessary to pay the said tax, assessment, interest, and cost of sale thereof.

Notice of sale of delin-

Sec. 7. Before any land shall be sold for delinquent taxes, as quent lands provided for in the preceding section, the treasurer shall give notice for at least six weeks, by publication in a newspaper published in said village, if any such should be so published, and if not, then by posting up in at least three of the most public places in said village, of the time and place of sale, with a description of the land then and there to be sold for delinquent taxes.

Proceedings on day of sale.

Sec. 8. The treasurer, on the day mentioned in said notice, shall commence the sale of said lands, and continue the same from day to day until all is sold upon which there are taxes, assessments and interest due and unpaid; and in selling such lands he shall sell so much of each description as will pay the taxes, assessments, interest and costs of sale as aforesaid.

Portion of description to be sold.

Sec. 9. In case less than the whole of any description shall be sold for the taxes, assessments, interest and charges thereon, the portion thereof sold shall be taken from the north side of such description.

Certificate of purchase.

Sec. 10. At the sale aforesaid, the treasurer shall give the purchaser or purchasers of any such lands, a certificate in writing, describing the land purchased, and the sum paid therefor, and the time when the purchaser or purchasers will Conveyance, be entitled to a deed of the said lands; and unless within one year from the date of such sale, there shall be paid to the

treasurer, for the use of the purchaser or purchasers, his, her, Ibid. or their heirs or assigns, the sum mentioned in such certificate, ogether with the interest thereon, at the rate of twenty per sentum per annum, from the date of such sale, the treasurer shall, at the expiration of one year, execute to the purchaser or purchasers, his, her, or their heirs or assigns, a conveyance of the lands sold, which conveyance shall, in case all the proceedngs previous to the sale of the land and execution of the deed have been regular and according to law, vest in the purchaser or purchasers, or to whomsoever it shall be given, an estate in lee simple, and the said conveyance shall be prima facie evidence of the regularity of all the proceedings connected therewith, from the valuation of the land by the assessor to the date of the deed inclusive, and of the title in the grantee therein named; and every such conveyance executed by the said treas- When may arer, under his hand and seal, witnessed, acknowledged, and be used as evidence. recorded in the usual form, may be given in evidence in the same manner as other deeds of conveyance.

ARTICLE XVII.

OF THE REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS OF SAID VILLAGE.

Sec. 1. The president, clerk, and one of the three trustees Board of having the shortest term to serve, shall constitute the village registration. board of registration.

Sec. 2. The clerk shall provide a suitable bound book or Clerk to proregister, at the expense of said village, so made and arranged for use of as to conform with the laws of this State relating to the registration in the several townships thereof, to be kept by the said village clerk.

Sec. 3. The clerk of said village shall, at any time, (except To enter names of as provided for in this act,) on demand, enter, in its alphabet—persons entitled order, the name of any person entitled to vote in said village, under the provisions of this act, with the date of such registration, and the residence of such person so demanding registration.

Day for reviewing list.

Sec. 4. On the last secular day next preceding the day for holding any regular or special election of said village, after the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, the said board of registration shall be in session at such place in said village as they shall designate, for the purpose of revising and completing the list of qualified voters entitled to vote at the election then next ensuing, during which session it shall be the right of each and every person then actually residing in said village, and who at the then next approaching election, may be a qualified elector, and whose name is not already registered, to have his name entered in the register, which shall be done by the clerk of said village; and after the close of said session, no name shall be registered until after the close of the polls of the election then next ensuing.

ARTICLE XVIII.

OF ELECTIONS.

Election board. ·

Sec. 1. The president, clerk, and one of the three trustees whose term of office will first expire, shall constitute the election board.

Oath of members of.

Sec. 2. The members of said election board shall, before entering upon the discharge of their official duty, take an oath or affirmation, to be administered, one to the other, to faithfully and impartially discharge their duties as judges of election, and said election board shall constitute the board of inspectors of election, within the meaning of this act.

Register of electors to hands of board.

Sec. 3. At any election held under and by virtue of the probe placed in visions of this act, (except at the first election otherwise provided for,) and before the polls shall be opened, the clerk of said village shall cause the register of electors of the village of Benton Harbor to be placed in the hands of the election board, to be used by them during such election, and returned to the clerk of said village immediately thereafter; and they shall not receive the vote of any person whose name is not written therein.

- Sec. 4. At the first election held in said village, under the Township register to be provisions of this act, the registration book of the township used at first election, of the qualified electors of said village, shall be used with the like force and effect as "the register of the electors of the village of Benton Harbor," provided for in this act.
- Sec. 5. The registration of electors provided for in this act, village register not to shall be used only for elections for village purposes, and shall interfere with townnot be construed to interfere with the registration of electors, ship regist'r. or the elections of the township of Benton.
- Sec. 6. The board of registration and election in said village, Power of registration shall exercise the same powers to preserve the purity of elec-board. tions as are now, or may hereafter be given by law to boards of registration and election in the several townships in this State, except as modified by the provisions of this act.

ARTICLE XIX.

OF PRIVATE LANDS TAKEN FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES.

Sec. 1. Whenever the lands of any person shall be required Proceedings by the board of trustees for any of the purposes named in lands are article six, section five of this act, within the limits of said village, the board of trustees shall give notice in writing thereof, Notice to by personal service, or by written notice posted up in three of the most public places in said village, to the owner or parties interested in said lands, his, her, or their legal representatives, at least three weeks next preceding the meeting of said board of trustees, of the intention of the said board of trustees to take such lands for the purpose aforesaid; and after publication Trustees to or service of such notice, the board of trustees are authorized owner. to treat with the owner or parties interested in said lands, his, her, or their legal representatives; and if at the expiration of Summoning the time limited as aforesaid, for the publication or service of of jury. notice, the parties cannot agree therefor, it shall and may be lawful for the board of trustees to direct any justice of the peace of the township of Benton to issue a venire facias, to

command the marshal of said village, or any constable of the

county of Berrien, to summon and return a jury of twelve

disinterested freeholders, residing without the limits of said

village, to appear before said justice, at a time therein stated,

Jury to award damages.

to inquire into the necessity of using such grounds or premises for the purposes of said village, and the just compensation to be paid therefor to the owner or owners, his, her, or their legal representatives, which jury being first duly sworn by the said justice, faithfully and impartially to inquire into the necessity of using such grounds or premises, and the just compensation to be made therefor, and having viewed the premises, if necessary, shall inquire of such necessity, and assess such damages and compensation as they shall judge right and proper to be awarded to the owner or owners of, or parties interested, his, her, or their legal representatives therefor, for their respective losses according to the several interests or estates therein; and the said justice shall, upon the return of such assessment or verdict, enter judgment therefor confirming the same; and Compensat'n such sum or sums so assessed, together with the costs, shall be paid or legally tendered, before such land, grounds or premises shall be taken for the use of said village, to the person or persons, his, her, or their legal representatives in whose favor the said judgment shall be rendered; it shall thereupon be lawful for the board of trustees to cause the said land, ground or premises to be occupied and used for the purposes

Right of appeal.

aforesaid.

tendered to

owner.

Sec. 2. The board of trustees, or any party or parties claiming damages as aforesaid, may have the right to remove such proceedings, by appeal to the circuit court for the county of Berrien, upon giving notice of his, her or their intention so to do, to said justice, in writing, within ten days; or, in case of the absence of said party or parties from said village at the time of the rendition of said judgment, then within thirty days after the verdict of said jury, and the judgment of said justice as aforesaid; and upon filing a transcript of the proceedings aforesaid, duly certified by said justice, within forty

lays after the verdict and judgment as aforesaid, in the circuit court for the county of Berrien, the same proceedings shall thereupon be had as is prescribed by law in other cases of appeal: *Provided*, That if final judgment for damages in said Provisocircuit court shall not exceed the damages assessed before the said justice, at least five dollars, then the party appealing shall pay all costs occasioned by such appeal.

ARTICLE XX.

OF PUBLICATION.

- Sec. 1. Whenever publication shall be required by virtue of what deemed the provisions of this act, and not herein otherwise provided publication. for, it shall be construed to mean publication in the newspaper of said village, if any such shall be published therein, and if not, then by posting up in at least three of the most public places in said village.
- Sec. 2. An affidavit of the publisher of the newspaper, when what conpublication is made in said paper, or of the clerk of said vil-dence of. lage, when publication is made by posting up, as provided for in this act, of notice of tax sale, or passage of any by-law, rule, regulation or ordinances of said village, or of any other notice required to be published by virtue of the provisions of this act, shall be prima facie evidence of such publication.

ARTICLE XXI.

OF ANNUAL STATEMENT OF BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Sec. 1. The board of trustees shall, at the expiration of each Annual year, cause to be made out and published, a true statement, in writing, of the finances of said village, exhibiting in detail all items of receipts and expenditures of the year, together with the estimated receipts and disbursements for the ensuing year.

ARTICLE XXII.

OF DEPUTIES.

Deputies.

Sec. 1. The board of trustees shall have power to appoint one or more deputy marshals, who shall be under the same restraints, exercise the same powers, and be bound by the same responsibilities as the marshal, duly elected under the provisions of this act.

ARTICLE XXIII.

OF MONEYS COLLECTED BY THE MARSHAL.

Marshal to pay over moneys collected to treasurer. Sec. 1. The marshal shall pay all moneys collected by him by virtue of his office, except as herein otherwise provided, within twenty days after receiving the same, to the treasurer of said village.

Treasurer to sign rec'pts.

Sec. 2. The treasurer of said village shall give a receipt, in writing, signed by him as such treasurer, to the marshal, or other person paying money to him on account of said village, acknowledging the receipt of the same.

ARTICLE XXIV.

OF HIGHWAYS.

Highways.

Sec. 1. The said village shall be exempt from the superintendence and control of the commissioners of highways of the township of Benton.

Highway fund; how kept. Sec. 2. All moneys collected for highway purposes shall be kept a fund separate and apart from the general fund, and money shall be appropriated or paid from said fund, except for highway purposes.

ARTICLE XXV.

OF PRIVILEGES TO FIREMEN.

Sec. 1. Each member of the fire department, or an engine, be exempt from politax hook and ladder, bucket or hose company, duly erganized by vice. the board of trustees, shall be exempt from poll tax, and shall also be excused from serving on jury.

ARTICLE XXVL

OF THE POWER TO BORROW MONEY.

2. 1. The board of trustees of said village shall have Power to r to borrow money for public improvements, on the money. It of said village, not exceeding one thousand dollars in the year.

ARTICLE XXVII.

OF THE BERRIEN COUNTY JAIL.

1. The corporation shall be allowed the use of the corporation allowed use ton jail of the county of Berrien for the imprisonment of of county jail.

erson liable to imprisonment under the provisions of this r of any by-law, rule, regulation or ordinance passed by thereof, and all persons so committed to said jail shall der the charge of the sheriff as in other cases: Provided, Proviso. aid county of Berrien shall in no manner be chargeable the cost and expenses of such imprisonment in civil cases.

ARTICLE XXVIII.

OF THE COMPETENCY OF CITIZENS.

. 1. No person shall be an incompetent judge, witness or Citizens to 1 be compet'nt in any case in which said corporation is interested, by as jurors.

1 of his being an inhabitant of said village.

ARTICLE XXIX.

OF FORMER VILLAGE ACTS.

- . 1. The by-laws, rules, regulations and ordinances of Former acts to remain in illage are hereby declared legal and valid, and when not force.

 istent with the provisions of this act, shall be and conin force and effect, until the same shall be repealed or led by the board of trustees.
- 2. All former acts relating to the village of Benton Prior claims or, inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed; but such good. shall not affect any act, claim, or right secured or estab-

lished, or any suit, proceeding or prosecution had or commenced prior to the time when such repeal shall take effect; but every such act, claim, right or proceeding shall remain as valid and effectual as if said act had remained in force.

ARTICLE XXX.

OF THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS ACT.

Public act.

Sec. 1. This act is hereby declared a public act, and the same shall be favorably construed in all courts, and copies thereof, printed under the authority of the Legislature, shall be received without further proof.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 429.]

AN ACT to amend sections one, three, four, five, seven, nine, eleven, fourteen, thirty-three, thirty-six, forty-five, forty-six, forty-eight, forty-nine, fifty, fifty-two, fifty-three, and seventy-three of an act entitled "An act to set off and incorporate a portion of the townships of Grand Haven and Spring Lake, in the county of Ottawa, into a city by the name of the city of Grand Haven," approved March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

Sections amended.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That sections one, three, four, five, seven, nine, eleven, fourteen, thirty-three, thirty-six, forty-five, forty-six, forty-eight, forty-nine, fifty, fifty-two, fifty-three, and seventy-three of an act entitled "An act to set off and incorporate a portion of the townships of Grand Haven and Spring Lake, in the county of Ottawa, into a city by the name of the city of Grand Haven," approved March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, be and the same are hereby amended so that the said sections shall read as follows:

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Boundaries. so much of the townships of Grand Haven and Spring Lake, in the county of Ottawa, as is included in the following description or boundary, to wit: Commencing at low water mark on Lake Michigan, at the point where the section line between sections twenty-nine and thirty-two, in township eight north, of range sixteen west, touches said low water mark; thence running east along said section line and the section line on the south side of sections twenty-eight and twenty-seven, to the north and south quarter line of said section twenty-seven; thence north along said quarter line through the center of said section twenty-seven, to the center of that channel of Grand river which forms the southerly boundary of the township of Spring Lake; thence following said channel down Grand river along the southerly boundary of said township of Spring Lake, to the north line of section twenty; thence west along the north line of sections twenty and nineteen, to the low water mark on Lake Michigan, and thence southerly along the low water mark of Lake Michigan to the place of beginning, shall be and the same is hereby set off from said townships of Grand Haven and Spring Lake, and organized and incorporated into a city by the name of the city of Grand Haven: Provided, That Proviso. nothing in this act shall interfere with the rights of the United States in and over the one acre of land contained therein, on which stands the United States light-house.

Sec. 3. The said city shall be divided into four wards: The first ward shall include all that portion of said city lying north and west of Grand river, and all on the east side of Grand river northerly of the center of Washington street, and westerly of a line commencing at the intersection of Washington and Fourth streets, and running thence northerly along the center of Fourth street to Elliot street, thence easterly along the center of Elliot street to its intersection with the west line of section twenty-one, township eight north, of range sixteen west, thence no-1 on said section line to its intersection with the channel of the bayou lying south of Grand river, on said

section twenty-one, thence easterly along said channel to the Second ward channel of Grand river; the second ward shall include all that portion of said city lying south of Grand river and southerly of the center of Washington street, and westerly of a line commencing at the intersection of Washington street with the west side of Fourth street, thence southerly along the west side of Fourth street, and a continuous line thereof to its intersection with the north line of section twenty-nine, in township eight north, of range sixteen west, thence west along the north line of said section twenty-nine to the north and south quarter line of said section, thence south on said north and south quarter line Third ward. to the south boundary of said city; the third ward shall include all that portion of said city not included in the first and second wards, that lies west of a line commencing at the intersection of Wallace street with the south boundary of said city, and running thence north along the center of Wallace street, and a continuous line thereof to the channel of the bayou lying south of Grand river, on section twenty-one, township eight Fourth ward north, of range sixteen west; the fourth ward shall include all that portion of said city lying east of the last mentioned line, and south of a line running along the channel of said bayou to the channel of Grand river, and thence along said last named

Officers and terms of office.

Sec. 4. The officers of said city shall be one mayor, one supervisor, one recorder, who shall be ex officio school inspector and city clerk, one treasurer, who shall be ex officio collector, one marshal, two school inspectors, one city attorney, three justices of the peace, and one street commissioner; and also two aldermen and one constable for each ward. Said officers shall be elected and appointed as follows: The mayor, supervisor, marshal and treasurer shall be elected annually, and shall hold their offices for one year, and until their successors shall be elected and qualified. At the first annual election after the passage of this act, and at the annual election every two years thereafter, there shall be elected one recorder, who shall hold his office for the term of two years, and until his successor shall

e elected and qualified; there shall also be elected at each annual election one school inspector for the term of two years and until his successor shall be elected and qualified, and also ne justice of the peace who shall hold his office for three ears and until his successor shall be elected and qualified; the aid justices of the peace shall have like powers and be subject the same duties and liabilities as justices of the peace in the everal townships of this State; there shall be elected at each annual election in said city one alderman from each of the everal wards in said city, who shall hold his office for the term two years, and until his successor shall be elected and qualied; there shall also be elected at each annual election one enstable for each ward, who shall hold his office for the term one year.

Sec. 5. An election shall be held annually on the first Mon-Annual ay of April, at such places in each of the several wards, as 16 common council may designate; notice thereof shall be Notice of. iven by the recorder, at least eight days before the election, y posting the same in three public places in each ward; the Inspectors derman in each ward shall be the inspector of such election ad of all other elections held in said city, and shall choose the erk thereof; and in case of the absence of one or more of 1ch inspectors, the electors present may choose, viva voce, om their number, one or more to fill such vacancy or vacanes, to whom shall be administered the constitutional oath by ther of said inspectors, or by any justice of the peace; the Manner of anner of conducting all elections and canvassing votes, and ne qualifications of electors in the several wards shall be the me as that of townships, the [word] "ward" instead of "townup" being used in the oath to be administered to an elector case his vote shall be challenged: Provided, That at such Proviso. harter elections the said ward inspectors shall make one cerficate of the number of votes given for each person for the rveral offices to be filled in and for said city; and also one rtificate of the officers elected in and for each ward, which rtificates shall be immediately filed in the office of the re-

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corder of said city; and upon the Thursday next following the day of such election, the common council shall meet at the office of said recorder, and thereupon determine who, by the greatest number of votes given in the several wards at such election, are duly elected to fill the respective city offices; and it shall be the duty of the recorder immediately after such determination, to cause notice to be given to each of the persons elected, of their election; and each of said officers shall, within ten days thereafter, take and subscribe the constitutional oath of office, before any person authorized to administer oaths, and shall deliver the same to said recorder, who shall file the same in his office: Provided, That in case of the election of one or more justices of the peace, the said recorder shall make a certificate thereof, and cause it to be delivered to the county clerk, in the same manner as is required of township clerks; and in case two or more persons shall receive for the same office an equal number, and not a plurality of votes given at such election, the common council shall immediately proceed to determine by lot, between the persons receiving the highest number of votes, who shall be considered elected to such office; in case any of the officers so elected shall neglect for a term of ten days, to qualify as aforesaid, the office shall thereby become vacant.

Ibid.

Tie; how decided.

Council to appoint attorney, street commissioner and other officers.

Power of, to remove officers. Sec. 7. The common council shall appoint a city attorney and a street commissioner for the city, and shall have power to appoint a chief engineer for the fire department, and such other officers, whose election is not herein especially provided for, as they may deem necessary to carry into effect the powers granted by this act, and remove the same at pleasure; they shall also have power to remove the treasurer for any violation of the ordinances of the common council; and in case of the death, the resignation, or removal from office, or neglect to qualify, or removal from the city or ward for which he has been elected, of any officer of the corporation, the common council shall, as soon as may be, appoint an officer to fill such vacancy for the unexpired portion of the year; and all officers

so appointed shall be notified and qualify as herein directed:

Provided, That the common council may at any time order a Proviso.

special election to fill a vacancy in any office which is elective under this act.

Sec. 9. The common council shall have authority to assess, May levy levy and collect taxes on real and personal estate taxable in said city, which taxes shall be and remain a lien on the property so assessed until the same shall be paid: Provided, That they Provise. shall not raise, by general tax, more than three thousand dollars in any one year, exclusive of school taxes and taxes for highway purposes, unless authorized thereto by vote of the property-holding tax-payers of said city, who are electors, when convened for that purpose, pursuant to previous notice.

Sec. 11. Whenever the common council shall deem it neces- Manner of sary to raise a greater sum in any one year than three thousand tax. dollars, exclusive of taxes for school and highway purposes, they shall give at least five days' notice in writing, to be posted in five public places in said city, which notice shall state the time and place of meeting, and shall specify the objects and purposes for which the money proposed to be raised shall be expended; and when such meeting shall be assembled, in pursuance of said notice, such electors, by a viva voce vote, shall determine the amount of money which shall be raised for each object specified in the notice: Provided, That such tax shall Provise. not, in any one year, exceed two per centum upon the valuation of the real and personal estate taxable within the limits of said city: And provided also, That not more than two such Ibid. meetings shall be held in any one year, to determine the amount of tax to be raised. At all such meetings the mayor, or in his absence, the recorder shall preside.

Sec. 14. The common council shall have power to cause the council to expense of making, grading, paving or planking streets and pense of grading, sidewalks, of planting shade trees, of making drains and etc., on owners, and all other local improvements, to be assessed against the owners or occupants of the premises, the value of which is increased by such improvements, and in the proportion to

which such premises are improved thereby, or by general tax, as they may deem just and proper; and the common council shall have power to make all by-laws and ordinances relative to the mode of assessing, levying and collecting such tax, and they may, by such by-laws and ordinances, provide that the real estate assessed for such improvements may be sold to pay such assessment.

To regulate time of working on streets.

To prevent incumbering of streets.

take private property.

Notice to owners.

Council to treat with owner.

of jury.

Jury to award damages,

Sec. 33. The common council shall have power to regulate the time and manner of working upon the streets, lanes and alleys in said city; to provide for the grading, planking or paving, and railing the sidewalks, and to provide the width thereof; to prevent the obstruction or incumbering of the streets, lanes, alleys, sidewalks, or public grounds in said city; to lay out, open, make, grade and repair streets, lanes and alleys, and the same to alter and vacate, and to alter and vacate Power of, to those already laid out; if in laying out or altering any street lane, or highway, the common council shall require for such purpose the ground of any person, they shall give notice thereof to the owner or person interested, or his or their agent or representative, by personal service, or by written notice posted in three of the most public places in said city, at least three weeks next preceding the meeting of said common council for the purpose aforesaid; and the common council are authorized to treat with such person or persons for such Summoning ground or premises; and if such person or persons shall refuse to treat for the same, or if the parties cannot agree therefor, it shall and may be lawful for the mayor or recorder of said city to issue a venire facias, to command the marshal of said city to summon and return a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders, to be taken within the limits of said city, to appear before said mayor or recorder, at any place to be therein stated, to inquire into and determine the just compensation to be paid therefor to the owner or owners of, or parties interested in said grounds or premises; which jury being first duly sworn by said mayor or recorder, faithfully and impartially to ascertain and determine the just sum to be paid therefor, and

having viewed the premises, if necessary, shall inquire and assess such damages and recompense as they shall judge fit to be awarded to the owner or owners, or the parties interested in such grounds or premises, for their respective injuries, according to the several interests or estates therein; and the said mayor or recorder shall, upon the return of such assessment or verdict, enter judgment therefor, confirming the same; and such Compensat's tendered to sum or sums so assessed, together with all costs, shall be paid owner. or legally tendered before such street, lane or alley shall be made, laid out, altered or opened, to the claimant or claimants thereof; it shall thereupon be lawful for said common council to cause such grounds to be occupied for the purposes aforesaid: Provided, That any person claiming damages as aforesaid, Proviso. may have the right to remove such proceedings by appeal to the circuit court, or any court of competent jurisdiction, upon giving notice of his, or her, or their intention so to do, to said mayor or recorder, in writing, within ten days; or, in case of the absence of said party from said city, at the rendition of said judgment, then within thirty days after the verdict of such jury, and the judgment of such mayor or recorder; upon filing a transcript of the proceedings aforesaid, duly certified by said mayor or recorder, within forty days after the verdict and judgment aforesaid, in the circuit court, or any other court of record having appellate jurisdiction, the same proceedings shall be had as is prescribed by law in other cases of appeal: Provided, That if the final judgment for damages shall not ex-Ibid. ceed the sum assessed before the mayor or recorder, at least five dollars, then the party appealing shall pay all costs occasioned by such appeal.

Sec. 36. Compensation for services may be paid out of the Compensation city treasury, as follows: The recorder and attorney shall be of officers. entitled to receive respectively such sum as the common council shall allow, not exceeding one hundred and fifty dollars per annum, as salaries, until after said city shall contain over five thousand inhabitants, when said compensation may be any sum deemed reasonable, not exceeding three hundred and fifty dol-

Ibid.

lars per annum; the marshal shall be entitled to receive the same fees for serving processes in behalf of the corporation as constables are by law allowed for similar services, and he shall receive such further compensation as the common council shall allow, not exceeding one hundred dollars per annum; the treasurer, justices of the peace, and constables shall be allowed the same fees as are by law allowed to corresponding township officers, unless in this act otherwise provided; the street commissioner shall be entitled to receive one dollar and fifty cents per day for services, and at the same rates for parts of a day actually employed; the director of the poor, school inspectors, and all other officers of said city, not otherwise provided for, shall be entitled to receive such compensation as the common council shall allow, not exceeding two dollars per day for every day actually employed in the performance of the duties of their respective offices.

City supervisors; powers and duties of.

Sec. 45. The supervisor of said city shall have and exercise, within said city, all the powers, authority and functions of supervisors of towns, as now provided, or may hereafter be provided by law, except as herein otherwise provided; and he shall be a member of the board of supervisors of the county of Ottawa, and as such shall be entitled to the same compensation, and shall have the same powers, and be paid in the same manner as supervisors of townships, and he shall perform, as such supervisor, such other duties as by this act shall be required of him. The mayor of said city shall also be a member of the board of supervisors of Ottawa county, and shall be entitled to the same compensation for attending said board of supervisors as allowed by law to the other members of said board, to be paid in the same manner.

To make annual assessment.

Sec. 46. The annual assessment of property in said city shall be made by the supervisor thereof.

Compensation of. Sec. 48. The supervisor of said city shall receive as compensation for his services, while actually employed as such supervisor, the same sum per day as supervisors or assessors performing like duties in townships are, or may hereafter be

allowed by law, which compensation shall be audited and paid by the common council of said city, by a vote and resolution of said council.

Sec. 49. The accounts and demands of the supervisor, and All accounts to be verified of all other persons against the city, shall be verified by affi-by affidavit. davit, and shall set forth the items thereof in detail, which affidavit may be taken and certified by any member of the common council.

Sec. 50. The supervisor of said city shall complete the tax Supervisor roll of said city, and deliver the same, with his warrant thereto tax roll attached, to the city treasurer, within the time prescribed by law for the completion and delivering of the township tax rolls to the respective township treasurers of this State: Provided, Proviso. Security has been given by such city treasurer, as required by law, or in this act provided; but if such security shall not have Proceedings been given by such city treasurer, in the manner and within when secuthe time required, the common council shall immediately ap-treasurer. point some reliable, suitable person, who shall give the requisite security, to collect the taxes specified on such tax roll; and the person so appointed shall thereupon be entitled to receive said tax roll, and shall collect and pay over such taxes, and make return of his doings thereon, in the same manner, and shall have all the powers, and shall perform all the duties, and be subject to the same liabilities in this act conferred upon the city treasurer of said city, for the purpose of collecting and returning and paying over such taxes.

Sec. 52. The supervisor of said city shall, in each and every Assessment year, make and complete the assessment of all the real and roll; how personal property within said city, in the same manner and within the same time as required by law for the assessment of property in the several townships of this State, and in so doing shall conform to the provisions of law governing the action of the supervisors of the several townships of this State performing like services; and in making the assessment roll for said city, he shall put all of the assessable property in each ward in a subdivision by itself, making four subdivisions thereof, all

under the general head of the assessment of the city of Grand Haven; and in all other respects he shall, unless when otherwise in this act provided, conform to the provisions of law governing the action of supervisors in the several townships of this State in the assessment of property, the levying of taxes, and the issuing of warrants for the collection and return thereof; and he shall also, in each year, within fifteen days after the time required by law for completing the assessment rolls in the several townships of this State, make and file with the recorder of said city, a true and certified copy of the assessment roll thereof for such year, and the recorder shall receive and file the same in his office.

Supervisor to file certifled copy of, with recorder.

Council to determine am't necessary to be raised.

Sec. 53. It shall be the duty of the common council of said city, on or before the last Saturday preceding the first day of October in each year, to determine, by resolution, the amount necessary to be raised by tax for city purposes, within said city for such year, and also to notify the supervisor of said city of the amount thereof, within five days after the board of supervisors of the said county of Ottawa shall have completed the equalization of the valuation of the property in said city, and said townships of said county for such year; and it is hereby made the duty of the supervisor of said city, to levy the to levy sums apportioned to said city, and such other taxes as may be required by law, upon the taxable property of such city, in the same manner as taxes for township purposes are required by law to be levied by the supervisors of the townships of this State.

Supervisor

Sec. 73. At all city elections every elector shall vote in the When electors shall ward where he shall reside ten days preceding the day of vote. election.

> Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 430.]

AN ACT to authorize the mayor, recorder and aldermen of the city of Ann Arbor to borrow money and issue bonds to aid in furnishing said city with water.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That the Borrowing mayor, recorder and aldermen of the city of Ann Arbor, in issuing of bonds authorized to borrow money, are hereby authorized and empowered to borrow money, on the faith and credit of said city, and to issue bonds therefor to an amount not exceeding seventy-five thousand dollars, to be paid by said city, within a period not exceeding twenty years from the date thereof, and at a rate of interest not exceeding seven per cent. per annum; the said bonds, or the money realized from the sale thereof, to be used and applied to the purpose of furnishing the said city of Ann Arbor with water, and for no other purpose.

Sec. 2. The bonds hereby authorized to be issued by the Style and mayor, recorder and aldermen of said city, for the purpose bonds. aforesaid, shall be coupon bonds, in denominations of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars each, and shall be signed by the mayor and countersigned by By whom the recorder, and issued payable to the order of the person signed. When named therein, or to the bearer, in such sums, not exceeding payable. in the aggregate seventy-five thousand dollars, payable at such times, not exceeding twenty years from the date thereof, and at such rate of interest, not exceeding seven per cent. per annum, payable annually or semi-annually, as the common council shall determine: Provided, That said mayor, recorder and Proviso. aldermen aforesaid shall not be authorized and empowered to issue said coupon bonds, or any part or number thereof, unless a majority of the tax-paying electors of said city of Ann Arbor, present and voting, shall, as provided in section three, title five of the charter of said city, first determine the sum of money that shall be raised for the purpose aforesaid, and bonds issued therefor.

Council to provide for tax to pay interest on.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the common council of said city to provide, by tax, for the payment of the interest accruing on the bonds issued under the provisions of this act, as the same shall become due, which tax shall be in addition to the taxes which the said common council are now, or may be hereafter authorized to levy and collect; and it shall be the duty of the said common council to provide for the payment of the principal of said bonds, at the maturity thereof, by tax upon the taxable property in said city of Ann Arbor, to be levied and collected in manner provided in the charter of said city.

May construct water works. Sec. 4. The common council shall have power to construct such water works, or they may authorize the same to be constructed by a company, and to aid such company by issuing to such company the city bonds aforesaid; but in such case the bonds aforesaid shall not be issued to such company exceeding one-half the cost of such water works at the time of such issue, the cost of the works to be ascertained by three commisioners appointed by the circuit court for Washtenaw county, upon petition presented by authority of said common council.

Amount to be retained until works are completed. Sec. 5. Fifteen per cent. of the amount of aid granted to any company shall be retained until the works are put in successful operation, and until the common council are satisfied that the company have, in good faith, performed their contract. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 431.]

AN ACT to incorporate the village of Midland City.

Boundaries.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That all the following tract of country and territory situated in the county of Midland, and State of Michigan, being in township number fourteen north, of range two east, be and the same is hereby constituted a village corporate, under the name of Midland City, said territory hereby incorporated being par-

ter post in the west line of school section sixteen, thence running westerly on quarter line of section seventeen to the east bank of the Tittabawassee river, then down said river as it tends to the quarter line, then southerly on said quarter line to the center quarter post of section twenty, then easterly on quarter line one mile and a half to the quarter post in the west line of section twenty-two, then northerly on section line one mile to the quarter post in the west line of section fifteen, then westerly on quarter line of school section sixteen one mile to place of beginning, all in town fourteen north, of range two east.

Sec. 2. The electors of said village shall meet on the second First Monday in April, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, at the courthouse in said village, and there, by ballot, elect by plurality of votes, one person to be president of said village, and three per-omcers sons to be trustees for one year, and three for two years, and of office. one person to be marshal, and one to be clerk, and also one person to be assessor, and one to be treasurer of said village. At which election the township clerk of the township of Mid-Inspectors land shall act as clerk; and he may elect any two justices of the election. peace of said town to act as inspectors; and the township clerk shall give the same notice as provided in this bill for annual elections. And annually thereafter on the second Tuesday of March, a president, marshal, treasurer, assessor, and clerk shall be elected, who shall hold their offices for one year, and three trustees, who shall hold their offices for two years. But in case Failure to of a failure, for any cause, to elect any or all of said officers, on not to disthe day when by this act they should be elected, the said cor-ration. poration shall not, for that reason, be dissolved. And it shall be lawful to hold an election and elect such officers, at any time thereafter, by giving the like notice thereof that is required by

Sec. 3. The president and trustees shall constitute the village Village board, and a majority of said board shall constitute a quorum to constitute to transact business, and a less number may adjourn from time

this act to be given for the holding of the regular election.

President; duties of.

to time. The president shall be the chief executive officer of said village, and shall preside at the meeting of the board, and it shall be his duty to see that the officers of said village faithfully discharge their duties; and in case of his absence or inability to serve, the trustees shall have power to elect one of their own number as president pro tem., who shall have all the powers and perform all the duties of the president during the continuance of such absence or inability.

Clerk to give notice of election.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the clerk to give notice of the time and place of holding an election, by causing a notice to be printed in some newspaper published in said village, if there be one, once in each week for two successive weeks next preceding the day of holding the same, or by posting notices in five public places in said village; and at all elections the polls shall be opened at nine o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as may be, and closed at four o'clock in the afternoon And at the close of the polls the ballots shall be counted, and

Polis; when opened and closed.

Clerk to election.

notify persons of their a true statement thereof proclaimed to the electors present, and the clerk shall make a true record thereof, and within five days give notice to the persons elected, who shall enter upon their respective duties the ensuing Monday.

Officers of election after the first.

Sec. 5. After the first election any two members of the village board may be the inspectors of the election; a third member shall act as poll clerk. The clerk of the village shall be the clerk of the election, but in case of the absence of the clerk the inspectors may appoint any elector to act as such clerk; and the inspectors and clerk shall take an oath, to be administered by any person authorized to administer oaths, to faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of inspectors and clerks of such election, and such inspectors shall have the same power to preserve the purity of the election as is or may hereafter be given to the inspectors of a township election.

Oath of officers.

Sec. 6. Every officer elected or appointed under the provisions of this act, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation, which may be administered by any person authorized to administer oaths, to

support the constitution of the United States and of this State, and that he will faithfully discharge the duties of his office according to the best of his ability, a record of which oath or affirmation shall be made and kept by the clerk; and the treasurer and marshal shall also furnish bonds in such sums, and with such sureties as the village board may require and approve, which bond or bonds shall be filed in the clerk's office.

Sec. 7. The president and trustees of said village shall be a Body corbody corporate and politic, under the name of the president politic. and trustees of the village of Midland city, with the same powers as township boards in addition to the special powers conferred upon them by this act, and they may have a common seal which they may alter at pleasure, and may purchase and hold real estate for the use of said village, and at any time may sell and convey the same, and may sue and be sued in any court of competent jurisdiction: Provided, That where any Proviso. suit is commenced against the corporation, it shall be by summons, a certified copy of which shall be served on the president or one of the trustees at least six days before the return day

mentioned therein.

Sec. 8. Any justice of the peace of the township of Midland Justices of shall have cognizance of all matters arising under and by virtue powers and of this act, and the by-laws and ordinances of the president and trustees, and may issue all necessary process to enforce the same, with full power to try and determine all actions and proceedings instituted under this act, and under said by-laws and ordinances. And all process issued by him may be under seal or without seal, and shall be made returnable in the same time, and proceedings shall be had in like manner as is prescribed for justices of the peace, by the laws of this State; and appeals may be taken from judgments rendered by such justice, and such judgment may be removed to the circuit court by writ of certiorari, in the same time, and in the same manner as provided by law in the case of judgments rendered by justices of the peace in ordinary cases.

Marshal to be police constable.

Sec. 10. The marshal shall be police constable and chief of the police, and he shall have all the powers of constables elected pursuant to the laws of this State, except the power to serve a civil process issued by a justice of the peace, or any process issued in the prosecution of any violation of a general law of the State, and he shall be entitled to the same fees as

To enter disorderly houses.

Fees of.

constables for similar service, and shall be entitled to the same privileges, and subject to the same liabilities as constables in the performance of similar duties. It shall be the duty of the marshal to see that the laws are properly observed, and he shall have power and be authorized to enter into any gaming house, saloon, or other building where he shall have good reason to believe any felony, breach of the peace, or other unlawful act is being committed, and summarily arrest all disorderly persons, and all who may be engaged in any unlawful act or thing, or who shall assemble for any unlawful purpose, and take them before any justice of the peace of the township of Midland, in said village, who shall cause them to be formally arraigned and tried before him, for such offense as shall be alleged to have been committed by them.

President and trustees to appoint necessary officers.

Sec. 11. The president and trustees shall have power to appoint all officers which they may deem necessary for said village, whose election is not provided for in this act, and remove the same at pleasure, and prescribe their powers and duties: Provided, That no officer shall be appointed or removed, except a majority of the village board elect shall vote for such ap-To pass laws pointment or removal; they shall also have power to make byrelative tolaws, ordinances, rules and regulations for said village, and alter the same at pleasure for the following purposes, to wit: To maintain, preserve and protect the public places, property and buildings of said village; to regulate the police thereof; to preserve the public peace; to prevent and suppress riots, disturbances and disorderly assemblages; to appoint watchmen and policemen; to organize a fire department, and define their duties, and prescribe penalties for their delinquencies; to re-

Proviso.

Public property.

Riots.

Fire department. strain, apprehend and punish vagrants, mendicants, drunkards Vagrants. and all disorderly persons; to punish lewd, lascivious behavior in the streets and other public places; to suppress and restrain Gaming disorderly and gaming houses, billiard tables, and other devices and instruments of gaming. They shall also have power to Liquors. make by-laws, ordinances, rules and regulations to prevent and punish the selling or giving away of spirituous or fermented liquors to drunkards, minors or apprentices; to prevent and Fast driving. punish immoderate riding or driving in the streets of said village; to abate, prevent and remove nuisances; to suppress all Disorderly disorderly houses and houses of ill-fame, and to punish the keepers and inmates thereof; to prevent and compel the re-Obstructions moval of incumbrances, encroachments and obstructions upon the streets, walks, lanes, alleys, parks and public grounds; to compel the owners and occupants of lots to clear the sidewalks in front of, and adjacent thereto, of snow, ice, mud, boxes, and other incumbrances and obstructions that may at any time be thereon; to regulate and prevent the use of fire-arms Fire-arms. and other weapons; to regulate and prevent the use of fireworks, fire crackers and other combustible materials in said village; to construct and regulate markets; to regulate the Markets. vending of poultry, meat, vegetables, fruit and fish; to regulate the sale of hay, wood, lime, lumber and coal; to regulate the sealing of weights and measures; to maintain and regulate Pounds. pounds, and to restrain cattle, horses, sheep, swine, mules and other animals, geese, hens, and other poultry from running at large; to prevent the running at large of dogs, to require Dogs. them to be muzzled, and to authorize their destruction if found at large in violation of any ordinance of said village; to regu-Cartmen, late and license cartmen, porters, hacks and cabs, and to regulate their rates of compensation; to prevent runners from soliciting travelers; to construct hydraulic works; to supply Hydraulic the village with water; to light the streets; to borrow money for public improvements, not exceeding one thousand dollars in any one year; to establish wells, reservoirs and cisterns, and Wells and prevent the waste of water; to prevent bathing in the public

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

Cemeteries. streams in said village; to purchase grounds, construct and regulate cemeteries, and the burial of the dead; to order the use for burial purposes of any burying ground or cemetery to be discontinued, whenever the majority of the electors of said village shall deem it for the public interest, and a majority of all the voters voting at such annual election, shall have voted in favor of such discontinuance: Provided, It shall have Proviso. been first submitted to the electors of said village at an annual election, the same notice being given as special elections; and to ascertain the true boundaries of the streets and alleys, and establish the grade thereof: Provided, When the grade of a Ibid. street has been once established and worked to, it shall not be altered without the consent of the owners of a majority of the lots along such streets and alleys; to cause streets, alleys, and low places to be drained and filled up at the expense of the premises benefited; to regulate the building of partition and Fences. other fences; to establish lines upon which buildings may be erected, and beyond which buildings shall not extend; to prevent the erection of buildings in an unsafe manner, and may Unsafe buildings. pass all necessary rules and ordinances in reference to build-Fire engines. ings deemed to be unsafe; to purchase fire engines and other fire apparatus, and keep the same in repair; to procure and construct suitable buildings to store them; to require and cause each house, store and shop to be provided with fire buckets and ladders; to establish fire limits, within which no wooden Fire limits. building shall be allowed to be built, enlarged, or placed; to regulate partition walls, chimneys, flues, and putting up stoves and stove-pipes; to regulate the construction of smith shops, Hazardous buildings. planing mills, shingle mills, bakeries, and other buildings considered hazardous; to prohibit the erection of any building, or the carrying on of any business deemed extra hazardous in any place in said village, which they may consider unsafe; to guard against fires; to regulate the duties, powers and fees of Duties of officers.

the village officers; to regulate the setting of posts and shade

trees, of building and erecting awnings; to require the con-

struction and repair of sidewalks, and prescribe their width Sidewalks. and the manner of building the same. The village board shall Grading streets, etc. have power to assess and levy at any time, by special tax, the expenses of making, grading, paving, planking, opening and repairing streets, lanes and alleys, of grading, paving, planking or repairing sidewalks, upon the lots, premises and subdivisions thereof, in front of or adjacent to which said improvements are made; of constructing or repairing drains or sewers, culverts, or bridges not otherwise provided for, upon the lots, premises or subdivisions thereof that in the opinion of the village board are benefited by such improvements: Pro-Proviso. vided, That no such improvements shall be made unless a petition, duly signed by twelve freeholders of said village, asking that such improvements be made, shall have been presented to the village board: Provided further, That no more Ibid. than five per cent. of the assessed valuation of any lot, premises or subdivision thereof, shall be assessed, levied or collected in any one year for either or all of the above named purposes: And provided, That the expense of making all of such im- Ibid. provements in front of and adjoining such property as is exempted from taxation by section eleven of this act, and of making and repairing all cross-walks shall be paid from the general highway fund: Provided, That the village board shall rold. have power to make appropriations from the general highway fund whenever five per cent. of the assessed valuation on the adjoining property shall be inadequate to pay the expense of opening and grading any street.

Sec. 12. All taxes levied upon any real estate, and all assess-Taxes to remain a lien upon such real on property. estate until the same is paid.

Sec. 13. The president and trustees shall, at the close of each Annual year, and before the annual election of officers, make out a statement, in writing, exhibiting in detail all items of receipts and expenditures during the past year, and cause the same to be published in a newspaper printed in said village, if there be one, at least ten days preceding the day of election, and cause

such statement to be posted up in three public places in said village at least ten days before the day of the election, and such statement shall also be read in public at the polls of the election.

By-laws and ordinances to be published.

Sec. 14. It shall be the duty of the president and trustees to cause all of the by-laws and ordinances, rules and regulations for said village, established by them, to be published in a newspaper printed in said village, if there be one, once in each week for at least three successive weeks, and cause them to be posted up in three public places in said village; and no by-law, ordinance, rule or regulation shall be enforced until such notice shall have been given.

Assessment roll.

Proviso.

Time for reviewing.

Corrections in; when may be made.

Sec. 15. The assessor of said village shall, in April of each year, make an assessment roll containing a description of all the real estate liable to taxation in said village, and the name of the owner, occupant or agent, if known: Provided, That all lands of greater area than twenty acres, used exclusively for farming purposes, and being unplatted, shall be exempt from taxation except for the general tax for municipal purposes, and for special assessments for improvements made Contents of. upon or adjacent to them, and shall set down in such roll, opposite each description of property, its fair valuation in cash, and shall set down in such roll opposite the name of each and every resident of said village the fair valuation in cash of all the personal property owned by him or in his possession in said village, in a separate line from the valuation of real estate; and it shall be the duty of the assessor on the first Monday of May in each year, to be present at the usual place of holding the meetings of the village board, and have with him the sessment roll prepared as above, for the purpose of reviewing the same, that any person considering himself or herself aggrieved may be heard, and he shall then and there make such alterations or corrections as shall be made to appear to him necessary to make the assessment just, equal and fair with and between all the parties concerned; and the assessor shall, as soon thereafter as practicable, proceed to estimate and set down

in a column left for that purpose, opposite the several sums set down as the value of real and personal estate in such assessment roll, the respective sums, in dollars and cents, to be paid as a tax or assessment thereon, and shall afterwards cause said as-Roll delivsessment roll, or a copy thereof to be delivered to the marshal shal. of said village, with a warrant annexed thereto under the hand of such assessor, directing and requiring him by a certain day therein named, not less than sixty days from the date of said warrant, to collect from the several persons named in said roll the several sums set opposite their respective names as a tax, and authorizing him, in case they or any of them shall neglect Power of or refuse to pay the same, to levy the same by distress and sale sell property of his or her goods or chattels, together with the costs of such distress and sale, and such warrant may be renewed from time to time, as the village board may direct; and when assessment special asshall be made for any special improvement it shall be legal, if be legal. not made at the time of making the grand list of regular annual assessment for general purposes, but such special assessment shall be made in a manner altogether similar to the grand list, except as to the time of making it; and notice of the time and place of reviewing such assessment shall be given by the assessor by causing a notice to be published in a paper printed in said village, if there be one, once in each week for two successive weeks next preceding the day of reviewing, and by causing a notice to be posted in three public places in said village.

Sec. 16. If any person shall neglect or refuse to pay the sum Proceedings or sums at which he or she shall have been assessed or taxed when pers'n as aforesaid, the marshal shall be required to levy the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person who ought to pay the same, first giving notice thereof, as is required by law of township treasurers; and in case the marshal shall be unable to collect the taxes assessed on real estate, he shall make return thereof on oath to the village board, with the amount due and unpaid on each description.

Unpaid taxes; how collected.

Sec. 17. The tax upon real estate for the purpose mentione in the fifteenth section of this act, shall be set down in the assessment roll in a column by itself; and whenever any such tax, and all taxes on real estate returned for non-payment of taxes, provided in the preceding section, and interest thereon to be computed at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum until paid, shall remain unpaid for one year from the date of the warrant to the marshal as aforesaid, the treasurer of said village shall cause so much of the land charged with such tax as will be sufficient to pay said tax and the interest thereon, and the cost of advertising and selling, to be sold at public auction at some public place in said village, to the highest bidder, first giving notice of the time and place of sale, by causing a notice to be published in a newspaper printed in said village, if there be one, once in each week for at least six weeks next preceding the day of sale, and by posting the same in three public places in said village the same length of time before the day of sale; Evidence or and the affidavit of the publisher that the notice was published, if a paper be printed, and of the treasurer that such notice was posted in accordance with the above provisions, entered at large on the record of said village, shall be prima facie evidence of such notice being given.

publication.

Notice of mie.

Proceedings on day of sale.

Sec. 18. On the day mentioned in said notice the treasurer shall commence the sale of said lands, and shall continue the same from day to day until so much thereof shall be sold as will pay the taxes thereon, together with the interest and Cortificate of charges; and the treasurer shall give to the purchaser or purpurchase. chasers of any such lands a certificate in writing, describing the lands purchased and the sum paid therefor, and the time when the purchaser or purchasers will be entitled to a deed of the conveyance. same; and unless within one year from the date of the sale thereof there shall be paid to the treasurer for the use of the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, the sum mentioned in such certificate, with the interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum from the date of such certificate, the treasurer or his successor in office shall, at the expiration of one year

rom the date of the sale, execute to the purchaser, his heirs or ssigns, a conveyance of the lands sold, which conveyance hall, except it may appear that said lands were not subject to axation, or that the taxes were paid, vest in the person or persons to whom it shall be given an estate in fee simple, subject to all claims of the State thereon, and the said conveyance shall be prima facie evidence that such sale was regular, according to the provisions of this act; and every such convey-when may be used as executed by such treasurer under his hand and seal, evidence. witnessed and acknowledged in the usual form, and duly recorded, may be introduced in evidence in the same manner and with like effect as other deeds of conveyance regularly executed, acknowledged, and recorded, may be given in avidence.

Sec. 19. The treasurer of said village shall receive the same Fees of lees in case of sales of lands for taxes by him as are or may be treasurer for like services; and the expense of advertising any lands for sale, in accordance with the provisions of this act, shall be computed at the same ate charged by the State in such cases, and shall be added to the taxes thereon by the treasurer.

Sec. 20. All orders on the treasurer for the payment of any How orders noney shall be signed by the clerk and countersigned by the made out. president, and shall specify the fund from which they are to be paid, and they shall be paid from no other fund.

Sec. 21. All moneys assessed and raised for highway pur-Highway poses shall be kept a fund separate and distinct from the gen-kept. ral fund, and no money shall be paid from said highway fund except for highway purposes.

Sec. 22. All bridges across the Tittabawassee and Chippeway Bridges; ivers, in said village, shall be and remain under the superviscontrolled on of the highway commissioners of the township of Midland, and shall be constructed and maintained in the same manner as and may be provided by law for the construction and mainenance of bridges generally in the several townships in this state. But all other bridges in said village shall be constructed

and maintained by the village, and shall be under the supervision of the village board.

Appointed officers, and terms of office.

How suit against may

be brought.

Sec. 23. All officers appointed by the village board shall hold their office for one year, and until their successors are appointed, unless sooner removed; and the village board may require of any officer of said village a bond for the faithful performance of the duties of his office, which bond shall run to the president and trustees of the village of Midland City, and their successors in office. And suit may be brought in the name of the village board for any breach in the conditions of such bond, and the circuit court for the county of Midland shall have jurisdiction to try and determine all such actions; and any justice of the peace of the township of Midland, in said village, shall have jurisdiction, concurrent with the circuit court, to try and determine any such action, where the amount claimed is less than one hundred dollars.

Vacancies; how filled.

Sec. 24. All vacancies in the offices of said village, whether such officers be elected or appointed, shall be filled for the unexpired term by appointment, to be made by the village board.

Compensat'n of officers.

Sec. 25. The members of the village board, and all other officers of the village, shall receive such compensation for their services as the village board shall prescribe.

Corporation allowed use of county jail,

Sec. 26. The corporation shall be allowed the use of the county jail of the county of Midland for the imprisonment of any person liable to imprisonment under and by virtue of any of the by-laws, ordinances, rules and regulations of said village, and all persons so committed to said jail shall be under the charge of the sheriff, as in other cases of imprisonment: Provided, That the county shall not be chargeable with the costs and expenses of such imprisonment.

Sec. 27. Each member of the fire department, or of an en-Firemen to be exempt from poll tax gine, hook and ladder, hose and bucket company, duly organand jury serized by the village board, shall be exempt from paying any poll vice. tax and from serving as a juryman; and the village board may make such laws as they may deem proper to prevent and ex-

Proviso.

tinguish fires, or to compel citizens to assist in extinguishing them.

Sec. 28. The village board shall have no power to grant any Limit to subsidy, to loan the credit of the village to any individual or board. corporation, nor shall any tax be assessed, levied or collected for the purpose of reimbursing any individual or corporation for any improvements they may have already made, assisted in making, or shall hereafter make, or assist in making, for any expenses incurred or labor performed, or that may be hereafter incurred or performed, unless such improvements shall have been made, the expenses incurred, or the labor performed under the direction of the village board, and in accordance with the provisions of this act.

Sec. 29. The village board shall have the supervision of the Board to streets and highways within the village, and shall, within the have superlimits of said village, have the same power and perform the same duties as do or may by law belong to the commissioners of highways of the several townships of this State, except as relates to the bridges across the Tittabawassee and Chippeway rivers; and the village board shall appoint one or more over-To appoint seers of highways to repair and keep in order the highways, highways. streets and alleys, and shall cause a tax to be levied and collected upon the real and personal property in said village, not exceeding one per cent. on the valuation in any one year. And Poll tax. no other highway tax shall be levied and collected in said village, except that every male inhabitant of said village over twenty-one years and under fifty years of age, except paupers, idiots and lunatics, and except those who are exempted in section twentyseven of this act, shall be liable to pay a poll tax of one dollar, to be collected by the overseer of highways in the same manner as is provided for collecting other highway taxes. And the vil-List of lage board shall cause a list of all persons liable to pay such liable to pay poll tax to be made out and delivered to the overseers of highways in the month of April of each year. And the village board shall have exclusive control of all moneys levied and collected in said village for highway purposes: Provided, That Proviso.

Ibid.

the power of the village board to order fences removed, and to remove them themselves, and to open, widen and extend streets and highways, shall not be restricted between the first day of April and the first day of November in each year, but they may exercise that power at any time during the year: And provided also, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to exempt any person or property in said village from any township tax that may be legally levied in the township of Midland for the building, repairing, or rebuilding of any bridge within said township, or for any special expenditures for laying out, opening, working or improving any highway in said township, or for any drainage for which said township may become liable by reason of any neglect to keep any bridge or public highway in proper repair.

Proceedings when private lands are

Notice to owner.

taken.

Trustees to treat with owner.

of jury.

Sec. 30. Whenever the lands of any person or persons shall be required to be taken for the constructing, widening or extending of any street, lane, alley, drain or sewer within the limits of said village, or for the use of said village for any other lawful purpose, the village board shall give notice thereof to the owners or parties interested, or his, her or their agent or representative, by personal service, or by causing a notice to be published in a newspaper in said village if there be one, once in each week for three successive weeks next preceding the meeting of the village board for any of the purposes aforesaid; and the said village board are hereby authorized to treat with such person or persons for such lands or premises; and if such summoning person or persons shall refuse or neglect to treat for the same, or if the parties cannot agree therefor, it shall and may be lawful for the village board to direct any justice of the peace of the township of Midland, is said village, to issue a venire facias, directed to the marshal of said village or any constable of said county, commanding him to summon and return a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders residing within said county, to appear before him at any time to be therein stated, to inquire into the necessity of using such lands or premises, and the just compensation to be made to the owners thereof or parties interested therein; which jury being first duly sworn by said Jury to justice faithfully and impartially to inquire into the just com-damages. pensation to be made therefor, and having viewed the premises, if necessary, shall inquire and assess such damages and compensation as they shall judge fit to be awarded to the owner or owners of, or parties interested in such lands and premises for their respective losses according to the several interests or estates therein; and the said justice shall, upon the return of said assessment or verdict, enter judgment therefor, confirming the same; and such sum or sums so assessed, together with all Compensation tendered to: costs, shall be paid or tendered to the claimant or claimants owner. thereof, before such highway, street, lane, alley, drain or sewer shall be made; but upon making such payment, or a legal tender thereof, it shall thereupon be lawful for the village board to cause such lands and premises to be used for the purposes aforesaid: Provided, That the village board, or any party Proviso. claiming damages as aforesaid, may remove such proceedings by appeal to the circuit court for the county of Midland, or any other court of competent jurisdiction, by giving notice in writing to said justice, of his, her or their intention to do so, within ten days, or in case of the absence of the party from said village at the time of rendition of the judgment, then within twenty days after the rendition of the judgment; and upon receiving such notice and one dollar for his fee for making the same, said justice shall, within twenty days, make and file in the court to which the appeal is taken, a true transcript of all the proceedings had before him, duly certified by him; and thereupon the same proceeding shall be had in the appellate court as is provided by law in other cases of appeal: Provided, That if Ibid. final judgment for damages shall not exceed the damage assessed before the justice at least twenty dollars, then the party appealing shall pay the costs occasioned by such appeal.

Sec. 31. The marshal shall pay to the treasurer of said vil-Marshal to lage all moneys received by him, within ten days from the date moneys to of their receipt, receiving the treasurer's receipt therefor, and

shall make monthly statements to the board of all the moneys received by him and from [for] what purpose.

Treasurer to have custody of all moneys.

To present account of

Sec. 32. The village treasurer shall have the custody of all moneys belonging to said village, and shall keep an account of all receipts and disbursements thereof, and from whom received and to whom paid, and shall pay no moneys out of the treasury except upon warrants signed by the clerk and countersigned by the president. And he shall exhibit to the board of receipts and trustees, as often and for such periods as they may require, a expenditures full and detailed account of all receipts and expenditures, and shall also, when required, exhibit a general statement showing the financial condition of the treasury, and all other matters relating to his office.

Wards.

Sec. 33. The village of Midland City shall be divided into three wards, and each ward shall be entitled to two trustees, who shall be residents of the wards they represent. The first ward shall be composed of all that territory within said village, lying on the south-west side of the Tittabawassee river. The second ward shall be composed of all that territory in said village, lying on the north side of Benson and Townsend streets; and the third ward shall be composed of all that territory in said village, lying on the south side of Benson and Townsend streets.

Public act.

Sec. 34. This act shall be favorably construed and received in all courts as a public act, and copies thereof, printed under the authority of the Legislature, shall be received as evidence, without further proof.

Sec. 35. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869. 1

[No. 432.]

AN ACT to lay out and establish a State road from Angell's Landing, (so called,) on section twenty-eight, in township twenty-nine north, of range eight west, in the county of Antrim, to the center of township twenty-nine north, of range one west, in the county of Otsego.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Commisr's appointed. Jason Angell, of the county of Antrim, be and he is hereby appointed a commissioner to lay out and establish a State road from Angell's Landing, (so called,) on section twenty-eight, in township twenty-nine north, of range eight west, in the county of Antrim, by the most direct and feasible route, to the center of township twenty-nine north, of range one west, in the county of Otsego.

- Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of said commissioner, within six Duty of months, to lay out and establish said road, and cause the same to be surveyed, and a description thereof to be filed with the township clerk of each organized township through which said road may be laid and established, so far as said road shall run through each of said organized townships, whose duty it shall be to record the same, and such record shall be prima facie evidence of the existence of said road.
- Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the commissioners of high-Road to be opened same ways in any organized township through which said road shall as township highways. pass, to open and work the same in the same manner, and by virtue of the same laws, as township highways are required to be opened and worked.
- Sec. 4. The right of way for said State road, through lands Right of way belonging to the State, is hereby granted and conferred for the granted use of said road.
- Sec. 5. The commissioner named in this act shall receive two Fees of comdollars per day for his services, together with the cost of survey, missioner. and other necessary expenses in laying out and establishing said road.

Non-resident Sec. 6. All the non-resident highway taxes assessed for the highway taxes appro- year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, and for three priated.

years thereafter, upon lands lying in Otsego county, and put down in the assessment rolls of the several years respectively,

as non-resident lands, in said county of Otsego, shall be appropriated and expended for the laying out, establishment, con—

struction and improvement of said State road.

Proceedings in case commissioner refuses to qualify.

Sec. 7. In case the commissioner appointed by this act shall neglect or refuse to accept and qualify, or from any cause said office shall become vacant, the Governor of this State is hereby empowered, authorized, and required to appoint a suitable person as such commissioner, to carry into effect the provisions of this act; and the person so appointed shall have the same powers, and receive the same compensation as is prescribed by this act.

Sec. 8. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 433.]

AN ACT to authorize the supervisors of Houghton county to issue bonds for the purpose of raising money in aid of macadamizing or rocking that portion of Mineral Range State road, between the Franklin mine and the county line between said county of Houghton and Keweenaw county.

Money; supervisors allowed to borrow.

Amount of, limited.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That the board of supervisors of the county of Houghton be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to borrow money on the faith and credit of said county, and to issue bonds therefor, to an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars, which shall be expended in macadamizing that part of the Mineral Range State road situated between the Franklin mine, in said county, and the county line between Houghton and Keweenaw counties.

- Sec. 2. The board of supervisors of said county of Hough-who to have charge of ton shall have charge of said work, prescribing the manner in work. which said road shall be macadamized, (or rocked,) the time in which said road shall be completed, the time and manner of payment.
- Sec. 3. The said board of supervisors shall have said work supervisors done by contract, or otherwise, as in their judgment they may done by contract. deem best: *Provided*, That before any contract shall be let, Proviso. proposals therefor shall be published at least three weeks in some newspaper in said county, and printed notices posted in several of the most public places in said county; said printed notices shall contain the specifications of the manner of the building and rocking of said road, the time and manner of payment, and such other information as may be necessary.
- Sec. 4. Said board shall let said contract or contracts to the Board to let lowest responsible bidder, provided they consider the same lowest reasonable and just. Said board may advertise for proposals as long as they may think the same advisable; the said board may require sufficient security from any contractor for the faithful performance of any contract.
- Sec. 5. Said bonds may be issued in such sums as the board Bonds; how of supervisors may direct, and payable at such times, with such be such issued and when payable. The payable of interest, not exceeding ten per centum per annum, as the board of supervisors may direct, and shall be signed by the clerk of Houghton county, and countersigned by the chairman of the board of supervisors, with the seal of the county attached, and negotiated by, and under the direction of said board of supervisors; and said board shall have power, and it board to raise sum or sums as shall be sufficient to pay the amount of said bonds, and the interest thereon, as fast as the same shall become due: Provided, That before any such proviso. bonds shall issue, said board of supervisors shall submit to the qualified electors of said county at the next annual township

meeting (or any special meeting called for that purpose) the question of the proposed issuing of bonds.

Sec. 6. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 434.]

AN ACT to amend act number one hundred and sixty-seven, of session laws of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, being an act to authorize the several townships in the counties of Muskegon, Oceana, Mason, and Manistee, to levy taxes for the improvement of harbors and rivers within their respective counties, approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.

Act amended. Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That act number one hundred and sixty-seven, of the session laws of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, being an act to authorize the several townships in the counties of Muskegon, Oceana, Mason, and Manistee, to levy taxes for the improvement of harbors and rivers within their respective counties, be so amended as to read as follows:

Counties allowed to levy tax.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That any township in the counties of Muskegon, Oceana, Mason or Manistee shall have power, by a majority vote, by ballot, of all the qualified electors present at any legal township meeting, to levy a tax not exceeding one per cent. in any one year, upon the taxable property of said township, for the improvement of any harbor or river within the county. Said tax shall be assessed and collected at the same time and in the same manner as other township taxes, and when so collected shall be paid over by the township treasurer as is hereinafter provided: Provided, That no such tax shall be levied unless thirty days' notice shall be given by publishing the same in a newspaper, if there be one published in either of said counties in this act named, and by posting written or printed notices in at least

six of the most public places in said township, which notices

How tax shall be levied and collected.

Proviso.

shall specify the harbor or river to be improved, and the amount of tax to be voted: *Provided further*, That the unorganized ^{1bid.} county of Lake shall be exempt from the provisions of this act.

- Sec. 2. The supervisor and town clerk of the township in Board of commissions which such improvement is to be made, shall constitute a board who to constitute of commissioners, whose duty it shall be to receive all money Duty of. collected by tax, subscription, or otherwise, and appropriate the same either by contract to the lowest responsible bidder, or otherwise, as may be deemed most expedient, and shall annually, on or before the annual township meeting, submit to the supervisor of each township taxed, a full and complete statement of the receipts and disbursements of all sums received by them.
- Sec. 3. The said commissioners shall execute bonds in double Comm'rs to the amount of taxes collected, payable to the county treasurer, for the use of the inhabitants of the township raising such tax, conditioned for the faithful performance of said trust, and shall have power after giving bonds, as aforesaid, to draw on the several township treasurers for any amount of money held by them, to the credit of said improvement fund.
- Sec. 4. Said commissioners are authorized to appoint a super-May appoint intendent to prosecute said work, who shall at all times be tendent. under their control.
 - Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 435.]

AN ACT to authorize the common council of the village of Three Rivers, St. Joseph county, to remove the dead from the cemetery grounds in said village, to Riverside cemetery, in said county.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Council authorized the common council of the village of Three Rivers may, when-to move bodies from ever they may deem it expedient, have the power to remove cemetery. the remains of any person now buried on block number thirty-

one, in said village, heretofore used for cemetery purposes, to the Riverside cemetery, in said county, and there reinter the same in a careful and respectful manner, and also to remove all tombstones and monuments, and reset the same over such bodies so removed.

Not to sell the land. Sec. 2. After the removal of the dead from said block number thirty-one, it shall be and remain public property, under the control and management of the common council of said village, for public use, and not to sell for private or individual use or profit.

Sec. 3. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 436.]

AN ACT to provide for the payment of certain drainage orders outstanding in the county of Oakland.

Preamble.

Whereas, By virtue of the provisions of an act entitled "An act to provide for the drainage of swamps, marshes, and other low lands," approved March fifteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and acts amendatory thereof, certain drainage commissioners were appointed in and for the county of Oakland;

And whereas, Said commissioners, in the discharge of their official duties, and in conformity to the provisions of the said act, and acts amendatory thereof, proceeded to locate, lay out, and establish certain ditches or drains, to let contracts for the completion of the same, and to draw orders upon the treasurer of said county in payment of the labor and other expenses incurred in the construction of said drains and ditches;

Ibid.

And whereas, By the provisions of act number one hundred and sixty-nine, of the session laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, the provisions of the act aforesaid became inoperative in the county of Oakland, except in the township of Royal Oak, but allowing said commissioners one year in which

nplete the ditches or drains then laid out and established a county;

issioners were enjoined by the circuit court for the said y of Oakland from further action, and were thus pred from completing said drains and ditches at that time constructed in said county, and raising by tax the necesmeans to pay the same, as provided by the several acts said, leaving a large amount of drainage orders in the of contractors and other persons, with no authority to by tax or otherwise the means necessary for the payment of; therefore,

TION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Supervisors authorized pard of supervisors of the county of Oakland are hereby to levy certain taxes to rized, by resolution of said board, to apportion, assess, pay for ditches, evy upon the lands benefited by the construction of said s or ditches, and collect a tax or taxes amounting in the gate to a sum sufficient to pay, redeem, and discharge rainage orders heretofore drawn and now outstanding in ounty, as to said board of supervisors may appear just equitable, but in conformity, as near as may be, to the sions of an act entitled "An act to provide for the drain! swamps, marshes, and other low lands," approved March y-second, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine.

2. This act shall take immediate effect. proved April 3, 1869.

[No. 437.]

CT to authorize the Cass County Agricultural Society to sell their Fair Grounds.

rion 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That society authorized ficers of the Cass County Agricultural Society be and to sell por tion of the hereby authorized to sell and convey to the Peninsular ground to railroad.

ay Company a strip of land, not more than one hundred

feet wide, along the line of their railroad, now located over and across the fair grounds of the Cass County Agricultural Society, in the west half of the south-west quarter of section thirty-six, in township six south, of range fifteen west, near the village of Cassapolis, Michigan.

To sell other part to best advantage.

Sec. 2. The said officers of the Cass County Agricultural Society are hereby authorized to sell and convey, by good and sufficient deed or deeds of conveyance, the remainder of said fair grounds to such person or persons as to them shall seem best, and for the best price or prices they can procure for the same, either at public or private sale, as to the said officers shall seem most advantageous to the interests of said society.

President and secretary to make conveyance.

Sec. 3. The president and secretary of said agricultural society are hereby authorized to make, execute and deliver good and sufficient deed or deeds for the conveyance of the lands hereinbefore authorized to be sold.

Proceeds of sale; how tioned

Sec. 4. The proceeds of the sale of the lands as herein proto be appor- vided, shall be held by said officers, or appropriated by them for the exclusive use and benefit of said Cass County Agricultural Society, and for no other purpose whatever.

> Sec. 5. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 438.]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to incorporate the village of Petersburgh," approved March nineteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, by adding a new section thereto.

Sections added.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That an act entitled "An act to incorporate the village of Petersburgh," approved March nineteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, be amended by adding a new section thereto, to stand as section twenty-nine, and to read as follows:

Sec. 29. The neglect to hold the election at the time and Failure to hold election at appointed place mentioned in section two of an act to which this act is time, not to dissolve corporation, amendatory, shall not work a dissolution of such corporation, but in such case it shall be lawful to hold such election at any time and place in said village thereafter, pursuant to public notice, which may be given as provided in section five of said act.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 439.]

AN ACT to repeal the charter of the Monroe and Saline Plank Road Company.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Acis repealed act number two hundred and sixty, of the laws of eighteen hundred and forty-eight, entitled "An act to incorporate the Monroe and Saline Plank Road Company," approved April third, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and all acts or parts of acts amendatory thereof, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 440.]

AN ACT to amend sections one and six of an act entitled "An act to amend sections one, three, four, five, six, and seven of an act entitled an act to incorporate the fire department of the city of Detroit," approved February fourteenth, eighteen hundred and forty, and an act amendatory thereto, approved January fourteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, approved March fifteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Section section one of an act entitled "An act to incorporate the fire amended. Itepartment of the city of Detroit," approved February four-teenth, eighteen hundred and forty, be and the same is so amended that said section shall read as follows:

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

Fire department declared a body corporate and politic.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That all persons who now are or may hereafter become members of the fire department of the city of Detroit, and their successors, shall be and hereby are ordained, constituted and [declared to be and continue a body corporate and politic, in fact and in name, under the name and style of the "fire department of the city of Detroit," for the purposes recited in the above proamble, as well as the maintenance of an institution or institutions for moral and intellectual improvement, and the relief and instruction of such homeless and destitute persons of the city of Detroit as they may select; and by that name they and their successors may and shall have perpetual succession and shall be known in law, capable of suing and being sued, of pleading and being impleaded, of answering and being answered unto, of defending and being defended in all suits, complaints, matters, causes, courts and places whatsoever, both in law and equity, and capable of having a common seal, of acquiring by purchase, gift, devise, or otherwise, and of holding and conveying any real and personal or mixed estates necessary, proper, or expedient for the object of this incorporation, and the said property, real, mixed and personal, shall be exempt from taxation: Provided, That the amount of said estate shall not exceed the sum of sixty thousand dollars.

Proviso.

Sec. 2. That section six of said act shall be amended so as to read as follows:

How funds of corporation propriated.

Sec. 6. That the funds of the said corporation, and the inshall be apterest thereon, shall be appropriated and used in carrying out the objects and purposes of said incorporation, defraying its incidental expenses, providing for the relief of indigent and disabled members of the incorporation, their widows and orphans, as well as for the maintenance of an institution or institutions for moral and intellectual improvement, and the relief and instruction of such homeless and destitute persons of the city of Detroit as they may select, and for no other purpose whatever.

Sec. 3. This act shall take immediate effect.

Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 441.]

AN ACT to appropriate certain highway taxes for the improvement of the wagon road from the Saginaw river to Alma, in the county of Gratiot.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Non-resident taxes apportion the purpose of building and improving the wagon road throad for road. In the Saginaw and Gratiot, all the highway taxes that shall be assessed upon non-resident lands, the half or more of any legal subdivision of which shall lie within one mile of said Saginaw and Gratiot road, on either side thereof, from the center of said road, shall be and the same are hereby appropriated for the period of two years from the time this act shall take effect, to be expended in building and improving said road, except four miles on south side of said road, being two miles each side of the line between towns twelve north, of ranges one and two west, the same having been otherwise appropriated.

- Sec. 2. That Ami W. Wright and William F. Glasby, of the Commiss'rs county of Saginaw, be and they are hereby appointed special appropriated. commissioners to expend said appropriation; and said commissioners shall each give a bond, with sureties, in the sum of one thousand dollars, to the respective treasurers of Saginaw and Gratiot counties, for the proper and faithful expenditure of all money hereby appropriated, and received by them as such commissioners.
- Sec. 3. Said commissioners may demand and are hereby au-To receive thorized to receive all moneys collected from non-resident all moneys. lands as herein appropriated; and it shall be the duty of the treasurer and overseers of highways of the several townships through which said Saginaw and Gratiot road shall pass, to pay over to said commissioners, on demand, all the moneys appropriated by this act.
- Sec. 4. Said commissioners shall cause all moneys received How shall by them under this act, to be used in building and improving said road, and for no other purpose; and said commissioners

shall not receive any pay for the services rendered by them.

Act of single If either of said commissioners shall fail or refuse to serve, as commissioner hereby authorized and appointed, the remaining commissioner shall be authorized to perform the duties of commissioners under this act, and the same shall be valid as if both said commissioners had qualified, served and acted as hereto authorized.

Commiss'rs to make reports. Sec. 5. Said commissioners shall report annually to the board of supervisors of the counties of Gratiot and Saginaw, the amounts of moneys received and expended by them in the respective counties, and shall be subject to removal by the Governor at any time for the improper or non-performance of their duties as such commissioners.

Sec. 6. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 442.]

AN ACT to authorize the township of Lee, in the county of Calhoun, to vote a tax to repay a certain advance made to said township.

Voting of specific tax authorized.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That the legal voters of the township of Lee, in the county of Calhoun, are hereby authorized and empowered, at the regular township meeting, for the election of township officers, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, to vote for a special tax for the purpose of paying the sum of two hundred dollars advanced by H. M. Thomas, C. B. Wood, R. B. Wood, A. C. Jewett, N. Wood, Potter Pain, Z. J. Carpenter, J. T. Scarlett, David Wetmore, Thomas Demuir, Lewis Cooper, Chas. Mount, P. E. McWithey, W. Morrow, Joseph Hawk, Thomas Redish, George J. Belcher, David W. Murray, Benj. T. Watson, James H. Sebolt, W. Melbourne, David Bennett, William Boles and T. T. Emerson, for the use and benefit of said

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township, together with interest from the date of such advancement. That if at said town meeting said voters shall vote to flow tax shall be raise said special tax, that the same be assessed and collected assessed and collected. on the taxable property of said township in like manner as other taxes for township purposes; that when said tax is raised, the same shall be paid by the township treasurer to such person as may be appointed by said parties to receive the same, such appointment to be in writing, signed by all of said parties.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 443.]

AN ACT to provide for the laying out, establishing and construction of a State road in the counties of Gratiot and Saginaw.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Commis'rs appointed. Stephen Crane, of Saginaw, and Daniel L. Case, of Ingham county, be and they are hereby appointed commissioners to lay out, establish and construct a State road, commencing at the north-west corner of section number twenty, in town number ten north, of range number two east, and running thence westerly on the most eligible route to the intersection of the Ovid and St. Charles State road, near Mead's saw-mill, on section number fifteen, in town ten north, of range number one west.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of said commissioners, on or before Duties of the first day of July next, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, to proceed to lay out said road, and cause the same to be surveyed, and a description thereof to be filed with the township clerk of each of the respective townships on the line thereof, whose duty it shall be to record the same, and such record shall be prima facie evidence of the existence of said road; and said commissioners, on the laying out of said

To have power of highway commis'rs. road, shall be governed by the laws relating to commissioners of highways, and they shall have all the powers of commissioners of highways so far as such powers may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.

Non-resident highway priated.

Sec. 3. For the purpose of constructing and improving said taxes appro- road, there is hereby appropriated, to be expended as hereinafter provided, all the non-resident highway tax that shall be assessed for the present year, (eighteen hundred and sixtynine,) and for the four next succeeding years, upon all the lands in township number ten north, of range number one east, in the county of Saginaw, also, sections one, two, three, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, twenty-two, twentythree and twenty-four, town ten north, of range one west, being the township of Hamilton, in the county of Gratiot.

Overseers of highways to pay over money.

Sec. 4. Any overseer of highways within such township, er any township treasurer thereof having received any portion of such road tax, by way of commutation or collection, shall, on demand of such special commissioners, or either of them, pay over to them any sums so received, and the receipt of such commissioners, or either of them, shall release such overseer or town treasurer from any further liabilities therefor.

County treasurer to keep acc't with com'rs.

Sec. 5. The treasurers of Saginaw and Gratiot counties shall each open an account with the commissioners appointed by this act, or their successors in office, and credit to said commissioners all the moneys collected in their respective counties for highway taxes within the limits above mentioned in the township of Hamilton, in Gratiot county, and in township ten north, of range number one east, being a part of the township of Brant, in Saginaw county: Provided, That said moneys shall be expended within the limits of the townships from which they were collected.

Proviso.

Sec. 6. The county treasurers of each of said counties of Gratiot and Saginaw shall each pay over, upon the warrant of said commissioners, or their successors, all highway taxes which shall come into their hands, derived from lands within

To pay over money on warrants.

the limits herein by this act prescribed: Provided, That such Proviso. warrants shall state upon their face that the person in whose favor such is drawn has actually done the labor, or furnished the materials, to the full amount of said warrant.

- Sec. 7. Before either of said commissioners shall draw from Commis'rs the treasury of said counties of Saginaw or Gratiot, by virtue bonds of this act, they shall execute a bond to the treasurer of each of said counties, with one or more sureties, in double the amount so to be drawn, conditioned to the faithful performance of their several duties as such commissioners, which said bond shall be approved by the county treasurer of the respective county, and filed with the county clerk.
- Sec. 8. It shall be the duty of said commissioners to super-How shall construct intend the construction and improvement of said road, and to road. determine the manner in which labor shall be applied and laid out thereon, and they shall have power to let out the work to be done by contract, and to enforce the execution of said contracts.
- Sec. 9. The said commissioners shall receive as compensation compensation their services one dollar and fifty cents per day while engaged in the performance of the duties imposed upon them by this act, which shall be paid out of the fund created by this act, after their accounts for the same, verified by their oaths, shall be approved by the treasurer of Saginaw or Gratiot county.
- Sec. 10. In case any vacancy shall occur in the office of com-vacancies; missioner, as created by this act, it shall be the duty of the how filled. Governor of the State of Michigan to appoint a commissioner to fill such vacancy, and such appointee shall give bonds in like manner, and have the same power as the commissioners appointed by this act.
- Sec. 11. All acts, or such parts of acts as may contravene Manner of constructing the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.
 - Sec. 12. This act shall take immediate effect.

Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 444.]

AN ACT to amend section three of an act entitled "An act to accept the grant of lands made to the State of Michigan by the United States, to aid in the construction of a military road from Fort Wilkins, Copper Harbor, to the Wisconsin line, by way of Houghton, on Portage Lake, and to provide for the laying out and construction of the same," approved February fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty-four.

Section amended.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That section three of an act entitled "An act to accept the grant of lands made to the State of Michigan by the United States, to aid in construction of a military road from Fort Wilkins, Copper Harbor, to the Wisconsin line, by way of Houghton, on Portage Lake, and to provide for the laying out and construction of the same," approved February fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 3. The said commissioners shall cause the proposed line

Manner of constructing road.

of said road to be surveyed, and proper grades therefor to be established, and plans and specifications for the necessary bridges, and for contracts for construction to be made, which said road shall be laid out not less than four rods in width, and the road bed constructed not less than twenty feet between the ditches, for that portion of such road upon the mineral range, and not less than sixteen feet between the ditches for the remainder of such road, and in the best manner practicable, and be well grubbed and cleared from stumps, loose stones and boulders, and shall make a report, signed by them or two of them, of such survey, plans, and specifications, with a map of the line of said road, to a board of control, consisting of the Who to have Governor, the Secretary of State, the Auditor General, State of construc- Treasurer, Attorney General and Commissioner of the State Land Office, who shall have the general supervision and control of the construction of said road, under the provisions of this act, and of which board the Governor shall be the president, and the Secretary of State, or in his absence his deputy, shall

be secretary, which report may be made from time to time, as any section of not less than ten miles is agreed upon.

Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 445.]

AN ACT to authorize the Plymouth Congregational Church of Lansing, to sell and convey their church property.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Society authorized the Plymouth Congregational Church and Society of Lansing to sell lot. be and they are hereby authorized and empowered, whenever directed by a legal vote of said society, to sell and convey lot ten, block one hundred and twenty-eight, in the city of Lansing, Michigan, and to give a deed therefor through its legally elected board of trustees, said lot having been conveyed to said society by the State Board of Auditors, in compliance with act number two hundred and thirty-one, of the session laws of eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and joint resolution number twenty-one, of the session laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-seven: Provided, The avails of the sale of said prop-Froviso erty shall be used in the purchase of another lot, or in the erection of a new church building for said society.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 446.]

AN ACT to authorize the board of trustees of the village of Newaygo to cause the said village to be re-surveyed and replatted, and to provide for the recording of such survey and plat.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Resurvey and re-platthe board of trustees of the village of Newaygo be and the ting of village authorized to cause a re-survey of said village, ized. and a re-platting thereof.

Where survey and plat shall be recorded.

Sec. 2. The survey and plat provided for in section one of this act shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Newaygo, and when so recorded shall be held the legal survey and plat of said village: *Provided*, That said survey and plat shall not divest any person or persons of any vested rights acquired before the passage of this act: *And provided further*, That no streets or highways heretofore laid out shall be discontinued, altered or changed thereby.

Proviso.

Sec. 3. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 447.]

AN ACT to detach certain lands from the township of China, in the county of St. Clair, and attach the same to the township of East China, in said county.

Territory detached.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That the north-east quarter of the south-east quarter of section thirteen, and the south-west fractional quarter and south-east fractional quarter of section thirty-six, all in township four north, of range sixteen east, be and the same is hereby detached and set off from the township of China, in the county of St Clair, and attached to and made part of the township of East China, in said county.

Approved April 3, 1869.

[No. 448.]

AN ACT making an appropriation to complete the south end of the Ionia and Houghton Lake State road.

Swamp land appropriated

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That ten sections of six hundred and forty acres each of State swamp land are hereby appropriated to complete that portion of the Ionia and Houghton Lake State road which lies between the

village of Ionia, in Ionia county, and the village of Stanton, in Montcalm county.

Sec. 2. Said appropriation shall be expended under the How appropriation shall supervision of a commissioner to be appointed by the State be expended Swamp Land Road Commissioner, and subject to the provisions of act number one hundred and seventeen, of the laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-nine: *Provided*, Said lands are selected from the Lower Peninsula.

Sec. 3. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

No. 449.

AN ACT to provide for the construction of a road from Port Austin, in Huron county, to Unionville, in Tuscola county.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Road to be constructed there shall be constructed, under the supervision of a commissioner to be appointed by the Swamp Land Road Commissioner, a road from Port Austin, in Huron county, to Unionville, in Tuscola county.

- Sec. 2. Said road shall be laid out and constructed under Ibid. the provisions of act number one hundred and seventeen, of the session laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, and shall be as near straight as practicable from Wright's corners, near Port Austin, to Unionville.
- Sec. 3. There is hereby appropriated an average amount of swamp land one section of six hundred and forty acres of State swamp land to the mile; an additional section of six hundred and forty acres to the mile is hereby appropriated for that part of the road running through township fifteen north, of range ten east: *Provided*, The Swamp Land Road Commissioner shall Proviso deem said additional section, or any part thereof, necessary.
- Sec. 4. No deficiency of State swamp lands, which may now Deficiency of land not or hereafter exist, to meet any appropriation made by this act, to create lien

shall be so construed as to create any lien, or establish any claim against the State.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 450.]

AN ACT to provide for the drainage and reclamation of swamp lands, by means of the completion and extension of the Newaygo and Dayton State road.

Road extended.

Where laid

out.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That the Newaygo and Dayton State road shall be extended nine miles from the north-west corner of the county of Newaygo, on or near the county line between the counties of Mason and Lake; that such road shall be laid out and established on the most feasible route by a commissioner to be appointed by the General Swamp Land Commissioner, or in case of the appointment of assistant commissioners by the Governor, under provisions of an act of this Legislature of eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, then such road may be laid out and established by a commissioner to be appointed by such General Commissioner, and the two assistant commissioners, or by either two of such commissioners.

Swamp land appropriated

Sec. 2. To secure the construction and completion of the said Newaygo and Dayton State road in all respects, as the same is by this act extended, there is hereby appropriated nine sections of State swamp land, from any State swamp lands in the Lower Peninsula not otherwise appropriated.

Deficiency of Sec. 3. No deficiency of State swamp lands, which may now swamp land not to create or hereafter exist, to meet any appropriation made by this act, lien against shall be so construed as to create any lien, or establish any claim against the State.

Sec. 4. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 451.]

AN ACT to incorporate the village of Croton.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Boundaries. all that tract of country situate in the township of Croton, county of Newaygo, in the State of Michigan, which is known and described as follows, to wit: The south-east quarter of section seven (7); also, the south-west quarter of section eight (8); also, the north-west quarter of section seventeen, and the north-east quarter of section eighteen, in said township of Croton, and being in township number twelve north, of range number eleven west, be and the same is hereby made and constituted a town corporate, by the name, style and title of the village of Croton.

Sec. 2. The officers of said village shall consist of a presi-officers; dent, recorder, treasurer, and three trustees, to be elected by appointed. a plurality of votes, by ballot, of the inhabitants of said village having the qualifications of electors under the constitution of this State, and shall hold their office for the term of one year, and until their successors are elected and qualified. And the common council of said village are hereby authorized and empowered to appoint such other officers as may be necessary under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 3. The election of the officers provided for shall be Elections; when and held at the Masonic Hall in said village, on the first Mon-where held. day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, and on the first Monday of May, annually thereafter, at such place in said village as the common council thereof may appoint for that purpose: Provided, That the neglect to hold such election at Proviso. the time hereinbefore named shall not be deemed to work a dissolution of said corporation, but in such case it shall and may be lawful to hold such election at any time thereafter, pursuant to public notice, which may be given by five qualified electors of said village, by posting the same, containing a designation of the time and place thereof, in three of the most

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

public places in said village, at least ten days before such election shall be held.

Judges and clerk of election; duties of. Sec. 4. At the first election to be held in said village under this act, there shall be chosen by the qualified electors there present, from among their number, viva voce, two judges and one clerk of election, who together shall constitute the board of inspectors thereof, each of whom shall, before entering upon the discharge of his duties as such inspector, take an oath before some person authorized to administer oaths, that he will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties thereof. The said board shall conduct the said election and certify the result thereof; and at each and every election thereafter to be held in said village under the provisions of this act, the common council of said village shall be the board of inspectors thereof, and the recorder shall be the clerk of said board.

Polls; when opened and closed.

Poll list; contents of.

Canvass of votes.

Certificate of election.

Sec. 5. The polls of all elections in said village under this act, shall be opened at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and shall be continued open until four o'clock in the afternoon of said day, except in the discretion of said board they may declare a recess of one hour between twelve o'clock noon and two o'clock in the afternoon. The name of each elector voting at such election shall be written in a poll list, to be kept at such election by the clerk of the board of inspectors thereof. After the close of the polls of such election, the board of inspectors thereof shall proceed, without delay, publicly to canvass the votes given, as is provided by general law for the canvass of votes at township meetings, as relates to the comparison of poll list with number of ballots, drawing lots in case two or more persons receive the same number of votes for the same office, and in all other matters of canvass, so far as the same shall be applicable. Upon the completion of such canvass, the board of inspectors present at such election shall make and file a certificate thereof in the office of the recorder of said village, within twenty-four hours after the close of said canvass, which certificate shall give the whole number of votes cast for each office, for whom

they were given, and the name of the person declared elected to each, either by lot or plurality of votes.

- Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of the recorder of said village to Recorder to give ten days' public notice in writing in three public places in of election. said village of the time and place of holding all elections, both annual and special in said village; and no person shall be permitted to vote at any such election unless he is possessed of all the qualifications of an elector under the constitution of this State, and shall have been a resident of said village for ten days next immediately preceding the day of such election; the To notify recorder of said village shall, within five days after the closing their elect'n of the polls of any election, notify the officers elected thereat respectively of their election; and each of the officers so elected and notified shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take and subscribe an oath that he will support the constitution of the United States and the constitution of this State, and that he will faithfully discharge the duties of his office, and shall cause such oath to be filed with the recorder of said village within ten days from the date of his election.
- Sec. 7. If the qualifications of any person offering to vote at qualificat'n of electors; any such election shall be questioned, the same shall be determined by the board of inspectors thereof, upon an examination of such person on his oath, which may be administered by any member of said board; and any person who shall knowingly swear falsely upon any such examination, shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and on conviction thereof shall be liable to the punishment provided for that crime by the laws of this State.
- Sec. 8. The president, recorder and trustees of said village Body corshall be a body corporate and politic, with perpetual succession, politic. with all the powers of township boards, and with all the powers given by the general law for the incorporation of villages of this State, to the boards of trustees or common council of villages, in addition to all special powers of this act, to be known and distinguished by the name and title of the common

council of the village of Croton, and by that name they and their successors in office shall be known in law, and by such name shall be and they are hereby made capable of suing and being sued, of pleading and being impleaded, of answering and being answered unto, and of defending and being defended in all courts of this State, and any other place whatsoever, of enforcing all the special powers of this act, and of the general act aforesaid for the incorporation of villages by boards of supervisors; and may have a common seal, and may alter and change the same at pleasure, and by the same name shall be and are hereby made capable of purchasing, holding, leasing, conveying and disposing of any real or personal estate necessary for the use and benefit of said corporation.

Council to appoint marshal, street commissioner and other officers.

Sec. 9. The common council shall have power to appoint a marshal, street commissioner, and such other officers necessary under the provisions of this act, for said village, whose elections are not herein provided for; to require of them such bonds for the faithful performance of their duties as they may deem necessary, and to dismiss them at pleasure; the officers so appointed shall, upon entering upon the duties of their office, take and subscribe the oath of office hereinbefore provided for, before the recorder, who is hereby authorized to administer the same.

President and record-

Sec. 10. It shall be the duty of the president to preside at er; duties of all meetings of the village council, and in case of his absence, the common council may appoint one of their number as president pro tem.; and it shall be the duty of the recorder to attend all such meetings, and keep a fair and accurate record of their proceedings.

Treasurer to keep all moneys.

Sec. 11. It shall be the duty of the treasurer to act as collector of the village; to safely keep all moneys coming into his hands, belonging to the corporation, and to pay the same on the order of the recorder, countersigned by the president, and at the expiration of his office, to hand over all moneys remaining in his hands, and all books and papers pertaining to his office, to his successor, and his compensation shall be not more than three per cent. on moneys of said village passing compensation of through his hands, and the same shall be in lieu of all other salary.

Sec. 12. The marshal shall be a police constable, and shall Marshal to serve any and all papers that may be issued by the recorder or constable. any other officer, by virtue of this act of incorporation, and shall be entitled to demand and receive the same fees as are Fees of. allowed and paid to constables for similar services, and shall be entitled to the same privileges as are provided for constables in the discharge of their duties by the laws of this State; shall have the general supervision of the village, and see that the laws are enforced; shall have power to enter into any dis- To enter orderly or gaming house, or dwelling house, or any other houses. building where he may have good reason to believe a felon, or any person who has committed a breach of the peace is being secreted or harbored, or where any felony or breach of the peace is being committed; to arrest such offenders, disorderly To arrest persons, or felons, and those engaged in unlawful assemblages, and take them before any justice of the peace of the township of Croton, who shall hear and determine the matter upon proof, as required by law; to compel the citizens to aid in extinguish-To compel aid at fires. ing fires, and to appoint deputies with powers similar to his own; and for all special duties authorized by this act, the compensation for which is not provided for by the list of constables' fees, he shall receive such compensation as the common council may allow.

Sec. 13. The treasurer and marshal shall respectively, before Treasurer and marshal they enter upon the exercise of the duties of their respective to give bonds offices, give such bond or security for the faithful discharge of the trust reposed in them as the common council shall direct and require, which bonds, or any other authorized by this act, shall run to the corporation; and suit may be brought for any breach of said bonds in the name of said corporation, as in other cases, before any justice of the peace or circuit court of the county, according to the amount claimed, which courts are hereby authorized to hear, try and determine the same.

Common council; who to constitute.

meet

Sec. 14. The president, recorder and trustees, when qualified and assembled together, shall constitute the common council of the village of Croton, and a majority of the whole shall be necessary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, though a less number may adjourn from time to time; When shall and the said common council shall hold their meetings at such time and place in said village as they may from time to time appoint, and they shall have power to impose, levy and collect such fines (not exceeding five dollars for any one offense) as they may deem proper for non-attendance of the officers and members thereof at any such meeting, and also to require the attendance of any officer by them appointed, and to impose and collect similar fines for non-attendance.

Vacancies; how filled.

Sec. 15. In case of the death, resignation, or removal of the president, recorder, any of the trustees, or treasurer, such death, resignation or removal shall be announced by the president or recorder to the members of the common council, who shall convene as soon as may be, and appoint from the authorized electors of said village, some person to fill the vacancy so created, except, that by reason of such vacancies so created, there be not left a quorum of the common council, in which case the remaining members of the common council shall call a special election, as is provided in section five, to fill vacancies, setting forth in the notices of said election the office vacant.

Inhabitants liable to township laws except

Sec. 16. The inhabitants of said village shall be liable to the operation of any and all laws relating to township government, tor highways except so far as relates to laying out, altering, vacating and constructing streets and highways, and the labor to be performed thereon, within the limits of said village; and the said common council are hereby vested with full power and authority to assess and levy such an amount of labor upon the real and personal property in said village, as they may deem necessary to be performed upon the streets and highways in said village, and for that purpose they are hereby vested with the same power given by law to the commissioners of highways. Whenever the lands of any person shall be required to be taken Proceedings for the constructing, widening or extending streets, lanes, alleys, property is taken. drains, sewers, or other improvements, within the limits of said village, the common council shall give notice thereof to the Notice to owners or parties interested, or his, her, or their agent or representative, by personal service, or by written notice posted in at least three public places in said village, three weeks next preceding the meeting of said common council, for the purposes aforesaid; and the said common council are hereby authorized to contract for and purchase such lands of said owner, for the purpose aforesaid; in case such owner or owners refuse summoning to sell or convey such lands or premises for the purposes aforesaid, or the parties fail to agree upon the price of said lands, it shall and may be lawful for said common council to direct the recorder of said village to issue a venire facias to command the marshal of said village, or any constable of said county, to summon and return a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders, residing within said county, to appear before a justice of the peace in said village, or the justice residing nearest thereto, within the county of Newaygo, at a time to be therein stated, to inquire into the just compensation to be made therefor to the owner or owners, or parties interested in such land and premises; which jury being duly sworn Jury to by such justice, faithfully and impartially to inquire into and damages. ascertain and determine the just compensation to be made therefor, and after having reviewed the premises, if necessary, shall inquire and assess such damages and recompense as they may think proper to award to the owner or owners of such lands or premises, according to their respective estates or interests therein; and the said justice shall, upon the return of such assessment or verdict, enter judgment therefor, confirming the same; and such sum or sums so assessed, together Compensat'n with all costs, shall be paid or legally tendered before such tendered to street, lane, alley, drain, sewer or other improvement shall be made, opened, established or altered, to the claimant or claimants thereof; it shall thereupon be lawful for the common

Proviso.

council to cause the said lands and premises to be occupied and used for the purpose aforesaid: Provided, That any party claiming damages as aforesaid, may have the right to remove such proceedings by appeal to the circuit court for the county of Newaygo, and upon giving notice of his, or her, or their intention so to do, to said justice, in writing, within five days, or, in case such party does not reside in said village, then within thirty days after the rendition of such verdict, and the judgment thereon, as aforesaid, said appellant first giving a bond with two sufficient sureties, to be approved by the justice, conditioned to pay all costs which may be awarded against him or them in said circuit court; and upon filing a transcript of the proceedings aforesaid, duly certified by said justice, within forty days after the verdict and judgment, as aforesaid, in the said circuit court, the same proceedings shall thereafter be had thereon as is prescribed by law in other cases of appeal: Provided, That if the final judgment of said court shall not exceed the damages assessed before said justice at least ten dollars, the party appealing shall pay the cost occasioned by such appeal: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to exempt any person or property within said village from any township tax that may be legally levied within and for the township of Croton, for the repairing, building, or rebuilding of any bridge within said township, or for any special expenditure for the laying out, opening, working or improving any highway of said township, or for any damage for which said township may become liable, by reason of any neglect in keeping any bridge or public highway in proper repair: Provided always, That all bridges within the limits of said village shall be and remain under the control and supervision of the township of Croton.

Ibid.

Ibid.

Poll and highway

tax; how may be col-

lected

Sec. 17. The common council may levy and collect a poll tax not exceeding one day's labor upon each person liable therefor by the laws of this State, and may levy and collect a highway tax upon the real and personal property of said village, not exceeding one day for each one hundred dollars valuation, and

Ibid.

may provide for commutation of poll and highway tax, at any sum not exceeding one dollar for each day's labor assessed, or in their option may assess, levy and collect such poll and highway tax [in money,] at a sum not exceeding one dollar for each poll tax on each one hundred dollars assessed, and may make an ordinance providing for the return of such taxes assessed and unpaid on real estate, occupied or unoccupied, and that Taxes to be a such tax shall be a lien on such real estate, and cause the same estate. to be sold in the same manner as is hereafter provided by this act for the return of other taxes, and sale of lands for the same.

Sec. 18. The common council shall have full power and au-council thority to make by-laws and ordinances relative to the duties, laws relative to fees of powers and fees of the marshal, street commissioner, and other officers. officers; relative to the time and manner of working upon the streets, lanes and alleys of said village; relative to the man-Levying ner of assessing, levying and collecting all highway and other taxes in said village; and the common council shall have power Nulsances. to make by-laws and ordinances relative to all nuisances within the limits of said village, and for the abatement of the same, and for the punishment by fine, of all persons occasioning the same; to construct sewers and reservoirs; to regulate the construction of private drains; to license all showmen; to sup-sewers. press all games of chance and hazard; to compel the owners Fire buckets of buildings to procure and keep in readiness such number of fire-buckets and ladders as they may deem necessary; to com-stove-pipes. pel the owners or occupants of buildings to secure in such manner as the common council may deem safe, all stove-pipes, stove thimbles, chimneys, or other fire liabilities; relative to calling meetings of the electors of said village; relative Gunpowder. to the keeping and sale of gunpowder in said village; relative to restraining swine, horses, cattle and other animals from running at large in the streets, lanes, alleys and other public places in said village; to construct one or more pounds for the Pounds. confinement of such animals as are found running at large in said village, and establish fees, fines and penalties to be collecFines and penalties.

ted or enforced in the execution or for the violation of such by-laws and ordinances.

Grading streets.

Sidewalks, and manner

ing.

Sec. 19. The common council of said village shall have full power to make all necessary rules and regulations relative to the grading of any of the streets of said village, and levying taxes for the same; to order the building of any sidewalks, of construct and to determine the width and grade of the same, and the quality and style of material used, allowing every land owner or occupant of said village to construct his own front of said walk if he shall do so in conformity with the style in all respects ordered by said common council, within sixty days from the date of said order, otherwise the common council may proceed to construct the same, levying the costs thereof upon the land adjoining the same; and the tax so levied shall be collected

by distress and sale, or returned as unpaid, and the premises

Sec. 20. The common council shall have power to tax or

thus returned sold as is hereafter provided for other taxes.

Billiard tables.

suppress all billiard tables, and all other gaming tables kept for hire, gain, or reward in said village; also, full power and authority to make all such by-laws and ordinances as they may deem necessary for preventing or suppressing all disorderly or bad houses; for securing said village and the inhabitants thereof against fire; for the suppression of riots and gambling, and for the punishment of the same; for the apprehension and punishment of vagrants, drunkards, and idle persons; and they shall have power and authority to make all such by-laws and ordinances as to them shall seem necessary for the safety and good government of said village and the inhabitants thereof, and to impose all fines, penalties and forfeitures on all persons

Riots. Vagrants.

Disorderly houses.

Sec. 21. The common council shall have power to prevent the vending or giving away of intoxicating liquors in any place within said village; to regulate the measuring of fire-wood and Weights and the weighing of hay; to appoint a sealer of weights and measmeasures. ures; to prevent and punish immoderate driving in any of the streets of said village; to prevent the incumbering of the

offending against the same.

streets, sidewalks, alleys, or public grounds; to compel the Incumbering owners or occupants of lots to clean sidewalks in front of, and adjacent thereto, of snow, ice, dirt, mud, boxes, or any incumbrance; to construct cross-walks, assessing the cost of the same on the property in their judgment immediately benefited; to regulate all grave-yards and places of burial for said village.

Sec. 22. The corporation of the village of Croton shall be Corporation allowed the use of the common jail of the county of Newaygo of county for the imprisonment of all persons liable to imprisonment under the by-laws and ordinances of the common council; and all persons committed to jail by the recorder or any justice of the peace for violation of any by-law or ordinance of said common council shall be in the custody of the sheriff of the county, who shall safely keep the person so committed until lawfully discharged as in other cases: Provided, It shall be Proviso. competent for said common council to construct and establish a lock-up for said village, in which to temporarily confine all persons in the hands of the marshal for offenses under this act for a less time than ten days.

Sec. 23. Any justice of the peace of the township of Croton Justices of is hereby authorized and empowered to inquire of, hear, try powers of. and determine, in a summary manner, all the offenses which shall be committed within the limits of said village, against any of the by-laws, ordinances or regulations that shall be made, ordained or established by the common council in pursuance of the powers granted to them in this act, and to punish the offenders as the by-laws, ordinances or regulations shall prescribe or direct: Provided always, That any person Proviso on a charge of violating any of the by-laws, or regulations aforesaid, may demand and have a trial by jury, and either party may appeal to the circuit court of Newaygo county.

Sec. 24. The common council shall, at the expiration of each Annual year, cause to be published a just and true statement of all statement; of moneys received or expended by them in their corporate capacity during the year next preceding such publication, also, the

Ibid.

disposition thereof; previous to which they shall settle and audit the accounts of the treasurer, marshal, street commissioner, and all other officers and persons having claims against the said village, or accounts with it, and shall make in detail, a statement of all receipts and expenditures, which statement shall fully specify all the appropriations made by the common council, and the objects and purposes for which the same were made, and the money expended under each appropriation, the amount of taxes raised, the amount of contingent expenses, the amount expended on highways and streets, and all such information as shall be necessary to a full and perfect understanding of all the financial concerns of said village.

Citizens to be compet'nt as jurors, etc.

Sec. 25. In all processes, prosecutions and other proceedings, wherein the common council of said village shall be a party, no citizen of said village shall be deemed an incompetent juror or witness, on account of the interest of such citizen in the event of such process or proceeding: Provided, That such interest be only that which he has in common with the citizens of said village.

Proviso.

How suits shall be

Sec. 26. Whenever any action or suit shall be commenced commenced. against the corporation, process against said corporation shall be served by leaving a copy of such process, attested by a proper officer, with the recorder of said corporation, or at his usual place of business therein, whose duty it shall be forthwith to inform the president and trustees thereof: Provided, That the first process shall be by summons, and a copy thereof left with the recorder, at least ten days before the return day thereof.

Proviso.

Council authorized to collect poll and other

Sec. 27. The common council shall have full power and authority to levy and collect a capitation or poll tax, and a highway tax, as hereinbefore provided; also, all taxes for all and every improvement the common council are by this act authorized to make, in the manner provided, or are by the general laws of this State for the incorporation of villages, authorized to make; and also, all taxes on real and personal property (not by general law exempt) within the limits of said village, necessary to defray the expenses thereof: Pro-Proviso. vided, The said taxes so assessed and collected shall not exceed, in any one year, one per centum upon the valuation of said real and personal property, exclusive of the sidewalks, highway and poll tax, and tax for the construction of wells or cisterns, and for the construction of a lock-up and pound. And Taxes to remain a lien every assessment of taxes lawfully laid and imposed by said on property. common council on any lands, tenements, hereditaments or premises whatsoever, in said village, shall be and remain a lien on such lands, tenements, and hereditaments from the time of making such assessments or imposing such tax, until paid; and the owner or occupants, or parties in interest, respectively, in said real estate, shall be liable, upon demand, to pay every such assessment, or tax to be made as aforesaid.

Sec. 28. It shall be the duty of the supervisor of said town-village assessing of Croton, who is hereby constituted ex officio assessor of how made. said village, to take the assessment of said village, at the time and in the manner he takes the assessment of said township, in all respects the same, and annex thereto the usual certificate, and file the same in the office of the recorder of said village, on or before the third Monday of May in each year, for which service he may present an account for consideration and allowance, to the common council of said village.

Sec. 29. The common council of said village shall be in Time for session during the usual business hours of Wednesday next reviewing. succeeding the third Monday of May for the purpose of review of said assessment roll and the hearing of any person considering himself aggrieved by the assessment made by the supervisor as aforesaid. And the common council are hereby Corrections authorized, upon sufficient cause shown, to reduce or increase in; when may be made. said valuation as assessed; and when so corrected, said common council shall annex a certificate to said assessment roll, to be signed by the president and recorder, that said roll has been revised and corrected by them, which said certificate shall be prima facie evidence of the regularity of the assessment of said village.

Recorder to make out list taxes.

Sec. 30. It shall be the duty of the recorder of said village, of authoriz'd on or before the first Monday of October of each year, to tender to the president a complete statement, in writing, of all the local or general taxes authorized by the common council for the current year, together with all the information necessary to the correct levy of the same.

President to complete roll and deliver to treasurer.

Sec. 31. It shall be the duty of the president to spread upon the assessment roll aforesaid all the general and local taxes authorized by the common council of said village, for the current year, in accordance with the by-laws, regulations or ordinances of said common council, and sign and annex to said roll the proper warrant for the collection of the taxes therein levied, and deliver the same to the treasurer of said village, at the time prescribed by law for the delivery of the township tax rolls to the township treasurer, who shall proceed to collect the same in the time allowed by law to township treasurers for the collection of taxes; and if any person shall refuse or neglect to pay the sum or sums at which he or she shall be taxed or assessed as aforesaid, the treasurer is hereby authorized and required to levy the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person who ought in law to pay the same, wherever the same may be found in said county, first giving notice thereof, as is required by law to be given by township treasurers; and in case the goods and chattels distressed shall be sold for more than the amount of the tax or assessment, with the charges of distress and sale, the surplus shall be paid to the owner of such goods and chattels on demand; and in case the treasurer shall be unable to collect the taxes aforesaid on any real estate, he shall make a return thereof, with the amount due and unpaid on each description, to the county treasurer of Newaygo county.

Distress and sale.

Taxes to remain a lien

Surplus to be returned

to owner.

Sec. 32. The taxes so levied for village purposes (whether on property local or general) shall be and remain a lien upon the property on which the same was levied, in like case, to the same extent, and in like manner as taxes required by law to be levied on property in the several townships of this State are liens upon

such property. And all the provisions of law respecting the return and sale of real estate for the non-payment of taxes for State, county and township purposes, shall apply to the return and sale of real estate for the non-payment of such village taxes, the treasurer of the county of Newaygo being hereby authorized and directed to receive the return of all such taxes, and apply the provisions of the general law to the same.

Sec. 33. The net proceeds of the sales of all real estate de-Proceeds of linquent for non-payment of said village taxes shall be paid to paid to the treasurer of said village, by the treasurer of the county of Newaygo, whenever required by the village treasurer; and the net proceeds of all sums paid to the treasurer of the county of Newaygo before sale on account of property within said village, returned delinquent for non-payment of village taxes, shall in like manner be paid to said village treasurer.

Sec. 34. The common council shall have authority to estab- Council to orlish and organize all such fire companies, and hose, and hook companies. and ladder companies, and provide them with engines and other instruments, as shall be necessary to extinguish fires and preserve the property of the inhabitants of said village from conflagrations; to appoint from among the inhabitants of said village such number of men, willing to accept, as may be deemed proper and necessary to be employed as firemen; to prevent the erection of buildings in an unsafe manner, and pass all necessary regulations relative to buildings deemed by them unsafe as to risk by fire or otherwise.

Sec. 35. No by-law or ordinance of said corporation shall When any have any effect until the same shall have been, by written or shall take printed notices, posted up in three of the most public places in said village, at least ten days, and an affidavit of said posting, in the manner aforesaid, entered at large upon the records of the corporation, by the recorder, shall be deemed prima facie evidence of such posting.

Sec. 36. This act shall be favorably construed and received Public act. as a public act, and copies thereof printed under authority of the Legislature shall be received without further proof.

who eligible Sec. 37. No person shall be eligible to any office under this act unless he shall have resided in said village six months next preceding his election, nor unless he shall be entitled to vote therein.

Sec. 38. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 452.]

AN ACT to amend and revise an act entitled "An act to revise the charter of the city of Port Huron," approved February fifteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine.

Act amended Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That the act entitled "An act to revise the charter of the city of Port Huron," approved February fifteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, shall be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

CHAPTER L

INCORPORATION-CITY AND WARD BOUNDARIES.

Name of corporation, etc.

That the corporation heretofore created and now known as "The council and freemen of the city of Port Huron," shall be and continue to be a corporation by the name of "The City of Port Huron," and by this name may sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, complain and defend in any court of record, and in any other place whatsoever; may have a common seal and alter it at pleasure, and may take, hold, purchase, lease, convey and dispose of any real, personal or mixed estate for the use of said corporation, either within or without the limits of said city.

City boundaries. Sec. 2. The district of country in the county of St. Clair, and State of Michigan, hereinafter particularly described, is hereby constituted and declared to be a city by the name of Port Huron, and subject to the municipal government of said

corporation, said district of country being bounded as follows, Idid.
viz: Beginning at a point on the national boundary line, in
the St. Clair river, directly opposite and in a line with the
south line of fractional section fifteen, in the township of Port
Huron, and running thence westerly along said south line of
said fractional section fifteen, to the east line of section sixteen;
thence north along said line, and said line extended, to the middle of Black river; thence up said Black river to the north-west
corner of the military reservation; thence easterly on the north
line of said military reservation to the national boundary line in
St. Clair river; thence southerly along said boundary line to the
place of beginning.

Sec. 3. The boundaries of the several wards of this city, Ward, boundaries. until the same shall be otherwise established by the common council as hereinafter provided, shall be as follows, to wit: The first ward shall include all that part of the city north of First ward. the center of Black river, and east of the center line of Huron avenue, to where said center line, continued north, would intersect the river St. Clair. The second ward shall include all Second ward that part of the city south of the center of Black river, and east of the center line of Seventh street, to where said center line, continued, would intersect the center line of Military street; thence south along the center of said street to the south line of the city. The third ward shall include all that part of the city Third ward. north of the center of Black river, and west of the center line of Huron avenue, where said center line, continued north, intersects St. Clair river. The fourth ward shall include all Fourth ward that part of the city south of the center of Black river, and west of the center line of Seventh street, where said center line, continued, intersects the center line of Military street; thence south along said line to the south line of the city.

CHAPTER II.

OFFICERS, &C.

Officers of corporation.

Sec. 1. The following officers of the corporation shall be elected at the annual city election, on a general ticket, by the qualified electors of the whole city, viz: Mayor, city clerk, treasurer, street commissioner, and director of the poor. The following officers of the corporation shall be elected at said election, on a ward ticket, in each ward of said city, by the qualified electors thereof: One alderman, one supervisor, one collector, one overseer of highways, one constable. There shall also be elected at the first annual city election, on the general ticket, by the qualified electors of the whole city, and at every third annual election thereafter, a recorder, who shall hold his office for three years, and until his successor is elected and qualified.

Recorder.

Ward officers.

Appointed officers.

Sec. 2. The following officers shall be appointed by the common council, at a meeting to be held on the first Monday of May in each year, or at the meeting to which said meeting shall be adjourned, who shall take and subscribe the oath of office, file their official bonds, and enter upon their respective official duties on the second Monday of May, or within ten days after notice of such appointment, viz: city attorney, city marshal, sealer of weights and measures, city surveyor, commissioner of city cemetery, clerk of the recorder's court, and such other officers as may be authorized by resolution of the common council; and if from any cause said council shall fail to make either of such appointments, then such appointment may be made at any subsequent regular meeting of the council

Sewer commissioners. Sec. 3. There shall also be appointed a board of three sewer commissioners, upon the nomination of the mayor, and who shall appoint a competent engineer; and with his aid, it shall be their duty to propose a plan for constructing sewers and drains for the whole city, having reference, however, to the sewers and drains already constructed; and said board shall have such further powers and duties in respect to the sewers

and drains of said city, as said common council shall, by ordinance, prescribe. Said commissioners shall receive no com-Compensation pensation for their services; shall hold their office for the Term of office. term of five years, with the exception of the first board, who shall hold their office for the respective terms of three, four and five years, and the respective terms of each shall be determined by lot, under the direction of the city attorney and mayor; and when thus determined, such determination shall be certified by said attorney and mayor, to the common council, and entered upon their journal; and such certificate shall be evidence of their respective terms for which the several members of said board have been elected. It shall be the duty of said engineer, under the direction of said board, to superintend the construction and repair of sewers.

Sec. 4. There shall be four justices of the peace in and for Justices of said city, who shall be elected on the general ticket, one at each annual city election, in the same manner, shall hold their offices for the same terms and by the same tenure, possess the same jurisdiction and powers, and be subject to the same duties and liabilities, as provided by the general laws of this State in relation to the election, jurisdiction, powers, duties and liabilities of justices of the peace for townships; and the justices of the peace now in office shall continue to hold their offices for the terms for which they have been elected, and in conformity to the general laws of this State.

Sec. 5. No person shall be elected or appointed to, or shall of the resident hold any office under this act, who shall not be, at the time of electors of the city. his election or appointment, and so long as he shall hold such office, a resident elector of said city; and no person shall be elected or appointed to, or shall hold office for any ward of said city, who at the time of his election or appointment, and so long as he shall hold such office, shall not be a resident elector of the ward from and for which he may be elected or appointed. If any person elected or appointed to any office of the corporation, shall cease to be a resident of the city or

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of the ward for which he may have been elected or appointed, such office shall thereby be vacated.

Sec. 6. No person shall be elected to the office of attorney Qualificat'ns of attorney and recorder or recorder unless he be at the time of his election a counselor of the supreme court of this State of two years standing.

No defaulter to the city or State to be appointed to office.

Defaulter defined.

Sec. 7. No person shall be elected or appointed to any office created by this act, who is now, or at the time of such election or appointment, shall be a defaulter to said city, or to any board of officers thereof, or to the State of Michigan, or any county thereof; and any person shall be considered a defaulter who has refused or neglected, or may hereafter refuse or neglect, for thirty days after demand made, to account for and pay over to the party authorized to receive the same, any public money which has come into his possession; if any person holding any such office shall become a defaulter while in office, the same shall thereby be vacated.

Must be able to read and write.

Sec. 8. No person shall be elected or appointed to any office under this act unless he is able to read and write the English language intelligibly; and if any such person be elected or appointed, the common council shall declare such election and appointment void.

Members of common council not to hold any other office.

Sec. 9. No member of the common council shall, after his election, and during the time for which he was elected, or within one year thereafter, be appointed to any office under this act, which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased during such time.

Punishment for bribing the common . council.

Sec. 10. If any person shall offer, directly or indirectly, to a members of member of the common council, or if any member of the common council shall, directly or indirectly, accept, or agree to accept or receive any money, goods or chattels, or any bank note, bank bill, bond, promissory note, due bill, bill of exchange, draft, order or certificate, or any security for the payment of money, or goods and chattels, or any deed or writing containing a conveyance of land, or containing a transfer of any interest in real estate, any valuable contract in force, or any other property or reward whatsoever, in consideration that such member of the common council will vote affirmatively or Ibid. negatively, or that he will not vote, or that he will use his interest or influence on any question, ordinance, resolution, or other matter pending or to be brought before the common council, he shall be removed from office, and his office declared vacant by the common council, and both he and the person making such offer as aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and may be prosecuted therefor, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment in the State prison not exceeding one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

CHAPTER III.

ELECTIONS—WHEN HOLDEN, &C.

- Sec. 1. An election shall be held in each ward annually, on Elections. the first Monday in April, at such place as the council shall appoint, by a notice published at least ten days previous to such election, in at least two newspapers published in said city, or by posting printed notices of the holding of said election in three of the most public places in each ward, at least ten days previous to the election.
- Sec. 2. At the first annual election to be holden in said city Aldermen, after the passage of this act, there shall be elected two aldermen in each ward, one for one year, and one for two years; and the term for which each alderman is to serve, shall be designated on the ballot.
- Sec. 3. Every officer appointed or elected under this act, be-Official oath. fore entering on the duties of his office, shall take and subscribe the following oath of office: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the constitution of the United States and of this State, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of such office to the best of my ability."
- Sec. 4. Officers who are elected at the annual city election, Qualificat n except justices of the peace, shall take and subscribe the oath of officers, of office, file their official bonds, and enter upon their duties on

the second Monday of April, or within ten days after notice of election. Officers who are elected or appointed to fill the unexpired portion of a term, shall comply with the requirements of this section as above, within ten days after notice of such election or appointment. Justices of the peace shall qualify under and in pursuance of the general laws of this State regarding justices of the peace.

Common council may discontinue certain offices.

Sec. 5. Any office hereby authorized, but not specially named, may at any time be discontinued by the common council; and if there be an incumbent in such office, such discontinuance shall, on notice thereof, discharge him from the office and a further execution of its duties, and his office be deemed vacant.

Recorder.

Sec. 6. The recorder shall be subject to impeachment and removal from office for crimes and misdemeanors, in the same manner as judicial officers, pursuant to the provisions of the constitution of this State.

Sec. 7. The common council may expel or remove from office

Common council may expel members, etc.

any of its own members, or any other officer holding office by election, except the mayor and recorder, for corrupt and will-

Reasons to be entered on minutes.

ful malfeasance or misfeasance in office, or for willful neglect of the duties of his office, by a vote of two-thirds of all the aldermen elect; and in such case the reasons for such expulsion and removal shall be entered on the records of the common council, with the names and votes of the members voting on the question. No officer holding office by election, shall be expelled or removed by said council, unless first furnished with a copy of the charges, in writing, and allowed to be heard in his defense, with aid of counsel; and for the purposes hereof, the common council shall have power to issue subposses, to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers when necessary, and shall proceed within ten days after service of a copy of the charges, unless such hearing shall be adjourned to a time not exceeding thirty days in all, and then at such adjourned meeting to hear and determine upon the merits of the case. If such officer shall neglect to appear and

Charges furnished officers.

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answer to such charges, his default may be deemed good cause for his removal from office. The mayor shall have power to Mayor may suspend or remove from office the marshal, deputy marshals, tain officers. constables, and overseers of highways, or any of them; and in case of such suspension or removal, he shall report the same, with the reasons therefor, to the common council, at its first meeting thereafter.

- Sec. 8. Any officer holding office by appointment, may be Removal of removed at any time by the common council, without charges officers. or a trial thereof, by a vote of a majority of the aldermen elect.
- Sec. 9. Any officer holding office by election, except the re-suspension of officers corder, against whom charges shall be preferred, may be suspended from office by a majority vote of all the aldermen elected, until such charges shall be heard and determined; and any officer holding office by appointment may be suspended temporarily from office at any time, by like vote. The mayor may suspend any appointed officer until the next meeting of the common council; in either of which cases the mayor shall appoint some one to fill such office temporarily until the council shall either restore such person to office or fill the vacancy by election.
- Sec. 10. In case of expulsion, or removal from office by vacancies. death, resignation, or permanent disability of any officer, his office shall thereby become vacant, and may be so declared by the common council.
- Sec. 11. Resignations of office shall be made to the common Resignations council, in writing, and be subject to their approval and acceptance.
- Sec. 12. If any office of appointment shall become vacant, vacancy in the common council may appoint a successor to serve for the pointment unexpired portion of the official term.
- Sec. 13. If a vacancy occurs in the office of mayor or alder-special man more than six months before the time for holding the next elections. succeeding annual city election, the common council shall order a special election to fill such vacancy for the residue of the

official term; if it occurs within six months before the time for holding such annual election, the common council may, in its discretion, order a special election to fill such vacancy for the residue of the official term.

Vacancy in elective

Sec. 14. If a vacancy occurs in any elective office other than offices; how mayor, recorder or alderman, the common council shall appoint some person eligible under this act, to serve in such office until the next annual election, when the vacancy shall be filled for the residue of the official term.

Officers to give bonds.

Sec. 15. The treasurer, clerk, attorney, collectors, marshal, street commissioner and constables shall, respectively, before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, and such other officers as the common council may direct, file in the clerk's office an official bond in such sum, and with such sureties as the common council shall direct and approve.

Condition of.

Sec. 16. The official bond of every officer shall be conditioned. that he will faithfully perform the duties of his office, and will, on demand, deliver over to his successor in office, or other proper officer or agent of the corporation, all books, papers, moneys, effects, property belonging to the corporation or appertaining to his office, which may be in his custody as an officer; and such bond may be further conditioned as the common council shall prescribe. The official bond of every officer whose duty it may be to receive and pay out money, besides being conditioned as above required, shall be further conditioned that he will, on demand, pay over or account for to the corporation, or any proper officer or agent thereof, all moneys received by him as such officer.

Sureties.

Sec. 17. Every person elected to the office of constable in said city, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall, with two or more sureties to be approved by the common council, execute and file with the city clerk a bond to the city of Port Huron, in the penal sum of two thousand dollars, or an instrument in writing, conditioned well and faithfully in all things to execute and perform the duties of his office during the continuance therein, and to pay to each and every person who may be entitled thereto, all sums of money which said constable may become liable to pay on account of any execution or process for the collection of money which shall be delivered to him, and further conditioned as the common council may prescribe.

Sec. 18. The common council may at any time require any official officer, whether elected or appointed, to execute and file with the clerk of the city, new official bonds, in the same or in such further sums, and with new or such further sureties, as said council may deem requisite for the interest of the corporation.

Sec. 19. The clerk of the city shall cause every officer, officer, whether elected or appointed, as soon as practicable after his notified and election or appointment, to be served with a notice thereof, and of the amount of his official bond; and if such officer shall neglect to take and subscribe his oath of office, or to file his required official bond within the time prescribed therefor by this act, or if any officer required to execute and file a new official bond, as provided in the preceding section, shall not comply with such requirement within ten days after notice thereof from the city clerk, the common council may declare the office, in such case, vacant, and such vacancy may be filled as heretofore provided in this act.

Sec. 20. The common council, or such officer as the common official council shall, by resolution or ordinance prescribe, may examine into the sufficiency of the proposed sureties in any official bond or instrument in writing required by this act, or in any contract in writing to which the corporation or any officer or board under this act shall be a party in interest, and may require such sureties to submit to an examination under oath as to their property and responsibility. The deposition of the surety shall be reduced to writing, be signed by him, be certified by the person taking the same, and annexed to and filed with the instrument in writing to which it relates.

Sec. 21. The clerk of the city shall report the name of any Clerk to report neglect person elected or appointed to any office, who shall have neg-to file bonds. lected to file his official bond and oath of office, as required by

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this act, to the common council at its next meeting after such default.

CHAPTER IV.

OF ELECTIONS, ELECTORS, &C.

Elections.

Sec. 1. The annual city election shall be held at such places in the several wards as shall be designated by the common council at least ten days previous thereto; notice of which, specifying also the officers to be elected and the time for opening and closing the polls, shall be given as hereinbefore directed. The time and places for holding a special election shall be designated, and the notice thereof given in the same manner and to the same effect. The time and place, and the officers who shall preside as inspectors of election in the third ward and in the fourth ward, at the first election under this act, shall be designated by the common council.

Election districts.

Sec. 2. Each ward shall be an election district; every elector shall vote in the ward in which he resides, and the residence of an elector, under this act, shall be the ward in which he takes his regular meals.

Inspectors of election.

Sec. 3. At every election, the inspectors of election for the ward in which such election may be held, shall consist of the supervisor, who shall be chairman, and the two aldermen of the ward; and if from any cause either the said supervisor or both said aldermen shall fail to attend any such election, his or their places may be supplied, for the purposes of such election, by the electors present, who shall elect any of their number, viva voce. Said inspectors, before entering upon their duties, shall each take the same oath of office prescribed for other officers under this act.

Clerks of election.

Sec. 4. The inspectors in each ward, before the opening of the polls, shall appoint two competent clerks of the election, who shall take the same oath as the inspectors, which oath either of the inspectors may administer.

- Sec. 5. Two suitable ballot boxes, with locks and keys, shall Ballot boxes be provided and kept by the city clerk, at the expense of the city, for each ward; and it shall be the duty of the city clerk to deposit such boxes, or one of them only, when no more than one is required, with the keys or key, in the hands of the inspectors of each ward, prior to the opening of the polls.
- Sec. 6. The polls of election shall be opened at eight o'clock Polls; when opened and in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as may be, on the day of closed. election, and shall be continued open until four o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, and no longer.
- Sec. 7. The qualifications of electors under this act shall be qualifications of electors. those described in the first section of the seventh article of the constitution of this State.
- Sec. 8. The manner of conducting and voting at elections to Manner of be held under this act, the keeping of the poll lists, canvassing election. of the votes, certifying the returns, and all other proceedings connected with such elections, shall be the same, as nearly as may be, as is now or hereafter may be provided for by the laws of this State, applicable to general State elections, except as may be otherwise provided in this act.
- Sec. 9. Immediately after the closing of the polls, the in-canvass of spectors of election shall forthwith publicly canvass the votes received by them, and declare the result; and they shall certify a full and true return thereof, under their hands, to the clerk of the city, carefully sealed up, together with the poll lists and ballots, within forty-eight hours after the closing of the polls; and the inspectors of election, or a majority of them shall, on the Thursday next after election, at four o'clock in the afternoon, meet at the common council room and proceed to open and canvass the said returns, and declare the result of the election.
- Sec. 10. Special elections shall be conducted, as near as may Special be, in the same manner as general elections; but in such cases the return of the inspectors shall be opened and canvassed, and the result declared by the common council at its first meeting after the making of said returns.

Filling vacancies.

Sec. 11. If any person be voted for at any election to fill a vacancy or residue of a term, the ballots of the electors shall designate such vacancy or residue.

Plurality.

Sec. 12. In the canvass of the votes, any person who has received a plurality of the votes for any office shall be declared duly elected to such office.

Tie; bow decided.

Sec. 13. When two or more persons shall have an equal number of votes for the same office, the two candidates having the highest number of votes shall draw lots for said office, according to the usual manner of drawing lots under the general laws of this State.

Other elections.

Sec. 14. The mode of conducting all State, district and county elections in said city, shall be in the manner herein provided for the election of city officers, except that the returns shall be made to the county clerk, and the same proceedings had, as near as may be, as are now or may hereafter be provided by law for the return of votes by township inspectors of election.

Voters not liable to arprocess. Present officers; terms of office.

Sec. 15. No person entitled to vote at any election under rest on civil this act, shall be arrested on civil process within said city on the day on which such election is held. All officers now holding office by election in said city, which are made elective by the people under this act, shall continue to hold their respective offices until their successors are elected and qualified.

Expenses of election; how paid.

Sec. 16. The expenses of any election to be held in pursuance of this act, shall be city charges, and defrayed in the same manner as the other contingent expenses of the city.

Official terms.

Sec. 17. Any person elected to any office under this act, at the expiration of the term thereof, shall continue to hold the same until his successor shall be elected or appointed and qualified. And when a person is elected to fill a vacancy in an elective office, he shall hold the same only during the unexpired portion of the regular term limited to such office, and until his successor shall be elected and qualified.

CHAPTER V.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF OFFICERS.

- Sec. 1. The mayor shall be chief executive officer of the Mayor; powers at city of Port Huron, and conservator of the peace. It shall duties of the his duty to keep an office in some convenient place in said city, to be provided by the common council; to see that all officers of said city faithfully comply with and discharge their official duties; to see that all laws pertaining to the municipal government of said city, and all ordinances and resolutions of the common council be faithfully observed; and he shall have power, in his discretion, to report to the common council any violation thereof. He shall, from time to time, give to the common council such information, and recommend such measures as he shall deem necessary or expedient.
- Sec. 2. The mayor shall be paid such salary as the common salary of council may prescribe. In case of a vacancy in the office of president mayor, or of his being unable to perform the duties of his act in absence of the common of sickness, absence from the city, or other mayor. cause, the president of the common council pro tempore shall be acting mayor; and such acting mayor shall be vested with all the powers, and shall perform all the duties of mayor, until the vacancy or vacancies aforesaid be filled, or the mayor shall resume his office.
- Sec. 3. The clerk of the city shall keep the corporate seal, Clerk; powers and all papers filed in and pertaining to his office, and shall duties of. be clerk of the common council, and shall attend its meetings, and shall make and preserve a record of all its ordinances, resolutions, and other proceedings, in proper books to be provided therefor; and when requested, shall duly certify, under the corporate seal, copies thereof, and of all papers duly filed in his office pertaining to the same, and shall possess and exercise the powers of township clerks. He shall receive all To receive all accounts and demands against the corporation, examine them city. in detail, audit and allow them, or such parts thereof, as to the correctness of which he has no doubt, and which the claim-

claims.

ant is willing to accept in full discharge thereof, file and number them as vouchers, in the order of their allowance, register them with the amount allowed, and date of allowance, in the same order, in a proper book provided for such purpose; and on their being properly discharged in writing, to draw and sign his warrant therefor upon the treasurer. When the same is ordered to be paid by the common council, if he shall have any doubt concerning their correctness, he shall register them in a separate list, and return them to the common council with his objections; if the same be allowed by the common council, he shall then file and register them in the lists of allowed claims in the same manner as above provided for the registering of claims audited and allowed by him; and on their being properly discharged, in writing, shall draw and sign his warrant therefor on the treasurer. It shall also be the duty of the city clerk, once in each year, in the month of November, or oftener, if directed by the common council, to furnish a schedule of all accounts audited and allowed by him. It shall also be the duty of the city clerk to make out the tax rolls of the city; to examine the returns of the city officers, and take the returns of city officers. general supervision of the financial concerns of the corporation; to keep a complete set of books exhibiting the financial condition of the corporation in its various departments and funds, its resources and liabilities, with a proper classification thereof, and each fund or appropriation for any distinct object of expenditure or class of expenditures. When any such fund or appropriation has been exhausted, or warrants already drawn thereon, or by appropriations, liabilities, debts and expenses actually made, incurred or contracted for, and to be paid out of such fund or appropriation, the clerk shall advise the common council thereof at its next meeting. He shall also open an account with the treasurer, in which he shall charge said treasurer with the whole amount of taxes, general and special, levied in said city, and also the whole amount in detail of all assets of whatever nature, belonging to the city or receivable by it, in order that the value and description of all personal

To furnish schedule to council

To examine

returns of

To open account with treasurer.

property belonging to the corporation may at any time be known. He shall also keep a list of all property, real, personal To keep list and mixed, belonging to the corporation, and of all its debts erty. ane liabilities, in order that the amount of the money and liabilities of the corporation may at any time be known, in his He shall also perform such other duties as are prescribed by this act, or may be, by the common council, subject to the provisions hereof. He shall also open accounts with To charge treasurer the treasurer, in which he shall charge him with all moneys with all moneys, moneys, appropriated, raised or received, for each of the several funds etc. of the corporation, and credit him for all warrants drawn thereon, keeping a separate account of credit and debit for each fund, charging every warrant drawn to the account of the particular fund constituted or raised for the specific purpose for which such warrant is drawn, in order that it may be known at the city clerk's office when each fund has been or may be exhausted, and what balance, if any, may remain therein.

Sec. 4. The recorder, and the clerk of the recorder's court, Recorder and his clerk shall possess and exercise the powers and duties elsewhere prescribed in this act.

Sec. 5. The treasurer shall have the custody of all moneys, Treasurer; duties of. bonds, mortgages, notes, leases, and evidences of value belonging to the corporation. He shall receive all moneys belonging to and receivable by the corporation, and keep an accurate account of all receipts and expenditures thereof. He shall pay no money out of the treasury, except in pursuance of and by authority of law, and on a warrant signed by the city clerk and countersigned by the mayor, which shall specify the purpose for which the amount is to be paid. He shall keep an accurate To keep account of and be charged with all moneys appropriated, all moneys. raised or received for each fund of the corporation, shall keep a separate account for each fund, and shall pay every warrant out of the particular fund constituted or raised for the purpose for which said warrant was issued, and having the name of such fund endorsed thereon by the city clerk.

nual exhibit receipts and

To report to clerk

monthly.

To make an- He shall exhibit to the common council, annually, and as often to council of and for such period as may be required, a full account of all disbursem'ts receipts and disbursements, since the date of his last annual report, classifying them by the fund to which such receipts are credited, and out of which such disbursements are made; shall report to the city clerk, at the end of each month, the amount received and credited by him to each fund, and on what account received; and shall also, when required, exhibit a general statement showing the financial condition of the treasury, which account, report and statement shall be filed in the office of the city clerk.

Street commissioner; duty of.

Sec. 6. The street commissioner shall perform such duties relating to streets, sidewalks, lanes, alleys, and public grounds as the common council shall from time to time ordain or direct.

Duty of overseer of constables.

Sec. 7. The director of the poor and constables shall have the poor and the powers, and perform the duties of director of the poor and constables of townships elected under the general laws of this State, subject to the provisions of this act.

City attorney; duties of.

Sec. 8. The city attorney shall appear in and conduct all suits, prosecutions and proceedings in the recorder's court to which the city of Port Huron is a party, subject to the rules and practice of said court; and if the same be removed to any other tribunal by writ of error or otherwise, he shall conduct the case before such tribunal.

Marshal; powers and duties of.

Sec. 9. The marshal shall possess and exercise the powers and duties as a conservator of the peace, which township constables under the general laws of this State possess and may exercise, and shall possess and exercise such other powers and duties as shall be prescribed by the common council for the preservation of the public peace; and shall possess and exercise the same powers and duties for the service and execution of all writs, process and warrants issuing out of the recorder's court, in cases arising under the ordinances of the city which sheriffs now have, or may have by law for the service and execution of writs and process issuing from the circuit courts of He shall obey and execute all lawful precepts and this State.

commands of said common council, and of said recorder's court; shall attend the sittings of said court, and he, or one of his deputies, shall attend the meetings of said common The marshal shall be ex officio collector of the city council. taxes.

Sec. 10. Assistant marshals shall have and exercise the same Assistant duties as the marshal.

Sec. 11. The city clerk shall be the sealer of weights and sealer of measures for the said city, and shall perform all the duties of measures. township clerk, so far as the same applies to the sealing of weights and measures, and the laws of this State relating to the sealing of weights and measures shall apply to this city, until otherwise ordered by the common council.

Sec. 12. The surveyor shall have power, and it shall be his surveyor; duty to survey within the corporation limits, and shall have the same power, within said limits, as are now or may hereafter be given by law to county surveyors, and the like effect and validity shall be given to his official acts, surveys and plats as are or may hereafter be given by law to the official acts, surveys and plats of county surveyors. He shall make out the assessment rolls for paving, for side and cross-walks, for lateral sewers, and for all other special assessments, and shall survey for the city.

Sec. 13. The commissioner of the city cemetery shall have Commission the care of the cemetery heretofore donated to the township ers of city; of Port Huron, [out of the military reservation of Fort duty of. Gratiot, and of all the grounds and other property belonging thereto, subject to the ordinance and direction of the common council; he shall make such improvements upon the property as the common council may direct, and shall receive such pecuniary compensation for his services as the common council shall allow. Said commissioner shall, as often as required by the common council, report to them the amount expended by · him in said improvements.

Sec. 14. The assessor shall assess all the property liable to Assessor; assessment, for the purpose of levying the taxes lawfully imposed thereon, as hereinafter more particularly provided; the assessor shall also prepare and return a list of persons to serve as jurors, as hereinafter provided in this act.

Overseers of highways; duties of.

Sec. 15. The overseers of highways for each ward shall, under the superintendence and control of the common council, work and improve the streets, highways, lanes, alleys and public places of said city in the ward for which he is elected, and shall render a true account of the expenses thereof, under oath, to the city clerk, and shall also perform such other duties relating to streets, sidewalks, lanes, alleys and public places, as the common council may direct.

Clerk of recorder's

Sec. 16. The clerk of the recorder's court shall have and excourt; duties ercise all the powers, perform all the duties, and be subject to the same liabilities as are by the general laws of this State, so far as respects civil actions in the recorder's court, as are in like cases made and provided for clerks of circuit courts.

Officers to deliver to their successors all books, etc.

Sec. 17. Whenever any officer shall resign, or be removed from office, or the term for which he shall have been elected or appointed shall expire, he shall, on demand, deliver over to his successor in office all the books, papers, moneys and effects in his custody as such officer, and in any way appertaining to his office; and every person violating this provision, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and may be proceeded against in the same manner as public officers generally for the like offense, under the general laws of this State now or hereafter in force, and applicable thereto; and every officer appointed or elected under this act, shall be deemed an officer within the meaning and provisions of such general laws of the State.

Additional duties of officers

Sec. 19. [18.] In addition to the rights, powers, duties and liabilities of officers prescribed in this act, all officers, whether elected or appointed, shall have such other rights, powers, duties and liabilities, subject to and consistent with the provisions of this act, as the common council may deem expedient, and shall prescribe by ordinance or resolution.

Sec. 20. [19.] The mayor, recorder, and members of the com-officers may mon council, city clerk, and clerk of the recorder's court, are oaths, etc. hereby authorized, generally, to administer oaths and take affidavits. The city clerk shall have the power to take acknowledgments of deeds, under the laws of this State.

CHAPTER VI.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF COMMON COUNCIL

- Sec. 1. The mayor and the aldermen of the city shall con-council; who stitute the common council thereof, a majority of whom shall to constitute be a quorum for the transaction of business, but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day. The clerk of the city shall be the clerk of the common council.
- Sec. 2. The mayor shall be ex officio president of the com-Mayor to be ex officio mon council. The common council shall, at its first regular president. annual meeting, or at some subsequent meeting, elect one of the aldermen as president pro tempore, who shall for that year, in the absence or disability to act, of the mayor, act as and have all the powers of mayor of said city. If at any meeting both the mayor and such president pro tempore shall be absent, then the aldermen present may elect a president for that meeting, who shall have all the powers of the mayor for that meeting. The mayor elect shall have a vote only in case of a tie, when his vote shall determine the pending question.
- Sec. 3. The common council shall hold regular sessions at sessions. such times and places as they shall, by ordinance or resolution direct, and may adjourn regular sessions from time to time, as may be deemed expedient.
- Sec. 4. Special meetings of the common council may be special called at any time by the mayor; or, if one-third of all the meeting aldermen elect shall, in writing, request the mayor to call a special meeting, stating therein the time and objects thereof, and he shall refuse or neglect for twenty-four hours to call such meeting, a copy of such request to the mayor shall be iled with the clerk of the city, with the certificate of an alder-

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man endorsed thereon, showing the presentation thereof to the mayor, and the refusal or neglect of either as aforesaid, and thereupon such special meeting shall be held; and the clerk of the city shall cause notice of the time and place thereof to be served on each of the members of the common council personally, or by leaving the same at their usual place of abode; and the proceedings of said meeting shall be limited to the object thereof, as set forth in such request to the mayor, or in his absence, to the recorder. Special meetings may be adjourned from time to time, as may be deemed necessary, in order to dispose of the business which they are called to consider.

Ordinances, etc., to be deposited with clerk. Sec. 5. All ordinances, resolutions, and written proceedings of the common council shall be deposited in the office of the clerk of the city, who shall safely keep the same, and they shall be recorded in proper books to be provided therefor. He shall keep a journal record of the proceedings of the common council, and also a record of every ordinance enacted, which record shall be signed by the clerk and by the presiding officer of the common council.

Proceedings to be published. Sec. 6. All proceedings of the common council shall be published in some newspaper published in said city. All ordinances shall be published twice in one or more newspapers published in said city, and shall take effect in fourteen days after their enactment: Provided however, That the common council may fix and prescribe therein a different period, and that no ordinance shall take effect before at least one publication thereof. The record of every ordinance shall be presumptive evidence of its due publication.

Proviso.

Style of ordinances.

Sec. 7. The style of ordinances shall be: "It is hereby ordered by the common council of the city of Port Huron."

Meetings to be public.

Sec. 8. All meetings of the common council shall be public and its proceedings and records shall be open to public inspection at reasonable times.

Right of petition.

Sec. 9. The inhabitants of said city shall have the right to petition the common council.

- Sec. 10. The common council shall be the judge of the elec-common council to tion and qualifications of its own members, and shall have the judge of qualification power to determine contested elections; to compel the attend-of its members, ance of absent members; to determine the rules of its proceedings, and enact by-laws and rules necessary and convenient for the transaction of business and not inconsistent with the provisions of this act.
- Sec. 11. The common council shall have the general manage-To have control of the finances, and all the property belong-property. ing to the corporation, with full power to lease, sell, convey, transfer and dispose of the same absolutely; and shall have power to make all necessary regulations for preserving and protecting the same from destruction, decay or injury, and concerning the management thereof.
- Sec. 12. No resolution, ordinance or proceeding of the com-ordinances, mon council imposing taxes or assessments, or requiring the passed. payment, expenditure or disposal of money or property, or creating a debt or liability therefor, and no other ordinance shall be passed at the same meeting at which it was introduced unless by unanimous consent, or at a special meeting called therefor; and every such ordinance, resolution or proceeding shall be passed by yeas and nays, to be entered on the record; and upon the demand of one-fourth of the members present, the yeas and nays shall be taken on any question, and entered on the record.
- Sec. 13. No alderman shall vote on any question in which he Members not to vote on is individually interested; on all other questions every alder-questions in which they man present shall vote. In all cases of a tie vote the presiding are interested officer shall give the casting vote. The city clerk shall have no vote.
- Sec. 14. All appointments to office shall be made by a ma-Appoint-point vote of all the common council elect; all removals from removals. office shall be made by the like vote, except in cases where, by this act, a different vote may be required.
- Sec. 15. The mayor, or in his absence the president pro Committees. tempore, shall appoint such committees as the common council

may deem necessary. The duties of standing committees shall be prescribed by general ordinance.

Oaths administered, etc.

Sec. 16. The chairman of any committee, and the members of any board established under this act, may administer oaths and take affidavits in respect to any matter pending before such committee or board. Such committees or board shall have power to subpœna witnesses, to compel their attendance and the production of necessary papers in all examinations pending before them, and to that end the common council may prescribe and regulate the necessary proceedings, and confer upon the marshal or other officers of the corporation all needful powers for the purposes aforesaid.

Jurisdiction and powers of common council.

Sec. 17. The common council, in addition to its powers under this act, and subject to and consistently with its provisions, shall have powers within and jurisdiction of the corporation:

To determine and regulate compensations.

First. To determine and regulate the compensation of all officers elected or appointed under this act, except as is herein otherwise provided. The salary of no officer shall be increased during the term of his office, unless by a two-thirds vote of the common council;

To regulate elections.

Second. To provide for and regulate the election and appointment of all officers, and for their removal from office, and for the filling of vacancies, subject to this act;

Fees of officers.

Third. To authorize and regulate the demand and receipt by officers of such fees and costs, and in such cases as the common council may deem reasonable;

Fees of witnesses, etc.

Fourth. To fix and regulate the fees of jurors and witnesses in any proceeding under this act, or under any ordinance of the common council;

To preserve the purity of

Fifth. To provide for and preserve the purity of the waters the waters. of the St. Clair river, and of the Black river, and all other streams within the limits of the said city; to prohibit and prevent the depositing therein of all filthy and other matter tending to render said water impure, unwholesome or offensive; to preserve and regulate the navigation of the said rivers within the limits of said city; to prohibit or prevent the depositing or

keeping therein any structure, booms, logs, rafts of logs, tim-Ibid. ber, lumber, or of timber and lumber, earth, or substances tending in any manner to obstruct or impair the navigation thereof, and to remove all obstructions that may at any time occur therein, and to direct and regulate the stationing and mooring of boats, vessels and rafts, and laying out cargoes and ballast from such boats and vessels, and to cause all rafts of logs, timber, lumber, or other obstructions, to be removed at the expense of the owners thereof, and may cause such rafts of logs, lumber, timber, &c., to be seized and held, to be sold, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to satisfy the costs of such removal, and the expenses of such sale, and the amount of any fine or penalty imposed by the ordinances or by-laws of said city for any such obstruction; and for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this section, the common council shall have power to declare Indian creek, in said city, a sewer, and make all needful regulations for the same;

Sixth. To license, continue and regulate so many ferries, To license from within said city to the opposite shore of St. Clair river, as terries. shall seem most conducive to the public good;

Seventh. To erect, repair and regulate public wharves and wharves docks at the ends of streets, and on the property of the cor-and docks. poration; to regulate the erection and repair of private wharves and docks, so that they shall not extend into the St. Clair river, and into Black river, beyond a certain line, to be established by the common council, and to prohibit the incumbering of all public wharves and docks with any thing whatsoever;

Eighth. To lease the wharves and wharfing privileges at the Leasing of ends of streets on the St. Clair and Black rivers in said city, wharves and upon such terms and conditions, and under such covenants, and with such remedies, in case of non-performance, as the common council may direct; but no buildings shall be erected thereon, no lease thereof shall be executed for a longer period than three years; and there shall be a free passage at all times for all persons, with their baggage, over said public wharves;

Highways.

Ninth. To work and improve all highways, avenues, streets, lanes, alleys and public spaces within said city; to assess and levy upon all taxable property within said city, and expend such highway taxes as may be necessary therefor, and to elect whether the same shall be collected in money or labor, in such amount as the common council shall prescribe for each ward respectively: Provided, Such highway taxes shall not in amount exceed the rates now fixed by law; and the same shall be assessed, and levied and collected as other taxes;

Proviso.

Parks.

Tenth. To make, grade, improve and adorn the public parks, squares, spaces, and all grounds in said city belonging to or under the control of the corporation, and to control and regulate the same consistently with the purposes and objects thereof;

Streets, etc.

Eleventh. To establish, open, widen, extend, straighten, alter, vacate and abolish highways, streets, avenues, lanes, alleys and public grounds or spaces within said city, and to grade, pave, repair, and otherwise improve the highways, streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, interior public places created by the intersection of streets, cross-walks and sidewalks in said city, with stone, wood, brick, or other material; and the common council shall expenses on lots benefit'd have full power to provide for paying the costs and expenses thereof by assessment on the owner of the lot and premises in front of or adjacent to which such highways, streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, interior public places, cross-walks or sidewalks may be directed to be graded, paved, repaired or otherwise improved: Provided, That the costs of such grading, paving, repairing or improving such interior or public places shall be assessed to each block, in such proportion as the common council shall deem just and equitable: Provided further, That each block shall be assessed to the center of such interior or public places each way; which assessment shall be a lien until paid, on each lot or premises in front of or adjacent to which such grading, paving, repairing or improving may be directed, and shall be collected in the same manner as other assessments or

To assess

Proviso.

Ibid.

taxes imposed by authority of the common council. Whenever When exsuch grading, paving, repairing or improving shall be at the inter-assessed to section of two or more avenues or streets, and in front of or adjacent the point of a triangular block, and at the end of bridges, such portion of the costs and expenses shall be assessed to and paid by the city of Port Huron, as the common council shall deem just. The common council shall have power to regulate the width of sidewalks, and the distance that ornamental or shade trees shall be set out in front of lots;

Twelfth. To sell or otherwise provide for disposing of all dirt, Disposing of filth, manure and cleanings lying in or gathered from highways, streets, avenues, lanes, alleys and public spaces, and all earth to be removed therefrom, or from the public squares and grounds of said city, in grading, paving, or otherwise improving the same:

Thirteenth. To clean the highways, streets, avenues, lanes, Cleaning of alleys, public grounds and squares, cross-walks and sidewalks streets, etc. in said city, of filth, mud, and other substances; to prohibit and prevent the incumbering thereof by any commodity or substance whatever, obstructing the free use of the same, and to remove the same therefrom; to prevent the exhibition of signs on canvass or otherwise in and upon any vehicle standing or traveling upon the streets of said city; to control, prescribe and regulate the mode of constructing or suspending awnings, and the exhibition and suspension of signs thereon; to compel the occupants of lots to clear the sidewalks in front Obstructions of and adjacent thereto of snow, ice, boxes, and every species on walks. of incumbrance or obstruction thereon; to control, prescribe and regulate the manner in which the highways, streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, public grounds and spaces within said city shall be used and enjoyed; to direct, regulate and compel the Shade trees. planting and provide for the preservation of ornamental trees therein; to provide for and regulate the lighting of the said city, and the erection of lamps and lamp-posts therein; to pro-Fast driving. hibit and prevent racing, and fast and dangerous driving and riding therein; to prohibit and prevent the flying of kites, and

all practices, amusements and doings therein having a tendency to frighten teams or horses, or dangerous to life or property; to remove, or cause to be removed, all walls or other structures that may be liable to fall therein or otherwise, so as to endanger life or property;

Prohibiting riots, etc.

Fourteenth. To prohibit and prevent any riot, rout, disorderly noise, disturbance or assemblage, or the crying of any goods, in the streets or elsewhere in the city;

Preservation of good order.

Fifteenth. To preserve quiet and order on the docks, and in the streets of said city, at the arrival and departure of railroad cars, steamboats and other vessels, and prescribe and regulate the manner and places in which drivers, porters, runners, solicitors, agents and baggage collectors for hotels, public houses or express companies, draymen, cabmen, hackmen, omnibus drivers, and solicitors for passengers or for baggage, with their drays, cabs or other vehicles shall stand, and to prohibit and prevent them from entering or driving within any railroad depot, or upon any wharf or dock, or entering upon any steamboat or other vessel, to solicit passengers, or for baggage;

Regulation of hack stands, etc.

Sixteenth. To prescribe places or stands in the streets of said city within which drays, carts, cabs or other vehicles may stand and be kept for hire, and within which loads of hay, coal, wood, and other articles may be kept and exhibited for sale, and to regulate such stands and places;

Prevention of exhibition etc.

Seventeenth. To prohibit and prevent the exhibition of fireof fireworks, works, and the firing of any cannon or other arms which the common council may deem dangerous to life or property;

Paving of streets.

Eighteenth. To permit any person to pave or plank the sidewalks in front of the premises owned and occupied by such person in said city, under the direction of the street commissioner, or some other officer of the corporation, and according to such regulations as the common council shall prescribe; and whenever any street shall have been graded, (graveled.) planked, McAdamized or paved, and the assessment for the costs and expenses thereof has been duly paid to the corporaany district, road or highway taxes on the premises in front of which such pavement shall have been made, so long as he shall keep the same in repair to the satisfaction of the common council;

Nineteenth. To prohibit and prevent in the streets or else-Prevention of immoral where in said city, indecent exposure of the person, the show, exhibitions, etc. sale, or exhibition for sale, of indecent or obscene pictures, drawings, engravings, paintings, and books or pamphlets, and all indecent or obscene exhibitions and shows of every kind;

Twentieth. To prohibit, prevent or regulate the leading and Prevention of cattle, et driving and running at large of cattle, horses, or any other running at large. animals, and domestic fowls, in the streets or elsewhere in said city, and to impound the same when running at large, in one or more sufficient pounds, to be provided and maintained by the city, and sell the same to pay the costs of proceedings, and any penalty thereby incurred, rendering the surplus, if any, to the owner;

Twenty-first. To prohibit and prevent, or regulate the run-Prevention ning at large of dogs, to require them to be muzzled, and to ning at large authorize their destruction when running at large in violation of any ordinance of the common council; to compel persons to fasten or secure their horses, or other animals, attached to vehicles or otherwise, while standing or remaining in the streets or other public places of said city; to prohibit and prevent persons from riding or driving upon or across the sidewalks of said city, and to impose a tax on dogs;

Twenty-second. To establish, construct, maintain and repair, Bridges, etc.. enlarge and discontinue, within the highways, streets, avenues, lanes, alleys and public places of said city, such bridges, culverts, sewers, drains, and lateral drains and sewers, as the common council may see fit, with a view to the proper sewerage and drainage of said city; to compel the owners of all lots, premises and subdivisions thereof within said city, to construct private drains or sewers therefrom, to connect with some public drains or sewers; said private drains and sewers shall be

constructed in such manner, and of such forms and dimensions, and under such regulations as the common council shall direct and prescribe;

Levying and collection of

Twenty-third. To assess, levy and collect the annual assesstaxes. ___ ment or tax on all lots and subdivisions of lots, and on all cellars, drained by private drains or sewers connected with any public sewer or drain, as hereinafter further provided;

Boundaries of streets.

Twenty-fourth. To survey, ascertain, establish and change the boundaries of all highways, streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, public parks, squares and spaces in said city; to prohibit and remove all encroachments on the same by buildings, fences, or in any other manner, and to number the buildings of the said city, if the common council shall so direct, the expense of such numbering to be assessed against and collected of the owner or occupant;

Drainage.

Twenty-fifth. To provide for the drainage of any wet lands within said city, or within three miles therefrom, by the opening of ditches; but a jury of six disinterested freeholders of the county of St. Clair, before any such ditch shall be opened shall ascertain that the opening thereof be necessary or proper; also, whether the benefits that shall accrue to the owner or owners of any lands from the opening of the ditch will or will not be equal to the damage he or they will sustain thereby; if such benefits are exceeded by the damages, they shall ascertain and certify the damages to which such owner or owners are entitled, after deducting therefrom the amount of benefit their lands will receive from the opening of said ditch. On payment or tender of the damages thus ascertained and certified, the common council shall have the power to enter upon any land through which the proposed ditch will run, with the necessary agents, teams and implements to cut and open said ditch, to protect, clear and scour it from time to time so as to preserve its original dimensions, and to prevent and prohibit all obstruction thereof, or injury thereto;

Markets.

Twenty-sixth. To erect and maintain market-houses, establish markets, market places, to lease market stalls, booths and

stands, to provide fully for the good government or regulation thereof, and to prohibit and prevent and punish forestalling and regrating;

Twenty-seventh. To provide for the general preservation of Public health of the inhabitants of said city; to make regulations to secure the same; to prevent the introduction or spreading of contagious or infectious diseases generally; and if deemed necessary, to establish a board of health, and prescribe and regulate its powers and duties;

Twenty-eighth. To prevent, prohibit, abate and remove all Nulsances nuisances in said city, or within the distance therefrom of half a mile, and to punish the authors or maintainers thereof, and to authorize and direct their speedy abatement or removal by some officer of said city. If in order to abate or remove any nuisance, the common council shall deem it necessary to fill up, level or drain any lot or premises, they shall have power so to do; to assess the costs and expenses of such filling or draining, and impose the same as an assessment or tax on said lot or premises, which shall be a lien thereon till paid, and shall be collected in the same manner as other assessments levied and imposed by the authority of the common council;

Twenty-ninth. To compel the owner or occupant of any gro-Ibid. cery, cellar, tallow-chandler's shop, soap, candle, starch or glue factory, tannery, butcher's shop or stall, slaughter-house, stable, barn, privy, sewer, or other unwholesome or nauseous house or place, to cleanse or abate the same whenever necessary for the health, comfort or convenience of the inhabitants of said city;

Thirtieth. To prohibit and prevent any person from bringing, 1bid. depositing or leaving within the limits of said city, or within one mile distant therefrom, or keeping or having on the premises owned or occupied by him in said city, any dead carcass, putrid or unsound meat, hides, skins, and any article, substance or thing that is unwholesome or nauseous, and to compel and authorize the removal thereof by some officer of said city, or to compel any person so bringing, depositing or leaving the same within the limits of said city, or one mile distant

Cellars, drains, etc.

therefrom, or having or keeping the same on the premises owned or occupied by him in said city, to remove the same;

Thirty-first. To direct and regulate the construction of cellars, slips, barns, private drains, sinks and privies; to compel the owner or occupant to fill up, drain, cleanse, alter, relay or repair the same, or to cause the same to be done by some officer of the corporation, and assess the expenses thereof on the lot or premises having such cellar, slip, barn, private drain, sink or privy thereon, which assessment shall be a lien on such lot or premises, and be collected in the same manner as other assessments imposed by authority of the common council; to direct and regulate the construction of lateral sewers or drains for the purpose of more effectually draining all lots and cellars, yards and sinks within the limits of said city, whenever in their opinion the same shall be necessary: Provided, Such lateral sewers or drains shall be laid or constructed through any of the streets and alleys adjoining or in front of the premises through which such sewers or drains shall be ordered constructed, and assess the expense thereof on such lots or premises benefited thereby, which assessment shall be a lien on such lot or premises until paid, and be collected in the same manner as other assessments of the common council;

Fire

Proviso.

Thirty-second. To establish a fire department, to provide for department the extinguishment of fires, and to establish, organize and regulate fire companies, in the manner prescribed in this act;

Hazardous buildings and offensive occupations.

Thirty-third. To prohibit and prevent within certain limits in said city, to be determined by the common council, the location or construction of the buildings for storing powder, powder-factories, tanneries, distilleries, buildings for the manufacture [of] turpentine, camphene, and dangerous or easily inflammable or explosive substances, slaughter-houses and yards, butchering-shops, soap, candle, starch and glue-factories, established for steaming or rendering lard, tallow, offal, or such other substances as can be rendered into tallow, lard or oil, and all establishments where any nauseous, offensive or unwholesome business may be carried on; and such buildings,

shops, factories and establishments as aforesaid, now or hereafter to be constructed in said city, whether within or without the limits to be determined as aforesaid, together with blacksmith shops, foundries, copper shops, steam boiler factories, carpenter shops, planing establishments, usually regarded as extra hazardous in respect to fire, shall be subject to such regulations in regard to construction and management as the common council may make, with a view to the protection of any property from injury by fire, or to the health or safety of the inhabitants of said city, and to prevent them from becoming in any way nuisances;

Thirty-fourth. To regulate the keeping and conveyance of Explosive powder and other combustible or dangerous articles, and the use and kind of lights and lamps to be used in barns, stables, and all buildings and establishments usually regarded as extra hazardous in respect to fire;

Thirty-fifth. To prohibit and prevent the location or con- Fire limits. struction of any frame or wooden building, house, store or shop, and any frame building filled, lined or covered with brick or stone, on such streets, alleys or places, or within such limits in said city as the common council shall designate and prescribe from time to time; to prohibit and prevent the removal of wooden or frame buildings from any part of said city to any lot on such streets, alleys and places, or within said limits, and the rebuilding and repairing of the same; to prevent the rebuilding and repairing of wooden buildings on such streets, alleys and places, or within said limits, when damaged by fire or otherwise, and the general supervision over the construction of all buildings within said city, so far as the safety of all contiguous property is concerned, for the prevention of fires;

Thirty-sixth. To regulate the construction of partition fences, Construction and of partition and parapet walls, the thickness of walls and of walls, etc. the size of brick; to regulate the construction of chimneys, hearths, fire-places, fire-arches, ovens, and the putting up of stoves, stove-pipes, kettles, boilers, or any structure or apparatus that may be dangerous in causing or promoting fires; to

prohibit and prevent the burning out of chimneys and chimney-flues; to compel and regulate the cleaning thereof, and fix Ash-houses, the fees therefor; to compel and regulate the construction of ash-houses or deposits for ashes; to compel the owners of houses and other buildings to have scuttles upon the roofs thereof, and stairs or ladders leading to the same; to appoint one or more officers to enter into all buildings and enclosures to discover whether the same are in a dangerous state, and to cause such as are in a dangerous state to be put in a safe condition; to authorize any of the officers of the city to keep away from the vicinity of a fire all idle or suspicious persons, and to compel all officers of the city and other persons to aid in the extinguishment of fires, and in the preservation of property exposed to danger therefrom;

Bathing.

Thirty-seventh. To prohibit and prevent or to regulate bathing in any place, or in any of the waters in and adjoining said city, determine the times and places thereof, and to prohibit and prevent any obscene or indecent exhibition, exposure or conduct thereat;

Houses of ill-fame.

Thirty-eighth. To prohibit, prevent and suppress the keeping of houses of ill-fame or assignation, or for the resort of common prostitutes, disorderly houses, and disorderly groceries; to restrain and suppress and punish the keepers thereof; to punish, restrain and prevent common prostitutes, vagrants, mendicants, street-beggars, drunken and disorderly persons; to prohibit and prevent and suppress mock auctions, and every kind of fraudulent game, device or practice, and punish all persons managing, using, practicing, or attempting to manage, use or practice the same, and all persons aiding in the management or practice thereof;

some meat.

Thirty-ninth. To prohibit, prevent and suppress the sale of every kind of unsound, nauseous or unwholesome meat, poultry, fish, vegetables, or other articles of food and provisions, and impure or spurious wines and spirituous liquors, and to punish

all persons who shall knowingly sell the same, or offer to [or] keep the same for sale;

Fortieth. To prohibit, restrain or prevent persons from gam-Gaming. ing for money with cards, dice, billiards, nine or ten pin alleys, tables, ball alleys, wheels of fortune, boxes, machines, or other instruments or devices whatsoever, in any grocery, store, shop or other place in said city, to punish the persons keeping the buildings, instruments or means for such gaming, and compel the destruction of the same;

Forty-first. To prohibit, prevent and suppress all lotteries Lotteries. for the drawing or disposing of money, or any other property whatsoever, and to punish all persons maintaining, directing or managing the same, or aiding in the maintenance, direction or managing the same;

Forty-second. To prohibit or prevent persons from selling or Liquora giving away ardent spirits, or other intoxicating liquors to any child, apprentice or servant, without the consent of his parent, guardian, master or mistress; to license and regulate the selling or giving away of any ardent spirits or other intoxicating liquors by any shop-keeper, trader, grocer, inn, hotel or tavern-keeper, keeper of any ordinary, saloon, recess, victualing or other house, or by any any other person, in case the selling or giving away of ardent spirits and other intoxicating liquors, and licensing the sale thereof, shall hereafter be authorized by the laws of this State;

Forty-third. To license and regulate solicitors for passengers Runners, or for baggage for any hotel, tavern, public house, boat or rail-road; also, draymen, carmen, truckmen, porters, runners, drivers of cabs, hackney coaches, omnibuses, carriages, sleighs, express vehicles, and vehicles of every other description used and employed for hire, and to fix and regulate the amounts and rates of their compensation;

Forty-fourth. To license and regulate auctioneers, hawkers, Auctions, peddlers and pawn brokers, and regulate auctions, peddling and etc. pawn brokerage, license and regulate the peddling and hawking of fruits, nuts, cakes, refreshments, jewelry, merchandise,

goods and other property whatsoever, by hand, hand-cart, show-case, show-stand, or otherwise, in the public streets;

Exhibitions.

Forty-fifth. To prohibit and prevent, license and regulate the public exhibition by itinerant persons or companies, of natural or artificial curiosities, caravans, circuses, menageries, theatrical representations, concerts, musical entertainments, exhibitions of common showmen, and shows of any kind;

Tavern keepers.

Forty-sixth. To license and regulate the keepers of hotels and other public houses, grocers and keepers of ordinaries, saloons and victualing and other houses or places for furnishing meals, food or drink;

Meat markets, etc. Forty-seventh. To license and regulate butchers, to license and regulate or suppress hucksters, and to license and regulate the keepers of shops, stalls, booths or stands at markets, or any other place in said city, for the sale of any kind of meat, fish, poultry, vegetable food or provisions;

Billiard tables.

Forty-eighth. To regulate keepers of billiard tables, pin alleys, nine or ten pin alleys, but not for the purpose of gaming;

Bath-houses

Forty-ninth. To license and regulate public bath-houses or bath-rooms on land, and any public floating bath-houses, bath-rooms or vessels on the St. Clair or Black rivers;

Police.

Fiftieth. To establish and regulate an efficient system of police for the good government of said city; to appoint, on the recommendation of the mayor or acting mayor, policemen and watchmen, who shall possess and exercise the same powers, as conservators of the peace, which township constables under the general laws of this State possess, and to prescribe and regulate their further powers and duties, and fix their compensation. Said policemen and watchmen may be removed at any time by the common council, on the recommendation of the mayor or acting mayor;

Inspectors of weights and measures.

Fifty-first. To appoint one or more inspectors, measurers, weighers, gaugers of articles to be inspected by measure, weight or gauge; to prescribe and regulate their powers and duties, fees and compensation;

Fifty-second. To direct and regulate the weight and quantity Bread. of bread, the size of the loaf, and the inspecting thereof;

Fifty-third. To direct and regulate the inspecting and meas-Building uring of wood, lumber, shingles, posts, stone, heading, and all etc. building materials; the inspecting, measuring and weighing of coke and all kinds of coal; the inspecting and weighing of hay; the inspecting of vegetables, fresh, dried, smoked, salted, pickled and other meat or fish, poultry, butter, lard and other food or provisions to be sold wholesale or retail; the inspecting and weighing of flour, meal, pork, beef, and all other food or provisions, and salt, to be sold in barrels, half-barrels, casks, hogsheads, boxes, or other packages, and the inspecting and gauging of wines, whisky and other spirituous liquors, to be sold at wholesale or retail, or in kegs, half-barrels, barrels, casks, hogsheads, puncheons, pipes, or other vessels: Provided, Proviso. That nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize the inspecting, measuring, weighing or gauging of any article herein enumerated, which is to be transported beyond the limits of this State, except at the request of the owner thereof, or of the agent having charge of the same;

Fifty-fourth. To regulate the weights and measures to be Weights and used in said city, and compel every merchant, retailer, trader and dealer in merchandise, groceries, provisions or property of any description which is sold by measure or weight, to use weights and measures to be sealed by the city sealer, and to be subject to his inspection and alteration, so as to be made comformable to the standard of weights and measures established by the general laws of this State;

Fifty-fifth. To provide for the protection and care of pau-Paupers pers, and to prohibit and prevent all persons from bringing, in vessels or in any other mode, to said city, from any other port or place, any pauper, or other person likely to become a charge upon said city, and to punish therefor;

Fifty-sixth. To provide for the burial of strangers and poor Burial of deceased persons; to regulate the burial of the dead, and the etc. registration of births and deaths, and to order and compel the

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keeping and returning of bills of mortality by physicians, sextons and others;

Census.

Fifty-seventh. To provide for taking a census of the said city whenever the common council may see fit, and to direct and regulate the same; to provide for calling meetings of the inhabitants of said city by public notice thereof, fixing the time and place of meeting, and to regulate the ringing of bells;

Public buildings.

Fifty-eighth. To provide for the erection of, and to erect a city hall, and all needful buildings and offices for the use of the corporation and its officers, and to control and regulate the same;

Jail and house of correction.

Fifty-ninth. To establish and build a jail and house of correction for the confinement of offenders; to erect and provide for erecting the necessary buildings therefor, and control and regulate the same; to appoint all necessary officers for taking charge of the same, and of persons confined therein; to prescribe their powers and duties, and provide for their removal from office and the filling of vacancies;

Imprisonm't therein.

Sixtieth. To imprison and confine in said jail and house of correction, at hard labor or otherwise, all persons liable to be imprisoned or confined under this act, or any ordinance of the common council, or lawfully committed thereto by any court or magistrate, as herein provided. Any court or magistrate in the city of Port Huron, or in the county of St. Clair, may commit to any jail or house of correction of said city, instead of the jail of St. Clair county, any person convicted of an offense against the general laws of this State, now or hereafter punishable by imprisonment in the jail of St. Clair county. Any court of competent jurisdiction of the State of Michigan, may, in its discretion, commit any male under sixteen, or female under fourteen years of age, to the house of correction of said city, instead of the house of correction at Lansing, who shall be convicted of any crime now or hereafter punishable by imprisonment in the State prison, whenever, in the opinion of the court, the welfare of the public and of the convict will be promoted thereby. All expenses attending the confinement of

any person sentenced to be committed to the jail or any house bid of correction of said city, for any offense against the general laws of this State, now or hereafter punishable by imprisonment in the State prison, shall be paid by the State Treasurer quarter-yearly, on the certificate of the city clerk that such expenses have been incurred. All expenses attending the confinement of any person sentenced to be committed to the jail or to such house of correction of said city, for any offense against the general laws of the State, now or hereafter not punishable by imprisonment in the State prison, shall be paid quarter-yearly by the treasurer of the county in which the offender was tried and convicted, upon the certificate of the city clerk that such expenses have been incurred;

Sixtieth. To prescribe and regulate the speed of cars and Rail cars. engines on railroads within the limits of said city;

Sixty-first. To authorize the mayor to grant, issue and re-Licenses. voke the licenses, in all cases where licenses may be granted and issued under this act and the ordinances of the common council; to direct the manner of issuing and registering the same, and to prescribe the sum of money to be paid therefor into the treasury of the corporation. No license shall be granted for more than one year, nor shall any such license authorize the sale of spirituous liquors; and the person receiving the same shall, before the issuing thereof, execute a bond to the corporation, in such sum as the common council may prescribe, with one or more sufficient sureties, conditioned for a faithful observance of the charter of the corporation and the ordinance of the common council, and otherwise conditioned as the common council may prescribe. The mayor may inquire into the sufficiency of the sureties in such bond, by an examination under oath as to their property and responsibility, which oath may be administered by him. The depositions of the surety shall be reduced to writing, be signed by him, certified by the mayor, annexed to and filed with the bond to which it relates, in the office of the clerk of the city;

Taxes.

Sixty-second. To assess, levy and collect taxes for the purposes of the corporation upon all property made taxable by law for State purposes, which taxes shall be liens upon the property taxed till paid; to make regulations for assessing, levying and collecting the same, and to lease the property taxed to pay the taxes thereon for a term not exceeding twentyfive years, and with such terms and time for redemption as the common council of said city may by public ordinance prescribe;

Appropria. tions.

Sixty-third. To appropriate money, provide for the expenses of the said city, and make regulations concerning the same;

Sixty-fourth. The common council shall have power from

time to time, to borrow such sums of money as they may

deem necessary, for the erection of any public buildings, as

Loans

heretofore mentioned in this act, and for completing and finishing the same, and for other city improvements, and payments for lands; and they may issue and dispose of the bonds of the city for any amount so borrowed, upon such sums, and at such rate of interest as they may deem advisable, and for a time not exceeding twenty-five years from the date thereof, under such regulations as the common council may see fit to adopt; and such common council may sell the bonds of said city, either within or without this State, at such rates and prices as they Plank roads. may deem proper. And whenever any plank road company, incorporated under the general laws of this State, shall be organized for the purpose of constructing a plank road, one terminus of which plank road shall be in the city of Port Huron, said common council shall have power, subject to the restrictions herein afterwards contained, to take stock for said city in the capital stock of said plank road corporation, and may issue the corporate bonds of said city to the amount of such subscription, and dispose of said bonds to the best advantage of said city, for a time not exceeding twenty years; but before any bonds shall issue, the resolution of the common council authorizing the same shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of said city, at the annual, or at some special election to be called for that purpose, for their approval or disap-

Question to be submitted to qualified electors.

proval; at said election a ballot box shall be provided and kept by the several boards of inspectors thereof, for each ward, for receiving the votes for or against said loan; and on the ballot Ballots; shall be written or printed, "For the issuing the bonds—Yes," contents of. or, "For the issuing the bonds-No;" and the canvass of the votes cast for or against said loan, and the returns thereof, shall be made by the proper canvassing officers within the same time and in the same manner as hereinbefore provided for the canvass and the return of the votes cast at the annual election, and the result shall be declared in the same manner; and if it shall appear that a majority of the votes cast at such election have thereon, "For the issuing the bonds—Yes," said bonds shall issue, and be negotiated as aforesaid; and if it shall appear that a majority of the votes cast at such election have thereon, "For the issuing the bonds—No," such bonds shall not issue, and the resolution of the common council authorizing the same shall have no effect: Provided, however, That the Proviso. whole amount of such bonds shall not at any time exceed the sum of fifty thousand dollars;

Sixty-fifth. To punish all offenses and offenders for a viola-Punishment tion of, or offenses against this act, or any ordinance of the common council enacted under this or any other act of the Legislature, by holding to bail for good behavior, by imposing fines, penalties, forfeitures and costs, and by imprisonment in the jail of St. Clair county, any jail, work-house, house of correction, or alms-house of said city, or either, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom such conviction may be had. If only a fine, penalty or forfeiture be imposed, together with the costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned until the payment thereof, or for a term not exceeding All punishments for offenses against the ordinances of the common council, shall be prescribed in the ordinance creating or specifying the offense to be punished, and no penalty or forfeiture shall exceed one thousand dollars, no fine shall exceed five hundred dollars, and no imprisonment shall exceed the period of two years;

Employm'nt of prisoners at work.

Sixty-sixth. To employ all persons confined for the non-payment of any fine, penalty, forfeiture or costs, or for any offense under this act, or any ordinance of the common council, in the jail of St. Clair county, or any jail, work-house or house of correction of said city, at work or labor either within or without the same, or upon the streets or other public works of said city, under the control of the common council; to allow any person thus confined for the non-payment of any fine, penalty, or forfeiture, or costs, to pay and discharge the same by such work or labor, and to fix the value and rates of such work and labor; and also to provide sufficient and necessary means for the protection of such prisoners while they are at such work under the supervision or authority of the common council;

Printing and publishing.

Sixty-seventh. To provide for printing and publishing all matters required to be printed and published under this act, or by order of the common council, in such manner as the said common council may prescribe;

Government of the city.

Sixty-eighth. To provide for maintaining the peace and good order and government of the city of Port Huron; and the common council shall have power to subdivide the city of Port Huron into wards; and when so subdivided the same officers shall be elected or appointed in such wards as are by this act elected or appointed;

Real estate.

Sixty-ninth. The common council shall have power to purchase and sell real estate for the use of said corporation, for corporate purposes, and to execute mortgages on the same, for any balance which may remain unpaid on the purchase money paid for such real estate. They shall also have power to purchase and control land for cemetery purposes or parks, either within or without the corporation limits of said city;

Bridges.

Seventieth. To provide for the erection of one or more bridges across the Black river, in said city.

CHAPTER VII.

RECORDER'S COURT.

- Sec. 1. There shall be [a] municipal court in and for the city Recorder's of Port Huron, to be called the "recorder's court," which shall be a court of record.
- Sec. 2. The recorder of said city shall be the judge of said Senior justice of the court; but in case of his absence from the city, inability to at-peace may tend, or a vacancy in his office, the senior justice of the peace corder. of said city shall be the judge of said court, and as such judge, have and exercise all the powers and duties of said recorder, until he shall resume his office, or such vacancy be filled.
- Sec. 3. There shall be a clerk of said court, as before pro-Clerk of recorder's vided in this act, whose duty it shall be to keep a true record court. of the proceedings of the said court in a proper book to be provided therefor, and file and safely keep all books and papers belonging or appertaining to said court. He shall sign and seal all writs and process issuing from said court, and shall have power generally to administer oaths and take affidavits.
- Sec. 4. The marshal of said city and his deputies shall at-Marshal; tend the sittings of said court, and it shall be their duty and they shall have power to execute all lawful precepts and commands of said court, and serve and execute all lawful writs and process issuing therefrom.
- Sec. 5. The said recorder's court shall have original and ex-Jurisdiction clusive jurisdiction, and shall have power to hear, try and de-of recorder's termine all charges, complaints, actions and prosecutions for the recovery of any and all forfeitures and penalties for alleged violations or infringements of the acts of the Legislature of this State incorporating said city, except in cases where jurisdiction is especially given to some other court; all actions, complaints or prosecutions for alleged breaches or violations of any of the by-laws or ordinances of said city, except in cases where, by such by-laws or ordinances, jurisdiction is especially given to some other court; all actions, complaints or prosecutions for encroachments upon or injury to any of the streets, lanes,

alleys, bridges, parks, or other public improvements of said city, except when the recorder is absent from the city or unable to discharge the duties of recorder, when any justice of the peace of said city shall have jurisdiction to hear, try and determine the same.

Writs and process from.

Sec. 6. All writs and process from the recorder's court shall be "In the name of the people of the State of Michigan," and shall be directed to the marshal or any constable of said city, shall bear test in the name of the recorder, shall be sealed with the seal of said court, signed by the clerk, and dated on the day on which the same shall be issued.

Further jurisdiction of.

Sec. 7. The said recorder's court shall have concurrent jurisdiction with justices of the peace over all offenses and misdemeanors committed within the limits of said city, to hear, try and determine the same with or without a jury; and concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit court for the county of St. Clair, to hear, try and determine all complaints, indictments and informations for any offense, crime or felony committed within the limits of said city, when the punishment by the statutes of this State does not exceed fifteen years, and shall proceed therein, as near as may be, according to the practice in the circuit courts, and shall have the same powers in regard thereto, and the judgments and orders and sentences of said recorder's court shall be as effectual in all respects as the judgments and orders of circuit courts in regard to such offenses. The city attorney shall act as prosecuting attorney in said recorder's court, and possess all the powers and discharge all the duties relative to the prosecution of such offenses as prosecuting attorneys in circuit courts. absence the city recorder may appoint some other attorney to act in his stead in said court for the time being.

Power of, to enforce re-

Sec. 8. The recorder's court shall have full jurisdiction and cognizances, authority to control and enforce all recognizances lawfully taken by said court, or by the judge thereof, or by any other court, judge or magistrate in the course of any prosecution or proceeding pending in said court, or lawfully taken by any court, judge or magistrate to compel any person or persons to appear before said recorder's court, and there to answer and do according to the terms thereof; and whenever default shall be made in any such recognizance, such default shall be duly entered of record in said recorder's court; and thereafter said court shall, upon the motion of the city attorney, summarily enter judgment against all the parties liable on said recognizance for the full amount thereof: *Provided*, however, That any Proviso. person against whom such judgment may have been entered, shall have the right to apply to the court within twenty days after the rendition of such judgment, for the vacation of the same for good cause shown; and said court may thereupon, in its discretion, vacate such judgment on such terms as it may deem just. Such recognizance may be in the usual form.

- Sec. 9. The judge of said recorder's court shall possess the Habeas same powers to grant writs of habeas corpus returnable before himself, and to adjudicate thereon, and to do all acts in vacation touching any suit or proceeding in said court, as is now or may be possessed by the judges of the circuit courts of the State in matters before said circuit courts.
- Sec. 10. The said recorder's court shall have power to make Rules of the rules for regulating the practice and conducting the business thereof, and to alter, amend, or repeal the same at its discretion.
- Sec. 11. Said recorder's court shall devise its own seal at Seal. the expense of said city, and a description thereof, attested by the clerk of said court, shall be deposited in the office of the city clerk.
- Sec. 12. All writs and process issuing from said recorder's Writs and court for offenses under the general laws of this State shall be be directed to the sheriff or marshal of the city, shall run "In the shall name of the people of the State of Michigan," be sealed with the seal of the court, signed by the clerk thereof, dated on the day on which the same may issue, and tested in the name of the recorder of the city of Port Huron.

Prosecutions to be in the people.

Sec. 13. All proceedings in said recorder's court for offenses name of the under this act, or for any misdemeanor cognizable by a justice of the peace, or under, or for the breach or violation of any ordinance or regulation of the common council, or to recover any penalty imposed thereby, shall be in the name of "The people of the State of Michigan," and may be commenced by filing with the clerk of the recorder's court a complaint, in the form of an affidavit, in writing, under oath, before the clerk of said recorder's court, or any other officer authorized to administer oaths, therein setting forth with reasonable certainty the matter complained of; such complaint shall be deemed sufficient if the offense be substantially set forth. Upon receiving such complaint, the clerk of said court shall issue a warrant under the seal of said court, for the arrest of the person or persons complained of, duly tested, returnable forthwith, and shall be heard at the next, or then present term of said court, or at such time as the recorder may appoint for the hearing thereof. Upon the accused being brought before the court, he or they may plead to such complaint, and no other declaration or pleading shall be necessary on the part of the prosecution; but such complaint or pleading may be amended by order of the court, and said recorder's court shall proceed to hear, try and determine the same without a jury, unless a jury shall be demanded by the defendant, in which case the same shall be tried by a jury of six good and lawful men from the regular panel, or to be selected and drawn the same as in trials before justices of the peace; in either case talesmen may be called as jurors.

Term of recorder's court

Sec. 14. There shall [be] a term of said recorder's court once in each month, which shall commence on the first Tuesday thereof, and may be continued and adjourned from time to time, and special sessions may be held for business, and at such times and as long as said court may deem necessary for the transaction of business; and if, from any cause, the judge of said court shall be unable to hold the same on the first day of a term, the clerk thereof shall have power to open said

court and adjourn it from day to day, until the judge shall be able to attend; and in such case all prosecutions, proceedings and matters pending in said court shall stand continued until such judge can hold said court.

Sec. 15. The clerk of said recorder's court may appoint a Deputy deputy, who, in the absence of said clerk, shall have all the powers and perform all the duties of said clerk.

Sec. 16. It shall be the duty of the city attorney to appear City attorney; and prosecute all criminal matters in said court; to collect of. all fines and penalties imposed for offenses under this act, or any ordinance or regulation of the common council of said city, (which shall be reported in writing by the clerk of said court, at the close of each term thereof to said common council,) and immediately after their collection or receipt by the city attorney, shall be paid by him to the treasurer of said city. In all criminal cases under the general statutes, the recorder may, in his discretion, call upon the prosecuting attorney of St. Clair county, who shall in such cases appear and prosecute the same.

Sec. 17. The city of Port Huron shall be liable for all reason-City liable able costs and expenses, and board of prisoners, incurred in board. prosecutions for offenses in proceedings in said recorder's court, arising under this act, or any ordinance or regulation of the common council of said city; and the county of St. Clair shall be liable for all reasonable costs and expenses, and board of prisoners, incurred in prosecutions for offenses and proceedings in said court, arising under the general laws of this State; but if there be a conviction and sentence of confinement in any jail or house of correction of said city, for any offense now or hereafter punishable by imprisonment in the State prison, the expenses attending the confinement of the prisoner, after sentence, shall be paid by the State Treasurer semi-annually, on the certificate of the city clerk that such expenses have been incurred.

Sec. 18. The recorder shall be entitled to the sum of four Salary of dollars per day for each and every day in which he shall be recorder.

actually employed in all business connected with the trial of offenses under the general laws of this State, which shall be paid by the State Treasurer semi-annually, on the certificate of the mayor and city clerk, setting forth the number of days in which said recorder has been so engaged, and the amount which he is entitled to receive for such services. And the recorder shall also have the following fees: For deciding a cause on motion, two dollars; for trial, three dollars; for hearing petitions of railroad companies, five dollars; for making all necessary orders therein, and confirming the report of the commissioners or the verdict of the jury therein, five dollars. The clerk of the recorder's court shall be paid by the city of Port Huron such salary as the common council may prescribe.

Fees.

Prisoners to be confined in county jail. Sec. 19. Any person liable to be imprisoned and confined under this act, or under any ordinance or regulation of the common council of said city, may be so imprisoned or confined in the jail of St. Clair county, or in the house of correction at Detroit; and it shall be the duty of the keeper of said jail or house of correction, to receive and safely keep therein all persons thus subject to imprisonment or confinement, until legally discharged therefrom.

Jails and houses of correction.

Sec. 20. Every law of this State for the safe keeping of prisoners, for preventing or punishing their escape, or the aiding of them to escape, shall apply to any jail or house of correction established and provided under this act.

Punishment to be prescribed by council. Sec. 21. Punishments not herein prescribed for offenses against this act, and for offenses against the ordinances and regulations of the common council, shall be prescribed by said common council.

Defendants; how tried. Sec. 22. In all trials for offenses against any ordinance or regulation of the common council of said city, the person or persons on trial shall be tried by the court, unless he or they shall request to be tried by a jury. Juries shall be obtained, summoned, drawn and sworn as hereinafter provided.

Drawing of jurors.

Sec. 23. The assessor of said city, at the time herein appointed to review the assessment rolls in each year, shall se-

lect from them, when completed, a list of fifty persons to serve as jurors in all cases where juries may be required under this act, or any ordinance or regulation of the common couzcil; and the persons thus selected shall be qualified electors of the city of Port Huron, shall be of fair character, and sound judgment and understanding, and so far as practicable, such as were not actually drawn or did not serve as jurors during the preceding year. Said list shall be signed by said assessor, returned to the clerk of said recorder's court, and filed in his office. If said assessor shall refuse or neglect to return the list of jurors as above provided, the judge of the recorder's court shall have power to compel him to make such return. For every day that said assessor shall refuse or neglect to make such returns after the time prescribed in this section, he shall forfeit the sum of one hundred dollars.

Sec. 24. The clerk of said court, on receiving said list, shall clerk to file file it in his office; shall write the names of the persons thus selected on separate strips of paper of the same size and appearance, as nearly as may be; shall fold up each of said slips of paper in the same manner, so as to conceal the name thereon, and deposit and preserve the same in a box to be called the jury-box, and the persons whose names are thus returned and deposited in said jury-box shall be liable to serve as jurors for one year, and until another list shall be selected, returned and filed with said clerk, and the names therein deposited in said jury-box in the manner aforesaid.

Sec. 25. Before depositing in said jury-box the names con-Ballots of preceding tained in a new list, the ballots deposited therein for the year to be destroyed. preceding year shall be destroyed; and it shall be the duty of the judge of said court to attend and be present with the clerk when the ballots containing the names of the persons to serve as jurors are deposited in said jury-box, or taken out to be destroyed.

Sec. 26. At least ten days before any term of said court at Petit jury; which jury trials may be had as above provided, the clerk of said court shall draw from the jury-box the names of as many

persons as the judge of said court may deem necessary, not less than fourteen nor more than twenty-four, to serve as petit jurors in said court; and at least two days before such drawing the said clerk shall give notice to the judge of said court, and to the marshal, of the day and hour when such drawing shall take place.

Duty of judge and marshal to witness drawing

Sec. 27. At the time so appointed it shall be the duty of said judge, and of the marshal of said city, or of some deputy marshal, to attend at the clerk's office and witness said drawing of jurors; and if neither said judge, marshal, or deputy marshal be present at the appointed time, the clerk may adjourn such drawing to some certain hour of the next day, of which adjournment he shall forthwith give notice to such judge and marshal.

Proceedings at time of drawing.

Sec. 28. If at the time first appointed for such drawing, or at the adjourned time therefor, either said judge, marshal or deputy marshal shall be present, the clerk shall proceed in such drawing as follows: he shall shake the jury-box so as fairly to mix the slips of paper deposited therein; he shall then draw from said box publicly, and in presence of the officer or officers attending, as many strips of paper containing the names of jurors written thereon as may have been ordered by said judge; and one of the attending officers shall keep a minute of such drawing, in which he shall enter the name on every strip of paper drawn before any other such strip be drawn; if, after drawing the whole number required, the name of any person shall appear to have been drawn who is insane or dead, or has removed from the city of Port Huron, to the knowledge of said clerk, or any attending officer, an entry of such fact shall be made on the minute of the drawing, the strip of paper containing his name shall be destroyed, and another name shall then be drawn in the place of that destroyed, and entered on the minute of the drawing; and like proceedings shall be had as often as necessary until the whole number of jurors required shall be drawn.

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Sec. 29. The said minute of the drawing shall then be Minutes of signed by the clerk of said court and the attending officers, to be signed by the clerk and filed by the clerk in his office; and he shall immediately and filed. make out a venire facias, and deliver the same to the marshal of said city, which shall command him or any of his deputies to summon the persons therein named to be and appear in said court at the terms thereof for which they were drawn, to serve as petit jurors, and not depart the same until discharged, under such penalty as the court may impose.

Sec. 30. Such venire facias shall be served at least three days Venire before the term of the court therein specified, by giving personal notice to each person therein named, or by leaving a written notice at his place of residence, with some person of proper age; and return thereof shall be made to said court at its opening, specifying those who were summoned, and the manner in which such person was notified.

Sec. 31. Said court shall impose a fine on each person duly Neglect of summoned to attend as a juror, who shall, without reasonable attend. cause, neglect to attend, not exceeding five dollars for each day's non-attendance and neglect; but all persons who, under the general laws of the State, are exempted, or may be excused from serving as jurors in the circuit courts, shall be exempted and may be excused from serving as jurors in said recorder's court.

Sec. 32. The clerk of said court shall destroy the ballots of Jurors all persons excused from serving as jurors on the ground of being exempted by law from such service; and the ballots of persons who did not appear and serve, which shall not have been destroyed, shall be returned to the jury-box.

Sec. 33. The ballots of persons who shall attend and serve Ballots to be as jurors shall be enclosed by the clerk in an envelope, under preserved. seal, or deposited by him in a separate box and preserved; and if at any subsequent drawing of a jury a sufficient number of ballots shall not remain in the jury-box to furnish the number of jurors required, after having drawn all the ballots therein, the ballots preserved by the clerk as aforesaid shall be returned

by him to the jury-box, and drawn in like manner as required in section twenty-eight, until the required number of jurors is obtained.

Talesmen.

Sec. 34. Whenever, for any cause, petit jurors shall not have been drawn or summoned to attend any term of said recorder's court, or a sufficient number of qualified jurors shall fail to appear, such court may, in its discretion, order a sufficient number of petit jurors to be forthwith drawn and summoned to attend such court, or said court may, by an order to be entered upon its minutes, direct the marshal forthwith to summon so many good and qualified men of said city, to serve as such jurors, as the case may require.

Marshal to summon jury. Sec. 35. The marshal, on receiving a list of jurors drawn pursuant to the preceding section, or a copy of the order therein mentioned, shall proceed as soon as possible to summon such [jurors] forthwith to attend such court, and make return to said court of his doings, in the same manner as in the case of a venire facias.

Ibid.

Sec. 36. When there shall not be jurors enough present to form a panel in any case, said court may direct the marshal to summon a sufficient number of persons, having the qualifications of jurors, to complete the panel from among the bystanders or the neighboring [citizens,] and the marshal shall immediately summon the number so ordered, and return their names to said court.

In further proceedings the court to be governed as circuit courts.

Sec. 37. In all further proceedings touching jury trials, their incidents, and all matters connected therewith, said recorder's court shall be governed in the same manner as the circuit courts of the State, by the general laws the reof, which, so far as the same may apply, are hereby made applicable to said recorder's court, its officers, and all proceedings therein, subject to the provisi ons of this act.

Jury fees

Sec. 38. In all cases in which a jury shall be demanded, other than in the cases of offens es against the general laws of this State, the party demanding the same shall, before impan-

elling of the jury, pay the sum of three dollars to the clerk of said court.

Sec. 39. Every juror summoned to attend any term of said Fees of court shall be entitled to receive the same fees as jurors in the circuit court for similar services, which, in all cases of the trial of offenses against the general laws of this State, shall be paid upon the certificate of the clerk of said court by the county of St. Clair; and in all other cases, they shall be paid upon the certificate of the clerk of said court by the city of Port Huron.

Sec. 40. Said court shall have full power to punish for con-Contempt tempt of court by fine or imprisonment, or by both, in its discretion; but such fine shall not exceed twenty-five dollars, nor such imprisonment sixty days.

Sec. 41. Said recorder's court shall have power, from time Costs and to time, to establish the costs and fees of all the officers of said court, which shall not exceed those established by law, and the rules and practice of the circuit court of the county of St. Clair for like services; and such costs and fees, together with the recorder's fees, shall be taken and made a part of the judgment, and levied and collected therewith.

Sec. 42. Said recorder's court shall have power and author-Executions. ity to, and may issue execution upon any judgment, fine or penalty entered by said court, and may levy and collect the amount of such judgment in the same manner as executions issued out of the circuit courts of this State. Such executions shall be made returnable in sixty days from the date thereof, and may authorize the taking of the body of the person against whom the execution runs, in all cases where such taking is authorized by the laws of this State, or executions issuing out of the circuit or other courts of this State, or by any ordinance of the city of Port Huron, for the violation of which such taking or arrest is authorized.

Sec. 43. Actions to recover any penalty or forfeiture for the Violation of violation of any by-law or ordinance of said city, may be com-city ordinances. menced and prosecuted to judgment in the same manner as actions before justices of the peace are commenced and prose-

cuted to recover any penalty or forfeiture for a violation of any of the penal laws of this State.

Executions; how may be issued.

Sec. 44. Every execution for any penalty or forfeiture recovered for the violation of any by-law or ordinance of the said city, may be issued immediately on the rendition of the judgment, and shall command the amount to be made of the property of the defendant, if any such can be found, and if not, then to commit the defendant to the county jail of St. Clair county, or to the city jail for such time as shall have been directed by the ordinance of the common council.

Clerk to report to common council.

Sec. 45. The clerk of said court shall, on or before the first Monday of February, in each and every year, make to the common council a report in writing, duly certified by him, showing the whole number of prosecutions in said court, classifying them by the name or description of the offenses; the whole number of prosecutions for offenses against this act, or of the ordinances or by-laws of the common council, classifying the same in like manner; the whole number of prosecutions, convictions, acquittals, cases dismissed and discontinued, and cases pending; the whole number punished by fines and penalties; the whole number punished by imprisonment and confinement, classified according to the place of confinement, and the whole number held to good behavior and to keep the peace, which report shall be published once in one of the city newspapers, to be designated by the common council.

Recorder to have power of judges of circuit courts.

Sec. 46. The recorder shall have the power, and may exercise the jurisdiction, in all cases arising within the limits of the said city, which is now or may hereafter be conferred upon the judges of the circuit courts of this State, in the following cases, viz: In proceedings to recover the possession of land by chapter one hundred and fifty of the compiled laws of the State of Michigan, and also in cases of habeas corpus and certiorari; to inquire into causes of detention by chapter one hundred and fifty-nine of said compiled laws, and also such jurisdiction in cases of attachment against ships, boats and vessels, as circuit courts now have under chapter one hundred

and forty-nine of said compiled laws, and all acts amendatory thereto, and in the exercise of such jurisdiction shall be entitled to demand and receive the same fees for the services so rendered, as are now, or may hereafter be allowed to circuit court commissioners for like services.

Sec. 47. The provisions of this chapter shall go into effect When this chapter shall on the first Tuesday in May, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, take effect. and not before.

CHAPTER VIII.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

- Sec. 1. The common council shall procure fire engines, hose, Fire engines. hooks and ladders, and other apparatus and implements used for the extinguishment of fires, for each fire company, pay the expenses of keeping the same in necessary repair, have charge and control of the same, provide, fit and secure engine houses and other places for keeping and preserving the same, and purchase any real estate for the erection of engine houses.
- Sec. 2. The common council shall have power to organize Fire compine, hook, hose, ladder, axe, and other fire companies for the prevention and extinguishment of fires, and to dissolve or disband the same; to appoint a competent number of able inhabitants of the city of Port Huron firemen, to take the care and management of the engines, hose, ladders and other apparatus and implements used and provided for the prevention and extinguishment of fires; to prescribe the duties and powers of firemen, and fill (fire) companies, and make rules and regulations for their government, impose reasonable fines, penalties and forfeitures upon them for a violation of the same, and to remove them for incapacity, neglect of duty or misconduct.
- Sec. 3. There shall be a chief engineer and two or more Chief assistant engineers, who shall be appointed by the firemen assistants. with the consent and confirmation of the common council, and whose powers and duties shall be prescribed by said council.

Fire-wardens

Sec. 4. The mayor, members of the common council, marshal and deputy marshals, by virtue of their offices, shall be fire wardens, and the common council may annually appoint one or more resident electors of each ward, fire wardens thereof, who shall hold office until removed, or their successors be appointed and qualified.

Power and duty of fire companies.

Sec. 5. Each fire company shall have power to appoint its own officers, make by-laws and regulations for its own government, not inconsistent with this act or the ordinances and regulations of the common council, and may impose and collect such fines for the non-attendance and neglect of duty of any of its members as may be prescribed by the by-laws and regulations of said company. And it shall be the duty of each fire company, subject to the control and regulation of the common council, to take the care and management of the fire engine, hose, hooks and ladders, and other fire apparatus or implements of such company, to keep the same in good and perfect repair; and upon any fire alarm, or breaking out of any fire within said city, it shall be the duty of each member of the fire company forthwith to repair to the engine-house of such company, and thence proceed without delay, with its engine, hose, or other fire apparatus and implements, to the place of such fire, and there use the same, and otherwise labor for the extinguishment of such fire, under the direction of the chief engineer or other officer present who may be empowered by the common council to give orders and directions at a fire in relation to the extinguishment thereof.

When shall meet.

Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of each fire company to assemble once in each month, or as often as may be directed by the common council, for the purpose of working and examining its engine, hose, or other fire apparatus and implements, and putting and keeping them in perfect order and repair.

Power and duty of fire-wardens.

Sec. 7. The fire wardens appointed for the several wards shall have power, at all reasonable times, and it shall be their duty to enter into and examine all the dwelling houses, outhouses, lots and yards in their respective wards, to ascertain

how ashes are kept, to direct full obedience to all ordinances of the common council in relation to the prevention of fire, and to report to the common council all infractions thereof; and the mayor, members of the common council, marshal and deputy marshals, acting as fire wardens, shall have the same power, and perform the same duties, within the limits of said city, which the appointed fire wardens may have and perform within the limits of their respective wards.

Sec. 8. Every person whilst serving as a fireman, or who Firemen exshall have served as a fireman in said city for the term of five military or years, shall be exempted from serving as a juror, or from doing militia duty, except in cases of war, invasion or insurrection; a certificate of such service, under the seal of the corporation, signed by the mayor and clerk of the city, shall be in all courts and places evidence of such exemption. The engineers, assistant engineers, or fire wardens appointed for the several wards, and members of the engine, hook, hose, ladder and other fire companies lawfully organized, shall be deemed firemen of this city, within the meaning of this section.

Sec. 9. The mayor and any member of the common council, Officers may compel asengineer or fire warden, may order all the able-bodied persons sistance at present at a fill (fire) to assist and labor in the extinguishment thereof, and in the preservation of property; and may also order all persons present at a fire, not belonging to the fire department, or not lawfully employed in its service, or in the preservation and custody of property, to remove from the vicinity of such fire all property exposed by reason thereof.

Sec. 10. Whenever any person shall refuse to obey any law-Ibid. ful order of the mayor, any member of the common council, engineer or fire warden at any fire, it shall be lawful for the officer giving such order to arrest, or to direct, orally, the marshal, any deputy marshal, constable, policemen, or any citizen to arrest such person and confine him temporarily until such fire be extinguished; and such officer or any of them may arrest and place in temporary confinement any person at such fire who shall be intoxicated or disorderly.

Duty of marshal, etc., at fires.

Sec. 11. Upon the breaking out of any fire within said city, the marshal, deputy marshal, constable or appointed fire wardens shall immediately repair to the place of such fire, with their staves, and aid and assist in extinguishing such fire, and in removing, securing, preserving or preventing any goods or any other property exposed by reason of such fire; and shall, in all respects, be obedient to the lawful orders of the mayor, any member of the common council or engineer present.

Fire companies; organization of, continued.

Sec. 12. Engine house, hose, hook and ladder, and other fire companies now organized within the city of Port Huron, shall be continued in their organization until dissolved or disbanded, and the present firemen, fire engineers and fire wardens of said city are hereby continued in office until removed; but said companies, firemen and fire engineers shall in all respects be governed by this act in respect to their powers, duties, liabilities and term of office, and by the ordinances, rules and regulations of the common council, made pursuant to the provisions of this act.

CHAPTER IX.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Board of hoalth.

Sec. 1. It shall be the duty of the common council of said city to appoint a board of health once in each year for said city, to consist of not less than three nor more than seven persons, and [a] competent physician to be the health officer thereof.

Powers and duties of.

Sec. 2. The said board of health shall have power, and it shall be their duty to take such measures as they shall deem effectual to prevent the entrance of any pestilential or infectious disease into the city; to stop, detain and examine, for that purpose, every person coming from any place infected, or believed to be infected with such a disease; to establish, maintain and regulate a pest-house or hospital, at some place within the city, or not exceeding three miles beyond its limits or bounds; to cause any person not being a resident of the city,

or if a resident of the city, who is not an inhabitant of this Ibid. State, who shall be, or be suspected of being infected with any such disease, to be sent to such pest-house or hospital if the health physician and two other physicians of the city, including the attending physician of the sick person, if he have one, shall certify that the removal of such person is necessary for the preservation of the public health; to remove from the city or destroy any furniture, wearing apparel, or goods, wares or merchandise, or other articles or property of any kind, which shall be suspected of being tainted or infected with any pestilence, or which shall be or be likely to pass into such a state as to generate and propagate disease; to abate all nuisances of every description which are or may be injurious to the public health, in any way, and in any manner they may deem expedient; and from time to time to do all acts, make all regulations, and pass all ordinances which they shall deem necessary or expedient for the preservation of health and the suppression of disease in the city, and to carry into effect and execute the powers hereby granted.

Sec. 3. The captain, master, or person in charge of any Persons sick steamboat, or other craft or vessel which shall enter the city, tious disease not to be having on board thereof any person sick of any malignant brought into the city. fever, or other pestilential or infectious disease, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment, unless the person so diseased became so on the way and could not be It shall be the duty of such captain, master, or person left. in charge, within two hours after his arrival, to report, in writing, to the mayor, or some health officer, the fact of such sick person's being on board, and the name, description and location of his craft; and he shall not permit such sick person to land or be landed, until the board of health, or some member thereof, shall give permission for that purpose; and any neglect or violation of these provisions, or of any or either of them, shall be a misdemeanor, punishable with fine and imprisonment.

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Ibid.

Sec. 4. The owner, driver, conductor, or person in charge of any stage-coach, railroad car or other public conveyance which shall enter the city, having on board any person sick of a malignant fever, or pestilential or infectious disease, shall, within two hours after the arrival of such sick person, report, in writing, the fact, with the name of such person, and the house or place where he was put down in the city, to the mayor or some member or officer of the board of health; and any and every neglect to comply with these provisions, or any of them, shall [be] a misdemeanor, punishable with fine or imprisonment, or both.

Infected property not to be brought into the city.

Sec. 5. Any person who shall knowingly bring, or procure or cause to be brought into the city, any property of any kind tainted or infected with any malignant fever, or pestilential or infectious disease, shall be guilty of misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both.

Power of board of health.

Sec. 6. The board of health shall have power, by an order in writing for that purpose, to be served on the captain, master, or person in charge of any steamboat or other vessel or craft, or any owner or consignee thereof, if such boat, craft or vessel be by them suspected to have on board any infected or diseased person or property, to require such boat or vessel not to enter the city, or to remove to some certain distance, not exceeding three miles from the city; and every such captain, master, person in charge, consignee or owner, who shall be served with such order shall be guilty of misdemeanor, punishable with fine or imprisonment, or both, if such boat, vessel or craft shall enter the city in violation of such order, or shall not be removed according to the tenor of such order within a reasonable time, not exceeding three hours after the service of such notice.

Sick strangers to be reported to board of health.

Sec. 7. Every keeper of an inn, or boarding-house, or lodging-house in the city, who shall have in his house at any time, any sick traveler, boatman or sailor, shall report the fact, and the name of the person, in writing, within six hours after he came to the house or was taken sick therein, to the mayor, or some officer or member of the board of health; every physician

in the city shall report, under his hand, to one of the officers above named, the name, residence and disease of every patient whom he shall have sick of any infectious or pestilential disease, within six hours after he shall have visited such patient. A violation of either of the provisions of this section, or of any part of either of them, shall be a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, the fine not to exceed one hundred dollars, nor the imprisonment six months.

Sec. 8. All fines imposed under the last five sections shall Fines to be belong to the city, and when collected, shall be paid into the treasury. city treasury, and be devoted to the maintenance and support of the pest-house, or of any hospital that may hereafter be established by the city.

Sec. 9. The common council shall have the power to pass By-laws and and enact such by-laws and ordinances as they, from time to time, shall deem necessary and proper, for the filling, draining, cleansing, cleaning and regulating any grounds, yards, basins, slips or cellars within the said city, that shall be sunken, damp, foul, incumbered with filth and rubbish, or unwholesome, and for filling or altering and amending all sinks and privies within said city, and for directing the mode of constructing them in future, and to cause all such work as may be necessary for the purpose aforesaid, and for the preservation of the public health and the cleanliness of the city, to be executed and done at the expense of the city corporation, on account of the persons respectively upon whom the same may be assessed, and for that purpose to cause the expenses thereof to be estimated, assessed and collected, and the lands charged therewith to be sold in case of non-payment, in the same manner as is provided by law with respect to other public improvements within said city; and in all cases where the said by-laws or ordinances shall require anything to be done in respect to the property of several persons, the expenses thereof may be included in one assessment, and the several houses and lots in respect to which such expenses shall have incurred, shall be briefly described in the manner required by law in the assessment roll for the gen-

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eral expenses of the city; and the sum of money assessed to each owner or occupant of any such house or lot, shall be the amount of money expended in making such improvements upon such premises, together with a ratable proportion of the expenses of assessing and collecting the moneys expended in making such improvements.

Dilapidated buildings to upon order of common council.

Sec. 10. Whenever, in the opinion of the common council, be torn down any building, fence, or other erection of any kind, or any part thereof, is liable to fall down, and persons or property may thereby be endangered, or when any building shall, by neglect of the owner thereof, become dilapidated and untenable, and shall have been declared a nuisance, they may order any owner or occupant of the premises on which such building fence, or other erection stands, to repair the same, or to take down the same or any part thereof, within a reasonable time, to be fixed by the order, or immediately, as the case may require, or may immediately, or in case the order is not complied with, cause the same to be taken down at the expense of the city, on account of the owner of the premises, and assess the expense on the land on which it stood. The order, if not immediate in its terms, may be served on any occupant of the premises, or be published in the city paper, as the common council may direct.

Clerk of the board of health.

Sec. 11. The said board of health shall have the power to appoint a clerk, whose duty it shall be to attend the meetings thereof, and to keep a record of its proceedings; and such record, or a duly certified copy of the same, or of any part thereof, shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein contained, in any court or before any officer. The compensation of the clerk of said board shall be fixed by said board of health, by and with the consent of the common council, and such compensation shall be paid in the same manner as the other expenses of said board.

Compensat'n

Sec. 12. The members of said board of health shall receive such compensation for their services as the common council

shall deem reasonable, to be paid from the general contingent fund of said city.

CHAPTER X.

EDUCATION.

- Sec. 1. The city of Port Huron shall be considered as one school school district, and hereafter all schools organized therein pursuant to this act shall, under the direction and regulations of the board of education, be public and free to all children within the limits thereof between the ages of five and twenty years, inclusive, except as hereinafter provided.
- Sec. 2. There shall be elected by the common council at its school inspect first regular meeting in May, or at such time as said meeting shall be adjourned to, in addition to those now in office, a sufficient number of school inspectors to make the whole number two for each ward, to be distributed equally, whose terms of office shall be so arranged that two of the whole number shall go out of office each year; and annually thereafter said council shall elect two school inspectors, who shall hold their office for the term of four years, and until their successors are elected and qualified.
- Sec. 3. The school inspectors, together with the mayor, who Board of is declared to be ex officio school inspector, shall be a body corporate by the name of the "board of education of the city of Port Huron," and in that name may be capable of suing and being sued, and of purchasing, holding, selling and conveying real and personal property, as the interest of said public schools may require, and shall also succeed to and be entitled to demand all moneys and other rights belonging to or in possession of the board of school inspectors, or any member thereof, any and all real or personal property or other rights in any way belonging or pertaining to the schools of said city; and the clear proceeds of all such property which may come into the possession of said board, as last aforesaid, shall be expended by and disbursed under the authority of said board of education for the support of said schools.

Quorum of.

Sec. 4. A majority of all of the members of said board shall constitute a quorum, and said board may meet from time to time at such place in said city as they may designate. They may elect any one of their own number president, and in his absence may choose one of their number president pro tempore. The clerk of the city shall be clerk of said board; in his absence the board may appoint a clerk pro tempore.

To receive no compensation. Sec. 5. No school inspector shall receive compensation for his services; and any person chosen as a school inspector, who shall neglect or refuse to serve shall be deemed to have resigned, and the common council shall fill the vacancy caused thereby, upon notice from the board to the council.

Rules and regulations.

Sec. 6. The said board of education shall make all needful rules and regulations relative to its proceedings, and punish by fine not exceeding five dollars for each offense, any member of the board who may, without sufficient cause, absent himself from any meeting thereof, to be recovered as they may direct, and such fines and all others recovered by said board, shall go into the library fund. Said board shall also have full power and authority to erect or purchase school-houses; to apply for and receive from the proper officer all moneys appropriated for primary schools and libraries in said city; to make by-laws relative to taking the census of all children in said city between the ages of five and twenty years; relative to making all necessary reports and transmitting the same to the proper officers, as designated by law, so that said city may be entitled to its proportion of the primary school fund; relative to visitation of schools; relative to the length of time schools shall be kept which shall not be less than three months in each year; relative to the examination and employment of teachers, their powers and duties; relative to the regulation of schools and the books to be used therein; relative to the appointment of necessary officers, and prescribe their powers and duties, and relative to anything whatever that may advance the interest of education, the good government and prosperity of public schools in said city, and the welfare of the public concerning

he same. Said board shall also have authority to establish a igh school in said city, and to fix the price and rates of tuion therein to be paid by the scholars therein, their parents r guardians, the mode of enforcing payment thereof and the same of collecting the same, and also to appoint a superindent of the public schools, under the charge and direction f said board, with such salary and with such powers and uties as shall be prescribed or determined by said board of lucation.

Sec. 7. The said board of education is hereby authorized from Board may me to time, on such terms as they may deem proper, to bormoney. It is not exceeding in all at any time the sum of ten nousand dollars, including what has been borrowed and then utstanding, unless the electors of said city, at a meeting alled for that purpose, vote a larger sum, (such meeting may a called by the board of education, and so conducted as to at a fair expression of the electors present,) in which case cans may be made and bonds issued to the amount so voted, a rate of interest not exceeding ten per cent., in such form and executed in such manner as the board may direct, for the arpose of purchasing real and personal property, and for the rection and completion of such buildings as the interests of aid public schools may require, and for no other purpose. o bond shall be issued for a less sum than fifty dollars.

Sec. 8. The faith and property of said board, and also the Bonds to be a charge upith and property of the city of Port Huron shall be and re-on property of board.
ain pledged for the full payment of all bonds heretofore and
tat may hereafter be issued, and all moneys borrowed by the
thority of said board under or by authority of this act.

Sec. 9. It shall be the duty of the board of education, when-Payment of rer they shall borrow any money under the provisions of this at, annually to appropriate a sufficient sum out of any money hich may come into their hands, to pay the interest upon the ane; and also an annual sum equal ten per cent. upon the nount so borrowed, to be invested under the direction of said pard, in bonds of said city, or of the State of Michigan, or of

the United States, bearing interest, at such prices as the same can be purchased, to accumulate as a sinking fund for the payment of the principal of the sum so borrowed; both of which said appropriations shall take precedence of all others, or the said board may appropriate said amount to the payment or redemption of the bonds that may be or have been issued in accordance with this act.

School tax.

Sec. 10. The common council of said city are hereby authorized, once in each year, to assess and levy a tax on all the real and personal property of said city, according to the city assessment rolls for that year, which shall not exceed five dollars for every child in said city, between the ages of five and twenty years, the number of children to be ascertained by the last report on the subject on file in the office of the clerk of the county of St. Clair, or in the office of the secretary of said board of education, and certified by the president thereof, and the said tax shall be collected in the same manner as the moneys raised to defray the expenses of said city; all such money shall be disbursed by authority of said board, for the maintenance and support of said schools, and for no other purpose.

Treasurer of the city to of board.

Sec. 11. The treasurer of said city shall be the treasurer of be treasurer said board; he shall keep all moneys belonging to said board separate from the moneys belonging to the corporation of said city; and he shall not pay out or expend said moneys except upon warrants of the board.

School taxes to be distinother city taxes.

Sec. 12. All taxes which may be assessed and levied by the guished from common council of said city, under authority of this chapter, shall be set forth in the assessment roll of said city in a separate column, apart and distinguished from all other city taxes; and the collector of said city shall collect said taxes in money, and said collector shall not be required or permitted to receive in payment of said taxes, any liabilities or evidences of debt against said city.

Purchase of school property.

Sec. 13. The common council of said city is hereby authorized to levy and collect a tax, not exceeding three thousand dollars in any one year, to be expended in purchasing necessary lots, and the erection of a school-house or houses, with the necessary out-buildings, for the use of the public schools thereof, or in repairing or rebuilding any school-house: *Pro-Proviso. vided*, Such tax, when collected, shall be under the control of said board of education, and the title to all property purchased shall vest in them; but the proceeds of such tax shall be applied exclusively to the purposes for which the same was levied.

Sec. 14. The collector and treasurer shall, before they enter Collect'r and on their duties under this chapter, enter into such bonds to give bonds. the board of education, and with such sureties as may be directed by them, conditioned for the faithful discharge of their respective duties.

Sec. 15. The collector shall take a receipt from the treasurer Duty of for all money paid over by him, and file the same with the clerk of said board; at the time of making his final return, he shall make a report to said board, stating the amount of school tax, the amount collected, and the amount returned by him to the common council as unpaid or uncollected. And if any collector shall neglect or refuse to pay to said treasurer the sums of money required by his warrant, or to account for the same as unpaid, at the time and in the manner required by law, the recorder of said city, or the president of the board of education, shall forthwith issue a warrant under his hand, directed to the sheriff of said county, commanding him to levy such sum as shall remain unpaid and unaccounted for, together with his fees for collecting the same, of the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of such collector and his sureties, and to pay the same to the treasurer, and return such warrant within twenty days after the date thereof.

Sec. 16. The said board of education shall annually, in the Board to month of May, publish in the official newspaper of the city, a nual report report containing the number of pupils instructed therein the year preceding, the several branches of education pursued by

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them, and the expenditures for all things authorized by this chapter, during the preceding year.

District library.

Sec. 17. A district library shall be established by said board of education, and, for the increase of the same, the common council are authorized annually to levy a tax on the real and personal property within said city, of a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, which tax shall be levied and collected in the same manner as other moneys authorized to be raised for the use of said schools.

Vacancy in office of sch'l inspector.

Sec. 18. The office of school inspector shall be deemed vacant only in case of the death or removal from the city of the inspector elected, and in case of refusal or neglect to serve as such inspector.

Sessions of board.

Sec. 19. The board of education shall hold regular sessions at such times as they shall by resolution determine, which meetings shall be held at the common council room in said city, and they may adjourn regular sessions from time to time as may be deemed expedient, and may hold special meetings when necessary.

CHAPTER XL

OPENING, ALTERING AND CLOSING STREETS.

Common council may lay out streets, etc.

Sec. 1. The common council of the city of Port Huron shall have full power to lay out, establish, extend, widen, straighter, alter, close, vacate, or abolish any highways, streets, avenue, lanes, alleys, public grounds or spaces in said city, whenever they shall deem it a necessary public improvement, and private property may be taken therefor; but the necessity for using or taking such property, the just compensation to be made for the same, and the damages arising to any person from the making of said improvement shall be ascertained by a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders residing in said city.

Proceedings when private property is taken.

Sec. 2. Whenever the common council shall deem any such improvement necessary, they shall so declare by resolution, and in said resolution shall describe the contemplated improvement,

and if they intend to take private property therefor, they shall Ibid. declare such intention and describe such property in said resolution, with particularity sufficient for an ordinary conveyance thereof, and further declare that they will, on some day to be named in said resolution, apply to the recorder's court of said city for the drawing of a jury to ascertain the necessity for using the property intended to be taken if it be intended to take any for such improvement, to ascertain the just damages or compensation which any person may be entitled to if such intended improvement be made, and to apportion and assess such damages and compensation to and upon all lots, premises, and subdivisions thereof which will be benefited by such improvement; and the time to be named for applying to said court shall be on a day subsequent to the required publication of such notice or resolution.

Sec. 3. The common council shall give notice of the intended Notice to be improvement, and of their intended application to said court, cial paper. by causing a copy of said resolution, certified by the clerk of the city, to be published for four successive weeks in the official newspaper for the city, and one other newspaper published in said city, if there be one; and the marshal [shall] also give notice Notice to be of said resolution by delivering a notice thereof, with a copy owner, of the same annexed, to the owner or owners or agent of any private property intended to be taken, if they can be found in said city, which notice shall be directed to them, or if they cannot be found, by leaving the same at their place of residence, in said city, with some person of proper age. If they or their place of residence cannot be found, and such property be occupied, said notice and copy of such resolution shall be served by delivering the same to the occupant or occupants, or by leaving the same at their place of residence within said city with some person of proper age; but if the owner or owners or agents of such property, or their place of residence cannot be found, and it be not occupied, but they, their place of residence, and that of the occupant or occupants cannot be found, or if the owner or owners, occupant or occupants be un-

Ibid.

known, or non-residents of said city, then in either of such cases notice of such resolution may be given by posting the copy of said resolution in some conspicuous place upon the property intended to be taken. The marshal shall give notice of said resolution as above directed, and make return of his doings, of his manner of giving said notice, as soon as practicable after the passage thereof, which return shall be made to said recorder's court, at least six days before the day appointed in said resolution for hearing of said application; and all persons interested therein, after notice given in the manner aforesaid, shall take notice of, and be bound by all subsequent proceedings without any further notice, except as herein otherwise provided.

City attorney to make application to the recorder's court.

Sec. 4. The clerk of the city shall deliver to the city attorney a certified copy of the said resolution of the common council, whose duty it shall be to appear in said court and make the application therein referred to, and conduct all further proceedings thereon in behalf of the common council.

Marshal to make list of jurors. Sec. 5. Upon the day designated in said resolution, or some other day to be appointed by the court, and on filing a copy of said resolution, and an affidavit showing the required publication thereof, the marshal shall attend the court and write down the names of twenty-four disinterested freeholders residing in said city, and who shall be approved by the court as such disinterested freeholders and residents, and as qualified to serve.

Summoning of jury.

Sec. 6. Said court shall then issue a writ of summons, commanding the marshal to summon the said twenty-four persons to be and appear in said court to serve as jurors, on some day to be named therein, which shall not be less than seven days after the issuing thereof. The marshal shall serve such summons at least three days before the return day thereof, and make return in the same manner as in the case of summons for petit jurors of said court; and the persons thus summoned shall be bound to attend said court and serve until discharged, and said court shall impose upon them a fine not

exceeding five dollars for each day's non-attendance in court or neglect to serve; but they may be exempted and excused by the court from serving, for the same reasons which petit jurors may be exempted or excused.

Sec. 7. The names of the jurors in attendance, and who do prawing for not claim to be exempted, or who are not excused from serving, shall then be written by the clerk of the court on separate pieces of paper, of equal size and appearance as near as practicable, and be deposited by him in a box having a lid or cover. He shall then shake said box so as thoroughly to mix said slips of paper, and shall then draw impartially, openly, and in the presence of the court, so many of the slips of paper or ballots containing names written thereon, one after another, as shall be sufficient to form a jury. The right of challenge shall be allowed as in civil cases under the laws of this State.

Sec. 8. If, in consequence of jurors being exempted, excused proceedings when sumor set aside, there shall not be in the box any ballots, or a sufficient num
ber is not
cient number of ballots from which to draw a jury, the marshal drawn
shall forthwith, under the order of the court, summon such
number of persons as the court shall deem necessary, and may
order to be and appear in said court to serve as jurors, and
the persons thus summoned shall be returned, be bound to attend said court and serve, and be competent to form the jury
in the same manner and to the same effect as those first
summoned.

Sec. 9. The twelve persons who shall appear as their names Jury to be are drawn and called by the clerk, or who are called by him when all the ballots shall be drawn from the box, and shall be approved by the court as qualified, shall be the jury, and sworn to discharge their duties faithfully and according to the best of their abilities. Said court shall then instruct said jury as to their duty, and the law applicable to the case, and deliver to them a copy of the resolution of the common council as filed in said court, certified by the clerk of said court; and the city attorney shall give said jury legal advice and counsel concerning their duties, whenever requested.

Jury to examine premises to be taken.

Sec. 10. The jury shall go to the place of the intended improvement, and upon or as near as practicable to any property intended to be taken, and described in said resolution, or as the case may be, which will be damaged or benefited if the intended improvement be made.

To ascertain necessity for using property, and assess damages.

Sec. 11. Said jury shall then ascertain the necessity for using the property intended to be taken, if it be intended to take any for such improvement, and if they shall find in the affirmative, they shall next determine the just damages or compensation to be paid to the owner or owners of any property intended to be taken for, or that may be damaged by the intended improvement, and award to the owner or owners thereof such damages as they shall deem just. In estimating such damages any direct or peculiar benefit or increase of value accruing therefrom to land of the same owner adjoining to or connected with the land taken and forming part of the same parcel or tract, shall be considered by said jury and allowed by way of set off. If such property shall be subject to a valid mortgage, lease and agreement, or either, and such facts shall be made to appear to the jury, then said jury shall apportion and award to the owners of said property, the parties in interest to such mortgage, lease and agreement, or either of them, such portions of the damages and compensation as they shall deem just; and in all cases where any such damages shall be awarded, except for the laying out, establishing, opening, widening, altering or vacating any alley or alleys, such damages shall be payable out of the city treasury, and the means therefor shall be raised from time to time, as may be necessary, with the general city taxes.

Opening, widening, or vacating alleys.

Sec. 12. In case of the laying out, establishing, opening, widening, altering or vacating an alley or alleys, said jury shall further proceed to apportion the total damages or compensation to be paid for the proposed improvement among the lots of land, premises or subdivisions thereof, within the block in which the alley in question is situated and which will be benefited by the proposed improvement, apportioning and assessing

the same upon the said lots, premises and subdivisions thereof, as near as may be, in proportion as the same will be benefited by said improvement. The word "alley," as used in this chapter, shall be construed to mean only those ways or passages which bisect or divide the interior of a block. No alleys shall be opened except upon petition of the owners of the majority of the lots on the block or blocks to be intersected thereby, and upon security being given to indemnify the city against the expenses of opening said alleys.

Sec. 13. Said jury after completing the aforesaid duties shall Jury to then make in writing and each shall sign a report to said court of their doings, enclose the same in a sealed envelope, and file it in the office of the clerk of said court within thirty days after they were sworn.

Sec. 14. In cases where said jury shall find such improve-contents of ment to be necessary, they shall state in their report the just damages and compensation ascertained and awarded by them to the owners of any private property, or to any person claiming any interest therein by virtue of a valid mortgage, lease or agreement to which said property may be subject, together with the names of such owner or claimant, if known, and a description of the property intended to be taken. In case any damage and compensation be awarded to any person claiming an interest in such property by virtue of a valid mortgage, lease or agreement to which such property may be subject, it shall be sufficient to state further in such case the name of the claimant, the date of such mortgage, lease or agreement, or assignment thereof, if there be any, by virtue of which such claimant has an interest in the property intended to be taken.

Sec. 15. Said jury shall also, in the case provided by section Ibid. twelve, state in their report what portions in amount of the total ascertained damages and compensation they have apportioned to and assessed upon any lot, premises or subdivision thereof which will be benefited by the intended improvement, together with the names of the owners thereof, if known, and a description of the same, and also what portion, if any, of the

ascertained damages and compensation they have apportioned and assessed to the city of Port Huron in the case above provided for.

Court may confirm the report.

Sec. 16. Said report may be confirmed by said court at any term thereof, and the court shall appoint some day when it shall consider said report, and objections against the confirmation thereof on the part of all persons interested therein, whereof the city attorney shall give notice by publishing the same in the official newspaper of said city, and in one other newspaper published in said city, for two successive weeks; and he shall file in said court an affidavit of such publication before the time appointed for considering said report. Said objections shall be filed with the clerk in writing, but may be argued; and the consideration of said report and objections may be adjourned from time to time, until said report be confirmed or otherwise disposed of, as herein provided.

Report not to be annulled for objections as to matters of form.

Sec. 17. Said report shall not be annulled for objections as to matters of form; all objections shall be objections of law, and to matters of substance, but the damages and compensation to be paid to any person, or the portions thereof apportioned to and assessed upon any lot of land, premises or subdivision thereof, may be inquired into, if objected to as being excessively large or small.

Objections

Sec. 18. If no objections be filed, said report shall be confirmed; but if objections be filed, said court, after considering the same, shall, in its discretion, confirm or annul said report, or may refer it back to the same jury, for the purpose of reviewing all matters, and correcting all errors therein contained, and making any alteration thereof which said court may direct, or said jury may deem just and necessary; and thereon said jury shall review, correct or alter said report in manner aforesaid, and shall return and file the same with the clerk of said court within five days after said report was referred back to them as aforesaid, and thereupon said court shall confirm or annul said report.

Sec. 19. If said report be annulled, or the jury cannot agree, Proceedings or from death, sickness, or other cause shall fail to make a re-port is made port within the thirty days required above, the court may, on the application of the city attorney, designate some day in term when another jury may be had; and such jury shall be obtained, drawn, summoned, returned, bound to attend and serve, have the same qualifications, be sworn, and when sworn have the same powers and duties as the first jury. The same proceedings after they are sworn shall be had by them, and by and in said court, as provided for above after the first jury is sworn.

Sec. 20. If any juror, after being sworn, shall die, or from Substitutes may be appointed by the court may appointed by the court. Point another person to serve in his place, who shall be sworn, and shall have the like qualifications, powers and duties as those already sworn.

Sec. 21. Any person to whom damages and compensation Appeals. may be awarded for any of his property intended to be taken, or on account of the intended improvement, or to and upon whose property any portion of such damages and compensation may be apportioned and assessed, considering himself aggrieved, may appeal from the judgment of the recorder's court confirming the report of the jury, to the supreme court, by filing in writing with the clerk of said recorder's court, a notice of such appeal and specification of the errors complained of, within five days after the confirmation, and serving within the same time a copy of said notice and specifications of errors on the city attorney, and filing a bond in said recorder's court, to be approved of by the recorder, conditioned for the prosecution of the said appeal and the payment of all costs that may be awarded against the appellant, in case the judgment of confirmation of the recorder's court be affirmed.

Sec. 22. In case of appeal as above, it shall be the duty of Clerk to transmit the clerk of said recorder's court, forthwith, or as soon as copy of proceedings to practicable, to transmit to the supreme court a certified copy supreme court.

of all the proceedings in the case, which may be filed in the office of any clerk of said court.

Supreme court to de-

Sec. 23. The supreme court, at any term thereof, shall, with cide appeals. the least practicable delay, hear and try the matter of said appeal, and may affirm or reverse the judgment of the recorder's court confirming the report of the jury, but the same shall not be reversed for matter of form, nor for any errors except errors of law, and only in regard to the appellant or appellants. The court shall give judgment for reasonable costs and expenses in the matter of said appeal, and the proceedings thereon to be taxed. And all costs and expenses awarded to the city of Port Huron, in case of affirmation, shall be applied on and deducted from the damages and compensation if any, to be paid to the appellant and appellants.

Errors to be corrected by recorder's court.

Sec. 24. If there be a reversal for any errors which it is practicable for the recorder's court or said jury to correct, with due regard to the public interests and rights of individuals, the proceedings shall be remanded to said recorder's court, with direction that such error be corrected. Said recorder's court, at any term thereof, or (as the case may be) said jury, under the direction of said court, shall correct such error, and thereupon the report of the jury shall be affirmed by said recorder's court, without any further right of appeal.

Annulment of report, or reversal of judgment.

Sec. 25. In every case of annulment of the report of the jury by the recorder's court, or reversal by the supreme court, the common council, in behalf of said city, may, by resolution, elect to pay the damages and compensation claimed by, or the assessment made upon the property of the objector, appellant or appellants. On filing a certified copy of said resolution in the recorder's court, within twenty days after the annulment or reversal, the report of said jury shall be reviewed and confirmed by the recorder's court, as to all persons interested therein except the objector, appellant or appellants, and without further right of appeal. If the common council do not elect as above provided, all the proceedings shall be null and void, and no further proceedings shall be had, except in case

of a reversal, where the proceedings may have been remanded to the recorder's court for the correction of errors; in which case, such errors shall be corrected, and the report of the jury confirmed as above provided.

Sec. 26. If the report of the jury be confirmed by the re-Confirmation corder's court in any case above provided for, or if judgment court to be of comfirmation be affirmed on appeal to the supreme court, such confirmation shall be final and conclusive as to all persons interested therein, and the damages and compensation apportioned to and assessed upon any lot of land, premises or subdivision thereof, according to said report as confirmed, shall be a lien thereon from the time of the aforesaid confirmation until they are paid and satisfied.

Sec. 27. When the report of the jury shall have been thus Certified finally confirmed, or the judgment of confirmation affirmed copy of reby the supreme court, the clerk of the recorder's court shall clerk's office prepare a certified copy, under the seal of the court, of the report of the jury as confirmed by the recorder's court, and of the order of the court confirming the same, and the clerk shall file said certified copy in the office of the clerk of the city, who shall record the same at length in a book to be provided, used and known as a book of street records. Such certified copy, such record, or a like copy made and certified by the clerk of the recorder's court, shall, in all courts and places, be presumptive evidence of the matters therein contained, and of the regularity of all the proceedings, from the commencement thereof to the order of the court confirming the report of the jury; the common council to take possession of the premises for the uses for which they have sought to take the same.

Sec. 28. The amounts apportioned to and assessed upon all Collection of lots of land, premises or subdivisions thereof, for the benefits they will receive, shall be paid to the treasurer of said city in case of confirmation of the report of the jury, as above provided, or in case the judgment of confirmation be affirmed by the supreme court, and may be collected; and said lots, premises or subdivisions thereof, may be sold therefor in the 194-

same manner as in the case of collection or sale for assessments to pay costs and expenses of paving streets.

Compensat'n tendered to owner.

Sec. 29. Within sixty days after the confirmation of the report of the jury, or after the judgment of confirmation shall, on appeal, be affirmed, the common council shall pay or tender to the respective persons the several amounts of damages and compensation awarded to them, according to the report of the jury as confirmed or elected, as above provided for, to be paid by the common council; and in case any person shall refuse, the same be unknown, or a non-resident of said city, or for any reason incapacitated from receiving his or her amount, or the right thereto be disputed or doubtful, the common council may deposit the amount awarded in such case, or elected to be paid by the common council, in the treasury of the city, to the credit of any person entitled thereto, and shall, on demand, pay the same over to any person competent and entitled to receive it.

Common council may enter upon and take possession.

Sec. 30. Upon such payment, tender, or deposit in the city treasury, the same shall become a public highway, and the common council may enter upon, take possession, or convert the same to the uses and purposes for which it has been taken. A certificate of the city treasurer of such tender, payment or deposit, or record thereof in the book of street records, or certified copy of such records, shall, in all courts and places, be presumptive evidence of the facts therein stated, of the vesting of the fee of the property taken in the city of Port Huron, and of the right of the common council to take possession of and convert the same to the uses for which it has been taken.

Lease, etc., discharged tion of rep'rt of jury.

Sec. 31. In all cases where any real estate subject to any on confirma- lease or agreement shall be taken as aforesaid, all the covenants and stipulations contained therein shall cease, determine and be discharged upon the final confirmation of the report of the jury, or upon the affirmation by the supreme court of the judgment of confirmation. If a part only of such real estate be taken, said covenants and stipulations shall cease, determine and be discharged only as to such part; and the recorder's

court, upon the application of any party in interest to such Ibid. lease or agreement, and after a notice thereof of eight days, in writing, to the other parties in interest, may appoint three disinterested residents and freeholders of said city, commissioners, to determine the rents and payments to be thereafter paid, and the covenants, stipulations or conditions thereafter to be performed under such lease or agreement, in respect to the residue or part of such real estate not taken. Said commissioners shall, before entering on their duties, take and subscribe an oath, to be administered by the court, faithfully to discharge their duties, which oath shall be filed in said court. Said three commissioners shall make and sign a report, in writing, of their doings, to said court, which shall be filed therein within thirty days after their appointment; and said report, on being confirmed by the court, shall be binding and conclusive on the parties in interest to such lease or agreement.

Sec. 32. The common council shall pay said jury such com-compensat'n pensation for their services as they may deem just, and they shall have power to abandon or discontinue proceedings under this chapter in such recorder's court at any time before the final confirmation of the report of the jury; and after the final confirmation of the report of the jury, the common council shall, by a majority vote of the aldermen elect, decide whether they will pay the same or not; and if they decide not to pay the same, all further proceedings shall be abandoned, but said council shall pay all costs which have accrued to such time.

Sec. 33. For the purpose of introducing a greater uniformity Board of in the laying out the land in said city into public streets and upon the blocks, and to restrain persons from laying out such streets city. and blocks in a manner prejudicial to the interests of said city, there shall be constituted a board of commissioners upon the plan of the city, consisting of three persons, to be appointed by the common council on the nomination of the mayor; and no land within the limits of said city shall be laid out into blocks and public streets without the consent and approval of a majority of said commissioners in writing, entered upon a plan of

of jury.

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said land so laid out, which plan, duly acknowledged, and with said approval in writing thereon endorsed, shall be recorded in the register's office for the county of St. Clair: Provided, however, In cases where a parcel of land lies between parcels of land duly laid out by plats, now on record, whose streets do not correspond, in direction or size, the power of control shall not be so exercised over the platting of such intermediate parcel, in order to produce such correspondence, as to essentially diminish their value.

City clerk to be clerk of board.

Sec. 34. The city clerk shall act as the clerk of said board, and plans for the approval of said commissioners may be deposited with said clerk for their action thereon, and if approved, a copy thereof shall be filed with said clerk by the person making or laying out the same.

Plans to be approved by board.

Sec. 35. Any plans for laying out into public streets and blocks now existing in said city, and not acknowledged and recorded according to law, shall be of no validity until they receive the approval of said commissioners as hereinbefore provided.

Vacancies; how filled.

Sec. 36. If a vacancy occurs in the office of said commissioners, or either of them, it may be filled by the common council on the nomination of the mayor.

No compensation.

Sec. 37. The commissioners shall receive no compensation for their services.

CHAPTER XII.

TAXATION AND FINANCE.

Finances.

Sec. 1. The revenues and moneys of the corporation shall be divided into the following funds, viz:

General fund.

First. General fund, which shall be appropriated to defray the expenses of the city of Port Huron, for the payment of which out of some other fund, no provision is herein made.

Contingent fund.

Second. Contingent fund, to defray the contingent expenses of said city.

Third. Interest fund, to pay the interest on the funded debt Interest fund of said city.

Fourth. Sinking fund, to pay the funded debt of said city. Sinking fund Fifth. Fire department fund, to defray the expenses of pur-Fire department fund. chasing lots, erecting engine houses thereon, purchasing engines and other fire apparatus, and all other expenses necessary to maintain the fire department of said city.

Sixth. Poor fund, to defray the expenses of providing for Poor fund. and taking care of the poor of said city.

Seventh. General road fund, to defray the expenses of repair-General road ing paved streets and alleys, and of grading, paving and improving the highways, streets and alleys of said city, in front of, or adjacent to the property of the corporation.

Eighth. District road fund for each ward of the city, to de-District road fray the expenses of working, repairing, cleaning, and improving the highways, streets and alleys in the ward for which such district road fund is constituted and raised.

Ninth. Sewer fund, to defray the expenses of constructing sewer fund. or repairing sewers in said city.

Tenth. A street opening fund, to defray the expenses of street opening, widening, vacating, altering, straightening, extending or abolishing any highways, streets or avenues in said city, under the provisions of this act.

Eleventh. Street paving fund, to defray the expenses of street paving fund. grading, paving and graveling, McAdamizing or planking highways, streets, alleys, sidewalks and cross-walks in front of or adjacent to private property, and of putting curb-stones and culverts therein.

Twelfth. Public building fund, for purchasing any real es-Public tate for the erection thereon of any public buildings, and to building defray the expenses of erecting, repairing and preserving such public buildings as the common council is authorized to erect and maintain, and are not herein otherwise provided for; which fund shall from time to time, be divided into special building funds, to defray the expenses of erecting, repairing

and preserving the particular building or buildings for which such special building fund may be constituted or raised.

Recorder's court fund.

Thirteenth. Recorder's court fund, to maintain the recorder's court.

Water fund.

Fourteenth. Water fund, for reservoir and other supplies of water.

Bridge fund.

Fifteenth. Bridge fund.

Other funds.

Sixteenth. Such other funds as the common council may constitute for special purposes, not inconsistent with, nor to be taken from any of the funds above constituted or raised.

Annual city taxes

Sec. 2. The common council shall have power annually to levy, assess and collect taxes, not exceeding one per cent on the assessed value of all real and personal estate in said city, made taxable by the laws of this State, in order to defray the expenses, and for the purposes for which the general fund, contingent fund, fire department fund, poor fund, general road fund, and recorder's court fund, are constituted as above.

Ibid.

Sec. 3. The common council shall also have power annually to levy, assess and collect taxes on the assessed value of all real and personal estate in each ward of said city, made taxble by the laws of this State, in order to defray the expenses, and for the purposes for which the district road fund is constituted as above: *Provided*, That such taxes shall not exceed, in amount, the rates of township, road or highway taxes, as now or hereafter established by the laws of this State.

Ibid.

Sec. 4. The common council shall also have power annually to levy, assess and collect taxes, not exceeding three thousand dollars, on the assessed value of all real and personal estate in said city, made taxable by the laws of this State, in order to defray the expenses of constructing sewers, and for the purposes for which the sewer fund is constituted as above.

City clerk to report estimates of taxes to be raised.

Sec. 5. Before any taxes shall be levied, as aforesaid, for the purposes of the general fund, contingent fund, general road fund, street opening fund, district road fund, fire department fund, poor fund, sewer fund, and recorder's court fund, the city clerk shall present to the common council, in writing, his

estimate of the amount of taxes which, in his opinion, it may be necessary to raise for the ensuing year, for the purposes of said funds; shall state therein the amount estimated for the purposes of each of said funds, and also an estimate of the entire proposed expenditures for said year; whether the same is to be raised by tax, by loan, or by special assessment; and said estimate shall be published in the official paper of the city; and shall, at the same time, give to the common council any information in his power, and which they may require, concerning the finances of said city. The common council, after re-Mayor to call meeting of vising or altering said estimate, but not so as to exceed the citizens. aggregate taxes hereby authorized to be levied, shall direct the mayor, or acting mayor, to call a public meeting of the citizens of said city, to take into consideration the taxes proposed to be raised, and specified in said estimate, by publishing notice thereof in one or more newspapers published in said city, and posting the same in conspicuous places in said city, at least three days prior to the time of the meeting, which notice shall contain the substance of said estimate. Said meeting shall transact the business for which it was called. If a majority of the citizens present shall consent to the levying of the taxes specified in said estimate, then the common council shall proceed to levy, assess and collect the same, or such part thereof as may have been consented to; but if said meeting shall not consent to the levying of said taxes, the said common council may call a second meeting of said citizens, in the same manner, and which shall have the same powers as the first meeting hereinbefore provided for.

Sec. 6. The common council shall annually levy, assess, and Interest collect, on the assessed value of all the real and personal estate fund tax. in said city, made taxable by the laws of this State, taxes for the purposes of the interest fund, not exceeding in amount a sufficient sum to pay the interest accrued or to accrue on the funded debt of said city, and of the bonds of the board of education of said city for the year for which such taxes are levied; also, taxes for the purposes of the sinking funds, and also taxes

for the purpose of paying such funded debt or bonds when they become due.

Sewer tax.

Sec. 7. The common council shall also have power annually to levy, assess and collect a tax or assessment on all lots, premises and subdivisions thereof, drained by private sewers or drains, leading into, or connected with any public sewer or drain, which tax shall be one dollar and fifty cents on every lot, premises or subdivision thereof having a cellar; fifty cents if there be no cellar thereon, and such sums as the common council may fix for all lots and establishments drained as aforesaid, and requiring an unusual or extraordinary amount of drainage; said tax or assessment shall be credited to the sewer fund, and applied to the repairing of sewers and drains; and if the same be more than is required for such purpose, the surplus may be applied to the construction of sewers and drains.

Grading and paving taxes.

Sec. 8. The common council shall also have power from time to time te levy, assess, and collect a tax or assessment on all lots, premises, or subdivisions thereof, sufficient to defray the expenses of grading and paving, graveling, McAdamizing, or planking any highway, avenue, street, lane, alley, or cross-walk in said city in front of, or adjacent to such lots, premises, or subdivisions thereof, and of putting curb-stones and culverts therein, which tax or assessment shall be credited to the street paving fund: Provided however, That such tax or assessment shall not, in any one year, exceed, in the aggregate, the sum of ten thousand dollars; such grading, paving, graveling, McAdamizing, planking, and putting in of curb-stones and culverts, shall be commenced and completed, and all contracts therefor shall require the same to be commenced and completed within the seven months next preceding the first day of December.

City bonds.

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Sec. 9. The bonds of said city shall be regularly dated and numbered in the order of their issuance, shall be for sums not less than one hundred dollars each, shall bear interest not exceeding ten per cent. per annum, shall be payable in not more than twenty years from date, shall be issued under the seal of the corporation, signed by the mayor and countersigned by the

city clerk. The city clerk shall keep an accurate record of said clerk to bonds, showing the class of indebtedness to which they belong, of bonds, the number, date, and amount of each bond, its rate of interest, when and where the same is payable, and the person to whom it is issued. The proceeds of said bonds shall be paid to the treasurer and credited to the fund for which it was raised, and applied exclusively to the purposes for which said fund is constituted, as above: *Provided*, That whenever there shall be Proviso in any fund a surplus more than is necessary for the purpose for which said fund was set apart or raised, the common council shall have power to apply said surplus to any other fund or funds.

Sec. 10. No contract shall be let or entered into for labor or contracts for public materials, to be employed in the construction of a city hall buildings. building, for the use of the officers of the corporation, jail, house of correction, or market, or market building, exceeding in amount twenty-five thousand dollars in any one year.

Sec. 11. No contract shall be let or entered into for the con-To be approved by struction of any public work within said city not herein other-common council, wise provided for, and no such public work shall be commenced until it shall have been approved by the common council, and a tax or assessment levied to defray the costs and expenses thereof; and no such public work shall be paid for, or contracted to be paid for, except out of the proceeds of the tax or assessment thus levied.

Sec. 12. No contract for the purchase of any real estate, or to be let to the construction of any public building, sewer, paving, responsible graveling, planking McAdamizing, or for the construction of any public work whatever, or for any work to be done, or for purchasing or for furnishing any material, printing, or supplies for said corporation, if the purchase of said real estate, or the expense of such construction, repair, work, materials or supplies, shall exceed two hundred dollars, shall be let or entered into except to and with the lowest responsible bidder, with adequate security, and as to such work or materials, requiring mechanical

Ibid.

skill, to and with practical mechanics, and as to such other work, supplies or materials, not requiring mechanical skill, to and with such persons as shall be deemed competent for the performance of any such contract, and not until advertised proposals and specifications therefor shall have been duly published in at least one newspaper published in said city, and for such period as the common council shall prescribe; and no bid shall be accepted from, or contract awarded to any person who is in arrears to the corporation upon debt or contract, or who is a defaulter, as security or otherwise, upon any obligation to the corporation, or who shall be in other respects disqualified according to the provisions of this act.

No bond to be issued except as provided.

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Sec. 13. No loan, bond, or other evidence of debt not expressly authorized by this act, or by any act hereby continued in force, shall be made or issued by the common council or any officer of the corporation: Provided, however, That the common council may issue new bonds for the refunding of bonds and evidences of debt already issued, and the proper officer of the corporation may draw and issue orders on the treasury for the necessary and current expenses of the city.

Council not to borrow money except as here-

Sec. 14. The common council shall not have authority to borrow, except as herein provided, any sums of money whatin provided. ever on the credit of the corporation, but may authorize the city clerk to borrow from time to time on such credit, in anticipation of the revenues, such sums as may be necessary to meet the expenditures under the appropriations for the current and fiscal year.

New bonds.

Sec. 15. All new bonds issued for the refunding of bonds and evidences of debt before issued, shall show the class of indebtedness to which they belong, be issued on the best terms that can be made, be regularly dated and numbered in the order of their issuance; shall be for sums not less than one hundred dollars each; shall be issued under the seal of the corporation, signed by the mayor and countersigned by the city The city clerk shall keep an accurate record, showing the class of indebtedness to which they belong, the number,

date and amount of each bond, its rate of interest, when and where the same is payable, and the person to whom it is issued, and showing also what bonds or evidences of debt have been thereby refunded.

Sec. 16. All bonds and evidences of debt, when refunded, Refunded shall be canceled and destroyed by the treasurer in the prescanceled. ence of the city clerk and a special committee of the common council appointed for that purpose. He shall record and keep an accurate description of all bonds and evidences of debt thus canceled and destroyed.

Sec. 17. All bonds and evidences of debt issued, and all Bonds, etc.; when void. contracts made or entered into contrary to or not authorized by the provisions of this [act,] shall be absolutely void. The common council shall incur [no expense] and create or pay no debt or liability contrary to or not authorized by the provisions of this act, and shall not appropriate or use the property or moneys of the corporation, except as authorized by and in pursuance of law.

Sec. 18. No claim or demand against the corporation shall no claim to be allowed or paid, or warrant on the treasury issued therefor, contrary to if the same be contrary to or is not authorized by law, and no additional allowance beyond the legal claim under any contract with the corporation, or for any service on its account or in its employment shall be allowed; no warrant on the treasury shall be drawn for any claim or demand, for the payment of which there is no money in the treasury raised or received for such purpose, or after the fund constituted and raised therefor has been exhausted by warrants previously drawn thereon, or by appropriations, liabilities, debts and expenses actually made, incurred or contracted for, and to be paid out of such fund.

Sec. 19. No moneys shall be paid out of the treasury except Moneys; upon a warrant signed by the city clerk and approved or authorized by the common council in pursuance of law; such warrant shall specify the purpose for which the amount thereof is to be paid, with sufficient clearness to indicate the particular

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fund constituted or raised therefor, shall have endorsed thereon the name of the particular fund out of which it is payable, and shall be paid from the fund constituted for such purpose, and from no other.

Claims to be accompanied by affidavit of claimant,

Sec. 20. No claim against the corporation shall be audited or paid unless accompanied by the affidavit of the claimant, if such affidavit be required by the city clerk, that the service, labor or materials upon which such claim is based, have been actually rendered, performed or furnished; that said claim is justly due, and that no part thereof has been paid except as to the credits, if any, set forth in the account therefor.

Liabilities; limit of. Sec. 21. The common council shall not, by warrant, draft, or order on the treasury, or by any form of contract, create any liability or expense, for the payment of which any particular fund is constituted as above, to a greater amount in the aggregate for any one year than the amount of moneys raised for and paid into such fund for the year. All warrants, drafts, orders and contracts, payable under this act out of any particular fund, and issued or made after the moneys raised for and paid into such fund shall have been exhausted by payment therefrom, or liabilities created and to be paid out of said fund, shall be absolutely void as against the corporation.

No contract for public work to be entered into with member of common council.

Sec. 22. No contract or agreement, written or verbal, to which the corporation shall be a party, or to which any officer or board thereof shall officially be a party, for the construction of any pavement, building, sewer, or performance of any public work whatsoever, or contract or agreement requiring the expenditure, receipt or disposition of money or property by the corporation, or any officer or board thereof, or creating any debt or liability, shall be let or entered into, either directly or indirectly with any member of the common council, or other officer of the corporation, either as principal or surety; and any such contract or agreement thus let or entered into shall be absolutely void.

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Sec. 23. No ordinance, resolution or proceeding of the com-Ordinances, mon council imposing taxes or assessments, or requiring the be passed at payment, expenditure or disposition of money or property, or ing of introcreating any debt or liability therefor, and no other ordinance shall be passed at the same meeting at which it was introduced, unless by unanimous consent, or at a special meeting called therefor; and every such ordinance, resolution or proceeding, shall be passed by yeas and nays, to be entered on the record.

Sec. 24. The common council shall determine the fiscal year, Fiscal year. and within one month after the end thereof, the city clerk shall render to the common council a full, complete and detailed statement, with tabular list, of all moneys received and expended by the corporation for the preceding fiscal year, showing on what account they were received and expended, to what funds they were credited, and out of what funds they were paid, and classifying each receipt and expenditure under its appropriate head. In such statement he shall also give, by tabular lists and otherwise, such general information as may be necessary for an understanding of the pecuniary resources and liabilities of said city, and of the condition of each fund, and may make such recommendations concerning the same as the interest of said city may require. The common council shall cause said statement to be published in the official newspaper of said city, and in such other paper or papers as the common council may direct.

Sec. 25. The common council and the city clerk, or either, Estimates, may, at any time, require from the various officers and boards of officers to of the corporation, and it shall be their duty to furnish, when required, and in such form as shall be required, full and particular estimates, in detail, of the expenses of their offices or departments for the current or next ensuing fiscal year, and also full and particular accounts, in detail, of their expenses for any past year, or for any part thereof.

Sec. 26. The common council shall have power to contract Deposit of with any safe bank or banks for the safe keeping of the public city funds. moneys, and for the receipt of interest, at a rate not exceeding

that established by law, upon such moneys of the corporation deposited with such bank or banks, and to be drawn on account current from such bank or banks by the corporation or proper officer thereof, and such interest shall belong and be credited to the sinking fund.

Negotiation of loans.

Sec. 27. The mayor, city clerk, and chairman of the committee on ways and means, shall be a committee for the negotiation of all loans authorized by this act, except as to any loans to be made by the city clerk, under the authority of the common council, as above provided, and a majority of said committee shall have power to make such negotiations, subject to the approval of the common council.

Moneys; how to be credited. Sec. 28. All taxes and moneys raised, received or appropriated for the purpose of any particular fund, shall be paid in and credited to such particular fund, and all taxes and moneys not raised, received or appropriated for the purposes of any particular fund, shall be paid in and credited to the general fund, or such other fund as the common council shall direct.

How to be applied.

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Sec. 29. The moneys belonging to the several funds of the corporation, and all taxes and moneys raised, received or appropriated for the purposes thereof, shall be applied to the purposes for which said funds are respectively constituted as above, and for which said taxes and moneys are raised, received or appropriated: *Provided*, however, That if, from any cause, there shall be, at the end of any fiscal year, a surplus in any other than the public building fund, the district road fund for each ward, and the sinking fund, over and above the actual or estimated cost of any work for which the moneys of any fund was specifically raised, such surplus shall be transferred and credited by the treasurer as the council may direct.

Not to be transferred from their appropriate tunds. Sec. 30. Moneys shall not be transferred from one fund to another, and the moneys received and property belonging to one fund shall not be credited to any other or different fund, except to the sinking fund, as above provided; but the city clerk shall have the power to divide the several funds above

constituted into special funds, to defray special expenses belonging to the same class of expenses, for the payment of which said several funds are above constituted, unless there shall be a surplus as above provided.

Sec. 31. The mayor, city clerk, treasurer, and committee on Commis'rs ways and means, and their successors in office, by virtue of fund; pow'rs and duties of their offices, shall be a board of commissioners of the sinking fund. They shall, from time to time, upon the best terms they can make, purchase or pay the outstanding funded debt of said city, or such part thereof as they may be able to purchase or pay, until the same be fully purchased up or paid; and all bonds and evidences of debt thus purchased or paid, shall be delivered to the treasurer, and shall become and be the property of the commissioners of the sinking fund, and the interest thereon shall be credited and belong to the sinking fund; and whenever they cannot arrange for purchasing or paying the said debt, or any part thereof, they shall temporarily, and until they can so arrange, invest the moneys belonging to said sinking fund in such securities, paying an interest of not less than seven per cent., as they may deem safe and advisable. Said commissioners shall, from time to time, and whenever requested by the common council, make report of their doings, which report shall be made to the common council, referred to and filed with the city clerk, and recorded by him in some proper book to be provided for the purpose.

Sec. 32. Said board of commissioners of the sinking fund To be a shall be a board of the corporation within the meaning of this corporation. act, and shall be subject to the provisions of any existing or future ordinances of said city relative to the sinking fund; they shall meet from time to time for the transaction of business, and may adopt rules of proceeding at their meetings. majority of the whole board shall be a quorum for the transaction of business, but they shall not purchase in or pay the outstanding funded debt of said city, or invest any of the moneys belonging to the sinking fund, as above provided, except under a resolution for such purpose passed and approved by the vote

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Mayor to preside.

of a majority of the whole board, and by yeas and nays to be entered of record. The mayor, or, in his absence, some member, to be appointed by those present, shall preside at their meetings. They shall appoint one of their members secretary of the board, whose duty it shall be to keep a true record of its doings.

Treasurer.

Sec. 33. The treasurer shall have the custody of all moneys, securities, and evidences of value, belonging to or pertaining to the sinking fund, and shall pay out the moneys of said fund only by order of the commissioners, or a majority thereof, and upon the warrant of the city clerk.

Indebtedness; how secured. Sec. 34. The faith and property of the city of Port Huron shall remain pledged for the final payment of all bonds issued, and of all moneys borrowed by authority of and in accordance with this or any other act of the Legislature of this State.

Malfeasance in office; how punished. Sec. 35. If any officer of the corporation shall, directly or indirectly, appropriate or convert any of the moneys, securities, evidences of value, or any property whatsoever, belonging to the corporation, or any board thereof, to his own use, or shall, directly or indirectly, and knowingly appropriate or convert the same to any other purpose than that for which such moneys, securities, evidences of value, or property may have been appropriated, raised or received, or to any purpose not authorized by law, he shall be deemed guilty of willful and corrupt malfeasance in office, and may be prosecuted, tried and convicted therefor, and on conviction may be punished by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisonment in the State prison, jail of St. Clair county, or jail of said city, not exceeding three years, or either, in the discretion of the court

CHAPTER XIII.

Assessor.

Sec. 1. There shall be an assessor appointed by the common council, upon the recommendation of the mayor, who shall hold his office for the term of three years, and shall receive such compensation as the common council may determine.

- Sec. 2. The said assessor shall, between the first days of Dutles of assessor. February and April, in each year, assess all the real and personal property subject to assessment or taxation by the laws of this State, within the limits of each ward respectively of said city, and shall within the same period, make out and complete the assessment rolls, one for each ward respectively, in books to be provided for that purpose by the common council, and to be delivered to said assessor on or before the first day of January in each year: Provided, however, That the assessment Proviso of real and personal property, made in the year eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, shall be and remain the basis of taxation within said city for the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and until the assessment for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty shall have been made out.
- Sec. 3. The assessor, together with the supervisor of the Supervisors. respective wards of the city of Port Huron shall be and are hereby vested with the powers and duties of supervisors, as provided by the laws of this State, not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter; and said assessors and supervisors shall attend the annual session of the board of supervisors of the county of St. Clair, in October, and all other sessions thereof, and shall represent the interests of this corporation in such board.

Sec. 4. If any lot or lots shall lie partly in two or more Assessment wards the same shall be assessed in the ward where the greater proportion of such lot or lots is situated, and the said assessor shall describe all lands, tenements and subdivision thereof subject to assessment or tax in said city by referring to the number and section of the lot and the owner or occupant thereof, and if the number and section of any lot or the owner and occupant thereof cannot be ascertained, then by such other sufficient description as such assessor may deem proper, and if by mistake or otherwise, any person may be improperly designated as the owner of any lot, tenement or premises, such assessment or tax shall not for that cause be vitiated, but the

same shall be a lien on such lot, tenement or premises, and collected as in other cases.

Authority of ASSESSOT.

Sec. 5. The assessor shall have power and authority to demand of every person owning or having charge, as agent or otherwise, of any property taxable in any ward, a list of such property, with such description as will enable him to assess the same, which demand may be made in writing and by delivering the same to such person, or by leaving the same at his place of residence with some person of proper years and discretion; and if the person of whom such demand may be made shall not within ten days thereafter deliver to such assessor a list of the property in said ward belonging to him or her, or under his or her charge, with a correct description of the same, or if he shall omit any such property in the list delivered, said assessor shall have power and it shall be his duty to asses such property upon such knowledge or information as may be satisfactory to him, at its cash value, and according to his best judgment and discretion.

Board of review.

Sec. 6. Said assessor shall make out and complete the entire assessment rolls for the respective wards, and after all the rolls have been completed, the said assessor, together with the city clerk, and chairman of the committee on ways and means, shall meet together on the first Monday of April in each year, in the common council room in said city, and organize as a board of review for the purpose of hearing complaints of any and all persons against any assessments contained in any of said rolls, and altering or correcting the same, as the majority of the Sessions of board shall deem proper. Said board shall continue in session from day to day from nine A. M., until twelve o'clock noon, for the space of three days, which period may be extended by order of the common council not exceeding ten days; and any person considering himself aggrieved in the premises, may complain thereof verbally or in writing before the board of review; and on sufficient cause being shown by the affidavit of such person or by other evidence, to the satisfaction of such board, they shall review the assessment complained of, and may alter or

correct the same as to the person charged thereby, the property described therein and the estimated value thereof. The concurrence of a majority of all the board shall be sufficient to decide any question of altering or correcting an assessment complained of. The board or a majority of them having completed the review and correction of their assessment rolls, shall respectively sign and return the same to the common council. The members of said board shall receive no compensation for To receive their services while acting on said board, other than their sala-sation. ries, excepting the chairman of the committee on ways and means, who shall receive such compensation as the common council shall prescribe.

Sec. 7. At the meetings of the board of review, as required to have by the preceding section, they shall have the same power to as supervireview, correct and equalize the assessment rolls of the several wards which supervisors now or hereafter may have by law to review, correct and equalize the assessment rolls of townships in the respective counties of this State.

Sec. 8. The city clerk shall cause a notice to the tax-payers Notice of of said city to be published in the official newspaper of the be published city, and in one other newspaper published in said city for two weeks prior to the time of the first meeting of said board of review, stating the time and place of meeting of said board, and the object for which it will meet, and the length of time it will continue its sessions. Said notice shall be published in said newspapers, on each publication day thereof, until the expiration of the time provided above for the sitting of said board.

Sec. 9. The common council, after the expiration of said Common period in which the board of review are to sit, as above pro-consider vided, for reviewing their assessment rolls, shall, at its next rolls. regular session, proceed to consider said assessment rolls; and any person aggrieved by the assessment of his property, and the decision of such board of review thereon, may appeal to the common council at said regular session. Every appeal shall be in writing, and shall state specially the grounds of the appeal, and the matter complained of, and no other matter

shall be considered by the common council. While acting upon said assessment rolls or appeals, any member of said board may meet with the common council, and make such explanations as they may deem requisite in any case.

Common council to hear and determine appeals.

Sec. 10. The common council shall hear and determine all appeals in a summary manner, and correct any errors which they may discover in the assessment rolls, and may place therein the names of any persons, and the descriptions of any property not already assessed, and assess the same, and may increase or diminish any assessment, as they may see fit: Provided, That they shall not increase any assessment of property without giving a reasonable opportunity to the persons owning or having charge of the same, if known, to appear and object thereto.

Proviso.

Time for hearing ap-

Sec. 11. The common council may continue the consideration peals limited of said assessment rolls, and the hearing of said appeals, from session to session, for a period not exceeding five days after the time when they are to be first considered as above provided; and on or before the expiration of said period of five days, they shall be fully and finally confirmed by the common council, and shall remain as the basis of all taxes to be levied and collected in the city of Port Huron, according to property valuetion, until another assessment shall have been made and confirmed as above provided for.

City clerk to cause taxes to be assessed.

Sec. 12. After the assessment rolls shall have been fully and finally confirmed as provided in the preceding section, it shall be the duty of the city clerk to cause the amount of all taxes, in dollars and cents, authorized to be assessed and collected in each year, to be ratably assessed to each person named, or lot or property described, upon and according to the aggregate valuation such person or lots, or property shall have been assessed in said assessment rolls or book prepared for that purpose, to be known as the tax roll for each ward, in separate columns, showing the amount of highway, sewer, school and city taxes assessed to each person or lot, or property, in each

year; and the city clerk shall cause the said rolls or book to To deliver be completed and delivered to the city treasurer, on or before treasurer. the third Monday of June, in each year, who shall give a re-Treasurer ceipt therefor and be charged therewith, and who shall retain ceipt theresaid rolls or book in his office, until such day as shall be designated by the common council, but not exceeding sixty days in each year, during which time any person assessed therein may pay the amount of taxes assessed against each person respectively, to said treasurer, who shall receive and give a receipt therefor, and mark the same paid upon the proper roll; and when warafter the expiration of the time for the payment of taxes to for collect'n the treasurer, as aforesaid, the treasurer shall then cause to be made out, copies of the taxes remaining due and unpaid on such assessment rolls for each ward, and warrants authorizing the collection thereof, together with such percentage as shall have been fixed by the common council as compensation for the collection of such taxes or assessment, and to be stated in such warrants, may be issued and annexed to each tax or assessment roll, signed by the city clerk and under the corporate seal of the city, directed to the proper collector of the city, and made returnable upon such day as shall have been designated by the common council, commanding him to collect from the Levy and persons named in the assessment rolls, the assessment or taxes sale of property, etc. therein specified and set forth as due from such persons, and for such purpose, if necessary, to levy upon and sell the personal property of such person, occupant or lessee refusing or neglecting to pay the same, whenever and wherever the same may be found within the limits of said city, and to pay over and account for the taxes or assessments then collected according to law. The treasurer shall charge the amount of taxes remaining unpaid upon said rolls, to the collector or collectors of said city receiving the same, respectively, and shall also take a receipt therefor. Warrants for the collection of taxes or assessments, may be extended or renewed from time to time, as the common council shall direct.

Power and duty of collector.

Sec. 13. By virtue of said warrants, the collector or collectors to whom they may be directed, shall have power to levy upon the personal property of persons from whom taxes may be due, wherever and whenever the same may be found within the limits of said city, and shall sell the same in the same manner, and with the same duties and powers of proceeding as now, or hereafter may be provided by the laws of this State for the collection of State and county taxes by township treasurers or collectors; and all moneys thus collected shall be paid over by the collector or collectors to the treasurer of said city, at such times and under such regulations as shall be prescribed by the common council.

Taxes to remain a lien on property assessed.

Sec. 14. Every assessment or tax lawfully levied or imposed by the authority of the common council, on any lands, tenements, hereditaments or premises whatsoever in said city, shall be and remain a lien upon such lands, tenements, hereditaments or premises, from the time of making such assessment or imposing such tax until paid; and the owner or occupants of, or parties in interest in said real estate, shall be liable on demand to pay every such assessment or tax; and if there be default in paying the same or any part thereof, or if such person or persons be non-residents of said city, and goods and chattels cannot be found, out of which to collect such assessment or tax, by levy and sale, hereinbefore provided, it shall be lawful for said common council to cause a notice to be published in the official newspaper of said city, for four successive weeks, requiring the owners or occupants of, or parties in interest in such lands, tenements, hereditaments or premises to pay such assessment or tax, and that, if default be made in making such payment, such real estate will be leased at public auction, at a day and place to be specified in said notice, for the lowest term of years at which any person shall offer to take the same, in consideration of advancing and paying such assessment or tax, with the costs and charges of such sale.

Unpaid taxes; how collected.

Sec. 15. If the owners or occupants or parties in interest in such real estate do not pay such assessment or tax, with the

costs and charges, within the period above prescribed for the publication of said notice, then the said common council shall have power, without any further notice, to cause such real estate to be leased at public auction for the lowest term of years at which any person shall offer to take the same, in consideration of advancing such assessment or tax, with the costs and charges, and to direct the execution of a proper certificate of such lease to the purchaser thereof; and if such real estate when clerk shall not be redeemed within one year after such sale thereof lease. as hereinafter provided, the city clerk shall, in the name of and for the city of Port Huron, execute and deliver to such purchaser, or his assignee, a proper lease or conveyance of such real estate for the term for which the same was sold, which deed shall, in all courts, be prima facie evidence of the regularity of all the proceedings under which the sale was made and said lease was executed, up to the date of the lease, and of the regularity of the lease; and any person who shall, under such lease, enter into any such real estate and erect or place any building or building materials thereon, or otherwise improve the same, shall have the right, at any time within three months after the expiration of said term, or in case the person so holding shall be ousted before the expiration of such term by any person claiming adversely to said lease, then within three months after trial, judgment of ouster or ejectment, and payment of the rent thereon, to remove such building or building materials or other improvements from said real estate.

Sec. 16. When any lands, tenements, and hereditaments Redemption shall be sold, according to the foregoing provisions, for the leased. payment of any assessment or tax, as aforesaid, if the owners or occupants of, or parties in interest in the same shall, within one year after such sale, deposit with the treasurer of said city for the use of the purchaser, the full amount of assessment or tax for which such real estate was sold, and such interest as the common council shall prescribe as hereafter authorized, together with the amount of the costs and charges, then the term for which such real estate was sold shall cease and be de-

termined at the time of making such deposit, subject, however, to the right of the purchaser, his heirs, executors, administrators or assigns, to remove any building or building materials as hereinbefore provided.

Occupants of real estate to be liable for taxes.

Sec. 17. Any person in possession of any real estate at the time any tax is to be collected, shall be liable to pay the tax imposed thereon; and in case any other person, by agreement or otherwise, ought to pay such tax or any part thereof, the person in possession, who shall pay the same, may recover the amount paid from the person who ought to have paid the same, in an action of assumpsit, as for moneys paid out and expended for his use and benefit.

Interest to be charged on unpaid taxes.

Sec. 18. The common council shall have power to charge interest at a rate not exceeding fifty per cent. per annum, after the return of any tax or assessment, and twenty-five per cent per annum from the time of sale, on the amount of any assessment or tax, for the non-payment of which any lands, tenements or hereditaments may be sold, and upon the amount to be paid upon the redemption of any such real estate and premises so sold.

Rights of purchasers of property leased for taxes.

Sec. 19. Any person who shall, at such sale, purchase for a term of years any lots, grounds or wharves, shall have the right to remove any building or building materials, or other improvements or other personal property erected or deposited by or belonging to him or any person holding under him or her, and situated on said lots, grounds or wharves, at any time within three months after the expiration of the term of time for which the same was sold, as specified in section fifteen of this chapter.

Clerk to issue conveyname of the corporation.

Sec. 20. The city clerk, or in his absence the mayor, may exances in the ecute, in the name of the corporation, and under its corporate seal, proper conveyances, or certificates of sale of all lands, tenements or hereditaments sold for assessments or taxes, which, when duly acknowledged and attested by the city clerk, may be recorded as other conveyances of land under the laws of this State.

Sec. 21. It shall be the duty of the city clerk to bid in for Clerk to bid the corporation, at any sale of real estate for assessments or tate in certaxes, every lot of land or premises for which no person shall offer to bid; and if any purchaser should refuse or neglect to pay the sum or sums bid by him within the time and under the regulations prescribed by the common council, such bid shall inure to the use and benefit of the corporation, if the common council so elect. Upon all such bids by the city clerk, and all bids inuring as aforesaid to the use and benefit of the corporation, conveyances or certificates of sale may be executed by the city clerk to the corporation, acknowledged, attested by the seal of the city, recorded in the same manner as above provided in other cases of sale for assessments or taxes. And the city clerk, under such regulations as the city council may make, may sell and convey the title or claim thereby acquired, and the purchaser shall have the same rights in regard thereto as if he had purchased the same at the original sale.

Sec. 22. All conveyances, certificates of sale, and leases of Conveyances any lands, tenements or hereditaments, executed by the corpo-as evidence. ration or any of its officers by virtue of this act, shall be taken and received in all courts and proceedings as prima facie evidence of the regularity of the proceedings on which such conveyances, certificates of sale, lease, or any title claimed thereby are founded.

CHAPTER XIV.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sec. 1. The corporation created by this act shall pay and dis-new corporation to be charge all the debts, obligations, contracts and liabilities of the responsible for debts, council and freemen of the city of Port Huron, and suits may etc., of the be brought and prosecuted thereon against said corporation, in law or equity, to the same effect as they could be brought and prosecuted against the freemen of the city of Port Huron, if this act had not been passed.

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All public property, etc., to belong to new corporation.

Sec. 2. All property, real, personal and mixed, and rights of property in law or in equity, and all debts, fines, penalties, forfeitures, rights and causes of action, and all rights and powers not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, which belong, have accrued or may accrue to the council and freemen of the city of Port Huron, or to the inhabitants of the city of Port Huron, in their corporate capacity, shall be and the same are hereby declared to be fully and absolutely vested in the corporation created by this act, and be held subject to the provisions thereof, and may be prosecued for and recovered or claimed, asserted and maintained by the corporation, in its own name, or in any other lawful man

Prosecut'ns, etc., to be continued.

Sec. 3. All writs, properties actions and causes of actions, now in suit, and it is or commenced by or against the city of Port Huron, all the and may be prosecuted to the end thereof the end thereof to the end thereof the end t

Rights, etc., to remain intact.

Sec. 4. All causes of action, rights and liabilities of individuals, of the State, and of bodies corporate, shall continue and remain as if this act had not been passed, except of the council and freemen of the city of Port Huron, whose act of incorporation is hereby repealed.

Acts now in force not to be invalidated.

Sec. 5. This act shall not invalidate any legal act done by the council of the city of Port Huron, or by the common council, or any officer of said city now or heretofore in office.

Old ordinances, etc., to remain in force.

Sec. 6. All ordinances, by-laws, regulations, resolutions and rules of the common council of the city of Port Huron, not inconsistent with this act, shall remain in force until altered, amended or repealed by the common council under this act, and after the same shall take effect.

Residence not to rend'r any officer incompetent

Sec. 7. No person shall be an incompetent judge, justice of the peace, or other officer, witness or juror, by reason of his being an inhabitant or freeholder in the city of Port Huron, in any prosecution or proceeding in the recorder's court, in any action or proceeding in which the corporation shall be a party in interest, or in any judicial or other proceeding.

- Sec. 8. The record of any ordinance or resolution enacted record of or passed by the common council, made by the clerk, as required dinances to be received of the clerk in this act, or a copy thereof, certified by such as evidence. clerk, under the seal of the corporation, shall be presumptive evidence in all courts, places and proceedings, of the due passage of such ordinance, and of its having been duly published; copies of all other records and papers duly filed in and pertaining to the office of the clerk, certified by him, under the seal of the corporation, shall be evidence in all courts and places, to the same effect as the originals would be if produced.
- Sec. 9. Proof [of] the requisite publication of any ordinance, Affidavit of publisher to resolution or other proceeding, required to be published in any be evidence of publicat'n newspaper, by the affidavit of a printer or publisher thereof, taken before any officer authorized to administer oaths and take affidavits, and duly filed with the clerk of the city, or any other competent proof shall, in all courts and places, be conclusive evidence of the legal publication of such ordinance, resolution or other proceeding.
- Sec. 10. All ordinances and by-laws of the common council Ordinances printed by printed by their authority, shall, in all courts, places and pro-order of common council ceedings, be received without further proof as prima facie evi-to be received dence thereof, and of their legal enactment and publication.
- Sec. 11. Any person required to take an oath or affirmation, Perjury. or to make any affidavit or statement under oath or affirmation, under any provision of this act, who shall, under such oath or affirmation, in any such statement or affidavit, or otherwise, willfully swear falsely as to any material matter, shall be guilty of perjury, and may be prosecuted therefor, and on conviction, punished as in the case of perjury under the general laws of this State.
- Sec. 12. This act shall be deemed a public act, for all Public act. purposes.
- Sec. 13. If any suit shall be commenced against any person costs to be elected or appointed under this act to any office, for any act certain suits done or omitted to be done under such election or appointment, or against any person having done any thing or act by

the command of any such officer, and if final judgment be rendered in such suit whereby any such defendant shall be entitled to costs, he shall recover double costs in the manner defined by law.

Term of office of cer-

Sec. 14. All the officers of said city who may be in office at tain officers. the passage of this act, shall continue to exercise the duties of their respective offices until the term for which they were elected shall have expired, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

Recorder's court.

Sec. 15. The recorder's court shall possess all the powers of courts of common law, and courts of record in this State, to carry into effect the jurisdiction and powers conferred upon it by this act, and under any general law of this State.

Process; how shall run.

Sec. 16. All process issued against said city shall run against said city in the corporate name thereof, and such process shall be served by leaving a true and attested copy of such process with the mayor or clerk of said city, at least ten days before the day of appearance mentioned therein.

Justices of the peace.

Sec. 17. The justices of the peace in the said city exercising civil jurisdiction, shall be deemed justices of the peace of the county of St. Clair, and shall be subject to the general laws of the State in relation to civil and criminal causes before justices of the peace; and appeals from their judgment may be made in criminal cases only to the recorder's court of the city of Port Huron, in the same manner as appeals from justices' judgments in towns are made to the circuit courts of this State in criminal cases arising in said city.

Powers and duties of.

Sec. 18. The justices of the peace of said city shall have all the authority of justices of the peace in towns in criminal matters, and shall have all the authority, and perform all the duties hereinbefore provided and required of them, and hold a session of court daily, if necessary, and shall make a report to the common council of all fines and penalties which they have collected as often as they shall be required by the common council; and in all criminal cases commenced before said justices of the peace, when the offense shall have been committed in said

city, and not cognizable before a justice of the peace, he shall commit the offender, or take his recognizance to appear before the recorder's court at the then current, or next ensuing term, in the same manner, and with the like effect as would otherwise be done to the circuit court, except offenses not cognizable before said recorder's court.

Sec. 19. All suits which shall be brought to recover any pen-Suits to realty or forfeiture for the violation of any ordinance of the com-ties, etc. mon council shall be brought in the name of the people of the State of Michigan, under the direction of the common council or of the attorney of said city; and no person, being an inhabitant, freeman or freeholder of the said city, shall be disqualified for that cause from acting as a judge, justice or juror in the trial or other proceeding, in any suit brought to recover a forfeiture or penalty for the violation of this provision of this act, or for the violation of any ordinance of the common council, nor from serving any process or summoning a jury in such suit, or from acting in any such capacity, or being witness on the trial of any issue, or upon the taking or making any inquisition or assessment, or any judicial investigation of facts, to which issue, inquest, or investigation, the said city, or any city or ward officer, is a party, or in which said city or such officer is interested; nor shall any judge of any court be disqualified to hear and adjudicate on any appeal in any matter originating in said city, because he is an inhabitant thereof.

Sec. 20. The records and minutes of proceedings, and books Records and in which ordinances shall be recorded, or any of the proceed-be evidenced ings, rules or regulations of the school board shall be kept, shall be prima facie evidence of all matters recorded or entered therein, and shall be received as evidence in all courts at law and in equity.

Sec. 21. All acts or parts of acts relating to the city of Port Acts repealed. Huron, repugnant to or inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 22. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 453.]

AN ACT to repeal subdivision number eight, of section one, of act number one hundred and seventeen, of the laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, and all other acts or parts of acts, which authorize the laying out and establishing of the Marquette and Bay DeNoc swamp land State road.

Section amended.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That section one, of act one hundred and seventeen, of session laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, shall be amended so as to read as follows:

Certain roads ordered to be laid out.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That there shall be laid out and established by commissioners, to be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advise and consent of the Senate, upon the most direct and eligible route between the places hereinafter designated, the following State roads:

- 1. A road from or near Ionia, in Ionia county, to Houghton lake, in the county of Roscommon, to be known as the Ionia and Houghton lake State road.
- 2. A road from the south line of Newaygo county, through Newaygo, in the county of Newaygo, to Northport, to be known as the Newaygo and Northport State road.
- 3. A road from Port Huron, in the county of St. Clair, to Bay City, via Vassar, thence westwardly to the meridian township line, between ranges two and three west; thence southerly to St. Johns, in Clinton county, to be known as the Port Huron, Bay City and Clinton road.
- 4. A road from East Saginaw, in the county of Saginaw, to Bay City, in Bay county, and thence via Ottawa Bay to the river Sauble, to be known as the East Saginaw and Sauble State road.
- 5. A road from Lexington, in Sanilac county, westwardly, to the Flint river, in the county of Lapeer.
- 6. A road from St. Mary's Falls to the Straits of Mackinaw, to be known as the St. Mary's and Mackinaw State road.

- 7. A road from the village of Ontonagon, southerly, to the State line, to be known as the Ontonagon and State line road.
- 8. A road from Houghton village, by way of L'Anse Bay, to the Wisconsin State line, to be known as the L'Anse Bay and State line State road.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 454.]

AN ACT appropriating two sections of State swamp land to complete the Clio and Chesaning State road.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Swamp land to secure the completion of the Clio and Chesaning State road, there be and hereby is appropriated two sections of State swamp land, to be selected from the State swamp lands in the Lower Peninsula now in market, to be expended under the direction of the Swamp Land State Road Commissioner, in pursuance of act number one hundred and seventeen, of the session laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, and the acts amendatory thereof.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 455.]

AN ACT to lay out and establish a swamp land State road from the north-east corner of township three north, of range sixteen west, in Allegan county, east along the town lines of Saugatuck, Laketown, Manlius and Fillmore, in said county, to the Allegan and Holland road, running from Allegan, in Allegan county, to Holland, in Ottawa county.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Commiss'rs Samuel Underwood, Franklin B. Wallin and John Lucas, of Allegan county, be and they are hereby appointed commissioners to lay out and establish a State road, from the north-

east corner of section three, in the township of Saugatuck, in said county, east along the town line between the townships of Saugatuck and Laketown, Manlius and Fillmore, to the east town line of said township of Fillmore; said road to be laid out and constructed under the provisions of an act entitled "An act to provide for the drainage and reclamation of swamp lands, by means of State roads and ditches," number one hundred and seventeen, of the laws of eighteen hundred and fiftynine, and the acts amendatory thereto, to be known as the Saugatuck and Overisel State road.

Swamp land appropriated

Sec. 2. To secure the construction of said road, there is hereby appropriated one section of swamp land to each mile of said road, to be used and disposed of in the construction of said road, according to the provisions of the act aforesaid, and the acts amendatory thereof: *Provided*, That said lands, hereby appropriated, shall be selected and taken from the State swamp lands in the Lower Peninsula.

Proviso.

Deficiency of Sec. 3. No deficiency of State swamp lands, which may now land not to create a lien or hereafter exist, to meet any appropriation made by this act, shall be so construed as to create any lien or establish any claim against the State.

Sec. 4. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 456.]

AN ACT to reincorporate the village of Galesburg.

Boundaries.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That all that tract of country situated in the country of Kalamazoo, and State of Michigan, and designated as follows, viz: Commencing at a point where the half quarter line on the west half of section twenty-four, in township two south, of range ten west, in said county, intersects the Kalamazoo river at the north bank of said river; running thence north to the north-west quarter

of section thirteen, in said township, thence east to the north , and south quarter line of section eighteen, of township two south, of range nine west, in said county, thence south along said quarter line to the Kalamazoo river, thence along the edge of the river to the place of beginning, be and the same is hereby constituted a village corporate under the name of the village of Galesburg.

Sec. 2. The following officers of the corporation shall be Officers and elected by the qualified electors of said village, at the annual office. village election, to be held on the first Monday of March next, viz: One president, one recorder, one treasurer, two assessors, who shall act in concert, and six trustees. Three of said trustees shall then be elected for one year, and three of said trustees shall then be elected for two years; and annually thereafter, on the first Monday of March, there shall be elected, by plurality of votes, one president, one recorder, one treasurer, and one assessor, who shall hold their respective offices for the term of one year, and until their successors shall be elected and qualified; and three trustees, who shall hold their offices for two years, and until their successors shall be elected and qualified; also, one marshal, one pound master, two fire wardens, three street commissioners, and one overseer of highways: Provided, That if an election of such officers shall not be made Proviso. on said first Monday of March, it shall be lawful to hold such election at any time, by giving notice thereof, as provided in this act.

Sec. 3. The president and trustees of said village shall be a Body corbody corporate and politic, under the name of "The common politic," council of the village of Galesburg," and by that name they and their successors shall be known in law, and are hereby made capable of suing and being sued, of pleading and being impleaded, of answering and being answered unto, and of defending and being defended in all courts of law or equity, and in all other places whatever; and may have a common seal and may alter and change the same; and by the same name are

hereby made capable of purchasing, holding, conveying and disposing of any real and personal estate for said village.

Council to appoint certain officers.

Sec. 4. The common council may also appoint all such other officers whose election is not herein specially provided for, they may deem necessary to carry into effect the powers granted by this act, and may prescribe their duties; but any such appointment shall be made at a regular meeting of the common council.

Officers to be electors.

Sec. 5. No person shall be elected or appointed to any office created by this act, unless at the time of such election or appointment, he shall be an elector of said village, and shall have resided in said village three months next preceding his election or appointment.

To take oath and file security.

Sec. 6. All officers elected under the provisions of this act, and all officers appointed by the common council, shall, within ten days after notice of their election or appointment, take and subscribe, before some officer authorized to administer oaths, the oath of office prescribed by the constitution of this State, and that he will faithfully discharge the duties of his office according to the best of his ability, and file the same with the village recorder; the treasurer, marshal and overseer of highways, before they enter upon the duties of their office, and within the time limited for filing the official oath, shall file with the village recorder such security for the due performance of the duties of their office as may be required by law or any order of the common council, to be approved by the common council.

When shall enter upon

Sec. 7. All officers elected or appointed in pursuance of the their duties, provisions of this act, shall enter upon the duties of their offices immediately upon filing the required oath and security. officers elected to fill a vacancy, shall hold for the residue of the unexpired term thereof, and until their successors are elected and qualified; and all officers appointed by the common council shall hold their office not to exceed one year; or until the same expires by its terms of appointment, or until the

common council revoke their appointment or accept the resignation of such officer.

- Sec. 8. The president, trustees, treasurer, recorder and asses-Removal of officers, and all officers appointed by the common council, shall each receive such compensation for their services as the common council shall from time to time direct, by resolution entered upon their records.
- Sec. 9. The common council shall have power to remove Compensation of from officer appointed by them, for any violation of the provisions of this act, or of any ordinance or by-law of said village, or for refusing to perform the lawful requirements of said council; but such removal shall not exonerate any such officer or his sureties from any liability incurred.
- Sec. 10. The resignation of any officer authorized by this act Resignati'ns, to be elected or appointed, shall be made to the common council, subject to their approval or acceptance.
- Sec. 11. If any officer elected or appointed to any office of when office the corporation, shall cease to be a resident of the village, such deemed vacant. office shall be thereby vacated; and if any person elected or appointed to any office under the provision of this act, shall neglect to file their oath of office as in this act directed, or shall neglect to file an official bond when the same is required, within the time herein limited, such neglect may be deemed a refusal to serve; and in case of such neglect, the common council may proceed immediately to cause such office to be supplied as in case of a vacancy.
- Sec. 12. In case a vacancy shall occur in any of the offices, vacancles; the same may be supplied by appointment by the common how filled. council.
- Sec. 13. The president, recorder and treasurer shall consti-Board of registration; tute a board of registration for said village, who shall be pro-when shall be in session wided with a suitable registry book to be kept in the custody of the recorder; and said registry board shall be in session at the recorder's office in said village, on Saturday next preceding the annual election in each year, from the hours of nine o'clock A.

 M. until twelve o'clock M., and from two o'clock until five

o'clock P. M., for the purpose of registering t names of legal voters. Said board of registration shall have same powers and be governed by the same rules and regulations, in relation to said village, that township boards of registration have in relation to the regulations of the legal voters of a township.

Who to be electors.

Sec. 14. The inhabitants of said village, being electors under the constitution of the State of Michigan, and the provision of this charter, and no others, shall be qualified electors under this act; and each person offering to vote at any election held by virtue of this act, if challenged by an elector of said village, shall, before his vote shall be received, take one of the cath administered in case of challenge at provided by law to in this State, the word "village," general and special e instead of "township," be g 1 ad in the oath.

Annual elections; when to be held.

Sec. 15. The annual ville section shall be held on the first Monday of March in eq 1 y , and special elections may be mmon council shall, by resolution held at such times as t entered upon their recor mate.

Notice of.

Sec. 16. Notice of the time d place of holding any election shall be given by the villa recorder, five days before such election, by posting such no ce in three public places in said village, and by publishing t same in a newspaper, if there be one printed in said village; and in case of a special election, such notice shall set forth the purpose and object of the election as fully as the same is set forth in the resolution appoint-Polls; when ing such election; and on the day of elections held by virtue of this act, the poll shall be opened at nine o'clock in the fore-

opened and closed.

noon, or as soon thereafter as may be, and shall continue open

until four o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

Inspectors of election.

Sec. 17. The common council of said village, or any three of its members, shall be the board of inspectors of election, and the recorder of said village shall be the clerk of such board; if the recorder be absent, then any one of the trustees may act as clerk.

Manner of conducting elections.

Sec. 18. Elections held in pursuance of the provisions of this act, shall be conducted, as nearly as may be, in the same manner as is provided by law for holding of general and special elections in the State of Michigan, except as herein otherwise provided, and the inspectors shall have the same powers and authority for the preservation of order, during the time of holding the election and canvassing the votes, as are conferred by law upon inspectors of general elections held in this State.

Sec. 19. It shall be sufficient to keep one poll list at any Poll list. election held for said village; and when the inspectors holding any election shall have completed the canvass of votes, they shall thereupon certify and declare in writing the whole number of votes given for each office, the names of the persons for whom such votes for each office were given, and the number of votes so given to each person, and shall file such certificate in Certificate of the office of the recorder of said village, before ten o'clock in the forenoon of the next day after said election, together with the poll list and box or boxes containing all the ballots cast at said election; and within twenty-four hours after such certifi- council to cate shall have been so filed, the common council shall convene what persons at their usual place of meeting, and then determine what persons are elected to the several offices respectively, and cause such determination to be entered upon their records; and if any officer shall not have been chosen by reason of two or more candidates having received an equal number of votes, the common council shall determine by lot which of such persons shall be considered elected.

Sec. 20. It shall be the duty of the village recorder, within Recorder to five days after the meeting and determination of the common sons of their council, as provided in section nineteen, to notify each person elected, of his election; and also, within five days after the common council shall appoint any person to any office, the recorder shall notify such person of such appointment.

Sec. 21. The expenses of all elections to be held as pro-Expenses of vided by this act, shall be chargeable to said village, and paid election; as are other contingent expenses.

Sec. 22. Each and all of the officers of said village, includ-Duties of ing firemen and officers of the fire department, and such officers.

other officers and agents as may be appointed by the common council, shall, in addition to the duties specially imposed upon them by this act, perform and discharge such other duties as may be required of them in and by any ordinance of said village, or by any order or resolution of the common council

President to be chief executive officer of village

Sec. 23. It shall be the duty of the president to preside at all meetings of the common council, and he shall be the chief executive officer of the village. It shall be his duty to cause the appointed officers of said village to comply with and faithfully discharge their official duties, and cause all laws pertaining to the municipal government of said village, and all ordinances, resolutions and regulations of the common council, to be observed and executed; to recommend to the common council such measures as he shall deem expedient; to expedit such as shall be resolved upon by them, and in general, to maintain the peace and good order, and advance the prosperity of the village; and whenever, in his opinion, the peace and safety of the inhabitants of the village require it, he may at any time appoint one or more special policemen or watchmen, who shall be conservators of the peace, and who shall have the same power to make arrests and suppress disturbances as is conferred by this act upon the village marshal.

To appoint policemen.

To recommend meas-

ures.

Duties of trustees.

Sec. 24. It shall be the duty of every trustee in said village to preside at elections when necessary, to attend the regular and special meetings of the common council, to vote upon all motions, to act upon committees when thereunto appointed by the president, and to assist the president in maintaining peace and good order, and in advancing the prosperity of the village.

Trustees not to become arety or be interested in

Sec. 25. No member of the common council shall, during the period for which he was elected, be competent to hold any any contract other office which entitles the holder to receive pay from said village, or be directly or indirectly interested in any contract as principal, surety or otherwise, the expenses or considertion whereof are to be paid by said village, or become security for the performance of any official act or duty to be done or performed by any person elected or appointed to any office under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 26. The village recorder shall safely keep the corporate Recorder to keep corposeal, and all the books, papers and files belonging to said vil-rate seal. lage, and shall make a record of the proceedings of the common council, whose meetings it shall be his duty to attend, and shall make a record of all ordinances and by-laws passed by the common council, in proper books to be provided therefor; and copies of all papers duly filed in his office, and transcripts To make certified to by him under the corporate seal of the village, shall be evidence in all places of the matters therein contained; and To keep account of exhall keep an accurate account, in books provided for such penses, etc. purpose, under appropriate heads, of all expenditures and of all orders drawn upon the village treasury, which account shall specify the purpose for which such orders were drawn.

Sec. 27. The village treasurer shall have the custody of all treasurer to keep all moneys belonging to said village, and shall keep an account of moneys. all receipts and disbursements thereof, and from whom received, and to whom paid, and shall pay no moneys out of the treasury except upon warrants signed by the recorder and countersigned by the president; and he shall exhibit to the To make report. common council as often and for such periods as they may require, a full and detailed account of all receipts and expenditures, and shall also exhibit a general statement, showing the financial condition of the treasury, and all other matters relating to his office, at each annual election.

Sec. 28. The village marshal shall be chief of the police of Marshal to the village, and he shall see that the laws are enforced; it shall be chief of be chief of be chief of be his duty to collect village taxes, to serve all processes that may be lawfully delivered to him for service, and he is hereby vested with all the powers and duties conferred by laws on constables elected in townships; he shall have power and au-To arrest thority, and it shall be his duty, with or without process, to apprehend any person found disturbing the peace, or offending against any of the provisions of this act, or the by-laws and

persons

To imprison ordinances of the village, and to take such person before any found drunk justice of the peace of the town of Comstock, to be dealt with as the laws and ordinances of said village shall provide, and may apprehend and imprison any person found drunk in the streets of said village, until such person shall become sober; and he shall have power to enter into any disorderly or gaming house, or dwelling house, or any other building where he may have good reason to believe a felon is secreted or harbored, and where any person who has committed a breach of the peace, or where any felony or breach of the peace is being

committed, and is authorized to command assistance, in the

discharge of such duties, of any of the citizens of said village,

if deemed by him necessary: Provided, That nothing in this

act shall be construed into his serving processes issued by justices

of the peace in civil cases.

To enter disorderly houses.

Proviso.

Common council; who to constitute.

Sec. 29. The president and trustees, when assembled and duly organized, shall constitute the common council of the village of Galesburg, and a majority of the whole shall be necessary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, though a less number may adjourn the council from time to time; but no tax or assessment shall be ordered, nor any appointment of any person to any office be made, nor shall any person be removed from office, except by a vote of two-thirds of the members of the common council.

When shall meet.

Power of council to members.

President pro tem.

Sec. 30. The common council shall meet at such times and places as it shall determine, and at such other time and places as the president, or in case of his absence, the president pro tempore shall appoint; the common council shall have power levy fines on to impose, levy and collect such fines as it may deem proper for the non-attendance of the officers and members thereof at its meetings, and also to require the attendance of any of the officers of the said village at any of its meetings, and to inpose fines for non-attendance. The common council shall, at its first meeting after each annual election, appoint one of the trustees to be president pro tempore of the common council; and if at any meeting of the common council neither the president or president pro tempore shall be present, the common council may appoint one of their number to preside.

Sec. 31. In the proceedings of the common council each Each member present shall have one vote, and when there shall be a one vote. tie the president shall give the casting vote; whenever required by two members, the votes of all the members of the common council in relation to any act, proceeding or proposition had at any meeting, shall be entered at large in the minutes; and such vote shall be so entered in relation to the adoption of any resolution or ordinance, report of committee, or other act for taxing or assessing any property in said village, or the citizens of said village. And all proceedings of the common council Proceedings of, to be shall be published as soon as may be in at least one newspaper published. printed and published in said village, if any.

Sec. 32. The common council shall prescribe the rules for its To prescribe proceedings, and in addition to the powers and duties specially proceedings conferred upon them in this act, shall have the management, control and supervision of the highways, walks, streets, bridges, lanes, alleys, parks and public grounds in said village; of the finances, rights and interest, buildings, and all property, real and personal, belonging to the village, and may make such ordinances and by-laws relating to the same as they shall deem proper and necessary; and further, they shall have power May pass laws relative within said village to enact, ordain, make, continue, establish, to—modify, amend and repeal such ordinances, by-laws and regulations as they may deem desirable and proper, within said village, in relation to and for the following purposes:

First. To prevent vice and immorality; to preserve public vice.

peace and good order; to prevent and quell riots, disturbances
and disorderly assemblages; to restrain, apprehend and punish Vagranta
vagrants, mendicants, drunkards, and all disorderly persons;
to punish lewd and lascivious behavior in the streets or other
public places;

Second. To suppress and restrain all disorderly houses and Disorderly houses of ill-fame, all gambling houses, and all houses and places where persons resort for gaming, or to play at games of 199—

Gaming.

chance, and to punish the keepers thereof; to prevent every species of gaming, and to restrain and suppress billiard tables and bowling alleys;

Liquors.

Third. To prevent the selling or giving away of any spiriteous or fermented liquors to any drunkard, minor or apprentice;

Auctions.

Fourth. To prohibit and regulate the sale of all goods, wares and personal property at auction, except in cases of sales authorized by law;

Peddling.

Fifth. To license and regulate auctioneers, peddlers and pawnbrokers, and auctions, and hawking and peddling; and to license and regulate the peddling and sale of jewelry, goods, merchandise and other property, by hand, hand-cart, showcase, show-stand or otherwise, in the public streets;

Shows.

Sixth. To prohibit, restrain, license and regulate all sports, exhibitions of natural or artificial curiosities, caravans of animals, theatrical exhibitions, shows, concerts, circuses, or other performances and exhibitions for money;

Violation of the Sabbath.

Seventh. To prevent the violation of the Sabbath, and to require all saloons, drinking houses, shops, and other places of business to be closed on the Sabbath day, and at reasonable hours of the night on week days;

Nuisances.

Eighth. To prohibit, prevent, abate and remove all nuisances in said village, and punish the persons occasioning the same, and to declare what shall be considered nuisances, and direct and authorize their speedy or immediate abatement or removal by the marshal of the village, at the expense of the persons creating or continuing the same;

Groceries.

Ninth. To compel the owner or occupant of any grocery, tallow chandler shop, soap or candle factory, butcher shop or stall, slaughter house, stable, barn, cellar, privy, yard, hog pen, manure pile, sewer, or other offensive, nauseous or unwholesame place, house or thing, to cleanse, remove or abate the same, whenever the common council shall deem it necessary for the health, comfort or convenience of the inhabitants of said village;

Offensive

Tenth. To direct the location and regulation of all slaughter Slaughter houses in said village, and to prohibit their location within said village;

Eleventh. To regulate, restrain and prohibit the location of Hazardous buildings. shops, and the carrying on of mechanical and other trades and vocations which the common council may deem unsightly, dangerous or injurious, in such places and parts of said village as the common council may designate;

Twelfth. To regulate the buying, selling and using of gun-Powder. powder, fire crackers and fire-works, and other combustible materials; to regulate and prohibit the exhibition of fire-works. and the discharge of fire crackers and fire-arms, and to restrain the making or lighting of fires in the streets and other open spaces in said village;

Thirteenth. To prevent the incumbering or obstructing of Incumbering of streets, sidewalks, cross-walks, lanes alleys, gutters, sewers, water-courses, bridges and public grounds, in any manner whatever, and to compel the occupants of lots to clear the sidewalks in front of and adjacent thereto, of dirt and every incumbrance and obstruction;

Fourteenth. To regulate and require the setting of shade shade trees. trees in the streets of said village; to authorize, prohibit and regulate the setting of hitching posts in the streets, lanes and alleys of said village, and to cause the same to be taken up and removed; to authorize, prohibit and regulate the building and Awnings. placing of awnings, sign-boards and other things, the whole or any part of which occupy or project within the limits of any street, lane or alley of said village, and to prescribe in what manner and of what materials the same shall be constructed, and to compel the removal of the same;

Fifteenth. To provide against horse racing and immoderate Horse-racing riding or driving in any street, or over any bridge, and to punish for the same, and authorize the arrest and detention of any person who shall be guilty of immoderate riding or driving;

Sixteenth. To regulate the speed of locomotives, engines and Locomotives

cars, upon the railroads within said village, and prevent the obstruction of streets thereby;

Bathing.

Seventeenth. To regulate and prohibit bathing in the public waters within said village;

Pounds.

Eighteenth. To establish one or more pounds, and to regulate and restrain the running at large of cattle, swine, horses, mules, sheep and other animals, and of geese or other poultry, in the streets and public places in said village, and to authorize the taking up, impounding and sale of the same, for the penalty incurred, and the costs of keeping and impounding, and to punish for rescuing the same before all costs and charges are paid;

Ringing of bells.

Nineteenth. To regulate the ringing of bells and the crying of goods, and to prevent disturbing noises, and obscene and profane language in the streets;

Lighting of streets.

Twentieth. To provide for the lighting of the streets and alleys, and the protection of the public lamps;

Dogs.

Twenty-first. To impose taxes on the owners or keepers of dogs, and to prohibit the running at large of dogs, to require them to be muzzled, and to authorize their destruction, when running at large in violation of any ordinance of said village;

Cemeteries.

Twenty-second. To provide burial places, and to regulate and prohibit the burial of the dead within said village, and to protect and preserve the monuments, tombstones, trees, shrubbery, property, ornaments, improvements, grounds and fences in and around any cemetery in said village;

Building lines.

Twenty-third. To regulate and establish the line upon which buildings may be erected, upon any street, lane or alley, in said village, and to compel such building to be erected upon such line, by a fine upon the owner thereof, not exceeding five hundred dollars for each offense;

Markets.

Twenty-fourth. To establish, order and regulate markets; to regulate the vending of meats, vegetables, fruit, fish and provisions of all kinds; to regulate the sale of hay, wood, lime, lumber and coal, and to designate the stand or stands for wood,

hay, and produce exposed for sale in said village, and to require the weighing of hay and the measuring of fire-wood;

Twenty-fifth. To license all drays and omnibuses, hacks, and all Cartmen, other vehicles used for the transportation of persons and property for hire, and to prohibit their use without license, and to designate the stands for such vehicles, and to prescribe rates of fare and charges for the same;

Twenty-sixth. To license persons to engage in and exercise Tavern the business or occupation of tavern-keeper, inn-holder and keepers. common victualer, and to impose such fees for such license as the common council may see fit, and to impose penalties upon all persons engaging in any such occupation or business, without such license;

Twenty-seventh. To appoint a sealer of weights and measures; weights and Twenty-eighth. To establish fire districts, within which no Fire districts wooden buildings shall be moved, built, enlarged, placed, or allowed to stand or remain;

Twenty-ninth. To regulate and prescribe the manner of con-Party walls. structing party walls, chimneys and fire-places, the putting up of stoves, stove-pipes, and other things that may be deemed dangerous in causing or promoting fires, and to make all such ordinances, by-laws and regulations as the common council shall deem necessary, to secure the buildings and property in said village against injuries by fire, and for the prevention and suppression of fires; and for the purpose of enforcing such Inspection of ordinances, by-laws and regulations, the common council may authorize and direct the fire wardens of said village to enter into and examine at all reasonable times, all dwelling houses, buildings and tenements of every description, and all lots, yards and inclosures, to inspect all hearths, stoves, fire-places, stove-pipes, flues, chimneys, or other conductors of smoke, and any apparatus or device in which fire may be used, or to which fire may be applied, and to remove and make the same safe at the expense of the owner or occupants of the buildings in which the same may be; and every building or structure that Unsafe shall be constructed, moved, enlarged, used, maintained, occu-buildings.

pied, or allowed to stand or remain in violation of or contrary to any ordinance of said village, is hereby declared to be a common nuisance, and may be abated, taken down and removed by direction of the common council, at the expense of the owner or occupant or persons who caused such nuisance;

Lumber yards.

Thirtieth. To prohibit the maintaining of lumber yards, the keeping, piling and storing of fire-wood, timber, lumber, or other easily combustible material within the limits of any fire district;

Thirty-first. To construct reservoirs wherever needed, and to

Reservoirs.

Sewers.

provide for supplying the same with water; to build bridges; to construct sewers, drains and culverts; to provide wells; to grade, gravel, pave, repair, amend, and otherwise improve the streets, lanes, alleys, public grounds and parks in said village; to construct, repair and renew sidewalks; to remove all en-

Sidewalks.

croachments from any street, lane, alley, public ground or places in said village; to fill up, drain, cleanse and regulate any grounds, yards, basins, cellars, or vaults within said village, that may be sunken, damp, foul, incumbered with rubbish or unwholesome, and to make such other public improvements as

Rules and regulations generally.

may conduce to the general good and prosperity of said village, or any part thereof; and generally, to make all other ordinances and regulations that the common council may deem necessary to the safety, order and good government of said

To establish fire companies.

village.

Sec. 33. The common council shall have power to establish, maintain and regulate all such fire engine, hook and ladder, hose and bucket companies as may be deemed expedient, and shall provide such companies with fire engines and other implements and instruments necessary to be used in extinguishing fires, and may appoint from among the inhabitants of said village, such number of men willing to accept as may be deemed proper and necessary to be employed as firemen; and every such company shall make their own by-laws and rules for the organization and government of the company, subject to the approval of the common council, and may enforce and collect

Appoint firemen

such fines for the non-attendance or neglect of duty of any of its members, as may be provided by the by-laws and rules of the company; and it shall be the duty of every such company puty of to keep the fire engine, hose, hooks and ladders, and other instruments and implements in its charge in good and perfect repair; and it shall be the duty of each fire company to assem- when shall ble, at least once in each month, and as often as may be directed by the chief engineer, for the purpose of working the fire engine and other implements in its charge, with a view to keeping of the same in perfect order and repair; and upon any alarm or breaking out of any fire in said village, each fire company shall forthwith assemble at the place of such fire with the engine and other implements of the company, and be subject to the orders of the chief engineer, or other person, for the time being, lawfully acting as chief engineer of the fire department.

Sec. 34. The firemen of said village shall annually elect one chief of their number as chief engineer, who shall have command of the whole fire department of the village, and also two assistant engineers, either of whom may act as chief engineer, in case of the absence or disability of the chief.

Sec. 35. The marshal and any member of the common council and require the assistance of all bystanders in extinguishing at fires. any fire in said village, and in the removal, preservation and protection of any property endangered thereby; and in case any bystander shall willfully neglect to comply with such requirements, he shall be punished as provided by the by-laws and ordinances of said village; and the common council are hereby authorized to make such by-laws and ordinances in relation thereto as they may deem necessary.

Sec. 36. Every person belonging to an organized fire com-Firemen expany in said village, may obtain from the village recorder a politax and certificate to that effect, which shall be evidence thereof; and the members of every such company, during their continuance as such, shall be exempt from serving on juries, and from paying a poll tax in said village.

Power of council to lay out streets.

Sec. 37. The common council shall have power and authority to lay out, establish, open, extend, widen, straighten, alter, close and vacate and improve such streets, highways, alleys, walks, lanes, water-courses, squares, market places and public parks in said village as they shall deem necessary for the pub-Proceedings lic good and convenience; and if in the opening thereof, the property or lands of any person shall be required for such

stating therein a description of the lands, premises or property

required, and the purpose for which the same are to be used,

and that the common council will meet on some day to be

when private property is taken, purpose, the common council shall so declare by resolution,

Notice to owners.

Council to negotiate

of jury.

named in the resolution, to take action in regard to the matter; and notice of such meeting shall be given to the owners or parties interested, or his, her or their agents or representatives, by personal service of a copy of such resolution, or by publication of a copy of such resolution in one of the newspapers published in said village, at least three weeks previous to the time appointed in said resolution for the meeting of the common council; and the common council is hereby authorized to with owner. negotiate with the person or persons interested in or owning such grounds or premises for the same, and to pay therefor such reasonable sums as may be agreed upon; but if such Summoning person or persons shall refuse to negotiate for such lands or premises, or if for any other cause there shall not be any agreement or bargain between the parties therefor, it shall be lawful for the common council, at the time of the meeting appointed in such resolution, to direct the village recorder to issue a precept under his hand, in the nature of a venire facias, directed to the marshal of said village or any constable of the county of Kalamazoo, commanding him to summon a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders of said village, to appear before any justice of the peace of the township of Comstock, in said village, at a time therein to be stated, to inquire into and assess the damage and recompense due to the owner or owners of or parties interested in such grounds, premises or property; which jury, being duly sworn by said justice, faithfully and im-Jury to partially to inquire into and assess the damage in question, damages. and having viewed the premises, if necessary, shall inquire of and assess such damages and recompense as they shall deem fit to be awarded to the owner or owners, or parties interested in such grounds, premises or property, for their respective damage or losses, according to their several interests and estates therein; and the said justice shall, upon the return of such assessment, enter judgment confirming the same; and Compensat'n the sum or sums so assessed, together with his or their cost, owner. shall be paid or tendered to the party or persons entitled thereto, if residing in said village, and if not residing therein, to be paid into the village treasury for the use of such party, person or claimant, before such street, highway, alley, lane, water-course, square, market place or public park shall be made, opened, established or altered; but if the jury find that the claimant is not entitled to any damages, then it shall be competent for such justice to render judgment against such claimant for all costs, and issue execution therefor; and in either case, it shall thereupon be lawful for the common council to cause the same grounds, premises or property to be immediately converted to and for the uses and purposes aforesaid: Provided, The party claiming damages may have the Proviso. right to remove such proceedings by appeal to the circuit court for the county of Kalamazoo, upon giving notice of his or their intention so to do to the said justice, in writing, within ten days, or in case of the absence of said party from the village at the time of the rendition of the judgment, within thirty days after the verdict of such jury, and the judgment of such justice therein, as aforesaid; such appellant shall first give bond with two sufficient sureties, to be approved by said justice, conditioned to pay all costs that may be awarded against him in said circuit court; but no appeal, supersedeas, injunction, or other process or proceeding from any court whatever shall prevent the immediate making, laying out, opening, establishing, altering, straightening, widening or extending such street, lane, 200alley, square, water-course, market place or public park, as aforesaid; and upon filing in said circuit court the said bond, and a transcript of the proceedings aforesaid, duly certified by said justice, within forty days after the rendering of said judgment, the same proceedings shall be had in the circuit court as is prescribed by law in case of appeals from justices' courts: Provided further, That if the damages awarded on such appeal shall not exceed the damages assessed by said jury and confirmed by the judgment of said justice, the party appealing shall pay all costs occasioned by such appeal.

Ibid.

Council to cause streets to be resurveyed.

Sec. 38. The common council is authorized to cause such of the streets, highways, alleys and lanes in said village, as shall have been used for six years or more prior to the passage of this act, as public highways, streets, lanes or alleys, which have not been sufficiently described, or have not been duly recorded, to be surveyed, the grade thereof established, described and recorded in the office of the village recorder, in a book to be denominated the book of "street records;" and the common council shall cause a survey or description, and plat of every public ground, highway, park, street, lane and alley, or part thereof, which shall hereafter be opened, established, altered, widened, straightened, or the grade thereof established, to be recorded in said book of "street records;" and such record shall be presumptive evidence of the existence of such public ground, park, highway, street, lane, alley, or of that part thereof therein described, and of the boundaries and grade thereof; and a copy of any ordinance or resolution of the common council, vacating or closing any public ground. park, highway, street, lane or alley, or any part thereof, shall also be recorded in said book of "street records," and the

street records; contents of.

Book of

Power of council to tax for expense of grading.

Sec. 39. The common council shall have power to assess and levy special levy, at any time, by a special tax, the expenses of making, grading, paving, opening and repairing streets, lanes and alleys, and of putting curbstones and culverts therein; of grading, paving or planking, cleaning and repairing sidewalks, or drain-

same shall be evidence as aforesaid.

ing low lands, of making drains and sewers, and other local improvements upon the lots, premises and subdivisions thereof.

Sec. 40. The territory within the limits of this corporation Highway shall constitute a highway district under the supervision of the street commissioners, who, as agents of the common council, shall have the same power and perform the same duties as highway commissioners in townships. The corporation as-Basis of highway commissioners in townships. The corporation as-Basis of highway work. Highway work may be commuted at the rate of one dollar per day.

The overseer of highways shall have the same power and per-Power of overseer of form the same duties as overseers of highways in townships, highways, and shall in like manner make his returns to the street commissioner.

Sec. 41. The common council may exempt from all taxation Council may exempt perimposed by the provisions of this charter, such poor persons sons from
tax.

as are in their judgment unable to pay the taxes, which would otherwise be assessed against them.

Sec. 42. The common council shall have power and au- To assess and thority to raise annually, by a general tax upon the real and essary tax. personal property in said village liable to taxation, such sums as they may deem necessary to defray the expenses and liabilities incurred by said village, and to carry into effect the powers hereby conferred on them; and they shall, on or before the first day of June in each year, determine by resolution the amount of taxes necessary to be levied for said purposes during the year: Provided, That the taxes so determined to be Proviso. levied, shall not exceed in any one year the sum of three thousand dollars, unless the qualified electors of said village shall determine to increase that amount by a majority vote of all the qualified electors present and voting, and the vote may be taken viva voce, or otherwise, as the common council of said village may determine and direct, exclusive of, and in addition to any taxes which may be levied by virtue of any provisions in this act, as a special assessment for public or local improvements; and every tax lawfully imposed by the common council upon any lands, tenements and hereditaments in said village,

shall be and remain a lien upon such lands, tenements and hereditaments, until the same shall be paid.

Poll tax.

Sec. 43. The common council shall have power to assess and collect from every male inhabitant of said village, being over the age of twenty-one and under fifty years, (except paupers, idiots and lunatics, and other persons exempt by law,) an annual capitation or poll tax, not exceeding one dollar, and they may provide by ordinance for the collection of the same.

Assessment roll.

Sec. 44. The assessors of said village shall once in each year, between the second Monday of April and first Monday of May, make an assessment roll, containing a description of all the property, both real and personal, liable to taxation in said village, and the name of the owner or occupant or agent thereof, if known, and the name of all persons liable to pay a capitation or poll tax, as provided for in this act; and shall estimate and set down in such roll, the valuation of all such property at its fair cash value, placing the value of personal property on a separate line; and when said rolls shall be so made and completed, the assessors shall immediately give notice thereof, by publishing the same in some newspaper printed and published in said village, or if there be no such newspaper, by conspicuously posting the same in three public places in said village, for ten days next previous to the time for review therein stated; and such notice shall give the time when, and the place where he will be and have said roll for inspection and review; at the time and place so appointed, the assessors, on the application of any person interested, may reduce the said valuation, on sufficient cause being shown on oath to the satisfaction of the assessor, which oath each assessor is hereby authorized to administer. If any person or persons shall feel aggrieved by the final decision of the assessors, such person or persons shall have the right of appealing from such decision, at any time within ten days thereafter, to the common council, who are in like manner hereby authorized to reduce or increase such valuation; and the common council may at any time before the tax is collected upon such assessment roll, correct any descrip-

time for reviewing.

Notice of

Right of appeal.

tion of real estate which they may find erroneously described in said roll. The assessors shall complete and deliver said assessment roll to the village recorder, on or before the first day of June in each year.

Sec. 45. It shall be the duty of the common council, once in Council to complete each year, and immediately after the assessors shall have de-roll. livered said assessment roll to the recorder, as provided in section forty-two, to estimate and cause to be set down, in a column opposite to the several sums therein set down as the value of real and personal estate, the respective sums, in dollars and cents, to be paid as a general tax or assessment thereon; and the tax upon real estate shall be set down in a column by Any special tax or assessment for public or local improvements, authorized by any provisions of this act, may be included in said assessment roll, and shall be set down in a column by itself, opposite [the] proper description; any poll tax, or tax upon the owners or keepers of dogs, authorized by this act, may be included in said assessment roll, and the last column of said roll shall contain the total amount of taxes. The common council shall cause a copy of said roll, when com- To deliver pleted as aforesaid, to be made, and shall annex to such copy a shal for collection. warrant, under the hands of the president and recorder, commanding the marshal to collect from the several persons named in said roll, the several sums mentioned in the last column thereof, opposite their respective names, on or before the day specified in such warrant, and directing him to pay such money, when collected, to the treasurer of said village by a certain day therein named, not less than forty days from the date of said warrant, and said warrant may be renewed from time to time as the common council may deem best.

Sec. 46. The marshal, upon receiving the said copy of tax Proceedings roll, shall call upon each person taxed, if a resident of said refuse to village, at least once, and demand payment of the taxes charged to him upon said roll; and in case of a refusal or neglect to pay such taxes, the marshal is hereby authorized and required to levy the same by distress and sale of the goods

and chattels of the person who ought to pay: e same, whenever found within said village, together with the costs and charges of such distress and sale, and may take any property that can be taken by township treasurers in the collection of taxes; and he shall give the same notice and sell in the same manner as township treasurers are required to do, and return any surplus to the owner of the property, in accordance with the revised statutes of this State.

Return of unpaid taxes.

Sec. 47. At the expiration of the time mentioned in the warrant annexed to said copy of tax roll, and the time for which said warrant may be renewed, if any of the taxes mentioned in said roll shall remain unpaid, and the marshal shall be unable to collect the same, he shall make in said roll, or permanently attach thereto, a statement in writing, under oath, of all taxes so remaining unpaid; and if the same or any part thereof are assessed upon real estate, such statement shall contain a description of each parcel of land upon which the taxes so assessed have not been paid, and further, that he has not been able to collect the same, nor, upon diligent inquiry, to discover any goods or chattels, subject to levy, belonging to the person charged with or liable to pay such tax, and shall deliver such statement and copy of tax roll to the recorder of said village within five days thereafter.

Recorder to sell property at auction.

Sec. 48. The recorder, after such statement and copy of roll shall have been delivered to him, shall, under the direction of the common council, and in pursuance to an order or resolution of the common council, proceed to sell at public auction, at some public place in said village, so much of said lands returned in said statement, on account of the non-payment of the taxes thereon, as shall be necessary to pay the amount of taxes, together with such amount as shall be directed by the common council, to cover the expenses of such sale, first giving at least thirty days' notice of the time and place of sale, by advertisement posted up in three of the most public places in said village, and by causing the same to be inserted in a newspaper, if there be one printed and published in said village,

Notice of sale.

for four successive weeks preceding the sale, which advertisement shall describe the land and state the name of the owner, if known, amount of taxes and expenses for the non-payment of which it is to be sold. On the day mentioned in said no-Proceedings tice, the recorder shall commence the sale of said lands, and sale. continue until so much shall be sold as will pay the said taxes and expenses; and the recorder, on such sale, shall give to the Certificate of purchaser or purchasers of any such lands a certificate in writing, describing the lands purchased, and the sums paid therefor, and the time when the purchaser will be entitled to a deed for the same: Provided, That if any parcel of land cannot be Proviso. sold to any person for the said taxes and expenses, the recorder shall bid off the same to the common council of said village, and shall give a like certificate of such sale, which shall have a like effect in all respects as if the same had been given to any other purchaser therefor; upon the completion of said sale the recorder shall deliver to the treasurer of said village, a certified statement thereof, containing a description of the land sold, the date of sale, the particular tax and amount for which the same was sold, and the name or names of the purchaser or purchasers, which statement shall be preserved and transcribed by said treasurer, in a book to be provided and kept by him for that purpose; and all moneys received upon such sales he shall at the same time deliver to said treasurer.

Sec. 49. Any person claiming any of the lands sold as afore-rime for said, or any interest therein, may at any time within one year next succeeding the day of sale, redeem any such land or interest therein, by paying to the treasurer of said village the amount for which the same was sold, or such proportion thereof as the part or interest redeemed shall amount to, with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per cent. per annum, from the date of sale, for the use of the purchaser; but in no case shall Interest; how to be the interest be computed for a less time than three months; computed whereupon the treasurer shall make and deliver to the person making such payment, a certificate of the redemption thereof.

Conveyance.

Sec. 50. Upon the presentation of any such certificate of sale to the recorder of said village, after the expiration of the time for the redemption of the lands sold as aforesaid, he shall, unless such lands have been redeemed as aforesaid, or the certificate of sale canceled, as hereinfter provided, execute to the purchaser or purchasers, his, her or their heirs, assigns, executors or administrators, a conveyance of the lands therein described, which conveyance shall vest in the person or persons to whom it shall be made, an estate in fee simple, subject to all the claims the State may have therein; and the said conveyance shall be prima facie evidence that all the proceedings were regular, according to the provisions of this act, from the valuetion of the same by the assessor to the date of the deed inclusive; and every such conveyance, executed by the records, under his hand and seal, witnessed, acknowledged, and recorded in the usual form, may be given in evidence in all the courts of this State, in the same manner and with like effects any other conveyance of real estate, or any interest therein; and the common council may, upon satisfactory evidence, upon oath, of the payment of any tax upon real estate, and that the same has been returned wrongfully for non-payment, by mistake or otherwise, cancel the certificate of sale at any time before conveyance is made, and return the purchase money.

Justices of the peace; powers and duties of.

When may

be used as evidence.

Sec. 51. Any of the justices of the peace of the township of Comstock are hereby authorized and empowered to inquire of, hear, try and determine, in a summary manner, all offenses which shall be committed against any of the by-laws and ordinances that shall be made or adopted by the common council, in pursuance of the powers granted by this act, and to purish the offenders, as by the said laws or ordinances shall be prescribed or directed; and said justices shall have power to hear, try and determine all charges, complaints, actions and prosecutions for the recovery or enforcing of any and all fines, penalties or forfeitures, for alleged violations or infringement of the said by-laws and ordinances, or of any of the provisions of this act, except in cases where jurisdiction longs to some

other court. The proceedings in all such actions and prosecu-Proceedings how gov-tions shall be according to and be governed by the general erned. law and rules of practice of this State, applicable to courts of justices of the peace.

Sec. 52. In all trials before any justice of the peace, under offenders to the provisions of this act, of any person charged with any to jury. offense, or violation of any by-law or ordinance of said village, he shall be entitled to a trial by a jury of six persons; and all the proceedings for selecting and summoning such jury, and in the trial of the cause, shall be in conformity, as near as may be, with the mode of proceedings in criminal cases before justices of the peace; and in all cases the right of appeal and Right of appeals from the justice's court to the circuit court for the county of Kalamazoo, shall be allowed to the parties on the same terms, and the same bond shall be given as is or may be required by law in cases of certiorari or appeals from justices' courts in other cases.

Sec. 53. Whenever a conviction is had or a judgment ren-How judgment dered for any fine, penalty, or forfeiture for a violation of this be rendered act, or of any by-law or ordinance of said village, it shall be with costs of suit, and execution therefor may be issued immediately on the rendition of the judgment, and shall command the amount to be made of the property of the defendant, if any such can be found liable to execution, and if not, then to commit the defendant to prison, if it be so adjudged and according to law; and in cases where both fine and imprisonment are imposed upon the person so convicted by the judgment of any such justice, he shall issue the necessary process to carry such judgment into effect.

Sec. 54. Any justice of the peace of the township of Com-Power of stock shall have power to impose fines, penalties and forfeitures, levy fines and comm not exceeding one hundred dollars, and imprisonment not to prison. exceeding ninety days, or both, at the discretion of the court, on all persons offending against or violating any of the provisions of this act, or any by-law or ordinance of said village, made in pursuance thereof; and the several justices of the 201-

peace of said township of Comstock shall have power, in all cases, where by the provisions of this act, or of any by-law or ordinance made in pursuance thereof, any person may be sentenced to imprisonment, to imprison in the jail of the county of Kalamazoo, and it is hereby made the duty of the keeper of said county jail to receive such persons; and in all cases where the term of such imprisonment shall exceed sixty days, such person may be sentenced to confinement in the Detroit house of correction.

Village prison; who fined in.

Sec. 55. The common council shall have power to erect and may be con- maintain in said village, a village prison, and any person convicted of a violation of this act, or of any by-law or ordinance made by the common council of said village, may be sentenced to imprisonment therein, not to exceed thirty days; and any person arrested for a violation of this act, or any by-law or ordinance of said village, or of any law of the State, may be imprisoned in said village prison during the time that shall elapse between the time of arrest and the time of trial or examination; and the common council shall have power to make all necessary rules and regulations for the government of said prison, and to appoint a keeper thereof.

Council to pass laws to powers.

Sec. 56. Whenever, by the provisions of this act, any power carry out its or authority is given, or duty imposed upon the common courcil, the common council may enact such ordinances and establish such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry into effect such powers and authority, and to regulate the performance of such duty.

How suits shall be brought.

Sec. 57. All suits and prosecutions for the violation of the the provisions of this act, or of any ordinance or by-law made in pursuance of such provisions, or to recover any fine, penalty or forfeiture for such violation, shall be brought in the name of "The village of Galesburg;" and in any such suit or prosecttion it shall not be necessary to set forth in the complaint or warrant, the ordinance or by-law, or any section thereof, the provisions of which are alleged to have been violated, except by its title, but it shall be sufficient to state in the complaint

and warrant, with reasonable certainty of time and place, the act, violation or offense complained of, and to allege the same to have been committed in violation of the provisions of an ordinance or by-law, as the case may be, of the village of Galesburg, referring thereto by its title. And all process issued by How processes shall any justice of the peace in any such suit or proceeding shall be directed. be directed to the marshal of the village of Galesburg, or to any constable of the county of Kalamazoo, and the same may be executed within the county of Kalamazoo.

Sec. 58. The style of all ordinances shall be, "The common style of council of the village of Galesburg ordain." The time when any by-law or ordinance passed by the common council shall take effect shall be prescribed therein: Provided, That no by-Proviso. law or ordinance shall be operative until the same shall have been published two weeks successively, in a newspaper printed and published in said village, or by written or printed notices, posted up in three of the most public places in said village; and like notice shall be given of the repeal or amendment of any ordinance or by-law: Provided, also, That no by-law or or-Ibid. dinance of said village shall be in its provisions repugnant to the constitution and laws of the United States or of this State.

Sec. 59. All fines, penalties and forfeitures recovered for any Fines, etc., to be paid to violation of the provisions of this act, or of the by-laws and treasurer. ordinances made in pursuance thereof, and all money received for licenses or from other sources, belonging to said village, shall be paid to the treasurer of said village by the officer receiving the same immediately after the receipt thereof, and shall be disposed of as the common council may direct; and What deem'd any person who shall refuse or neglect to pay the same as meanor. aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

Citizens to be compet'nt as jurors.

Sec. 60. In suits or proceedings in which the common council of the village of Galesburg shall be a party, or shall be interested, no inhabitant of said village shall be incompetent to serve as a juror on account of his interest in the event of such action or suit: *Provided*, His interest be such only as he has in common with the inhabitants of said village.

Proviso.

Annual statement; contents of.

Sec. 61. The common council shall, in the month of February in each year, cause to be made and published a just and true statement of all moneys received and expended by them in their corporate capacity during the preceding year, previous to which they shall audit and settle the accounts of the treasurer, marshal and all other officers and persons having claims against said village, or accounts with it not previously audited, and shall make out in detail a statement of all receipts and expenditures, which statement shall specify all the appropriations made by the common council, and the object and purpose for which the same were made, the amount of money expended under such appropriation, the amount of taxes raised, the amount expended on streets, the amount of money borrowed, if any, for what purpose and upon what terms, and all such information as shall be necessary to a full and perfect understanding of the financial concerns of the village; and such statement shall be placed on file in the recorder's office, and subject to inspection at any and all times by the citizens of said village.

Accounts to be verified by affidavit.

Sec. 62. Before any account or demand of any person against said village shall be audited, allowed or paid, the same shall be verified by affidavit, and shall set forth the items thereof, and the amount of each item, with the proper dates, in detail, which affidavit may be taken and certified by any member of the common council, or by any person authorized to administer oaths.

Power of council to borrow money.

Sec. 63. The common council of said village may borrow, for the time being, in anticipation of receipts from taxes, such sum as may be deemed necessary for the purpose of purchasing a suitable fire engine for said village, and implements and instruments necessary to be used therewith in extinguishing fires, and may issue the bonds of the village therefor: *Provided*, Proviso. That the council shall not borrow to exceed one thousand dollars, for the purpose of buying a fire engine and other necessary fire apparatus, unless authorized to borrow a greater amount by a vote of the qualified electors of said village at their annual village election, which vote may be taken viva voce, or otherwise, as the council shall determine and direct.

Sec. 64. All persons heretofore elected or appointed to office Terms of in said village, and now holding such offices, shall continue to hold their respective offices for the remainder of the terms for which they were elected or appointed.

Sec. 65. All ordinances, by-laws, rules, regulations and reso-Prior acts, lutions heretofore passed by the common council of the village main in force of Galesburg, and now in force, shall, except so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act, continue in force until repealed, modified or amended; and the passage of this act shall not invalidate any act already done, right accrued or acquired, proceeding had, or tax sale made under and by virtue of any law of this State in relation to the village of Galesburg, or of any ordinance, by-law, regulation or resolution passed or adopted by the common council of said village, but the same shall be and remain as valid for all purposes as if this act had not been passed; and all proceedings heretofore commenced under and by virtue of any ordinance or by-law of said village, and now pending or not yet completed, shall remain valid and be completed in the same manner and with the same effect as if this act had not been passed.

Sec. 66. All acts or parts of acts, contravening the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 67. This act shall be deemed a public act, and shall be Public act. favorably construed in all courts and places.

Sec. 68. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 457.]

AN ACT to incorporate the village of New Haven, in the county of Macomb.

Boundaries.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That all that tract of country situated in the township of Lenox, county of Macomb, and State of Michigan, which is described as follows: Beginning at the north-west corner of section thirty-three, in said township, being town four north, of range fourteen east; running thence north on the line between sections twenty-eight and twenty-nine, in said township, ten chains; thence easterly to the east line of the west half of the east half of the south-east quarter of section twenty-eight; thence southerly on said line to highway known as "Ashley and Romeo plank road;" thence along the line of said highway to the central line of section thirty-three, running east and west; thence west to the west line of said section thirty-three; thence north to the place of beginning, be and the same is hereby constituted a village corporate, by the name of the village of New Haven.

Time and place of holding election.

Sec. 2. The male inhabitants of said village, having the qualifications of electors under the constitution, shall meet at the hall owned by Daniel Lake, in said village, on the first Monday of May next, and on the first Monday of May, annually, thereafter, at such time and place as shall be provided in the by-laws of said village, and then and there proceed by a plurality of votes, to elect by ballot from among the qualified electors residing in said village, five trustees, two assessors, one president, one recorder, and one treasurer, who shall hold their office for one year, and until their successors are elected and qualified: Provided, That if an election of such officers shall not be made on the day when, pursuant to this act it ought to be made, the said corporation for that cause, shall not be deemed to be dissolved, but it shall and may be lawful to hold such election at any time thereafter, pursuant to public notice, to be given in the manner hereinafter described.

Proviso.

Sec. 3. At the first election to be held in said village under Judges and clerk of electhis act, there shall be chosen viva voce, by the electors present, tion; duties two judges and a clerk of said election, who shall form the board of election, and shall conduct the same, after having taken an oath, to be administerd to them by one of their number, to faithfully and honestly discharge the duties required of them as judge or clerk of said election, and certify the result, in the same manner that the board of trustees are required to do by this act; and subsequent elections shall be held in said village, and superintended by the president and recorder, and one or more of the trustees; and further, that at all elections Polls; when opened and the polls shall be opened between the hours of nine and ten closed. o'clock in the forenoon, and continue open until three o'clock in the afternoon of the same day and no longer; and that the name of each elector so voting at such election shall be written in the poll list, to be kept at such election by the officer or officers holding the same; and the said officer or officers shall proceed without delay, publicly to count the ballots unopened, and if the number of ballots so counted shall exceed the number of electors' names contained in the poll list, the officer or officers holding said election, shall draw, cut and destroy, unopened, so many of the ballots as shall amount to the excess; and if two or more ballots are found rolled or folded together, they shall not be estimated; and thereupon, the officer or offi-Canvage of cers holding such election, shall immediately proceed, openly and publicly, to canvass and estimate the votes given at such election, and shall complete the said canvass and estimates on the same day, and shall thereupon certify and declare the num-Certificate of ber of votes given for each person voted for, and shall file such certificate in the office of the recorder of said village before ten o'clock in the forenoon of the next day after said election, at which last mentioned period, the president and trustees shall proceed to canvass said returns, and shall declare the result of said election; and in case it shall happen at any time, that two Tie; how or more persons shall have an equal number of votes for the same office, the president and trustees shall make as many

strips of paper of equal size, as there are persons having an equal number of such votes, and write a ballot for each of such persons, one on each of said strips of paper, and shall then put said ballots together into a hat, and one of the members of said board shall then draw from said hat one of said ballots, and the person who shall be upon the ballot so drawn shall be declared elected.

Recorder to give notice of election.

To notify persons of

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the recorder of said village to give five days' notice, in writing, in three public places in said village, of the time and place of holding all elections, both annual and special, in said village, and as soon as practicable, and within five days thereafter, after the closing of the polls their elect'n. of any election, to notify the officers respectively of their election; and the said officers so elected and notified as aforesaid, shall, within ten days after receiving a copy of such notice, take an oath or affirmation, before any justice of the peace or notary public of said county of Macomb, to support the constitution of the United States and of this State, and faithfully discharge the duties of their said offices, a certificate of which shall be filed with the recorder of said village.

President and record-

Proviso.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the president to preside at all er; duties of meetings of the village council, and it shall be the duty of the recorder to attend all such meetings, and keep a fair and accurate record of the proceedings: Provided, That in the case of the absence of the president, a majority of the trustees present may elect one of their number president for the time being.

Body corporate and politic.

Sec. 6. The president, recorder and trustees of said village shall be a body corporate and politic, with perpetual succession, to be known and distinguished by the name and title of the president and trustees of the village of New Haven, and by that name they and their successors shall be known in law, and shall be and they are hereby made capable of suing and being sued, of pleading and being impleaded, of answering and being answered unto, and of defending and being defended in all courts of record, and any other place whatsoever,

and may have a common seal, and may also change the same at their pleasure, and by that same name shall be and they are hereby made capable of purchasing and holding, conveying or disposing of any real or personal estate for the use of said corporation.

Sec. 7. The inhabitants of said village shall be liable to the Inhabitants operation of any or all laws relating to township government, township laws except except so far as relates to the laying out and constructing of tor highways streets and highways, and the labor to be performed thereon, within the limits thereof.

Sec. 8. The president, recorder and trustees, when assembled Beard of together and duly organized, shall constitute a board of trus-quorum of. tees of the village of New Haven, and a majority of the whole shall be necessary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, though a less number may adjourn from time to time; and the said trustees shall hold their meetings at such when shall time and place as the president, or in his absence, the recorder may appoint; and the board of trustees shall have power to May levy impose, levy and collect such fines as they may deem proper fines. for the non-attendance of the officers and members thereof at any such meeting, and also to require the attendance of any officers by them appointed, and to impose and collect fines for non-attendance: Provided, No such fine shall exceed five dollars Provise. for one offense.

Sec. 9. In case of the death, resignation or removal of the Vacancies; president, recorder or any of the trustees, or other officers how filled. elected by the electors of said village, such death, resignation or removal shall be announced by the president or recorder to the members of the board of trustees, who shall convene as soon as may be, and order, by a public notice to be posted up in three public places in said village, that an election will be held by the electors of said village to elect a suitable person or persons to fill such vacancy or vacancies, which shall be conducted and certified in the manner hereinbefore provided for ' the election of village officers, which election shall be ordered

to be held at any time within thirty, and not less than five days after such vacancy shall have occurred.

Power of trustees to remove officers.

Sec. 10. The board of trustees shall have power to remove, at pleasure, any of the officers by them appointed, by virtue of this act, and to fill all vacancies that may happen in any of said offices, so often as the same may occur by death, resignation, removal, or any other cause; and officers so appointed shall be notified and qualified as aforesaid, and perform the duties of their respective offices.

Treasurer and marshal

Sec. 11. The treasurer and marshal shall respectively, before to give bonds they enter upon the exercise of the duties of their respective offices, give such security for the faithful discharge of the trusts reposed in them as the board of trustees shall direct and require.

Trustees to appoint cer-

Sec. 12. The president and trustees shall have full power to tain officers appoint a marshal, and all other officers necessary under the provisions of this act for said village, whose elections are not provided for in this act; to make by-laws and ordinances rel-May pass laws relative ative to the duties, powers and fees of the marshal, treasurer, assessors, and other officers; relative to the time and manner Highways. of working upon streets, lanes and alleys of said village; relative to the manner of assessing, levying and collecting all highway and other taxes in said village; and the board of trustees shall have power to make by-laws and ordinances relative to all nuisances within the limits of said village, and for the Nuisances. abatement of the same, and for the punishment, by fine, of all persons occasioning the same; to construct sewers and reser-Sewers.

voirs; to license all showmen; to suppress all games of chance Fire buckets or hazard; to compel owners of buildings to procure and keep

in readiness such number of fire buckets as shall be ordered by the board of trustees; to regulate bridges within the limits of Bridges. said village; relative to protecting said village from fires; to

Fire limits.

establish fire limits, in which no wooden buildings shall be built, enlarged or placed; relative to calling meetings of elec-

Shade trees, tors of said village; to prescribe the setting of posts and shade trees; to provide for the construction of sidewalks and repairing the same; relative to the keeping and sale of gunpowder in Gunpowder. said village; relative to the restraining of swine and other animals from running at large in the streets, alleys, lanes and other public places in said village; to establish one or more Pounds. pounds for said village; to suppress billiard tables, and other Billiard gaming tables kept for hire or reward in said village; to estab-Building lish lines upon which buildings may be erected, and beyond lines. which such buildings shall not extend, and also full power and authority to make all such by-laws and ordinances as may be deemed by the board of trustees expedient or necessary for the preventing and suppressing all disorderly and bad houses: Provided always, Such by-laws shall not be repugnant to the Proviso. constitution and laws of the United States and of the State of Michigan: And provided also, That no by-laws or ordinances Ibid. of said corporation shall have any effect until the same shall have been published for two weeks, successively, in a newspaper printed in the county of Macomb, or by written notices posted up in three of the most public places in said village.

Sec. 13. The president and trustees shall have power to make Fires. all such by-laws and ordinances as shall be necessary to secure said village and the inhabitants thereof against injuries by fire and persons violating the public peace; for the suppression of Riots. riots and gambling, and for the punishment of the same; for Vagrants. the apprehension and punishment of vagrants, drunkards, disorderly and idle persons; and they shall have power to make Fines and all such by-laws and ordinances as to them shall seem necessary for the safety and good government of said village and the inhabitants thereof, and to impose all fines, penalties and forfeitures on all such persons offending against the by-laws and ordinances made as aforesaid.

Sec. 14. The president and trustees shall have power to pre-Liquors. vent the vending of intoxicating liquors in said village; to regu-wood and late the measuring of fire-wood and the weighing of hay, and to prescribe and designate the stand for carters and carts, and for wood, hay and produce exposed for sale in said village; to prevent incumbering the streets, sidewalks, alleys or public grounds

Fast driving. or squares, also to prevent immoderate driving in said village, and to regulate all graveyards and burial of the dead for said village.

May lay out streets.

Sec. 15. The president and trustees shall have authority to lay out and establish, open, make, or alter such streets, lanes, alleys, sidewalks, water-courses, highways and bridges, within the limits of said village, as they may deem necessary for the

when private property is taken.

Notice to owner.

Trustees to treat with owner.

of jury.

Jary to award damages,

Proceedings public convenience; and if, in doing thereof, they shall require for such purposes the grounds of any person, they shall give notice thereof to the owners or parties interested, or his, her or their agent or representative by personal service, or by written notice posted in three of the most public places in said village, at least three weeks next preceding the meeting of the said board of trustees, for the purpose aforesaid; and the said board of trustees are hereby authorized to treat with such person or persons for such ground or premises; and if such person or Summoning persons shall refuse to treat for the same, or if the parties cannot agree therefor, it shall and may be lawful for said board of trustees to direct the recorder of said village to issue [a] venire facias, to command the marshal of said village, or any constable of said county, to summon and return a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders, to be taken without the limits of said village, to appear before any justice of the peace of said village, at any time therein to be stated, to inquire into and to ascertain and determine the just compensation to be paid therefor to the owner or owners, or parties interested in such grounds or premises, which jury, first being duly sworn by said justice faithfully and impartially to inquire into, and to ascertain and determine the just compensation to be made therefor, and having viewed the premises, if necessary, shall inquire of and assess such damages and recompense as they shall judge fit to be awarded to the owner or owners of, or parties interested in such ground or premises, for their respective losses, according to the several interests and estates therein; and the said justice shall, upon the return of such assessment or verdict, enter judgment therefor, confirming the same; and such sum

or sums so assessed, together with all costs, shall be paid or Compensat'n legally tendered, before such street, lane or alley, sidewalk, owner. highway or bridge shall be made, opened, established or altered, to the claimant or claimants therefor. It shall thereupon be lawful for the board of trustees to cause the same grounds or premises to be occupied and used for the purposes as aforesaid: Provided, That any party claiming damages, as Proviso. aforesaid, may have the right to remove such proceedings by appeal to the circuit court, or any court of competent jurisdiction, upon giving notice of his, her or their intentions so to do, to said justice, in writing, within ten days, or in case of the absence of said party from the said village, at the time of the rendition of said judgment, then within thirty days after the verdict of such jury and the judgment of said justice, as aforesaid; and upon the filing of a transcript of the proceedings aforesaid, duly certified by the said justice, within forty days after the verdict and judgment, as aforesaid, in the circuit court, or any other court of record having appellate jurisdiction, the same proceedings shall be had as is prescribed by law in other cases of appeal: Provided, That if the final judgment 161d. for damages shall not exceed the damages assessed before the justice at least five dollars, then the party appealing shall pay all costs of such appeal.

Sec. 16. Any justice of the peace of the township of Lenox, Justices of the peace; is hereby authorized and empowered to inquire of, hear, try powers and and determine, in a summary manner, all the offenses which shall be committed within the limits of said village against any of the by-laws, ordinances and regulations that shall be made, ordained or established by the said board of trustees, in pursuance of the powers granted to them in this act, and to punish the offender or offenders, as by the said by-laws, ordinances or regulations shall be prescribed or directed: *Pro-Proviso*, vided always, That any person arrested on a charge of violating any of the by-laws, ordinances or regulations as aforesaid, may demand and have a trial by jury; and the circuit court

of the county shall also have jurisdiction over all fines and penalties imposed by said by-laws.

Compensat'n of marshal and other officers.

Sec. 17. The marshal, recorder, and such other officers as may be appointed by the said board of trustees, shall receive such compensation for their services as the by-laws and ordinances of said corporation shall direct; but the residue of the village officers shall not receive any pecuniary compensation for their services.

Annual statement: contents of.

Sec. 18. The president and trustees shall, at the expiration of each year, cause to be published a true and just statement of all moneys received or expended by them in their corporate capacity, during the year next preceding such publication, and also the disposition thereof, previous to which they shall settle and audit the accounts of the treasurer, and all other officers and persons having claims against said village, or accounts with it, and shall make out in detail a statement of all receipts and expenditures, which statement shall fully specify all the appropriations made by the board of trustees, and the objects and purposes for which the same were made, and the money expended under each appropriation, the amount of taxes raised, the amount of contingent expenses, the amount on highways and streets, and all such information as shall be necessary to a full and perfect understanding of the financial concerns of the village.

Citizens to be compet'nt as jurors.

Sec. 19. In all processes, prosecutions and other proceedings wherein the board of trustees of said village shall be a party, no citizen of said village shall be deemed incompetent as a juror or witness, on account of the interest of such citizen in the event of such process or proceeding: Provided, That such interest be only that which is in common with the citizens of said village.

How suits shall be

Proviso.

Sec. 20. Whenever any action or suit shall be commenced commenced against said corporation, process against said corporation shall be served by leaving a copy of such process, attested by the proper officer, with the recorder of said corporation, or at his usual place of business therein, whose duty it shall be forthwith

to inform the president and trustees thereof: Provided, That Proviso. the first process shall be by summons, and a copy thereof left with the recorder, at least six days before the return day thereof.

Sec. 21. The president and trustees shall have full power and Power of c authority to levy and collect a capitation or poll tax upon the levy taxes. legal voters of said village, and also taxes on all real and personal property, not exempt from taxation within the limits of said village, necessary to defray the expenses thereof: Provided, Proviso. The said taxes so assessed and collected shall not exceed, in any one year, one per centum upon the valuation of said real and personal property, and exclusive of the capitation or poll tax; and every assessment of taxes lawfully imposed or levied Taxes to be a by said board of trustees on any lands, tenements and hered-estate. itaments, or premises whatsoever, in said village, shall be and remain a lien on such lands and tenements and hereditaments, from the time of making such assessment or imposing such tax, until paid; and the owner, or occupants, or parties in interest, respectively, in said real estate shall be liable, upon demand, to pay every such assessment or tax to be made as aforesaid; and in default of such payment, or any part thereof, it shall be lawful for the marshal of said village to sell personal estate, and for the want thereof, to sell real estate, rendering the surplus, if any, after deducting the charges of such sale, to the person against whom the tax is levied: Provided, That Proviso. whenever any real estate shall be sold by said marshal, notice thereof shall be published in a newspaper printed in said county, for at least four weeks, once in each week, previous to such sale, or by posting three written notices in the most public places in said village; and the said marshal shall give to the Certificate of purchaser or purchasers of any such lands a certificate, in purchase. writing, describing the lands purchased, and the time when the purchaser will be entitled to a deed for said lands; and if conveyance. the person claiming to own said lands described in the sale, shall not, within one year from the date thereof, pay to the treasurer of said village, for the use of the purchaser, his heirs

or assigns, the sum mentioned in said certificate, together with the interest thereon, at the rate of twenty per centum per annum from the date of said certificate, the said marshal, or his successor in office shall, at the expiration of said one year, execute to the purchaser or purchasers, his or their heirs and assigns, a conveyance of the lands so sold, which conveyance shall vest in the persons to whom it shall be given, an estate in fee simple, subject to all the claims the State shall have therein; and the said conveyance shall be prima facie evidence that the sale, and all the proceedings therein prior to such sale, were regular, according to the provisions of this act; and every such conveyance, executed by the said marshal, under his hand and seal, in the presence of two or more subscribing witnesses, and duly acknowledged and recorded in the usual form, may be given in evidence, in the same manner, and with like effect as a deed regularly executed and acknowledged by the owner, and duly recorded; and all personal estate so sold, shall be sold in such manner as the by-laws and regulations of the corporation shall direct.

When may be used in evidence.

Assessment roll.

Notice of time for service.

when may

Sec. 22. Whenever the assessors of said village shall have completed their assessment rolls of said village, and the valuation of the property, real and personal in said village, it shall be their duty to give notice thereof, by publishing in a newspaper printed in said village, by at least two insertions, or posting up the same in three of the most public places in said village, stating the place where the said roll is left for the inspection of all persons interested, and of the time when, and the place where they will meet to hear the objections of any person interested to the valuation as made by them; and at Corrections; the time so appointed the assessors shall meet, and on the application of any person considering himself or themselves aggrieved by the final decision of the said assessors, they shall have the right of appealing from such decision of the assessors within ten days thereafter to the board of trustees, who are in like manner hereby authorized, upon sufficient cause being shown, as aforesaid, to reduce said valuation.

Sec. 23. It shall be the duty of the board of trustees to make when roll out a duplicate of taxes, charging each individual therein an livered to marshal amount of tax in proportion to the amount of real and personal estate of such individual within said village, which duplicate shall be signed by the president and recorder, and delivered to the marshal, whose duty it shall be to collect the same within such time and in such manner as the by-laws shall direct.

Sec. 24. All moneys to be raised by tax in said village, shall Marshal to pay over all be collected and paid over by the marshal to the treasurer of moneys to treasurer. said village, as shall be prescribed by the ordinances of the board of trustees.

Sec. 25. No money shall be drawn from the treasury, except How money may be by appropriation of the president and trustees; and all orders drawn from treasury. directing the payment of money shall specify the fund from which it is to be paid, and shall be signed by the president and countersigned by the recorder.

Sec. 26. Neither the president, nor any member of the board to become of trustees, during his continuance in office, shall become security or interested in surety for the performance of any official duty to be done or performed by any person elected or appointed to any office under the provisions of this act, and during the time for which he may be elected a member of said board, he shall not be interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract or purchase, the expense or consideration whereof is to be paid out of the village treasury.

Sec. 27. The president and trustees shall have the power to To appoint appoint one or more street commissioners, or other officers, to missioners. superintend and direct the making, paving, repairing, ornamenting and opening all streets, lanes, alleys, sidewalks, public squares, highways or bridges within the limits of said corporation, in such manner as they may from time to time be directed by the board of trustees; also, for establishing the To establish line upon which buildings may be erected, and beyond which lines. such buildings shall not extend; and the board of trustees shall cause the expenses of making such sidewalks to be assessed on lots or premises adjoining such improvements, or by

To cause removals of obstructions on walks.

general assessment, or otherwise, as they may direct. Any person obstructing any street, alley, sidewalk, highway, or public grounds in said village, who shall neglect or refuse to remove such obstructions within two days after personal notice has been given him by the marshal to remove the same, shall forfeit and pay for the use of said corporation, five dollars and costs of suit for each day of such neglect or refusal to remove such obstruction after the two days, as aforesaid; and the said marshal may forthwith, after the expiration of the said two days, cause the obstruction to be removed at the expense of the person causing the same, or the person interested in maintaining and keeping up such obstruction; or the said marshal may, at his option, retain the possession of the property so removed, until the expenses of removing the same shall be paid or tendered to him.

Ibid.

Sec. 28. Whenever the marshal shall be notified by any resident of said village that [any street, alley, sidewalk, public grounds or highway is obstructed, and that such obstruction is not suthorized by the president and trustees, it shall be the duty of the marshal to cause such obstructions to be removed, as provided in the last preceding section.

Trustees to establish fire companies.

Sec. 29. The president and trustees shall have the authority to establish and organize all such fire companies, and hose and hook and ladder companies, and furnish them with engines and such other instruments as shall be necessary to extinguish fire and preserve the property of the inhabitants of said village from conflagration; to appoint from among the inhabitants of said village such number of men, willing to accept, as may be deemed proper and necessary to be employed as firemen: Provided, Such number does not exceed fifty in the management of one engine; and each fire, hose and hook and ladder company shall have power to appoint their own officers, pass by laws for the organization and good government of said companies, subject to the approval of the board of trustees, and they may impose such fines for the non-attendance or neglect of duty of any of its members as may be established by such by-laws

Proviso.

and regulations of every such company; and every person belonging to such company shall obtain from the recorder of said village a certificate to that effect, which shall be evidence thereof; and the members of such company, during their Firemen exempt from serving on juries politax and continuance as such, shall be exempt from serving on juries politax and working a politax on the streets or highways of said village; and it shall be the duty of every fire company to keep in good order and perfect repair, the fire engines, hose, ladders, and other instruments of such company; and it shall be the duty of each fire company to assemble once in each month, or as often as may be directed by the board of trustees, for the purpose of working or examining said engine and other instruments, with a view to their perfect order and repair.

Sec. 30. Upon the breaking out of any fire in said village, Duty of marshal at the marshal shall immediately repair to the place of such fire, fires. and aid and assist as well in extinguishing said fire as in preventing any goods from being stolen, and also in removing and securing the same, and shall in all respects be obedient to the president, recorder and trustees, or either of them, who may be present at the fire.

Sec. 31. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 458.]

AN ACT to incorporate the village of South Haven.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Boundaries. so much of the township of South Haven, in the county of Van Buren, including all the territory embraced within the boundaries of the present village of South Haven, as is included in the following territory, to wit: Commencing at the point where the base line strikes Lake Michigan between the counties of Allegan and Van Buren; thence east to the one-half quarter line in section two; thence south on the said one-half quarter line of sections two and eleven, one and one-fourth

miles; thence west eighty rods to the west line of section eleven; thence south on said section line three-fourths of one mile, to the south-west corner of section eleven; thence west on the section line between sections ten, fifteen, and fractional sections sixteen and nine to Lake Michigan; thence north-easterly along the shore of Lake Michigan to the place of beginning, be and the same is hereby constituted a village corporate under the name of the village of South Haven.

Elections; time and place of holding.

terms of office.

Proviso.

Judges and clerk of election.

Sec. 2. The inhabitants of the said village of South Haven, having the qualifications of electors under the constitution, shall meet at Dyckman Hall, in said village, on the first Tuesday in March next, and annually thereafter on the first Tuesday in April, at such place in said village as the president and board of trustees of the said village of South Haven shall Officers and designate, and then and there, by a plurality of votes, elect by ballot from among the qualified electors of said village, one president, six trustees, one recorder, one assessor, and one treasurer, who shall, except the trustees, hold their office for one year, and until their successors are elected and qualified The trustees at the first election held under this act shall hold their office, three of them for one year and three of them for two years, to be determined by lot at the first meeting of the common council held subsequent to said election; and at each election after the first only three trustees shall be elected annually, who shall hold their offices for two years, and until their successors are elected and qualified: Provided, That if any such election for any cause shall not be made on the day when, pursuant to this act, it ought to be made, the said corporation for that cause shall not be deemed to be dissolved, but it shall and may be lawful to hold such elections at any time thereafter pursuant to public notice, to be given as hereinafter provided Sec. 3. At the first election to be holden under this ack

which shall be held on the first Tuesday of May next, and ar-

nually on the first Tuesday of April in each succeeding yes,

there shall be chosen by the qualified electors there present,

from among their number, two judges and one clerk of said

election, who, together, shall constitute the board of inspectors therefor, each of whom shall, before entering upon Oath of. his office, take an oath before some person authorized to administer oaths, that he will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties thereof. The said board shall conduct the Duties of. said election, and certify the result thereof; and at each and every election thereafter to be held in said village under the provisions of this act, the president and two or more of the trustees of said village shall be the board of inspectors thereof, and the recorder shall be the clerk of such board; that the poll Polls; when opened and of such election shall be opened between the hours of eight closed. and ten o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue open until four o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, and no longer; and that the name of each elector voting at such election shall be written on the poll list, to be kept at such election by the officer or officers holding the same; and the said officers shall proceed without delay publicly to count the ballots unopened, and if the number of ballots so counted shall exceed the number of electors contained in the poll list, the officer or officers holding the said election shall draw out and destroy, unopened, so many of the ballots as shall amount to the excess; and if two or more ballots are found rolled or folded up together, they shall not be estimated; and thereupon the officers holding Canvass of such election shall immediately proceed, openly and publicly, to canvass and estimate the votes given at such election, and shall complete the said canvass and estimate on the same day, and shall thereupon certify and declare the number of votes Certificate of given for each person voted for, and shall file such certificate in the office of the recorder of said village before two o'clock in the afternoon of the next day after the said election; at which time the common council shall canvass said returns and declare the result of said election; and in case it shall at any Tie; how time happen that two or more persons shall have an equal number of votes for the same office, the common council shall take as many strips of paper, of equal size, as there are persons having [an] equal number of votes, and write a ballot for

each of such persons, one on each of said strips of paper, and shall put said ballots together in a hat or box, and one of the members of said council shall then draw from said hat or box one of said ballots, and the person whose name shall be upon the ballot so drawn shall be declared elected; and in all cases not herein otherwise provided for, the inspectors of said election, or of any election held pursuant to this act, shall have the same powers, and proceed in the same manner in all respects as prescribed by the laws of this State for the inspectors of special and general elections.

Recorder to give notice of election.

To notify persons of

Sec. 4. The recorder of said village shall give five days' notice, in writing, to be posted in three public places in said village, of the time and place of holding all elections, both annual and special, in said village, and as soon as practicable and within five days after the closing of the polls of any electheir election, notify the officers respectively of their election; and the said officers so elected and notified as aforesaid shall, within ten days after the receiving of such notice, take an oath or affirmation, before some officer authorized to administer the same, to support the constitution of the United States and of this State, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices, a certificate of which shall be filed with the recorder of said village.

Duty of president and clerk.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the president to preside at all meetings of said council, and in case of his absence the common council may appoint one of their own number a president pro tem.; and it shall be the duty of the recorder to attend all such meetings, and keep a fair and accurate record of their proceedings, and in case of his absence the common council may appoint one of their own number a recorder pro tem.

Body corporate and politic.

Sec. 6. The president, recorder and trustees of said village shall be a body corporate and politic, with perpetual succession, to be known and distinguished by the name and title of the common council of the village of South Haven, and by that name they and their successors shall be known in law, and shall be and are hereby made capable of suing and being

sued, of impleading and being impleaded, of answering and being answered unto, and of defending and being defended in all courts of record and any other place whatsoever; and may have a common seal, and may alter and change the same at their pleasure; and by the same name shall be and are hereby made capable of purchasing, holding, conveying and disposing of any real or personal estate for the use of the said corporation.

Sec. 7. The inhabitants of said village shall be liable to the Inhabitants operation of any and all laws relating to township government, to be made to township except so far as relates to laying out, altering, vacating and constructing streets and highways, and the labor to be performed thereon, within the limits thereof: Provided, That Proviso. nothing herein contained shall make it incumbent on the said corporation to build or keep in repair any of the bridges crossing the South Black River or the Big Ravine west of Broadway street and in the limits of said village.

Sec. 8. For the purpose of building, maintaining and repair-village ing the bridges over the said South Black River and the said township Big Ravine within the limits of said village, the township of purposes. South Haven and the said village shall be deemed the township of South Haven, as said township existed before the incorporation of the village of South Haven, and shall be subject to all the provisions of the general laws of this State relative to the building, maintaining and keeping in repair such bridges.

Sec. 9. The common council of said village shall have and council to are hereby vested with full power and authority to raise money buy engines, by tax, to buy one or more fire engines and necessary hose, hooks and ladders; to assess and levy such an amount of labor upon the real and personal estate and property in said village, as they may deem necessary to be performed upon the streets, highways and bridges in said village, and for that purpose they are hereby vested with the same powers given by law to highway commissioners, and may levy a poll tax not exceeding one Poll tax dollar for each person liable therefor under the laws of this State, and may provide for commutation therefor at any sum

Billiard tables.

Saloons.

Proviso.

Ibid.

protecting of the village from fires; relative to calling of meetings Gunpowder. of electors of said village; relative to the keeping and sale of gunpowder in said village; relative to restraining swine, horses

> and other animals from running at large in the streets, lanes, alleys and other public places in said village; relative to the

Shade trees. setting of posts, and ornamental and shade trees in said vil-

lage; to regulate and establish one or more pounds in said

village; to restrain or suppress billiard tables, and all other

gaming tables kept for hire or reward; to prescribe the man-

ner of conducting and the hours of closing all places of resort for amusement, and of saloons and drinking houses in said vil-

lage; and also full power and authority to make all such by-

laws and ordinances as may be deemed necessary or expedi-

ent for preventing and suppressing all disorderly and bad

houses: Provided always, Such by-laws shall not be repug-

nant to the constitution and laws of the United States, or of

the State of Michigan: And provided also, That no by-laws

or ordinances of said corporation shall have any effect until

printed and published one week in a newspaper printed in said

village of South Haven, or by written or printed notice posted

Sec. 15. The common council shall have power to make all

up one week in three of the most public places in said village.

such by-laws and ordinances as shall be necessary to secure

said village and the inhabitants thereof against injuries by fire,

and persons violating the public peace; for the suppression of

Protection against fire.

Riots.

riots and gambling, and for the punishment of the same; for the apprehension and punishment of vagrants, drunkards and Vagrants. idle persons; and they shall have power and authority to make Fines and penalties, all such by-laws and ordinances as to them shall seem necessary for the safety and good government thereof, and to impose all fines, penalties or forfeitures, on all persons offending against the by-laws and ordinances made as aforesaid; to prevent the

Liquors.

Cartmen,

vending of intoxicating liquors in any place within said village not duly licensed; to regulate the measuring of fire-wood and the weighing of hay, and to prescribe and designate the stand etc. for carters and carts, draymen and drays, and for wood, hay

and produce exposed for sale in said village; to appoint a sealer weights of weights and measures, and one or more pound-masters; to prevent immoderate driving in any of the streets of said village, and impose fines therefor; to prohibit bathing in any of the Bathing public waters of said village; to prevent the incumbering of the streets, sidewalks, alleys, public grounds or squares; to provide for removing ice and snow from the sidewalks; to Sidewalks provide for clearing the South Black River, within the limits of Clearing said village, of all wood, filth or other nuisances, and to regulate all graveyards and places of burial of the dead in said village.

Sec. 16. The common council shall have power and authority Power of to lay out and establish, vacate, open, make, repair, and alter council to such streets, lanes and alleys, sidewalks and water-courses within the limits of said village, as they may deem necessary for the public good or convenience; and if in doing thereof, they shall Proceed require for such purposes the grounds of any person, they shall property taken. give notice thereof to the owner or parties interested, or his, Notice to her, or their agent or representative, by personal service, or by written notice, posted up in three of the most public places in said village at least two weeks next preceding the meeting of the said common council for the purposes aforesaid; and the council to said common council are hereby authorized to treat with such with own person or persons for such ground or premises; and if the parties cannot agree therefor, it shall and may be lawful for said Summoni common council to direct any justice of the peace of the township of South Haven residing within said village to issue a venire facias, to command the marshal of said village, or any constable of said township of South Haven, to summon and return a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders, to be taken without the limits of said village, to appear before any justice of the peace residing in said village, at any time therein stated, to inquire into the necessity of using such ground or premises, and the just compensation to be made therefor to the owner or owners of, or parties interested in such grounds or premises; which jury, being first duly sworn by said justice

Jury to award damages.

faithfully and impartially to inquire into the necessity of using such ground or premises, and the just compensation to be made therefor, and having viewed the premises, if necessary, shall inquire of the necessity, and assess such damages and recompense as they shall judge fit to be awarded to the owner or owners of, or parties interested in such ground or premises, for their respective losses, according to the several interests and estates therein; the said justice shall, upon the return of such assessment or verdict, enter judgment therefor, confirming Compensat'n the same; and such sum or sums so assessed, together with all

tendered to owner.

Proviso.

Ibid.

costs, shall be paid or legally tendered before such street, lane or alley, sidewalk or highway, shall be made, opened or established, or altered, to the claimant or claimants thereof; it shall thereupon be lawful for the common council to cause the same grounds or premises to be occupied and used for the purposes aforesaid: Provided, That the common council, or any party claiming damages as aforesaid, may have the right to remove such proceedings, by appeal to the circuit court, or any court of competent jurisdiction, upon giving notice of his, or her, or their intention so to do, to said justice, in writing, within ten days, or in case of the absence of said party from said village, at the time of the rendition of the judgment, then within thirty days after the verdict of said jury and judgment of said justice as aforesaid. Upon the filing of a transcript of the proceedings aforesaid, duly certificated by the said justice, within forty days after the verdict and judgment as aforesaid, in the circuit court, or any other court of record, having appellate jurisdiction, the same proceedings shall be had as is prescribed by law in other cases of appeal: Provided, That if the final judgment for damages shall not exceed the damages assessed before the justice at least five dollars, then the party appealing shall pay all costs occasioned by such appeal.

Sec. 17. The common council shall have authority to build build watch- a watch house or village prison, and appoint the requisite officers for the same: Provided, That until such a prison is built the sheriff of Van Buren county is hereby authorized to receive

Council authorized to house.

Proviso.

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

criminals and persons committed for offenses against the bylaws of said village, into the common jail of said county, on the same terms and for the same fees, to be paid by said village, as in other cases.

Sec. 18. Any justice of the peace of the township of South Justice Haven shall have full power and authority, and he is hereby powers duties authorized and empowered to hold a court in and for said village of South Haven, and shall have jurisdiction to inquire of, To dete offense hear, try and determine, in a summary manner, all offenses which shall be committed within the limits of said corporation, against any of the by-laws, ordinances or regulations that may be made, ordained or established by the common council, in pursuance of the powers granted by this act, and to punish the offenders as the by-laws, ordinances, or regulations of said village shall prescribe; and to inquire of, hear, try and deter- To try mine any and all suits, actions or proceedings in relation to fines, e any and all fines, penalties and forfeitures, and for the recovery thereof, inflicted, imposed, or incurred by virtue of the provisions of this act, or by the by-laws, ordinances or regulations made or ordained by the common council in virtue thereof; and any such justices of the peace shall have full power to hear, try and determine any charges for offenses mentioned in chapter one hundred and eighteen of the compiled laws of this State, entitled "Criminal proceedings before justices of the peace." The proceedings shall be governed, as Proceed near as may be, except as herein otherwise provided, by law govern regulating proceedings in justice courts in similar cases.

Sec. 19. The marshal, recorder, attorney, and such other Fees of officers as may be appointed by the said common council, shall receive such compensation for their services as the by-laws and ordinances of said corporation may direct.

Sec. 20. The common council shall, at the expiration of each Annual year, cause to be published a just and true statement of all content moneys received or expended by them in their corporate capacity during the year next preceding such publication, also the disposition made thereo f; previous to which they shall set-

tle and audit the accounts of the treasurer, and all other officers and persons having claims against the said village or accounts with it, and shall make out in detail a statement of all receipts and expenditures, which statement shall fully specify all the appropriations made by the common council, and the objects and purposes for which the same were made, and the money expended under each appropriation, the amount on highways and streets, and all such information as shall be necessary to a full and perfect understanding of the financial concerns of said village.

Citizens to be compet'nt as jurors.

Sec. 21. In all processes, prosecutions and other proceedings wherein the common council of said village shall be a party, no citizen of said village shall be deemed an incompetent juror or witness on account of the interest of such citizen in the event of such process or proceeding: *Provided*, That such interest be only that which is in common with the citizens of said village.

How process shall be

served.

Proviso.

Sec. 22. Whenever any action or suit shall be commenced against the corporation, process against said corporation shall be served by leaving a copy of such process, attested by a proper officer, with the recorder of said corporation, or at his usual place of business therein, whose duty it shall be forthwith to inform the president and trustees thereof: *Provided*, That the first process shall be by summons, and a copy thereof left with the recorder at least ten days before the return day thereof.

Proviso.

Poll tax.

Proviso.

Sec. 23. The common council shall have full power and authority to levy and collect a capitation or poll tax upon the legal voters of said village, and also taxes on all real or personal property (not exempt from taxation) within the limits of said village, necessary to defray the expenses thereof: *Provided*, The said taxes so assessed and collected shall not exceed, in any one year, one per centum upon the valuation of said real and personal property, and exclusive of sidewalk, highway, and capitation or poll tax; and every assessment of taxes lawfully laid and imposed by said common council on any lands, tene-

ments, hereditaments or premises whatever in said village, shall Taxes to rebe and remain a lien on such lands, tenements and heredita-on property. ments from the time of making the same or imposing such tax until paid; and the owner or occupants, or parties in interest, respectively, in said real estate, shall be liable to pay every such assessment or tax to be made as aforesaid; and in default when perof such payment, or any part thereof, it shall be lawful for the may be sold marshal of said village to sell personal estate, and for the want thereof, to sell real estate, as hereinafter provided, rendering the surplus, if any, after deducting the charges of such sale, to the person against whom the tax is levied: Provided, That Proviso. whenever any real estate shall be sold by said marshal, notice thereof shall be published in a newspaper printed in said county for at least four weeks, once in each week, previous to such sale; and the said marshal shall give to the purchaser or Certificate of purchasers of any such lands a certificate, in writing, describing the lands purchased, and the time when the purchaser will be entitled to a deed for said land; and if the person claiming Conveyance. title to said lands described in the certificate of sale shall not, within one year from the date of such certificate, pay to the treasurer of said village, for the use of the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, the sum mentioned in such certificate, together with interest thereon at the rate of twenty per centum per annum from the date of such certificate, the said marshal or his successor in office shall, at the expiration of the said year, execute to the purchaser or purchasers, his or their heirs and assigns, a conveyance of the lands so sold, which conveyance shall vest in the person or persons to whom it shall be given an estate in fee simple, subject to all the claims the State shall have therein; and every such conveyance executed by said marshal, under his When may hand and seal, in the presence of two or more subscribing wit-evidence. nesses, and duly acknowledged, and recorded in due form, may be given in evidence in the same manner, and with the like effect as a deed regularly executed and acknowledged by the owner, and duly recorded, and shall be prima facie evidence that the sale and all the proceedings therein prior to such sale

Proviso.

Manner of conducting sales of personal property.

When deed may be executed.

Assessment Toll.

Notice of time for reviewing.

Corrections in; when may be made,

were regular, according to the provisions of this act and the ordinances of such village: Provided, That in case less than the whole tract or description of land in any case so held for taxes shall be sold for such taxes, the amount so sold shall be taken from the north side of such description, in accordance with the general laws of this State. All personal property sold for taxes in said village shall be sold in such manner as the bylaws and ordinances of the village shall prescribe; and whenever any lands shall not be bid off, or cannot be sold for the delinquent taxes aforesaid, they may be bid in for the said village, by the treasurer thereof, in the same manner as is provided by law for the sale of lands to the State by the Auditor General, and treasurers of the several counties of this State; and the treasurer of said village is authorized to sell said lands in the same manner as is provided by law for the sale of State tax land; and upon the presentation of such treasurer's certificate of such sale, the marshal shall execute to such purchaser, when the time of redemption herein provided shall have expired, a deed in the same manner as the Auditor General is authorized by the laws of this State, and with the like effect as is provided herein for other tax deeds.

Sec. 24. Whenever the assessor of said village shall have completed the assessment roll and valuation of the property, real and personal, in said village, it shall be his duty to give notice thereof, by publishing in a newspaper printed in said village, by at least two insertions, or posting up the same in three of the most public places in said village, stating the place where said roll is left for the inspection of all persons interested, and of the time when, and the place where he will meet to hear the objections of any persons interested, to the valuation made by him; and at the time so appointed the assessor shall be present at such place, and on the application of any person considering himself aggrieved, may review and reduce the said valuation, on sufficient cause being shown upon oath, to the satisfaction of said assessor; and if any person or persons shall conceive himself or themselves aggrieved by the final Right of decision of the said assessor, they shall have the right of appeal from such decision, at any time within ten days thereafter, to the common council, who are in like manner, hereby authorized, apon sufficient cause being shown as aforesaid, to reduce said valuation.

Sec. 25. It shall be the duty of the common council to make Duplicate of cause to be made out, by the recorder, a duplicate of taxes, whom decharging each individual therein an amount of tax in proportion to the amount of real and personal estate of such individual, within the limits of said village, which duplicate shall be signed by the president and recorder, or in case of their absence, or the absence of either of them, by any two members of the common council, and delivered to the marshal, whose duty it shall be to collect the same, within such time and in such manner as the by-laws and ordinances of the village shall direct.

Sec. 26. All moneys to be raised by tax in said village shall marshal to be collected by the marshal, and paid over by him to the treas-eys to treasurer, as shall be prescribed by the by-laws and ordinances of said village: Provided, however, That the highway rolls may Proviso. be collected by the street commissioners, who, for that purpose, are hereby vested with all the powers of overseers of highways, under the laws of this State, and such powers as may be conferred upon them by the by-laws and ordinances of the village.

Sec. 27. The street commissioners, or commissioners ap-Street compointed under the provisions of this act, shall superintend and duties of direct the making, planking, repairing and opening all streets,
lanes, alleys, sidewalks, highways or bridges within the limits
of said corporation, in such manner as they may from time to
time be directed by the common council; also, establish the
line upon which buildings may be erected, and beyond which
such buildings shall not extend.

Sec. 28. The common council shall have power to establish council to orand organize all such fire companies, and hose and hook and companies.

ladder companies, and provide them with engines and other
205-

instruments as shall be nece guish fires and pre-, to serve the property of the inhal wants of said village from conflagrations; to appoint from 1 mong the inhabitants of said village, such number of men, willing to accept, as may be deemed proper and necessary to be employed as firemen: Provided, Such number does not exceed fifty in the management of one engine; and such fire, hose and hook and ladder comown officers pany shall have power to appoint their own officers, pass bylaws for the or I good government of said comn

Firemen to elect their

To be ex-

Proviso.

they may imp ch fi duty of any of its 1 laws and regula of en empt from

panies, subject to

may be established by such byr nuch company; and every per-

for non-attendance or neglect of

proval of the common council, and

politax and son belonging to h com y shall obtain from the recorder jury service. of said village a that effect, which shall be evi-6 B of such company, during their dence thereof; and t 1

> l be exempt from serving on juries, continuance as such, s and working a poll tax on the streets and highways of said village; and it shall be the duty of every fire company to keep

> in good and perfect repair the fire engines, hose, hooks and ladders, and other instruments of such compony; it shall be the duty of each fire company to assemble at least once in each

> month, or as often as may be directed by said common council, for the purpose of working or examining said engine and other instruments, with a view to their perfect order and re-

> pair, and the fire department shall, in all respects, be under the control and government of the common council, and shall obey all by-laws and ordinances of the village, under such

penalty as shall be prescribed therein.

Duty of marshal at fires.

Sec. 29. Upon the breaking out of any fire in said village, the marshal shall immediately repair to the place of such fire and aid and assist as well in extinguishing said fire as in proventing any goods from being stolen, and also removing and securing the same, and shall in all respects be obedient to the orders of the president.

Sec. 30. This act shall take effect immediately. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 459.]

AN ACT to incorporate the city of Big Rapids, and organize the township of Big Rapids.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Boundaries. so much of the township of Big Rapids, in the county of Mecosta, as is included in the following description, to wit: The east half of section ten; entire section eleven; entire section fourteen, and the east half of section fifteen, in said township, is hereby organized and incorporated into a city, by the name of the city of Big Rapids.

Sec. 2. The inhabitants of said city shall be a body corporate and rate, and shall be known in law by the name of the city of Big politic. Rapids, and shall be capable of suing and being sued, of pleading and of being impleaded, of answering and being answered unto, and of defending and being defended in all courts of law and equity, and in all places whatever; may have and use a common seal, and alter it at pleasure; and shall be capable of purchasing, holding and disposing of real and personal estate for the use of said corporation.

Sec. 3. The said city shall be divided into four wards; the wards. first ward shall include all that portion of the city lying on section fourteen; the second ward shall include all that portion of the city lying on section eleven; the third ward shall include all that portion of the city lying on section ten; and the fourth ward shall include all that portion of the city lying on section fifteen.

Sec. 4. The officers of said city shall be one mayor, one re-officers and corder, who shall be ex officio school inspector and city clerk; office one supervisor, who shall be ex officio assessor; one treasurer, who shall be ex officio collector; one city attorney, one marshal, one street commissioner, two school inspectors, two aldermen for each ward, one constable in each ward, one justice of the peace in each ward. The mayor, aldermen, recorder, treasurer, supervisor and street commissioner shall be elected for one year, and shall hold their offices until their successors are

Ibid.

elected and qualified; the marshal and city attorney shall be appointed by the common council, and shall hold their offices for one year and until their successors are appointed and qualified. At the first election after the passage of this act there shall be elected two school inspectors, one for the term of one year and one for the term of two years; and annually thereafter there shall be elected one school inspector for the term of two years, and until his successor is elected and qualified; at the first election after the passage of this act there shall be elected in each ward of said city one justice of the peace; and their several terms of office shall be determined by lot, as the law provides in the case of new townships, (but without previous notice,) at the office of the recorder of the city of Big Rapids, at one o'clock P. M. of the second Saturday following said annual election; and at each and every annual election thereafter, there shall be elected one justice of the peace for the term of four years; the said justices of the peace shall have like powers and be subject to the same duties and liabilities as justices of the peace in the several townships of this State; one constable shall be elected annually in each ward: Provided, That the aldermen, justices of the peace and constables shall be elected by the electors of the wards for which they are respectively elected; the supervisor shall possess the same powers and shall perform the same duties relative to the assessment of property and the extending of the taxes, as supervisors of the several townships of this State; he, together with the mayor and recorder, shall each represent the city on the board of supervisors of the county of Mecosta, with the same powers and privileges as the supervisor of any township.

Proviso.

Power of: supervisor.

to be held.

Sec. 5. The first annual election to be held under this act Annual elecshall be held in each of the several wards of said city, on the third Monday of April, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, at the following named places: In the first ward, at the circuit court room in said ward; in the second ward, at the school-house in said ward; in the third ward, at the school-house in said ward; in the fourth ward, at the planing mill of Nichols and Ketchum,

in said ward; and there shall be chosen at said election, in each of said wards, by the electors present, two judges and a clerk of said [election,] each of whom shall take [an] oath of [or] affirmation, to be administered by either of the others, faithfully and honestly to discharge the duties required of him as judge or clerk of said election, and shall conduct the same and certify the result in the same manner as is herein required for subsequent elections to be held under this charter. The annual elec- Notice of tions after the first under this act, shall be held on the first Monday in April in each year, at such place in each of the several wards as the common council may designate, notice whereof shall be given by the recorder, at least eight days before the election, by posting the same in three public places in each ward; the aldermen and justices of the peace in each ward Inspectors of shall be the inspectors of such election, and of all other elections held in said city, and shall choose the clerk thereof; and in case of the absence of one or more of such inspectors, the electors present may choose, viva voce, from their number, one or more to fill such vacancy or vacancies, to whom shall be administered the constitutional oath by either of said inspectors, or by any justice of the peace. The time of opening Time of the polls, the manner of conducting all elections and canvass-polls. ing the votes, and the qualifications of electors in the several wards, shall be the same as that of townships, the word "ward," instead of "township," being used in the oath to be administered to an elector, in case his vote shall be challenged: Provided, That at such charter elections the said ward inspec-Proviso. tors shall make one certificate of the number of votes given for each person for the several offices to be filled in and for said city, and also one certificate of the officers elected in and for each ward, which certificate shall be immediately filed in the office of the recorder of said city; and upon the Tuesday Council to next following the day of said election, the common council who are shall meet at the office of said recorder, at one o'clock P. M. of that day, and thereupon determine who, by the greatest number of votes given in the several wards at such election, are

Recorder to duly elected to fill the respective city offices; and it shall be

Proviso.

Ibid.

Tie; how decided.

Common council.

notify persons of their the duty of the recorder immediately after such determination, to cause notice to be given to each of the persons elected, of their election; and each of said officers shall, within ten days thereafter, take and subscribe the constitutional oath of office before any person authorized to administer oaths, and shall deliver the same to said recorder, who shall file the same in his office: Provided, That at the first annual election under this act, the judges and clerk of election in each ward shall choose one of their number to be inspector of the city election, to whom the certificate of votes given for city officers shall be delivered; and on Tuesday next after the election, at one o'clock P. M., the said inspectors shall meet at the circuit court room and determine who, by the greatest number of votes given in the several wards of said city, at such election, are duly elected to fill the respective city offices, and they shall give notice to the recorder elect, of such determination; said recorder shall then notify the other officers as directed in this act for other elections: Provided, That in case of the election of one or more justices of the peace, the said recorder shall make a certificate thereof, and of his own election, and cause the same to be delivered to the county clerk in the same manner as is required of township clerks; and in case two or more persons shall receive for the same office an equal number, and not a plurality of votes given at such election, the common council shall immediately proceed to determine, by lot, between the persons receiving the highest number of votes, who shall be considered [elected] to such office; in case any of the officers so elected shall neglect, for a term of ten days after said election, to qualify as aforesaid, the office shall thereby become vacant. Sec. 6. The mayor, recorder and aldermen, when assembled, shall constitute the common council of the city of Big Rapids, and a majority of the whole, the mayor or recorder always being one, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of

business, but a less number may adjourn from time to time;

and the common council may be summoned to hold their meet-

ings at such time and in such place, within the limits of said When shall city, as the mayor, or in case of his absence or inability to act, as the recorder may appoint; the common council shall have May levy power to impose, levy and collect such fines as they may determine and deem proper, not exceeding five dollars, for the nonattendance at any meetings of any officer of the corporation who has been duly notified to attend the same; the mayor shall Duties of preside at all meetings of the common council, and the recorder shall keep a record of the proceedings of the same; in case of the absence of the mayor or recorder from the meeting, the members present may appoint a president or recorder pro tempore; the mayor and recorder shall not be entitled to a vote, except as a presiding officer, in case of a tie; and no alderman shall be allowed to vote or any question in which he shall have a direct personal interest, but upon all other questions he shall vote.

Sec. 7. The common council shall appoint a marshal, an Council to attorney, and street commissioner for the city, and shall have torney and power to appoint a chief engineer for the fire department, and other officers such other officers as is not herein specially provided for, as they may deem necessary to carry into effect the powers granted by this act, and remove the same at pleasure. They shall also To remove have power to remove the treasurer for any violation of the necessary. lawful orders of the common council; and, in case of the death, the resignation or removal from office, or neglect to qualify, or removal from the city or ward for which he has been elected, of any officer of the corporation, the common council shall, as soon as may be, appoint an officer to fill such vacancy for the unexpired portion of the year, and all officers so appointed shall be notified, and shall qualify as herein directed: Provided, Proviso. That the common council may at any time order a special election to fill a vacancy in any office which is elective under this act.

Sec. 8. The common council, in addition to the duties To control, specially conferred upon them in this act, shall have the man-etc. agement and control of the finances, rights and interests,

May pass laws relative

buildings, and all property, real and personal, belonging to the city, and may dispose of the same, and make such rules and by-laws relating to the same as they shall deem proper and necessary; and further, they shall have power within said city to enact, continue, establish, modify, annul and repeal such ordinances, by-laws and regulations as they shall deem desirable within said city, for the following purposes:

Vice.

Police.

First. To prevent vice and immorality; to preserve peace and good order; to organize, maintain and regulate a police of the city; to prevent and quell riots, disturbances and disorderly assemblies;

Disorderly houses.

Gaming.

Second. To prevent and restrain disorderly and gaming houses, and houses of ill-fame; all instruments and devices used for gaming, and to prohibit all gaming and fraudulent devices, and regulate, tax, or restrain all billiard tables, bowling alleys and drinking saloons;

Liquors.

Auctions.

Sports.

Sports.

Slaughter houses, Third. To forbid and prevent the vending, giving away, or other disposition of liquors and intoxicating drinks to any drunkard, child, young person, or apprentice, without consent of his or her parents or guardian, or in violation of the laws of this State; and to prohibit, restrain and regulate the sale of all goods, wares and personal property at auction, except in cases of sales authorized by law, and to fix the fees to be paid by and to auctioneers;

Fourth. To prohibit, restrain, license and regulate all sports, exhibitions of natural or artificial curiosities, caravans of animals, theatrical exhibitions, circuses, or other public performances and exhibitions for money;

Fifth. To abate or remove nuisances of any kind, and to compel the owner or occupant of any grocery, tallow-chandler shop, butcher's stall, soap factory, tannery, stable, privy, hogpen, sewer, or other offensive or unwholesome house or place, to cleanse, abate, or remove the same, from time to time, as often as they may deem necessary for the health, comfort and convenience of the inhabitants of said city;

Sixth. To direct the location of all slaughter-houses, markets, Nulsances, and buildings for storing gunpowder or other combustible material or substances:

Seventh. Concerning the buying, carrying, selling and using Gunpowder. of gunpowder, or other combustible materials, and the exhibitions of fireworks; the use of lights in barns, stables, and other Lamps. buildings; and to regulate or prohibit the discharge of firearms within the limits of the city, or the making of bonfires in the streets or yards;

Eighth. To prevent the incumbering of streets, sidewalks, Incumbering of streets, alleys, bridges, or other public places, in any manner whatever:

Ninth. To prevent and punish horse-racing and immoderate Horse-racing driving or riding in any street or alley, and to authorize the stopping and detaining any person who shall be guilty of immoderate driving or riding in any street or alley in said city;

Tenth. To determine and designate the routes and grades of Locourouses any railroads to be laid in said city, and to restrain and regulate the use of locomotives, engines and cars upon the railroads within the city;

Eleventh. To preserve the salubrity of the waters of Muske-Salubrity of gon river and Mitchell creek within the limits of said city; to prohibit or regulate bathing therein, and provide for cleansing the same of drift-wood, or other obstructions; to fill up all low grounds or lots covered or partially covered with water within the limits of said city, or to drain the same as they may deem expedient;

Twelfth. To restrain and punish drunkards, vagrants, street Vagrants. beggars and other disorderly persons;

Thirteenth. To establish and regulate one or more pounds, Pounds, and to restrain or regulate the running at large of horses, cattle, swine and other animals, geese and poultry, and to authorize the impounding and sale of the same, for the penalty incurred, and the cost of keeping and impounding the same;

Fourteenth. To prevent or regulate the running at large of Dogs.

dogs, to impose taxes on the owners of dogs, and to prevent dog fights in the streets;

Offensive substances.

Fifteenth. To prohibit any person from bringing or depositing within the limits of said city, any dead carcass or other unwholesome or offensive substances, and to require the removal or destruction thereof; if any person shall have on his or her premises such substances, or any putrid meats, fish, hides, or skins of any kind, and on his or her default, to authorize the removal or destruction thereof by some officer of the city;

Sidewalks.

Sixteenth. To compel all persons to keep sidewalks in front of premises owned by them, clear from snow, dirt, wood, or other obstructions;

Ringing of bells.

Seventeenth. To regulate the ringing of bells and the crying of goods and other commodities for sale at auction or otherwise; to prevent disturbing noises in the streets;

Duties of officers.

Eighteenth. To prescribe the powers and duties of all the officers of said city, except as herein otherwise provided, and their compensation, and the fines and penalties for their delinquencies;

Markets.

Nineteenth. To establish, order and regulate the markets, and to prohibit forestalling the same; to regulate the vending of wood, meats, vegetables, fruits, fish, and provisions of all kind, and prescribe the time and place for selling the same;

Reservoirs.

Twentieth. To establish, regulate and preserve public reservoirs, wells and pumps, and to prevent the waste of water;

Cartmen.

Twenty-first. To adopt rules and regulations for cartmen and their carts, hackney carriages and their drivers, omnibuses and their drivers, scavengers, porters and chimney sweeps, and their fees and compensation, and the fees to be paid by them into the city treasury for license;

Runners, etc.

Twenty-second. To prevent runners, stage drivers, and others from soliciting passengers or others to travel or ride in any stage or omnibus, or any railroad, or to go to any hotel or otherwise;

Lighting of streets.

Twenty-third. Concerning the lighting of the streets and alleys, and the protection and safety of public lamps;

Twenty-fourth. To regulate and restrain hawking and Peddling. peddling in the streets, and to regulate pawnbrokers;

Twenty-fifth. To prescribe the bonds and sureties to be given omcial by the officers of the city for the discharge of their duties, and the time for executing the same, in cases not otherwise provided by law;

Twenty-sixth. To prescribe and designate the stands for car-Stands for riages of all kinds which carry persons for hire, and carts and carters, and to prescribe the rate of fare and charges, and the stand or stands for wood, hay and produce exposed for sale in said city, and to regulate the sale thereof; and for the purpose Fines and of carrying into effect the powers conferred by this section, the common council shall have power to prescribe in any by-law or ordinance made by them, that the person offending against the same shall forfeit and pay such fine as they shall deem proper, not exceeding one hundred dollars, or be imprisoned in the county jail for a term not exceeding three months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the justice who shall try the offender.

- Sec. 9. The style of all ordinances of the common council Style of ordinances. shall be: "It is hereby ordained by the common council of the city of Big Rapids."
- Sec. 10. All meetings of the common council shall be public, Meetings to and its proceedings and records shall be open to the public inspection at all reasonable times.
- Sec. 11. The inhabitants of said city shall have the right to Right of petition.

 petition the common council.
 - Sec. 12. The common council shall be the judge of the elec-council to tion and qualification of its own members, and shall have qualification of members power to determine contested elections, to compel the attendance of absent members, to determine the rules of its proceedings, and to pass all by-laws and rules necessary and convenient for the transaction of business, not inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

Justices of the peace; powers and duties of.

Sec. 13. Any justice of the peace residing in and elected for said city shall have full power and authority, and [it] is hereby made the duty of such justice, upon complaint to him in writing, to inquire into and try and determine all offenses which shall be committed against said ordinances of the common council, made in pursuance of the power granted by this act, and to punish the offenders as by the said by-laws or ordinances shall be prescribed or directed; to award all process, and take recognizances for the keeping of the peace, for the appearance of the person charged, and upon appeal, and to commit to prison, as occasion shall lawfully require.

Corporation allowed use of county jail.

Sec. 14. The corporation of the city of Big Rapids shall be allowed the use of the common jail of the county of Mecosta, for the imprisonment of all persons liable to imprisonment under the by-laws and ordinances of the common council; and all persons committed to jail by any justice of the peace for any violation of a by-law or ordinance of said common council, shall be in the custody of the sheriff of the county, who shall safely keep the person so committed until lawfully discharged, as in other cases.

Justices to issue warrants for arrest of offenders.

Sec. 15. Whenever any person shall be charged with having violated any ordinance or by-law of the city by which the offender is liable to imprisonment, any justice of the peace of said city, to whom complaint shall be made, shall issue a warrant to the sheriff, or any constable of said county, or the marshal of said city, commanding him to bring the body of such person before him forthwith, to be dealt with according to law; and any such officer to whom such warrant shall be delivered for service is hereby required to execute the same, under the penalties which are by law incurred by sheriffs and other officers for neglecting or refusing to execute other criminal process; and all process issued by any justice of the peace to enforce or carry into effect any of the by-laws or ordinances of the city of Big Rapids, may be directed to the sheriff or any constable of the county of Mecosta, or to the marshal of the city of Big Rapids, and such process may be executed by any of said offi-

How prooess shall be directed. cers, and shall be returnable the same as other similar process issued by justices of the peace.

Sec. 16. It shall be the duty of the mayor to take care that Mayor; powers at the laws of the State, and the ordinances of the common duties of council be faithfully enforced and executed. The mayor shall be the chief executive officer of the city of Big Rapids, and conservator of the peace.

Sec. 17. It shall be his duty to see that all officers of the Ibid. said city shall faithfully comply with and discharge their official duties; to see that all laws pertaining to the municipal government of said city, and all ordinances and resolutions of the common council be faithfully observed and executed, and he shall have power, in his discretion, to report to the common council any violations thereof. He shall, from time to time, give to the common council such information, and recommend such measures as he shall deem necessary and expedient.

Sec. 18. The mayor shall, by virtue of his office, be authorized May perform to take the acknowledgment of deeds and other instruments in coremonies, etc. writing, to administer oaths and affirmations, perform marriage ceremonies, and do all other like acts which justices are by law authorized to do, and may affix to any official certificate the seal of the city.

Sec. 19. The recorder shall be the clerk of the common Recorder to council, and shall give bond for the faithful performance of his council duties, in such sum as the common council shall by ordinance direct; and shall keep a record of their proceedings in proper books provided therefor, and shall open and keep the books of accounts, and such other books of receipts and expenditures as the common council may direct, and in such form and manner as they may order.

Sec. 20. He shall also perform for the city all such duties as To perform township clerks are required by law to perform for the several duties of townships, and for such services he shall receive the same fees and compensation as they are entitled to receive under the laws of this State, except as herein otherwise provided.

To hold official bonds.

Sec. 21. All official bonds of the officers of said city, except as herein otherwise provided, shall be deposited with the recorder for safe keeping, and it shall be his duty to deliver them to his successor in office.

To perform duties of mayor.

Sec. 22. The recorder shall possess the same powers and perform and discharge the municipal duties of the mayor during the absence, inability, death or removal of the mayor.

Aldermen to attend meetings of council.

Sec. 23. It shall be the duty of each alderman in said city to attend the regular and special meetings of the common council; to act upon committees when thereupon appointed by the mayor or common council; to order the arrest of all persons violating the laws of this State, or the ordinances, bylaws or police regulations of the city; to report to the mayor all subordinate officers who are guilty of any official misconduct or neglect of duty; to maintain peace and good order, and to perform all other duties required of them by this act.

To report subordinate officers.

Sec. 24. The mayor and aldermen shall be, by virtue of their public peace. respective offices, conservators of the public peace.

Sec. 25. The marshal of said city shall, before entering upon

Marshal to give security

To be conservators of

> the discharge of the duties of his office, give such security for the faithful performance of his duties as the common council shall direct and require; he shall be chief of the police, and it shall be his duty to serve all process that may be lawfully delivered to him for service; to see that all the by-laws and ordinances of the common council are promptly and efficiently enforced; he shall obey all the lawful orders of the mayor or common council, and may command the aid and assistance of all constables, and all other persons, in discharge of the duties imposed upon him by law; he may appoint such number of deputies as the common council shall direct and approve, who shall have the same powers and perform the same duties as the marshal, and for whose official acts he shall be in all respects responsible; and the marshal and his deputies shall have the same power to serve and execute all process on behalf of the corporation of said city, as sheriffs or constables have by law to execute sim-

To see that laws are executed.

To appoint deputies.

ilar process, and shall be entitled to the same compensation therefor.

Sec. 26. The common council shall have power to make all Council to such by-laws and ordinances as they shall deem necessary and relative to fines. proper to secure the said city and the inhabitants thereof against injuries by fire; to prescribe the manner in which stoves with their pipes in actual use shall be put up, and chimneys built to guard against fires; to compel the owners or occupants of buildings to procure and keep in readiness such number of fire buckets as they may deem necessary; to construct reservoirs, To construct and provide such companies with necessary and proper buildings, engines, and other implements to prevent and extinguish fires; to appoint from among the inhabitants of said city such To appoint number of persons not exceeding one hundred and twenty to one company, as are willing to accept, and as may be deemed proper to be employed as firemen. And every such company Firemen to shall have power to appoint from their own number its officers, own officers. and to pass by-laws for its organization and government, subject to the approval of the common council, and to impose and collect such fines for the non-attendance or neglect of duty of its members as may be deemed necessary and proper. every person belonging to such company may obtain from such recorder a certificate, which shall be prima facie evidence of his membership for one year from the date thereof. Every to be exmember of such company during his membership shall be jury service exempt from service on juries, from military tax in time of peace, and from the payment of a poll tax.

Sec. 27. It shall be the duty of each company to keep in good To keep engine in order and repair its fire engine, hose, ladders and other imple-good repair. ments; to assemble at least once in each month for the purpose of working its fire engine; and upon any alarm or breaking out of fire within said city, each company shall forthwith assemble at the place of such fire, with its fire engine and other implements, and be subject to the orders of the chief engineer of the fire department.

Duties of marshal at fires.

Sec. 28. Upon the breaking out of any fire in said city, the marshal shall immediately repair to the place of such fire, and aid and assist, as well in extinguishing the fire as in preventing any goods or property from being stolen or injured, and in protecting, removing and securing the same; for which purpose, and as chief of police, he may require the assistance of all bystanders.

Council to establish board of health.

Sec. 29. The common council shall have power and it shall be their duty to adopt measures for the preservation of the public health of said city; to restrain or prohibit the exercise of any unwholesome or dangerous avocation within the limits of the city; to establish a board of health, and to invest it with such powers and impose upon it such duties as shall be necessary to secure the inhabitants of said city from contagious, malignant and infectious diseases; to provide for its proper government. organization, and for the appointment of the proper officers; and they shall have authority to make all such by-laws and regulations for the government of such board of health, and for the preservation of the health of the inhabitants of said city, and [as] shall secure a prompt and efficient discharge of the duties imposed upon the common council by this act.

To make rules for its

To control taverns and groceries.

To license tavern keepers and others.

Sec. 30. The common council shall have and exercise in and over said city the same power in relation to the regulation of taverns, groceries, common victualers and others, as are now, or may hereafter be conferred by the general laws of this State upon township boards, or upon the corporate authorities of cities and villages in relation to tavern keepers and common victualers, and subject to the same conditions and limitations; and no person shall engage in or exercise the business of tavern keeper, inn keeper, common victualer, or saloon keeper, within the limits of said city, until he is first duly licensed as such by the common council; and any person who shall assume to exercise such business or occupation without having first obtained such license shall forfeit and pay for each day he shall so exercise such business or occupation, the sum of two dollars, to be recovered by action of debt in the corporate name of said city,

together with the costs of prosecution, before any justice of the peace of said city. The common council shall have power to rees for grant licenses authorizing persons to exercise the business of tavern keeper, inn keeper, common victualer, or saloon keeper within said city, and may impose such fees, to be paid into the city treasury on the granting of such licenses, as they may see fit.

Sec. 31. The common council shall examine, settle and allow To examine and accounts and demands properly chargeable against said accounts. city, as well of its officers as other persons, and shall have authority to provide means for the payment of the same, and for defraying [the] contingent expenses of said city, subject only to the limitation and restrictions in this act contained.

Sec. 32. The common council shall have authority to assess, May levy levy and collect taxes on all real and personal estate taxable in liabilities. said city, which taxes shall be and remain a lien upon the property so taxed until the same shall be paid; and for the purpose of defraying the expenses and all liabilities incurred by said city, the common council may raise annually, by tax levied upon the real and personal property within said city, such sum as they may deem necessary, not exceeding, exclusive the school taxes, one per cent. on the valuation of such real and personal estate within the limits of said city, according to the valuation thereof taken from the assessment roll of the year preceding the levying of such tax; and the common council, in For highway addition thereto, may assess, levy and cause to be collected in each ward respectively, such amount of taxes for street or highway purposes as they may deem necessary, which taxes shall be raised, assessed and collected on the same roll as the other city taxes, but all such street taxes shall be passed to the credit of, and be expended in the ward in which they may be All bridges over Mitchell creek within the limits of said city shall be built and kept in repair by and at the expense of said city. The common council of said city is hereby au-For bridges. thorized to levey, assess and collect, in addition to all [other] taxes, a sufficient amount of tax annually for that purpose, as

limited by law, which tax shall be known and designated as "bridge tax," and shall be used for no other purpose.

Extra tax; manner of raising.

Sec. 33. Whenever the common council shall deem it necessary to raise a greater sum in any one year, exclusive of school taxes, than the amount specified and limited in the preceding section, they may call a meeting of the tax-paying electors of said city, by giving at least five days' notice in writing, to be posted up in two public places in each ward of said city, which notice shall state the time and place of said meeting, and the purpose for which the money to be raised is to be expended; and when such meeting shall be assembled in pursuance of such notice, such electors, by a viva voce vote, shall determine what amount of money shall be raised for each object specified in the notice: Provided, That such tax so voted by such electors shall not, in any one year, exceed one per cent. of the valuation of the real and personal estate taxable within said city: And provided also, That not more than two such meetings shall be called or holden in any one year; and at all such meetings the mayor, or in his absence any member of the common council present at such meeting shall preside, and the recorder shall make and keep a record of the proceedings of such meeting.

Previso.

Ibid.

Proceedings when special tax is to be raised.

Sec. 34. Whenever the common council shall be authorized as aforesaid, by a vote of the tax-paying electors of said city, to raise a tax for any specific purpose, it shall be lawful for the common council, or a committee thereof, to make out an assessment roll in the premises, levying and assessing said tax upon all the taxable property of said city, according to its true cash value at the time, placing the tax in a column opposite the description and valuation of the property; and when such roll is completed, the recorder shall make and deliver a copy thereof to the treasurer of said city, together with a warrant signed by the mayor and recorder, commanding the said treasurer to collect the same, and make return of his proceedings by virtue thereof, within a time in said warrant to be specified, not less than thirty nor more than ninety days from the date thereof; and it shall be the duty of the treasurer to collect said taxes

within the time specified in said warrant, or within such further time as the common council [may] by resolution direct.

Sec. 35. The supervisor shall, in each and every year, make Assessment and complete the assessment of all the real and personal property within said city, in the same manner, and within the same time as required by law for the assessment of property in the several townships in this State, and in so doing shall conform to the provisions of law governing the action of supervisors of the several townships of this State performing like services, execept as otherwise provided in this act; and all State, county and school taxes in said city, and all city taxes which shall be raised by general tax, shall be levied and collected, as near as may be, within the same time, and in the same manner as is provided by law for the assessment and collection of taxes by township officers, unless otherwise provided in this act.

Sec. 36. The supervisors shall, within the time within which Super supervisors of townships are required to perform like acts, de- treasurer. liver to the treasurer the tax roll, the taxes therein extended, including four per cent. for collection, with the usual supervisor's warrant to the treasurer thereto attached, directed to the treasurer of the city of Big Rapids, and the said treasurer shall, in [the] collection of such taxes, possess all the powers of a township treasurer; and all persons paying their taxes on or before the second Saturday in January next ensuing, shall be entitled to have three per cent. thereof deducted.

Sec. 37. It shall be the duty of said treasurer, immediately Treasurer to after said second Saturday in January, to proceed to collect the taxes unpaid therein, and make return thereof in like manner as is required by township treasurers, and with like effect; and in full compensation for his services in collecting the amount of tax unpaid on such assessment roll, he shall be entitled to retain four per cent. thereof.

Sec. 38. The treasurer of said city shall, before entering To give bond upon the duties of his office, file with the recorder his bond, and security. conditioned for the faithful performance of bis duties as such treasurer, in such amount and with such sureties as the com-

mon council shall require and approve; and such treasurer shall give to the treasurer of the county of Mecosta such other security as is now or may hereafter be required by law of treasurers in the several townships of this State; and for the purpose of the return of all property delinquent for the nonpayment of taxes, the treasurer shall possess all the powers and perform all the duties of the several township treasurers of this State, as prescribed by law.

To keep acc't of receipts and expenditures.

Sec. 39. The treasurer shall keep a regular account of all money received and of all money disbursed by him, in the books to be provided for that purpose, in which the name of every person to whom money shall be paid shall be entered at

treasury.

length, and on what account the same was paid, which books shall, at all reasonable hours, be open to inspection of any in-Money; how habitant of said city. All money received for the use of the drawn from city shall be paid into the city treasury, and no money shall be drawn from the treasury unless it shall have been previously appropriated by the common council for the purpose for which it shall be drawn, and the treasurer shall pay out no money but upon the written warrant of the mayor and recorder; the treasurer shall also make out a statement of the accounts of the city, or of the different funds, or attend the meetings of the council, with his books, whenever the common council shall direct him to do so: Provided, That he shall make and deliver to the council, on the first of each of the months of October and March, in each year, a full report of the condition of the finances of the city, and of the different funds, whether directed by the council so to do or not; and in full compensation for his services as treasurer, he shall be entitled to receive and shall receive one per cent. of the taxes paid in and collected on the general annual assessment roll of the city.

Proviso.

Sec. 40. The common council shall have power to regulate the time and manner of working upon the streets, lanes and on streets. alleys in said city; to provide for the grading, paving, planking and railing of all streets, lanes and alleys, sidewalks and crosswalks, and to prescribe the width thereof; to lay out and open

Council to regulate time of working

all streets, lanes and alleys, parks and public grounds, and the same to alter and vacate, and to alter and vacate those already laid out; to cause common sewers, drains and vaults, arches To cause the building of and bridges, wells, pumps and reservoirs to be built in any sewers. part of the city; to cause the grading, leveling and repairing To grade of all streets and alleys, sidewalks, cross-walks, parks and public grounds in said city, and to prevent the obstruction or incumbering thereof.

Sec. 41. Whenever, in laying out or altering any street, lane Proceedings when private or alley, park or public ground in said city, the common coun-property is cil shall require for such purpose the grounds of any person, they shall give notice thereof to the owner or persons inter-Notice to ested, or his or her agent or representative, by personal service, or by written notice posted in three public places in said city, at least three weeks preceding the meeting of said common council for the purpose aforesaid; and the said common council are authorized to treat with such person or persons for such grounds or premises; and if such person or persons refuse to Summoning treat for the same, or if the parties cannot agree therefor, it of jury. shall be lawful for the recorder of said city to issue a venire facias to command the marshal or any constable of said city to summon and return a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders, to appear before said recorder, at any time therein to be stated, to inquire into and ascertain and determine the just compensation to be paid therefor to the owner of or parties interested in such grounds or premises, which jury, being first duly sworn Jury to by said recorder faithfully and impartially to inquire into and amages. ascertain and determine the just compensation to be paid therefor, and having viewed the premises, if necessary, shall assess such damages and recompense as they shall judge fit to be awarded to the owner or owners of, or parties interested in ' such grounds or premises for their respective injuries, according to the several interests or estates therein: Provided, Proviso. That notice of the time and place where such jury will meet as aforesaid, shall be served personally on the persons interested in the premises proposed to be taken, and be published at least

one week in the official paper of said city; and upon the return

of the assessment or verdict of said jury, the recorder shall tendered to owner.

Proviso.

Compensatin enter judgment therefor, confirming the same; and such sum or sums so assessed shall be paid or legally tendered before such street, lane, alley, park or public ground shall be made,

> laid out, altered or opened, to the claimant or claimants thereof; it shall thereupon be lawful for said common council to cause

> said grounds to be occupied for the purposes aforesaid: Provided, That any party claiming damages as aforesaid may have

> the right to remove such proceedings by appeal to the circuit

court, or any court of competent jurisdiction, upon giving notice of his or her or their intention to do so, to said mayor

in writing, within ten days, or in case of the absence of said

party from the city at the time of the rendition of the judgment, then within thirty days after the verdict of such jury

and the judgment of such court as aforesaid, and also upon

filing with said recorder, a bond to the common council of said

city in the penal sum of two hundred dollars, with sufficient

sureties, to be approved by said recorder, conditioned to pay all

costs occasioned by said appeal, if the same should be assessed

against him; and upon filing a transcript of the proceedings

aforesaid, duly certified by the mayor, within forty days after

the verdict and judgment in the circuit court, or in any other

court of record having appellate jurisdiction, the same pro-

ceedings shall be had as is or may be prescribed by law in

other cases of appeal.

Street commissioner to the grading of streets.

Sec. 42. The street commissioner of said city, and such superintend other officers or persons as the common council may direct and appoint, shall, under direction of the common council, superintend the making, grading, paving, repairing and opening of all streets, lanes, alleys, sidewalks, cross-walks, or other public grounds within the limits of the city, in such manner as he may be from time to time directed; the street commissioner shall collect all capitation or poll taxes in said city; he shall give bonds in such penalty and with such surety as the common council may prescribe and direct, conditioned for the

faithful performance of his duties as such street commissioner, and for the accounting for and paying over all moneys that may come into his hands as such officer by virtue of his office; and such street commissioner shall receive as compensation for Compensation his services such sum as the common council may direct and allow; the street commissioner shall be the fence-viewer of the city, and shall possess all the powers and [be] subject to the same liabilities as fence-viewers in townships.

Sec. 43. The common council shall have power to cause the ex-Council to pense of making, grading, paving and opening of streets, lanes, penses on alleys, sidewalks, cross-walks, parks, public grounds and other benefited. local improvements to be assessed in whole or in part against the owners or occupants of lots and premises to be benefited thereby, or by general tax in whole or in part, as they may deem just and proper.

Sec. 44. Whenever the common council shall determine that Ibid. the whole or any part of the expenses of any public improvement not requiring the taking any land by the city, shall be defrayed by an assessment on the owners or occupants of houses and lands to be benefited thereby, they shall ascertain as they may think proper, the estimated expense of such improvement done or to be done, and shall declare, by an entry in their minutes, whether the whole or what portion thereof shall be assessed to such owners or occupants, specifying the sum to be assessed, and the portion of the city which they deem to be benefited by such improvement; and the costs and expenses of making the plans and assessments incidental thereto shall be included in the estimated expenses of such improvements.

Sec. 45. The common council, or a committee appointed by Manner of them for that purpose, consisting of not less than three free-sessment. holders of said city, and not interested in any of the property so benefited, shall thereupon make an assessment upon all the owners or occupants of lands and houses within the portion or part of the city so designated, of the amount of the expense aforesaid, in proportion, as nearly as may be, to the advantage

Thid.

which each shall be deemed to acquire and shall make out an assessment entered the names of the persons asseproperty for which they are assessed, at the each of them respectively; and in colots shall belong to a non-resident, or unknown, the same shall be entered a scription of such lots or premises, a assessment rolls made by supervisors value thereof, and the amount assessement roll shall then be returned and fisaid city.

Names of persons asressed to be published. Sec. 46. Upon such return being mac of said city shall cause notice thereof official paper of said city, stating the addressed [assessed,] or, in cases of no whose names are unknown, a brief destaxed shall be inserted, and that at a c be designated in said notice, the cor and review said assessment roll on the conceiving himself aggrieved.

Time for reviewal.

Sec. 47. The common council shall, said notice specified, or at some sessic assessment into consideration, and massessment roll, in whole or in part, or and direct a new assessment, or they such assessment without any correctic tions therein as they may think proper ment roll shall be completed and rat the council, the recorder shall endorse [thereto] his certificate that such asses and confirmed by the common counce confirmation.

Recorder to sumex cersificate,

Assessm't to Sec. 48. Every assessment so ratified the property common council, as aforesaid, shall and the same shall remain and continu

ises assessed for such tax; within ten days after such assess- Treasurer ment shall have been ratified and confirmed, the mayor and collect. recorder, or either of them, shall affix to such assessment and tax roll a warrant for the collection thereof, signed by him or them, under the seal of said city, which warrant shall be directed to the treasurer of said city, commanding him to collect the same within a time in said warrant to be specified, not less than thirty nor more than ninety days from the date of said warrant; and the said assessment and tax roll, with said warrant annexed, shall be delivered to said treasurer within the ten days aforesaid, who shall, within the time mentioned in said warrant, or within such further time as the common council shall allow, be authorized to levy and collect the same by distress and sale of the personal property of any person chargeable with said tax; and in case sufficient personal property cannot be found whereon Return to levy and collect such tax, the treasurer shall, within five taxes. days after the time prescribed and limited for the collection thereof has expired, make a return under oath to the recorder of the sums so remaining unpaid, which he [was] unable, for the want of such personal property, to levy and collect the same, together with the description of the premises assessed for such unpaid taxes; and the recorder shall, within ten days thereafter, certify under his hand to the supervisor the amount of such unpaid taxes, and a description of the premises assessed and chargeable with such tax, who shall assess such unpaid taxes on such premises in the general tax roll next thereafter to be made; and such tax shall then be levied, collected and when premreturned, and the said premises may be sold for the non-pay-sold for taxes ment thereof, as prescribed by law for the non-payment of the ordinary city taxes.

Sec. 49. The common council shall have power to make all special assessment such by-laws and ordinances relative to any special assessment or tax in said city, as they may deem necessary, to levy and collect such tax, in all cases when the manner of levying and collecting such tax is not provided for in this act: *Provided*, That Proviso, such by-laws and ordinances are not inconsistent with any of 208-

Tbid.

the provisions of this act: And provided also, That whenever any person shall be improperly designated as the owner or occupant of any lot or premises, in proceedings under this act, or any of the by-laws and ordinances of said city relative to any special assessment, such tax or assessment shall not for that cause be vitiated, but the same shall be a lien upon such lot or premises, and shall be collected as in other cases.

Proceeds of sales to be paid to treasurer.

Sec. 50. The net proceeds of the sales of all property delinquent for non-payment of city taxes, and of all sums paid to the county treasurer before sale, on account of property returned delinquent for non-payment of city taxes, shall be paid to the treasurer of said city by the treasurer of the county of Mecosta, whenever required by the city treasurer.

Council may pass laws relative to fines.

Setting out

Setting out shade-trees.

Proviso.

Ibid.

Sec. 51. The common council shall have authority to make all by-laws and ordinances relative to the calling of the meetings of electors of the city; to provide for the collection and disposition of all fines and penalties which may be incurred under the by-laws and ordinances of said city; to regulate the setting of awning and other posts and shade trees in the streets, and to compel the removal of those which are improperly placed therein, and to make all other by-laws, ordinances and regulations, for the purpose of carrying into effect the powers conferred by this act, which they may deem necessary to provide for the safety and good government of the city, and to preserve the health and protect the property of the inhabitants thereof; and to this end the common council may impose fines and penalties for the violation of the by-laws and ordinances which may be made by them as aforesaid: Provided, That no by-law or ordinance shall impose a fine exceeding one hundred dollars, nor subject the offender to imprisonment in the county jail exceeding three months: And provided further, That no by-law or ordinance of the common council, subjecting any person to fine or imprisonment, shall be of any effect until the same shall have been published for two successive weeks in a newspaper published in said city.

Sec. 52. In addition to the security now required by law to Justices to be given by justices of the peace, each of the justices of the to city. peace of said city shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, execute a bond to the city of Big Rapids, in its corporate name, with sureties to be approved by the common council, in the penal sum of one thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties as a justice of the peace for said city, and to pay over all moneys so collected or paid to him as such, which bond shall be filed in the office of the recorder of said city.

Sec. 53. All fines imposed by any by-law or ordinance of the Fines; how common council may be sued for by the attorney of the city, in the name of the corporation, before any justice of the peace of said city; and whenever any fine shall be imposed by any justice of the peace for a violation of any ordinance of the common council, it shall be the duty of the justice forthwith to issue execution to the marshal of the city, commanding him to collect of the goods and chattels of the person so offending, the amount of such fine, with the interest and costs, and for the want of goods and chattels wherewith to satisfy the same, that he take the body of the defendant and commit him to the common jail of the county, and the sheriff shall safely keep the body of the person so committed until he be discharged by due course of law; and the defendant shall remain imprisoned until the execution, with the fees of the sheriff, shall be paid: Provided, That the common council may remit such fine, in Proviso. whole or in part, if it shall be made to appear that the person so imprisoned is unable to pay the same.

Sec. 54. In all suits in which the city of Big Rapids shall be Citizens to a party, or shall be interested, no inhabitant of said city shall as jurors. be deemed incompetent as a witness or juror on account of his interest in the event of such suit or action: *Provided*, Such in-Proviso. terest be such only as he has in common with the inhabitants of said city.

Offenders entitled to jury.

Manner of conducting trials.

Sec. 55. In all trials before any justice of the peace of any person charged with a violation of any by-law or ordinance of the common council, either party shall be entitled to a jury of six persons; and all proceedings for the summoning of such jury and in the trial of the cause shall be in conformity, a near as may be, with the mode of proceeding in similar case before justices of the peace; and in all cases, civil and criminal, the right of appeal from the justice's court to the circuit court for the county of Mecosta shall be allowed; and the party appealing shall enter into a recognizance, conditioned to prosecute the appeal in the circuit court and abide the order of the court therein, or such other recognizance as is or may be required by law in appeals from justices' courts in similar cases.

Poll tax.

Proviso.

Sec. 56. The common council shall have power to assess and collect from every elector of said city, not exempt by the laws of this State, an annual capitation or poll tax, not exceeding one dollar, and they may provide by their by-laws for the collection of the same: *Provided*, That any person assessed for a poll tax may pay the same by one day's labor upon the streets, under the direction of the street commissioner, who shall give to each person so assessed, notice of the time and place when and where such labor will be required; and the money raised by such poll tax, or the labor in lieu thereof, shall be expended or performed in the respective wards where the person so taxed shall reside.

Council to perform same duties as township boards.

Officers to give bonds.

Sec. 57. The common council of said city is hereby authorized and required to perform the same duties, in and for said city, as are by law imposed upon the township boards of the several townships of this State, in reference to schools, school taxes, county and State taxes, the support of the poor, and State, district and county elections; and the supervisor, justices of the peace, recorder, school inspectors, and all other officers of said city who are required to perform the duties of township officers of this State, shall take the oath, give the boads, perform like duties and receive the same pay, and in the same manner, and be subject to the liabilities as provided for the

corresponding township officers, except as otherwise provided in this act, or may be provided by the ordinances of the common council.

Sec. 58. Whenever, in the opinion of the common council, To pull down any building, fence, or other erection of any kind, or any part buildings. thereof, is liable to fall down, and persons and property may be thereby endangered, they may order any owner or occupant of the premises on which such building, fence or other erection stands, to take down the same, or any part thereof, within a reasonable time, to be fixed by the order, or immediately, as the case may require; or in case the order is not complied with, may immediately cause the same to be taken down at the expense of the city, and assess the expense on the land on which it stood; the order, if not immediate in its terms, may be served on any occupant of the premises, or be published in the city paper, as the common council shall direct.

Sec. 59. The chairman of any committee or special commit-Chairman of tee of the common council shall have power to administer an may adminoath or take an affidavit in respect to any matter pending before the common council or such committee, and may compel the attendance of any person as a witness for that purpose.

Sec. 60. All process issued against said city shall run against How process said city in the corporate name thereof, and such process shall be served by leaving a true and attested copy with the mayor, recorder, or city attorney of said city, at least ten days before the day of appearance mentioned therein.

Sec. 61. No bond or other obligation or evidence of indebted-How obliganess of said city shall ever be given or issued by said city, or shall be by any officer thereof in his official capacity, whereby the said city shall become obligated to pay any sum of money, except as expressly provided in this act, but the common council may endorse on all accounts which may be presented against the city the amount allowed by them therein; an account of all claims so allowed shall be kept by the recorder, in a book to be provided for that purpose. No order or warrant for the

payment of money shall be drawn upon reasury when there shall not be sufficient funds to pay the same.

Compensat'n of officers.

Sec. 62. Compensation for services may be paid out of the city treasury, as follows: The recorder and attorney shall be entitled to receive respectively such sum as the common council shall allow, not exceeding one hundred and fifty dollars per annum, as salaries, until after said city shall contain over five thousand inhabitants, when said compensation may be any sum deemed reasonable, not exceeding three hundred and fifty dolars per annum. The marshal shall be entitled to receive the same fees for serving processes in behalf of the corporation as constables are by law allowed for similar services, and he shall receive such further compensation as the common council shall allow, not exceeding one hundred and fifty dollars. Justices of the peace and constables shall be allowed the same fees as are by law allowed to corresponding township officers, unless in this act otherwise provided. The street commissioner shall be entitled to receive one dollar and fifty cents per day for services, and at the same rate for parts of a day actually employed School inspectors shall receive the same pay as they are entitled by law to receive in townships, and the compensation of the mayor and aldermen, as such, for attending the meetings of the common council, shall be no more than one dollar per annum.

Annual

Sec. 63. The common council shall, in the month of March statement; eontents of a in each year, make out a detailed statement of all the receipts and expenditures of the corporation for the past year, which statement shall state particularly upon what account all moneys were received, and it shall also specify all appropriations made by the common council during the year, and the particular purpose for which each appropriation was made; such statement shall be signed by the mayor and recorder, and recorded and filed in the recorder's office; a copy thereof shall be published in a newspaper printed in the city, for at least two weeks.

Sec. 64. This act shall be deemed a public act, and shall be Public act. favorably construed in all courts.

Sec. 65. All of township number fifteen north, of range ten Township organized. west, not included in the limits of the city of Big Rapids, and known as the township of Big Rapids, is hereby organized into a separate township, by the name of the township of Big Rapids.

Sec. 66. The annual township meeting for said township, in Annual township the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, shall be held at the meeting. house of John Halpine, in the township of Big Rapids, on the third Monday in April; and Luther Cobb, Frederick Mizner, Board of election. John Halpine, and Ruggles Spooner are hereby constituted the board of election thereof, and shall appoint a chairman and clerk, take the necessary oath, and perform all the duties, have the same powers, and make the same returns as inspectors of election in townships are by law required to do and perform; and in case any of the persons named in this section shall refuse to serve, the vacancies shall be filled in the manner now provided by law.

Sec. 67. At said township meeting in eighteen hundred and omcors and sixty-nine, there shall be elected one supervisor, one township office. clerk, one township treasurer, one justice of the peace for the full term of four years, commencing on the fourth day of July, next after his election; one justice of the peace, whose term of office shall expire on the third day of July, eighteen hundred and seventy-two; one justice of the peace, whose term of office shall expire on the third day of July, eighteen hundred and seventy-one; one justice of the peace, whose term of office shall expire on the third day of July, eighteen hundred and seventy. The terms of office of the justices of the peace, elected for other than the full term, shall commence immediately on the filing of their bonds and taking the oath of office, and the term for which each is elected, shall be expressed on the ballot. There shall also be elected one commissioner of highways for the full term, and one for two years;

two school inspectors, one for one year, and one for the full term of two years, and four constables.

Who to perform duties of township clerk.

Sec. 68. The township clerk of said township of Big Rapids shall continue to perform the duties of clerk of said township until his successor is elected and qualified; and when his successor shall have been duly qualified, he shall deliver to him all of the books, papers and furniture of his office, except chattel mortgages upon property within the limits of said city; such mortgages, with a book containing the entry of the same, shall be delivered to the city clerk, with whom all personal mortgages upon property in said city shall be hereafter filed.

Sec. 69. This act shall take immediate effect.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 460.]

AN ACT to provide for laying out and establishing a State road in the township of Ishpeming, county of Marquette.

Commiss'r appointed.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Solomon S. Curry be and is hereby appointed commissioner, with full power and authority to lay out, establish and improve a State road, commencing at or near the village of Ishpeming, in the county of Marquette, and running thence south-west on the most eligible route, to the New England mine, in said township.

Authorized to employ a surveyor.

Sec. 2. The said commissioner is authorized and empowered to employ a surveyor, as may be necessary to locate and establish the line of said road, and when such line shall have been established, a full description of the route and survey thereof shall be filed by said commissioner with the county clerk of Marquette county.

How road shall be laid out. Sec. 3. Said road to be laid out and constructed under the provisions of act number one hundred and seventeen, of session laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, approved February

twelfth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, and acts amendatory thereto.

Sec. 4. To secure the construction of said road, there is swamp land hereby appropriated two sections of State swamp land per mile of said State road, the same to be expended for the construction of said road, under the provisions of said act and acts amendatory thereto: *Provided*, That the lands hereby appropriated shall be selected and taken from the swamp lands in the Upper Peninsula.

Sec. 5. Said road shall be known as the Ishpeming and New Name of Final Mine State road.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 461.]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to incorporate the village of Saint Joseph," approved March 17, 1834, and the acts amendatory thereto.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Section section one of an act entitled "An act to incorporate the village of Saint Joseph," approved March 17, 1834, and the act amendatory thereto, approved February 11, 1859, be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 1. That so much of the township of Saint Joseph, in the Boundaries. county of Berrien, in the State of Michigan, as is embraced in fractional section number twenty-three, in township number four south, of range number nineteen west, and also so much of fractional section number twenty-four, in township number four south, of range number nineteen west, as lies south and west of the Saint Joseph river, be and the same is hereby constituted a village corporate by the name and style of the village of Saint Joseph.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect.

Approved April 5, 1869.

No. 462.

AN ACT to authorize "the Kalamazoo town agricultural society for improving the breed of horses," to sell and dispose of its real estate.

Society authorized to sell real estate.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That "the Kalamazoo town agricultural society for improving the breed of horses," be and is hereby authorized to bargain, sell, dispose of and convey any real estate which said society owns,

contracts, etc.

May execute or may at any time own hereafter. And for this purpose it may make and execute contracts, mortgages, deeds, and any and all other instruments in writing, including plats of its real estate, to the same extent and with the like effect that the same can now be done by any person, under the laws of this State.

Who to execute instruments.

Seal to be used.

Sec. 2. All such instruments in writing may be executed and acknowledged by the president of said society, or by such other member thereof as the officers of said society shall at any time designate for that purpose. And in all cases where a seal shall be requisite to the due execution of any deed or other instrument, the president or member so designated, may use either the corporate seal of said society, or the ordinary seal used by individuals in the execution of similar instruments.

Further power of society. '

- Sec. 3. The said society is also hereby authorized and empowered to do and perform any other act or thing necessary to carry out and complete the purposes of this act.
 - Sec. 4. This act is hereby declared to be a public act.
 - Sec. 5. This act shall take immediate effect.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 463.]

AN ACT to organize the township of Baraga, in the county of Houghton.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Township organized. all that part of Houghton county, designated and described as surveyed townships, embracing sections four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one and thirty-two, and fractional sections three, ten, fifteen, twentytwo, twenty-seven, thirty-three and thirty-four, of township fifty-one, and fractional township fifty-two north, of range thirty-three west, fractional townships fifty and township fiftyone and fifty-two north, of range thirty-four west, townships fifty, fifty-one and fifty-two north, of range thirty-five west, and township fifty north, of range thirty-six west, and townships forty-seven, forty-eight and forty-nine north, in ranges thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six and thirty-seven west, be and the same is hereby set off from the township of L'Anse, and organized into a separate township, to be called and known as the township of Baraga.

Sec. 2. The first township meeting in said township shall be First townheld at the school-house in school district number two, as at ing. present numbered, on the third Monday of April, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, and Walfred Bean, Henry Houghton, and Martin Kelsey are hereby authorized to act as the first inspectors of the said election to elect township officers; and in case of any vacancy in said number of inspectors, from absence or other cause, the electors present shall choose an inspector to fill such vacancy by a viva voce vote.

Sec. 3. If for any reason said township election shall not be Proc held at the time herein appointed, it shall be lawful to hold the ing is not same at such time and place in said township as may be desig-pointed time nated by said board of inspectors, on giving at least ten days' notice thereof, in four of the most public places in said town-

when meet-

ship, which notice the said board of inspectors are hereby authorized and required to give.

Sec. 4. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 464.]

AN ACT to authorize and require the laying out and establishment of a State road from the western terminus of Frasier street, as laid down on the recorded map or plat of Corunna, in the county of Shiawassee, to Washington street, in the city of Owosso.

State road provided for.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That there shall be a State road laid out and established from the western terminus of Frasier street, as laid down on the recorded map or plat of Corunna, in the county of Shiawassee, to Washington street, in the city of Owosso.

Commis'rs appointed.

Where road shall be laid out.

Sec. 2. Alexander McArthur and Enoch Eddy, of Corunna, and B. O. Williams, of Owosso, are hereby appointed commissioners to lay out and establish said road; but said road shall be laid out and established, from the western terminus of Frasier street, hereinbefore mentioned, to the west line of the village or city of Corunna, in accordance with a survey made by Andrew Huggins, in June, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, a map and minutes of which survey is in the office of D. F. Alsdorf, clerk of the village of Corunna; and the remainder of said road shall be laid out and established, as near as may be, in such a manner that the center of the present traveled track shall be the center of said road.

What laws to apply to road.

- Sec. 3. All laws applicable to the laying out of State roads, and the recording thereof, not inconsistent with this act, shall apply to said road, and the recording thereof.
 - Sec. 4. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 465.]

AN ACT to provide for the drainage and reclamation of swamp lands, by means of a State ditch, in Tuscola county.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Local comthere shall be laid out and established, by a local commissioner establish
road.

to be appointed by the Swamp Land State Road Commissioner,
a State ditch, commencing at the point where the Akron ditch,
in the township of Akron, Tuscola county, turns west, near the
north side of said township, and running thence north through
the township of Geneva, in such county, to the Saginaw Bay,
to be called the Geneva and Saginaw Bay ditch.

- Sec. 2. Said ditch to be laid out and constructed under the Law under provisions of act number one hundred and seventeen, of the shall be laid out.

 session laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, and the acts amendatory thereto, in regard to the construction of State swamp land roads.
- Sec. 3. There is hereby appropriated, to secure the construc-Swamp land tion of said ditch, including surveys and local commissioner's appropriated fees, one section of State swamp land to the mile, to be selected from the State swamp lands in the Lower Peninsula: *Provided*, Proviso. That no liability is created against the State.

Sec. 4. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 466.]

AN ACT appropriating State swamp land for the construction of a State road from Cheboygan river to Old Mackinsw.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Road the Duncan, Alpena and Sauble river State road shall be extended from its present northern terminus, at the Cheboygan river, in the township of Inverness, in Cheboygan county, running north-westwardly on the most direct and feasible route, to intersect with the Old Mackinaw and Little Traverse Bay State

road, in the township of Old Fort Mackinaw, in Emmet county, on the Straits of Mackinaw.

Who to lay out and establish.

Sec. 2. Said road shall be laid out and established by a commissioner appointed by the Governor, and constructed under the provisions of act one hundred and seventeen, of the session laws of one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and the acts amendatory thereto.

Swamp land appropriated

Proviso.

Sec. 3. To secure the construction of said extension to said road, there is hereby appropriated one section of State swamp land for each and every mile of said road, to be selected in the Lower Peninsula, and two years from the first day of November next, allowed to complete said road: *Provided*, No deficiency of State swamp lands which may now or hereafter arise to meet the appropriations made by this act, shall so operate as to create any lien or establish any claim against the State.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 467.]

AN ACT to provide for the drainage and reclamation of swamp lands, by means of a State road and ditches, from Tawas Bay, in Iosco county, to the west line of said county to the intersection of the Midland and Traverse Bay State road.

Description of road.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That there shall be laid out and established a State road upon the following route, to wit: Commencing near the Tawas Bay, at the south-east corner of section nineteen, town twenty-two north, range eight east, running west on the section line, to the south-east corner of section twenty-three, in town twenty-three north, seven east; thence in a north-westerly direction to the centre of section nine, in said town; thence in a westerly direction to the west county line of Iosco county.

Swamp land Sec. 2. For the purpose of survey and construction of said appropriated road, there shall be appropriated one section of State swamp land to the mile.

Sec. 3. Said road shall be laid out and constructed under Law under which road the provisions of act 117, of the session laws of 1859, and the shall be laid out. act amendatory thereto: Provided, Said lands are selected Proviso. from the State swamp lands in the Lower Peninsula, and no liability is created against the State of Michigan, outside of the State swamp land grant, and that no deficiency of State swamp Deficiency of lands, which may now or hereafter exist, to meet any appropricate a lien ag'st State. ation made by this act, shall be so construed as to create any lien or establish any claim against the State.

Sec. 4. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 468.]

AN ACT to lay out and establish a State road in Houghton county, to be known as the Portage River and Torch Lake State road, and to provide for the construction of the same.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Commiss'rs appointed. George Church, Joseph Gregory and Prosper Roberts, of Houghton county, be and they are hereby appointed commissioners to lay out and establish a State road, on the most direct and eligible route, commencing at George Church's Landing, on Portge river, in Schoolcraft township, and from thence along the east shore of Portage Lake to the head of Torch Lake, in said township; said road to be laid out and constructed under the provisions of an act entitled "An act to provide for the drainage and reclamation of swamp lands, by means of State roads and ditches," number one hundred and seventeen, of the laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, and the acts amendatory thereto, to be known as the Portage River and Torch Lake State road.

Sec. 2. To secure the construction of said road, there is Swamp land hereby appropriated one section of swamp land to each mile appropriated of said road, to be used and disposed of in the construction

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Proviso.

of said road, according to the provisions of the act aforesaid, and the acts amendatory thereof: Provided, That said lands hereby appropriated, shall be selected and taken from the State swamp lands in the Upper Peninsula.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 469.]

AN ACT to amend section one, of act number four hundred and twenty, session laws of 1867, entitled "An act to make an additional appropriation for the construction of the Midland City, Houghton Lake and Grand Traverse Bay State road," approved March 23d, 1867.

Section amended.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That section one, of act four hundred and twenty, of the session laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, be amended so as to read as follows:

Swamp land appropriated

Proviso.

Ibid

Sec. 1. That there be and hereby is appropriated an average of six hundred and forty acres of State swamp land to the mile, to aid in the construction of the Midland, Houghton Lake and Grand Traverse Bay State road, in addition to the amount appropriated in the act providing for the construction of said road, approved March twentieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-three: Provided, That the lands hereby appropriated to said road east of Houghton lake, shall be selected in the counties through which said road runs: And provided further, That the lands hereby appropriated on that part of said road west of said Houghton lake, shall be selected from the State swamp lands in the Lower Peninsula.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 470.]

AN ACT to amend section two, of act number two hundred and thirteen, of the session laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-five, entitled "An act to lay out and establish a State road in the Upper Peninsula, to be known as the Winona and Franklin State road, and to provide for the construction of the same," approved March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-five.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Section amendes section two, of act number two hundred and thirteen, of the session laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-five, entitled "An act to lay out and establish a State road in the Upper Peninsula, to be known as the Winona and Franklin State road, and to provide for the construction of the same," be so amended as to read as follows:

Sec. 2. To secure the construction of the said road, there is swamp lands hereby appropriated an amount of State swamp lands in the Upper Peninsula, equal to two sections for every mile of said road, not otherwise appropriated or selected by the State, and that said road shall be laid out and constructed under the provisions of act number one hundred and seventeen, of the laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, and the acts amendatory thereof.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 471.]

AN ACT to authorize the grants of swamp lands for the Ontonagon and State line State road, to be used for the construction of two roads, from Ontonagon southerly.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Use of cert'n swamp lands the several grants of swamp lands for the construction of the authorized. Ontonagon and State line State roads, heretofore made by the Legislature of the State of Michigan, may be used for the

construction of two roads, from Ontonagon southerly, one of which roads shall be located on the west side of the Ontonagon river.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 472.]

AN ACT to provide for the drainage and reclaiming of swamp lands, by means of ditching and grading a portion of the Sand Beach and Bay City State road, and appropriating non-resident highway taxes therefor.

Non-resident highway taxes appropriated.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That for the purpose of ditching and grading that portion of the Sand Beach and Bay City State road lying between the eastern terminus of said road and the village of Bad Axe, upon the line of said road, both in the county of Huron, there are hereby appropriated for the term of six years from the passage of this act, all the non-resident highway tax collected from lands lying within two miles of the line of that part of said road included between the points above mentioned.

Special commissioner appointed. Sec. 2. Watson Robinson, of the township of Seigel, in the said county of Huron, is hereby appointed a special commissioner for the expenditure of the moneys arising from said non-resident taxes; and the board of supervisors of the said county of Huron shall have power to create and fill vacancies in the office of said special commissioner. Such special commissioner, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall make and execute to the county treasurer of said county, a bond in the sum of one thousand dollars, with such sureties as the said county treasurer shall approve, conditioned that he will faithfully apply all moneys received by him in virtue of this act, which bond shall be filed in the office of the clerk of said county.

Bond of.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of such special commissioner to Duty of render to the board of supervisors of said county, at their annual session, a true account, on oath or affirmation, of the receipt and disbursement of all such moneys received by him during each year, from each township in which such taxes were collected.

Sec. 4. Any overseer of highways or township treasurer, To receive all having received any portion of such non-resident tax, shall taxes. pay over to said commissioner any such sum of money, and such commissioner's receipt therefor shall release such overseer or treasurer from liability.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 473.]

AN ACT to detach sections fourteen, twenty-eight and thirtythree, in township fifty-four north, of range thirty-five west, in the township of Hancock, in Houghton county, and attach the same to Adams township, in said county.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Territory attached to sections fourteen, twenty-eight and thirty-three, in township township. fifty-four north, of range thirty-five west, in the township of Hancock, in Houghton county, be and the same is hereby attached to the township of Adams, in said county.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 474.]

AN ACT to authorize the common council of the village of Lowell, in the county of Kent, to cause a re-survey and replatting of said village to be made and recorded, and to assess and collect the necessary expenses therefor.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Re-survey of plat of the common council of the village of Lowell, in the county of village authorized. Kent, be and the same is hereby authorized to make, or cause

Council to levy tax.

Proviso.

Ibid.

to be made a re-survey of the lots, [streets] and alleys of said village, and to cause a map or plat of said village, as re-surveyed, to be filed and recorded in the register's office of the county of Kent, including all additions heretofore made to said village, or that may be made prior to the time of making Official plat. and completing such re-surveys; and said plat, when certified to under the hands of the common council, and by them duly acknowledged, and recorded in manner as aforesaid, shall be deemed the official plat of said village, and all assessments and conveyances made of lots described as numbered therein, shall be deemed valid. And the said common council is hereby authorized to assess upon the taxable inhabitants of said village, a sum sufficient, not to exceed five hundred dollars, to pay the expense of such re-survey and map or plat thereof, and of recording the same, which tax shall be assessed in the same manner, and collected at the same time, in the same manner, and by the same persons as other village taxes of said village are now by law required to be assessed and collected: Provided, That in the re-survey of said lots, streets and alleys, no street or alley in said village shall be vacated or altered, as now laid out: And provided further, That said resurvey shall not interfere with the vested rights of any person owning any real estate therein.

> Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 475.]

AN ACT to amend an act to incorporate the village of Lowell, approved March fifteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, as amended by act number one hundred and sixty-nine, of the session laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-five, approved March fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-five.

Section amended.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That section one of an act numbered two hundred and eleven, entitled "An act to incorporate the village of Lowell," approved

March fifteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, as amended by act number one hundred and sixty-nine, of session laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-five, approved March fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Boundaries. all those parts or tracts of land embraced within the following territory or described limits, to wit: All of that portion of section two lying north of the meandered line on the north side of Grand river, and all of that portion of section one lying west of the quarter line, and north of said meandered line of Grand river, all in township six north, of range nine west, in the county of Kent, and all territory within said described boundaries or limits, be and the same are hereby constituted a village corporate, and shall hereafter be known by the name of the village of Lowell: Provided, That nothing in this act shall Proviso. be construed as taking from the township of Lowell jurisdiction over the highways and bridges in said village of Lowell: And Ibid. provided further, That Washington street, as platted in Richard's and Wickham's plat of said village, and its continuations to the north and south lines, as hereby constituted, of said village, shall be a public highway and entitled to highway labor under the direction of the proper authorities of the township of Lowell.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 476.]

AN ACT to authorize a re-survey of the village of Vernon, in the county of Shiawassee, and to record the plat thereof.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Re-Survey of village D. C. Holly, W. D. Garrison, and T. J. Winans be and the same authorized are hereby authorized to make, or cause to be made, a re-survey of the lots, streets and alleys of the village of Vernon, in

Proviso.

Ibid.

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Shiawassee county, and to cause a map or plat of such village as re-surveyed, to be filed and recorded in the register's office of said county, including all additions heretofore made to said village, or that may be made prior to the time of making and completing such re-survey: *Provided*, That in the re-survey of said lots, streets and alleys, no street or alley in said village shall be vacated or altered as now laid out: *And provided further*, That said re-survey shall not interfere with vested rights of any person owning real estate therein.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 477.]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to amend the laws relative to supplying the city of Detroit with pure and wholesome water," approved February fourteenth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, by adding one new section thereto.

Section added.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That there be and is hereby added to an act entitled "An act to amend the laws relative to supplying the city of Detroit with pure and wholesome water," approved February fourteenth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, a new section to stand as section twenty-eight, and to read as follows:

Commiss'rs authorized to levy special assessment,

Proviso.

Sec. 28. In addition to all other powers conferred upon said commissioners, they are authorized to and shall assess upon each and every lot in the city of Detroit, in front of which water-pipes are laid, an annual tax or assessment of three cents per lineal foot of the frontage of such lot or lots, and which do not pay water rates, which shall be a lien upon such lot or lots, and may be collected from the owner or owners of such lot or lots, or by sale thereof in the same manner as is provided by sections nine and ten in reference to water rates: *Provided*, That no such lot or lots shall be so taxed on more than one

front; and where such pipes are laid across more than one front of any lot, only the shortest front shall be estimated in making such assessment.

Sec. 2. Section twenty-eight of section two shall stand as section twenty-nine, and section twenty-nine as section thirty.

Sec. 3. This act shall take immediate effect.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 478.]

AN ACT to provide for laying out and establishing a State road in Kent and Ionia counties, and opening the same.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Commissive appointed. Arvine Peck and John W. Fallass be and the same are hereby appointed commissioners to lay out and establish a State road, commencing at the village of Lowell, in Kent county, in the State of Michigan, and running thence by the way of Fallasburg to Smyrna, in Ionia county.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of said commissioners to lay out Duties of and establish said road, to cause the same to be surveyed, and a description of such part thereof as is in each township in or through which said road shall be located, to be filed with the township clerk of such township, whose duty it shall be to record the same; and such record, or a certified copy thereof, shall be prima facie evidence of the existence of said road.

Sec. 3. The right of way for such road through any lands Right of way belonging to the State is hereby granted and confirmed to the granted townships in which such lands are.

Sec. 4. In all cases in which damages are claimed by reason Proceedings of the laying out and establishing said road through private passes throth private lands lands, the said commissioners shall have power to settle the same, and certify the amount with their return; and if they are unable to agree with the claimant on the amount of such damages, they shall make application in writing to the judge of the circuit court, in either of the counties in which said

Commis'rs; appointment

To appraise dam ages.

road shall be laid, either in vacation or in term time, for the appointment of three commissioners; and the said judge shall, within ten days thereafter, by writing, appoint three disinterested men, who, after taking and subscribing an oath before any officer authorized to administer the same, to discharge their duties impartially, which oath shall be returned with their appraisal, shall, within twenty days after their appointment, appraise all the said damages, which appraisal shall be final, and make return thereof in writing to the township clerk of the township in which the land is situated, who shall certify the amount of such appraisal, or such agreement with said commissioners, to the supervisor of his township, who shall levy and order the collection of the same in the next tax roll of his township, in the same manner as other township taxes are collected. But the State of Michigan shall not be liable for any damages for right of way, nor any expenses in establishing or improving such road.

State not to be liable for damages.

Commis'rs to direct how shall be expended.

certain taxes be their duty to order such portion of the highway tax as is levied upon each legal subdivision of forty acres, a moiety of which is situated within one-half of a mile of the line of said road, in the several road districts through which said road may pass, as in their opinion may be just and necessary for the working of said road, to be expended thereon, and shall direct the overseers of highways of said road districts how they shall expend the same, together with all moneys that may, by virtue of this act, be expended on said road for the term of To report to five years from the passage of this act; and shall make an an-Auditor nual report to the Auditor General of the State, on or before the thirtieth day of November in each year, of all their proceedings, and moneys expended under this act, who may remove any or all of said commissioners and appoint others in their stead, whenever, in his opinion, the public good requires it

Sec. 5. The said commissioners shall have power, and it shall

General

Non-resident highway tax

Sec. 6. All moneys in the several townships in which said appropriated road may be located, arising from non-resident highway tax on lands situated within two miles of said road, shall be expended for the working and improvement of said road.

Sec. 7. The commissioners shall receive for their services two Fees of commissioners. dollars per day for time actually spent in performing their duties, and shall also be allowed for actual expenses incurred in the employment of surveyor and other necessary help, which expenses shall be paid by the several townships in which the said road shall be located: *Provided*, That no township shall Proviso. pay for any services rendered, or expenses incurred in any other township.

Sec. 8. It shall be the duty of the commissioners of high-Laws under ways, and overseers of highways in any township or road dis-whall be worked. trict in which such road may be, to open and work the same, in the same manner and by virtue of the same law, as township roads are opened and worked.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 479.]

AN ACT to grant further time to the supervisor of Kalamazoo township, in the county of Kalamazoo, to perfect the assessment rolls of said township.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That rime for resection twenty, compiled laws, in the act entitled "An act to mined upon provide for assessing property at its true value, and for levying and collecting taxes thereon," be so construed in its application to the township of Kalamazoo, as not to require the supervisor of said township to be present at his office for the purpose of reviewing his assessment, on the Saturday next preceding the second Monday in May, but that said time for said review in said township of Kalamazoo shall be the last Saturday of May in each year, from eight o'clock in the forenoon until twelve, noon, and from one to five o'clock in the afternoon.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 480.]

AN ACT to detach the county of Emmet from the thirteenth judicial circuit, and to attach the same to the eleventh judicial circuit.

County attached to eleventh circuit, SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That the county of Emmet be and the same is hereby detached from the thirteenth judicial circuit, and attached to the eleventh judicial circuit.

Who to hold courts.

Sec. 2. The judge of the eleventh judicial circuit shall hold the courts now appointed to be held in and for said county, and shall hereafter perform all the duties of a circuit judge therein.

Sec. 3. All parts of acts contravening the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 481.]

AN ACT to rescind the powers of the corporation known as "The Michigan Furniture Company," and to provide for winding up its affairs in pursuance of section 1823 of the compiled laws.

Corporation dissolved.

How affairs of, shall be

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That the powers of the corporation known by the name and style of the Michigan Furniture Company, be and they are hereby rescinded, and said corporation is hereby dissolved, and the affairs of said corporation may be settled, and its effects divided among its shareholders, as if they were ordinary partners, the same as the affairs of a partnership may be closed up and settled: Provided, That all creditors of said corporation may sue the same by name, and collect their claims in the same manner as if this act had not been passed.

Proviso.

settled.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 482.]

AN ACT setting aside the action of the school inspectors of the townships of Arbela and Millington, in the county of Tuscola, in forming fractional school district number three, and re-establishing the old district.

Shorion 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Action of school inthe action of the school inspectors of the townships of Milling-spectors set aside.

ton and Arbela, in the county of Tuscola, on the eighth day of September, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, in forming fractional school district number three, of the said townships of Arbela and Millington, in said county, be and the same is hereby set aside, and the original boundaries of school district number four, of Arbela, and number five, of Millington, be and the same are hereby restored: Provided, That nothing Proviso. herein contained shall hereafter prevent the school inspectors of the proper townships from exercising all the control over the boundaries of said district which they are now authorized to do.

Sec. 2. All money raised by tax for the purpose of building Money refunded to a school-house in said fractional school district number three, tax-payers, and not already expended, shall be refunded to the tax-payers, or tax-payers paying the same, on demand.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 483.]

AN ACT to change the name of Eva E. Strong to Rebecca Barnes, and to constitute her heir-at-law of Henry S. Barnes and Sarah Barnes.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Name the name of Eva E. Strong be and the same is hereby changed to Rebecca Barnes, and that she be constituted the heir-at-law of Henry S. Barnes and Sarah Barnes, and that she shall not be the heir-at-law of George F. Strong and Mary P. Strong.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 484.]

AN ACT to detach and attach certain territory from and to the school district, known as the public schools of the village of Hudson, organized by act No. 426, of the session laws of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled "An act to incorporate the public schools of the village of Hudson," approved March 25th, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

Territory detached from school district; how disposed of.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That so much of the territory now included in the school district known as the public schools of the village of Hudson, organized by act No. 426, of the laws of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled "An act to incorporate the public schools of the village of Hudson," as formerly belonged to and composed school district No. five, of the township of Hudson, together with such other territory lying east of Tiffin river, in said township, as was by said act included in said incorporate district, be and is hereby detached from the district known as the public schools of the village of Hudson, and placed under control of the board of school inspectors of the township; also, the following described tracts of land, viz: the west-half of the north-east quarter of section twenty-four, the west-half of the south-east quarter of section thirteen, and the north-half of the south-east quarter of section twelve, being in town seven south, of range one west, be and is hereby detached from the said incorporate school district, and restored to their former school district organization, and the balance of the territory composing said incorporate district, together with the north-east quarter of section twenty-five, in town seven south, range one west, which is hereby attached to said incorporate district, shall continue to be the district known as the public schools of the village of Hudson, with the powers and privileges conferred by said act No. 426, of the laws of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven; and the board of trustees of the public schools of Hudson shall equitably adjust between the two districts the amount that has been expended on school-

Ibid.

Board of trustees to adjust am't expended. houses since the act of incorporation, and other pecuniary matters of said incorporate district, and shall also arrange to arrange for the division of the personal property of said incorporate personal property. district, according to the equities of acquisition of said property, either before or after said act of incorporation; and all right Right and and title to the real estate formerly belonging to school district. No. five of Hudson, which was by said act of incorporation transferred to the public schools of the village of Hudson, is hereby annulled, and the public schools of the village of Hudson son shall not be liable for any obligations hereafter contracted by the territory hereby detached.

Sec. 2. This act is to take effect after May 1st, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine.

Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 485.]

AN ACT to authorize the township board of the township of Fairfield, Shiawassee county, to audit certain accounts.

Section 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That Township board authorized to the township board of the township of Fairfield, county of thorized to sudit certain Shiawassee, be and are hereby authorized to audit the account account of George B. Munson, for the sum of one hundred and twenty-two dollars, and interest from February fifteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, to time of allowance: Provided, That Proviso. a majority of the electors of the said town of Fairfield shall so direct, at the next annual election.

Sec. 2. This act shall take immediate effect. Approved April 5, 1869.

[No. 486.]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to revise the charter of the city of Detroit," approved February fifth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, as amended by several acts amendatory thereof.

Chapters amended.

SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That chapters two, five, six, seven, eight and nine of an act entitled "An act to revise the charter of the city of Detroit," approved February fifth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, as amended by several acts amendatory thereof, be and they are severally amended so as to read as follows:

Sections amended.

Sec. 2. That sections two and three, of chapter two of said act be amended so as to read as follows:

Officers appointed.

poor.

Supt. of almshouse. corder's court Deputy di-Collector. Physician. Street commissioners. Clerk of

Sec. 2. The following officers shall be appointed by the common council, at a meeting to be held on the second Tuesday in January, in each year, viz: Superintendent of alms-house, a Clerk of re- clerk of the recorder's court, who shall be appointed on the recommendation of the recorder; a deputy director of the rector of the poor, or clerk, who shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the director of the poor; one or more collectors, one or more physicians, one or more street commissioners, and one or more clerks of the market, and such other officers, deputies, market, etc. assistant officers and agents as may be necessary, and whose appointment shall be authorized by prior resolution of the A controller shall be appointed on the common council. second Tuesday of March preceding the expiration of his

Receiver of term of office; and, on the nomination of the mayor, a receiver taxes.

Controller.

of correction Counselor.

Proviso.

Ibid.

of taxes, whose term of office shall be two years; a superinsup. of house tendent of the house of correction, whose term of office shall be three years, and a counselor, who shall be a practicing attorney, and whose term of office, duties and compensation shall be prescribed by the common council: Provided. That any appointment which shall not be made on the day named,

> may be made at any subsequent regular session of the common council: And provided further, That any office created by ordinance or resolution of the common council may be filled at

any time until the second Tuesday of January following, when, as in case of other offices, the regular term of service shall commence, and the office, if continued, be filled for the ensuing year, unless otherwise provided by the ordinance or resolution creating such office.

Sec. 3. There shall be the following board of officers of the Board of corporation: A board of water commissioners, to be appointed water comand constituted as provided for in the act incorporating the board of water commissioners of the city of Detroit, approved February fourteenth, one thousand eight hundred and fiftythree. A board of education, to be constituted as provided Education. for in the act incorporating the board of education of the city of Detroit, approved February seventeenth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, and all present and existing acts amendatory thereto, and a board of inspectors of election, to be Inspectors appointed and constituted as hereinafter provided, and a board of three sewer commissioners, who shall be appointed by the Sewer comcommon council, on the nomination of the mayor, and who powers and shall appoint a competent engineer, and with his aid it shall be their duty to propose a plan for constructing sewers and drains for the whole city, having reference however to the sewers and drains already constructed or in process of construction; and said board shall have the control of all public sewers and private drains already constructed or in process of construction; and said board shall have the control of all the public and private sewers within the city, and shall, in the month of March of each year, furnish to the common council a list of all the public sewers, together with the estimated cost of the same, which they recommend to be constructed or built within said city, for the fiscal year ending January thereafter; and the common council shall decide which of the sewers so recommended by the board, they will have built or constructed under the supervision of the said sewer commissioners; and the common council shall not have power to build or contract to build any sewer or sewers within said city, that the board of sewer commissioners has not recommended in their report in the month of

March, as provided for in this act; and said board shall have such further powers and duties, in respect to the sewers and drains of said city, as said common council shall by ordinance prescribe. Said commissioners shall receive no compensation Commis'rs to receive no compensatin for their services; shall hold their office for the term of five years, with the exception of the first board, who shall hold Term of office. their office for the respective terms of three, four and five years, and the respective terms of each shall be determined by lot, under the direction of the city attorney and controller, and when thus determined, said determination shall be certified by said city attorney and controller to the common council, and entered upon their journal; and such certificate shall be evidence of the respective terms for which the several members of said board have been elected. It shall be the duty of the engineer, under the direction of said board, to superintend the

construction and repairing of all sewers.

Duty of engineer.

Chapter amended.

Sec. 3. That chapter two of said act be and is hereby amended, by adding thereto a new section, to stand as section thirty-five, and to read as follows:

Proceedings to determine who is the legal incumbent of an office.

Sec. 35. Whenever any question or controversy shall arise between two or more persons as to who is the legal incumbent of any office provided for in section five of this chapter, any party interested therein may make a complaint, in writing, to the recorder of said city, who shall thereupon cause to be issued a summons or citation to all the parties to appear before him at a place, hour, and day to be named; and at such time and place said recorder shall proceed to summarily examine the matters in question, to hear all legal evidence, and to render his judgment as to who is the legal incumbent. The examination may be continued from time to time. The judgment of the recorder shall be final and conclusive, until reversed by the Supreme Court, on the rights of the parties; and upon presentation to him of a copy thereof, certified by the recorder or by the clerk of the recorder's court, it shall be the duty of the chief of police, or other officer appointed by the court of said city to forthwith put the person adjudged the legal incumbent

Judgment final

in the actual possession of all the rights and franchises of such office, and all buildings, books and property belonging to or pertaining to such office, and protect and preserve such possession, using for such purpose all necessary force, which shall, on demand, be furnished by the board of police commissioners.

- Sec. 4. That section twelve of chapter five of said act be section amended so as to read as follows:
- Sec. 12. The style of ordinance shall be: "It is hereby style of ordinances, ordained by the common council of the city of Detroit." No How to be ordinance shall be revised, altered or amended by reference to its title only, but the section or sections of the ordinance altered or amended shall be reënacted and published at length.
- Sec. 5. That chapter five be and is hereby amended by adding Chapter amended thereto three new sections, to stand as sections twenty-six, twenty-seven and twenty-eight, and to read as follows:

Sec. 26. Whenever any special assessment for the improve-Invalid asment of a street, or for any other public work shall, in the how vacated opinion of the common council, be invalid, said council may vacate and set the same aside. And when any such special New assessassessment shall be so vacated, or shall be held invalid by the made. judgment or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction, said council may cause a new special assessment to be made, for the purpose for which the original assessment was made. Such new assessment shall be made in the manner provided for making original assessments of like nature, in force at the time when such assessment should be made. And whenever the When origitax, or any part thereof, assessed upon any lot or parcel of real not been reestate by the original assessment, set aside or held invalid as applied. aforesaid, has been paid and shall not have been refunded, it shall be the duty of the receiver of taxes to apply said payment upon the re-assessment on said lot or parcel, and to make a minute thereof upon the new assessment roll, and such reassessment shall, to the extent of such payment, be deemed paid and satisfied. All the provisions of the charter making Assessments special assessments a lien upon the lots and parcels of real upon lots. estate embraced therein, and also those relating to the collec-

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tion of special assessments, shall apply to re-assessments made under this section. The provisions of this section shall apply to special assessments heretofore made, as well as to those which shall hereafter be made.

vate prop'rty shall be beneficial to do so, they may direct any public or lat-

Sewers through pri-

> eral sewers or drains mentioned in this chapter to be constructed in and through private property and lots; in all cases

Sec. 27. Whenever, in the opinion of the common council, it

Proceedings thereon.

where the council deem it expedient to lay public or lateral sewers or drains through private property, and to take private property or the use thereof for such purposes, proceedings shall

be had as near as may be, similar in all respects to those now provided for in the case of taking private property for the

opening, windening or extending streets and alleys, and dam-

ages and benefits shall be assessed in the same manner: Pro-

vided, First, benefits may be assessed upon all lots in each Proviso.

block in which the drain or sewer is laid which are benefited

by the improvement; and further, that all damages actually awarded to parties shall be paid out of the sewer fund, and all

assessments for benefits when collected shall be paid into the

credit of said fund: Provided further, That when a public or

lateral sewer is laid through private property, the same shall

be done with the least practical injury or inconvenience to

owners or occupants, and using like care; the sewer commis-

sioners, their agents and employés shall, at all times, have free access to the premises for the purpose of making necessary re-

pairs to and connection with such public and lateral sewers

or drains.

Re-payment of taxes.

Sec. 28. The said common council shall also have power, when it shall appear that any tax or assessment is unjust, or is based upon property not owned by the person to whom it is assessed, by a two-thirds vote of all the members elect, repsy the same out of the contingent fund, if collected, or if not collected, to vacate the assessment in whole or in part, in the manner and with like effect as is provided for in cases of illegal taxes and assessments, in this chapter.

Ibid.

Sec. 6. That section twenty-two of said chapter five be Section amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 22. The common council, in addition to its other powers Powers of council. under this act, and subject to and consistently with its provisions, shall have power within the limits and jurisdiction of the corporation:

First. To determine and regulate the compensation of all compensation of all compensation of officers elected or appointed under this act, except as is herein otherwise provided; but the compensation of no officer, fixed by an annual or periodical salary, shall be diminished during the term for which he was elected or appointed. The salary salary. of no officer shall be increased during his term of office, unless by a two-thirds vote of the common council.

Second. To provide for and regulate the election and appoint—Appointm'ts ment of all officers, and for their removal from office, and for the filling of vacancies, subject to this act.

Third. To authorize and regulate the demand and receipt, Fees and by officers, of such fees and costs, and in such cases as the common council may deem reasonable.

Fourth. To fix and regulate the fees of jurors and witnesses, Fees of in any proceeding under this act, or under any ordinance of witnesses. the common council.

Fifth. To provide for and preserve the purity and salubrity Detriolt of the waters of the Detroit river; to prohibit and prevent the depositing therein of all filthy and other matter tending to render said water impure, unwholesome, or offensive; to preserve and regulate the navigation of the said river, within the limits of said city; to prohibit and prevent the depositing or keeping therein any structure, earth, or substance tending to obstruct or impair the navigation thereof, and remove all obstructions that may, at any time, occur therein, and to direct and regulate the stationing, anchoring, and mooring of vessels, and laying out of cargoes and ballast from the same.

Sixth. To license, continue, and regulate so many ferries Ferries. from within said city, to the opposite shore of the Detroit river, for carrying and transporting persons and property across said

river, in such manner as shall seem most conducive to the public good.

Wharves and docks.

Seventh. To erect, repair, and regulate public wharves and docks at the ends of streets, and on the property of the corporation; to regulate the erection and repair of private wharves and docks, so that they shall not extend into the Detroit rive, beyond a certain line to be established by the common council; and to prohibit the incumbering of all public wharves and docks, with boxes, carriages, carts, drays, sleighs, sleds, or other vehicle or thing whatsoever.

Leases of wharves.

Eighth. To lease the wharves and wharfing privileges at the ends of streets, on the Detroit river, in said city, upon such terms and conditions, and under such covenants, and with such remedies, in case of non-performance, as the common council may direct; but no buildings shall be erected thereon. No lease thereof shall be executed for a longer period than three years, and a free passage at all times, for all persons, with their baggage, over said public wharves.

Highways and streets.

lanes, alleys, and public spaces within said city; to assess and levy upon all taxable property within said city, and expend such highway taxes as may be necessary therefor, and to elect whether the same shall be collected in money or labor, in such amount as the common council shall prescribe for each ward respectively: *Provided*, Such highway taxes shall not in amount exceed the rates now fixed by law, and the same shall be collected, assessed, and levied as other taxes.

Ninth. To work and improve all highways, avenues, streets,

Proviso.

Public parks, etc.

Tenth. To make, grade, improve, and adorn the public parks, squares, spaces, and all grounds in said city, belonging to or under the control of the corporation, and to control and regulate the same consistently with the purposes and objects thereof.

Opening of streets, etc.

Eleventh. To establish, open, widen, extend, straighten, alter, vacate and abolish highways, streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, and public grounds or spaces within said city, and to grade, pave, repair, and otherwise improve the highways, streets,

avenues, lanes, alleys, or interior public spaces, created by the intersection of streets, cross-walks and sidewalks in said city, with stone, wood, brick, or other material; and the common Paying costs and expenses council shall have full power and authority to provide for paying the costs and expenses thereof, by assessment in such manner as shall be prescribed by law, which assessments shall be a lien until paid on the lot, lots, or premises on which the same are bounded, and shall be collected in such manner as shall be authorized by law.

Twelfth. To sell, or otherwise provide for disposing of all Dirt, etc. dirt, filth, manure and cleanings lying in or gathered from highways, streets, avenues, lanes, alleys and public spaces, and all earth to be removed therefrom, or from the public squares and grounds of said city, in grading, paving, or otherwise improving the same.

Thirteenth. To clean the highways, streets, avenues, lanes, Cleaning alleys, public grounds and squares, cross-walks and sidewalks in said city, of filth, mud, and other substances; to prohibit and prevent the incumbering thereof with boxes, signs, posts, and all other materials or things whatsoever, and to remove the same therefrom; to prevent the exhibition of signs on canvas, or otherwise, in and upon any vehicle standing or traveling upon the streets of said city; to control, prescribe and regulate the mode of constructing and suspending awnings, and the exhibition and suspension of signs therein; to compel the occupants of lots to clear the sidewalks in front of and adjacent thereto, of snow, ice, dirt, mud, boxes, and every incumbrance or obstruction thereon; to control, prescribe and regulate the manner in which the highways, streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, public grounds and spaces within said city shall be used and enjoyed; to direct and regulate the planting, and provide for the preservation of ornamental trees therein; to provide for and regulate the lighting of the same, and the erection of lamps and lamp-posts therein; to prohibit and prevent racing, and fast or dangerous driving and riding therein; to prohibit and prevent the flying of kites, and all practices, amusements

and doings therein having a tendency to frighten teams and horses, or dangerous to life or property; to remove, or cause to be removed, all walls and other structures that may be liable to fall therein, or otherwise, so as to endanger life or property.

Riots, etc.

Fourteenth. To prohibit and prevent any riot, rout, disorderly noise, disturbance or assemblage, or the crying of my goods in the streets, or elsewhere in said city.

Quiet cn docks and ; streets. Fifteenth. To preserve quiet and order on the dock, and in the streets of said city, at the arrival and departure of railroad cars, steamboats and other vessels, and prescribe and regulate the manner and places in which drivers, porters, runners, solicitors, agents, and baggage collectors for hotels or public houses, or express companies, draymen, cabmen, cartmen, hackmen, omnibus drivers, and solicitors for passengers, or for baggage, with their drays, carts, cabs, carriages, sleighs, or other vehicles shall stand, and to prohibit or prevent them from entering or driving within any railroad depot, or upon any wharf or dock, or entering upon any steamboat or other vessel to solicit passengers, or for baggage.

Stands for vehicles.

Sixteenth. To prescribe places or stands in the streets of said city, within which drays, carts, cabs, hacks, coaches, carriages, sleighs, sleds and other vehicles may stand and be kept for hire, and within which loads of wood, coal, hay, and other articles may be kept for sale, and to regulate such stands and places.

Fire-works.

Seventeenth. To prohibit and prevent the exhibition of fire-works, and firing of cannon, or any fire-arms which the common council may deem dangerous to life or property.

Paving sidewalks.

Eighteenth. To permit any person to pave or plank the sidewalks in front of the premises owned or occupied by such person, in said city, under the direction of the street commissioners, or some other officer of the corporation, and according to such regulations as the common council shall prescribe; and whenever any street shall have been paved, graveled, planked or macadamized by the common council, and the assessment for the costs and expenses thereof has been duly paid to the corporation, such person shall not be assessed or compelled to pay any district, road or highway tax on the premises in front of which such pavement shall have been made, so long as he shall keep the same in repair, to the satisfaction of the common council.

Nineteenth. To prohibit and prevent, in the streets or else-Indecent exposure of where in said city, indecent exposure of the person, the show, person, etc. sale, or exhibition for sale of indecent or obscene pictures, drawings, engravings, paintings, and books or pamphlets, and all indecent or obscene exhibitions and shows of every kind.

Twentieth. To prohibit and prevent, or regulate the leading Cattle at and driving, or running at large of cattle, horses, asses, mules, streets. swine, sheep, goats, geese and domestic fowls in the streets, or elsewhere in said city, and to impound the same when running at large, in one or more sufficient pounds, to be provided and maintained by the city, and to sell the same to pay the costs of proceedings, and any penalty thereby incurred, rendering the surplus, if any, to the owner.

Twenty-first. To prohibit and prevent, or regulate the run-Dogs. ning at large of dogs, to require them to be muzzled, and to authorize their destruction when running at large in violation of any ordinance of the common council; to compel persons Securing to fasten or secure their horses, oxen, or other animals attached to vehicles, or otherwise, while standing or remaining in the streets, lanes or alleys of said city; to prohibit and prevent Driving on persons from driving in vehicles, or otherwise, upon or across the sidewalks of said city.

Twenty-second. To establish, construct, maintain, repair, en-Bridges, cullarge, and discontinue, within the highways, streets, avenues, and draina. lanes, alleys and public places of said city, such bridges, culverts, sewers, drains, and lateral drains and sewers, as the common council may see fit, with a view to the proper sewerage and drainage of said city; to compel the owners of all occupied lots, premises, and subdivisions thereof, within said city, to construct private drains or sewers therefrom, to connect with some public sewer or drain. Said private drains

and sewers shall be constructed in such manner, and of such form and dimensions, and under such regulations as the common council shall prescribe.

Assessment on cellars, lots, etc.

Twenty-third. To assess, levy, and collect an annul assessment or tax, on all lots and subdivisions thereof, and on all cellars drained by private drains or sewers, connected with any public sewer or drain, as hereafter further provided.

Boundaries of city and streets.

Twenty-fourth. To survey, ascertain, and establish the boundaries of the city, and of all highways, streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, public parks, squares, and spaces in said city; to prohibit and remove all encroachments upon the same, by buildings, fences, or in any other manner, and to number the buildings; the expense of such numbering to be assessed against and collected of the owner or occupant.

buildings.

Number

Draining swamps.

Twenty-fifth. To provide for the draining of any swamp, marsh, wet or low lands in said city, or within the distance of three miles therefrom, by the opening of ditches; but a jury of not less than six disinterested freeholders of the county of Wayne, before any proposed ditch can be opened, shall ascertain that the opening thereof is necessary or proper; also, whether the benefits which will accrue to the owner or owners of any lands, from the opening of the ditch, will or will not be equal to any damages he or they will sustain thereby. benefits are exceeded by the damages, they shall ascertain and certify the damages to which the owner or owners will be entitled, after deducting therefrom the amount of benefits their lands will receive from the opening of the proposed ditch. On payment or tender of the damages thus ascertained and certified, the common council shall have power to enter upon any land through which the proposed ditch will run, with the necessary agents, teams and implements, to cut and open said ditch, to protect, clean, and scour it from time to time, so as to preserve its original dimensions, and to prohibit and prevent all obstruction thereof or injury thereto.

Markets.

Twenty-sixth. To erect and maintain market houses, establish markets and market places; to lease market stalls, booths, and

stands; to provide fully for the good government and regulations thereof, and to prohibit, prevent, and punish forestalling and regrating.

Twenty-seventh. To provide for the preservation of the gen-Public eral health of the inhabitants of said city; to make regulations to secure the same; to prevent the introduction or spreading of contagious or infectious diseases; to prevent and suppress diseases generally, and, if deemed necessary, to establish a board of health, and prescribe and regulate its powers and duties.

Twenty-eighth. To prohibit, prevent, abate, and remove all Abatement of nuisances in said city, or within the distance therefrom of half a mile, and to punish the authors or maintainers thereof, and authorize and direct the speedy or immediate abatement or removal of nuisances, by some officer of said city. If, in order to abate or remove any nuisance, the common council shall deem it necessary to fill up, level, or drain any lot or premises, they shall have power so to do; to assess the cost and expenses of such filling, leveling, or draining, and impose the same as an assessment or tax on said lot or premises, which shall be a lien thereon till paid, and shall be collected in the same manner as other taxes and assessments, levied and imposed by authority of the common council.

Twenty-ninth. To compel the owner or occupant of any gro-ibid cery, cellar, tallow-chandler's shop, soap, candle, starch, or glue factory, tannery, butcher's shop or stall, slaughter house, stable, barn, privy, sewer, or other unwholesome or nauseous house or place, to cleanse or abate the same, whenever necessary for the health, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of said city.

Thirtieth. To prohibit and prevent any person from burying, Ibid. depositing, or leaving within the limits of said city, or within one mile distant therefrom, or keeping, or having on the premises owned or occupied by him, in said city, any dead carcass, putrid or unsound beef, pork, fish, hides and skins,

and any article, substance or thing that is unwholesome or nauseous, and to compel and authorize the removal thereof by some officer of said city; or to compel any person so bringing, depositing, or leaving the same within the limits of said city, or one mile distant therefrom, or having or keeping the same on the premises owned or occupied by him, in said city, to remove the same.

Cella rs.

Thirty-first. To direct and regulate the construction of cellars, slips, barns, private drains, sinks, and privies; to compel the owner or occupant to fill up, drain, cleanse, alter, relay, or repair the same, or to cause the same to be done by some officer of the corporation, and assess the expenses thereof on the lot or premises having such cellar, slip, barn, private drain, sink or privy thereon, which assessment shall be a lien on such lot or premises, and be collected in the same manner as other assessments imposed by authority of the common council. To direct and regulate the construction of lateral sewers or drains, for the purpose of more effectually draining all lots or cellars, yards and sinks within the limits of said city, whenever, in their opinion, the same shall be necessary: [Provided,] Such lateral sewers or drains shall be laid or constructed through any of the streets and alleys adjoining, or in front of the premises through which sewers or drains shall be ordered constructed, and assess the expense thereof on such lots or premises benefited thereby, which assessment shall be a lien on such lots or premises, until paid, and be collected in the same manner as other assessments imposed by authority of the common council.

Proviso.

Fire department.

Thirty-second. To establish a fire department; to provide for the prevention and extinguishment of fires, and to establish, organize, and regulate fire companies, in the manner elsewhere prescribed in this act.

Powder or

Thirty-third. To prohibit and prevent, within certain limits other factory or buildings, in said city, to be determined by the common council, the locstion or construction of buildings for storing powder, powder factories, tanneries, distilleries, buildings for the manufacture

of turpentine, camphene, and dangerous or easily inflammable use or explosive substances, slaughter houses and yards, butchering shops, soap, candle, starch, and glue factories, establishments for steaming or rendering lard, tallow, offal, and such other substances as can be rendered into tallow, lard, or oil, and all establishments where any nauseous, offensive, or unwholesome business may be carried on. And such buildings, factories, shops, and establishments as aforesaid, now or hereafter to be constructed, in said city, whether within or without the limits, to be determined as aforesaid, together with blacksmith shops, foundries, cooper shops, steam boiler factories, carpenter shops, planing establishments, breweries, and all buildings and establishments usually regarded as extra-hazardous in respect to fire, shall be subject to such regulations in relation to their construction and management, as the common council may make, with a view to the protection of any property from injury by fire, or to the health and safety of the inhabitants of said city, and to prevent their becoming in any way nuisances.

Thirty-fourth. To regulate the keeping and conveyance, in Safe-guards said city, of powder and other combustible or dangerous arti-against fire. cles, and the use and kind of lights or lamps to be used in barns, stables, and all buildings and establishments usually regarded as extra-hazardous in respect to fire.

Thirty-fifth. To prohibit and prevent the location or con-wooden struction of any wooden or frame house, store, shop, or other construction, building, on such streets, alleys and places, or within such re-building, limits in said city as the common council may, from time to hibited. time, prescribe; to prohibit and prevent the removing of wooden or frame buildings from any part of said city, to any lot on such streets, alleys and places, or within said limits, and the rebuilding and repairing of the same; to prevent the rebuilding or repairing of wooden buildings on said streets, alleys, and places, or within said limits, when damaged by fire, or otherwise.

may be pro-

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Thirty-sixth. To regulate the construction of partition fences,

Partition 'fences, walls, chimneys, etc.

and of partition and parapet walls, the thickness of walls, and the size of brick; to regulate the construction of chimneys, hearths, fire-places, fire-arches, ovens, and the putting up of stoves, stove-pipes, kettels, boilers, or any structure or apparatus that may be dangerous in causing or promoting fires; to prohibit and prevent the burning out of chimneys and chimney flues; to compel and regulate the cleaning thereof, and fix the fees therefor; to compel and regulate the construction of ashhouses, or deposits for ashes; to compel the owners of houses and other buildings to have scuttles upon the roofs thereof, and stairs or ladders leading to the same; to appoint one or more officers to enter into all buildings and enclosures, to discover whether the same are in a dangerous state, and to cause such as are in a dangerous state to be put in a safe condition; to authorize any of the officers of the city to keep away from the vicinity of a fire, all idle or suspicious persons, and to compel all officers of the city, and other persons, to aid in the extinguishment of fires, and in the preservation of property exposed to danger therefrom.

Officers at fires.

Bathing.

Thirty-seventh. To prohibit and prevent, or to regulate bathing and swimming in any of the waters in and adjoining said city, determine the times and places thereof, and prohibit and prevent any obscene or indecent exhibition, exposure or conduct thereat.

Houses of ill-fame.

Thirty-eighth. To prohibit, prevent and suppress the keeping of houses of ill-fame, or assignation, or for the resort of common prostitutes, disorderly houses, and disorderly groceries, and to restrain, suppress and punish the keepers thereof; to punish, restrain and prevent common prostitutes, vagrants, mendicants, street beggars, drunken or disorderly persons; to prohibit, prevent and suppress mock auctions, and every kind of fraudulent [game,] devise or practice, and punish all persons managing, using, practicing, or attempting to manage, use, or practice the same, and all persons aiding in the management, use or practice thereof.

Games.

Thirty-ninth. To prohibit, prevent, and suppress the sale of Unwhole-some meat, every kind of unsound, nauseous, and unwholesome meat, poultry, fish, vegetables, or other articles of food and provisions, and impure or spurious wines and spurious liquors, and to punish all persons who shall knowingly sell the same, or offer or keep the same for sale.

Fortieth. To prohibit, restrain, and prevent persons from Gaming. gaming for money, with cards, dice, billiards, nine or ten pin alleys, tables, ball alleys, wheels of fortune, boxes, machines, or other instruments or devices whatsoever, in any grocery, store, shop, or any other place in said city; to punish the persons keeping the building, instruments, or means for such gaming, and compel the destruction of the same.

Forty-first. To prohibit, prevent, and suppress all lotteries Lotteries. for the drawing or disposing of money, or any other property whatsoever, and to punish all persons maintaining, directing or managing the same, or aiding in the maintenance, direction or management thereof.

Forty-second. To prohibit and prevent persons from selling Intoxicating or giving away ardent spirits, or other intoxicating liquors, to any child, apprentice or servant, without the consent of his or her parent, guardian, master or mistress; to license and regulate the selling or giving away of any ardent spirits, or other intoxicating liquors, by any shop-keeper, trader, grocer, inn, hotel or tavern-keeper, keeper of any ordinary, saloon, recess, victualing or other house, or by any other person, in case the selling or giving away of ardent spirits or other intoxicating liquors, and licensing the sale thereof, shall hereafter be authorized by the laws of the State.

Forty-third. To license and regulate solicitors of passengers To license or for baggage for the benefit of any hotel, tavern, public runners. house, boat or railroad; also, draymen, carmen, truckmen, porters, runners, drivers of cabs, hackney coaches, omnibuses, carriages, sleighs, express vehicles and vehicles of every other description used and employed for hire, and to fix and regulate the amount and rates of their compensation.

Auctioneers, peddlers, etc

Forty-fourth. To license and regulate auctioneers, hawkers, peddlers and pawn-brokers, and regulate auctions, hawking, peddling and pawn-brokerage; to license and regulate the peddling and hawking of fruits, nuts, cakes, refreshments, jewelry, merchandise, goods and other property whatsoever, by hand, hand-cart, show-case, show-stand or otherwise in the public streets.

Public exhibitions.

Forty-fifth. To prohibit and prevent, or license and regulate the public exhibition by itinerant persons or companies, of natural or artificial curiosities, caravans, circuses, menageries, theatrical representations, concerts, musical entertainments, exhibitions of common showmen, and shows of any kind.

Hotels, etc.

Forty-sixth. To license and regulate the keepers of hotels, taverns and other public houses, groceries, and keepers of ordinaries, saloons, and victualing or other houses or places for furnishing meals, food or drink.

Butchers, provision

Forty-seventh. To license and regulate butchers; to license dealers, etc. and regulate or suppress hucksters, and to license and regulate the keepers of shops, stalls, booths or stands at markets or any other place in said city, for the sale of any kind of mest, fish, poultry, vegetables, food or provisions.

Billiards and pin alleys.

Forty-eighth. To license and regulate keepers of billiard tables, pin alleys, nine or ten pin alleys, but not for the purpose of gaming.

Bath-houses

Forty-ninth. To license and regulate public bath houses or bath rooms on land, and any public floating bath houses, bath rooms or vessels on the Detroit river.

Police.

Fiftieth. To establish and regulate an efficient system of police for the good government of said city; to appoint, on the recommendation of the mayor, or acting mayor, policemen and watchmen, who shall possess and exercise the same powers, as conservators of the peace, which township constables, under the general laws of this State possess, and to prescribe and regulate their further powers and duties, and fix their compen-Said policemen and watchmen may be removed at any

time by the common council, on the recommendation of the Removal of policemen. mayor or acting mayor.

Fifty-first. To appoint one or more inspectors, measurers, weighers weighers and gaugers of articles to be measured, inspected, weighed and gauged; to prescribe and regulate their powers and duties, fees and compensation.

Fifty-second. To direct and regulate the weight and quantity Bread. of bread, the size of the loaf, and the inspecting thereof.

Fifty-third. To direct and regulate the inspecting and meas-Inspection of uring of wood, lumber, shingles, timber, posts, stones, heading and all building materials; the inspecting, measuring and weighing of coke, and all kinds of coal; the inspecting and weighing of hay; the inspecting of vegetables, fresh, dried, smoked, salted, pickled, and other meat or fish, poultry, butter, lard, and other food or provisions to be sold at wholesale or retail; the inspecting and weighing of flour, meal, pork, beef, and all other food or provisions, and salt to be sold in half-barrels, barrels, casks, hogsheads, boxes, or other packages; and the inspecting and gauging of oils, wines, whisky, and other spirituous liquors, to be sold at wholesale or retail, or in kegs, half-barrels, barrels, casks, hogsheads, or other vessels: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to Proviso. authorize the inspecting, measuring, weighing or gauging of any article herein enumerated, which is to be shipped beyond the limits of this State, except at the request of the owner thereof, or of the agent having charge of the same.

Fifty-fourth. To regulate the weights and measures to be Weights and used in said city, and compel every merchant, retailer, trader measures. and dealer in merchandise, groceries, provisions or property of any description which is sold by measure or weight, to use weights and measures to be sealed by the city sealer, and to be subject to his inspection and alteration, so as to be made conformable to the standard of weights and measures established by the general laws of the State.

Fifty-fifth. To provide for the protection and care of pau-Paupers. pers, and to prohibit and prevent all persons from bringing, in

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vessels or in any other mode, to said city, from any other port or place, any pauper or other person likely to become a charge upon said city, and to punish therefor.

Burial of paupers, etc.

of births and

Fifty-sixth. To provide for the burial of strangers and poor deceased persons; to regulate the burial of the dead and the Registration registrations of births and deaths, and to order and compel the keeping and returning of bills of mortality by physicians, sextons and others.

Census.

Public meetings.

deaths.

Fifly-seventh. To provide for taking a census of the inhabitants of said city, whenever the common council may see fit, and to direct and regulate the same; to provide for calling meetings of the inhabitants of said city by public notice thereof, fixing the time and place of meeting, and to regulate the ringing of bells.

Public buildings,

Fifty-eighth. To erect and provide for the erection of a city hall and all needful buildings and offices for the use of the corporation or of its officers, and to control and regulate the same.

Alms-house department.

Fifty-ninth. To establish, organize and maintain an almshouse department, to purchase the necessary grounds, and erect and provide for erecting the necessary buildings therefor, either within or without the city limits.

Jails, workhouses and houses of correction.

Sixtieth. To establish and build jails, work-houses, and houses of correction, for the confinement of offenders; to erect and provide for erecting the necessary buildings therefor, and control and regulate the same; to appoint all necessary officers for taking charge of the same and of persons confined therein; to prescribe their powers and duties, and provide for their removal from office and the filling of vacancies.

Imprisonment

Sixty-first. To imprison and confine in said jails, work-houses and houses of correction, at hard labor or otherwise, all persons liable to be imprisoned or confined under this act or any ordinance of the common council, or lawfully committed thereto by any court or magistrate, as herein provided. Any court or magistrate in the city of Detroit or the county of Wayne may commit to any work-house or house of correction of said city,

instead of the jail of Wayne county, any person convicted of an Ibid. offense against the general laws of the State, now or hereafter punishable by imprisonment in the jail of Wayne county. Any court of competent jurisdiction of the State of Michigan may, in its discretion, commit any male under sixteen, or female under fourteen years of age, to any work-house or house of correction of said city, instead of the State prison, who shall be convicted of any crime now or hereafter punishable by imprisonment in the State prison, whenever in the opinion of the court the welfare of the public and of the convict will be promoted thereby. All expenses attending the confinement of any person sentenced to be committed to any work-house or house of correction of said city, for any offense against the general laws of this State, now or hereafter punishable by imprisonment in the State prison, shall be paid by the State Treasurer quarter-yearly, on the certificate of the city controller that such expenses have been incurred. All expenses attending the confinement of any person sentenced to be committed to any workhouse or house of correction of said city for any offense against the general laws of the State, now or hereafter not punishable by imprisonment in the State prison, shall be paid quarteryearly by the treasurer of the county in which the offender was tried and convicted, upon the certificate of the city controller that such expenses have been incurred.

Sixty-second. To prescribe and regulate the speed of cars Speed of cars and engines on railroads within the limits of said city.

Sixty-third. To authorize the mayor to grant, issue and re-Licenses by voke licenses in all cases where licenses may be granted and issued under this act and the ordinances of the common council; to direct the manner of issuing and registering the same, and to prescribe the sum of money to be paid therefor into the treasury of the corporation. No license shall be granted for time for more than one year, and the person receiving the same shall, which license shall be fore the issuing thereof, execute a bond to the corporation in be granted such sum as the common council may prescribe, with one or more sufficient sureties, conditioned for a faithful observance

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of the charter of the corporation and the ordinances of the common council, and otherwise conditioned as the common council may prescribe. The mayor may inquire into the sufficiency of the sureties in such bond by an examination under oath as to their property and responsibility, which oath may be administered by him. The depositions of the sureties shall be reduced to writing, be signed by him, certified by the mayor, annexed to and filed with the bond to which it relates, in the office of the clerk of the city.

Taxes.

Sixty-fourth. To assess, levy and collect taxes for the purposes of the corporation upon all property made taxable by law for State purposes, which taxes shall be liens upon the property taxed till paid; to make regulations for assessing, levying and collecting the same, and to sell the property taxed to pay the taxes thereon.

Appropriat'n of money.

Sixty-fifth. To appropriate money, provide for the payment of the debt and expenses of the said city, and make regulations concerning the same.

Punishment of offenders.

Sixty-sixth. To punish all offenders for violations of, or offenses against this act, or any ordinance of the common council enacted under this or any other act of the Legislature, by holding to bail for good behavior, by imposing fines, penalties, forfeitures and costs, and by imprisonment in the jail of Wayne county, any jail, work-house, house of correction, or alms-house of said city, or by either, in the discretion of the court or magistrate before whom conviction may be had. If only a fine, penalty, or forfeiture be imposed, together with the costs, the offender may be sentenced to be imprisoned until the payment thereof, for a term not exceeding six months. All punishments for offenses against the ordinances of the common council shall be prescribed in the ordinance creating or specifying the offense to be punished; and no penalty or forfeiture shall exceed one thousand dollars, no fine shall exceed five hundred dollars, and no imprisonment shall exceed the period of two years.

Sixty-seventh. To employ all persons confined for the non-Employm'nt payment of any fine, penalty, forfeiture or costs, or for any offense under this act or any ordinance of the common council, in the jail of Wayne county, or any jail, work-house, house of correction, or alms-house of said city, at work or labor, either within or without the same, or upon the streets of said city, or any public work under the control of the common council; to allow any person thus confined for the non-payment of any fine, penalty, forfeiture or costs, to pay and discharge the same by such work or labor, and to fix the value and rates of such work and labor.

Sixty-eighth. To provide for printing and publishing all Printing. matters required to be printed and published under this act, or by order of the common council, in such manner as said common council may prescribe.

Sixty-ninth. To provide for the maintaining the peace, order, Public peace and good government of the city of Detroit. The common Wards. council shall have power to subdivide the city of Detroit into wards.

Seventieth. The common council shall have power to pur-Purchase of chase and sell real estate for the use of said corporation, for corporate purposes, and to execute mortgages on the same for any balance which may remain unpaid on the purchase money paid for such real estate. They shall also have power to purchase and control land for cemetery purposes, either within or without the corporation limits of said city.

Sec. 7. That chapter seven of said act be and the same is Chapter hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 1. The common council of the city of Detroit shall have Power of full power, by resolution or ordinance, to lay out, establish, lay out highopen, extend, widen, straighten, alter, close, vacate or abolish any highways, streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, public grounds or spaces in said city, whenever they shall deem it a necessary public improvement, and private property may be taken therefor; but the necessity for using such property, and the just

ways, etc.

Jury to determine necessity.

compensation to be made therefor, shall be determined by a jury of twelve freeholders residing in said city.

Jury; how chosen.

Sec. 2. Whenever it shall be necessary to have a jury of freeholders for the purposes mentioned in the preceding section, the common council shall, by resolution, direct the city attorney to apply to the recorder's court of said city for the drawing and impaneling of the same, and to give notice of the same, and to give notice thereof in the manner following:

provement; how given.

Notice of im-Said city attorney shall cause a notice to be published once a week for four successive weeks, in the official daily newspaper of the city, and in one other daily newspaper published in said Contents of city, stating that the common council have determined to make such improvement, describing it by metes and bounds, courses and distances, and to take therefor such private property within said limits as may be necessary, and that on a certain day therein to be mentioned, and not less than ten days after the date of the last of said publications, he will apply to the recorder's court of said city, to have a jury of twelve freeholders drawn and impaneled to determine the necessity for using said property, and the just compensation to be paid therefor. And in case of opening, widening, straightening or altering an alley or alleys, said notice shall also contain the further statement that said jury will also apportion and assess the compensation to be paid to the several owners, or persons entitled to receive the same, to and upon all lots, premises or subdivisions thereof, within the block in which the alley in question is situated, and which will be benefited by the pro-Notice to be posed improvement. And the said city attorney shall also cause a copy of said notice to be served at least ten days before the day fixed for drawing said jury, by a member of the metropolitan police, (whose duty it is hereby made to serve the same,) upon each of the owners and occupants of said property intended to be taken, so far as they can with reasonable diligence be ascertained and found within said city, and when they cannot be so found and ascertained, said officer shall post

served on owner.

said notice in some conspicuous place on the premises: Pro-Previso. vided, That no want of service upon said owners or occupants shall stay the proceedings in said matter, or affect the jurisdiction of said court, but said court shall have power at any time before the termination of said proceedings, upon its being made to appear to its satisfaction that injustice has been done to any owner of private property, or other person interested therein, by reason of want of such notice, to give such owner or person interested an opportunity to be heard, and to take such other steps as may be necessary to protect his interests. And after the publication and service of posting as Whenown'rs aforesaid, the owners of any private property intended to be by proceedtaken for said improvement, and all persons interested therein, shall take notice of and be bound by all subsequent proceedings, without any further notice except as herein otherwise provided.

Sec. 3. The city attorney shall, wihin five days after the first Filing of publication of said notice, file a copy thereof and of the reso-clerk of relution of the common council mentioned in the preceding court. second section, duly certified by the city clerk, with the clerk of the recorder's court, who shall thereupon, and at least summons to three weeks previous to the day fixed for the drawing of said jury, issue a writ of summons directed to any member of the metropolitan police, commanding him to summon twenty-four disinterested freeholders of said city, who are qualified to sit as petit jurors in said court, and who have not served on a freeholder's jury since the thirty-first day of December next preceding, to appear before said court on the day mentioned in said notice to serve as jurors, and shall deliver the same to a member of the metropolitan police. Said summons shall be when shall served at least seven days before the return day thereof, and return shall be made in the same manner as in the case of a summons for petit jurors of said court; and the persons thus summoned shall be bound to attend said court, and serve until discharged, and said court shall impose upon them a fine of not less than five dollars for each day's non-attendance in court

or neglect to serve; but they may be exempted and excused by the court from serving, for the same reasons for which petit jurors may be exempted or excused.

I mpaneling jury.

Sec. 4. Upon the day designated in said notice, or upon some other day to be appointed by the court, and on filing an affidavit showing the required publication of said notice, and also an affidavit of a member of the metropolitan police, stating that he has caused a copy of said notice to be duly and personally served upon each of the owners and occupants of the property proposed to be taken, so far as they could with reasonable diligence be ascertained and tound, and that where they could not be so found or ascertained, he has caused said notice to be posted up in some conspicuous place on said premises, said court shall proceed to impanel a jury from the persons so summoned as aforesaid, in the same manner as a petit jury is impaneled in said court; and if there shall not be a sufficient number of jurors to complete said panel, either because some of the persons so summoned are not qualified to sit as such, or because they are exempted or excused, or have failed to answer said summons, the panel may be filled up in the same manner that a panel of petit jurors is filled up in like cases in said court. The right of challenge shall be allowed as in civil cases under the laws of this State.

How panel filed.

Right of challenge.

Sec. 5. The jury so impaneled shall be sworn to discharge Jury sworn. their duties faithfully, and according to the best of their abili-Instruction ties. Said court shall then instruct said jury as to their duties and the law applicable to the case, and deliver to them a copy of said notice, and the city attorney shall give said jury legal

To visit

Sec. 6. The jury shall go to the place of the intended improvement provement, and upon or as near as practicable to any property intended to be taken and described in said notice, and shall ascertain the necessity for using the property intended to be taken for such improvement; and if they shall find in the affirmative, they shall next determine and award to the owner or owners of said property, such damages and compensation as

advice and counsel concerning their duties, whenever requested.

intended im-

Awarding damages.

they shall deem just; and in determining the amount of said damages, where only a part of a lot or lots of land is taken, the jury shall take into consideration the amount of benefits or enhanced value, if any, which the portion not taken will receive from the intended improvement; but it shall not be necessary for them to state in their report, the damages and benefits separately, but only the net amount of damages. If such property When property is subshall be subject to a valid mortgage, lease or agreement, or to mortgage, either, and such facts shall be made to appear to the jury, then said jury shall apportion and award to the owners of such property, the parties in interest to such mortgage, lease or agreement, or to either of them, such portions of the damages and compensation as they shall deem just. And in all cases where Damages; any such damage shall be awarded, except for the laying out, establishing, opening, widening or altering an alley or alleys, such damage shall be payable out of the city treasury, and the means therefor shall be raised from time to time, as may be necessary, with the general city taxes.

Sec. 7. In cases of the laying out, establishing, opening, widen-Assessment ing or altering an alley or alleys, said jury shall further proceed and comto assess the total damages and compensation to be paid for the proposed improvement upon the lots of land, premises or subdivisions thereof, within the block in which the alley in question is situated, and which will be benefited by the proposed improvement in proportion to the amount of benefit they will severally receive; and in all such alley cases where the jury agree upon a verdict, the jury fees, the costs of advertising, and all the expenses attending the proceedings, except the damages and compensation as above provided, shall be assessed by the recorder's court upon the several lots of land, premises or subdivisions as aforesaid, and in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits received by said improvement according to said report. The benefits and costs and expenses assessed under Same to be this section shall, when collected, be paid into the city treasury, city treasury and by the treasurer placed to the credit of the contingent

fund, and all damages awarded by the jury, and the costs and expenses as aforesaid, shall be paid out of said fund.

Removal of buildings.

Sec. 8. Whenever there shall be any building or buildings standing in whole or in part upon any street or alley as proposed to be opened, the jury shall estimate the cost of the removal of said building or buildings from the line of said street or alley, provided said buildings can be removed and located on the same lot or premises upon which they are situated, and which is owned or occupied by the person or persons to whom the compensation is to be paid therefor. In all such cases the jury shall award damages for the removal of said building or buildings. But in cases where said building cannot be removed in manner as aforesaid, the jury shall estimate and

award as damages, the cost of taking down that portion of the

building upon the line of the street or alley, deducting there-

from the value of the material so taken down, and shall also

estimate and award the damage to that portion of the building

remaining, aside from the damage to the land: Provided, That

if the owner, or the persons having the right thereto, shall

Award of damages therefor.

Previso.

removal to be lien on the lot

Sale of lot.

appear before the jury, and agree to remove said building or buildings off the line of said street or alley, the jury may award damages for the removal thereof, instead of damages for tearing down said building or buildings as above provided. when cost of The person to whom damages are awarded under this section shall remove or take down, as the case may be, the building or buildings on the line of the street or alley as intended to be opened, within twenty days after the common council shall by resolution so direct; and in case of a refusal or neglect to comply with said resolution, the common council may cause said building or buildings to be removed or taken down, as the case may be, and the expenses thereof, and all costs and charges incident thereto, shall be a lien upon the lot or premises upon which the buildings are situated. And the common council shall, within thirty days after the expiration of the twenty days, as aforesaid, advertise and sell said lot or premises, to pay the costs and expenses as aforesaid. The proceeds of said

sale, over and above the costs and expenses attending the re-Proceeds; moval, or taking down of said property as aforesaid, together posed of. with the costs and expenses of advertising and selling said lot or premises, shall be deposited in the office of the city treasurer, to the credit of the person or persons to whom the said award was made, and shall be paid to such person or persons on demand.

Sec. 9. Said jury after completing the aforesaid duties, shall Report of then make in writing, and each shall sign the report to said court, of their doings, enclose the same in a sealed envelope, and file it in the office of the clerk of said court within thirty days after they were sworn.

Sec. 10. In cases where said jury shall find that it is neces-contents of. sary to take private property for said improvement, they shall state in their report the just damages and compensation ascertained and awarded by them to the owner of any private property, or to any person claiming an interest therein by virtue of any valid mortgage, lease or agreement to which such property may be subject, together with the names of such owner or claimant, if known, and a description of the property intended to be taken. In case any damages and compensation be awarded to any person claiming an interest in such property by virtue of a valid mortgage, lease or agreement, to which such property may be subject, it shall be sufficient to state further in such case, the name of such claimant, the date of such mortgage, lease or agreement, or assignment thereof, by virtue of which such claimant has an interest in the property intended to be taken.

Sec. 11. Whenever a jury shall find in favor of taking and to whom receiving any property belonging to the estate of any deceased estate of person, or that such estate will be damaged by the intended persons improvement, the just damages and compensation determined upon by them shall be awarded to the estate of such deceased person, and the amount thereof shall be paid or tendered to any executor or administrator of such estate; if there be no

deceased

executor or administrator, or if he cannot be found, or refuse to accept the same, the amount shall be deposited in the city treasury, to the credit of such estate, and shall on demand, be paid to such executor or administrator, or other person entitled to receive the same.

Report of jury.

Sec. 12. Said jury shall also, in the case provided by section six, state in their report what portions in amount of the total ascertained damages and compensation they have apportioned to and assessed upon any lot, premises or subdivision thereof, which will be benefited by the intended improvement, together with the names of the owners thereof, if known, and a description of the same, and also what portion, if any, of the ascertained damages and compensation they have apportioned and assessed to the city of Detroit in the case above provided for

Confirmation of report,

Sec. 13. Said report may be confirmed by said court at any term thereof, and the court shall appoint some day when it will consider said report, and objections against the confirmstion thereof on the part of all persons interested therein, whereof, the city attorney shall give notice by publishing the same in the official daily newspaper of said city, and one other daily newspaper published in said city, for six successive days; and he shall file in said court an affidavit of such publication before the time appointed for considering said report. Said objections shall be filed with the clerk in writing, and a copy thereof, with all affidavits or papers relating thereto, shall be served upon the city attorney at least two days before the day appointed for hearing said objections. Said objections may be argued, and the consideration of said report and objections may be adjourned from time to time until said report be confirmed or otherwise disposed of, as herein provided.

Objections;

Sec. 14. Said report shall not be annulled for objections as to matters of form; all objections shall be objections of law, and to matters of substance; but the damages and compensation to be paid to any person, or the portions thereof apportioned to and assessed upon any lot of land, premises or subdivisions

thereof, may be inquired into, if objected to as being excessively large or small.

Sec. 15. If no objections be filed, said report shall be conformed; but if objections be filed, said court, after considering firm or refer facts to jury. the same, shall in its discretion confirm or annul said report, or may refer it back to the same jury for the purpose of reviewing all matters and correcting all errors therein contained, and making any alteration thereof which said court may direct, or said jury may deem just or necessary, and thereon said jury shall review, correct or alter said report in manner aforesaid, and shall return and file the same with the clerk of said court, within five days after said report was referred back to them as aforesaid, and thereupon said court shall confirm or annul said report.

Sec. 16. If said report be annulled, or the jury cannot agree, when report or from death, sickness or any other cause, shall fail to make etc. a report within the thirty days required above, the court may, on the application of the city attorney, designate some day in term when another jury may be had, and such jury shall be obtained, drawn, summoned, returned, bound to attend and serve, have the same qualifications, be sworn, and when sworn, have the same power and duties as the first jury. The same proceedings, after they are sworn, shall be had by them, and by and in said court, as provided for above, after the first jury is sworn.

Sec. 17. If any juror, after being sworn, shall die, or from When juror sickness, or from any other cause be unable to discharge his serve. duties, the court may appoint another person to serve in his place, who shall be sworn, and shall have the like qualifications, powers and duties as those already sworn.

Sec. 18. Any person to whom damages and compensation Appeal from may be awarded for any of his property on account of the in-court. tended improvement, or to and upon whose property any portion of such damages and compensation may be apportioned and assessed, considering himself aggrieved, may appeal from the judgment of the recorder's court, confirming the report of

the jury, to the supreme court, by filing in writing, with the clerk of said recorder's court, a notice of such appeal, and specifications of the errors complained of, within five days after the confirmation, and serving within the same time a copy of said notice and specification of errors, on the city attorney, and filing a bond in said recorder's court, to be approved by the recorder, conditioned for the prosecution of said appeal, and the payment of all costs that may be awarded against the appellant in case the judgment of confirmation of the recorder's court be affirmed.

Duty of clerk of court in appeal.

Sec. 19. In case of appeal as above, it shall be the duty of the clerk of said recorder's court forthwith, or as soon as practicable, to transmit to the supreme court a certified copy of all the proceedings in the case which may be filed in the office of any clerk of said court.

Power of supreme court on appeal being made.

Sec. 20. The supreme court, at any term thereof, shall, with the least practicable delay, hear and try the matter of said appeal, and may affirm or reverse the judgment of the recorder's court confirming the report of the jury, but the same shall not be reversed for matter of form, nor for any errors, except errors of law, and only in regard to the appellant or appellants. The court shall give judgment for reasonable costs and expenses in the matter of said appeal, and proceedings thereon, to be taxed; and all costs and expenses awarded to the city of Detroit, in case of affirmation, shall be applied on and deducted from the damages and compensation, if any, to be paid to the appellant or appellants.

Reversal.

Sec. 21. If there be a reversal for any errors, which it is practicable for the recorder's court or said jury to correct, with due regard to the public interest and rights of individuals, the proceeding shall be remanded to said recorder's court, with direction that such error be corrected. Said recorder's court, at any term thereof, or (as the case may be) said jury, under the direction of said court, shall correct such error, and there upon the report of the jury shall be confirmed by said recorder's court, without any further right of appeal.

Sec. 22. In every case of annulment of the report of the Annulment jury by the recorder's court, or reversal by the supreme court, the common council, in behalf of said city, may by resolution elect to pay the damages and compensation claimed by, or the assessment made upon the property of the objector, appellant or appellants. On filing a certified copy of said resolution in the recorder's court, within twenty days after the annulment or reversal, the report of said jury shall be reviewed and confirmed by said recorder's court as to all persons interested therein, except the objector, appellant or appellants, and without further right of appeal. If the common council do not elect, as above provided, all the proceedings shall be null and void, and no further proceedings shall be had, except in a case of reversal, when the proceedings may have been remanded to the recorder's court for the correction of certain errors, in which case such errors shall be corrected and the report of the jury confirmed, as above provided.

Sec. 23. If the report of the jury be confirmed by the re-when report corder's court in any case above provided for, or if the judg-confirmed. ment of confirmation be affirmed on appeal to the supreme court, such confirmation shall be final and conclusive as to all persons interested therein, and the damages and compensation apportioned to, and assessed upon any lot of land, premises or subdivisions thereof, according to said report as confirmed, shall be a lien thereon, from the time of the aforesaid confirmation, until they are paid and satisfied.

Sec. 24. When the report of the jury shall have been thus Certified finally confirmed, or the judgment of confirmation affirmed by report of the supreme court, the clerk of the recorder's court shall pre-presumptive pare a certified copy, under the seal of the court, of the report of the jury as confirmed by the recorder's court, and the order of the court confirming the same, and the clerk shall file said certified copy in the office of the clerk of the city; such certified copy, or a like copy made and certified by the clerk of the recorder's court shall, in all courts and places, be presumptive evidence of the matters therein contained, and of the regularity

of all proceedings from the commencement thereof to the order of the court confirming the report of the jury.

When notice to be served.

Sec. 25. Upon the confirmation of the report of the jury in the recorder's court, in case no appeal is taken, or upon the affirmation of the report in the supreme court, the city attorney shall cause to be served by the sergeant of the police, or one of his assistants, whose duty it is hereby made to serve the same upon the persons whose property is assessed in said report, a notice directing said persons to pay into the office of the city treasurer the amounts assessed, within sixty days from the date

Contents of notice.

Advertisement and erty.

of the service of said notice, and shall at the same time furnish the city treasurer with a list of the persons assessed, and the amount of the assessments. The notice shall specify that in case of a failure to comply with the conditions therein stated, at the expiration of the sixty days the property so assessed as aforesaid, will be advertised and sold by the receiver of taxes, to pay the assessments. Upon the expiration of the sixty days sale of prop- as aforesaid the city treasurer shall immediately transfer to the receiver of taxes, the names of all persons whose property is assessed, who have failed to comply with the notice, together with the amounts of the unpaid assessments, whereupon the receiver of taxes shall immediately advertise and sell the property assessed, in such manner as the common council may direct, to pay the assessments and the costs and expenses attending the same. In case the persons whose property is assessed as aforesaid, cannot be found within the city, the notice shall be left at their place of residence in said city, with some person of proper age. If they or their place of residence cannot be found, and the property be occupied, the notice shall be served by delivering the same to the occupant or occupants, or by leaving the same at their place of residence in said city, with some person of proper age; but if the persons whose property is so assessed as aforesaid, or their place of residence cannot be found, and the property be not occupied, and they, their place of residence, and that of the occupant or occupants cannot be found, or if the owner or owners, occupant or occupants be unknown or non-residents of said city, then in either of such cases notice may be served by posting the same in some conspicuous place upon the property assessed for said improvement. The said sergeant of police by himself or one of his assistants, shall make due return of his doings to the city treasurer, with the date of the service of said notice.

Sec. 26. Within ninety days after the confirmation of the Tender of report of the jury, or after the judgment of confirmation shall, compensation on appeal, be affirmed, the common council shall pay, or tender to the respective persons the several amounts of damages and compensation awarded to them, according to the report of the jury as confirmed or elected as above provided for, to be paid by the common council; and in case any such person shall refuse the same, be unknown, or a non-resident of said city, or cannot with reasonable diligence be found in said city, or for any reason be incapacitated from receiving his or her amount, or the right thereto be disputed or doubtful, the common council may deposit the amount awarded in such case, or elected to be paid by the common council, in the treasury of the city, to the credit of any person entitled thereto, and shall, on demand, pay the same over to any person competent and entitled to receive it.

Sec. 27. Upon such payment, tender or deposit in the city Possession treasury, the same shall become a public highway, and the property. common council may enter upon, take possession of, and convert the same to the uses and purposes for which it has been taken. A certificate of the city treasurer, of such tender, payment or deposit shall, in all courts and places be presumptive evidence of the facts therein stated, of the vesting of the fee of the property taken in the city of Detroit, and of the right of the common council to take possession of, and convert the same to the uses for which in has been taken.

Sec. 28. In all cases where any real estate, subject to any Covenants, lease or agreement shall be taken as aforesaid, all the covenants estate taken, and stipulations contained therein shall cease, determine and be discharged upon the final confirmation of the report of the

appointed

jury, or upon the affirmation by the supreme court of the Commiss'rs judgment of confirmation. If a part only of such real estate be when part taken, said covenants and stipulations shall cease, determine, and be discharged only as to such part; and the recorder's court, on application of any party in interest to such lease or agreement, and after a notice thereof of eight days, in writing, to the other parties in interest, may appoint three disinterested residents and freeholders of said city, commissioners to determine the rents and payments to be thereafter paid, and the covenants, stipulations or conditions thereafter to be performed under such lease or agreement, in respect to the residue Oath of com- or part of such real estate not taken. Said commissioners

missioners.

Report of

shall, before entering on their duties, take and subscribe an oath to be administered by the court, faithfully to discharge their duties, which oath shall be filed in said court. Said three commissioners shall make and sign a report in writing, of their doings, to said court, which shall be filed therein within thirty days after their appointment, and said report, on being confirmed by the court, shall be binding and conclusive on the parties in interest to such lease or agreement.

Compensat'n

of jury.

Sec. 29. The common council shall pay said jury such compensation for their services as they may deem just, and they shall have power to abanden or discontinue proceedings under this chapter in said recorder's court, at any time before the final confirmation of the report of the jury.

Board of commis*rs city, to be appointed.

Sec. 30. For the purpose of introducing a greater uniformity upon plan or in the laying out the land in said city into public streets and blocks, and to restrain persons from laying out such streets and blocks in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the city, there shall be constituted a board of commissioners, upon the plan of the city, consisting of three persons, to be appointed by the common council, on the nomination of the mayor, and to serve without compensation, who shall hold their office for the term of three years, except the first board, who shall hold their office for one, two and three years respectively, as determined by lot in the manner provided for sewer commissioners:

Terms of **off**ice.

and after the first year there shall be appointed as aforesaid, one in each year, for the term of three years; and no land Approval of within the limits of said city shall be laid out into blocks necessary to lay out land. and public streets, without the consent and approval of a majority of said commissioners, in writing, entered upon a plan of said land so laid out, which plan, duly acknowledged, and with said approval in writing therein endorsed, shall be recorded in the register's office for the county of Wayne: Pro-Proviso. vided however, In cases where a parcel of land lies between parcels of land duly laid out by plat, now on record, whose streets do not correspond in direction or size, the power of control shall not be exercised over the platting of such intermediate parcel, in order to produce such correspondence, as to essentially diminish their value.

Sec. 31. The city clerk shall act as the clerk of said board, City clerk and plans for the approval of said commissioners may be of board. deposited with said clerk for their action thereon, and if approved, a copy thereof shall be filed with said clerk, by the person making or laying out the same.

Sec. 32. Any plans for laying out into public streets and Unrecorded blocks, now existing in said city, and not acknowledged and re-ing out city to be apcorded according to law, shall be of no validity until they receive proved by the approval of said commissioners, as herein provided; but the platting and recording of any blocks, lots, squares, lanes, alleys, parks or public places within said city, shall be a full and irrevocable dedication of the same to the public, for the uses and purposes specified or named upon any such record, plat or plan; any such plats or plans now of record, shall be, and be evidence of dedication as herein before provided.

Sec. 33. If a vacancy occurs in the office of said commis-vacancy; sioners, or either of them, it may be filled by the common council on the nomination of the mayor.

Sec. 34. The city assessor may, for the purposes of assessment, Numbering number or letter such lots or parcels of land, or such subdivisions of lots as have been or may be made, which are unnum-

Provise.

bered or unlettered: [Provided,] That said assessor shall place on record, in the office of the register of deeds for the county of Wayne, State of Michigan, a plat, containing a description of such lots or subdivisions of lots so numbered or lettered by him, sufficient to identify, designate and locate said lots or subdivisions, and he is hereby empowered to assess the expense for so numbering, lettering and recording as aforesaid, upon the property thereof.

Section amended.

Sec. 8. That sections four, eight, and fourteen, of chapter eight of said act, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Power of council to levy tax for sewers.

Sec. 4. The common council shall also have power annually, to levy, assess and collect taxes not exceeding eighty-five thousand dollars on the assessed value of all the real and personal estate in said city made taxable by the laws of this State, in order to defray the expenses of constructing sewers, and for the purpose for which the sewer fund is constituted as above.

Credit to street paving fund.

Proviso.

Sec. 8. The proceeds of each special assessment levied for the grading or paving of any street or alley shall become a part of the street paving fund, and be credited therein to the account of the specific improvement for which the assessment was made: Provided, That the common council shall not in any one year enter into contracts for the grading and paving of streets, alleys and public places, the cost of which will exceed in the aggregate one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, except upon the petition of the holders of the larger portion of the real estate directly abutting upon the portions of the street or alley proposed to be improved. All such contracts shall require the work under the same to be commenced and completed within the six months next preceding the first day of December in the year of the making of such contract; but the common council may extend the time for the completion of any such contract, where the work under the same has been begun in good faith, but not fully completed within the time.

Sec. 14. The common council shall not have authority to Power of council to borrow, except as herein specially provided, any sums of money borrow money. whatever, on the credit of the corporation, but may authorize the controller to borrow from time to time, on such credit, such sums as may be necessary to meet the expenditures under the appropriations for the current fiscal year: *Provided*, The Proviso. gross amounts so borrowed shall not at any time exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars.

Sec. 9. That chapter eight of said act be and is hereby Chapter amended by adding thereto eight new sections, to stand as sections thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirty-nine, forty, forty-one, forty-two, forty-three and forty-four, and to read as follows:

Sec. 37. The common council, in addition to the powers council may borrow heretofore granted, shall have power to borrow, upon the faith money. and credit of the city, the following sums, to-wit: 1. For the Public building fund a sum not exceeding four hundred thousand dollars. For the sums so borrowed the council may issue to issue the bonds of the city, and may sell and negotiate the same upon the terms and as prescribed in respect to other bonds in section nine of said chapter; a record of said bonds shall be kept by the controller, as is provided in said section nine. No such bonds shall be issued until after their issue is approved by a citizens' meeting called and voting upon the same, in the manner provided for in reference to other bonds by section ten of said chapter. The proceeds of all bonds negotiated and authorized to be issued as aforesaid shall be credited to the public building fund.

Sec. 38. Whenever the common council shall order any Contract for street, or any portion thereof, to be graded, or graded and paving. paved, it may enter into contract for the making of such improvement, according to the provisions of this charter; and Assessment after the cost and expense thereof has been ascertained, it shall cause the same, except the cost of cross-walks and of the work at the intersection of cross-streets, to be assessed upon the lots and real estate herein made subject to such assessment as hereinafter provided.

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

Subdivision of districts.

Sec. 39. For the purpose of such assessment, the lots and parcels of real estate situated on said street, and fronting the portion thereof ordered to be improved, shall constitute one local assessment district, unless the common council, with a view to make the assessment more equal and just, shall subdivide the same into two or more assessment districts. Such subdivision, if made, must be done before asking bids for the work; and in no case shall a city block be divided in making such division. The work for each local assessment district shall be bid for and let separately, and such bidding and letting shall show:

Bids for work.

Contents of bids.

1st. The cost of all the paving and grading, except that of the intersection of the cross-streets and alleys, and the cost of the cross-walks at such intersections.

2d. The cost of the grading and paving of each portion of the street included within the lines of intersection of any cross-street and alleys.

Proviso.

3d. The cost of the cross-walks at such intersections: Provided, That in cases where a side street merely opens upon, and does not extend across the street to be paved, the space formed by extending the lines of the former street to the middle of the latter street, shall, for the purposes of this act, be treated as the spaces formed by the intersection of cross-streets. All necessary platforms and curbings shall, for the purposes of such assessment, be deemed to be included within the term paving.

Costs; how

Sec. 40. The cost and expense of such improvement, except so much thereof as shall be for the work within the lines of intersection of cross-streets and alleys, and for the cross-walks at such intersections, shall be assessed ratably, according to their extent of front, on the lots, part of lots, or parcels of real estate directly fronting on and within the local assessment district: *Provided*, That if the assessment made on any such lot or other parcel of land shall, by reason of its triangular or other irregular shape, seem to the common council to be inequitable, said council may direct a just portion of such

Provise.

assessment to be paid from the general road fund. The cost of the work within the lines of the intersection of cross-streets, and also the costs of the cross-walks, shall be paid out of the general road fund. The word "front," as used in this act, shall be construed to mean that part of the lot or other parcel of land which directly abuts on that part of the street to be improved.

Sec. 41. Whenever, in the improvement of a street as afore-How non-platted propsaid, any land or real estate which has not been duly platted erry to be assessed into city blocks or lots, shall be required to be assessed to pay any part of the cost of such improvement, the council shall designate such part or parts thereof for such assessments as shall correspond as near as practicable to the portions of the block or blocks nearest adjacent thereto, subject to like assessment, and the part or parts so designated shall be assessed, as near as may be, in the manner herein provided for the assessment of lots.

Sec. 42. The city assessor shall, when necessary, proceed Assessor to to make out a list of all the lots or parcels of real estate, constituting a local assessment district as aforesaid, with the name of the owner or occupant of each lot or parcel of real estate, so far as he can ascertain the same, and also the length of front of each lot or parcel of real estate fronting directly on such improvement. Such assessor shall then assess the cost To assess and expenses of the work chargeable as aforesaid upon the penses. property in said list, ratably upon the several lots and parcels of real estate, according to the length of front thereof. When To publish the assessment roll is thus completed, the assessor shall give completion of roll. notice, by at least five publications in the city paper, that such roll is completed, and will remain in his office for twelve days, from the first publication of said notice, for the inspection of all At the expiration of said twelve days, the assessor To report shall, after any needful revision and correction of such roll, sign cil. the same and report it to the common council. Said council may then confirm the same, or may, when it shall deem necessary, refer the same back to said assessor for further revision



or corrections. And when the same satisfaction of said council, it shall, same. After such confirmation, suc tute a lien, until paid, upon said lot and shall be collected in such manne law.

ortionment of cost by council.

Sec. 48. When unperformed contribither to made, are still in force, it a mon council, with the consent of the and apportion the proper cost under and paving the spaces at intersecting and also the cost of the cross-walks out of the general road fund, and it cost of the work to be assessed upon collected in the manner heretofore p

New pavements. Sec. 44. Whenever it shall be net and lay anew the pavement of any viously paved, it shall be the duty direct the cost thereof and the co paved streets to be paid out of the g

Section amonded. Sec. 10. That section fifteen of ch as to read as follows:

Sale of real estate for taxes. Sec. 15. If the owner or occupant such real estate, do not pay such as and charges, within the period abovation of said notice, then the said power, without any further notice, to sold at public auction for the lower any person shall offer to take the advancing such assessment or tax, vand to direct the execution of a proto the purchaser thereof; and if such assessment within one year after such provided, the controller shall, in the

of Detroit, execute and deliver to

Deed to purchaser

signee, a proper deed for the conveyance of such real estate for the term for which the same was sold, which deed shall in all courts be prima facie evidence of the regularity of all the proceedings under which the sale was made, and said deed was executed, up to the date of such deed. And any person who Removal of shall, under such deed, enter into such real estate and erect or when purplace any building or building material thereon, shall have the ousted. right at any time within three months after the expiration of said term, or in case he shall be ousted before the expiration of such term by any person claiming adversely to said deed, then within three months after trial, judgment of ouster or ejectment, to remove such building or building material from said real estate. And in all sales of land for taxes as aforesaid, To whom deed to issue if the purchaser or his assigns shall die before a deed or when purchaser dies other conveyance shall be executed on such sale, the deed may be executed by the controller, to and in the name of the deceased person, if such deceased person being still alive would be entitled to a deed or conveyance, which deed or conveyance shall vest the title in the heirs or devisees of such deceased person in the same maner, and liable to like claims of creditors and other persons, as if the same had been executed to such deceased person immediately previous to his death, or the executor or administrator [may assign the certificate of purchase, and the deed or conveyance may issue to the assignee thereof; and in like cases which have heretofore occurred, the same rule shall apply; and all deeds or conveyances heretofore issued in the name of any deceased person, who, if living at the time of the execution thereof would have been entitled thereto, shall have like effect as above provided.

Sec. 11. That chapter nine of said act be and is hereby Chapter amended by adding thereto a new section, to stand as section twenty-four, and read as follows:

Sec. 24. All taxes upon personal property may be assessed Personal in any ward of said city, whether the person assessed be a assessment resident of such ward or not: Provided, Only the property so assessed shall be in said ward; and the officer to whom any

LAWS OF MICHIGAN.

warrant for the collection of the same, or any tax or assessment on real estate is delivered, may execute the same by a levy and sale of any personal property, in any ward of said city, belonging to the person or persons chargeable with such tax or assessment.

Sec. 12. This act shall take effect immediately. Approved April 5, 1869.

Norm.—The words and sentences enclosed in brackets in the foregoing laws were in the engressed copies, as passed by the Legislature, but not in the enrolled copies.

CERTIFICATE.

STATE DEPARTMENT, MICHIGAN, Secretary's Office.

I, OLIVER L. SPAULDING, Secretary of State of the State of Michigan, do hereby certify that the date of the final adjournment of the regular session of the Legislature of this State for the present year, was April fifth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine.

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of the State of Michigan,

[L. S.] at Lansing, this thirtieth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine.

OLIVER L. SPAULDING,

Secretary of State.

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